MCUXpresso SDK Release Notes Supporting K32L2B



Document identifier: MCUXSDKK32L2BRN

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Chapter 1 Overview

The MCUXpresso Software Development Kit (SDK) is a collection of software enablement for microcontrollers that includes peripheral drivers, high-level stacks including USB, other middleware packages,, and integrated RTOS support for FreeRTOSTM OS. In addition to the base enablement, the MCUXpresso SDK is augmented with demo applications, driver example projects, and API documentation to help the customers quickly leverage the support of the MCUXpresso SDK.

For more details about MCUXpresso SDK, see the MCUXpresso SDK homepage MCUXpresso-SDK: Software Development Kit.

NOTE
See the attached Change Logs section at the end of this document to reference the device-specific driver logs,
middleware logs, and RTOS log.

Chapter 2 MCUXpresso SDK

As part of the MCUXpresso software and tools, MCUXpresso SDK is the evolution of Kinetis SDK v2.x.x, includes support for both LPC and i.MX System-on-Chips (SoC). The same drivers, APIs, and middleware are still available with support for Kinetis, LPC, and i.MX silicon. The MCUXpresso SDK adds support for the MCUXpresso IDE, an Eclipse-based toolchain that works with all MCUXpresso SDKs. Easily import your SDK into the new toolchain to access to all of the available components, examples, and demos for your target silicon. In addition to the MCUXpresso IDE, support for the MCUXpresso Config Tools allows easy cloning of existing SDK examples and demos, allowing users to leverage the existing software examples provided by the SDK for their own projects.

NOTE
NOTE
In order to maintain compatibility with legacy Freescale code, the filenames and source code in MCUXpresso SDF
containing the legacy Freescale prefix 'FSL' has been left as is. The 'FSL' prefix has been redefined as the NXP
Foundation Software Library.

Chapter 3 Development tools

The MCUXpresso SDK was compiled and tested with these development tools:

- IAR Embedded Workbench for Arm version 8.32.3
- MDK-Arm Microcontroller Development Kit (Keil)® 5.27
- Makefiles support with GCC revision 8-2018-q4-major GCC8 from Arm Embedded
- MCUXpresso IDE v11.0.1

Chapter 4 Supported development systems

This release supports boards and devices listed in the following table. The boards and devices in bold were tested in this release:

Table 1. Supported MCU devices and development boards

Development boards	MCU devices
FRDM-K32L2B	K32L2B31VLH0A ,K32L2B31VMP0A,
	K32L2B31VFT0A,K32L2B31VFM0A,
	K32L2B21VLH0A,K32L2B21VMP0A,
	K32L2B21VFT0A,K32L2B21VFM0A,
	K32L2B11VLH0A,K32L2B11VMP0A,
	K32L2B11VFT0A,K32L2B11VFM0A,

Chapter 5 Release contents

This table provides an overview of the MCUXpresso SDK release package contents and locations.

Table 2. Release contents

Deliverable	Location
Boards	<install_dir>/boards</install_dir>
TinyCBOR	<install_dir>/rtos/amazon-freertos/lib/third_party/tinycbor</install_dir>
ntag_i2c_plus	<install_dir>/middleware/ntag_i2c_plus</install_dir>
Demo applications	<install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/demo_apps</board_name></install_dir>
USB demo applications	<install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/usb_examples</board_name></install_dir>
Driver examples	<install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/driver_examples</board_name></install_dir>
Cortex Microcontroller Software Interface Standard (CMSIS) driver examples	<install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/cmsis_driver_examples</board_name></install_dir>
Component examples	<pre><install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/component_examples</board_name></install_dir></pre>
Multiprocessor examples	<install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/ multiprocessor_examples</board_name></install_dir>
ntag_i2c_plus examples	<pre><install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/ntag_i2c_plus_examples</board_name></install_dir></pre>
RTOS examples	<install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/rtos_examples</board_name></install_dir>
Documentation	<install_dir>/docs</install_dir>
USB Documentation	<install_dir>/docs/usb</install_dir>
USB stack	<install_dir>/middleware/usb</install_dir>
Driver, SoC header files, extension header files and feature header files, utilities	<install_dir>/devices/<device_name></device_name></install_dir>
CMSIS Arm Cortex®-M header files, DSP library source	<install_dir>/CMSIS</install_dir>
Peripheral Drivers	<install_dir>/devices/<device_name>/drivers</device_name></install_dir>
CMSIS drivers	<install_dir>/devices/<device_name>/cmsis_drivers</device_name></install_dir>
Utilities such as debug console	<install_dir>/devices/<device_name>/utilities</device_name></install_dir>
RTOS Kernel Code	<install_dir>/rtos</install_dir>
Tools	<install_dir>/tools</install_dir>
segger_systemview	<install_dir>/boards/<board>/rtos_examples/visualization/ freertos_segger_sysview</board></install_dir>
percepio_snapshot	<pre><install_dir>/boards/<board>/rtos_examples/visualization/ freertos_percepio_snapshot</board></install_dir></pre>

Chapter 6 MCUXpresso SDK release package

The MCUXpresso SDK release package content is aligned with the silicon subfamily it supports. This includes the boards, CMSIS, devices, documentation, middleware, and RTOS support.

6.1 Device support

The device folder contains the whole software enablement available for the specific System-on-Chip (SoC) subfamily. This folder includes clock-specific implementation, device register header files, device register feature header files, CMSIS derived device SVD, and the system configuration source files. Included with the standard SoC support are folders containing peripheral drivers, toolchain support, and a standard debug console.

The device-specific header files provide a direct access to the microcontroller peripheral registers. The device header file provides an overall SoC memory mapped register definition. The folder also includes the feature header file for each peripheral on the microcontroller.

The toolchain folder contains the startup code and linker files for each supported toolchain. The startup code is a CMSIS compliant startup code that efficiently transfers the code execution to the main() function.

6.1.1 Board support

The boards folder provides the board-specific demo applications, driver examples, RTOS, and middleware examples.

6.1.2 Demo applications and other examples

The demo applications demonstrate the usage of the peripheral drivers to achieve a system level solution. Each demo application contains a readme file that describes the operation of the demo and required setup steps.

The driver examples demonstrate the capabilities of the peripheral drivers. Each example implements a common use case to help demonstrate the driver functionality.

6.2 Middleware

6.2.1 USB stack

See the MCUXpresso SDK USB Stack User's Guide (document MCUXSDKUSBSUG) for more information.

6.2.1.1 Peripheral devices tested with USB Host stack

This table provides a list of USB devices tested with the USB Host stack.

Table 3. Peripheral devices

Device type

Table continues on the next page...

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NXP Semiconductors

Table 3. Peripheral devices (continued)

USB HUB	BELKIN F5U233
	BELKIN F5U304
	BELKIN F5U307
	BELKIN F4U040
	UNITEK Y-2151
	Z-TEK ZK032A
	HYUNDAI HY-HB608
USB flash drive	ADATA C008 32 GB
	ADATA S102 8 G
	ADATA S102 16 G
	Verbatim STORE N GO USB Device 8 G
	Kingston DataTraveler DT101 G2
	SanDisk Cruzer Blade 8 GB
	Unisplendour 1 G
	Imation 2 GB
	V-mux 2 GB
	Sanmina-SCI 128 M
	Corporate Express 1 G
	TOSHIBA THUHYBS-008G 8 G
	Transcend JF700 8 G
	Netac U903 16 G
	SSK SFD205 8 GB
	Rex 4 GB
	SAMSUNG USB3.0 16GB
USB card reader/adapter	SSK TF adapter
	Kawau Multi Card Reader
	Kawau TF adapter
	Kawau SDHC card

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Table 3. Peripheral devices (continued)

USB Mouse	DELL MS111-P
	DELL M066U0A
	DELL MUAVDEL8
	TARGUS AMU76AP
	DELL MD56U0
	DELL MS111-T
	RAPOO M110
USB Keyboard	DELL SK8135
	DELL SK8115

6.2.2 RTOS

The MCUXpresso SDK is integrated with FreeRTOS OS.

6.2.3 CMSIS

The MCUXpresso SDK is shipped with the standard CMSIS development pack, including the prebuilt libraries.

Chapter 7 MISRA compliance

All MCUXpresso SDK drivers comply to MISRA 2012 rules with the following exceptions.

Table 4. MISRA exceptions

E B.	D
Exception Rules	Description
Rule 5.1	External identifiers shall be distinct.
Rule 5.4	Macro identifiers shall be distinct.
Rule 21.1	#define and #undef shall not be used on a reserved identifieror reserved macro name.
Rule 21.2	A reserved identifier or macro name shall not be declared.
Directive 4.4	Sections of code should not be "commented out".
Directive 4.5	Identifiers in the same name space with overlapping visibility should be typographically unambiguous.
Directive 4.6	Typedefs that indicate size and signedness should be used in place of the basic numerical types.
Directive 4.8	If a pointer to a structure or union is never dereferenced within a translation unit, then the implementation of the object should be hidden.
Directive 4.9	A function should be used in preference to a function-like macro where they are interchangeable.
Directive 4.13	Functions which are designed to provide operations on a resource should be called in an appropriate sequence.
Rule 1.2	Language extensions should not be used.
Rule 2.3	A project should not contain unused type declarations.
Rule 2.4	A project should not contain unused tag declarations.
Rule 2.5	A project should not contain unused macro declarations.
Rule 2.6	A function should not contain unused label declarations.
Rule 2.7	There should be no unused parameters in functions.
Rule 4.2	Trigraphs should not be used.
Rule 5.9	Identifiers that define objects or functions with internal linkage should be unique.
Rule 8.7	Functions and objects should not be defined with external linkage if they are referenced in only one translation unit.
Rule 8.9	An object should be defined at block scope if its identifier only appears in a single function.
Rule 8.11	When an array with external linkage is declared, its size should be explicitly specified.

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Table 4. MISRA exceptions (continued)

Rule 8.13	A pointer should point to a const-qualified type whenever possible.
Rule 10.5	The value of an expression should not be cast to an inappropriate essential type.
Rule 11.4	A conversion should not be performed between a pointer to object and an integer type.
Rule 11.5	A conversion should not be performed from pointer to void into pointer to object.
Rule 12.1	The precedence of operators within expressions should be made explicit.
Rule 12.3	The comma operator should not be used.
Rule 12.4	Evaluation of constant expressions should not lead to unsigned integer wrap-around.
Rule 13.3	A full expression containing an increment (++) or decrement () operator should have no other potential side effects other than that caused by the increment or decrement operator.
Rule 15.4	There should be no more than one break or go to statement used to terminate any iteration statement.
Rule 17.5	The function argument corresponding to a parameter declared to have an array type shall have an appropriate number of elements.
Rule 17.8	A function parameter should not be modified.
Rule 19.2	The union keyword should not be used.
Rule 20.1	#include directives should only be preceded by preprocessor directives or comments.
Rule 20.10	The #and ## preprocessor operators should not be used.
Rule 21.12	The exception handling features of <fenv.h> should not be used</fenv.h>

Chapter 8 Known issues

8.1 Maximum file path length in Windows 7[®] operating system

The Windows 7 operating system imposes a 260-character maximum length for file paths. When installing the MCUXpresso SDK, place it in a directory close to the root to prevent file paths from exceeding the maximum character length specified by the Windows operating system. The recommended location is the c:\nxp folder.

8.2 USB PID issue

Because the PID of all USB device examples is updated, uninstall the device drivers and then reinstall when the device (with new PID) is plugged in the first time.

8.3 FreeRTOS issue

When generating a new FreeRTOS project with New Project Wizard tool, the user should deassert the macro option "configUSE_PORT_OPTIMISED_TASK_SELECTION" in the "FreeRTOSConfig.h" file while it is not being used in the template project for some Cortex-M0+ devices or it may not pass the compiling.

8.4 Create new project without board template

The following components should be selected at the same time when creating a new project without using a board template, including serial_manager, serial_manager_uart, debug_console, and one UART adapter (lpuart_adapter for LPUART IP, uart_adapter for UART IP, lpsci_adapter for LPSCI IP, etc).

8.5 New Project Wizard compile failure

The following components request the user to manually select other components that they depend upon in order to compile. These components depend on several other components and the New Project Wizard (NPW) is not able to decide which one is needed by the user.

NOTE		
"xxx"means core variants like cm0plus	s, cm33, cm4, cm33_nodsp	

Components: Assert, assert_cm0plus, assert_xxx, assert_lite, baremetal, button, codec_i2c, codec_i2c_xxx, debug_console, debug_console_xxx, debug_console_lite, dialog7212, led, misc_utilities, panic, serial_manager, serial_manager_xxx, serial_manager_swo, serial_manager_swo_xxx, serial_manager_uart, serial_manager_uart_xxx, serial_manager_usb_cdc, serial_manager_usb_cdc, xxx, sgtl_adapter, sgtl5000, shell, shell_xxx, timer_manager, wm8904, wm8904_xxx, wm8904_adapter, wm8904_adapter_xxx, wm8960, wm8960_adapter, xip_device.

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Date of release: 10 2019

Document identifier: MCUXSDKK32L2BRN

