mkin -

Routines for fitting kinetic models with one or more state variables to chemical degradation data

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Abstract

In the regulatory evaluation of chemical substances like plant protection products (pesticides), biocides and other chemicals, degradation data play an important role. For the evaluation of pesticide degradation experiments, detailed guidance has been developed, based on nonlinear optimisation. The R add-on package **mkin** implements fitting some of the models recommended in this guidance from within R and calculates some statistical measures for data series within one or more compartments, for parent and metabolites.

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K	Key words: Kinetics, FOCUS, nonlinear optimisation	

1 Introduction

Many approaches are possible regarding the evaluation of chemical degradation data. The **kinfit** package (Ranke, 2012a) in R (R Development Core Team, 2012) implements the approach recommended in the kinetics report provided by the FOrum for Co-ordination of pesticide fate models and their USe (FOCUS Work Group on Degradation Kinetics, 2006, 2011) for simple data series for one parent compound in one compartment.

The **mkin** package (Ranke, 2012b) extends this approach to data series with metabolites and more than one compartment and includes the possibility for back reactions.

2 Example

In the following, requirements for data formatting are explained. Then the procedure for fitting the four kinetic models recommended by the FOCUS group to an example dataset for parent only given in the FOCUS kinetics report is illustrated. The explanations are kept rather verbose in order to lower the barrier for R newcomers.

2.1 Data format

The following listing shows example dataset C from the FOCUS kinetics report as distributed with the **mkin** package

```
2 parent
            1 57.9
3 parent
            3 29.9
            7
               14.6
4 parent
5 parent
                 9.7
           14
6 parent
           28
                 6.6
7 parent
           63
                 4.0
8 parent
           91
                 3.9
9 parent
          119
                 0.6
```

Note that the data needs to be in the format of a data frame containing a variable name specifying the observed variable, indicating the compound name and, if applicable, the compartment, a variable time containing sampling times, and a numeric variable value specifying the observed value of the variable. If a further variable error is present, this will be used to give different weights to the data points (the higher the error, the lower the weight, see the help page of the modCost function of the FME package (Soetaert and Petzoldt, 2010)). Replicate measurements are not recorded in extra columns but simply appended, leading to multiple occurrences of the sampling times time.

Small to medium size dataset can be conveniently entered directly as R code as shown in the following listing

```
R> example_data <- data.frame(
+    name = rep("parent", 9),
+    time = c(0, 1, 3, 7, 14, 28, 63, 91, 119),
+    value = c(85.1, 57.9, 29.9, 14.6, 9.7, 6.6, 4, 3.9, 0.6)
+ )</pre>
```

2.2 Model definition

The next task is to define the model to be fitted to the data. In order to facilitate this task, a convenience function mkinmod is available.

```
R> SF0 <- mkinmod(parent = list(type = "SFO"))
R> SF0RB <- mkinmod(parent = list(type = "SF0RB"))
R> SF0_SF0 <- mkinmod(
+ parent = list(type = "SF0", to = "m1", sink = TRUE),
+ m1 = list(type = "SF0"))
R> SF0RB_SF0 <- mkinmod(
+ parent = list(type = "SF0RB", to = "m1", sink = TRUE),
+ m1 = list(type = "SF0RB", to = "m1", sink = TRUE),</pre>
```

The model definitions given above define sets of linear first-order ordinary differential equations. In these cases, a coefficient matrix is also returned.

Other models that include time on the right-hand side of the differential equation are the first-order multi-compartment (FOMC) model and the Hockey-Stick (HS) model. At present, these models can only be used only for the parent compound.

2.3 Fitting the model

Then the model parameters should be fitted to the data. The function mkinfit internally creates a cost function using modCost from the FME package and then produces a fit using modFit from the same package. In cases of linear first-order differential equations, the solution used for calculating the cost function is based on the fundamental system of the coefficient matrix, as proposed by Bates and Watts (1988).

```
R> SFO.fit <- mkinfit(SFO, FOCUS_2006_C)
```

```
Model cost at call 1:
                       4718.904
Model cost at call 4:
                        4718.903
Model cost at call 5:
                        530.2588
Model cost at call 7:
                        530.2588
Model cost at call 8:
                        230.7209
Model cost at call 9:
                       230.7209
Model cost at call 11:
                         198.4489
Model cost at call 12:
                        198.4489
Model cost at call 13:
                        198.4489
Model cost at call 14:
                         196.6458
Model cost at call 15:
                         196.6458
Model cost at call 16:
                         196.6458
Model cost at call 17:
                         196.5401
Model cost at call 18:
                        196.5401
Model cost at call 19:
                         196.5401
Model cost at call 20:
                         196.5338
Model cost at call 21:
                        196.5338
Model cost at call 22:
                         196.5338
Model cost at call 23:
                         196.5334
Model cost at call 24:
                         196.5334
Model cost at call 25:
                         196.5334
Model cost at call 26:
                        196.5334
Model cost at call 28:
                         196.5334
Model cost at call
                  29 :
                         196.5334
```

R> summary(SFO.fit)

```
mkin version: 0.9.23
R version: 3.0.1
Date of fit: Wed Nov 6 07:52:57 2013
Date of summary: Wed Nov 6 07:52:57 2013

Equations:
[1] d_parent = - k_parent_sink * parent
```

Method used for solution of differential equation system: analytical

Weighting: none

Starting values for optimised parameters:

value type transformed

parent_0 100.0000000 state 100.000000

k_parent_sink 0.1000008 deparm -2.302577

Fixed parameter values:

None

Optimised, transformed parameters:

Estimate Std. Error Lower Upper

82.490 4.74 71.280 93.7000 nk -1.184 0.15 -1.539 -0.8294 parent_0

 $k_parent_sink -1.184$

Backtransformed parameters:

Estimate Lower Upper

82.4900 71.2800 93.7000 parent 0

k_parent_sink 0.3061 0.2147 0.4363

Residual standard error: 5.299 on 7 degrees of freedom

Chi2 error levels in percent:

err.min n.optim df

All data 15.85 2 7

2 7 15.85 parent

Estimated disappearance times:

DT50 DT90

parent 2.265 7.523

Estimated formation fractions:

parent_sink 1

Parameter correlation:

parent_0 k_parent_sink

parent_0 1.0000 0.5212

k_parent_sink 0.5212 1.0000

time variable observed predicted residual

0 parent 85.1 8.249e+01 2.608

1 parent 57.9 6.074e+01 -2.842 3 parent 29.9 3.293e+01 -3.034

```
14.6 9.682e+00
                              4.918
    parent
              9.7 1.136e+00
                              8.564
14
   parent
28 parent
               6.6 1.565e-02
                              6.584
               4.0 3.487e-07
 63
                              4.000
     parent
91
     parent
                3.9 6.617e-11
                               3.900
                0.6 1.256e-14
                               0.600
119
    parent
```

R> SFORB.fit <- mkinfit(SFORB, FOCUS_2006_C)</pre>

```
Model cost at call 1: 10077.89
Model cost at call 4: 10077.89
Model cost at call 7: 626.774
Model cost at call 9: 626.774
Model cost at call 11: 626.774
Model cost at call 12: 73.06493
Model cost at call 14: 73.06492
Model cost at call 17: 4.939827
Model cost at call 19 : 4.939827
Model cost at call 21: 4.939827
Model cost at call 22 : 4.363721
Model cost at call 24 : 4.363721
Model cost at call 26: 4.363721
Model cost at call 27 : 4.362718
Model cost at call 28 : 4.362718
Model cost at call 29: 4.362718
Model cost at call 31: 4.362718
Model cost at call 32: 4.362714
Model cost at call 34: 4.362714
Model cost at call 36 : 4.362714
Model cost at call 37 : 4.362714
```

R> summary(SFORB.fit)

mkin version: 0.9.23
R version: 3.0.1

Date of fit: Wed Nov 6 07:52:57 2013

Date of summary: Wed Nov 6 07:52:57 2013

Equations:

Method used for solution of differential equation system: analytical

Weighting: none

Starting values for optimised parameters:

value type transformed

parent_free_0 100.0000000 state 100.000000

 $k_parent_free_sink$ 0.1000009 deparm -2.302576 $k_parent_free_bound$ 0.1000000 deparm -2.302585 $k_parent_bound_free$ 0.0200000 deparm -3.912023

Fixed parameter values:

value type

Optimised, transformed parameters:

Estimate Std. Error Lower Upper parent_free_0 85.0000 0.89070 82.710 87.2900 k_parent_free_sink -0.9288 0.03622 -1.022 -0.8357 k_parent_free_bound -2.7870 0.11830 -3.091 -2.4830 k_parent_bound_free -3.8750 0.18070 -4.339 -3.4100

Backtransformed parameters:

Estimate Lower Upper parent_free_0 85.00000 82.71000 87.29000 k_parent_free_sink 0.39500 0.35990 0.43360 k_parent_free_bound 0.06160 0.04544 0.08350 k_parent_bound_free 0.02076 0.01305 0.03304

Residual standard error: 0.9341 on 5 degrees of freedom

Chi2 error levels in percent:

err.min n.optim df

All data 2.661 4 5 parent 2.661 4 5

Estimated disappearance times:

DT50 DT90

parent 1.887 21.25

Estimated formation fractions:

ff

parent_free_sink 1

Estimated Eigenvalues of SFORB model(s):

parent_b1 parent_b2

0.45956 0.01785

Parameter correlation:

parent_free_0 k_parent_free_sink k_parent_free_bound parent_free_0 1.00000 0.1813 0.5217 k_parent_free_sink 0.52169 1.0000 0.6693 k_parent_free_bound 0.18129 0.6693 1.0000 0.07644 0.3062 0.6756 k_parent_bound_free

k_parent_bound_free

parent_free_0 0.07644

```
k parent free sink
                             0.30624
k_parent_free_bound
                             0.67559
k_parent_bound_free
                             1.00000
Data:
 time variable observed predicted residual
   0 parent 85.1 85.003 0.09727
   7
     parent
                57.9 58.039 -0.13912
                 29.9 30.054 -0.15351
    3
       parent
                14.6
                        13.866 0.73389
       parent
                 9.7
                         9.787 -0.08657
   14
      parent
  28
                 6.6
                         7.532 -0.93205
      parent
                 4.0
   63
                         4.033 -0.03269
       parent
                       2.447 1.45347
1.484 -0 00404
      parent
  91
                  3.9
  119
                  0.6
                          1.484 -0.88424
      parent
R> SFO_SFO.fit <- mkinfit(SFO_SFO, FOCUS_2006_D)
Model cost at call 1: 18994.33
Model cost at call 3: 18994.33
Model cost at call 7: 10642.63
Model cost at call 8: 10642.63
Model cost at call 10: 10642.63
Model cost at call 12:
                        7148.148
Model cost at call 14: 7148.147
Model cost at call 17: 412.0373
Model cost at call 18: 412.0373
Model cost at call 22: 371.2203
Model cost at call 23 : 371.2203
Model cost at call 25 : 371.2203
Model cost at call 27 : 371.2134
Model cost at call 28 : 371.2134
Model cost at call 30: 371.2134
Model cost at call 32: 371.2134
R> summary(SFO_SFO.fit, data=FALSE)
mkin version:
               0.9.23
R version:
                3.0.1
Date of fit:
                Wed Nov 6 07:52:58 2013
Date of summary: Wed Nov 6 07:52:58 2013
Equations:
[1] d_parent = - k_parent_sink * parent - k_parent_m1 * parent
[2] d_m1 = + k_parent_m1 * parent - k_m1_sink * m1
Method used for solution of differential equation system:
eigen
```

Weighting: none

Starting values for optimised parameters:

 value
 type
 transformed

 parent_0
 100.0000000
 state
 100.000000

 k_parent_sink
 0.1000001
 deparm
 -2.302584

 k_parent_m1
 0.1000003
 deparm
 -2.302582

Fixed parameter values:

value type
m1_0 0 state

Optimised, transformed parameters:

Estimate Std. Error Lower Upper parent_0 99.600 1.61400 96.330 102.900 k_parent_sink -3.038 0.07826 -3.197 -2.879 k_parent_m1 -2.980 0.04124 -3.064 -2.897 k_m1_sink -5.248 0.13610 -5.523 -4.972

Backtransformed parameters:

Estimate Lower Upper parent_0 99.600000 96.330000 1.029e+02 k_parent_sink 0.047920 0.040890 5.616e-02 k_parent_m1 0.050780 0.046700 5.521e-02 k_m1_sink 0.005261 0.003992 6.933e-03

Residual standard error: 3.211 on 36 degrees of freedom

Chi2 error levels in percent:

err.min n.optim df
All data 6.398 4 15
parent 6.827 3 6
m1 4.490 1 9

Estimated disappearance times:

DT50 DT90
parent 7.023 23.33
m1 131.761 437.70

Estimated formation fractions:

ff
parent_sink 0.4855
parent_m1 0.5145
m1_sink 1.0000

Parameter correlation:

```
k\_parent\_m1 -0.06625 -0.08741 1.00000 0.4716 k\_m1\_sink -0.17006 -0.62527 0.47164 1.0000
```

R> SFORB_SFO.fit <- mkinfit(SFORB_SFO, FOCUS_2006_D)</pre>

```
Model cost at call 1:
                       19252.94
Model cost at call 3: 19252.94
Model cost at call 6: 19252.94
Model cost at call 9: 18210.78
Model cost at call 10: 18210.78
Model cost at call 14: 18210.78
Model cost at call 16: 1545.835
Model cost at call 17: 1545.835
Model cost at call 24: 949.7973
Model cost at call 25: 949.7973
Model cost at call 30 : 949.7973
Model cost at call 31 : 564.2688
Model cost at call 32: 564.2688
Model cost at call 36 : 564.2688
Model cost at call 38 : 444.252
Model cost at call 39 : 444.252
Model cost at call 45 : 369.1131
Model cost at call 47 : 369.1131
Model cost at call 50:
                        369.1131
Model cost at call 53: 354.8495
Model cost at call 55 : 354.8495
Model cost at call 58 : 354.8495
Model cost at call 60: 353.419
Model cost at call 62: 353.419
Model cost at call 65: 353.419
Model cost at call 68: 352.4084
Model cost at call 71: 352.4084
Model cost at call 76: 352.2537
Model cost at call 77 : 352.2537
Model cost at call 83: 352.23
Model cost at call 86: 352.23
Model cost at call 90 : 352.2092
Model cost at call 91: 352.2092
Model cost at call 92: 352.2092
Model cost at call 98 : 352.2058
Model cost at call 99 : 352.2058
Model cost at call 101: 352.2058
Model cost at call 105 : 352.2058
Model cost at call 107 : 352.2058
Model cost at call 112: 352.2049
Model cost at call 115 : 352.2049
Model cost at call 120 : 352.2049
Model cost at call 121: 352.2049
Model cost at call 122: 352.2049
```

```
Model cost at call 127 : 352.2049
Model cost at call 130 : 352.2049
Model cost at call 134 : 352.2048
Model cost at call 136 : 352.2048
Model cost at call 142 : 352.2048
Model cost at call 144 : 352.2048
```

R> summary(SFORB_SFO.fit, data=FALSE)

mkin version: 0.9.23
R version: 3.0.1

Date of fit: Wed Nov 6 07:53:01 2013
Date of summary: Wed Nov 6 07:53:01 2013

Equations:

- $[1] \ \, d_parent_free = \ \, k_parent_free_sink \ \, * \ \, parent_free \ \, k_parent_free_bound \ \, * \ \, parent_free \ \, k_parent_free \ \,$
- [2] d_parent_bound = + k_parent_free_bound * parent_free k_parent_bound_free * parent_
- [3] $d_m1 = + k_parent_free_m1 * parent_free k_m1_sink * m1$

Method used for solution of differential equation system: eigen

Weighting: none

Starting values for optimised parameters:

	value	type	transformed
parent_free_0	100.0000000	state	100.000000
k_parent_free_sink	0.1000003	deparm	-2.302582
k_parent_free_bound	0.1000000	deparm	-2.302585
k_parent_bound_free	0.0200000	deparm	-3.912023
k_parent_free_m1	0.1000001	deparm	-2.302584
k_m1_sink	0.1000000	deparm	-2.302585

Fixed parameter values:

Optimised, transformed parameters:

	Estimate	Std. Error	Lower	Upper
parent_free_0	101.1000	2.0200	96.970	105.200
k_parent_free_sink	-2.7480	0.4201	-3.601	-1.894
k_parent_free_bound	-1.7840	3.0620	-8.006	4.439
k_parent_bound_free	-0.6465	1.6320	-3.962	2.669
k_parent_free_m1	-2.7240	0.3875	-3.511	-1.936
k m1 sink	-5.2570	0.1383	-5.538	-4.976

Backtransformed parameters:

Estimate Lower Upper

Residual standard error: 3.219 on 34 degrees of freedom

Chi2 error levels in percent:

err.min n.optim df
All data 6.498 6 13
parent 7.209 5 4
m1 4.846 1 9

Estimated disappearance times:

DT50 DT90
parent 6.805 24.05
m1 132.971 441.72

Estimated formation fractions:

parent_free_sink 0.494
parent_free_m1 0.506
m1_sink 1.000

Estimated Eigenvalues of SFORB model(s):

parent_b1 parent_b2
 0.7283 0.0933

Parameter correlation:

	parent_free_0 k_pare	ent_free_sink k_p	arent_free_bound
parent_free_0	1.0000	0.5432	0.34386
k_parent_free_sink	0.5432	1.0000	0.94318
k_parent_free_bound	0.3439	0.9432	1.00000
k_parent_bound_free	0.1950	0.8179	0.95433
k_parent_free_m1	0.4401	0.9752	0.96053
k_m1_sink	-0.1801	-0.2030	-0.09286
	k_parent_bound_free	<pre>k_parent_free_m1</pre>	k_m1_sink
parent_free_0	0.19500	0.44013	-0.18007
k_parent_free_sink	0.81790	0.97519	-0.20304
k_parent_free_bound	0.95433	0.96053	-0.09286
k_parent_bound_free	1.00000	0.83989	-0.08808
k_parent_free_m1	0.83989	1.00000	-0.03946
k_m1_sink	-0.08808	-0.03946	1.00000

3 Acknowledgements

This package would not have been written without me being introduced to regulatory fate modelling of pesticides by Adrian Gurney during my time at Harlan Laboratories Ltd (formerly RCC Ltd). Parts of the package were written during my employment at Harlan.

References

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