CS 595: Assignment #7

Due on Thursday, November 06, 2014

 $Dr.\ Nelson\ 4:20pm$

Holly Harkins

Holly Harkins	CS 595 (Dr. Nelson 4:20pm): Assignment $\#7$	
Contents		
Problem 1		Ş
Problem 2		7

7

Problem 1

```
Using D3, create a graph of the Karate club before and after the split.

- Weight the edges with the data from: http://vlado.fmf.uni-lj.si/pub/networks/data/ucinet/zachary.dat

- Have the transition from before/after the split occur on a mouse click.
```

Listing 1: Part1 Python

```
import sys
   import json
   \#nodes = 32
  obj = { "nodes" : [], "links" : [] }
   count = 0
   f = open("matrix.dat")
   g = f.readlines()
   f.close()
   #grab and process the weights
   for line in g[34]:
       name = count + 1
       Node = {'id' : str(name)}
       obj['nodes'].append(Node)
       col = line.split()
       for j in range(len(col)):
           if col[j] != "0":
               source = count
               weight = int(col[j])
               target = j
               newLink = 
                   { "source" :source, "target" :target, "weight" :weight }
               obj['links'].append(newLink)
25
       count = count + 1
   print (json.dumps(obj))
```

Listing 2: Part2 Python

```
#!/usr/bin/python

import json
import networkx as nx

from networkx.readwrite import json_graph

#open input directory
f = open('databefore.json')
nodes = json.load(f)
f.close()
```

```
#link the nodes from input
   graph = json_graph.node_link_graph(nodes)
   #call library
   while nx.number_connected_components(graph) < 2:</pre>
       edges = nx.edge_betweenness_centrality(graph)
       Max = 0
       for edge in edges:
           if edges[edge] > Max:
20
               #iterate over it
               Max_edge = edge
               Max = edges[edge]
       graph.remove_edge(Max_edge[0],Max_edge[1])
25
   output = json_graph.node_link_data(graph)
   g = open('dataAfter.json','w')
   g.write(json.dumps(output))
   g.close()
```

First I needed to convert the data file into json files. The python scripts convertJson.py and splitConvertJson.py converts the data and calculates the nodes separation. The script records all the connecting nodes > 0 as sources, weight, and target. The second script separates the nodes into groups. The nodes are split according the the weight between each links.

KarateClub.html uses both dataAfter.json and databefore.json files to graph the nodes. For fun I used your favorite team logo as the nodes. You can transition from before/after the split occur on a mouse click.

You can review the before and after split at the link below http://www.cs.odu.edu/~hharkins/KarateClub.html

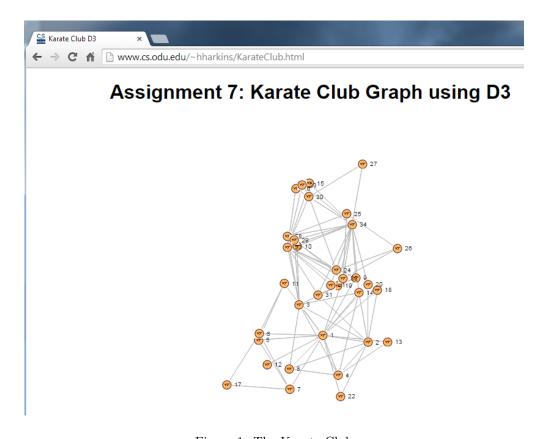


Figure 1: The Karate Club

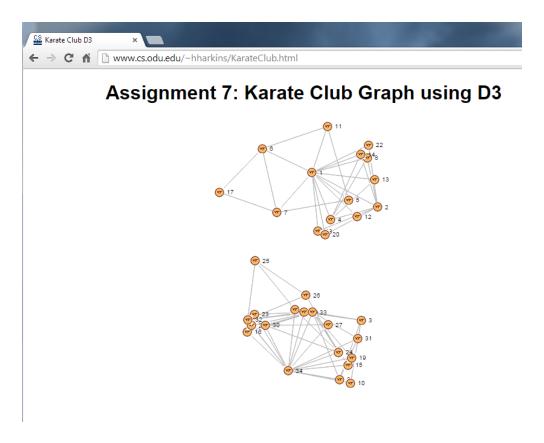


Figure 2: Karate Club Split

Problem 2

Use D3 to create a who-follows-whom graph of your Twitter account. Use my twitter account ("@phonedude_mln") if you do not have an interesting number of followers. Attractiveness of the graph counts!

References

- [1] Do, Phuoc. 3D Force Layout. https://vida.io/documents/N4jSip7n68yQ48DXp/
- $[2] \ \ Network X\ Developers.\ Karate\ Club.\ http://network x.github.io/documentation/latest/examples/graph/karateclub.html$
- [3] MBOstocks. Labeled Force Layout. http://bl.ocks.org/mbostock/950642