M2: Hands-On: Efficiency and Empirical Analysis Results for Honey Reddy Nagireddy

Score for this attempt: **5** out of 5 Submitted Feb 12 at 7:14pm

Correct!

This attempt took less than 1 minute.

Create and fill in a table like the one below to record the data generated by the TimeComplexity class. Depending on the speed of your computer, you should be able to generate five rows of data in no more than 10 or 15 minutes.

N	Elapsed Time	Ratio

Question 1	1 / 1 pts
Based on your analysis of the data generated by the TimeCo class, which of the following expressions best characterizes t program's time complexity function?	, ,
\bigcirc $O(N)$	
\bigcirc $O(N^2)$	
\bigcirc $O(N^3)$	
$\bigcirc O(N^4)$	

Suppose you attempted to empirically discover the big-O running time of a program, and you were able to generate the following timing data.

N	Time	Ratio
128	0.622	
256	8.886	14.286
512	141.048	15.873
1024	2249.704	15.950
2048	35958.996	15.984

In the table above, the N column records the size of the input for each run, the Time column records the elapsed time in seconds for each run, and Ratio is the elapsed time for the current run divided by the elapsed time for the previous run (i.e., $Time_i/Time_{i-1}$).

Based on the timing data presented in this table, what is the most reasonable conclusion regarding the underlying big-O time complexity of the program being timed?

- A. O(15)
- B. $O(\log_{15} N)$
- C. O(N)
- D. $O(N^4)$

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	A
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B

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Correct!

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Question 3

1 / 1 pts

Suppose you attempted to empirically discover the big-oh running time of a program, and you were able to generate the following data. What big-oh time complexity is suggested by this data?

Run	N	Time	Ratio	$\lg Ratio$
0	200	0.12		
1	400	0.13	1.10	0.14
2	800	0.76	5.68	2.51
3	1600	1.88	2.47	1.31
4	3200	7.50	3.99	1.99
5	6400	29.85	3.98	1.99
6	12800	131.37	4.40	2.14
7	25600	520.78	3.96	1.99

- A. $O(\log N)$
- B. O(N)
- C. $O(N^2)$
- D. $O(N^4)$

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Question 4	1 / 1 pts
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Suppose you attempted to empirically discover the big-O running time of a program, and you were able to generate the following timing data.

N	Time	Ratio
128	0.513	
256	3.223	6.283
512	23.444	7.274
1024	186.849	7.970
2048	1493.114	7.991

In the table above, the N column records the size of the input for each run, the Time column records the elapsed time in seconds for each run, and Ratio is the elapsed time for the current run divided by the elapsed time for the previous run (i.e., $Time_{\rm i}/Time_{\rm i-1}$).

Based on the timing data presented in this table, what is the most reasonable conclusion regarding the underlying big-O time complexity of the program being timed?

- A. O(8)
- B. $O(\log_3 N)$
- C. $O(N^3)$
- D. $O(N^8)$

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B

Correct!

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Question 5

1 / 1 pts

	Suppose you have implemented an algorithm in a method named foo, which takes an array of N floating point numbers as data. Suppose also that this algorithm has $O(N^3)$ best, average, and worst case time complexity and that a timing analysis of foo showed that approximately 2 seconds were required to process an array of size $N=256$.
	What is the largest array (N) that foo could process in less than one hour?
	A. 512
	B. 1024
	C. 2048
	D. 4096
	○ A
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Correct!	
	О D

Quiz Score: 5 out of 5