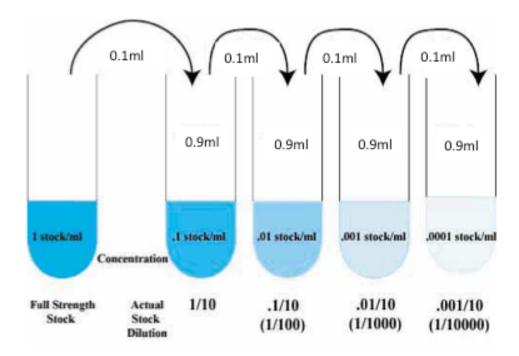
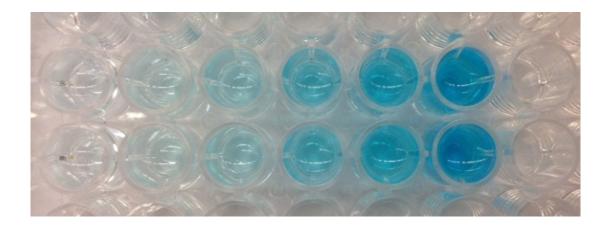
## **Protocol for Dilution Exercise**

- ➤ You will be provided with food dye that has a stock concentration of 10X. In each of 5 tubes you will add 0.9 ml of DI water. Using a pipette carefully pipette 0.5 ml of food dye into a clean centrifuge tube. This is your stock concentration or starting amount.
- ➤ Label tubes 1 to 5. Tube 1 is your stock and tubes 2-5 contain 0.9 ml of DI-Water.
- Carefully take 0.1 ml of dye from your stock tube 1 and add it to tube 2. Mix and take 0.1 ml from tube 2 and add it to tube 3.... Etc. Continue the serial dilution until you reach tube 5. This tube should end up having 1 ml of total solution and is very faint. See example below.



➤ When you are done preparing your serial dilution, transfer an aliquot of 0.2 ml in duplicate using a clean pipette tip to a 96-well plate starting from lowest to highest concentration see figure below.



- > Include a blank which is just plain DI-water in one of the empty wells
- > Include your unknown sample in another pair of empty wells.
- ➤ We will then use a spectrophotometer to determine the absorbance at 595 nm of each standard for the class. With the data for your group fill in the table below

## Table showing Conc. vs. Absorbance for standards and unknown sample

Sample	Concentration	Absorbance 595nm
Std1	10X	
Std2		
Std3		
Std4		
Std5		
Unknown Sample		

➤ Using the data for your group, plot a graph of concentration (X-axis) vs. Absorbance (Y-axis). Use this standard curve to determine the concentration of your unknown sample