Report on Labwork 6

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1 Explain how you implement the labwork?

```
//Initialize extra parameters for labwork 6
        int option;
        option = atoi(argv[3]);
        float timeBinarize, timeBright, timeBlend;
        int parama, paramb;
        float paramc;
        switch (option)
        {
        case 0:
            parama = atoi(argv[4]);
            timer.start();
            labwork.labwork6a_GPU(parama);
            timeBinarize = timer.getElapsedTimeInMilliSec();
            labwork.saveOutputImage("labwork6a-gpu-out.jpg");
            printf("Labwork 6a (Binarization) ellapsed %.1fms\n", lwNum, timeBinarize);
            break;
        case 1:
            paramb = atoi(argv[4]);
            timer.start();
            labwork.labwork6b_GPU(paramb);
            timeBright = timer.getElapsedTimeInMilliSec();
            printf("Labwork 6b (Brightness) ellapsed %.1fms\n", lwNum, timeBright);
            labwork.saveOutputImage("labwork6b-gpu-out.jpg");
            break;
        case 2:
            paramc = atof(argv[4]);
            std::string inputFilename1;
            JpegInfo *inputImage1;
            inputFilename1 = std::string(argv[5]);
```

```
inputImage1 = labwork.loadImage(inputFilename1);

timer.start();
labwork.labwork6c_GPU(paramc, inputImage1);
timeBlend = timer.getElapsedTimeInMilliSec();

printf("Labwork 6c (Blending) ellapsed %.1fms\n", lwNum, timeBlend);
labwork.saveOutputImage("labwork6c-gpu-out.jpg");
break;
}
```

1.1 6a: Binarization

- Add an extra parameter from the command line for threshold using **argv**.
- Convert a greyscale pixel to binary one based on the threshold.

```
unsigned char binary = (input[tid].x + input[tid].y + input[tid].z) / 3;
binary = min(binary / thres, 1) * 255;
```

• Command:

```
./labwork 6 ../data/cloud.jpeg 0 127
```

• Result:

```
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Starting labwork 6
Labwork 6a (Binarization) ellapsed 15.9ms
Labwork 6 ellapsed 23.3ms
```



(a) Original image



(b) Binarization using threshold of 127

1.2 6b: Brightness control

- Add an extra parameter from the command line for brightness using **argv**.
- Use max/min method avoid the changes that exceed the range of color's value.

```
unsigned char red = min(max(input[tid].x + brightness, 0), 255);
unsigned char green = min(max(input[tid].y + brightness, 0), 255);
unsigned char blue = min(max(input[tid].z + brightness, 0), 255);
```

• Command:

```
./labwork 6 ../data/cloud.jpeg 1 100
```

• Result:

```
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Starting labwork 6
Labwork 6b (Brightness) ellapsed 31.9ms
Labwork 6 ellapsed 54.4ms
```

1.3 6c: Blending images

- Add an extra parameter from the command line for blending ratio using argv.
- Compute the average pixel's colors between two images by the ratio.



(a) Original image



(b) Brightness = 100

unsigned char red = input[tid].x * blendRatio + input1[tid].x * (1 - blendRatio);
unsigned char green = input[tid].y * blendRatio + input1[tid].y * (1 - blendRatio);
unsigned char blue = input[tid].z * blendRatio + input1[tid].z * (1 - blendRatio);

• Command:

./labwork 6 ../data/cloud.jpeg 2 0.5 ../data/leaf.jpg

• Result:

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Starting labwork 6
Labwork 6c (Blending) ellapsed 14.5ms
Labwork 6 ellapsed 46.9ms



(a) Original image



(b) Blending using ratio of 0.5