AudioTrack是MediaStreamTrack的一个子类,负责音频的调节。 VideoTrack和Audio几乎完全一样,只是多了一个free的方法,然后添加的Renderer的类型不一样。

```
//一个list里面存的是音频的渲染器
private final LinkedList<AudioRenderer> renderers = new LinkedList<AudioRenderer>();
```

```
//构造方法
public AudioTrack(long nativeTrack) {
   super(nativeTrack);
}
```

```
//添加音频渲染器,与去除音频渲染器
public void addRenderer(AudioRenderer renderer) {
    renderers.add(renderer);
    nativeAddRenderer(nativeTrack, renderer.nativeAudioRenderer);
}

public void removeRenderer(AudioRenderer renderer) {
    if(!renderers.remove(renderer)) {
        return;
    }
    nativeRemoveRenderer(nativeTrack, renderer.nativeAudioRenderer);
    renderer.dispose();
}

private static native void nativeAddRenderer(long nativeTrack, long nativeRenderer);
private static native void nativeRemoveRenderer(long nativeTrack, long nativeRenderer);
```

```
//释放掉AudioTrack
public void dispose(){
    while (!renderers.isEmpty()) {
        removeRenderer(renderers.getFirst());
    }
    super.dispose();
}
```

```
//方法含义同AudioTrack
private final LinkedList<VideoRenderer> renderers = new LinkedList<VideoRenderer>();
public VideoTrack(long nativeTrack) {
 super(nativeTrack);
public void addRenderer(VideoRenderer renderer) {
 renderers.add(renderer);
 nativeAddRenderer(nativeTrack, renderer.nativeVideoRenderer);
public void removeRenderer(VideoRenderer renderer) {
 if (!renderers.remove(renderer)) {
   return;
 nativeRemoveRenderer(nativeTrack, renderer.nativeVideoRenderer);
 renderer.dispose();
public void dispose() {
 while (!renderers.isEmpty()) {
   removeRenderer(renderers.getFirst());
 super.dispose();
private static native void free(long nativeTrack);
private static native void nativeAddRenderer(long nativeTrack, long nativeRenderer);
private static native void nativeRemoveRenderer(long nativeTrack, long nativeRenderer);
```