# Hands-On: Binary Search Trees

This activity focuses on the fundamental mechanics of adding new values to a binary search tree. You should study the instructional resources on binary search trees before attempting this activity.

You will need the following source code files to complete this activity.

- BinarySearchTree.java
- BstClient.java

Note: This activity utilizes jGRASP Viewers, which are available in jGRASP, IntelliJ, and Eclipse.

# Adding values, self-check

- 1. Open BstClient.java in jGRASP and compile it.
- 2. Run this program, observe the output, and make sure you understand what it is doing.
- 3. Set a breakpoint on the statement <code>bst.add(value)</code> in the <code>main</code> method.
- 4. Start the debugger and wait until execution is paused at the breakpoint.
- 5. Raise a viewer on the bst object. Use the viewer settings menu to customize the viewer as you like. For example, you may prefer to have the nodes rendered as circles, and you will most likely prefer that the root be at the top with descendants below.
- 6. With pen and paper, add the current value to a binary search tree that you draw yourself.
- 7. Step over the call to add to confirm your answer.
- 8. Repeat this process for each element in the values array.
- 9. Make sure you understand how to build a binary search tree from a given sequence of values.

# Adding values, iterative add method

- 1. Open BstClient.java in jGRASP and compile it.
- 2. Run this program, observe the output, and make sure you understand what it is doing.
- 3. Set a breakpoint on the statement <code>bst.add(value)</code> in the <code>main</code> method.
- 4. Start the debugger and wait until execution is paused at the breakpoint.
- 5. Open a new Canvas window.
- 6. Add viewers for values, value, and bst to the canvas window.
- 7. Step in to the call to add.
- 8. Step over (single-step) the statements of the add method, observing their effect in the canvas window.

- 9. Repeat this process for each element in the values array.
- 10. Make sure you understand how the iterative add method works.

# Adding values, recursive put method

- 1. Open BstClient.java in jGRASP and compile it.
- 2. Run this program, observe the output, and make sure you understand what it is doing.
- 3. Modify the statement bst.add(value) in the main method so that it uses the put method instead.
- 4. Set a breakpoint on this statement.
- 5. Start the debugger and wait until execution is paused at the breakpoint.
- 6. Open a new Canvas window.
- 7. Add viewers for values, value, and bst to the canvas window.
- 8. Step in to the call to put.
- 9. Using step-over and step-in as needed, explore the execution of both put methods, observing their effect in the canvas window.
- 10. Repeat this process for each element in the values array.
- 11. Make sure you understand how the recursive put method works.

#### **Submission**

The submission page for this activity asks you to apply your understanding of binary search trees to a problem and then submit it for a grade.