

iOS 프로그래밍

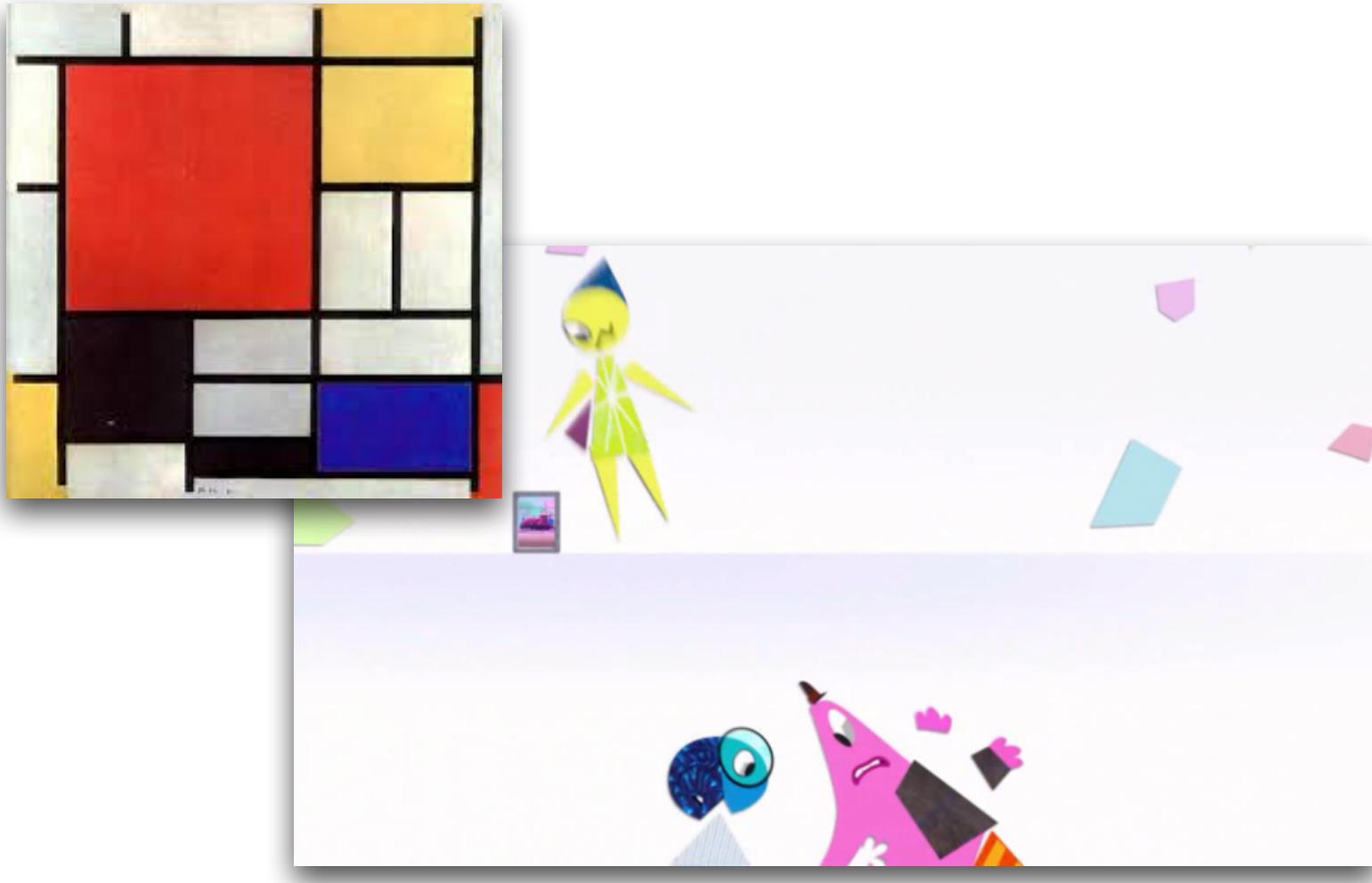
View Programming + AutoLayout



학습 목표

- * 복습하기
- * iOS를 위한 MVC
- * Xib 와 Storyboard
- * 뷰 객체와 좌표 시스템
- * 뷰 레이아웃
- * 오토레이아웃 이해하기

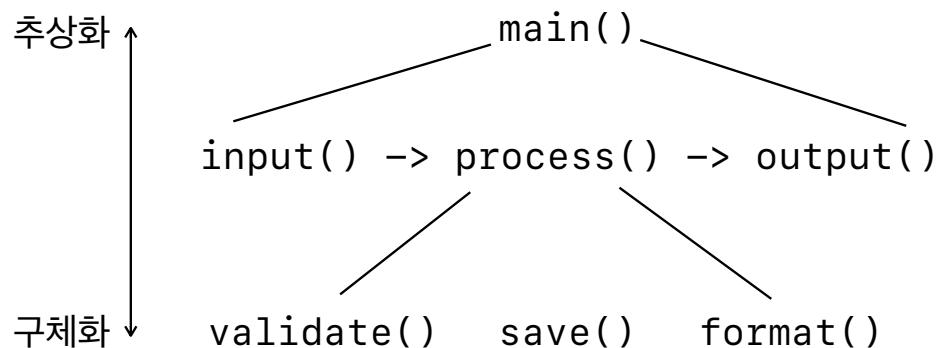
추상화 Abstraction



추상화 메커니즘

프로시저 추상화 (procedure abstraction)
- 무엇을 해야 하는지 추상화

기능 분해(Functional decomposition)
알고리즘 분해 (Algorithmic decomposition)



top-down 하향식 분해는
설계가 어느 정도 안정화된 이후에
설계를 설명하고 문서화하기 편리함

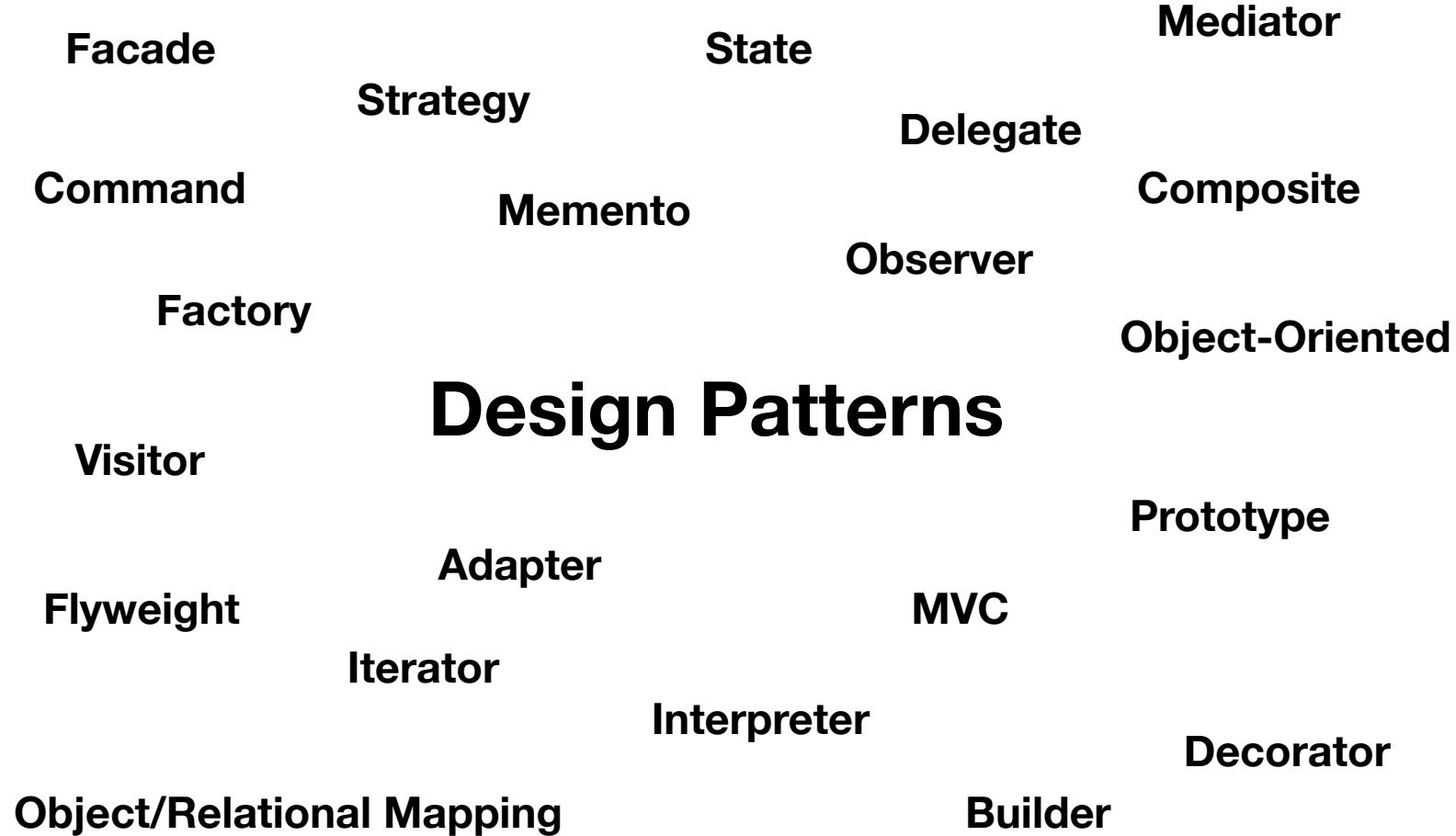
데이터 추상화 (data abstraction)
- 무엇을 알아야 하는지 추상화

타입을 추상화(type abstraction) → Abstract Data Type
- 타입 정의를 선언할 수 있어야 함
- 타입 인스턴스를 다루는 오ペ레이션 집합을 정의할 수 있어야 함
- 제공하는 오ペ레이션으로 조작하도록 보호할 수 있어야 함
- 타입에 대한 여러 인스턴스를 생성할 수 있어야 함

데이터 중심 프로시저 추상화 → Object-oriented
- 상속과 다형성 지원

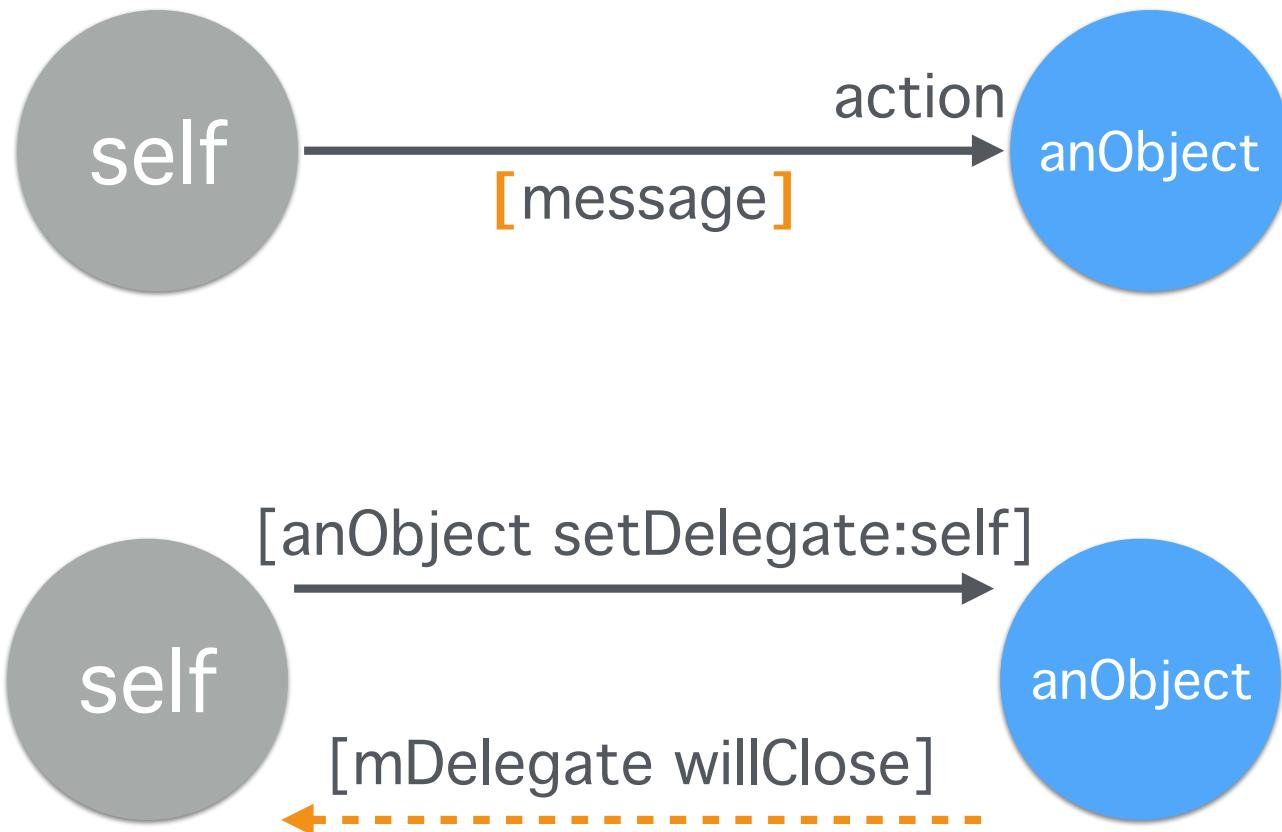
바바라 리스코프

앨런 케이



Delegate

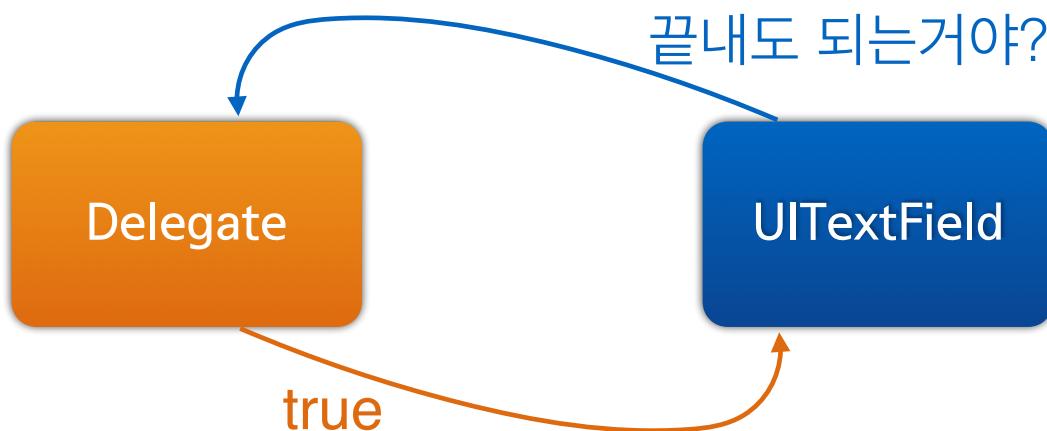
Don't call me, I'll call you



Delegation

Reusing controls without subclassing

사용자가 return 키를 누른 경우



UITextFieldDelegate

Delegation in UIKit

여러 클래스가 델리게이트를 갖고 있음

will / did / should

Delegation in UIKit

[UIApplicationDelegate](#)

“ 이제 곧 active가 아닐꺼야 ”

- `(void)applicationWillResignActive:`

Delegation in UIKit

[UIScrollViewDelegate](#)

“ 직전에 줌이 됐어 ”

– `(void)scrollViewDidZoom:`

Delegation in UIKit

UITextFieldDelegate

“ 콘텐츠를 깨끗하게 지워도 되? ”

- (BOOL)textFieldShouldClear:

iOS를 위한 MVC

앱과 컨트롤러

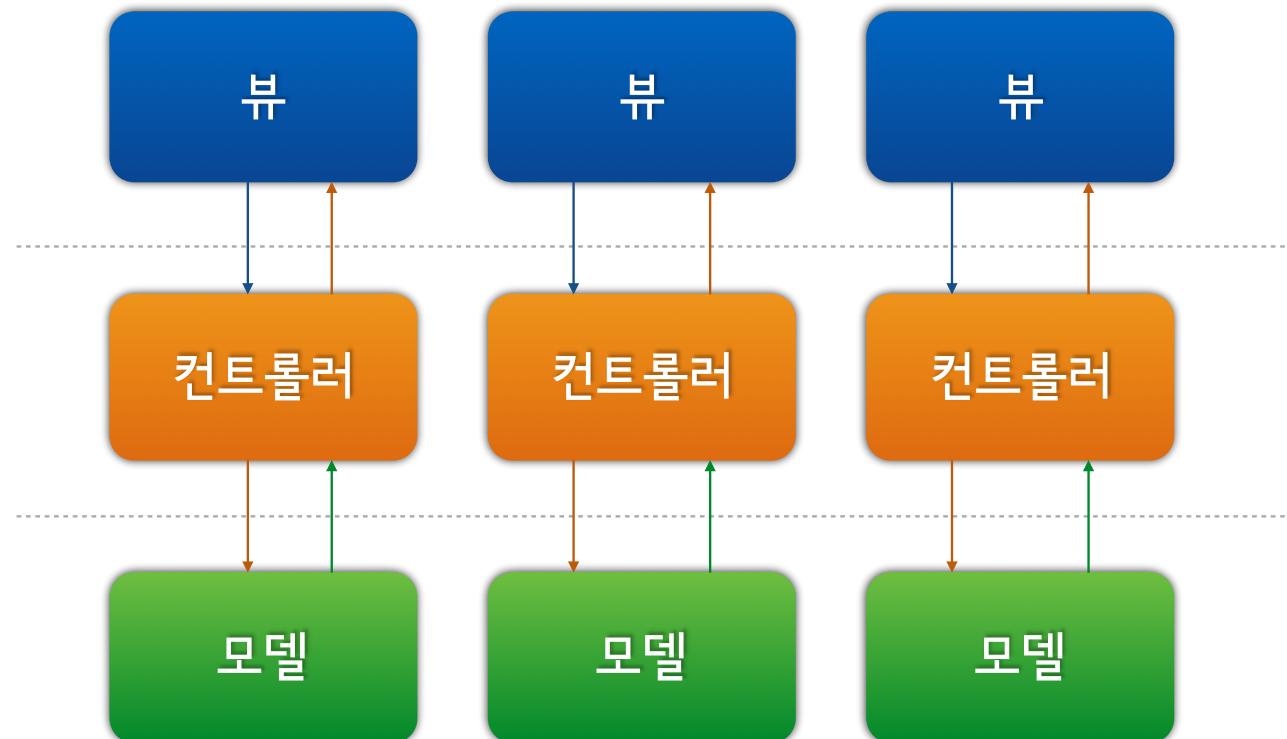
화면당 ViewController 하나일까?

모든걸 다하는 컨트롤러는 만들지마라



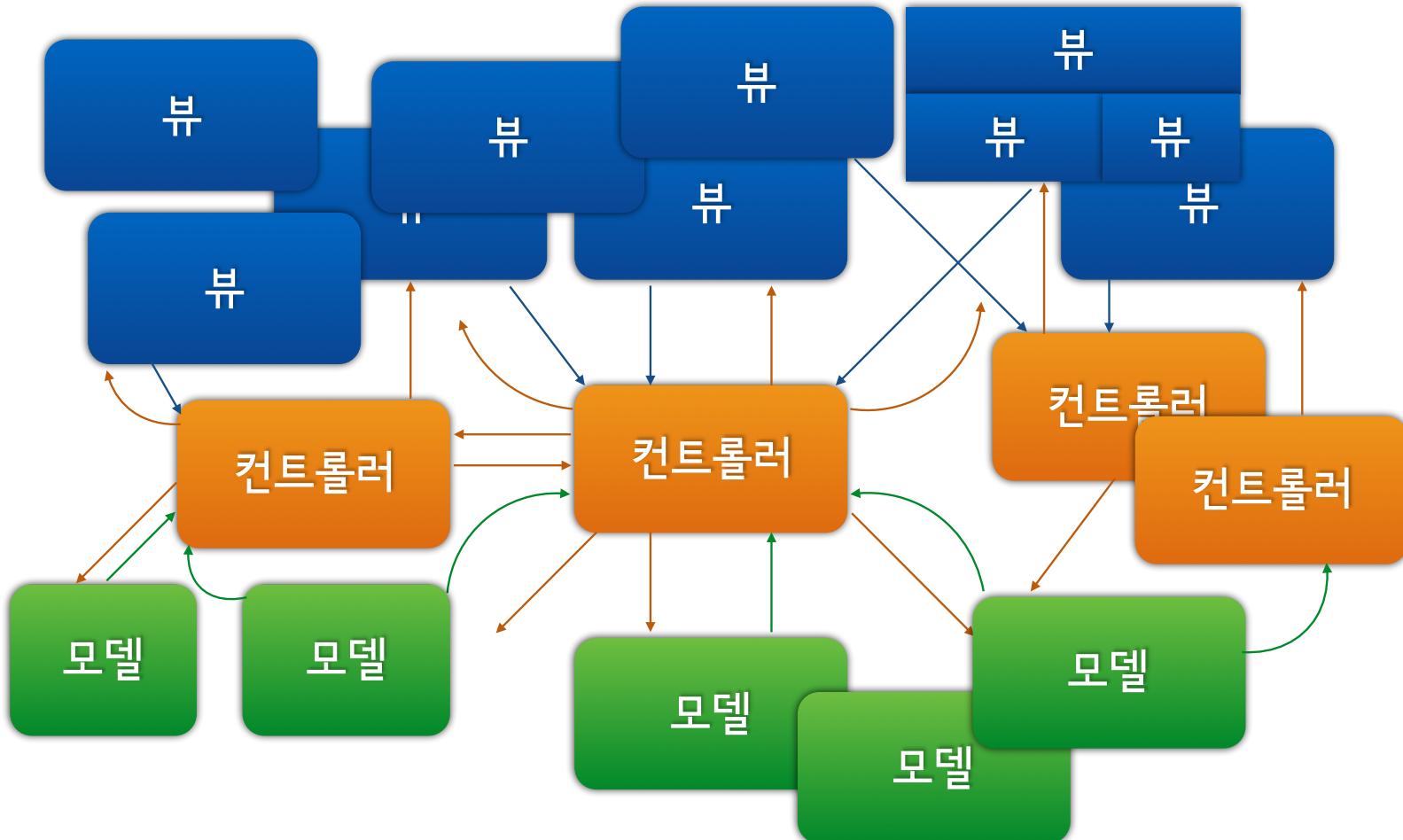
화면이 큰 아이패드에서도

ViewController는 역할이 나뉘어져야 한다



MVC 아키텍처

실제 상황에서는?



느슨한 연결(Loose Coupling) 지향

유연성을 확보하라

X 메시지를 보낼 때 MVC 계층을 건너띄지마

└ 컨트롤러로 메시지를 조정할 수 있음

X 하나의 오브젝트에 MVC 역할을 섞지마

└ 하나의 객체가 너무 많을 일을 하도록 하지말 것

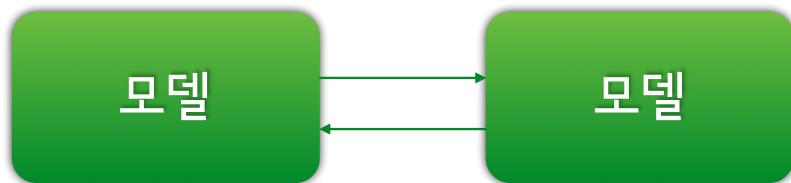
X 뷰 클래스에서 모델 데이터를 선언하지마

└ 중복 데이터는 피해야 함

메시지 관리

유연성 확보

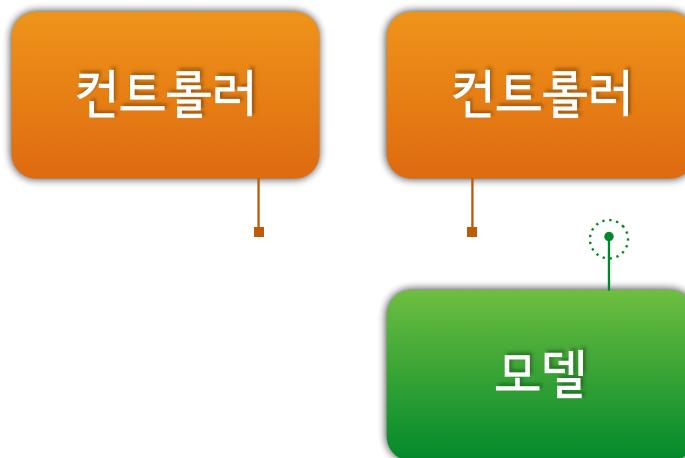
X 모델끼리 직접적인 양방향
데이터 전송은 하지마라



메시지 관리

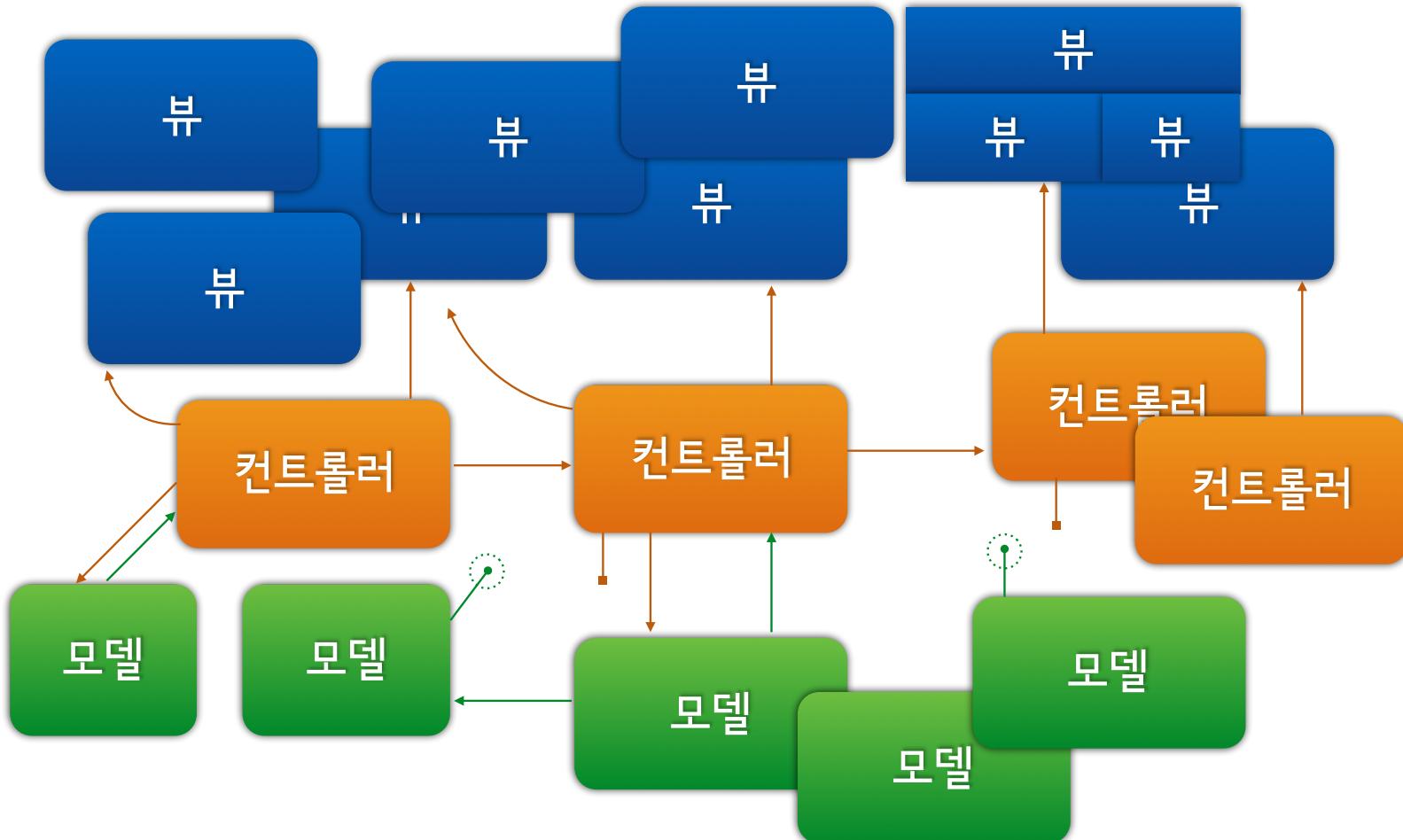
유연성 확보

동시에 여러 화면을 업데이트할 때
Observer Pattern



MVC 아키텍처

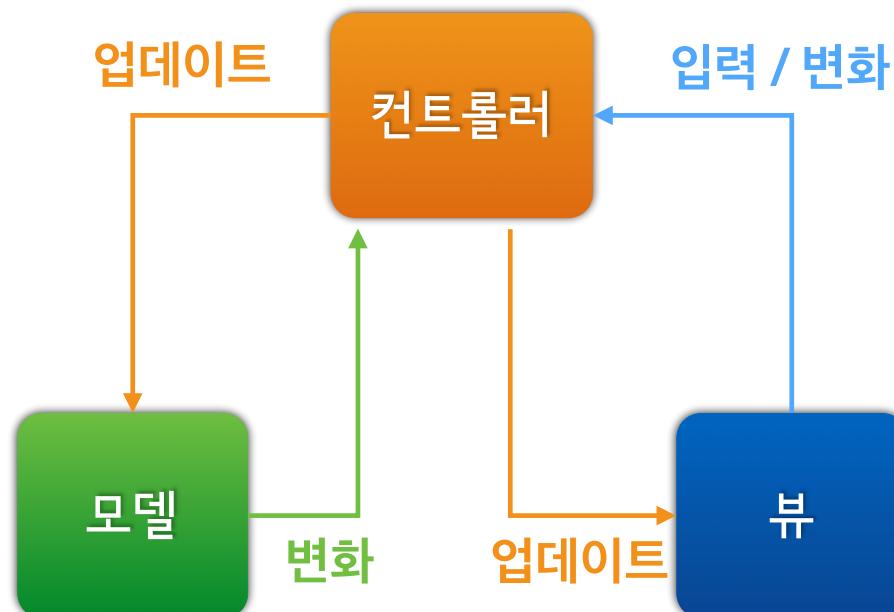
실제 상황에서는?



Model - View - Controller

업데이트 관리!

Controller : Coordination



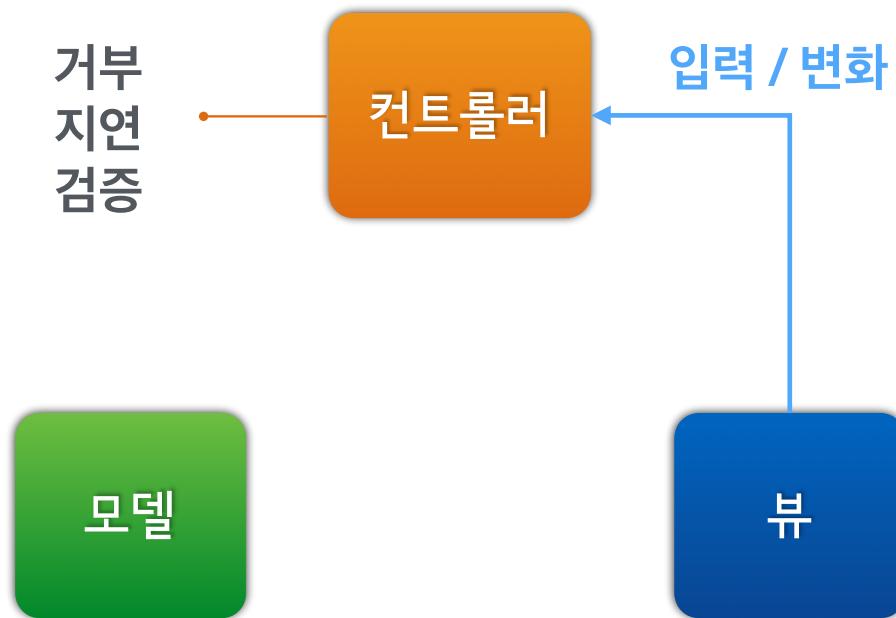
Model : Data

View : Display

X 컨트롤러를 건너띄지 마라



✓ 변화를 대처하는 올바른 방법



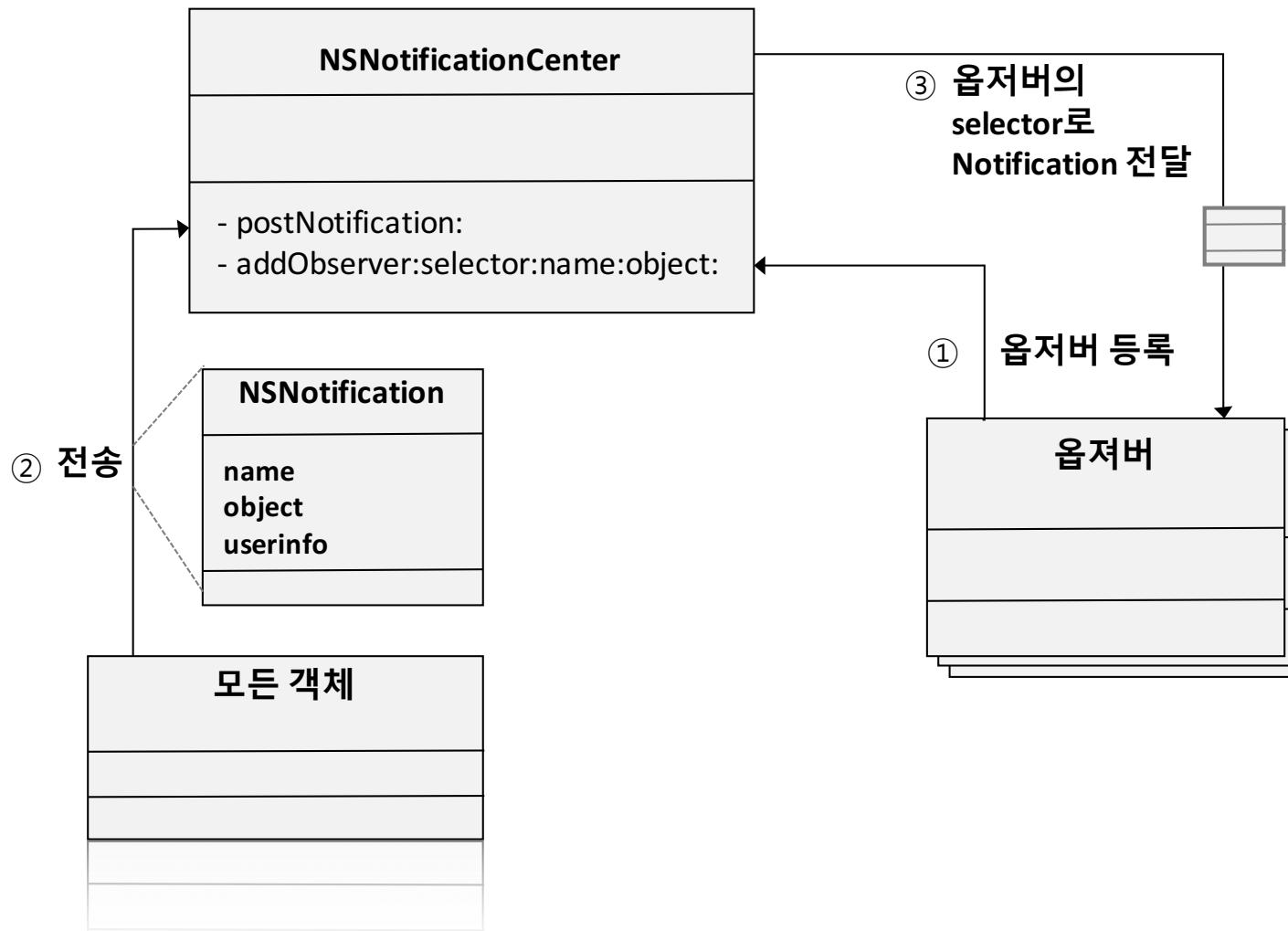
✓ 변화를 대처하는 올바른 방법



NotificationCenter

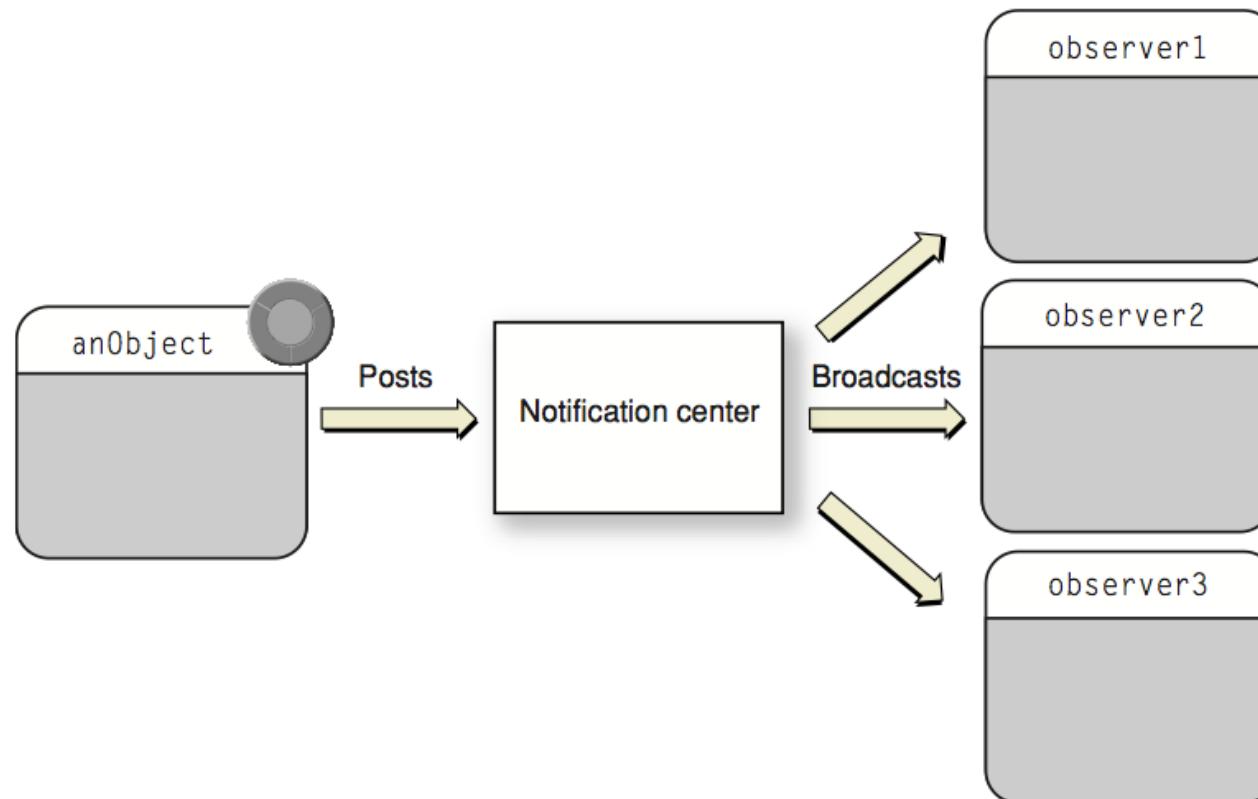
Observer Pattern

NSNotificationCenter



NSNotificationCenter

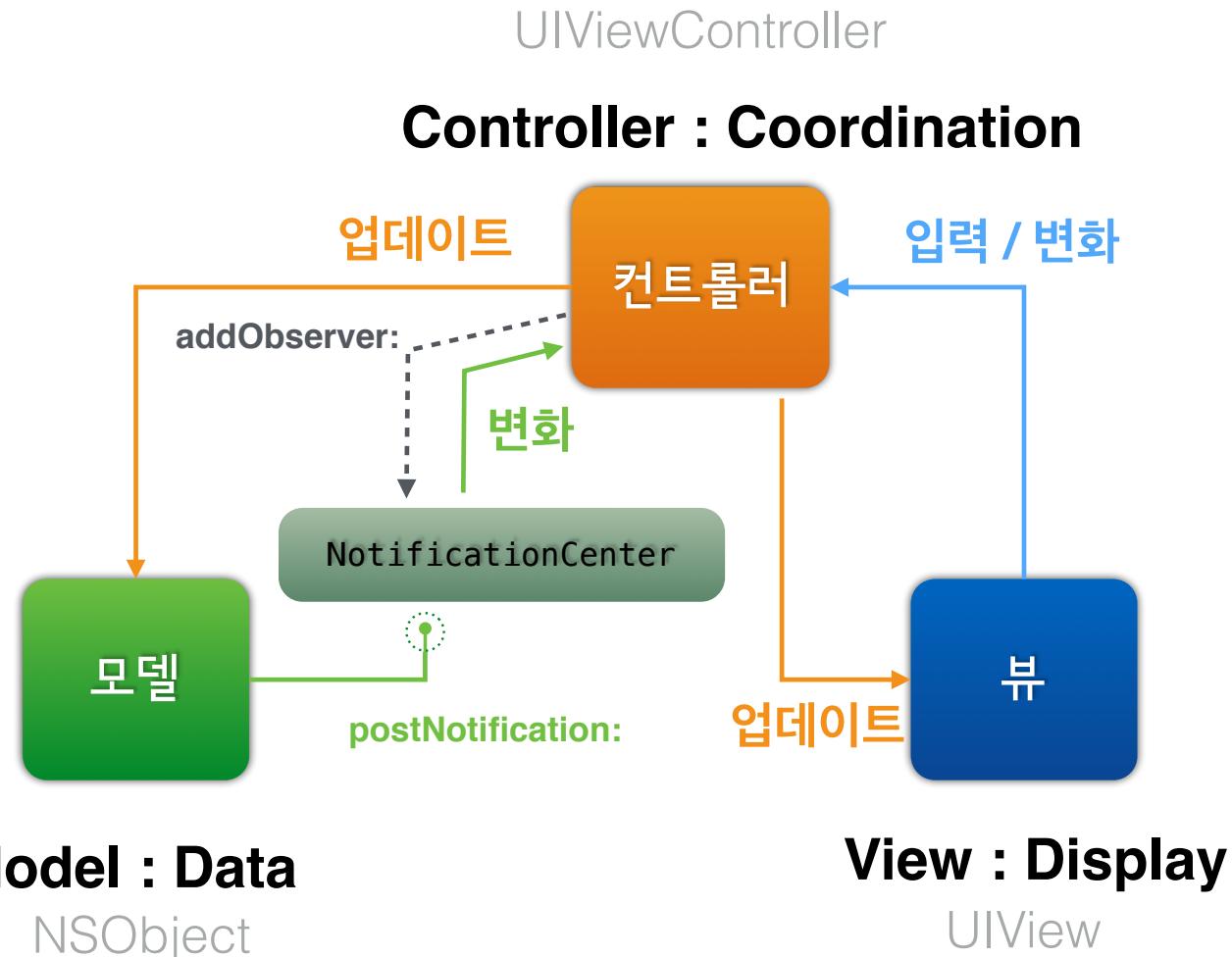
Figure 5-6 Posting and broadcasting a notification



NSNotificationCenter

Observer	Notification Name	Sender
observerA	ModelDataChanged	albumModel
observerB	nil	albumTableView
observerC	DidShakeMotion	albumViewController
observerC	AllDataChanged	nil
observerD	nil	nil

Model - View - Controller



XIB

- NIB 파일 (인터페이스 빌더 리소스 파일)

- Next Interface Builder



Binary

- XML Interface Builder



XML

- 화면 UI를 기록하는 XML

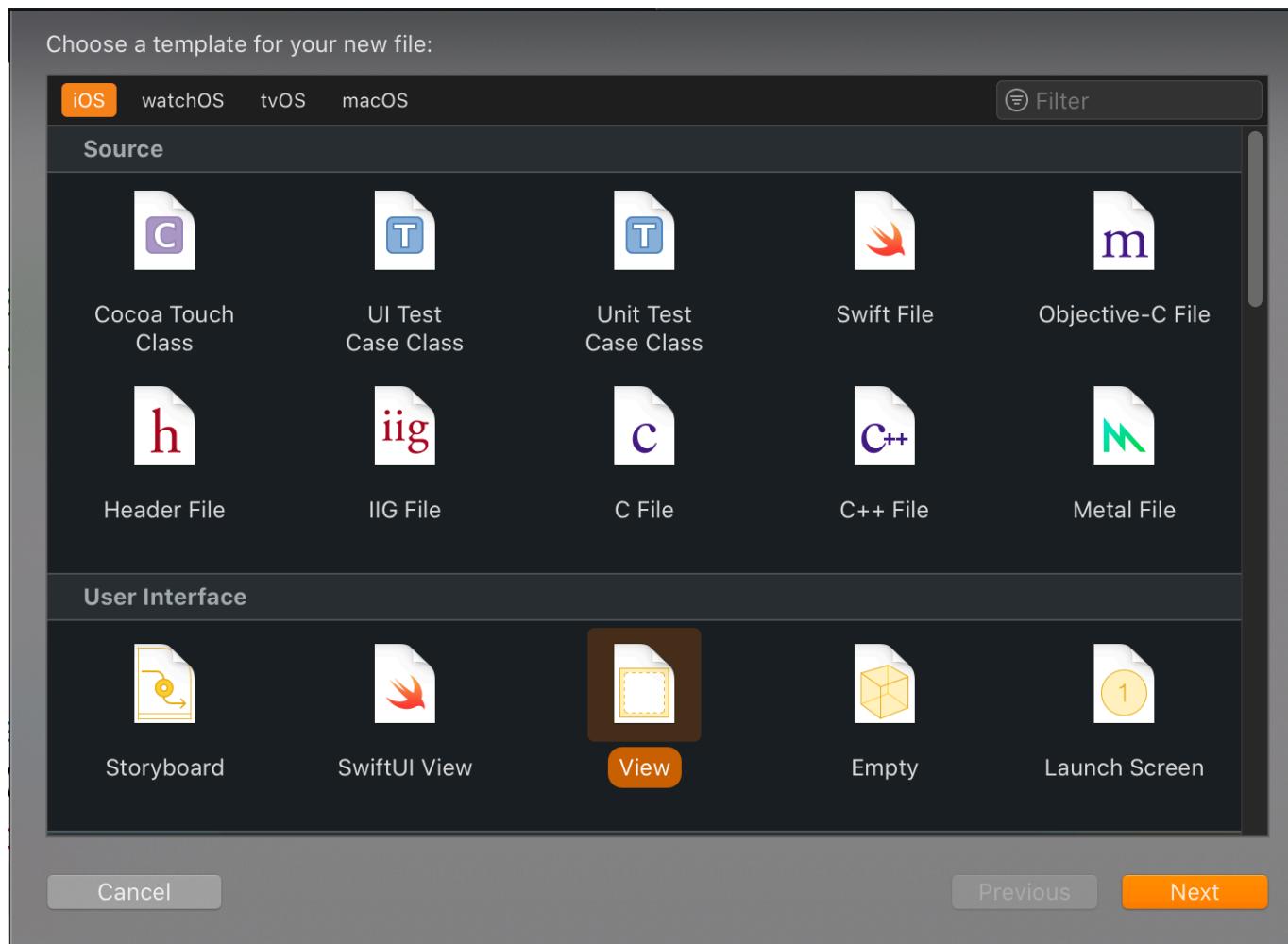
- 안드로이드의 layout XML과 비슷

- XIB에는 하나 이상의 뷰 객체가 존재할 수 있음

- 소스버전관리 사용을 위해 nib 대신 xib 사용

- MVC 구조에서 뷰와 컨트롤러를 분리하기 위함

How to make



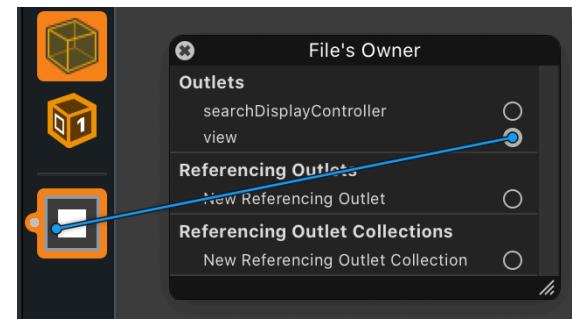
How to use

1) NSBundle

```
let nibObjects = Bundle.main.loadNibNamed("View", owner: self, options: nil)  
let nibView = nibObjects?.first as? UIView
```

2) UIViewController

```
//ViewController.view outlet to View  
let viewController = UIViewController.init(nibName: "View", bundle: nil)  
  
self.view.addSubview(viewController.view)
```

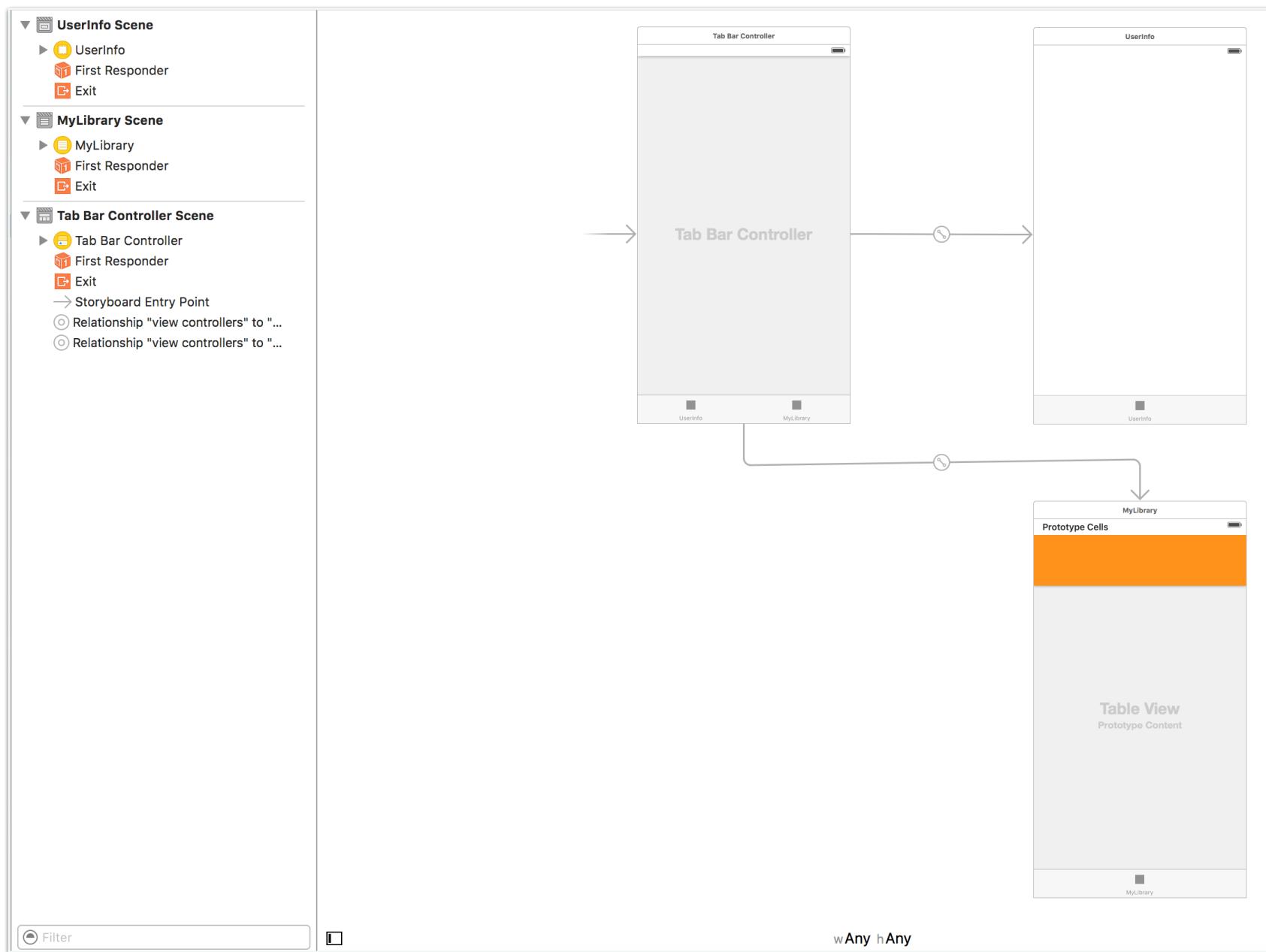


장단점

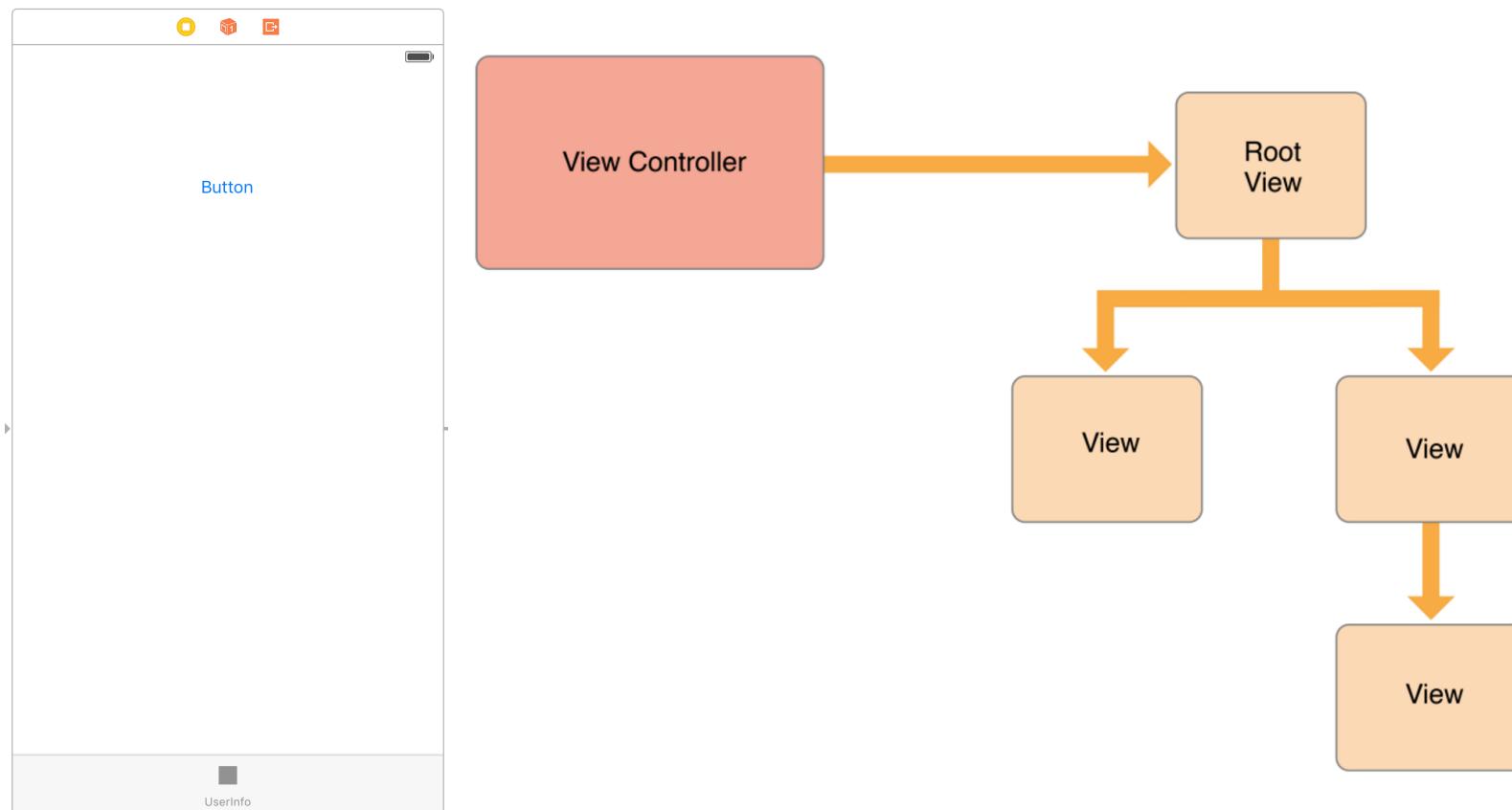
- 독립적인 뷰 디자인
- 뷰단위 재사용성 높음
- 화면사이즈 / 로컬라이즈 리소스 미리 보기
- 동적으로 로딩 가능 (Lazy Loading)
- 적용하기 어려운 경우
 - 콘텐츠 구성이나 레이아웃이 동적으로 바뀌는 경우
 - 인터페이스 빌더에서 바꿀 수 없는 속성
 - 뷰 컨트롤러 사이의 연결 (Transition Animation)



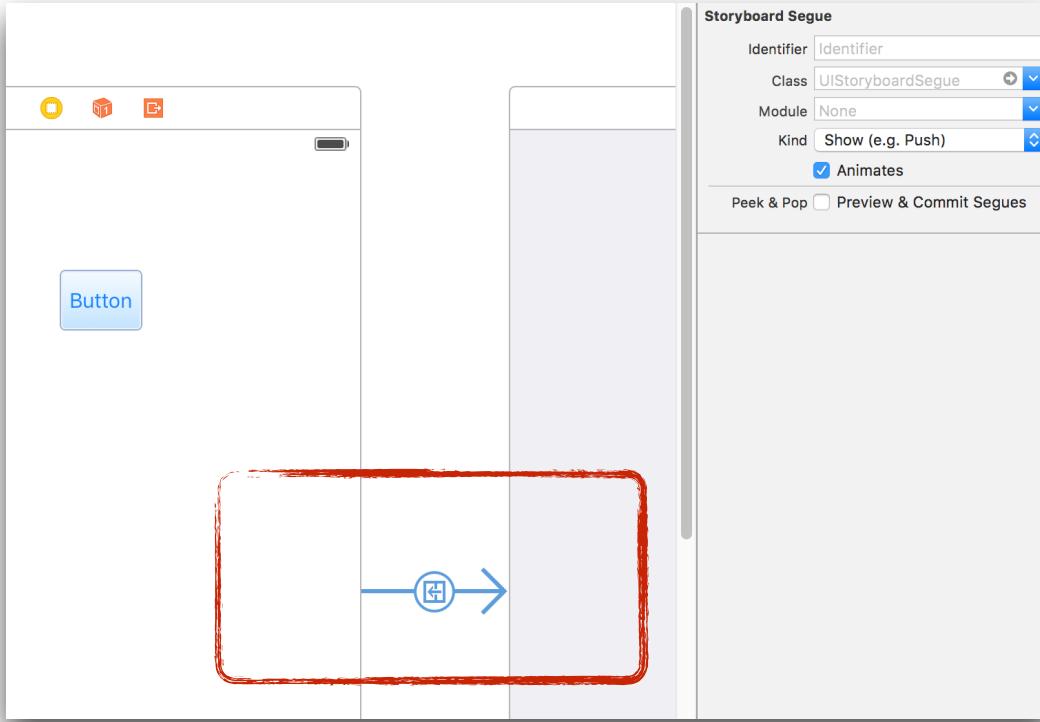
StoryBoard



화면(Scene)



화면 전환(Segue)



- 화면과 화면 사이의 전환에 대한 정의
- Transition Animation 효과도 지정 가능
- 다음 화면 객체가 자동으로 생성

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<document type="com.apple.InterfaceBuilder3.CocoaTouch.Storyboard.XIB" version="3.0" toolsVersion="10116" systemVersion="16A201w"
targetRuntime="iOS.CocoaTouch" propertyAccessControl="none" useAutolayout="YES" useTraitCollections="YES"
initialViewController="Xcv-7W-Mgc">
<dependencies>
    <deployment identifier="iOS"/>
    <plugIn identifier="com.apple.InterfaceBuilder.IBCocoaTouchPlugin" version="10085"/>
</dependencies>
<scenes>
    <!--UserInfo-->
    <scene sceneID="tne-QT-ifu">
        <objects>
            <viewController id="BYZ-38-t0r" userLabel="UserInfo" customClass="ViewController" sceneMemberID="viewController">
                <layoutGuides>
                    <viewControllerLayoutGuide type="top" id="y3c-jy-aDJ"/>
                    <viewControllerLayoutGuide type="bottom" id="wfy-db-euE"/>
                </layoutGuides>
                <view key="view" contentMode="scaleToFill" id="8bC-Xf-vdC" customClass="NXMyView">
                    <rect key="frame" x="0.0" y="0.0" width="375" height="667"/>
                    <autoresizingMask key="autoresizingMask" widthSizable="YES" heightSizable="YES"/>
                    <color key="backgroundColor" white="1" alpha="1" colorSpace="custom" customColorSpace="calibratedWhite"/>
                </view>
                <tabBarItem key="tabBarItem" title="UserInfo" id="udo-Ue-52b"/>
                <simulatedScreenMetrics key="simulatedDestinationMetrics" type="retina47"/>
            </viewController>
            <placeholder placeholderIdentifier="IBFirstResponder" id="dkx-z0-nzr" sceneMemberID="firstResponder"/>
        </objects>
        <point key="canvasLocation" x="803.5" y="161.5"/>
    </scene>
    <!-- MyLibrary -->
    <scene sceneID="C0T-FK-E3t">
        <objects>
            <tableViewController id="0BG-yq-ofP" userLabel="MyLibrary" sceneMemberID="viewController">
                <tableView key="view" clipsSubviews="YES" contentMode="scaleToFill" alwaysBounceVertical="YES" dataMode=
                    "prototypes" style="plain" separatorStyle="default" rowHeight="90" sectionHeaderHeight="28"
                    sectionFooterHeight="28" id="Lb5-LA-n7z">
                    <rect key="frame" x="0.0" y="0.0" width="375" height="667"/>
                    <autoresizingMask key="autoresizingMask" widthSizable="YES" heightSizable="YES"/>
                    <color key="backgroundColor" white="1" alpha="1" colorSpace="calibratedWhite"/>
                    <prototypes>
                        <tableViewCell clipsSubviews="YES" contentMode="scaleToFill" selectionStyle="default"
                            indentationWidth="10" rowHeight="90" id="e8b-bE-qGJ">
                            <rect key="frame" x="0.0" y="28" width="375" height="90"/>
                            <autoresizingMask key="autoresizingMask"/>
                            <tableViewCellContentView key="contentView" opaque="NO" clipsSubviews="YES" multipleTouchEnabled=
                                "YES" contentMode="center" tableViewCell="e8b-bE-qGJ" id="Fa7-q0-DRe">

```

App. Bundle



- Resources 디렉토리
- MainStoryboard.storyboardc
- Archived View-Object
- Unarchive (to UIStoryboard)
- Outlet connection to instance variable

Archived View-Object

```
override class func awakeFromNib() {  
    super.awakeFromNib()  
    print("awakeFromNib")  
}
```

뷰 객체를 모두 unarchive 처리한 직후

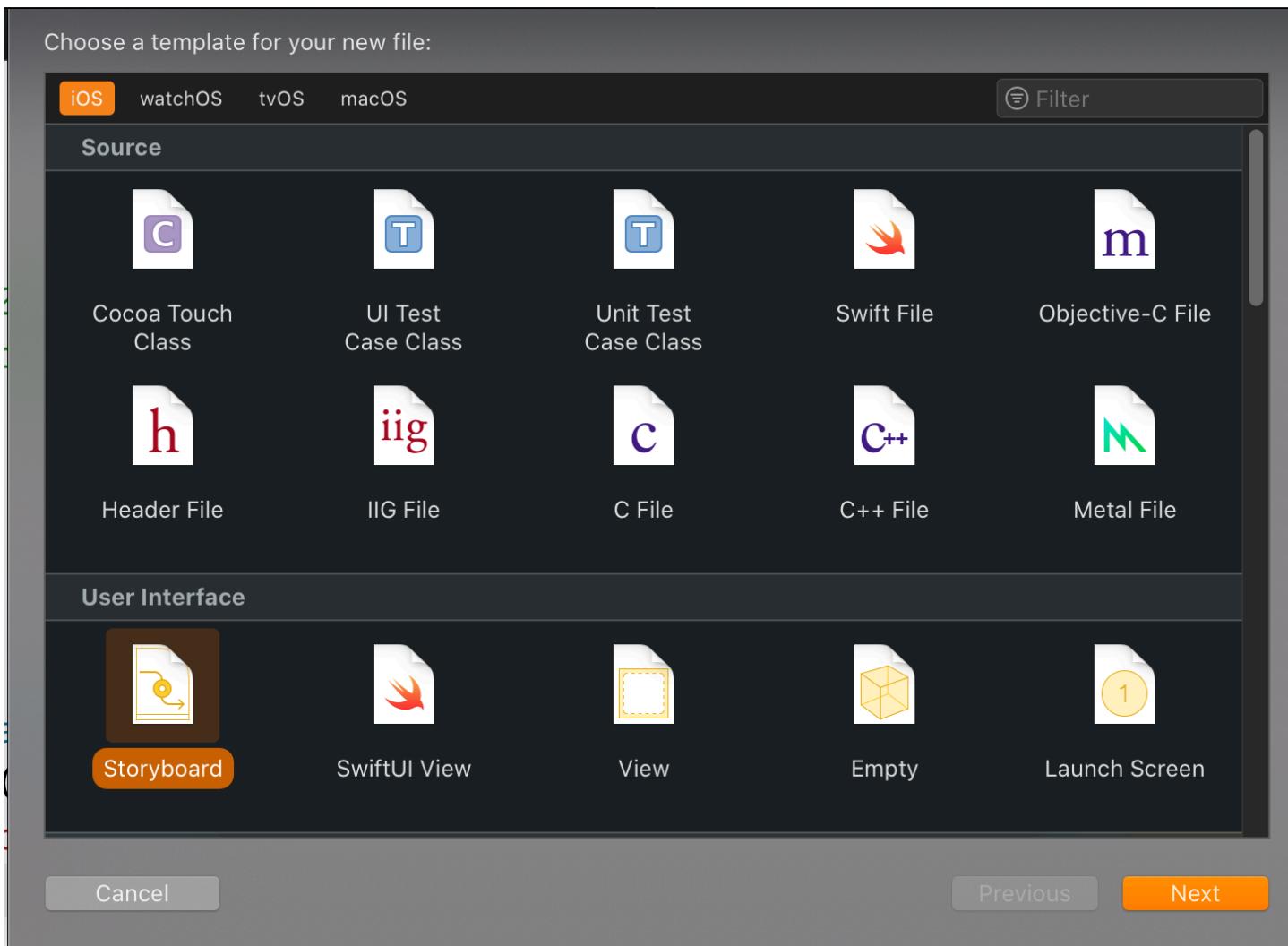
```
required init?(coder: NSCoder) {  
    super.init(coder: coder)  
    print("initWithCoder")  
}
```

뷰 객체를 unarchive 할 때

```
override init(frame: CGRect) {  
    super.init(frame: frame)  
    print("initWithFrame")  
}
```

뷰 객체를 직접 생성할 때

How to make



How to use UIStoryboard

//번들에서 특정 스토리보드 파일을 불러오는 경우

```
init(name: String, bundle storyboardBundleOrNil: Bundle?)
```

<https://developer.apple.com/documentation/uikit/uistoryboard/1616216-init>

//스토리보드 객체에서 시작 지점의 뷰 컨트롤러 객체 만들기

```
func instantiateInitialViewController() -> UIViewController?
```

<https://developer.apple.com/documentation/uikit/uistoryboard/1616213-instantiateinitialviewcontroller>

//스토리보드 객체에서 특정 이름의 뷰 컨트롤러 객체 만들기

```
func instantiateViewController(withIdentifier identifier: String) -> UIViewController
```

<https://developer.apple.com/documentation/uikit/uistoryboard/1616214-instantiateviewcontroller>

장단점

- 앱 시작 화면부터 전체 화면의 **흐름**
- 화면사이즈 / 로컬라이즈 리소스 **미리 보기**
- 정적 Cell 디자인으로 **프로토타이핑** 가능
- 화면/파일 단위 동적으로 로딩 가능 (Lazy Loading)
- 화면 사이 전환에 대한 처리
- 적용하기 어려운 경우
 - 콘텐츠 구성이나 레이아웃이 동적으로 바뀌는 경우
 - 인터페이스 빌더에서 바꿀 수 없는 속성
 - 버전관리 도구에서 충돌이 자주 발생

Coordinate System

좌표 시스템

Coordinate System

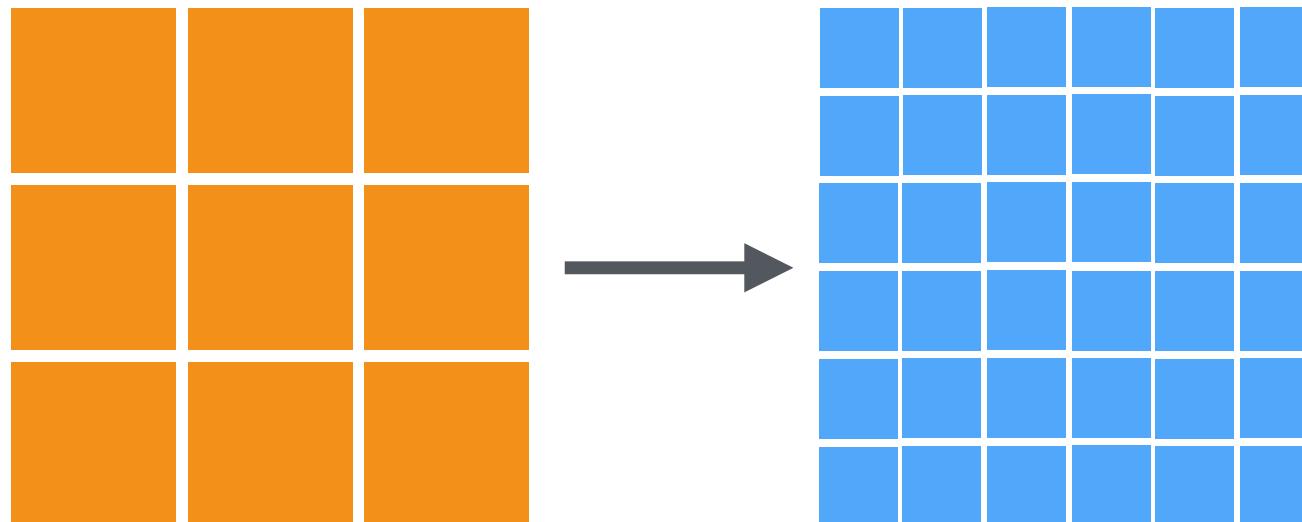


iPhone



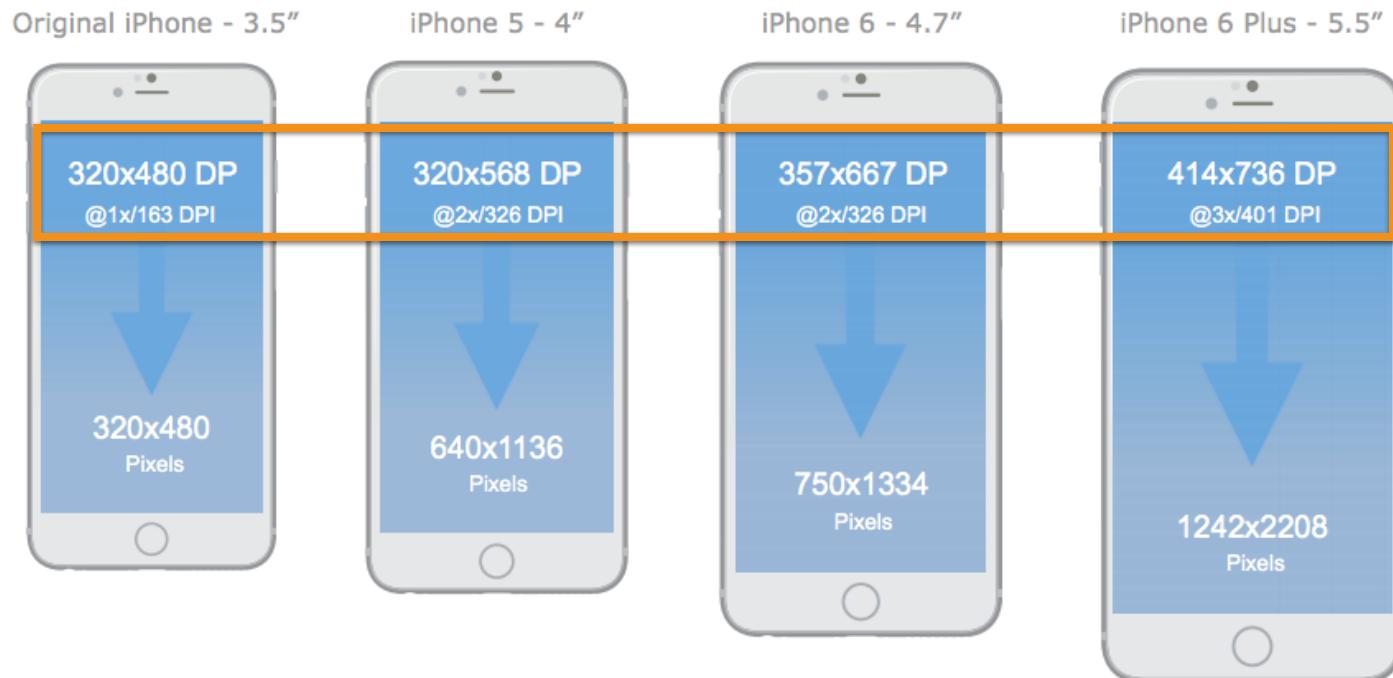
Retina Displays

4x pixels of previous displays



UIScreen's bounds

디바이스 화면 크기를 알아야 할 때
`UIScreen.main.bounds`



iPad mini



768 x 1024
@2x

iPad Air

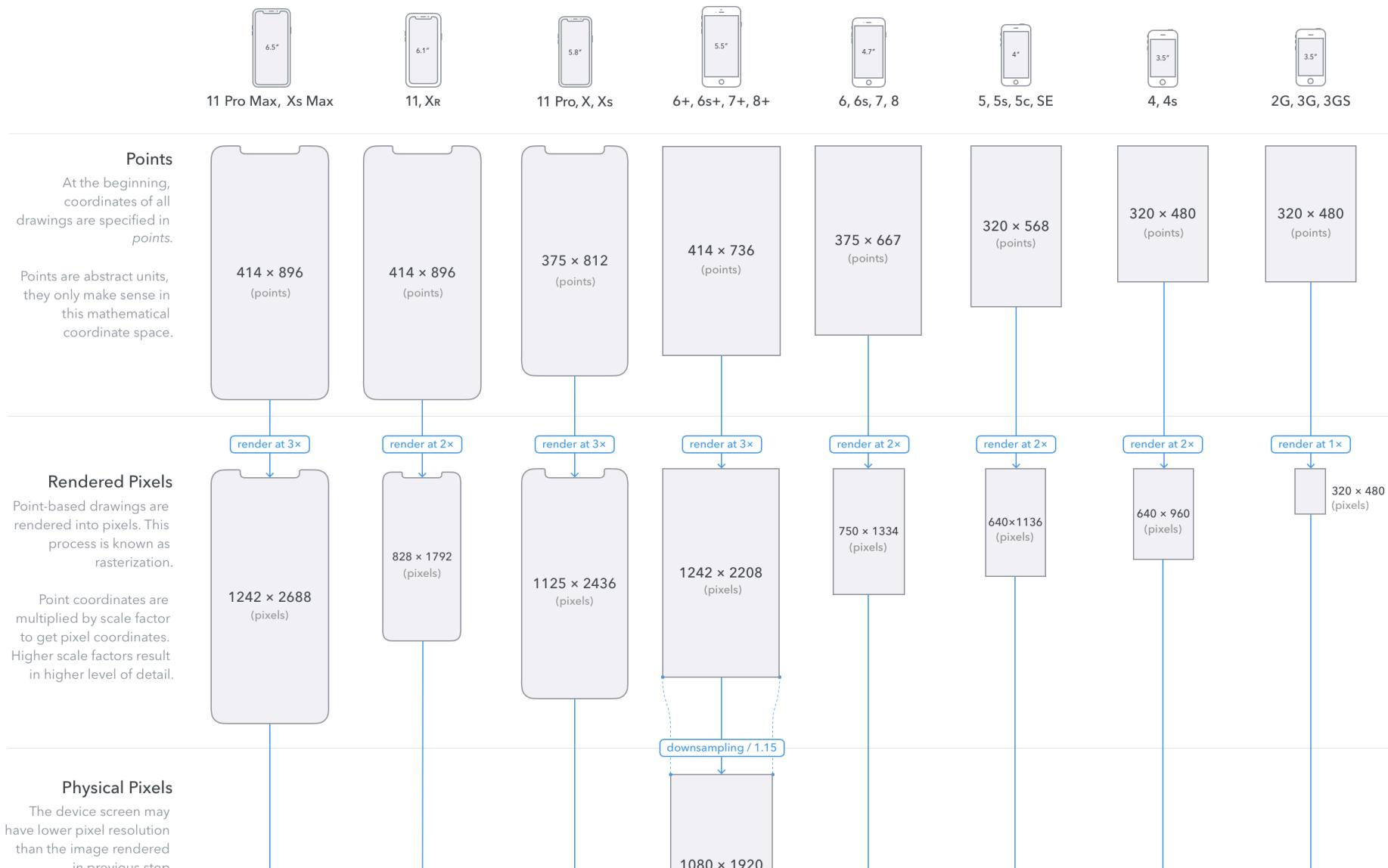


768 x 1024
@2x

iPad Pro



1024 x 1366
@2x



<https://www.paintcodeapp.com/news/ultimate-guide-to-iphone-resolutions>

UIView

Frame & Bounds

(150, 20)

Frame

(200, 100)

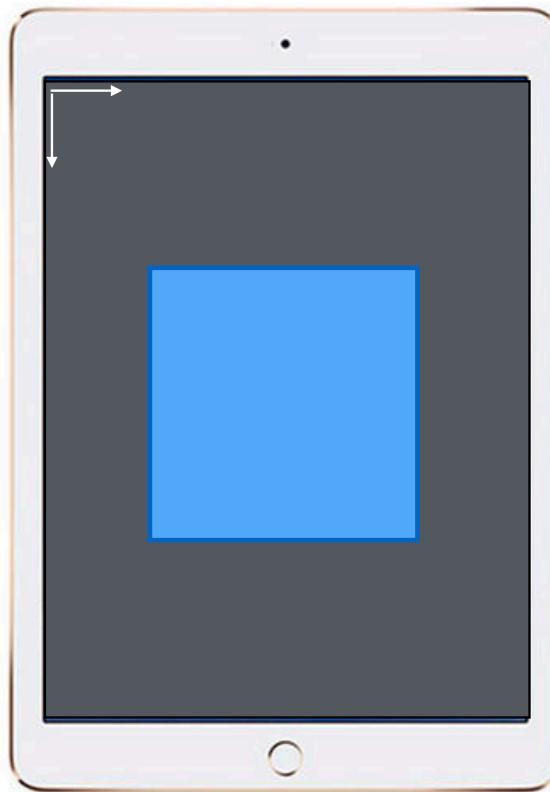
(0, 0)

Bounds

(200, 100)

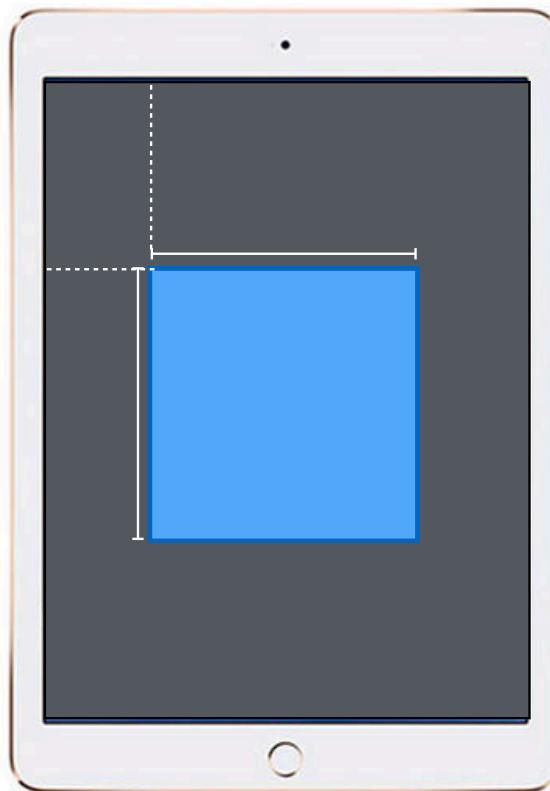
Geometry

Positioning and Sizing a View



Frame

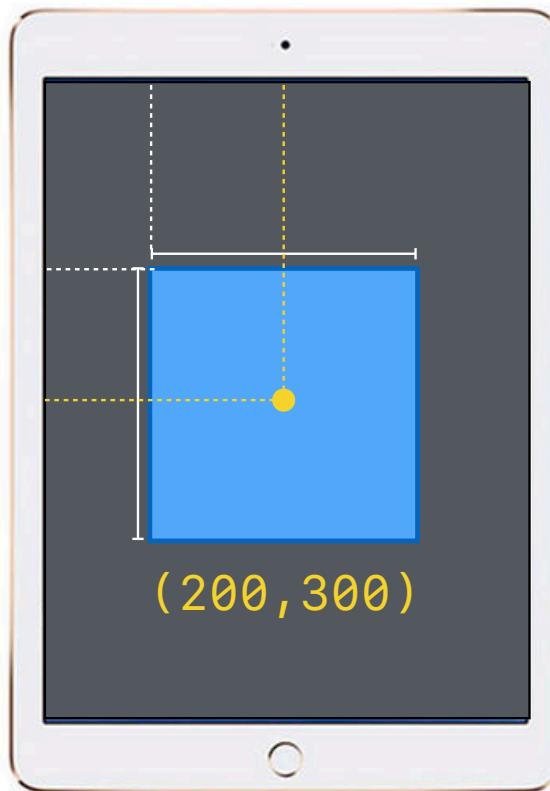
Superview's coordinate Space



$\{(100, 200), (200, 200)\}$

Center

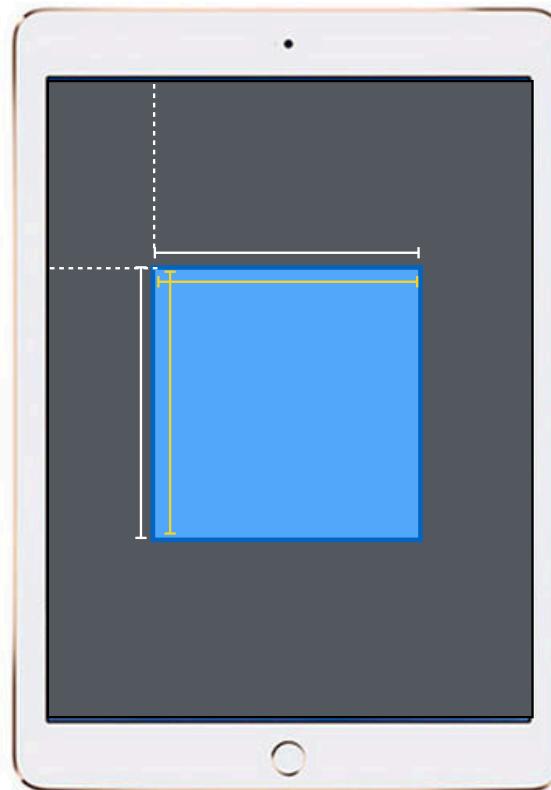
Superview's coordinate Space



$\{(100, 200), (200, 200)\}$

Bounds

View's coordinate Space



$\{(0,0), (200,200)\}$

$\{(100,200), (200,200)\}$

Frame vs. Bounds



400 x 200 size
UIImageView

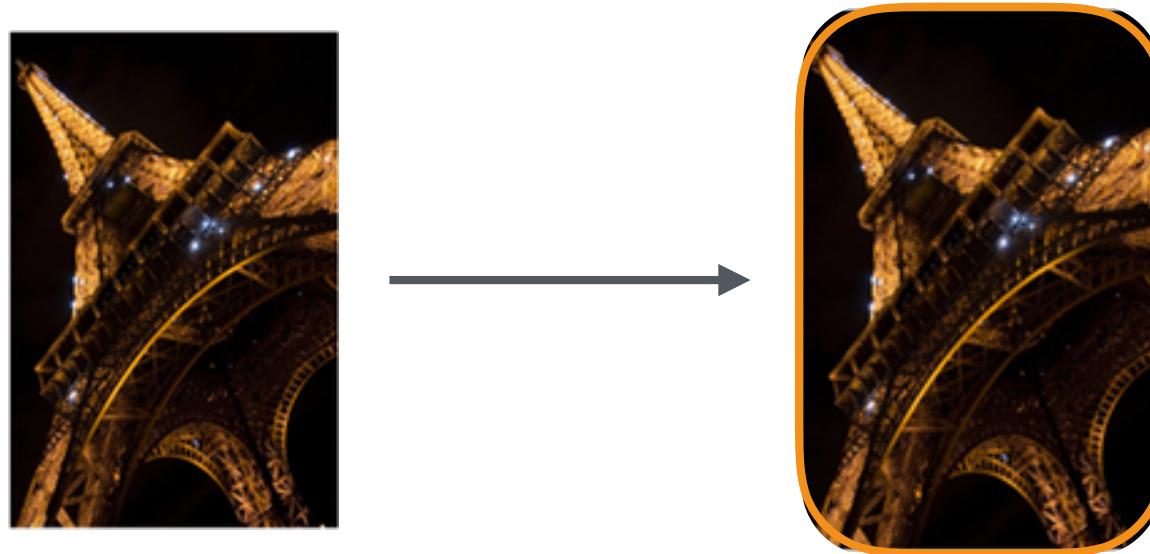


Superview's bounds =
 $\{(0,0), (200,200)\}$

ImageView's frame =
 $\{(0,0), (400,200)\}$

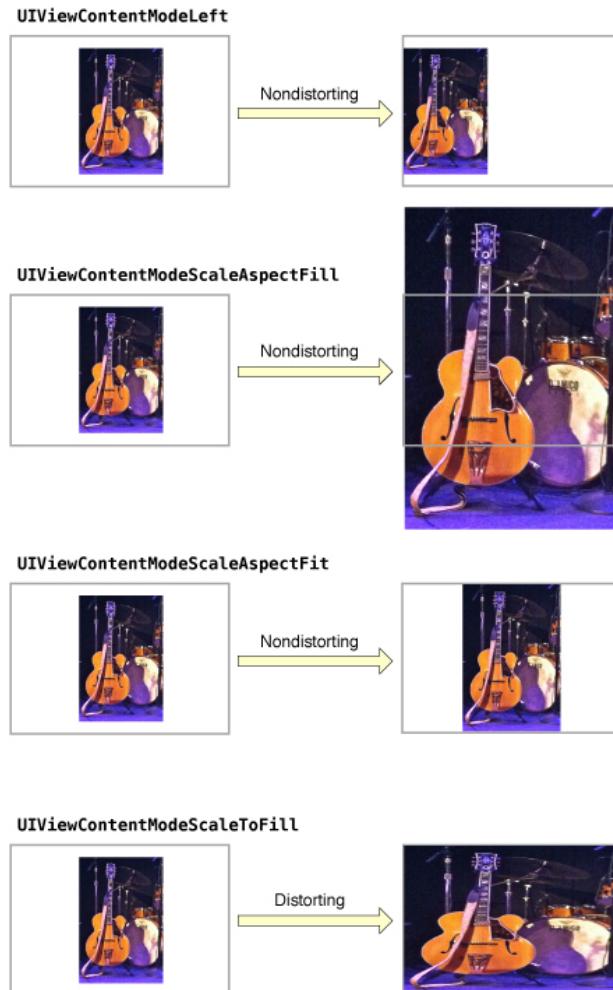
Boundary Clipping

- * `UIView clipsToBounds` property
- * `CALayer masksToBounds` property



View Content Mode

```
enum UIViewContentMode {  
    case scaleToFill  
    case scaleAspectFit  
    case scaleAspectFill  
    case redraw  
    case center  
    case top  
    case bottom  
    case left  
    case right  
    case topLeft  
    case topRight  
    case bottomLeft  
    case bottomRight  
}
```



iOS 프로그래밍

미션. 자판기 View Programming



UIKit Catalog Example

The image displays three screenshots of an iPhone application demonstrating UIKit components. The first screenshot shows a list of categories: Activity Indicators, Alert Controller, Buttons, Date Picker, Image View, Page Control, Picker View, Progress Views, Segmented Controls, Sliders, Stack Views, Steppers, Switches, and Text Fields. Each category is associated with a specific view controller class. The second screenshot shows a detailed view of Buttons, listing SYSTEM (TEXT), SYSTEM (CONTACT ADD), SYSTEM (DETAIL DISCLOSURE), IMAGE, and ATTRIBUTED TEXT categories, each represented by a small icon. The third screenshot shows a Stack Views section with examples of showing/hiding arranged views (Detail and Further Detail) and adding/removing arranged views (represented by colored squares).

Screenshot 1: UIKitCatalog

- Activity Indicators AAPLActivityIndicatorViewController
- Alert Controller AAPLAlertControllerViewController
- Buttons AAPLButtonViewController
- Date Picker AAPLDatePickerController
- Image View AAPLImageViewController
- Page Control AAPLPageControlViewController
- Picker View AAPLPickerViewController
- Progress Views AAPLProgressViewController
- Segmented Controls AAPLSegmentedControlViewController
- Sliders AAPLSliderViewController
- Stack Views AAPLStackViewController
- Steppers AAPLStepperViewController
- Switches AAPLSwitchViewController
- Text Fields AAPLTextFieldViewController

Screenshot 2: UIKitCatalog - Buttons

- SYSTEM (TEXT) Button
- SYSTEM (CONTACT ADD) +
- SYSTEM (DETAIL DISCLOSURE) ⓘ
- IMAGE ✕
- ATTRIBUTED TEXT Button

Screenshot 3: UIKitCatalog - Stack Views

Showing/hiding arranged views

- Detail
- Further Detail

Footer Label

Adding/removing arranged views + -

- Dark Brown
- Green
- Brown

https://developer.apple.com/documentation/uikit/views_and_controls/uikit_catalog_creating_and_customizing_views_and_controls

XIB vs. Storyboard vs. Code

- prototype을 위한 화면 전체 흐름이 중요한가?
- 데이터 구조에 따라 달라지는 동적 화면인가?
- 반복적으로 재사용하는 단위가 무엇인가?
- 화면 레이아웃 처리를 디자인 타임에 하나? 런타임에 하나?
- 코드로 해야만하는 커스텀 UI 처리가 얼마나 많은가?
- UI 리소스가 얼마나 많은거나 복잡한가?
- 팀내에서 코드가 익숙한가? IB가 익숙한가?

Carrier

12:40 PM

100% ⚡

자판기 화면 만들기

재고 추가 버튼

가



5가

재고 수량 5개

추가



구미

구매

주



5

주



57

주



5

잔액 추가 버튼

+1000 +5000

잔액 : 50000원

잔액 표시 라벨

메뉴 이미지
140 x 100
Border = 5
Round = 15

, (40, 575)



- 구매 목록

이미지 간격 50pt

아이패드 화면 크기 (1024 x 768) 기준

이미지 파일 링크

<https://www.dropbox.com/s/esimudns5r3s3o6/bossam.png>

<https://www.dropbox.com/s/f0f6gn7kawo9ytc/chicken.png>

<https://www.dropbox.com/s/1lzf4f6hxa95prj/dduck.png>

<https://www.dropbox.com/s/exbbboaxn9oud1v/hamburger.png>

<https://www.dropbox.com/s/sh9kyoqjguqf2q4/pizza.png>

Keywords for View

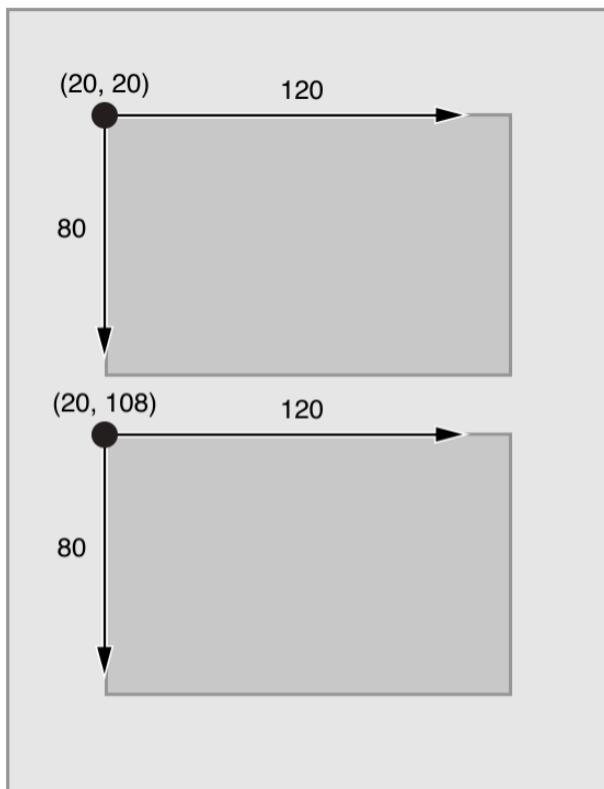
- * IBOutletCollection
- * StackView
- * Add View by code
- * init(frame:)
- * Button
- * ScrollView

뷰 레이아웃

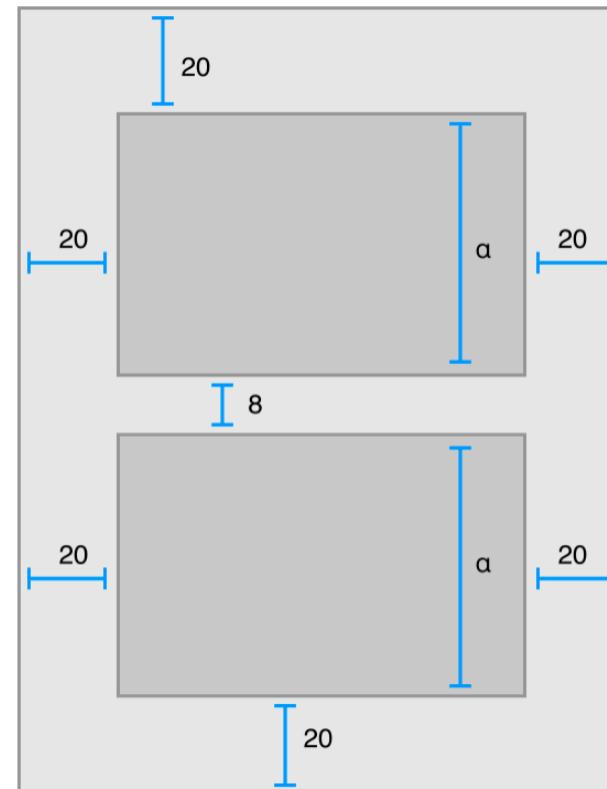
수동레이아웃 vs. 오토레이아웃



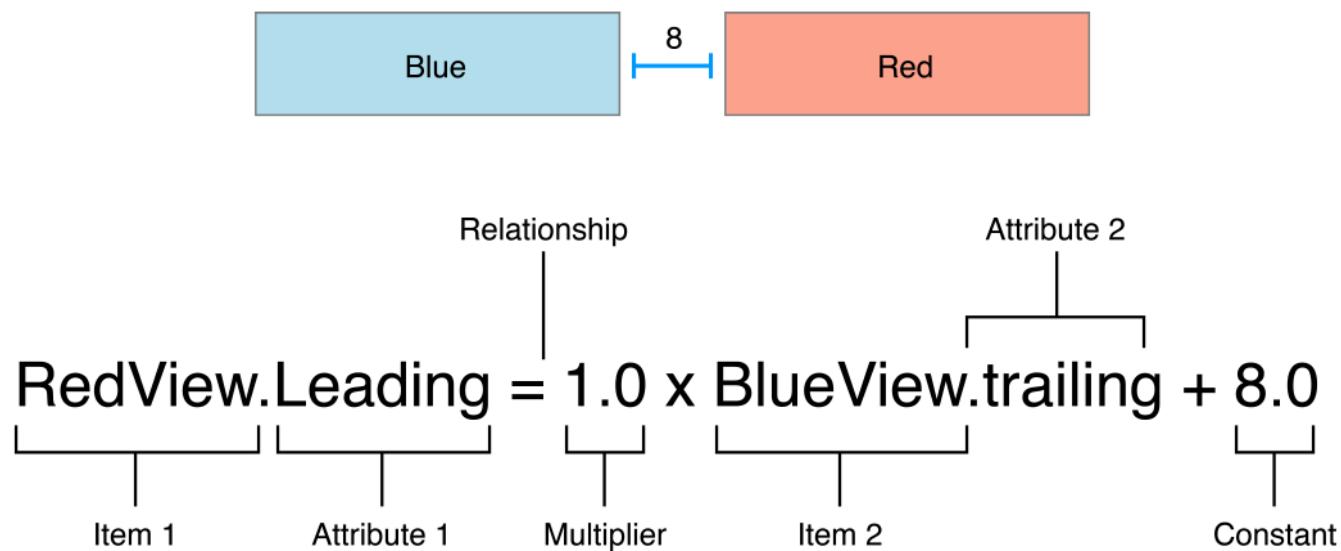
Frame-based



Auto-layout (constraints)

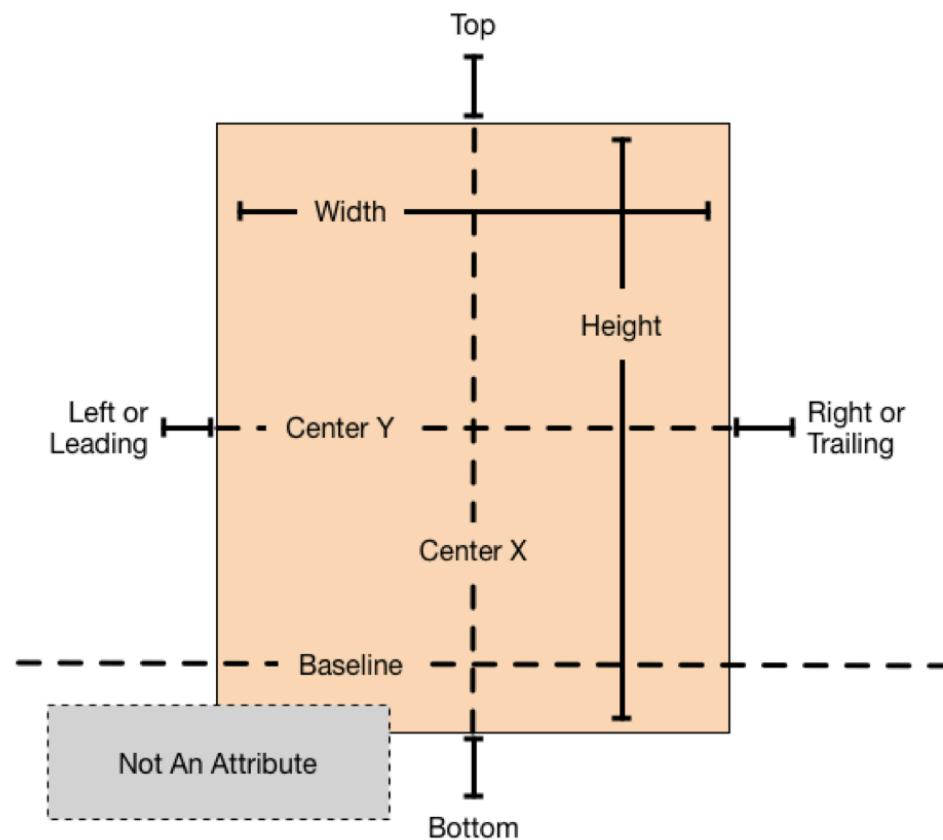


Constraint

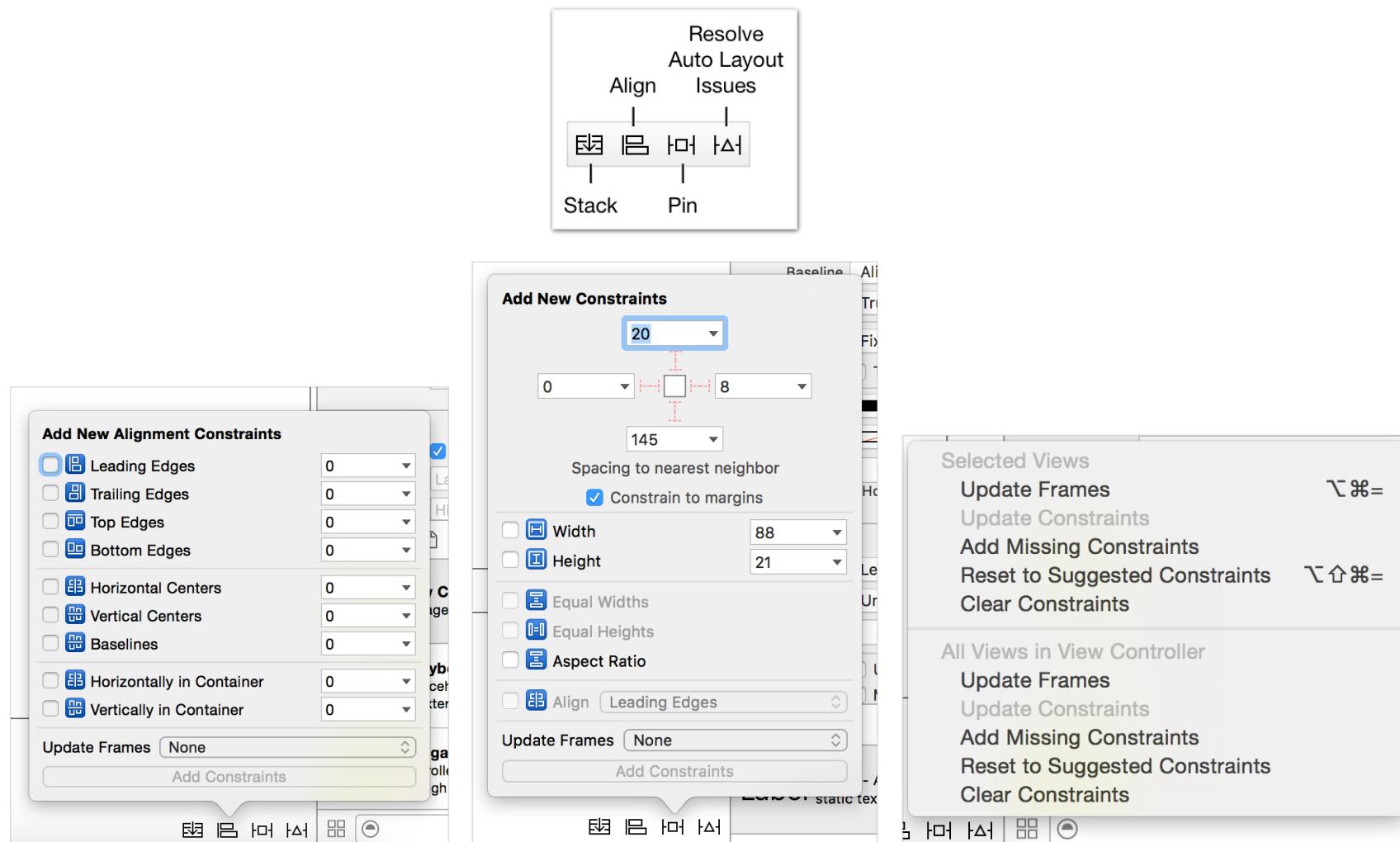


<https://developer.apple.com/library/archive/documentation/UserExperience/Conceptual/AutolayoutPG/index.html>

Auto Layout Attributes



인터페이스빌더에서 작업하기



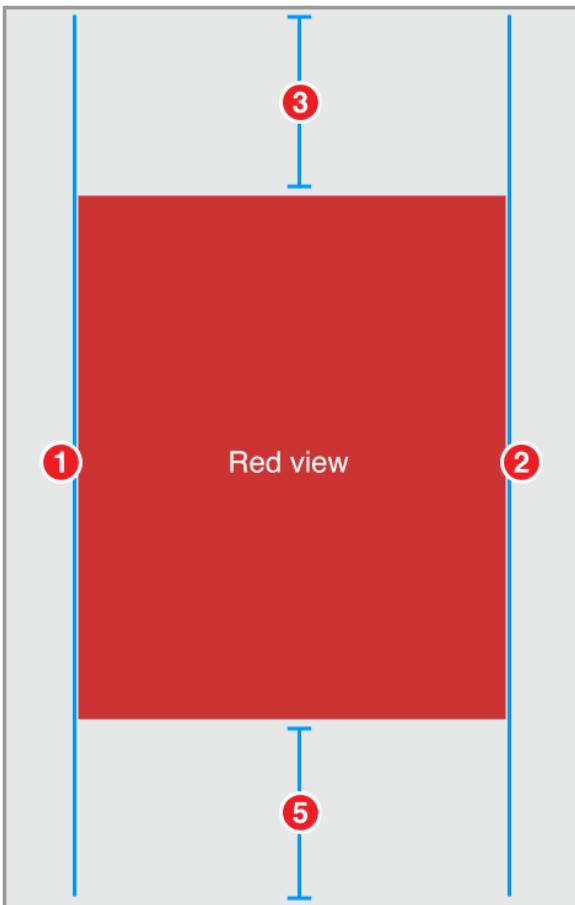
<https://developer.apple.com/library/archive/documentation/UserExperience/Conceptual/AutolayoutPG/WorkingwithConstraintsinInterfaceBuidler.html>

오토레이아웃 예시

다양한 케이스들

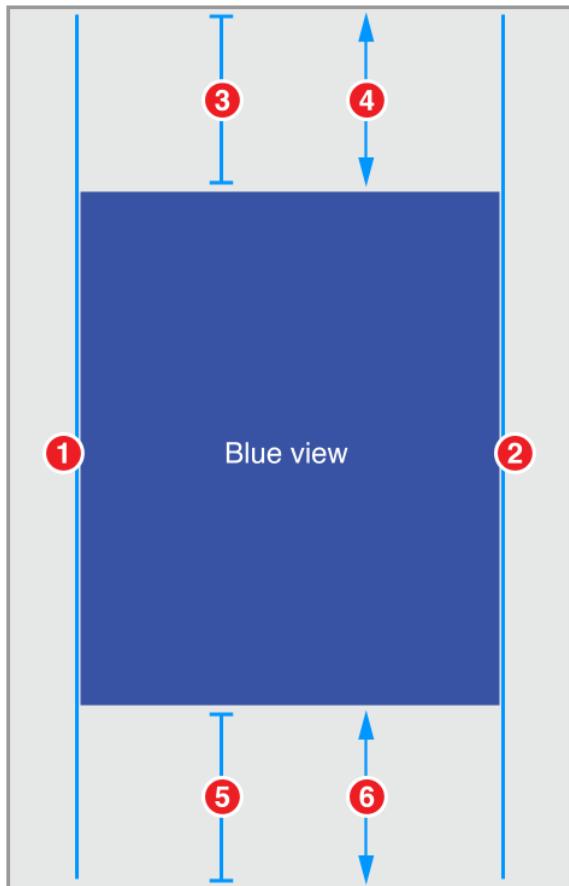
<https://developer.apple.com/sample-code/xcode/downloads/Auto-Layout-Cookbook.zip>

Simple View



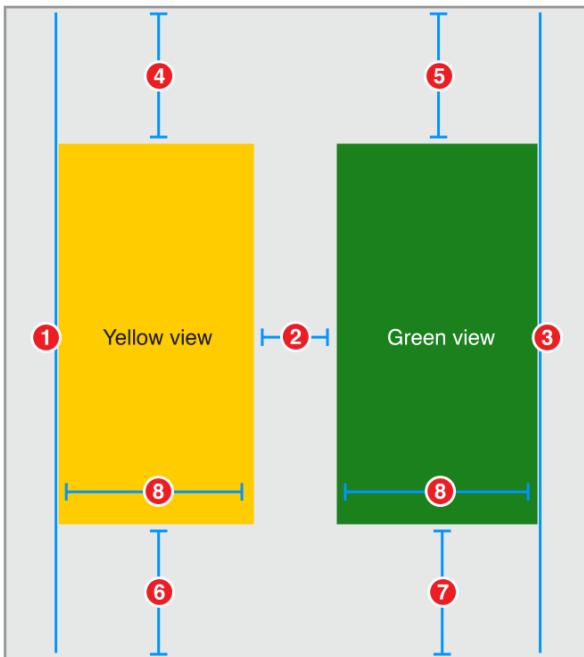
Red View.Leading = Superview.LeadingMargin
Red View.Trailing = Superview.TrailingMargin
Red View.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0
Bottom Layout Guide.Top = Red View.Bottom + 20.0

Adaptive View



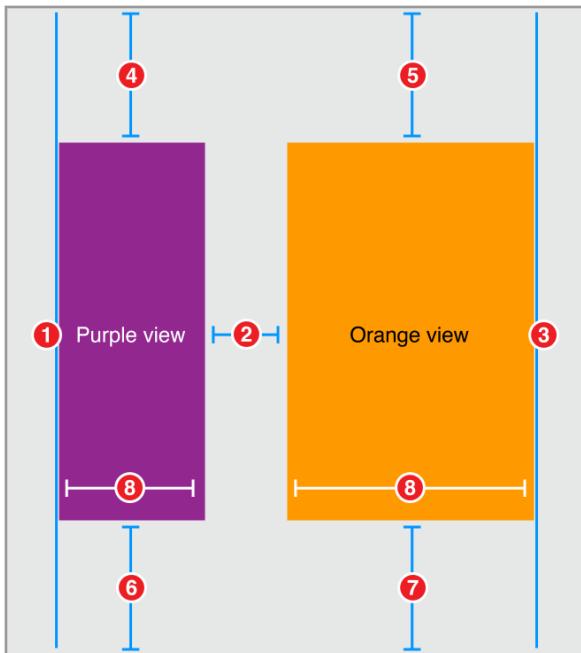
```
Blue View.Leading = Superview.LeadingMargin  
Blue View.Trailing = Superview.TrailingMargin  
Blue View.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom  
          + Standard (Priority 750)  
Blue View.Top >= Superview.Top + 20.0  
Bottom Layout Guide.Top = Blue View.Bottom  
          + Standard (Priority 750)  
Superview.Bottom >= Blue View.Bottom + 20.0
```

Two Equal-width



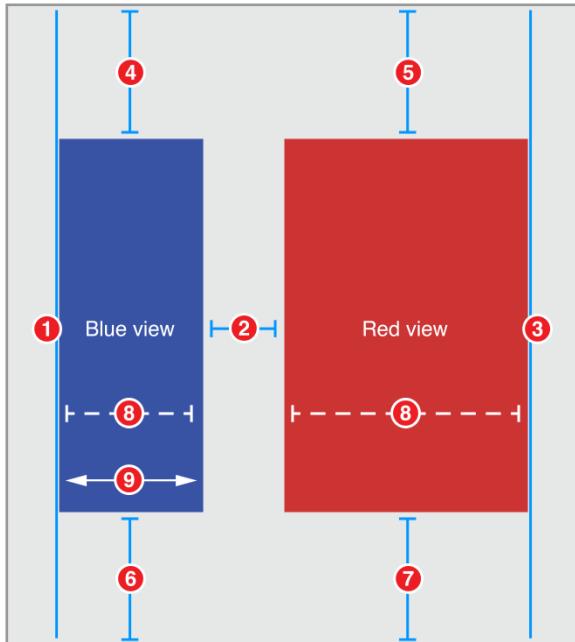
```
Yellow View.Leading = Superview.LeadingMargin  
Green View.Leading = Yellow View.Trailing + Standard  
Green View.Trailing = Superview.TrailingMargin  
Yellow View.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0  
Green View.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0  
Bottom Layout Guide.Top = Yellow View.Bottom + 20.0  
Bottom Layout Guide.Top = Green View.Bottom + 20.0  
Yellow View.Width = Green View.Width
```

Two Different-width



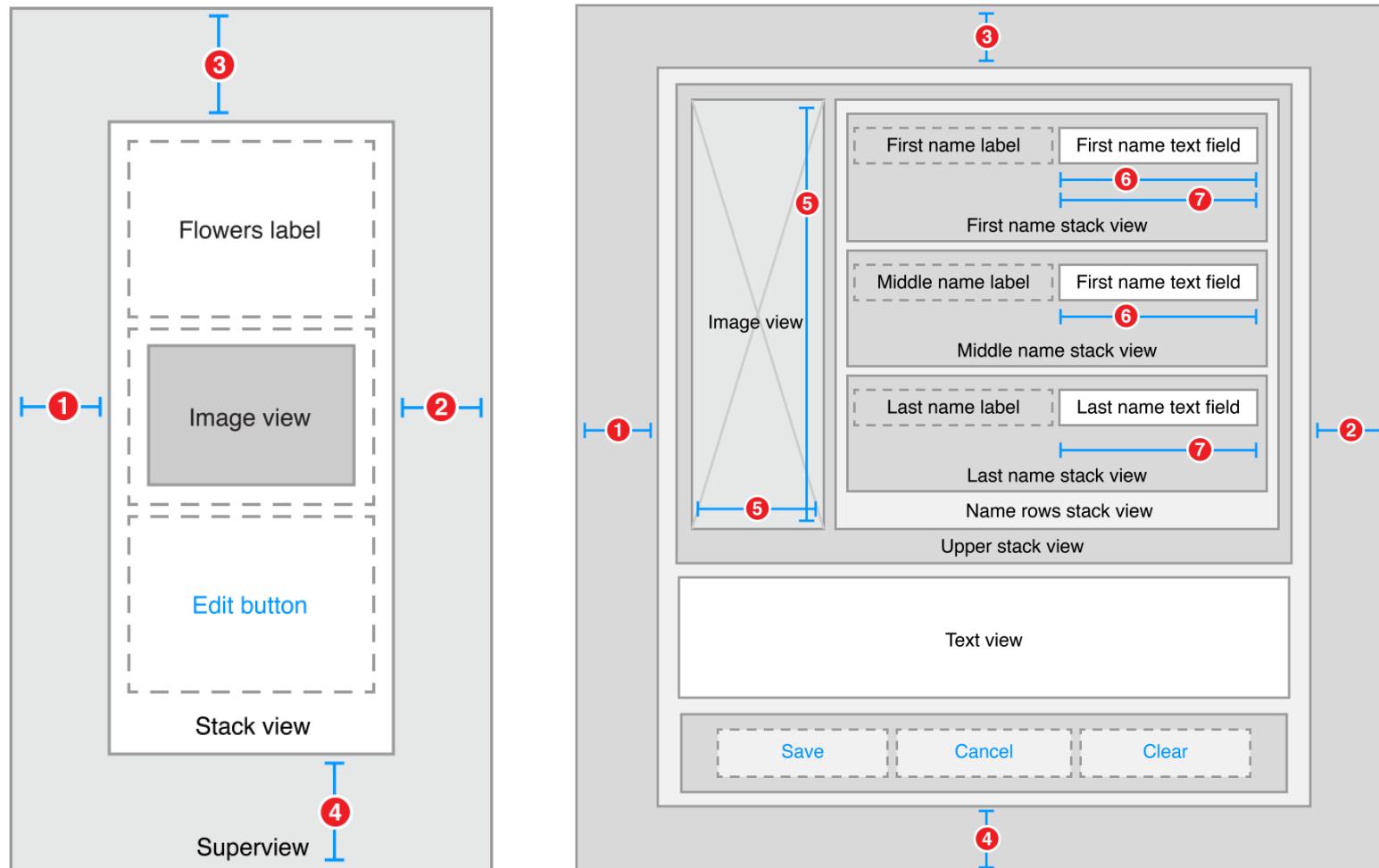
Purple View.Leading = Superview.LeadingMargin
Orange View.Leading = Purple View.Trailing + Standard
Orange View.Trailing = Superview.TrailingMargin
Purple View.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0
Orange View.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0
Bottom Layout Guide.Top = Purple View.Bottom + 20.0
Bottom Layout Guide.Top = Orange View.Bottom + 20.0
Orange View.Width = 2.0 x Purple View.Width

Two Views with complex

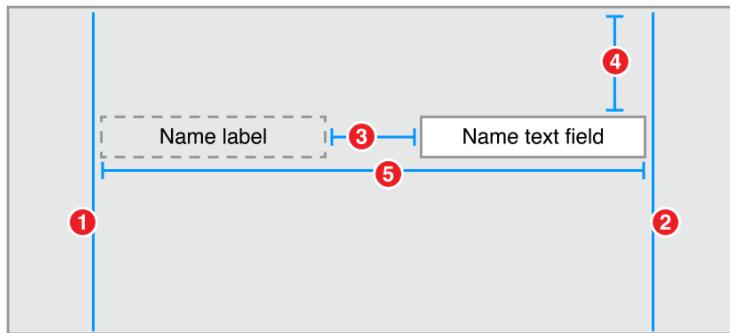


Blue View.Leading = Superview.LeadingMargin
Red View.Leading = Blue View.Trailing + Standard
Red View.Trailing = Superview.TrailingMargin
Blue View.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0
Red View.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0
Bottom Layout Guide.Top = Blue View.Bottom + 20.0
Bottom Layout Guide.Top = Red View.Bottom + 20.0
Red View.Width = 2.0 x Blue View.Width (Priority 750)
Blue View.Width >= 150.0

StackView

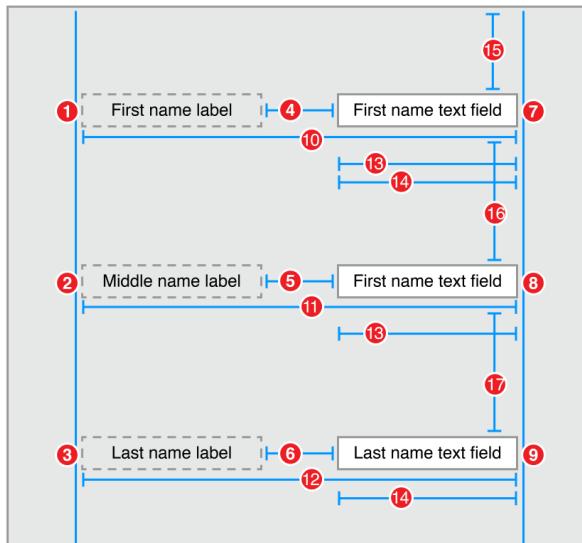


Simple Label + TextField



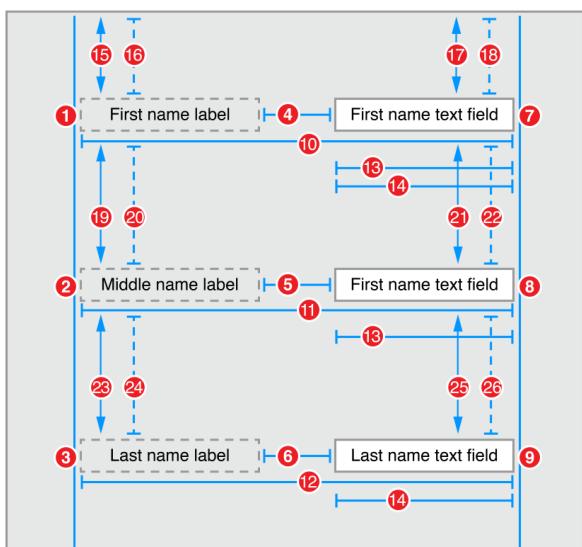
```
Name Label.Leading = Superview.LeadingMargin  
Name Text Field.Trailing = Superview.TrailingMargin  
Name Text Field.Leading = Name Label.Trailing + Standard  
Name Text Field.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0  
Name label.Baseline = Name Text Field.Baseline
```

Fixed Height Columns



First Name Label.Leading = Superview.LeadingMargin
Middle Name Label.Leading = Superview.LeadingMargin
Last Name Label.Leading = Superview.LeadingMargin
First Name Text Field.Leading = First Name Label.Trailing + Standard
Middle Name Text Field.Leading = Middle Name Label.Trailing + Standard
Last Name Text Field.Leading = Last Name Label.Trailing + Standard
First Name Text Field.Trailing = Superview.TrailingMargin
Middle Name Text Field.Trailing = Superview.TrailingMargin
Last Name Text Field.Trailing = Superview.TrailingMargin
First Name Label.Baseline = First Name Text Field.Baseline
Middle Name Label.Baseline = Middle Name Text Field.Baseline
Last Name Label.Baseline = Last Name Text Field.Baseline
First Name Text Field.Width = Middle Name Text Field.Width
First Name Text Field.Width = Last Name Text Field.Width
First Name Text Field.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0
Middle Name Text Field.Top = First Name Text Field.Bottom + Standard
Last Name Text Field.Top = Middle Name Text Field.Bottom + Standard

Dynamic Height Columns

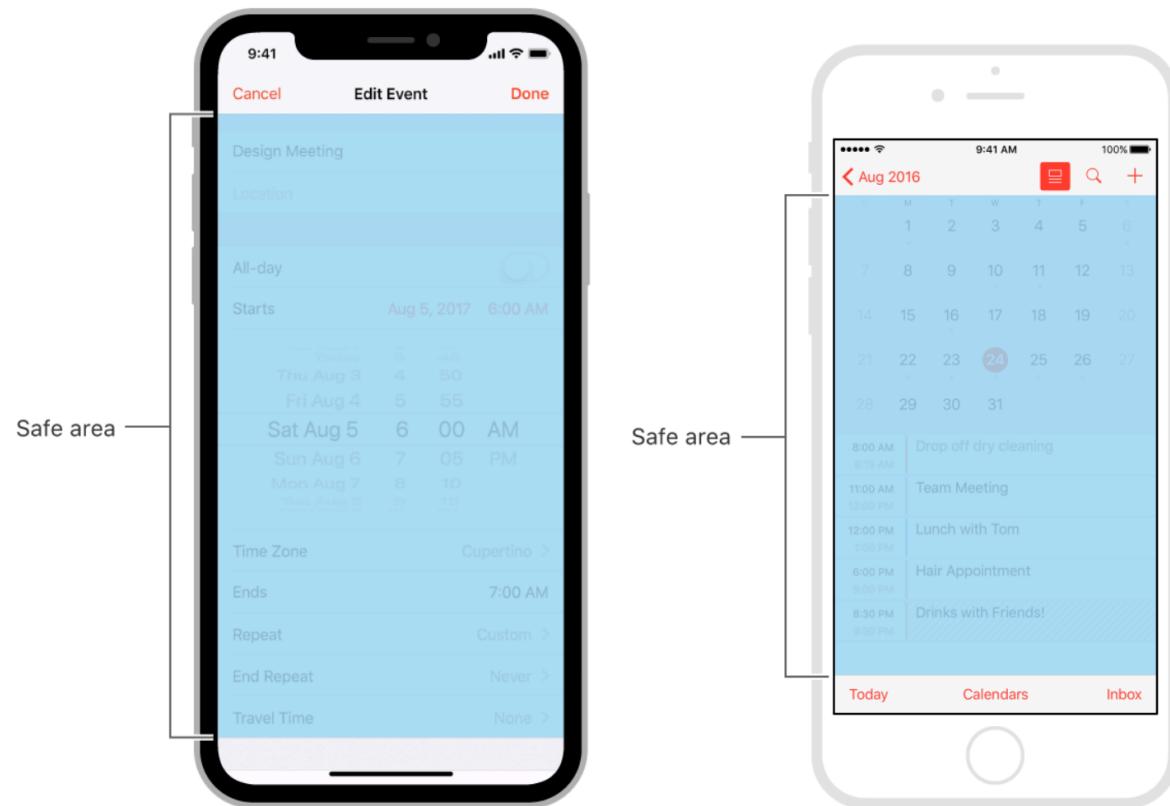


```
First Name Label.Leading =Superview.LeadingMargin
Middle Name Label.Leading =Superview.LeadingMargin
Last Name Label.Leading =Superview.LeadingMargin
First Name Text Field.Leading =First Name Label.Trailing + Standard
Middle Name Text Field.Leading =Middle Name Label.Trailing
+ Standard
Last Name Text Field.Leading =Last Name Label.Trailing + Standard
First Name Text Field.Trailing =Superview.TrailingMargin
Middle Name Text Field.Trailing =Superview.TrailingMargin
Last Name Text Field.Trailing =Superview.TrailingMargin
First Name Label.Baseline =First Name Text Field.Baseline
Middle Name Label.Baseline =Middle Name Text Field.Baseline
Last Name Label.Baseline =Last Name Text Field.Baseline
First Name Text Field.Width =Middle Name Text Field.Width
First Name Text Field.Width =Last Name Text Field.Width
First Name Label.Top >= Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0
First Name Label.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom
+ 20.0 (Priority 249)
First Name Text Field.Top >= Top Layout Guide.Bottom + 20.0
First Name Text Field.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom
+ 20.0 (Priority 249)
Middle Name Label.Top >= Top Layout Guide.Bottom + Standard
Middle Name Label.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom
+ Standard (Priority 249)
Middle Name Text Field.Top >= Top Layout Guide.Bottom + Standard
Middle Name Text Field.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom
+ Standard (Priority 249)
Last Name Label.Top >= Top Layout Guide.Bottom + Standard
Last Name Label.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom
+ Standard (Priority 249)
Last Name Text Field.Top >= Top Layout Guide.Bottom + Standard
Last Name Text Field.Top = Top Layout Guide.Bottom
+ Standard (Priority 249)
```

Safe Area

Relative Content

Figure 1 The safe area of an interface



https://developer.apple.com/documentation/uikit/uiview/positioning_content_relative_to_the_safe_area

View Animation

UIView, Core Animation, UIKit Dynamics

UIView Property

<https://developer.apple.com/documentation/uikit/uiviewpropertyanimator>

- frame
- bounds
- center
- alpha
- background color
- transform

클로저 인자값으로 사용하는 API

```
UIView.animate(withDuration: TimeInterval, animations: ()->Void)
```

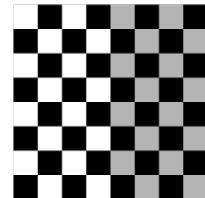
```
var view = UIView(frame: CGRect(x: 10, y: 10, width: 100, height: 100))
UIView.animate(withDuration: 5, animations: {
    view.frame = CGRect(x: 100, y: 100, width: 100, height: 100)
})
```

```
UIView.animate(withDuration: TimeInterval,
               animations: ()->Void,
               completion: ((Bool)->Void)?)
```

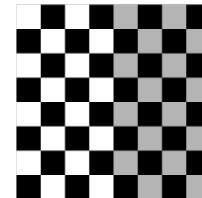
```
var view = UIView(frame: CGRect(x: 10, y: 10, width: 100, height: 100))
UIView.animate(withDuration: 5,
               animations: {
    view.frame = CGRect(x: 100, y: 100, width: 100, height: 100)
},
               completion: { (complete:Bool) in
//maybe other animation
})
)
```

Affine Transform

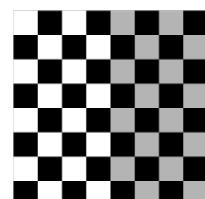
Identity



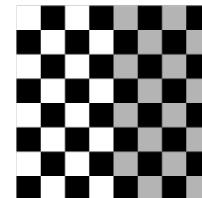
Scale



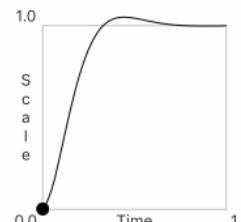
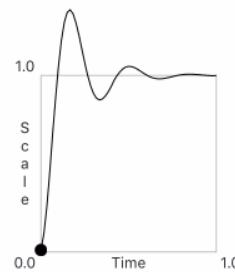
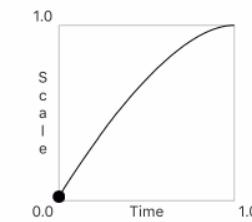
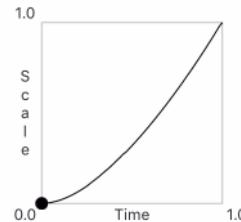
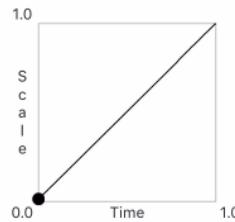
Transition



Rotate



Easing - Timing Function

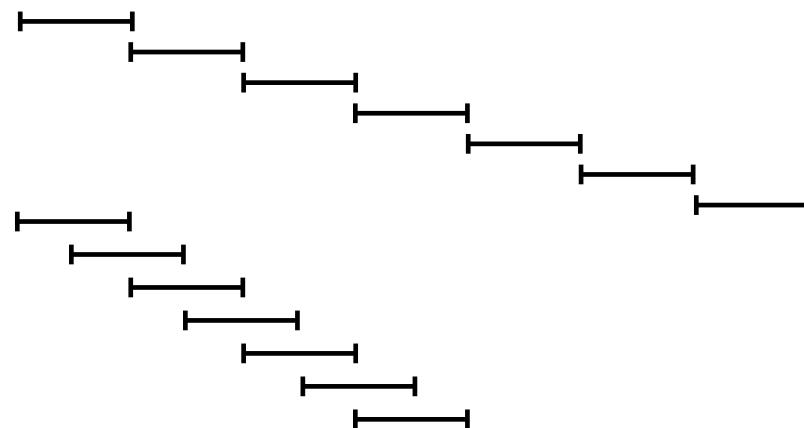


<https://medium.com/@RobertGummesson/a-look-at-uiview-animation-curves-part-1-191d9e6de0ab>

Keyframe Animation

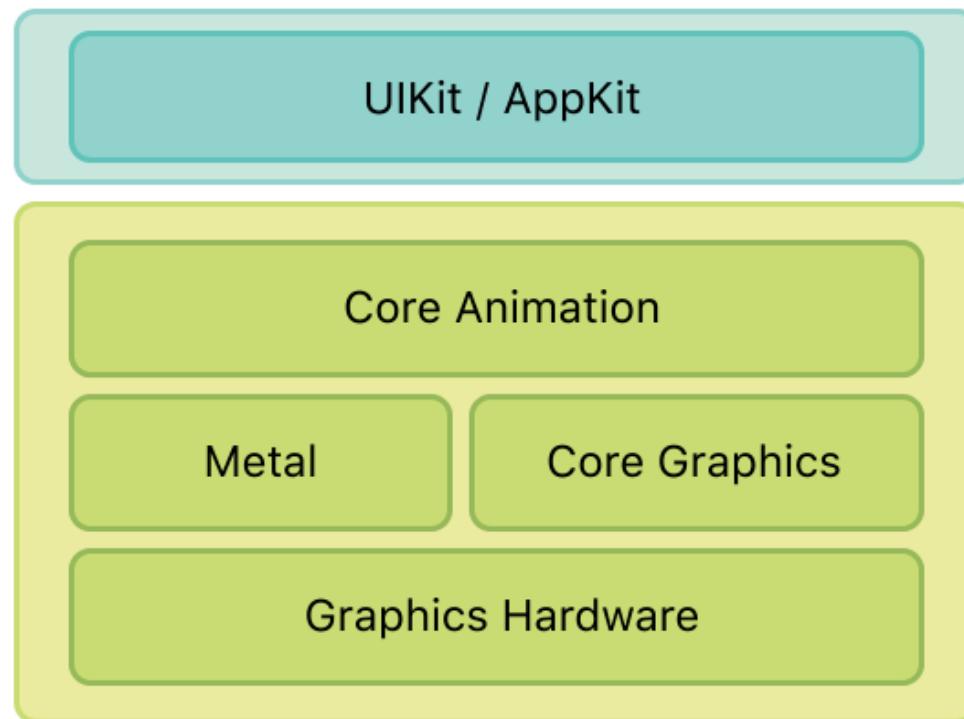


animation timing

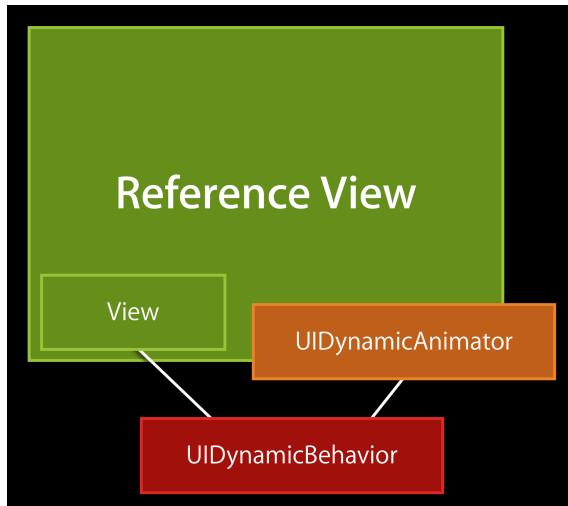


Display Link

<https://developer.apple.com/documentation/quartzcore/cadisplaylink>



UIDynamicAnimator



<https://developer.apple.com/videos/play/wwdc2013/206/>

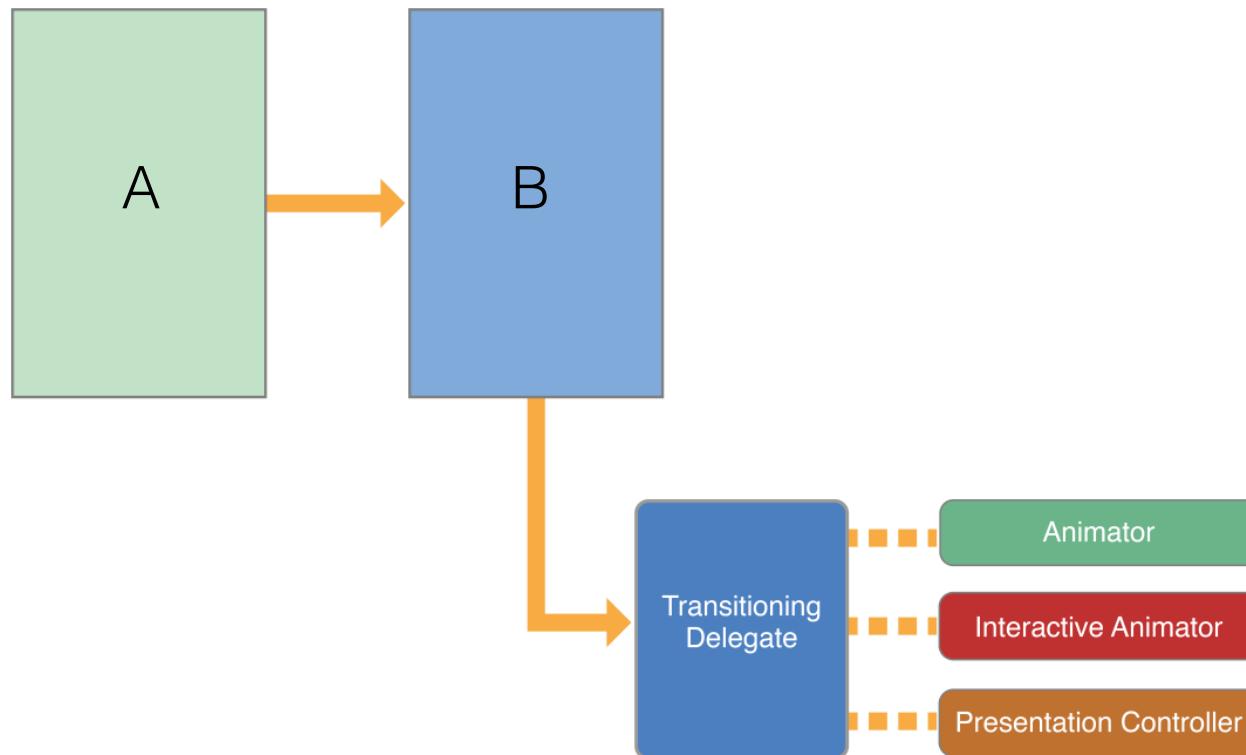
<https://developer.apple.com/videos/play/wwdc2013/221/>

<https://developer.apple.com/documentation/uikit/uidynamicanimator>

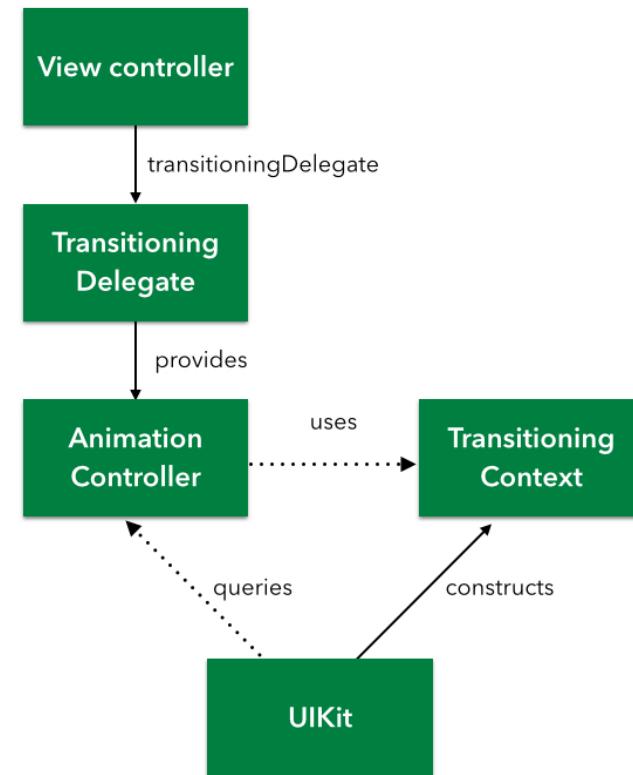
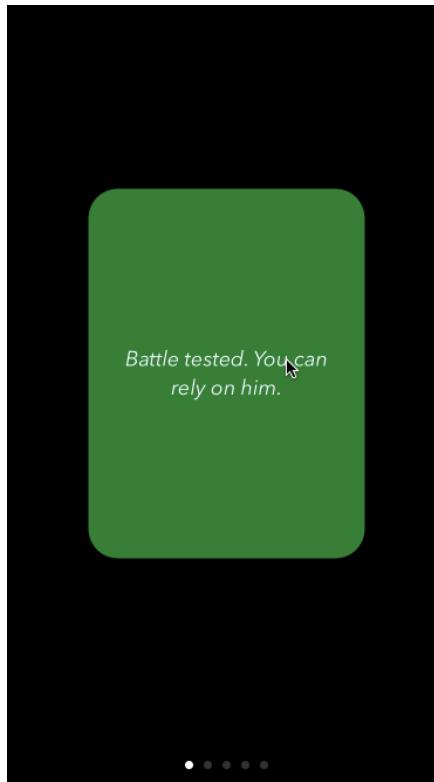
<https://www.raywenderlich.com/76147/uikit-dynamics-tutorial-swift>

<https://developer.apple.com/library/archive/samplecode/DynamicsCatalog/Introduction/Intro.html>

ViewController Transition



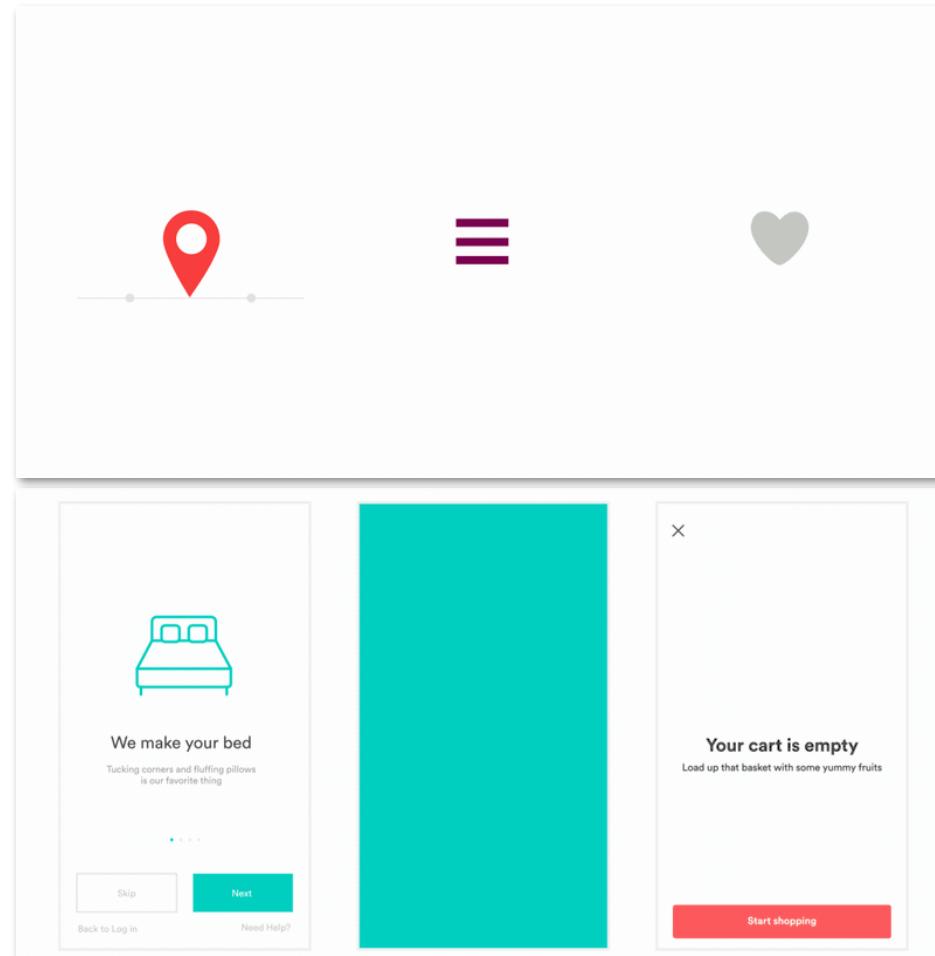
Custom Transition



<https://www.raywenderlich.com/170144/custom-uiviewcontroller-transitions-getting-started>

Custom Animation - Lottie

<https://github.com/airbnb/lottie-ios>



Core Graphics APIs

Core Graphics is C API

Quartz 2D Documentation

https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/documentation/GraphicsImaging/Conceptual/drawingwithquartz2d/Introduction/Introduction.html#/apple_ref/doc/uid/TP30001066

Quartz 2D for iOS Sample

https://developer.apple.com/library/ios/samplecode/QuartzDemo/Introduction/Intro.html#/apple_ref/doc/uid/DTS40007531

UIView: UIResponder: NSObject

눈에 보이는 모든 클래스의 슈퍼 클래스

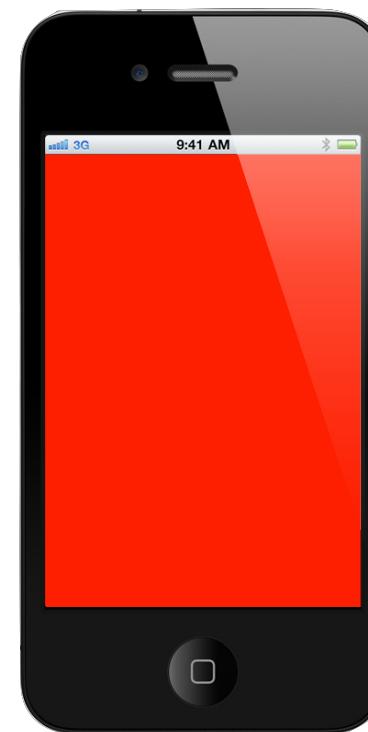
```
CGRect frame , CGRect bounds  
UIView *superview  
NSArray *subviews  
CALayer *layer
```

- drawRect:
- addSubview:
- removeFromSuperview
- setNeedsDisplay
- setNeedsLayout
- + beginAnimation: context:

Color Fill

UIKit에 준비된 API들

```
class MyView: UIView {
    ...
    override func draw(_ rect: CGRect) {
        UIColor.red.setFill()
        UIRectFill(self.bounds)
    }
    ...
}
```



<https://developer.apple.com/library/content/documentation/2DDrawing/Conceptual/DrawingPrintingiOS/Introduction/Introduction.html>

UIKit 그래픽 Context

draw(rect:) 함수 내에서 처리

```
override func draw(_ rect: CGRect) {  
    let context = UIGraphicsGetCurrentContext()  
    context?.flush()  
  
    //drawing code here  
}
```

Don't Call Us, We'll call you

No context, No Drawing!

Don't Call Us, We'll call you

State changed, time to redraw

```
func buttonTouched(_ sender: UIButton) {  
    myView.setNeedDisplay()  
}
```



미션:

UIView에서 상속받는 GradientView 클래스를 생성하고

IB에서 View에 대한 Custom Class로 지정하세요.

GradientView 클래스 -drawRect: 를 새로 구현합니다.

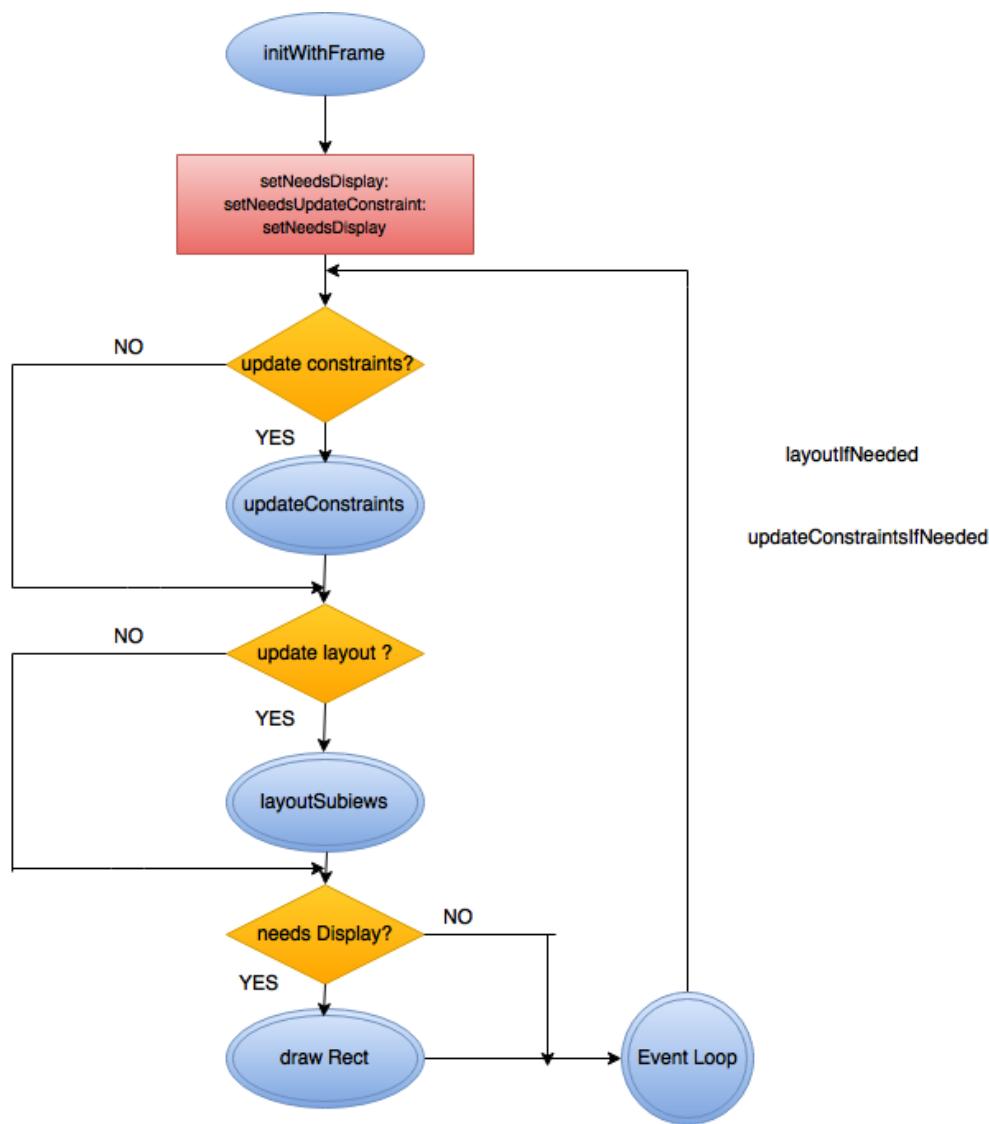
배경을 원하는 시작/종료색 gradient로 색칠해보세요.

Render Loop

Draw or Die

사용 목적	레이아웃	디스플레이	제약사항
세부 업데이트 처리를 구현	layoutSubviews	draw	updateConstraints
다음 업데이트 주기에 다시 그리도록	setNeedsLayout	setNeedsDisplay	setNeedsUpdateConstraints invalidateIntrinsicContentSize
dirty 해서 업데이트를 즉시할 때	layoutIfNeeded		updateConstraintsIfNeeded
뷰 업데이트가 되는 경우 액션	addSubview frame/bounds 변경 화면 스크롤 화면 회전	bounds 변경	activate/deactivate constraint's value or priority 뷰 제거

Render



<http://tech.gc.com/demystifying-ios-layout/>

Render Loop

