[HW3_prob1]_CNN_Training_with_resnet20

October 25, 2022

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[1]: import argparse
     import os
     import time
     import shutil
     import torch
     import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.optim as optim
     import torch.nn.functional as F
     import torch.backends.cudnn as cudnn
     import torchvision
     import torchvision.transforms as transforms
     from models import * # bring everything in the folder models
     global best_prec
     use_gpu = torch.cuda.is_available()
     print('=> Building model...')
     device = torch.device("cuda" if use_gpu else "cpu")
     batch_size = 128
     model_name = "resnet20_cifar"
     model = resnet20_cifar()
     normalize = transforms.Normalize(mean=[0.491, 0.482, 0.447], std=[0.247, 0.243,
     \rightarrow 0.262])
     train_dataset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(
         root='./data',
         train=True,
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download=True,
    transform=transforms.Compose([
        transforms.RandomCrop(32, padding=4),
        transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
        transforms.ToTensor(),
        normalize,
    1))
trainloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(train_dataset, batch_size=batch_size,_
⇒shuffle=True, num workers=2)
test_dataset = torchvision.datasets.CIFAR10(
    root='./data',
    train=False,
    download=True,
    {\tt transform =} {\tt transforms.Compose([}
       transforms.ToTensor(),
       normalize,
    ]))
testloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(test dataset, batch size=batch size,
⇒shuffle=False, num_workers=2)
print_freq = 100 # every 100 batches, accuracy printed. Here, each batch
→ includes "batch_size" data points
# CIFAR10 has 50,000 training data, and 10,000 validation data.
def train(trainloader, model, criterion, optimizer, epoch):
    batch_time = AverageMeter() ## at the begining of each epoch, this should_
→be reset
    data_time = AverageMeter()
    losses = AverageMeter()
    top1 = AverageMeter()
    model.train()
    end = time.time() # measure current time
    for i, (input, target) in enumerate(trainloader):
        # measure data loading time
        data_time.update(time.time() - end) # data loading time
        input, target = input.cuda(), target.cuda()
        # compute output
        output = model(input)
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loss = criterion(output, target)
        # measure accuracy and record loss
        prec = accuracy(output, target)[0]
        losses.update(loss.item(), input.size(0))
        top1.update(prec.item(), input.size(0))
        # compute gradient and do SGD step
        optimizer.zero grad()
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        # measure elapsed time
        batch_time.update(time.time() - end) # time spent to process one batch
        end = time.time()
        if i % print_freq == 0:
            print('Epoch: [{0}][{1}/{2}]\t'
                  'Time {batch_time.val:.3f} ({batch_time.avg:.3f})\t'
                  'Data {data_time.val:.3f} ({data_time.avg:.3f})\t'
                  'Loss {loss.val:.4f} ({loss.avg:.4f})\t'
                  'Prec {top1.val:.3f}% ({top1.avg:.3f}%)'.format(
                   epoch, i, len(trainloader), batch_time=batch_time,
                   data_time=data_time, loss=losses, top1=top1))
def validate(val_loader, model, criterion ):
    batch_time = AverageMeter()
    losses = AverageMeter()
    top1 = AverageMeter()
    # switch to evaluate mode
    model.eval()
    end = time.time()
    with torch.no_grad():
        for i, (input, target) in enumerate(val_loader):
            input, target = input.cuda(), target.cuda()
            # compute output
            output = model(input)
            loss = criterion(output, target)
            # measure accuracy and record loss
```

```
prec = accuracy(output, target)[0]
            losses.update(loss.item(), input.size(0))
            top1.update(prec.item(), input.size(0))
            # measure elapsed time
            batch_time.update(time.time() - end)
            end = time.time()
            if i % print_freq == 0: # This line shows how frequently print out_
\rightarrow the status. e.g., i%5 => every 5 batch, prints out
                print('Test: [{0}/{1}]\t'
                  'Time {batch_time.val:.3f} ({batch_time.avg:.3f})\t'
                  'Loss {loss.val:.4f} ({loss.avg:.4f})\t'
                  'Prec {top1.val:.3f}% ({top1.avg:.3f}%)'.format(
                   i, len(val_loader), batch_time=batch_time, loss=losses,
                   top1=top1))
    print(' * Prec {top1.avg:.3f}% '.format(top1=top1))
    return top1.avg
def accuracy(output, target, topk=(1,)):
    """Computes the precision@k for the specified values of k"""
    \max k = \max(\text{top}k)
    batch_size = target.size(0)
    _, pred = output.topk(maxk, 1, True, True)
    pred = pred.t()
    correct = pred.eq(target.view(1, -1).expand_as(pred))
   res = []
    for k in topk:
        correct_k = correct[:k].view(-1).float().sum(0)
        res.append(correct_k.mul_(100.0 / batch_size))
    return res
class AverageMeter(object):
    """Computes and stores the average and current value"""
    def __init__(self):
        self.reset()
    def reset(self):
       self.val = 0
        self.avg = 0
        self.sum = 0
        self.count = 0
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def update(self, val, n=1):
        self.val = val
        self.sum += val * n ## n is impact factor
        self.count += n
        self.avg = self.sum / self.count
def save checkpoint(state, is best, fdir):
    filepath = os.path.join(fdir, 'checkpoint.pth')
    torch.save(state, filepath)
    if is best:
        shutil.copyfile(filepath, os.path.join(fdir, 'model_best.pth.tar'))
def adjust_learning_rate(optimizer, epoch):
    """For resnet, the lr starts from 0.1, and is divided by 10 at 80 and 120_{\sqcup}
⇔epochs"""
    adjust_list = [150, 225]
    if epoch in adjust_list:
        for param group in optimizer.param groups:
            param_group['lr'] = param_group['lr'] * 0.1
#model = nn.DataParallel(model).cuda()
#all_params = checkpoint['state_dict']
#model.load_state_dict(all_params, strict=False)
#criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss().cuda()
#validate(testloader, model, criterion)
```

=> Building model...

Files already downloaded and verified Files already downloaded and verified

```
[]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np

# functions to show an image

def imshow(img):
    img = img / 2 + 0.5  # unnormalize
    npimg = img.numpy()
    plt.imshow(np.transpose(npimg, (1, 2, 0)))
    plt.show()

# get some random training images
dataiter = iter(testloader)
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[]: # This cell is from the website
     lr = 4.3e-2
     weight_decay = 1e-4
     epochs = 200
     best_prec = 0
     model = model.cuda()
     criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss().cuda()
     optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=lr, momentum=0.9, __
     →weight_decay=weight_decay)
     # weight decay: for regularization to prevent overfitting
     if not os.path.exists('result'):
        os.makedirs('result')
     fdir = 'result/'+str(model_name)
     if not os.path.exists(fdir):
         os.makedirs(fdir)
     for epoch in range(0, epochs):
         adjust_learning_rate(optimizer, epoch)
         train(trainloader, model, criterion, optimizer, epoch)
         # evaluate on test set
         print("Validation starts")
         prec = validate(testloader, model, criterion)
         # remember best precision and save checkpoint
         is_best = prec > best_prec
         best_prec = max(prec,best_prec)
         print('best acc: {:1f}'.format(best_prec))
         save_checkpoint({
             'epoch': epoch + 1,
             'state_dict': model.state_dict(),
             'best_prec': best_prec,
             'optimizer': optimizer.state_dict(),
```

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}, is_best, fdir)
[]: fdir = 'result/'+str(model_name)+'/model_best.pth.tar'
     checkpoint = torch.load(fdir)
     model.load_state_dict(checkpoint['state_dict'])
     criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss().cuda()
     model.eval()
     model.cuda()
     prec = validate(testloader, model, criterion)
[2]: def act_quantization(b):
         def uniform_quant(x, b=3):
             xdiv = x.mul(2 ** b - 1)
             xhard = xdiv.round().div(2 ** b - 1)
             return xhard
         class uq(torch.autograd.Function): # here single underscore means this⊔
      \rightarrow class is for internal use
             def forward(ctx, input, alpha):
                 input_d = input/alpha
                 input_c = input_d.clamp(max=1) # Mingu edited for Alexnet
                 input_q = uniform_quant(input_c, b)
                 ctx.save_for_backward(input, input_q)
                 input_q_out = input_q.mul(alpha)
                 return input_q_out
         return uq().apply
     def weight_quantization(b):
         def uniform_quant(x, b):
             xdiv = x.mul((2 ** b - 1))
             xhard = xdiv.round().div(2 ** b - 1)
             return xhard
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class uq(torch.autograd.Function):
        def forward(ctx, input, alpha):
            input_d = input/alpha
                                                             # weights are first_
 \rightarrow divided by alpha
            input_c = input_d.clamp(min=-1, max=1) # then clipped to_
\hookrightarrow [-1,1]
            sign = input_c.sign()
            input_abs = input_c.abs()
            input_q = uniform_quant(input_abs, b).mul(sign)
            ctx.save_for_backward(input, input_q)
            input_q_out = input_q.mul(alpha)
                                                            # rescale to the
→original range
            return input_q_out
    return uq().apply
class weight_quantize_fn(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, w_bit):
        super(weight_quantize_fn, self).__init__()
        self.w bit = w bit-1
        self.weight_q = weight_quantization(b=self.w_bit)
        self.wgt alpha = 0.0
    def forward(self, weight):
        weight_q = self.weight_q(weight, self.wgt_alpha)
        return weight_q
```

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[7]: w_alpha = 1.5 # cliping value
w_bits = 4

fdir = 'result/'+str(model_name)+'/model_best.pth.tar'
checkpoint = torch.load(fdir)
model.load_state_dict(checkpoint['state_dict'])

for layer in model.modules():
    if isinstance(layer,torch.nn.Conv2d):
        print(layer.weight.max())
        weight_quant = weight_quantize_fn(w_bit= w_bits) ## define quant_u

-function
    weight_quant.wgt_alpha = torch.tensor(w_alpha)
    w_quant = weight_quant(layer.weight)
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```
#print("W_int", w_int)
             layer.weight = torch.nn.Parameter(w quant)
             #print("Layer.weight", layer.weight)
     criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss().cuda()
     model.eval()
     model.cuda()
     prec = validate(testloader, model, criterion)
    tensor(2.0048, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.8558, device='cuda:0', grad fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.7491, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(1.0326, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.6198, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.7209, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.8455, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.8549, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(1.1671, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(1.9485, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.6710, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.5790, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.7601, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.6992, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.5459, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.5653, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(1.1730, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.5766, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.5345, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.5773, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    tensor(0.2915, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<MaxBackward1>)
    Test: [0/79]
                    Time 0.381 (0.381)
                                           Loss 4.0180 (4.0180)
                                                                     Prec 15.625%
    (15.625\%)
     * Prec 15.430%
[]:
[]: class SaveOutput:
         def __init__(self):
             self.outputs = []
         def __call__(self, module, module_in):
             self.outputs.append(module_in)
         def clear(self):
             self.outputs = []
     save_output = SaveOutput()
```

```
for layer in model.modules():
        if isinstance(layer, torch.nn.Conv2d):
             print("prehooked")
             layer.register_forward_pre_hook(save_output)
     dataiter = iter(trainloader)
     images, labels = dataiter.next()
     images = images.to(device)
     out = model(images)
[]: for layer in model.modules():
        print(layer)
[]: save_output.outputs[1][0]
[]: my_input = save_output.outputs[1][0]
     images.size()
[]: #Prehooked BasicBlockO to BasicBlock1
     co = model.layer1
     conv_1 = model.layer1[0].conv1
     conv_2 = model.layer1[0].conv2
     bn_1 = model.layer1[0].bn1
     Rel = model.layer1[0].relu
     bn_2 = model.layer1[0].bn2
     СО
[]: res = my_input
     my_output = Rel((bn_2(conv_2(Rel(bn_1(conv_1(my_input))))))+res)
[]: (my_output - save_output.outputs[3][0]).sum()
[]:
```