#### **NXP Semiconductors**

Document Number: MCUXSDKKL26APIRM Rev. 0

Mar 2017



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### Chapter 1 Introduction

The MCUXpresso Software Development Kit (MCUXpresso SDK) is a collection of software enablement for NXP Microcontrollers that includes peripheral drivers, multicore support, USB stack, and integrated RTOS support for FreeRTOS<sup>TM</sup>. In addition to the base enablement, the MCUXpresso SD-K is augmented with demo applications, driver example projects, and API documentation to help users quickly leverage the support provided by MCUXpresso SDK. The KEx Web UI is available to provide access to all MCUXpresso SDK packages. See the MCUXpresso Software Development Kit (SD-K) Release Notes (document MCUXSDKRN) in the Supported Devices section at MCUXpresso-SDK: Software Development Kit for MCUXpresso for details.

The MCUXpresso SDK is built with the following runtime software components:

- ARM<sup>®</sup> and DSP standard libraries, and CMSIS-compliant device header files which provide direct access to the peripheral registers.
- Peripheral drivers that provide stateless, high-performance, ease-of-use APIs. Communication drivers provide higher-level transactional APIs for a higher-performance option.
- RTOS wrapper driver built on on top of MCUXpresso SDK peripheral drivers and leverage native RTOS services to better comply to the RTOS cases.
- Real time operation systems (RTOS) for FreeRTOS OS.
- Stacks and middleware in source or object formats including:
  - A USB device, host, and OTG stack with comprehensive USB class support.
  - CMSIS-DSP, a suite of common signal processing functions.
  - The MCUXpresso SDK comes complete with software examples demonstrating the usage of the peripheral drivers, RTOS wrapper drivers, middleware, and RTOSes.

All demo applications and driver examples are provided with projects for the following toolchains:

- IAR Embedded Workbench
- Keil MDK
- MCUXpresso IDE

The peripheral drivers and RTOS driver wrappers can be used across multiple devices within the product family without modification. The configuration items for each driver are encapsulated into C language data structures. Device-specific configuration information is provided as part of the MCUXpresso SDK and need not be modified by the user. If necessary, the user is able to modify the peripheral driver and RTOS wrapper driver configuration during runtime. The driver examples demonstrate how to configure the drivers by passing the proper configuration data to the APIs. The folder structure is organized to reduce the total number of includes required to compile a project.

The rest of this document describes the API references in detail for the peripheral drivers and RTOS wrapper drivers. For the latest version of this and other MCUXpresso SDK documents, see the kex.-nxp.com/apidoc.

| Deliverable   | Location  |
|---|---|
| Demo Applications   | <install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/demo<br/>apps</board_name></install_dir>              |
| Driver Examples   | <pre><install_dir>/boards/<board_name>/driver examples</board_name></install_dir></pre> |
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| Middleware  | <install_dir>/middleware</install_dir>  |
| Drivers   | <install_dir>/<device_name>/drivers/</device_name></install_dir>                        |
| CMSIS Standard ARM Cortex-M Headers, math and DSP Libraries | <install_dir>/CMSIS</install_dir>   |
| Device Startup and Linker                                   | <install_dir>/<device_name>/<toolchain>/</toolchain></device_name></install_dir>        |
| MCUXpresso SDK Utilities                                    | <install_dir>/devices/<device_name>/utilities</device_name></install_dir>               |
| RTOS Kernel Code  | <install_dir>/rtos</install_dir>  |

Table 2: MCUXpresso SDK Folder Structure

# **Chapter 2 Driver errors status**

- #kStatus\_DMA\_Busy = 5000
- kStatus\_SAI\_TxBusy = 1900
- kStatus\_SAI\_RxBusy = 1901
- kStatus\_SAI\_TxError = 1902
- kStatus\_SAI\_RxError = 1903
- kStatus\_SAI\_QueueFull = 1904
- kStatus\_SAI\_TxIdle = 1905
- kStatus SAI RxIdle = 1906
- kStatus\_SMC\_StopAbort = 3900
- kStatus\_SPI\_Busy = 1400
- kStatus\_SPI\_Idle = 1401
- kStatus\_SPI\_Error = 1402
- kStatus\_DMAMGR\_ChannelOccupied = 5200
- kStatus\_DMAMGR\_ChannelNotUsed = 5201
- kStatus\_DMAMGR\_NoFreeChannel = 5202
- kStatus\_NOTIFIER\_ErrorNotificationBefore = 9800
- kStatus\_NOTIFIER\_ErrorNotificationAfter = 9801

# **Chapter 3 Architectural Overview**

This chapter provides the architectural overview for the MCUXpresso Software Development Kit (MCUXpresso SDK). It describes each layer within the architecture and its associated components.

#### Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK architecture consists of five key components listed below.

- 1. The ARM Cortex Microcontroller Software Interface Standard (CMSIS) CORE compliance devicespecific header files, SOC Header, and CMSIS math/DSP libraries.
- 2. Peripheral Drivers
- 3. Real-time Operating Systems (RTOS)
- 4. Stacks and Middleware that integrate with the MCUXpresso SDK
- 5. Demo Applications based on the MCUXpresso SDK

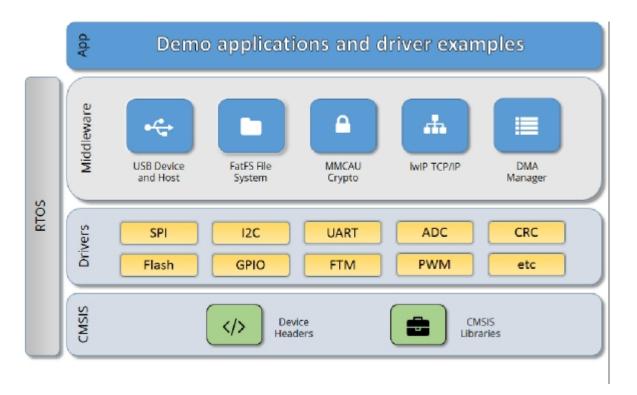


Figure 1: MCUXpresso SDK Block Diagram

#### MCU header files

Each supported MCU device in the MCUXpresso SDK has an overall System-on Chip (SoC) memory-

mapped header file. This header file contains the memory map and register base address for each peripheral and the IRQ vector table with associated vector numbers. The overall SoC header file provides a access to the peripheral registers through pointers and predefined bit masks. In addition to the overall SoC memory-mapped header file, the MCUXpresso SDK includes a feature header file for each device. The feature header file allows NXP to deliver a single software driver for a given peripheral. The feature file ensures that the driver is properly compiled for the target SOC.

#### **CMSIS Support**

Along with the SoC header files and peripheral extension header files, the MCUXpresso SDK also includes common CMSIS header files for the ARM Cortex-M core and the math and DSP libraries from the latest CMSIS release. The CMSIS DSP library source code is also included for reference.

#### **MCUXpresso SDK Peripheral Drivers**

The MCUXpresso SDK peripheral drivers mainly consist of low-level functional APIs for the MCU product family on-chip peripherals and also of high-level transactional APIs for some bus drivers/DM-A driver/eDMA driver to quickly enable the peripherals and perform transfers.

All MCUXpresso SDK peripheral drivers only depend on the CMSIS headers, device feature files, fsl\_common.h, and fsl\_clock.h files so that users can easily pull selected drivers and their dependencies into projects. With the exception of the clock/power-relevant peripherals, each peripheral has its own driver. Peripheral drivers handle the peripheral clock gating/ungating inside the drivers during initialization and deinitialization respectively.

Low-level functional APIs provide common peripheral functionality, abstracting the hardware peripheral register accesses into a set of stateless basic functional operations. These APIs primarily focus on the control, configuration, and function of basic peripheral operations. The APIs hide the register access details and various MCU peripheral instantiation differences so that the application can be abstracted from the low-level hardware details. The API prototypes are intentionally similar to help ensure easy portability across supported MCUXpresso SDK devices.

Transactional APIs provide a quick method for customers to utilize higher-level functionality of the peripherals. The transactional APIs utilize interrupts and perform asynchronous operations without user intervention. Transactional APIs operate on high-level logic that requires data storage for internal operation context handling. However, the Peripheral Drivers do not allocate this memory space. Rather, the user passes in the memory to the driver for internal driver operation. Transactional APIs ensure the NVIC is enabled properly inside the drivers. The transactional APIs do not meet all customer needs, but provide a baseline for development of custom user APIs.

Note that the transactional drivers never disable an NVIC after use. This is due to the shared nature of interrupt vectors on devices. It is up to the user to ensure that NVIC interrupts are properly disabled after usage is complete.

#### **Interrupt handling for transactional APIs**

A double weak mechanism is introduced for drivers with transactional API. The double weak indicates two levels of weak vector entries. See the examples below:

PUBWEAK SPI0\_IRQHandler
PUBWEAK SPI0\_DriverIRQHandler
SPI0\_IRQHandler

```
LDR R0, =SPI0_DriverIRQHandler
BX R0
```

The first level of the weak implementation are the functions defined in the vector table. In the devices/<-DEVICE\_NAME>/<TOOLCHAIN>/startup\_<DEVICE\_NAME>.s/.S file, the implementation of the first layer weak function calls the second layer of weak function. The implementation of the second layer weak function (ex. SPI0\_DriverIRQHandler) jumps to itself (B .). The MCUXpresso SDK drivers with transactional APIs provide the reimplementation of the second layer function inside of the peripheral driver. If the MCUXpresso SDK drivers with transactional APIs are linked into the image, the SPI0\_DriverIRQHandler is replaced with the function implemented in the MCUXpresso SDK SPI driver.

The reason for implementing the double weak functions is to provide a better user experience when using the transactional APIs. For drivers with a transactional function, call the transactional APIs and the drivers complete the interrupt-driven flow. Users are not required to redefine the vector entries out of the box. At the same time, if users are not satisfied by the second layer weak function implemented in the MCU-Xpresso SDK drivers, users can redefine the first layer weak function and implement their own interrupt handler functions to suit their implementation.

The limitation of the double weak mechanism is that it cannot be used for peripherals that share the same vector entry. For this use case, redefine the first layer weak function to enable the desired peripheral interrupt functionality. For example, if the MCU's UART0 and UART1 share the same vector entry, redefine the UART0\_UART1\_IRQHandler according to the use case requirements.

#### **Feature Header Files**

The peripheral drivers are designed to be reusable regardless of the peripheral functional differences from one MCU device to another. An overall Peripheral Feature Header File is provided for the MCUXpresso SDK-supported MCU device to define the features or configuration differences for each sub-family device.

#### **Application**

See the Getting Started with MCUXpresso SDK document (MCUXSDKGSUG).

# Chapter 4 **Trademarks**

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# Chapter 5 ADC16: 16-bit SAR Analog-to-Digital Converter Driver

## 5.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the 16-bit SAR Analog-to-Digital Converter (A-DC16) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

# 5.2 Typical use case

# 5.2.1 Polling Configuration

```
adc16_config_t adc16ConfigStruct;
   adc16_channel_config_t adc16ChannelConfigStruct;
   ADC16_Init (DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE);
   ADC16_GetDefaultConfig(&adc16ConfigStruct);
   ADC16_Configure (DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, &adc16ConfigStruct);
   ADC16_EnableHardwareTrigger(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, false);
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION) && FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION
    if (kStatus_Success == ADC16_DoAutoCalibration(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE))
       PRINTF("ADC16_DoAutoCalibration() Done.\r\n");
   else
       PRINTF("ADC16_DoAutoCalibration() Failed.\r\n");
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION
   adc16ChannelConfigStruct.channelNumber = DEMO_ADC16_USER_CHANNEL;
   adc16ChannelConfigStruct.enableInterruptOnConversionCompleted =
     false;
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE) && FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE
   adc16ChannelConfigStruct.enableDifferentialConversion = false;
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE
   while(1)
       GETCHAR(); // Input any key in terminal console.
       ADC16_ChannelConfigure(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, DEMO_ADC16_CHANNEL_GROUP, &adc16ChannelConfigStruct);
       while (kADC16_ChannelConversionDoneFlag !=
     ADC16_ChannelGetStatusFlags(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, DEMO_ADC16_CHANNEL_GROUP))
       PRINTF("ADC Value: %d\r\n", ADC16_ChannelGetConversionValue(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE,
     DEMO_ADC16_CHANNEL_GROUP));
```

# 5.2.2 Interrupt Configuration

```
volatile bool g_Adc16ConversionDoneFlag = false;
volatile uint32_t g_Adc16ConversionValue;
volatile uint32_t g_Adc16InterruptCount = 0U;
```

# Typical use case

```
// ...
    adc16_config_t adc16ConfigStruct;
   adc16_channel_config_t adc16ChannelConfigStruct;
   ADC16_Init (DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE);
   ADC16_GetDefaultConfig(&adc16ConfigStruct);
   ADC16_Configure (DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, &adc16ConfigStruct);
   ADC16_EnableHardwareTrigger(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, false);
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION) && FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION
    if (ADC16_DoAutoCalibration(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE))
        PRINTF("ADC16_DoAutoCalibration() Done.\r\n");
    }
   else
    {
        PRINTF("ADC16_DoAutoCalibration() Failed.\r\n");
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_CALIBRATION
    adc16ChannelConfigStruct.channelNumber = DEMO_ADC16_USER_CHANNEL;
    adc16ChannelConfigStruct.enableInterruptOnConversionCompleted =
     true; // Enable the interrupt.
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE) && FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE
    adc16ChannelConfigStruct.enableDifferentialConversion = false;
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_ADC16_HAS_DIFF_MODE
   while(1)
        GETCHAR(); // Input a key in the terminal console.
        g_Adc16ConversionDoneFlag = false;
        ADC16_ChannelConfigure(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, DEMO_ADC16_CHANNEL_GROUP, &adc16ChannelConfigStruct);
        while (!g_Adc16ConversionDoneFlag)
        PRINTF("ADC Value: %d\r\n", g_Adc16ConversionValue);
        PRINTF("ADC Interrupt Count: %d\r\n", g_Adc16InterruptCount);
    // ...
   void DEMO_ADC16_IRQHandler(void)
        g_Adc16ConversionDoneFlag = true;
        // Read the conversion result to clear the conversion completed flag.
        g_Adc16ConversionValue = ADC16_ChannelConversionValue(DEMO_ADC16_INSTANCE, DEMO_ADC16_CHANNEL_GROUP
     ) :
        g_Adc16InterruptCount++;
```

## **Data Structures**

• struct adc16\_config\_t

ADC16 converter configuration. More...

• struct adc16\_hardware\_compare\_config\_t

ADC16 Hardware comparison configuration. More...

• struct adc16\_channel\_config\_t

ADC16 channel conversion configuration. More...

# **Enumerations**

enum \_adc16\_channel\_status\_flags { kADC16\_ChannelConversionDoneFlag = ADC\_SC1\_COC-O\_MASK }

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```
Channel status flags.
enum _adc16_status_flags {
 kADC16_ActiveFlag = ADC_SC2_ADACT_MASK,
 kADC16_CalibrationFailedFlag = ADC_SC3_CALF_MASK }
    Converter status flags.
• enum adc16 channel mux mode t {
 kADC16_ChannelMuxA = 0U,
 kADC16 ChannelMuxB = 1U }
    Channel multiplexer mode for each channel.
enum adc16_clock_divider_t {
 kADC16 ClockDivider1 = 0U,
 kADC16_ClockDivider2 = 1U,
 kADC16\_ClockDivider4 = 2U,
 kADC16 ClockDivider8 = 3U }
    Clock divider for the converter.
enum adc16_resolution_t {
 kADC16 Resolution8or9Bit = 0U,
 kADC16 Resolution12or13Bit = 1U,
 kADC16 Resolution 10 or 11 Bit = 2U,
 kADC16_ResolutionSE8Bit = kADC16_Resolution8or9Bit,
 kADC16_ResolutionSE12Bit = kADC16_Resolution12or13Bit,
 kADC16_ResolutionSE10Bit = kADC16_Resolution10or11Bit,
 kADC16 ResolutionDF9Bit = kADC16 Resolution8or9Bit,
 kADC16_ResolutionDF13Bit = kADC16_Resolution12or13Bit,
 kADC16_ResolutionDF11Bit = kADC16_Resolution10or11Bit,
 kADC16 Resolution16Bit = 3U.
 kADC16 ResolutionSE16Bit = kADC16 Resolution16Bit,
 kADC16 ResolutionDF16Bit = kADC16 Resolution16Bit }
    Converter's resolution.
enum adc16_clock_source_t {
 kADC16\_ClockSourceAlt0 = 0U,
 kADC16_ClockSourceAlt1 = 1U,
 kADC16\_ClockSourceAlt2 = 2U,
 kADC16 ClockSourceAlt3 = 3U,
 kADC16 ClockSourceAsynchronousClock = kADC16 ClockSourceAlt3 }
    Clock source.
enum adc16_long_sample_mode_t {
 kADC16\_LongSampleCycle24 = 0U,
 kADC16_LongSampleCycle16 = 1U,
 kADC16 LongSampleCycle10 = 2U,
 kADC16_LongSampleCycle6 = 3U,
 kADC16_LongSampleDisabled = 4U }
    Long sample mode.
enum adc16_reference_voltage_source_t {
 kADC16_ReferenceVoltageSourceVref = 0U,
 kADC16_ReferenceVoltageSourceValt = 1U }
```

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## Typical use case

```
**Reference voltage source.

• enum adc16_hardware_average_mode_t {
    kADC16_HardwareAverageCount4 = 0U,
    kADC16_HardwareAverageCount8 = 1U,
    kADC16_HardwareAverageCount16 = 2U,
    kADC16_HardwareAverageCount32 = 3U,
    kADC16_HardwareAverageDisabled = 4U }
    Hardware average mode.

• enum adc16_hardware_compare_mode_t {
    kADC16_HardwareCompareMode0 = 0U,
    kADC16_HardwareCompareMode1 = 1U,
    kADC16_HardwareCompareMode2 = 2U,
    kADC16_HardwareCompareMode3 = 3U }
    Hardware compare mode.
```

### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_ADC16\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0))

ADC16 driver version 2.0.0.

### Initialization

- void ADC16\_Init (ADC\_Type \*base, const adc16\_config\_t \*config)

  Initializes the ADC16 module.
- void ADC16\_Deinit (ADC\_Type \*base)

De-initializes the ADC16 module.

void ADC16\_GetDefaultConfig (adc16\_config\_t \*config)

*Gets an available pre-defined settings for the converter's configuration.* 

status\_t ADC16\_DoAutoCalibration (ADC\_Type \*base)

Automates the hardware calibration.

• static void ADC16\_SetOffsetValue (ADC\_Type \*base, int16\_t value)

Sets the offset value for the conversion result.

## **Advanced Features**

• static void ADC16\_EnableDMA (ADC\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables generating the DMA trigger when the conversion is complete.

• static void ADC16\_EnableHardwareTrigger (ADC\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables the hardware trigger mode.

- void ADC16\_SetChannelMuxMode (ADC\_Type \*base, adc16\_channel\_mux\_mode\_t mode) Sets the channel mux mode.
- void ADC16\_SetHardwareCompareConfig (ADC\_Type \*base, const adc16\_hardware\_compare\_config\_t \*config\_t

Configures the hardware compare mode.

- void ADC16\_SetHardwareAverage (ADC\_Type \*base, adc16\_hardware\_average\_mode\_t mode)

  Sets the hardware average mode.
- uint32\_t ADC16\_GetStatusFlags (ADC\_Type \*base)

Gets the status flags of the converter.

void ADC16\_ClearStatusFlags (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Clears the status flags of the converter.

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## **Conversion Channel**

void ADC16\_SetChannelConfig (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channelGroup, const adc16\_channel\_config\_t \*config\_t

Configures the conversion channel.

- static uint32\_t ADC16\_GetChannelConversionValue (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channelGroup) Gets the conversion value.
- uint32\_t ADC16\_GetChannelStatusFlags (ADC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channelGroup) Gets the status flags of channel.

## 5.3 Data Structure Documentation

# 5.3.1 struct adc16\_config\_t

### **Data Fields**

• adc16\_reference\_voltage\_source\_t referenceVoltageSource

Select the reference voltage source.

adc16\_clock\_source\_t clockSource

Select the input clock source to converter.

• bool enableAsynchronousClock

Enable the asynchronous clock output.

• adc16\_clock\_divider\_t clockDivider

Select the divider of input clock source.

• adc16 resolution t resolution

Select the sample resolution mode.

• adc16\_long\_sample\_mode\_t longSampleMode

Select the long sample mode.

bool enableHighSpeed

Enable the high-speed mode.

• bool enableLowPower

Enable low power.

• bool enableContinuousConversion

Enable continuous conversion mode.

### **Data Structure Documentation**

### 5.3.1.0.0.1 Field Documentation

- 5.3.1.0.0.1.1 adc16\_reference\_voltage\_source\_t adc16\_config\_t::referenceVoltageSource
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.2 adc16\_clock\_source\_t adc16 config t::clockSource
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.3 bool adc16\_config\_t::enableAsynchronousClock
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.4 adc16 clock divider t adc16 config t::clockDivider
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.5 adc16\_resolution\_t adc16\_config\_t::resolution
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.6 adc16\_long\_sample\_mode\_t adc16\_config\_t::longSampleMode
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.7 bool adc16\_config\_t::enableHighSpeed
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.8 bool adc16 config t::enableLowPower
- 5.3.1.0.0.1.9 bool adc16 config t::enableContinuousConversion
- 5.3.2 struct adc16 hardware compare config t

## **Data Fields**

- adc16\_hardware\_compare\_mode\_t hardwareCompareMode Select the hardware compare mode.
- int16 t value1

Setting value1 for hardware compare mode.

• int16\_t value2

Setting value2 for hardware compare mode.

## 5.3.2.0.0.2 Field Documentation

# 5.3.2.0.0.2.1 adc16\_hardware\_compare\_mode\_t adc16\_hardware\_compare\_config\_t::hardware-CompareMode

See "adc16\_hardware\_compare\_mode\_t".

- 5.3.2.0.0.2.2 int16\_t adc16\_hardware\_compare\_config\_t::value1
- 5.3.2.0.0.2.3 int16\_t adc16\_hardware\_compare\_config\_t::value2
- 5.3.3 struct adc16\_channel\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- uint32\_t channelNumber
  - Setting the conversion channel number.
- bool enableInterruptOnConversionCompleted

## **Enumeration Type Documentation**

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Generate an interrupt request once the conversion is completed.

• bool enableDifferentialConversion

Using Differential sample mode.

#### 5.3.3.0.0.3 Field Documentation

## 5.3.3.0.0.3.1 uint32\_t adc16\_channel\_config\_t::channelNumber

The available range is 0-31. See channel connection information for each chip in Reference Manual document.

5.3.3.0.0.3.2 bool adc16 channel config t::enableInterruptOnConversionCompleted

5.3.3.0.0.3.3 bool adc16 channel config t::enableDifferentialConversion

- 5.4 **Macro Definition Documentation**
- 5.4.1 #define FSL ADC16 DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0))
- 5.5 **Enumeration Type Documentation**
- 5.5.1 enum adc16 channel status flags

Enumerator

kADC16\_ChannelConversionDoneFlag Conversion done.

# 5.5.2 enum \_adc16\_status\_flags

Enumerator

*kADC16\_ActiveFlag* Converter is active. *kADC16\_CalibrationFailedFlag* Calibration is failed.

# 5.5.3 enum adc16 channel mux mode t

For some ADC16 channels, there are two pin selections in channel multiplexer. For example, ADC0 SE4a and ADC0 SE4b are the different channels that share the same channel number.

Enumerator

kADC16 ChannelMuxA For channel with channel mux a. **kADC16** ChannelMuxB For channel with channel mux b.

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## **Enumeration Type Documentation**

# 5.5.4 enum adc16\_clock\_divider\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kADC16_ClockDivider1 For divider 1 from the input clock to the module.
    kADC16_ClockDivider2 For divider 2 from the input clock to the module.
    kADC16_ClockDivider4 For divider 4 from the input clock to the module.
    kADC16_ClockDivider8 For divider 8 from the input clock to the module.
```

# 5.5.5 enum adc16\_resolution\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kADC16_Resolution8or9Bit Single End 8-bit or Differential Sample 9-bit.
kADC16_Resolution12or13Bit Single End 12-bit or Differential Sample 13-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionSE8Bit Single End 10-bit or Differential Sample 11-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionSE12Bit Single End 8-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionSE10Bit Single End 10-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionDF9Bit Differential Sample 9-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionDF13Bit Differential Sample 13-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionDF11Bit Differential Sample 11-bit.
kADC16_Resolution16Bit Single End 16-bit or Differential Sample 16-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionSE16Bit Single End 16-bit.
kADC16_ResolutionDF11Bit Differential Sample 16-bit.
```

# 5.5.6 enum adc16\_clock\_source\_t

## Enumerator

```
    kADC16_ClockSourceAlt0 Selection 0 of the clock source.
    kADC16_ClockSourceAlt1 Selection 1 of the clock source.
    kADC16_ClockSourceAlt2 Selection 2 of the clock source.
    kADC16_ClockSourceAlt3 Selection 3 of the clock source.
    kADC16_ClockSourceAsynchronousClock Using internal asynchronous clock.
```

# 5.5.7 enum adc16\_long\_sample\_mode\_t

### Enumerator

```
kADC16_LongSampleCycle24 20 extra ADCK cycles, 24 ADCK cycles total.kADC16_LongSampleCycle16 12 extra ADCK cycles, 16 ADCK cycles total.
```

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kADC16\_LongSampleCycle10 6 extra ADCK cycles, 10 ADCK cycles total.
 kADC16\_LongSampleCycle6 2 extra ADCK cycles, 6 ADCK cycles total.
 kADC16\_LongSampleDisabled Disable the long sample feature.

# 5.5.8 enum adc16\_reference\_voltage\_source\_t

#### Enumerator

*kADC16\_ReferenceVoltageSourceVref* For external pins pair of VrefH and VrefL. *kADC16\_ReferenceVoltageSourceValt* For alternate reference pair of ValtH and ValtL.

# 5.5.9 enum adc16\_hardware\_average\_mode\_t

### Enumerator

kADC16\_HardwareAverageCount4
 For hardware average with 4 samples.
 kADC16\_HardwareAverageCount16
 For hardware average with 8 samples.
 kADC16\_HardwareAverageCount16
 For hardware average with 16 samples.
 kADC16\_HardwareAverageCount32
 For hardware average with 32 samples.
 kADC16\_HardwareAverageDisabled
 Disable the hardware average feature.

# 5.5.10 enum adc16\_hardware\_compare\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kADC16_HardwareCompareMode0  x < value1.
kADC16_HardwareCompareMode1  x > value1.
kADC16_HardwareCompareMode2  if value1 <= value2, then x < value1 || x > value2; else,
    value1 > x > value2.
kADC16_HardwareCompareMode3  if value1 <= value2, then value1 <= x <= value2; else x >=
    value1 || x <= value2.</pre>
```

#### 5.6 Function Documentation

# 5.6.1 void ADC16\_Init ( ADC\_Type \* base, const adc16\_config\_t \* config )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ADC16 peripheral base address.                            |
|--------|---|
| config | Pointer to configuration structure. See "adc16_config_t". |

# 5.6.2 void ADC16\_Deinit ( ADC\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base ADC16 peripheral base address. |
|-------------------------------------|
|-------------------------------------|

# 5.6.3 void ADC16\_GetDefaultConfig ( adc16\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the converter configuration structure with available settings. The default values are as follows.

### **Parameters**

| config |
|--------|
|--------|

# 5.6.4 status\_t ADC16\_DoAutoCalibration ( ADC\_Type \* base )

This auto calibration helps to adjust the plus/minus side gain automatically. Execute the calibration before using the converter. Note that the hardware trigger should be used during the calibration.

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#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC16 peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

### Returns

Execution status.

### Return values

| kStatus_Success | Calibration is done successfully. |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| kStatus_Fail    | Calibration has failed.           |

# 5.6.5 static void ADC16\_SetOffsetValue ( ADC\_Type \* base, int16\_t value ) [inline], [static]

This offset value takes effect on the conversion result. If the offset value is not zero, the reading result is subtracted by it. Note, the hardware calibration fills the offset value automatically.

### Parameters

| base  | ADC16 peripheral base address. |
|-------|--------------------------------|
| value | Setting offset value.          |

# 5.6.6 static void ADC16\_EnableDMA ( ADC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

### **Parameters**

| base   | ADC16 peripheral base address.  |
|--------|---|
| enable | Switcher of the DMA feature. "true" means enabled, "false" means not enabled. |

# 5.6.7 static void ADC16\_EnableHardwareTrigger ( ADC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ADC16 peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| enable | Switcher of the hardware trigger feature. "true" means enabled, "false" means not enabled. |

# 5.6.8 void ADC16\_SetChannelMuxMode ( ADC\_Type \* base, adc16\_channel\_mux\_mode\_t mode )

Some sample pins share the same channel index. The channel mux mode decides which pin is used for an indicated channel.

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC16 peripheral base address.                            |
|------|---|
| mode | Setting channel mux mode. See "adc16_channel_mux_mode_t". |

# 5.6.9 void ADC16\_SetHardwareCompareConfig ( ADC\_Type \* base, const adc16\_hardware\_compare\_config\_t \* config\_)

The hardware compare mode provides a way to process the conversion result automatically by using hardware. Only the result in the compare range is available. To compare the range, see "adc16\_hardware\_compare\_mode\_t" or the appropriate reference manual for more information.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | ADC16 peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to the "adc16_hardware_compare_config_t" structure. Passing "NULL" disables the feature. |

# 5.6.10 void ADC16\_SetHardwareAverage ( ADC\_Type \* base, adc16\_hardware\_average\_mode\_t mode )

The hardware average mode provides a way to process the conversion result automatically by using hardware. The multiple conversion results are accumulated and averaged internally making them easier to read.

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC16 peripheral base address.  |
|------|---|
| mode | Setting the hardware average mode. See "adc16_hardware_average_mode_t". |

# 5.6.11 uint32 t ADC16 GetStatusFlags ( ADC Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC16 peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

### Returns

Flags' mask if indicated flags are asserted. See "\_adc16\_status\_flags".

# 5.6.12 void ADC16\_ClearStatusFlags ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

#### **Parameters**

| base | ADC16 peripheral base address.                               |
|------|--|
| mask | Mask value for the cleared flags. See "_adc16_status_flags". |

# 5.6.13 void ADC16\_SetChannelConfig ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channelGroup, const adc16\_channel\_config\_t \* config\_)

This operation triggers the conversion when in software trigger mode. When in hardware trigger mode, this API configures the channel while the external trigger source helps to trigger the conversion.

Note that the "Channel Group" has a detailed description. To allow sequential conversions of the ADC to be triggered by internal peripherals, the ADC has more than one group of status and control registers, one for each conversion. The channel group parameter indicates which group of registers are used, for example, channel group 0 is for Group A registers and channel group 1 is for Group B registers. The channel groups are used in a "ping-pong" approach to control the ADC operation. At any point, only one of the channel groups is actively controlling ADC conversions. The channel group 0 is used for both software and hardware trigger modes. Channel group 1 and greater indicates multiple channel group registers for use only in hardware trigger mode. See the chip configuration information in the appropriate MCU reference manual for the number of SC1n registers (channel groups) specific to this device. Channel group 1 or greater are not used for software trigger operation. Therefore, writing to these channel groups does not initiate a new conversion. Updating the channel group 0 while a different channel group is

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actively controlling a conversion is allowed and vice versa. Writing any of the channel group registers while that specific channel group is actively controlling a conversion aborts the current conversion.

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#### **Parameters**

| base         | ADC16 peripheral base address.  |
|--------------|---|
| channelGroup | Channel group index.  |
| config       | Pointer to the "adc16_channel_config_t" structure for the conversion channel. |

# 5.6.14 static uint32\_t ADC16\_GetChannelConversionValue ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channelGroup ) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base         | ADC16 peripheral base address. |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| channelGroup | Channel group index.           |

## Returns

Conversion value.

# 5.6.15 uint32\_t ADC16\_GetChannelStatusFlags ( ADC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channelGroup )

#### **Parameters**

| base         | ADC16 peripheral base address. |
|--------------|--------------------------------|
| channelGroup | Channel group index.           |

### Returns

Flags' mask if indicated flags are asserted. See "\_adc16\_channel\_status\_flags".

# Chapter 6 CMP: Analog Comparator Driver

## 6.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Analog Comparator (CMP) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

The CMP driver is a basic comparator with advanced features. The APIs for the basic comparator enable the CMP to compare the two voltages of the two input channels and create the output of the comparator result. The APIs for advanced features can be used as the plug-in functions based on the basic comparator. They can process the comparator's output with hardware support.

# 6.2 Typical use case

# **6.2.1 Polling Configuration**

```
int main (void)
    cmp_config_t mCmpConfigStruct;
    cmp_dac_config_t mCmpDacConfigStruct;
    // Configures the comparator.
    CMP_Init (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE);
    CMP_GetDefaultConfig(&mCmpConfigStruct);
    CMP_Configure (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, &mCmpConfigStruct);
    // Configures the DAC channel.
   mCmpDacConfigStruct.referenceVoltageSource =
     kCMP_VrefSourceVin2; // VCC.
    mCmpDacConfigStruct.DACValue = 32U; // Half voltage of logic high-level.
    CMP_SetDACConfig(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, &mCmpDacConfigStruct);
    CMP_SetInputChannels (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, DEMO_CMP_USER_CHANNEL, DEMO_CMP_DAC_CHANNEL
     );
    while (1)
        if (OU != (kCMP_OutputAssertEventFlag &
      CMP_GetStatusFlags(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE)))
        {
            // Do something.
        }
       else
            // Do something.
```

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# Typical use case

# 6.2.2 Interrupt Configuration

```
volatile uint32_t g_CmpFlags = 0U;
// ...
void DEMO_CMP_IRQ_HANDLER_FUNC(void)
    g_CmpFlags = CMP_GetStatusFlags(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE);
    CMP_ClearStatusFlags(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, kCMP_OutputRisingEventFlag |
     kCMP_OutputFallingEventFlag);
    if (OU != (g_CmpFlags & kCMP_OutputRisingEventFlag))
        // Do something.
    else if (OU != (g_CmpFlags & kCMP_OutputFallingEventFlag))
        // Do something.
int main(void)
    cmp_config_t mCmpConfigStruct;
    cmp_dac_config_t mCmpDacConfigStruct;
    EnableIRQ(DEMO_CMP_IRQ_ID);
    // Configures the comparator.
    CMP_Init (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE);
    CMP_GetDefaultConfig(&mCmpConfigStruct);
    CMP_Configure (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, &mCmpConfigStruct);
    // Configures the DAC channel.
    mCmpDacConfigStruct.referenceVoltageSource =
     kCMP_VrefSourceVin2; // VCC.
    mCmpDacConfigStruct.DACValue = 32U; // Half voltage of logic high-level.
    CMP_SetDACConfig(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, &mCmpDacConfigStruct);
    CMP_SetInputChannels(DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE, DEMO_CMP_USER_CHANNEL, DEMO_CMP_DAC_CHANNEL
     );
    // Enables the output rising and falling interrupts.
    CMP_EnableInterrupts (DEMO_CMP_INSTANCE,
      kCMP_OutputRisingInterruptEnable |
      kCMP_OutputFallingInterruptEnable);
    while (1)
```

## **Data Structures**

```
    struct cmp_config_t
        Configures the comparator. More...
    struct cmp_filter_config_t
        Configures the filter. More...
    struct cmp_dac_config_t
```

Configures the internal DAC. More...

## **Enumerations**

```
enum _cmp_interrupt_enable {
 kCMP OutputRisingInterruptEnable = CMP SCR IER MASK,
 kCMP OutputFallingInterruptEnable = CMP SCR IEF MASK }
    Interrupt enable/disable mask.
enum _cmp_status_flags {
 kCMP_OutputRisingEventFlag = CMP_SCR_CFR_MASK,
 kCMP OutputFallingEventFlag = CMP SCR CFF MASK,
 kCMP_OutputAssertEventFlag = CMP_SCR_COUT_MASK }
    Status flags' mask.
enum cmp_hysteresis_mode_t {
  kCMP HysteresisLevel0 = 0U,
 kCMP HysteresisLevel1 = 1U,
 kCMP_HysteresisLevel2 = 2U,
 kCMP_HysteresisLevel3 = 3U }
    CMP Hysteresis mode.
enum cmp_reference_voltage_source_t {
 kCMP_VrefSourceVin1 = 0U,
 kCMP VrefSourceVin2 = 1U }
    CMP Voltage Reference source.
```

## **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_CMP\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) CMP driver version 2.0.0.

## Initialization

- void CMP\_Init (CMP\_Type \*base, const cmp\_config\_t \*config)

  Initializes the CMP.
- void CMP\_Deinit (CMP\_Type \*base)

De-initializes the CMP module.

• static void CMP\_Enable (CMP\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables/disables the CMP module.

• void CMP\_GetDefaultConfig (cmp\_config\_t \*config)

Initializes the CMP user configuration structure.

• void CMP\_SetInputChannels (CMP\_Type \*base, uint8\_t positiveChannel, uint8\_t negativeChannel) Sets the input channels for the comparator.

## **Advanced Features**

• void CMP\_EnableDMA (CMP\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables/disables the DMA request for rising/falling events.

• static void CMP\_EnableWindowMode (CMP\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables/disables the window mode.

- static void CMP\_EnablePassThroughMode (CMP\_Type \*base, bool enable)
- Enables/disables the pass through mode.
   void CMP\_SetFilterConfig (CMP\_Type \*base, const cmp\_filter\_config\_t \*config)
   Configures the filter.

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### **Data Structure Documentation**

- void CMP\_SetDACConfig (CMP\_Type \*base, const cmp\_dac\_config\_t \*config) Configures the internal DAC.
- void CMP\_EnableInterrupts (CMP\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Enables the interrupts.

• void CMP\_DisableInterrupts (CMP\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Disables the interrupts.

# Results

• uint32\_t CMP\_GetStatusFlags (CMP\_Type \*base)

Gets the status flags.

• void CMP\_ClearStatusFlags (CMP\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Clears the status flags.

# 6.3 Data Structure Documentation

# 6.3.1 struct cmp\_config\_t

### **Data Fields**

bool enableCmp

Enable the CMP module.

• cmp\_hysteresis\_mode\_t hysteresisMode

CMP Hysteresis mode.

bool enableHighSpeed

Enable High-speed (HS) comparison mode.

bool enableInvertOutput

Enable the inverted comparator output.

• bool useUnfilteredOutput

Set the compare output(COUT) to equal COUTA(true) or COUT(false).

• bool enablePinOut

The comparator output is available on the associated pin.

bool enableTriggerMode

Enable the trigger mode.

#### 6.3.1.0.0.4 Field Documentation

- 6.3.1.0.0.4.1 bool cmp\_config\_t::enableCmp
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.2 cmp\_hysteresis\_mode\_t cmp\_config\_t::hysteresisMode
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.3 bool cmp\_config\_t::enableHighSpeed
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.4 bool cmp config t::enableInvertOutput
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.5 bool cmp\_config\_t::useUnfilteredOutput
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.6 bool cmp config t::enablePinOut
- 6.3.1.0.0.4.7 bool cmp\_config\_t::enableTriggerMode

# 6.3.2 struct cmp\_filter\_config\_t

### **Data Fields**

- bool enableSample
  - Using the external SAMPLE as a sampling clock input or using a divided bus clock.
- uint8 t filterCount
  - Filter Sample Count.
- uint8 t filterPeriod

Filter Sample Period.

#### 6.3.2.0.0.5 Field Documentation

- 6.3.2.0.0.5.1 bool cmp filter config t::enableSample
- 6.3.2.0.0.5.2 uint8 t cmp filter config t::filterCount

Available range is 1-7; 0 disables the filter.

## 6.3.2.0.0.5.3 uint8 t cmp filter config t::filterPeriod

The divider to the bus clock. Available range is 0-255.

## 6.3.3 struct cmp dac config t

### **Data Fields**

- cmp\_reference\_voltage\_source\_t referenceVoltageSource
  - Supply voltage reference source.
- uint8\_t DACValue

Value for the DAC Output Voltage.

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## **Enumeration Type Documentation**

#### 6.3.3.0.0.6 Field Documentation

6.3.3.0.0.6.1 cmp\_reference\_voltage\_source\_t cmp\_dac\_config\_t::referenceVoltageSource

6.3.3.0.0.6.2 uint8\_t cmp\_dac\_config\_t::DACValue

Available range is 0-63.

### 6.4 Macro Definition Documentation

6.4.1 #define FSL\_CMP\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0))

# 6.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

6.5.1 enum \_cmp\_interrupt\_enable

#### Enumerator

*kCMP\_OutputRisingInterruptEnable* Comparator interrupt enable rising. *kCMP\_OutputFallingInterruptEnable* Comparator interrupt enable falling.

# 6.5.2 enum \_cmp\_status\_flags

#### Enumerator

kCMP\_OutputRisingEventFlagkCMP\_OutputFallingEventFlagkCMP\_OutputAssertEventFlagReturn the current value of the analog comparator output.

# 6.5.3 enum cmp\_hysteresis\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kCMP_HysteresisLevel0 Hysteresis level 0.
    kCMP_HysteresisLevel1 Hysteresis level 1.
    kCMP_HysteresisLevel2 Hysteresis level 2.
    kCMP_HysteresisLevel3 Hysteresis level 3.
```

# 6.5.4 enum cmp\_reference\_voltage\_source\_t

### Enumerator

kCMP\_VrefSourceVin1 Vin1 is selected as a resistor ladder network supply reference Vin.kCMP\_VrefSourceVin2 Vin2 is selected as a resistor ladder network supply reference Vin.

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# 6.6 Function Documentation

# 6.6.1 void CMP Init ( CMP Type \* base, const cmp\_config\_t \* config\_)

This function initializes the CMP module. The operations included are as follows.

- Enabling the clock for CMP module.
- Configuring the comparator.
- Enabling the CMP module. Note that for some devices, multiple CMP instances share the same clock gate. In this case, to enable the clock for any instance enables all CMPs. See the appropriate MCU reference manual for the clock assignment of the CMP.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | CMP peripheral base address.            |
|--------|---|
| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. |

# 6.6.2 void CMP Deinit ( CMP Type \* base )

This function de-initializes the CMP module. The operations included are as follows.

- Disabling the CMP module.
- Disabling the clock for CMP module.

This function disables the clock for the CMP. Note that for some devices, multiple CMP instances share the same clock gate. In this case, before disabling the clock for the CMP, ensure that all the CMP instances are not used.

#### **Parameters**

| base | CMP peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

# 6.6.3 static void CMP\_Enable ( CMP\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | CMP peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|

```
enable Enables or disables the module.
```

# 6.6.4 void CMP\_GetDefaultConfig ( cmp\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the user configuration structure to these default values.

```
* config->enableCmp = true;
* config->hysteresisMode = kCMP_HysteresisLevel0;
* config->enableHighSpeed = false;
* config->enableInvertOutput = false;
* config->useUnfilteredOutput = false;
* config->enablePinOut = false;
* config->enableTriggerMode = false;
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

# 6.6.5 void CMP\_SetInputChannels ( CMP\_Type \* base, uint8\_t positiveChannel, uint8\_t negativeChannel )

This function sets the input channels for the comparator. Note that two input channels cannot be set the same way in the application. When the user selects the same input from the analog mux to the positive and negative port, the comparator is disabled automatically.

## Parameters

| base                 | CMP peripheral base address.                                |
|----------------------|---|
| positive-<br>Channel | Positive side input channel number. Available range is 0-7. |
| negative-<br>Channel | Negative side input channel number. Available range is 0-7. |

# 6.6.6 void CMP\_EnableDMA ( CMP\_Type \* base, bool enable )

This function enables/disables the DMA request for rising/falling events. Either event triggers the generation of the DMA request from CMP if the DMA feature is enabled. Both events are ignored for generating the DMA request from the CMP if the DMA is disabled.

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | CMP peripheral base address.     |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| enable | Enables or disables the feature. |

# 6.6.7 static void CMP\_EnableWindowMode ( CMP\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

### **Parameters**

| base   | CMP peripheral base address.     |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| enable | Enables or disables the feature. |

# 6.6.8 static void CMP\_EnablePassThroughMode ( CMP\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

### **Parameters**

| base   | CMP peripheral base address.     |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| enable | Enables or disables the feature. |

# 6.6.9 void CMP\_SetFilterConfig ( CMP\_Type \* base, const cmp\_filter\_config\_t \* config )

### **Parameters**

| base   | CMP peripheral base address.            |
|--------|---|
| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. |

# 6.6.10 void CMP\_SetDACConfig ( CMP\_Type \* base, const cmp\_dac\_config\_t \* config )

### **Parameters**

| base   | CMP peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. "NULL" disables the feature. |

# 6.6.11 void CMP\_EnableInterrupts ( CMP\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

### Parameters

| base | CMP peripheral base address.                            |
|------|---|
| mask | Mask value for interrupts. See "_cmp_interrupt_enable". |

# 6.6.12 void CMP\_DisableInterrupts ( CMP\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

### Parameters

| base | CMP peripheral base address.                            |
|------|---|
| mask | Mask value for interrupts. See "_cmp_interrupt_enable". |

# 6.6.13 uint32\_t CMP\_GetStatusFlags ( CMP\_Type \* base )

## **Parameters**

| base | CMP peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|

### Returns

Mask value for the asserted flags. See "\_cmp\_status\_flags".

# 6.6.14 void CMP\_ClearStatusFlags ( CMP\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

# Parameters

| base | CMP peripheral base address.                       |
|------|--|
| mask | Mask value for the flags. See "_cmp_status_flags". |

# Chapter 7 COP: Watchdog Driver

## 7.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Computer Operating Properly module (COP) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

# 7.2 Typical use case

```
cop_config_t config;
COP_GetDefaultConfig(&config);
config.timeoutCycles = kCOP_2Power8CyclesOr2Power16Cycles;
COP_Init(sim_base,&config);
```

## **Data Structures**

• struct cop\_config\_t

Describes COP configuration structure. More...

## **Enumerations**

```
    enum cop_clock_source_t {
        kCOP_LpoClock = 0U,
        kCOP_BusClock = 3U }
        COP clock source selection.
    enum cop_timeout_cycles_t {
        kCOP_2Power5CyclesOr2Power13Cycles = 1U,
        kCOP_2Power8CyclesOr2Power16Cycles = 2U,
        kCOP_2Power10CyclesOr2Power18Cycles = 3U }
        Define the COP timeout cycles.
```

## **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_COP\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) COP driver version 2.0.0.

# COP refresh sequence.

```
    #define COP_FIRST_BYTE_OF_REFRESH (0x55U)
        First byte of refresh sequence.
    #define COP_SECOND_BYTE_OF_REFRESH (0xAAU)
        Second byte of refresh sequence.
```

## **Enumeration Type Documentation**

# **COP Functional Operation**

void COP\_GetDefaultConfig (cop\_config\_t \*config)

*Initializes the COP configuration structure.* 

• void COP\_Init (SIM\_Type \*base, const cop\_config\_t \*config)

Initializes the COP module.

• static void COP\_Disable (SIM\_Type \*base)

De-initializes the COP module.

• void COP\_Refresh (SIM\_Type \*base)

Refreshes the COP timer.

## 7.3 Data Structure Documentation

## 7.3.1 struct cop\_config\_t

### **Data Fields**

• bool enableWindowMode

COP run mode: window mode or normal mode.

cop\_clock\_source\_t clockSource

Set COP clock source.

• cop\_timeout\_cycles\_t timeoutCycles

Set COP timeout value.

## 7.4 Macro Definition Documentation

# 7.4.1 #define FSL COP DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0))

# 7.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 7.5.1 enum cop\_clock\_source\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kCOP_LpoClock COP clock sourced from LPO.kCOP_BusClock COP clock sourced from Bus clock.
```

# 7.5.2 enum cop\_timeout\_cycles\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kCOP\_2Power5CyclesOr2Power13Cycles 2^5 or 2^13 clock cycles kCOP\_2Power8CyclesOr2Power16Cycles 2^8 or 2^16 clock cycles kCOP\_2Power10CyclesOr2Power18Cycles 2^10 or 2^18 clock cycles
```

# 7.6.1 void COP\_GetDefaultConfig ( cop\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the COP configuration structure to default values. The default values are:

```
* copConfig->enableWindowMode = false;
* copConfig->timeoutMode = kCOP_LongTimeoutMode;
* copConfig->enableStop = false;
* copConfig->enableDebug = false;
* copConfig->clockSource = kCOP_LpoClock;
* copConfig->timeoutCycles = kCOP_2Power10CyclesOr2Power18Cycles;
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the COP configuration structure. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

See Also

cop\_config\_t

# 7.6.2 void COP\_Init( SIM\_Type \* *base,* const cop\_config\_t \* *config* )

This function configures the COP. After it is called, the COP starts running according to the configuration. Because all COP control registers are write-once only, the COP\_Init function and the COP\_Disable function can be called only once. A second call has no effect.

### Example:

```
* cop_config_t config;
* COP_GetDefaultConfig(&config);
* config.timeoutCycles = kCOP_2Power8CyclesOr2Power16Cycles
;
* COP_Init(sim_base,&config);
**
```

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SIM peripheral base address. |
|--------|------------------------------|
| config | The configuration of COP.    |

# 7.6.3 static void COP\_Disable ( SIM\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This dedicated function is not provided. Instead, the COP\_Disable function can be used to disable the COP.

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Disables the COP module.

This function disables the COP Watchdog. Note: The COP configuration register is a write-once after reset. To disable the COP Watchdog, call this function first.

## Parameters

base SIM peripheral base address.

# 7.6.4 void COP\_Refresh ( SIM\_Type \* base )

This function feeds the COP.

**Parameters** 

base SIM peripheral base address.

# **Chapter 8**

# **DAC: Digital-to-Analog Converter Driver**

# 8.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

The DAC driver includes a basic DAC module (converter) and a DAC buffer.

The basic DAC module supports operations unique to the DAC converter in each DAC instance. The APIs in this part are used in the initialization phase, which enables the DAC module in the application. The APIs enable/disable the clock, enable/disable the module, and configure the converter. Call the initial APIs to prepare the DAC module for the application. The DAC buffer operates the DAC hardware buffer. The DAC module supports a hardware buffer to keep a group of DAC values to be converted. This feature supports updating the DAC output value automatically by triggering the buffer read pointer to move in the buffer. Use the APIs to configure the hardware buffer's trigger mode, watermark, work mode, and use size. Additionally, the APIs operate the DMA, interrupts, flags, the pointer (the index of the buffer), item values, and so on.

Note that the most functional features are designed for the DAC hardware buffer.

# 8.2 Typical use case

# 8.2.1 Working as a basic DAC without the hardware buffer feature

```
// ...
// Configures the DAC.
DAC_GetDefaultConfig(&dacConfigStruct);
DAC_Init(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, &dacConfigStruct);
DAC_Enable(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, true);
DAC_SetBufferReadPointer(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, 0U);
// ...
DAC_SetBufferValue(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, 0U, dacValue);
```

# 8.2.2 Working with the hardware buffer

```
// ...
EnableIRQ(DEMO_DAC_IRQ_ID);

// ...

// Configures the DAC.
DAC_GetDefaultConfig(&dacConfigStruct);
DAC_Init(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, &dacConfigStruct);
DAC_Enable(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, true);
```

# Typical use case

```
// Configures the DAC buffer.
   DAC_GetDefaultBufferConfig(&dacBufferConfigStruct);
   DAC_SetBufferConfig(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, &dacBufferConfigStruct);
   DAC_SetBufferReadPointer(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, 0U); // Make sure the read pointer
      to the start.
    for (index = 0U, dacValue = 0; index < DEMO_DAC_USED_BUFFER_SIZE; index++, dacValue += (0xFFFU /
     DEMO_DAC_USED_BUFFER_SIZE))
        DAC_SetBufferValue(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, index, dacValue);
    // Clears flags.
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_DAC_HAS_WATERMARK_DETECTION) && FSL_FEATURE_DAC_HAS_WATERMARK_DETECTION
   g_DacBufferWatermarkInterruptFlag = false;
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_DAC_HAS_WATERMARK_DETECTION
   g_DacBufferReadPointerTopPositionInterruptFlag = false;
   g_DacBufferReadPointerBottomPositionInterruptFlag = false;
   // Enables interrupts.
   mask = 0U;
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_DAC_HAS_WATERMARK_DETECTION) && FSL_FEATURE_DAC_HAS_WATERMARK_DETECTION
   mask |= kDAC_BufferWatermarkInterruptEnable;
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_DAC_HAS_WATERMARK_DETECTION
   mask |= kDAC_BufferReadPointerTopInterruptEnable |
     kDAC_BufferReadPointerBottomInterruptEnable;
   DAC_EnableBuffer(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, true);
   DAC_EnableBufferInterrupts(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, mask);
// ISR for the DAC interrupt.
void DEMO_DAC_IRQ_HANDLER_FUNC(void)
   uint32_t flags = DAC_GetBufferStatusFlags(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE);
#if defined(FSL_FEATURE_DAC_HAS_WATERMARK_DETECTION) && FSL_FEATURE_DAC_HAS_WATERMARK_DETECTION
    if (kDAC_BufferWatermarkFlag == (kDAC_BufferWatermarkFlag & flags))
        q_DacBufferWatermarkInterruptFlag = true;
#endif // FSL_FEATURE_DAC_HAS_WATERMARK_DETECTION
    if (kDAC_BufferReadPointerTopPositionFlag == (
      kDAC_BufferReadPointerTopPositionFlag & flags))
        g_DacBufferReadPointerTopPositionInterruptFlag = true;
    if (kDAC_BufferReadPointerBottomPositionFlag == (
      kDAC_BufferReadPointerBottomPositionFlag & flags))
        q_DacBufferReadPointerBottomPositionInterruptFlag = true;
    DAC_ClearBufferStatusFlags(DEMO_DAC_INSTANCE, flags); /* Clear flags. */
```

## **Data Structures**

- struct dac\_config\_t
  - DAC module configuration. More...
- struct dac\_buffer\_config\_t
  - DAC buffer configuration. More...

# **Enumerations**

enum \_dac\_buffer\_status\_flags {
 kDAC\_BufferReadPointerTopPositionFlag = DAC\_SR\_DACBFRPTF\_MASK,
 kDAC\_BufferReadPointerBottomPositionFlag = DAC\_SR\_DACBFRPBF\_MASK }

```
DAC buffer flags.
• enum dac buffer interrupt enable {
 kDAC_BufferReadPointerTopInterruptEnable = DAC_C0_DACBTIEN_MASK,
 kDAC BufferReadPointerBottomInterruptEnable = DAC C0 DACBBIEN MASK }
    DAC buffer interrupts.
• enum dac reference voltage source t {
 kDAC_ReferenceVoltageSourceVref1 = 0U,
 kDAC ReferenceVoltageSourceVref2 = 1U }
    DAC reference voltage source.
enum dac_buffer_trigger_mode_t {
 kDAC BufferTriggerByHardwareMode = 0U,
 kDAC BufferTriggerBySoftwareMode = 1U }
    DAC buffer trigger mode.
enum dac_buffer_work_mode_t {
 kDAC BufferWorkAsNormalMode = 0U.
 kDAC_BufferWorkAsOneTimeScanMode }
    DAC buffer work mode.
```

# **Driver version**

• #define FSL DAC DRIVER VERSION (MAKE VERSION(2, 0, 1)) DAC driver version 2.0.1.

# Initialization

• void DAC\_Init (DAC\_Type \*base, const dac\_config\_t \*config) Initializes the DAC module. • void DAC\_Deinit (DAC\_Type \*base) De-initializes the DAC module. • void DAC\_GetDefaultConfig (dac\_config\_t \*config) Initializes the DAC user configuration structure. • static void DAC\_Enable (DAC\_Type \*base, bool enable) Enables the DAC module.

## **Buffer**

- static void DAC EnableBuffer (DAC Type \*base, bool enable) Enables the DAC buffer. • void DAC\_SetBufferConfig (DAC\_Type \*base, const dac\_buffer\_config\_t \*config) Configures the CMP buffer. void DAC GetDefaultBufferConfig (dac buffer config t \*config) *Initializes the DAC buffer configuration structure.* • static void DAC\_EnableBufferDMA (DAC\_Type \*base, bool enable) Enables the DMA for DAC buffer. • void DAC SetBufferValue (DAC Type \*base, uint8 t index, uint16 t value) Sets the value for items in the buffer.
- static void DAC\_DoSoftwareTriggerBuffer (DAC\_Type \*base)

Triggers the buffer using software and updates the read pointer of the DAC buffer.

• static uint8 t DAC GetBufferReadPointer (DAC Type \*base)

Gets the current read pointer of the DAC buffer.

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## **Data Structure Documentation**

- void DAC\_SetBufferReadPointer (DAC\_Type \*base, uint8\_t index)

  Sets the current read pointer of the DAC buffer.
- void DAC\_EnableBufferInterrupts (DAC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Enables interrupts for the DAC buffer.
- void DAC\_DisableBufferInterrupts (DAC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Disables interrupts for the DAC buffer.
- uint32\_t DAC\_GetBufferStatusFlags (DAC\_Type \*base)

Gets the flags of events for the DAC buffer.

• void DAC\_ClearBufferStatusFlags (DAC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Clears the flags of events for the DAC buffer.

## 8.3 Data Structure Documentation

# 8.3.1 struct dac\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- dac\_reference\_voltage\_source\_t referenceVoltageSource Select the DAC reference voltage source.
- bool enableLowPowerMode Enable the low-power mode.

#### 8.3.1.0.0.7 Field Documentation

- 8.3.1.0.0.7.1 dac\_reference\_voltage\_source\_t dac\_config\_t::referenceVoltageSource
- 8.3.1.0.0.7.2 bool dac config t::enableLowPowerMode

# 8.3.2 struct dac buffer config t

## **Data Fields**

• dac\_buffer\_trigger\_mode\_t triggerMode

Select the buffer's trigger mode.

dac\_buffer\_work\_mode\_t workMode

Select the buffer's work mode.

• uint8 t upperLimit

Set the upper limit for the buffer index.

#### 8.3.2.0.0.8 Field Documentation

- 8.3.2.0.0.8.1 dac\_buffer\_trigger\_mode\_t dac\_buffer\_config\_t::triggerMode
- 8.3.2.0.0.8.2 dac buffer work mode t dac buffer config t::workMode
- 8.3.2.0.0.8.3 uint8\_t dac\_buffer\_config\_t::upperLimit

Normally, 0-15 is available for a buffer with 16 items.

# 8.4 Macro Definition Documentation

8.4.1 #define FSL\_DAC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1))

# 8.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

8.5.1 enum \_dac\_buffer\_status\_flags

## Enumerator

*kDAC\_BufferReadPointerTopPositionFlag* DAC Buffer Read Pointer Top Position Flag. *kDAC\_BufferReadPointerBottomPositionFlag* DAC Buffer Read Pointer Bottom Position Flag.

# 8.5.2 enum \_dac\_buffer\_interrupt\_enable

#### Enumerator

**kDAC\_BufferReadPointerTopInterruptEnable** DAC Buffer Read Pointer Top Flag Interrupt Enable.

*kDAC\_BufferReadPointerBottomInterruptEnable* DAC Buffer Read Pointer Bottom Flag Interrupt Enable.

# 8.5.3 enum dac\_reference\_voltage\_source\_t

## Enumerator

**kDAC\_ReferenceVoltageSourceVref1** The DAC selects DACREF\_1 as the reference voltage. **kDAC\_ReferenceVoltageSourceVref2** The DAC selects DACREF\_2 as the reference voltage.

# 8.5.4 enum dac\_buffer\_trigger\_mode\_t

# Enumerator

*kDAC\_BufferTriggerByHardwareMode* The DAC hardware trigger is selected. *kDAC\_BufferTriggerBySoftwareMode* The DAC software trigger is selected.

# 8.5.5 enum dac\_buffer\_work\_mode\_t

## Enumerator

kDAC\_BufferWorkAsNormalMode Normal mode.kDAC\_BufferWorkAsOneTimeScanMode One-Time Scan mode.

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# 8.6 Function Documentation

# 8.6.1 void DAC\_Init ( DAC\_Type \* base, const dac\_config\_t \* config\_)

This function initializes the DAC module including the following operations.

- Enabling the clock for DAC module.
- Configuring the DAC converter with a user configuration.
- Enabling the DAC module.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | DAC peripheral base address.                                |
|--------|---|
| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. See "dac_config_t". |

# 8.6.2 void DAC\_Deinit ( DAC\_Type \* base )

This function de-initializes the DAC module including the following operations.

- Disabling the DAC module.
- Disabling the clock for the DAC module.

#### **Parameters**

| _ |      |                              |
|---|------|------------------------------|
|   | base | DAC peripheral base address. |

# 8.6.3 void DAC\_GetDefaultConfig ( dac\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the user configuration structure to a default value. The default values are as follows.

```
* config->referenceVoltageSource = kDAC_ReferenceVoltageSourceVref2;
* config->enableLowPowerMode = false;
*
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. See "dac_config_t". |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

# 8.6.4 static void DAC\_Enable ( DAC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | DAC peripheral base address.     |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| enable | Enables or disables the feature. |

# 8.6.5 static void DAC\_EnableBuffer ( DAC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | DAC peripheral base address.     |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| enable | Enables or disables the feature. |

# 8.6.6 void DAC\_SetBufferConfig ( DAC\_Type \* base, const dac\_buffer\_config\_t \* config )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | DAC peripheral base address.                                       |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. See "dac_buffer_config_t". |

# 8.6.7 void DAC\_GetDefaultBufferConfig ( dac\_buffer\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the DAC buffer configuration structure to default values. The default values are as follows.

```
* config->triggerMode = kDAC_BufferTriggerBySoftwareMode;
* config->watermark = kDAC_BufferWatermarklWord;
* config->workMode = kDAC_BufferWorkAsNormalMode;
* config->upperLimit = DAC_DATL_COUNT - 1U;
*
```

#### **Parameters**

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| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. See "dac_buffer_config_t". |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

# 8.6.8 static void DAC\_EnableBufferDMA ( DAC\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | DAC peripheral base address.     |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| enable | Enables or disables the feature. |

# 8.6.9 void DAC\_SetBufferValue ( DAC\_Type \* base, uint8\_t index, uint16\_t value )

#### **Parameters**

| base  | DAC peripheral base address.   |
|-------|--|
| index | Setting the index for items in the buffer. The available index should not exceed the size of the DAC buffer. |
| value | Setting the value for items in the buffer. 12-bits are available.  |

# 8.6.10 static void DAC\_DoSoftwareTriggerBuffer( DAC\_Type \* base) [inline], [static]

This function triggers the function using software. The read pointer of the DAC buffer is updated with one step after this function is called. Changing the read pointer depends on the buffer's work mode.

# **Parameters**

| base | DAC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|

# 8.6.11 static uint8\_t DAC\_GetBufferReadPointer( DAC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function gets the current read pointer of the DAC buffer. The current output value depends on the item indexed by the read pointer. It is updated either by a software trigger or a hardware trigger.

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#### **Parameters**

| base | DAC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

## Returns

The current read pointer of the DAC buffer.

# 8.6.12 void DAC\_SetBufferReadPointer ( DAC\_Type \* base, uint8\_t index )

This function sets the current read pointer of the DAC buffer. The current output value depends on the item indexed by the read pointer. It is updated either by a software trigger or a hardware trigger. After the read pointer changes, the DAC output value also changes.

#### **Parameters**

| base  | DAC peripheral base address.            |
|-------|---|
| index | Setting an index value for the pointer. |

# 8.6.13 void DAC\_EnableBufferInterrupts ( DAC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

## **Parameters**

| base | DAC peripheral base address.                                   |
|------|--|
| mask | Mask value for interrupts. See "_dac_buffer_interrupt_enable". |

# 8.6.14 void DAC\_DisableBufferInterrupts ( DAC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

# **Parameters**

| base | DAC peripheral base address.                                   |
|------|--|
| mask | Mask value for interrupts. See "_dac_buffer_interrupt_enable". |

# 8.6.15 uint32\_t DAC\_GetBufferStatusFlags ( DAC\_Type \* base )

# Parameters

| base | DAC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

# Returns

Mask value for the asserted flags. See "\_dac\_buffer\_status\_flags".

# 8.6.16 void DAC\_ClearBufferStatusFlags ( DAC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

# Parameters

| base | DAC peripheral base address.                            |
|------|---|
| mask | Mask value for flags. See "_dac_buffer_status_flags_t". |

# Chapter 9

# **DMA: Direct Memory Access Controller Driver**

# 9.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Direct Memory Access (DMA) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

# 9.2 Typical use case

# 9.2.1 DMA Operation

## **Data Structures**

- struct dma\_transfer\_config\_t
  - DMA transfer configuration structure. More...
- struct dma\_channel\_link\_config\_t
  - DMA transfer configuration structure. More...
- struct dma\_handle\_t
  - DMA DMA handle structure. More...

# **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* dma\_callback )(struct \_dma\_handle \*handle, void \*userData)

Callback function prototype for the DMA driver.

# **Enumerations**

```
    enum _dma_channel_status_flags {
    kDMA_TransactionsBCRFlag = DMA_DSR_BCR_BCR_MASK,
    kDMA_TransactionsDoneFlag = DMA_DSR_BCR_DONE_MASK,
    kDMA_TransactionsBusyFlag = DMA_DSR_BCR_BSY_MASK,
    kDMA_TransactionsRequestFlag = DMA_DSR_BCR_REQ_MASK,
    kDMA_BusErrorOnDestinationFlag = DMA_DSR_BCR_BED_MASK,
    kDMA_BusErrorOnSourceFlag = DMA_DSR_BCR_BES_MASK,
```

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# Typical use case

```
kDMA ConfigurationErrorFlag = DMA DSR BCR CE MASK }
    status flag for the DMA driver.
enum dma_transfer_size_t {
 kDMA Transfersize 32 bits = 0x0U,
 kDMA_Transfersize8bits,
 kDMA Transfersize16bits }
    DMA transfer size type.
enum dma_modulo_t {
  kDMA\_ModuloDisable = 0x0U,
 kDMA_Modulo16Bytes,
 kDMA_Modulo32Bytes,
 kDMA_Modulo64Bytes,
 kDMA_Modulo128Bytes,
 kDMA_Modulo256Bytes,
 kDMA_Modulo512Bytes,
 kDMA_Modulo1KBytes,
 kDMA_Modulo2KBytes,
 kDMA Modulo4KBytes,
 kDMA_Modulo8KBytes,
 kDMA_Modulo16KBytes,
 kDMA Modulo32KBytes,
 kDMA_Modulo64KBytes,
 kDMA_Modulo128KBytes,
 kDMA Modulo256KBytes }
    Configuration type for the DMA modulo.
enum dma_channel_link_type_t {
  kDMA ChannelLinkDisable = 0x0U,
 kDMA_ChannelLinkChannel1AndChannel2,
 kDMA_ChannelLinkChannel1,
 kDMA_ChannelLinkChannel1AfterBCR0 }
    DMA channel link type.
enum dma_transfer_type_t {
 kDMA\_MemoryToMemory = 0x0U,
 kDMA PeripheralToMemory,
 kDMA_MemoryToPeripheral }
    DMA transfer type.
• enum dma_transfer_options_t {
  kDMA_NoOptions = 0x0U,
 kDMA EnableInterrupt }
    DMA transfer options.
• enum _dma_transfer_status
    DMA transfer status.
```

## **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_DMA\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1))

DMA driver version 2.0.1.

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# **DMA Initialization and De-initialization**

- void DMA\_Init (DMA\_Type \*base)

  Initializes the DMA peripheral.
- void DMA\_Deinit (DMA\_Type \*base)

Deinitializes the DMA peripheral.

# **DMA Channel Operation**

- void DMA\_ResetChannel (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

  \*Resets the DMA channel.
- void DMA\_SetTransferConfig (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, const dma\_transfer\_config\_t \*config)

Configures the DMA transfer attribute.

void DMA\_SetChannelLinkConfig (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, const dma\_channel\_link\_config\_t \*config\_t

Configures the DMA channel link feature.

- static void DMA\_SetSourceAddress (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t srcAddr)

  Sets the DMA source address for the DMA transfer.
- static void DMA\_SetDestinationAddress (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t destAddr)

  Sets the DMA destination address for the DMA transfer.
- static void DMA\_SetTransferSize (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t size)

  Sets the DMA transfer size for the DMA transfer.
- void DMA\_SetModulo (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, dma\_modulo\_t srcModulo, dma\_modulo t destModulo)

Sets the DMA modulo for the DMA transfer.

- static void DMA\_EnableCycleSteal (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, bool enable) Enables the DMA cycle steal for the DMA transfer.
- static void DMA\_EnableAutoAlign (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, bool enable) Enables the DMA auto align for the DMA transfer.
- static void DMA\_EnableAsyncRequest (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, bool enable) Enables the DMA async request for the DMA transfer.
- static void DMA\_EnableInterrupts (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

Enables an interrupt for the DMA transfer.

• static void DMA\_DisableInterrupts (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

Disables an interrupt for the DMA transfer.

# **DMA Channel Transfer Operation**

- static void DMA\_EnableChannelRequest (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Enables the DMA hardware channel request.
- static void DMA\_DisableChannelRequest (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Disables the DMA hardware channel request.
- static void DMA\_TriggerChannelStart (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Starts the DMA transfer with a software trigger.

# **DMA Channel Status Operation**

- static uint32\_t DMA\_GetRemainingBytes (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Gets the remaining bytes of the current DMA transfer.
- static uint32\_t DMA\_GetChannelStatusFlags (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

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## **Data Structure Documentation**

Gets the DMA channel status flags.

• static void DMA\_ClearChannelStatusFlags (DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t mask) Clears the DMA channel status flags.

# **DMA Channel Transactional Operation**

- void DMA\_CreateHandle (dma\_handle\_t \*handle, DMA\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Creates the DMA handle.
- void DMA\_SetCallback (dma\_handle\_t \*handle, dma\_callback callback, void \*userData) Sets the DMA callback function.
- void DMA\_PrepareTransfer (dma\_transfer\_config\_t \*config, void \*srcAddr, uint32\_t srcWidth, void \*destAddr, uint32\_t destWidth, uint32\_t transferBytes, dma\_transfer\_type\_t type)

  Prepares the DMA transfer configuration structure.
- status\_t DMA\_SubmitTransfer (dma\_handle\_t \*handle, const dma\_transfer\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t options)

Submits the DMA transfer request.

• static void DMA\_StartTransfer (dma\_handle\_t \*handle)

DMA starts a transfer.

• static void DMA\_StopTransfer (dma\_handle\_t \*handle)

DMA stops a transfer.

• void DMA\_AbortTransfer (dma\_handle\_t \*handle)

DMA aborts a transfer.

• void DMA\_HandleIRQ (dma\_handle\_t \*handle)

DMA IRQ handler for current transfer complete.

# 9.3 Data Structure Documentation

# 9.3.1 struct dma\_transfer\_config\_t

## **Data Fields**

• uint32 t srcAddr

DMA transfer source address.

• uint32\_t destAddr

DMA destination address.

• bool enableSrcIncrement

Source address increase after each transfer.

• dma\_transfer\_size\_t srcSize

Source transfer size unit.

bool enableDestIncrement

Destination address increase after each transfer.

• dma\_transfer\_size\_t destSize

Destination transfer unit.

• uint32 t transferSize

The number of bytes to be transferred.

# 9.3.1.0.0.9 Field Documentation 9.3.1.0.0.9.1 uint32\_t dma\_transfer\_config\_t::srcAddr 9.3.1.0.0.9.2 uint32\_t dma\_transfer\_config\_t::destAddr 9.3.1.0.0.9.3 bool dma\_transfer\_config\_t::enableSrcIncrement 9.3.1.0.0.9.4 dma\_transfer\_size\_t dma\_transfer\_config\_t::srcSize 9.3.1.0.0.9.5 bool dma\_transfer\_config\_t::enableDestIncrement 9.3.1.0.0.9.6 dma\_transfer\_size\_t dma\_transfer\_config\_t::destSize 9.3.1.0.0.9.7 uint32\_t dma\_transfer\_config\_t::transferSize 9.3.2 struct dma\_channel link\_config\_t

# **Data Fields**

- dma\_channel\_link\_type\_t linkType
  - Channel link type.
- uint32 t channel1

*The index of channel 1.* 

• uint32 t channel2

*The index of channel 2.* 

## 9.3.2.0.0.10 Field Documentation

- 9.3.2.0.0.10.1 dma\_channel\_link\_type\_t dma\_channel\_link\_config\_t::linkType
- 9.3.2.0.0.10.2 uint32 t dma channel link config t::channel1
- 9.3.2.0.0.10.3 uint32\_t dma\_channel\_link\_config\_t::channel2

# 9.3.3 struct dma handle t

## **Data Fields**

- DMA\_Type \* base
  - DMA peripheral address.
- uint8\_t channel
  - DMA channel used.
- dma callback callback
  - DMA callback function.
- void \* userData

Callback parameter.

# **Enumeration Type Documentation**

#### 9.3.3.0.0.11 Field Documentation

- 9.3.3.0.0.11.1 DMA\_Type\* dma\_handle\_t::base
- 9.3.3.0.0.11.2 uint8\_t dma\_handle\_t::channel
- 9.3.3.0.0.11.3 dma\_callback dma\_handle\_t::callback
- 9.3.3.0.0.11.4 void\* dma\_handle\_t::userData

## 9.4 Macro Definition Documentation

9.4.1 #define FSL\_DMA\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1))

# 9.5 Typedef Documentation

9.5.1 typedef void(\* dma callback)(struct dma handle \*handle, void \*userData)

# 9.6 Enumeration Type Documentation

9.6.1 enum \_dma\_channel\_status\_flags

#### Enumerator

kDMA\_TransactionsBCRFlag Contains the number of bytes yet to be transferred for a given block.

kDMA\_TransactionsDoneFlag Transactions Done.

*kDMA\_TransactionsBusyFlag* Transactions Busy.

kDMA\_TransactionsRequestFlag Transactions Request.

kDMA BusErrorOnDestinationFlag Bus Error on Destination.

kDMA\_BusErrorOnSourceFlag Bus Error on Source.

kDMA\_ConfigurationErrorFlag Configuration Error.

# 9.6.2 enum dma transfer size t

#### Enumerator

kDMA\_Transfersize32bits 32 bits are transferred for every read/write

kDMA\_Transfersize8bits 8 bits are transferred for every read/write

kDMA\_Transfersize16bits 16b its are transferred for every read/write

# 9.6.3 enum dma\_modulo\_t

#### Enumerator

kDMA ModuloDisable Buffer disabled.

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# **Enumeration Type Documentation**

kDMA\_Modulo32Bytes Circular buffer size is 16 bytes.
kDMA\_Modulo64Bytes Circular buffer size is 32 bytes.
kDMA\_Modulo128Bytes Circular buffer size is 64 bytes.
kDMA\_Modulo256Bytes Circular buffer size is 128 bytes.
kDMA\_Modulo512Bytes Circular buffer size is 256 bytes.
kDMA\_Modulo1KBytes Circular buffer size is 1 KB.
kDMA\_Modulo4KBytes Circular buffer size is 2 KB.
kDMA\_Modulo4KBytes Circular buffer size is 4 KB.
kDMA\_Modulo16KBytes Circular buffer size is 8 KB.
kDMA\_Modulo16KBytes Circular buffer size is 16 KB.
kDMA\_Modulo64KBytes Circular buffer size is 32 KB.
kDMA\_Modulo128KBytes Circular buffer size is 64 KB.
kDMA\_Modulo128KBytes Circular buffer size is 128 KB.
kDMA\_Modulo256KBytes Circular buffer size is 256 KB.

# 9.6.4 enum dma\_channel\_link\_type\_t

## Enumerator

kDMA\_ChannelLinkDisable No channel link.

**kDMA\_ChannelLinkChannel1AndChannel2** Perform a link to channel LCH1 after each cyclesteal transfer. followed by a link to LCH2 after the BCR decrements to 0.

**kDMA\_Channel1** Perform a link to LCH1 after each cycle-steal transfer.

kDMA\_ChannelLinkChannel1AfterBCR0 Perform a link to LCH1 after the BCR decrements.

# 9.6.5 enum dma\_transfer\_type\_t

#### Enumerator

**kDMA\_MemoryToMemory** Memory to Memory transfer.

kDMA\_PeripheralToMemory Peripheral to Memory transfer.

kDMA\_MemoryToPeripheral Memory to Peripheral transfer.

# 9.6.6 enum dma\_transfer\_options\_t

#### Enumerator

kDMA\_NoOptions Transfer without options.

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# 9.7 Function Documentation

# 9.7.1 void DMA\_Init ( DMA\_Type \* base )

This function ungates the DMA clock.

#### **Parameters**

| base | DMA peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

# 9.7.2 void DMA\_Deinit ( DMA\_Type \* base )

This function gates the DMA clock.

**Parameters** 

| base | DMA peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

# 9.7.3 void DMA\_ResetChannel ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel )

Sets all register values to reset values and enables the cycle steal and auto stop channel request features.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

# 9.7.4 void DMA\_SetTransferConfig ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, const dma\_transfer\_config\_t \* config )

This function configures the transfer attribute including the source address, destination address, transfer size, and so on. This example shows how to set up the the dma\_transfer\_config\_t parameters and how to call the DMA\_ConfigBasicTransfer function.

```
* dma_transfer_config_t transferConfig;
* memset(&transferConfig, 0, sizeof(transferConfig));
* transferConfig.srcAddr = (uint32_t)srcAddr;
* transferConfig.destAddr = (uint32_t)destAddr;
* transferConfig.enbaleSrcIncrement = true;
* transferConfig.enableDestIncrement = true;
* transferConfig.srcSize = kDMA_Transfersize32bits;
* transferConfig.destSize = kDMA_Transfersize32bits;
* transferConfig.transferSize = sizeof(uint32_t) * BUFF_LENGTH;
* DMA_SetTransferConfig(DMAO, 0, &transferConfig);
```

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address.                         |
|---------|--|
| channel | DMA channel number.                                  |
| config  | Pointer to the DMA transfer configuration structure. |

# 9.7.5 void DMA\_SetChannelLinkConfig ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, const dma\_channel\_link\_config\_t \* config\_)

This function allows DMA channels to have their transfers linked. The current DMA channel triggers a DMA request to the linked channels (LCH1 or LCH2) depending on the channel link type. Perform a link to channel LCH1 after each cycle-steal transfer followed by a link to LCH2 after the BCR decrements to 0 if the type is kDMA\_ChannelLinkChannel1AndChannel2. Perform a link to LCH1 after each cycle-steal transfer if the type is kDMA\_ChannelLinkChannel1. Perform a link to LCH1 after the BCR decrements to 0 if the type is kDMA\_ChannelLinkChannel1AfterBCR0.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address.                         |
|---------|--|
| channel | DMA channel number.                                  |
| config  | Pointer to the channel link configuration structure. |

# 9.7.6 static void DMA\_SetSourceAddress ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t srcAddr ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |
| srcAddr | DMA source address.          |

# 9.7.7 static void DMA\_SetDestinationAddress ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t destAddr ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base     | DMA peripheral base address. |
|----------|------------------------------|
| channel  | DMA channel number.          |
| destAddr | DMA destination address.     |

# 9.7.8 static void DMA\_SetTransferSize ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t size ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address.           |
|---------|--|
| channel | DMA channel number.                    |
| size    | The number of bytes to be transferred. |

# 9.7.9 void DMA\_SetModulo ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, dma\_modulo\_t srcModulo, dma\_modulo\_t destModulo )

This function defines a specific address range specified to be the value after (SAR + SSIZE)/(DAR + DS-IZE) calculation is performed or the original register value. It provides the ability to implement a circular data queue easily.

## **Parameters**

| base       | DMA peripheral base address. |
|------------|------------------------------|
| channel    | DMA channel number.          |
| srcModulo  | source address modulo.       |
| destModulo | destination address modulo.  |

# 9.7.10 static void DMA\_EnableCycleSteal ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

If the cycle steal feature is enabled (true), the DMA controller forces a single read/write transfer per request, or it continuously makes read/write transfers until the BCR decrements to 0.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address.                      |
|---------|---|
| channel | DMA channel number.                               |
| enable  | The command for enable (true) or disable (false). |

# 9.7.11 static void DMA\_EnableAutoAlign ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

If the auto align feature is enabled (true), the appropriate address register increments regardless of DINC or SINC.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address.                      |
|---------|---|
| channel | DMA channel number.                               |
| enable  | The command for enable (true) or disable (false). |

# 9.7.12 static void DMA\_EnableAsyncRequest ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

If the async request feature is enabled (true), the DMA supports asynchronous DREQs while the MCU is in stop mode.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address.                      |
|---------|---|
| channel | DMA channel number.                               |
| enable  | The command for enable (true) or disable (false). |

# 9.7.13 static void DMA\_EnableInterrupts ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

# 9.7.14 static void DMA\_DisableInterrupts ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

# 9.7.15 static void DMA\_EnableChannelRequest ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | The DMA channel number.      |

# 9.7.16 static void DMA\_DisableChannelRequest ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel) [inline], [static]

# **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

# 9.7.17 static void DMA\_TriggerChannelStart ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This function starts only one read/write iteration.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | The DMA channel number.      |

# 9.7.18 static uint32\_t DMA\_GetRemainingBytes ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

## Returns

The number of bytes which have not been transferred yet.

# 9.7.19 static uint32\_t DMA\_GetChannelStatusFlags ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | DMA channel number.          |

## Returns

The mask of the channel status. Use the \_dma\_channel\_status\_flags type to decode the return 32 bit variables.

# 9.7.20 static void DMA\_ClearChannelStatusFlags ( DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMA peripheral base address.  |
|---------|---|
| channel | DMA channel number.   |
| mask    | The mask of the channel status to be cleared. Use the defined _dma_channel_status_flags type. |

# 9.7.21 void DMA\_CreateHandle ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle, DMA\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel )

This function is called first if using the transactional API for the DMA. This function initializes the internal state of the DMA handle.

#### **Parameters**

| handle  | DMA handle pointer. The DMA handle stores callback function and parameters. |
|---------|---|
| base    | DMA peripheral base address.  |
| channel | DMA channel number.   |

# 9.7.22 void DMA\_SetCallback ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle, dma\_callback callback, void \* userData )

This callback is called in the DMA IRQ handler. Use the callback to do something after the current transfer complete.

## Parameters

| handle   | DMA handle pointer.   |
|----------|---|
| callback | DMA callback function pointer.  |
| userData | Parameter for callback function. If it is not needed, just set to NULL. |

# 9.7.23 void DMA\_PrepareTransfer ( dma\_transfer\_config\_t \* config, void \* srcAddr, uint32\_t srcWidth, void \* destAddr, uint32\_t destWidth, uint32\_t transferBytes, dma\_transfer\_type\_t type )

This function prepares the transfer configuration structure according to the user input.

#### **Parameters**

| config        | Pointer to the user configuration structure of type dma_transfer_config_t. |
|---------------|--|
| srcAddr       | DMA transfer source address.   |
| srcWidth      | DMA transfer source address width (byte).                                  |
| destAddr      | DMA transfer destination address.  |
| destWidth     | DMA transfer destination address width (byte).                             |
| transferBytes | DMA transfer bytes to be transferred.                                      |
| type          | DMA transfer type.   |

# 9.7.24 status\_t DMA\_SubmitTransfer ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle, const dma\_transfer\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t options )

This function submits the DMA transfer request according to the transfer configuration structure.

#### **Parameters**

| handle  | DMA handle pointer.  |
|---------|--|
| config  | Pointer to DMA transfer configuration structure.                                     |
| options | Additional configurations for transfer. Use the defined dma_transfer_options_t type. |

## Return values

| kStatus_DMA_Success | It indicates that the DMA submit transfer request succeeded.               |
|---------------------|--|
| kStatus_DMA_Busy    | It indicates that the DMA is busy. Submit transfer request is not allowed. |

## Note

This function can't process multi transfer request.

# 9.7.25 static void DMA\_StartTransfer ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle ) [inline], [static]

This function enables the channel request. Call this function after submitting a transfer request.

#### **Parameters**

| handle | DMA handle pointer. |
|--------|---------------------|
|--------|---------------------|

#### Return values

| kStatus_DMA_Success | It indicates that the DMA start transfer succeed. |
|---------------------|---|
| kStatus_DMA_Busy    | It indicates that the DMA has started a transfer. |

# 9.7.26 static void DMA\_StopTransfer ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle ) [inline], [static]

This function disables the channel request to stop a DMA transfer. The transfer can be resumed by calling the DMA\_StartTransfer.

#### **Parameters**

| handle | DMA handle pointer. |
|--------|---------------------|
|--------|---------------------|

# 9.7.27 void DMA\_AbortTransfer ( $dma_handle_t * handle$ )

This function disables the channel request and clears all status bits. Submit another transfer after calling this API.

## **Parameters**

| handle | DMA handle pointer. |
|--------|---------------------|
|--------|---------------------|

# 9.7.28 void DMA\_HandleIRQ ( dma\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function clears the channel interrupt flag and calls the callback function if it is not NULL.

# Parameters

| handle | DMA handle pointer. |
|--------|---------------------|
|--------|---------------------|

# Chapter 10 DMAMUX: Direct Memory Access Multiplexer Driver

# 10.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Direct Memory Access Multiplexer (DMAM-UX) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

# 10.2 Typical use case

# 10.2.1 DMAMUX Operation

```
DMAMUX_Init (DMAMUX0);
DMAMUX_SetSource(DMAMUX0, channel, source);
DMAMUX_EnableChannel(DMAMUX0, channel);
...
DMAMUX_DisableChannel(DMAMUX, channel);
DMAMUX_Deinit(DMAMUX0);
```

# **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_DMAMUX\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 2))

\*DMAMUX driver version 2.0.2.

## **DMAMUX** Initialization and de-initialization

- void DMAMUX\_Init (DMAMUX\_Type \*base)
- *Initializes the DMAMUX peripheral.*void DMAMUX\_Deinit (DMAMUX\_Type \*base)

Deinitializes the DMAMUX peripheral.

# **DMAMUX Channel Operation**

- static void DMAMUX\_EnableChannel (DMAMUX\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Enables the DMAMUX channel.
- static void DMAMUX\_DisableChannel (DMAMUX\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Disables the DMAMUX channel.
- static void DMAMUX\_SetSource (DMAMUX\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t source) Configures the DMAMUX channel source.
- static void DMAMUX\_EnablePeriodTrigger (DMAMUX\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Enables the DMAMUX period trigger.
- static void DMAMUX\_DisablePeriodTrigger (DMAMUX\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

  Disables the DMAMUX period trigger.

# 10.3 Macro Definition Documentation

# 10.3.1 #define FSL DMAMUX DRIVER VERSION (MAKE VERSION(2, 0, 2))

# 10.4 Function Documentation

# 10.4.1 void DMAMUX\_Init ( DMAMUX\_Type \* base )

This function ungates the DMAMUX clock.

#### **Parameters**

| base | DMAMUX peripheral base address. |
|------|---------------------------------|
|------|---------------------------------|

# 10.4.2 void DMAMUX\_Deinit ( DMAMUX\_Type \* base )

This function gates the DMAMUX clock.

**Parameters** 

| base | DMAMUX peripheral base address. |
|------|---------------------------------|
|------|---------------------------------|

# 10.4.3 static void DMAMUX\_EnableChannel ( DMAMUX\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This function enables the DMAMUX channel.

**Parameters** 

| base    | DMAMUX peripheral base address. |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| channel | DMAMUX channel number.          |

# 10.4.4 static void DMAMUX\_DisableChannel ( DMAMUX\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This function disables the DMAMUX channel.

Note

The user must disable the DMAMUX channel before configuring it.

**Parameters** 

| base | DMAMUX peripheral base address. |
|------|---------------------------------|
|------|---------------------------------|

| channel | DMAMUX channel number. |
|---------|------------------------|
|---------|------------------------|

# 10.4.5 static void DMAMUX\_SetSource ( DMAMUX\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, uint32 t source ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMAMUX peripheral base address.                            |
|---------|--|
| channel | DMAMUX channel number.                                     |
| source  | Channel source, which is used to trigger the DMA transfer. |

# 10.4.6 static void DMAMUX\_EnablePeriodTrigger ( DMAMUX\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This function enables the DMAMUX period trigger feature.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMAMUX peripheral base address. |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| channel | DMAMUX channel number.          |

# 10.4.7 static void DMAMUX\_DisablePeriodTrigger ( DMAMUX\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This function disables the DMAMUX period trigger.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | DMAMUX peripheral base address. |
|---------|---------------------------------|
| channel | DMAMUX channel number.          |

# Chapter 11 C90TFS Flash Driver

## 11.1 Overview

The flash provides the C90TFS Flash driver of MCUXpresso SDK devices with the C90TFS Flash module inside. The flash driver provides general APIs to handle specific operations on C90TFS/FTFx Flash module. The user can use those APIs directly in the application. In addition, it provides internal functions called by the driver. Although these functions are not meant to be called from the user's application directly, the APIs can still be used.

## **Data Structures**

```
• struct flash_execute_in_ram_function_config_t 
Flash execute-in-RAM function information. More...
```

struct flash\_swap\_state\_config\_t

Flash Swap information. More...

struct flash\_swap\_ifr\_field\_config\_t

Flash Swap IFR fields. More...

• union flash\_swap\_ifr\_field\_data\_t

Flash Swap IFR field data. More...

union pflash\_protection\_status\_low\_t

PFlash protection status - low 32bit. More...

struct pflash\_protection\_status\_t

PFlash protection status - full. More...

struct flash\_prefetch\_speculation\_status\_t

Flash prefetch speculation status. More...

struct flash\_protection\_config\_t

Active flash protection information for the current operation. More...

• struct flash\_access\_config\_t

Active flash Execute-Only access information for the current operation. More...

struct flash\_operation\_config\_t

Active flash information for the current operation. More...

struct flash\_config\_t

Flash driver state information. More...

# **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* flash\_callback\_t)(void)

A callback type used for the Pflash block.

#### **Enumerations**

enum flash\_margin\_value\_t {
 kFLASH\_MarginValueNormal,
 kFLASH\_MarginValueUser,
 kFLASH\_MarginValueFactory,

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```
kFLASH MarginValueInvalid }
    Enumeration for supported flash margin levels.
enum flash_security_state_t {
 kFLASH SecurityStateNotSecure.
 kFLASH_SecurityStateBackdoorEnabled,
 kFLASH SecurityStateBackdoorDisabled }
    Enumeration for the three possible flash security states.
enum flash_protection_state_t {
 kFLASH_ProtectionStateUnprotected,
 kFLASH ProtectionStateProtected,
 kFLASH ProtectionStateMixed }
    Enumeration for the three possible flash protection levels.
enum flash_execute_only_access_state_t {
 kFLASH AccessStateUnLimited.
 kFLASH_AccessStateExecuteOnly,
 kFLASH_AccessStateMixed }
    Enumeration for the three possible flash execute access levels.
enum flash_property_tag_t {
 kFLASH PropertyPflashSectorSize = 0x00U,
 kFLASH PropertyPflashTotalSize = 0x01U,
 kFLASH_PropertyPflashBlockSize = 0x02U,
 kFLASH_PropertyPflashBlockCount = 0x03U,
 kFLASH PropertyPflashBlockBaseAddr = 0x04U,
 kFLASH_PropertyPflashFacSupport = 0x05U,
 kFLASH_PropertyPflashAccessSegmentSize = 0x06U,
 kFLASH_PropertyPflashAccessSegmentCount = 0x07U,
 kFLASH PropertyFlexRamBlockBaseAddr = 0x08U,
 kFLASH PropertyFlexRamTotalSize = 0x09U,
 kFLASH_PropertyDflashSectorSize = 0x10U,
 kFLASH_PropertyDflashTotalSize = 0x11U,
 kFLASH PropertyDflashBlockSize = 0x12U,
 kFLASH_PropertyDflashBlockCount = 0x13U,
 kFLASH_PropertyDflashBlockBaseAddr = 0x14U,
 kFLASH PropertyEepromTotalSize = 0x15U,
 kFLASH_PropertyFlashMemoryIndex = 0x20U,
 kFLASH_PropertyFlashCacheControllerIndex = 0x21U }
    Enumeration for various flash properties.
enum _flash_execute_in_ram_function_constants {
 kFLASH ExecuteInRamFunctionMaxSizeInWords = 16U,
 kFLASH ExecuteInRamFunctionTotalNum = 2U }
    Constants for execute-in-RAM flash function.
enum flash_read_resource_option_t {
 kFLASH ResourceOptionFlashIfr,
 kFLASH_ResourceOptionVersionId = 0x01U }
    Enumeration for the two possible options of flash read resource command.
enum _flash_read_resource_range {
```

```
kFLASH ResourceRangePflashIfrSizeInBytes = 256U,
 kFLASH_ResourceRangeVersionIdSizeInBytes = 8U,
 kFLASH_ResourceRangeVersionIdStart = 0x00U,
 kFLASH_ResourceRangeVersionIdEnd = 0x07U,
 kFLASH ResourceRangePflashSwapIfrEnd,
 kFLASH ResourceRangeDflashIfrStart = 0x800000U,
 kFLASH_ResourceRangeDflashIfrEnd = 0x8003FFU }
    Enumeration for the range of special-purpose flash resource.
enum _k3_flash_read_once_index {
  kFLASH RecordIndexSwapAddr = 0xA1U,
 kFLASH_RecordIndexSwapEnable = 0xA2U,
 kFLASH_RecordIndexSwapDisable = 0xA3U }
    Enumeration for the index of read/program once record.
enum flash_flexram_function_option_t {
 kFLASH FlexramFunctionOptionAvailableAsRam = 0xFFU,
 kFLASH_FlexramFunctionOptionAvailableForEeprom = 0x00U }
    Enumeration for the two possilbe options of set FlexRAM function command.
• enum _flash_acceleration_ram_property
    Enumeration for acceleration RAM property.
enum flash_swap_function_option_t {
  kFLASH_SwapFunctionOptionEnable = 0x00U,
 kFLASH SwapFunctionOptionDisable = 0x01U }
    Enumeration for the possible options of Swap function.
enum flash_swap_control_option_t {
  kFLASH_SwapControlOptionIntializeSystem = 0x01U,
 kFLASH_SwapControlOptionSetInUpdateState = 0x02U,
 kFLASH_SwapControlOptionSetInCompleteState = 0x04U,
 kFLASH_SwapControlOptionReportStatus = 0x08U,
 kFLASH SwapControlOptionDisableSystem = 0x10U }
    Enumeration for the possible options of Swap control commands.
enum flash_swap_state_t {
  kFLASH SwapStateUninitialized = 0x00U,
 kFLASH_SwapStateReady = 0x01U,
 kFLASH_SwapStateUpdate = 0x02U,
 kFLASH_SwapStateUpdateErased = 0x03U,
 kFLASH_SwapStateComplete = 0x04U,
 kFLASH SwapStateDisabled = 0x05U }
    Enumeration for the possible flash Swap status.
enum flash_swap_block_status_t {
  kFLASH_SwapBlockStatusLowerHalfProgramBlocksAtZero,
 kFLASH SwapBlockStatusUpperHalfProgramBlocksAtZero }
    Enumeration for the possible flash Swap block status
enum flash_partition_flexram_load_option_t {
 kFLASH_PartitionFlexramLoadOptionLoadedWithValidEepromData,
 kFLASH PartitionFlexramLoadOptionNotLoaded = 0x01U }
    Enumeration for the FlexRAM load during reset option.
enum flash_memory_index_t {
```

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```
    kFLASH_MemoryIndexSecondaryFlash = 0x00U,
    kFLASH_MemoryIndexSecondaryFlash = 0x01U }
        Enumeration for the flash memory index.
    enum flash_cache_controller_index_t {
        kFLASH_CacheControllerIndexForCore0 = 0x00U,
        kFLASH_CacheControllerIndexForCore1 = 0x01U }
        Enumeration for the flash cache controller index.
    enum flash_prefetch_speculation_option_t
        Enumeration for the two possible options of flash prefetch speculation.
    enum flash_cache_clear_process_t {
        kFLASH_CacheClearProcessPre = 0x00U,
        kFLASH_CacheClearProcessPost = 0x01U }
        Flash cache clear process code.
```

# Flash version

```
    enum _flash_driver_version_constants {
        kFLASH_DriverVersionName = 'F',
        kFLASH_DriverVersionMajor = 2,
        kFLASH_DriverVersionMinor = 3,
        kFLASH_DriverVersionBugfix = 1 }
        Flash driver version for ROM.
    #define MAKE_VERSION(major, minor, bugfix) (((major) << 16) | ((minor) << 8) | (bugfix))
        Constructs the version number for drivers.</li>
    #define FSL_FLASH_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 3, 1))
        Flash driver version for SDK.
```

# Flash configuration

#define FLASH\_SSD\_CONFIG\_ENABLE\_FLEXNVM\_SUPPORT 1

Indicates whether to support FlexNVM in the Flash driver.

#define FLASH\_SSD\_IS\_FLEXNVM\_ENABLED (FLASH\_SSD\_CONFIG\_ENABLE\_FLEXN-VM\_SUPPORT && FSL\_FEATURE\_FLASH\_HAS\_FLEX\_NVM)

*Indicates whether the FlexNVM is enabled in the Flash driver.* 

#define FLASH\_SSD\_CONFIG\_ENABLE\_SECONDARY\_FLASH\_SUPPORT 1

Indicates whether to support Secondary flash in the Flash driver.

• #define FLASH SSD IS SECONDARY FLASH ENABLED (0)

*Indicates whether the secondary flash is supported in the Flash driver.* 

#define FLASH DRIVER IS FLASH RESIDENT 1

Flash driver location.

• #define FLASH\_DRIVER\_IS\_EXPORTED 0

Flash Driver Export option.

#### Flash status

```
enum _flash_status {
 kStatus_FLASH_Success = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroupGeneric, 0),
 kStatus FLASH InvalidArgument = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroupGeneric, 4),
 kStatus FLASH SizeError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 0),
 kStatus_FLASH_AlignmentError,
 kStatus_FLASH_AddressError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 2),
 kStatus FLASH AccessError,
 kStatus FLASH ProtectionViolation.
 kStatus_FLASH_CommandFailure,
 kStatus FLASH UnknownProperty = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 6),
 kStatus FLASH EraseKeyError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 7),
 kStatus_FLASH_RegionExecuteOnly,
 kStatus_FLASH_ExecuteInRamFunctionNotReady,
 kStatus FLASH PartitionStatusUpdateFailure,
 kStatus FLASH SetFlexramAsEepromError,
 kStatus FLASH RecoverFlexramAsRamError.
 kStatus_FLASH_SetFlexramAsRamError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 13),
 kStatus FLASH RecoverFlexramAsEepromError,
 kStatus FLASH CommandNotSupported = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 15),
 kStatus_FLASH_SwapSystemNotInUninitialized,
 kStatus FLASH SwapIndicatorAddressError.
 kStatus_FLASH_ReadOnlyProperty = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroupFlashDriver, 18),
 kStatus FLASH InvalidPropertyValue,
 kStatus_FLASH_InvalidSpeculationOption }
    Flash driver status codes.
• #define kStatusGroupGeneric 0
    Flash driver status group.
• #define kStatusGroupFlashDriver 1
• #define MAKE_STATUS(group, code) ((((group)*100) + (code)))
    Constructs a status code value from a group and a code number.
```

# Flash API key

- enum\_flash\_driver\_api\_keys { kFLASH\_ApiEraseKey = FOUR\_CHAR\_CODE('k', 'f', 'e', 'k') } Enumeration for Flash driver API keys.
- #define FOUR\_CHAR\_CODE(a, b, c, d) (((d) << 24) | ((c) << 16) | ((b) << 8) | ((a))) Constructs the four character code for the Flash driver API key.

#### Initialization

- status\_t FLASH\_Init (flash\_config\_t \*config)
   Initializes the global flash properties structure members.

   status\_t FLASH\_SetCallback (flash\_config\_t \*config, flash\_callback)
- status\_t FLASH\_SetCallback (flash\_config\_t \*config, flash\_callback\_t callback)

  Sets the desired flash callback function.
- status\_t FLASH\_PrepareExecuteInRamFunctions (flash\_config\_t \*config)

Prepares flash execute-in-RAM functions.

#### MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### Overview

#### **Erasing**

- status\_t FLASH\_EraseAll (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t key) Erases entire flash.
- status\_t FLASH\_Erase (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, uint32\_t key)

  Erases the flash sectors encompassed by parameters passed into function.
- status\_t FLASH\_EraseAllExecuteOnlySegments (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t key) Erases the entire flash, including protected sectors.

# **Programming**

- status\_t FLASH\_Program (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t \*src, uint32\_t lengthIn-Bytes)
  - Programs flash with data at locations passed in through parameters.
- status\_t FLASH\_ProgramOnce (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t index, uint32\_t \*src, uint32\_t tlengthInBytes)

Programs Program Once Field through parameters.

## Reading

Programs flash with data at locations passed in through parameters via the Program Section command.

This function programs the flash memory with the desired data for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

#### **Parameters**

| config        | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.  |
|---------------|---|
| start         | The start address of the desired flash memory to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.         |
| src           | A pointer to the source buffer of data that is to be programmed into the flash.               |
| lengthInBytes | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be programmed. Must be word-aligned. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success              | API was executed successfully.                    |
|------------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument | An invalid argument is provided.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>AlignmentError    | Parameter is not aligned with specified baseline. |

| kStatus_FLASH_Address-<br>Error                 | Address is out of range.  |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Set-<br>FlexramAsRamError         | Failed to set flexram as RAM.   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure                 | Run-time error during command execution.                                |
| kStatus_FLASH_Recover-<br>FlexramAsEepromError  | Failed to recover FlexRAM as EEPROM.                                    |

Programs the EEPROM with data at locations passed in through parameters.

This function programs the emulated EEPROM with the desired data for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

#### Parameters

| config        | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.  |
|---------------|---|
| start         | The start address of the desired flash memory to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.         |
| src           | A pointer to the source buffer of data that is to be programmed into the flash.               |
| lengthInBytes | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be programmed. Must be word-aligned. |

## Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success              | API was executed successfully.   |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument | An invalid argument is provided. |
| kStatus_FLASH_Address-<br>Error    | Address is out of range.         |

#### Overview

| kStatus_FLASH_Set-<br>FlexramAsEepromError  | Failed to set flexram as eeprom.  |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation        | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH_Recover-<br>FlexramAsRamError | Failed to recover the FlexRAM as RAM.                                   |

- status\_t FLASH\_ReadResource (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t \*dst, uint32\_t t lengthInBytes, flash\_read\_resource\_option\_t option)
  - Reads the resource with data at locations passed in through parameters.
- status\_t FLASH\_ReadOnce (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t index, uint32\_t \*dst, uint32\_t length-InBytes)

Reads the Program Once Field through parameters.

# Security

- status\_t FLASH\_GetSecurityState (flash\_config\_t \*config, flash\_security\_state\_t \*state)

  Returns the security state via the pointer passed into the function.
- status\_t FLASH\_SecurityBypass (flash\_config\_t \*config, const uint8\_t \*backdoorKey)

  Allows users to bypass security with a backdoor key.

#### Verification

- status\_t FLASH\_VerifyEraseAll (flash\_config\_t \*config, flash\_margin\_value\_t margin) Verifies erasure of the entire flash at a specified margin level.
- status\_t FLASH\_VerifyErase (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, flash\_margin\_value\_t margin)
  - Verifies an erasure of the desired flash area at a specified margin level.
- status\_t FLASH\_VerifyProgram (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, const uint32\_t \*expectedData, flash\_margin\_value\_t margin, uint32\_t \*failedAddress, uint32\_t \*failedData)
  - *Verifies programming of the desired flash area at a specified margin level.*
- status\_t FLASH\_VerifyEraseAllExecuteOnlySegments (flash\_config\_t \*config, flash\_margin\_value t margin)

Verifies whether the program flash execute-only segments have been erased to the specified read margin level.

#### **Protection**

- status\_t FLASH\_IsProtected (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, flash\_protection\_state\_t \*protection\_state)
  - Returns the protection state of the desired flash area via the pointer passed into the function.
- status\_t FLASH\_IsExecuteOnly (flash\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, flash\_execute\_only\_access\_state\_t \*access\_state)

Returns the access state of the desired flash area via the pointer passed into the function.

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## **Properties**

 status\_t FLASH\_GetProperty (flash\_config\_t \*config, flash\_property\_tag\_t whichProperty, uint32-\_t \*value)

Returns the desired flash property.

• status\_t FLASH\_SetProperty (flash\_config\_t \*config, flash\_property\_tag\_t whichProperty, uint32\_t value)

Sets the desired flash property.

#### **Flash Protection Utilities**

Prepares the FlexNVM block for use as data flash, EEPROM backup, or a combination of both and initializes the FlexRAM.

#### **Parameters**

| config                    | Pointer to storage for the driver runtime state.   |
|---------------------------|--|
| option                    | The option used to set FlexRAM load behavior during reset.   |
| eepromData-<br>SizeCode   | Determines the amount of FlexRAM used in each of the available EEPROM subsystems.  |
| flexnvm-<br>PartitionCode | Specifies how to split the FlexNVM block between data flash memory and EEPROM backup memory supporting EEPROM functions. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                           | API was executed successfully.  |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument              | Invalid argument is provided.   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure                 | Run-time error during command execution.                                |

- status\_t FLASH\_PflashSetProtection (flash\_config\_t \*config, pflash\_protection\_status\_t \*protect-Status)
  - Sets the PFlash Protection to the intended protection status.
- status\_t FLASH\_PflashGetProtection (flash\_config\_t \*config, pflash\_protection\_status\_t \*protect-Status)

Gets the PFlash protection status.

#### **Data Structure Documentation**

#### 11.2 Data Structure Documentation

## 11.2.1 struct flash\_execute\_in\_ram\_function\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint32 t activeFunctionCount

Number of available execute-in-RAM functions.

• uint32\_t \* flashRunCommand

Execute-in-RAM function: flash run command.

• uint32\_t \* flashCommonBitOperation

Execute-in-RAM function: flash\_common\_bit\_operation.

#### 11.2.1.0.0.12 Field Documentation

11.2.1.0.0.12.1 uint32 t flash execute in ram function config t::activeFunctionCount

11.2.1.0.0.12.2 uint32\_t\* flash\_execute\_in\_ram\_function\_config\_t::flashRunCommand

11.2.1.0.0.12.3 uint32\_t\* flash\_execute\_in\_ram\_function\_config\_t::flashCommonBitOperation

#### 11.2.2 struct flash swap state config t

#### **Data Fields**

• flash\_swap\_state\_t flashSwapState

The current Swap system status.

• flash\_swap\_block\_status\_t currentSwapBlockStatus

The current Swap block status.

• flash\_swap\_block\_status\_t nextSwapBlockStatus

The next Swap block status.

#### 11.2.2.0.0.13 Field Documentation

11.2.2.0.0.13.1 flash\_swap\_state\_t flash\_swap\_state config t::flashSwapState

11.2.2.0.0.13.2 flash\_swap\_block\_status\_t flash\_swap\_state\_config\_t::currentSwapBlockStatus

11.2.2.0.0.13.3 flash\_swap\_block\_status\_t flash\_swap\_state\_config\_t::nextSwapBlockStatus

## 11.2.3 struct flash\_swap\_ifr\_field\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- uint16 t swapIndicatorAddress
  - A Swap indicator address field.
- uint16\_t swapEnableWord
  - A Swap enable word field.
- uint8\_t reserved0 [4]

A reserved field.

#### 11.2.3.0.0.14 Field Documentation

11.2.3.0.0.14.1 uint16\_t flash\_swap\_ifr\_field\_config\_t::swapIndicatorAddress

11.2.3.0.0.14.2 uint16\_t flash\_swap\_ifr\_field\_config\_t::swapEnableWord

11.2.3.0.0.14.3 uint8\_t flash\_swap\_ifr\_field\_config\_t::reserved0[4]

11.2.4 union flash\_swap\_ifr\_field\_data\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- uint32\_t flashSwapIfrData [2]
  - A flash Swap IFR field data.
- flash\_swap\_ifr\_field\_config\_t flashSwapIfrField

A flash Swap IFR field structure.

#### 11.2.4.0.0.15 Field Documentation

- 11.2.4.0.0.15.1 uint32 t flash swap ifr field data t::flashSwaplfrData[2]
- 11.2.4.0.0.15.2 flash\_swap\_ifr\_field\_config\_t flash\_swap ifr\_field\_data\_t::flashSwapIfrField\_
- 11.2.5 union pflash\_protection\_status\_low\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- uint32\_t protl32b
  - PROT[31:0].
- uint8\_t protsl
  - PROTS[7:0].
- uint8\_t protsh

PROTS[15:8].

#### **Data Structure Documentation**

11.2.5.0.0.16 Field Documentation

11.2.5.0.0.16.1 uint32\_t pflash\_protection\_status\_low\_t::protl32b

11.2.5.0.0.16.2 uint8 t pflash protection status low t::protsl

11.2.5.0.0.16.3 uint8\_t pflash\_protection\_status\_low\_t::protsh

11.2.6 struct pflash\_protection\_status\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• pflash\_protection\_status\_low\_t valueLow32b PROT[31:0] or PROTS[15:0].

#### 11.2.6.0.0.17 Field Documentation

11.2.6.0.0.17.1 pflash\_protection\_status\_low\_t pflash protection\_status\_t::valueLow32b

#### 11.2.7 struct flash prefetch speculation status t

#### **Data Fields**

- flash\_prefetch\_speculation\_option\_t instructionOption Instruction speculation.
- flash\_prefetch\_speculation\_option\_t dataOption Data speculation.

#### 11.2.7.0.0.18 Field Documentation

- 11.2.7.0.0.18.1 flash\_prefetch\_speculation\_option\_t flash\_prefetch\_speculation\_status\_t::instructionOption
- 11.2.7.0.0.18.2 flash\_prefetch\_speculation\_option\_t flash\_prefetch\_speculation\_status\_t::data-Option

#### 11.2.8 struct flash\_protection\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

- uint32\_t regionBase
  - Base address of flash protection region.
- uint32\_t regionSize
  - size of flash protection region.
- uint32\_t regionCount

flash protection region count.

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#### 11.2.8.0.0.19 Field Documentation

11.2.8.0.0.19.1 uint32\_t flash\_protection\_config\_t::regionBase

11.2.8.0.0.19.2 uint32 t flash protection config t::regionSize

11.2.8.0.0.19.3 uint32\_t flash\_protection\_config\_t::regionCount

#### 11.2.9 struct flash access config t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t SegmentBase

Base address of flash Execute-Only segment.

uint32\_t SegmentSize

size of flash Execute-Only segment.

• uint32\_t SegmentCount

flash Execute-Only segment count.

#### 11.2.9.0.0.20 Field Documentation

11.2.9.0.0.20.1 uint32\_t flash\_access\_config\_t::SegmentBase

11.2.9.0.0.20.2 uint32 t flash access config t::SegmentSize

11.2.9.0.0.20.3 uint32 t flash access config t::SegmentCount

#### 11.2.10 struct flash operation config t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint32 t convertedAddress

A converted address for the current flash type.

• uint32\_t activeSectorSize

A sector size of the current flash type.

• uint32\_t activeBlockSize

A block size of the current flash type.

• uint32 t blockWriteUnitSize

The write unit size.

uint32\_t sectorCmdAddressAligment

An erase sector command address alignment.

• uint32 t partCmdAddressAligment

A program/verify part command address alignment.

• 32\_t resourceCmdAddressAligment

A read resource command address alignment.

• uint32\_t checkCmdAddressAligment

A program check command address alignment.

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

```
11.2.10.0.0.21 Field Documentation

11.2.10.0.0.21.1 uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::convertedAddress

11.2.10.0.0.21.2 uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::activeSectorSize

11.2.10.0.0.21.3 uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::activeBlockSize

11.2.10.0.0.21.4 uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::blockWriteUnitSize

11.2.10.0.0.21.5 uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::sectorCmdAddressAligment

11.2.10.0.0.21.6 uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::partCmdAddressAligment

11.2.10.0.0.21.7 uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::resourceCmdAddressAligment

11.2.10.0.0.21.8 uint32_t flash_operation_config_t::checkCmdAddressAligment

11.2.11 struct flash_config_t
```

An instance of this structure is allocated by the user of the flash driver and passed into each of the driver APIs.

#### **Data Fields**

- uint32 t PFlashBlockBase
  - A base address of the first PFlash block.
- uint32 t PFlashTotalSize
  - The size of the combined PFlash block.
- uint8\_t PFlashBlockCount
  - A number of PFlash blocks.
- uint8\_t FlashMemoryIndex
  - 0 primary flash; 1 secondary flash
- uint8\_t FlashCacheControllerIndex
  - 0 Controller for core 0; 1 Controller for core 1
- uint8\_t Reserved0
  - Reserved field 0.
- uint32\_t PFlashSectorSize
  - The size in bytes of a sector of PFlash.
- flash\_callback\_t PFlashCallback
  - The callback function for the flash API.
- uint32\_t PFlashAccessSegmentSize
  - A size in bytes of an access segment of PFlash.
- uint32 t PFlashAccessSegmentCount
  - A number of PFlash access segments.
- uint32 t \* flashExecuteInRamFunctionInfo
  - An information structure of the flash execute-in-RAM function.
- uint32\_t FlexRAMBlockBase

For the FlexNVM device, this is the base address of the FlexRAM.

#### **Data Structure Documentation**

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- uint32 t FlexRAMTotalSize
  - For the FlexNVM device, this is the size of the FlexRAM.
- uint32 t DFlashBlockBase
  - For the FlexNVM device, this is the base address of the D-Flash memory (FlexNVM memory)
- uint32\_t DFlashTotalSize
  - For the FlexNVM device, this is the total size of the FlexNVM memory;.
- uint32\_t EEpromTotalSize

For the FlexNVM device, this is the size in bytes of the EEPROM area which was partitioned from FlexR-AM.

#### 11.2.11.0.0.22 Field Documentation

- 11.2.11.0.0.22.1 uint32\_t flash\_config\_t::PFlashTotalSize
- 11.2.11.0.0.22.2 uint8\_t flash\_config\_t::PFlashBlockCount
- 11.2.11.0.0.22.3 uint32 t flash config t::PFlashSectorSize
- 11.2.11.0.0.22.4 flash\_callback\_t flash\_config\_t::PFlashCallback
- 11.2.11.0.0.22.5 uint32\_t flash\_config\_t::PFlashAccessSegmentSize
- 11.2.11.0.0.22.6 uint32\_t flash\_config\_t::PFlashAccessSegmentCount
- 11.2.11.0.0.22.7 uint32 t\* flash config t::flashExecuteInRamFunctionInfo
- 11.2.11.0.0.22.8 uint32\_t flash\_config\_t::FlexRAMBlockBase

For the non-FlexNVM device, this is the base address of the acceleration RAM memory

#### 11.2.11.0.0.22.9 uint32 t flash config t::FlexRAMTotalSize

For the non-FlexNVM device, this is the size of the acceleration RAM memory

#### 11.2.11.0.0.22.10 uint32 t flash config t::DFlashBlockBase

For the non-FlexNVM device, this field is unused

#### 11.2.11.0.0.22.11 uint32\_t flash\_config\_t::DFlashTotalSize

For the non-FlexNVM device, this field is unused

#### 11.2.11.0.0.22.12 uint32 t flash config t::EEpromTotalSize

For the non-FlexNVM device, this field is unused

- 11.3 Macro Definition Documentation
- 11.3.1 #define MAKE\_VERSION( major, minor, bugfix ) (((major) << 16) | ((minor) << 8) | (bugfix))
- 11.3.2 #define FSL\_FLASH\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 3, 1))

Version 2.3.1.

11.3.3 #define FLASH\_SSD\_CONFIG\_ENABLE\_FLEXNVM\_SUPPORT 1

Enables the FlexNVM support by default.

11.3.4 #define FLASH\_SSD\_CONFIG\_ENABLE\_SECONDARY\_FLASH\_SUPPORT 1

Enables the secondary flash support by default.

11.3.5 #define FLASH\_DRIVER\_IS\_FLASH\_RESIDENT 1

Used for the flash resident application.

11.3.6 #define FLASH DRIVER IS EXPORTED 0

Used for the KSDK application.

- 11.3.7 #define kStatusGroupGeneric 0
- 11.3.8 #define MAKE STATUS( group, code ) ((((group)\*100) + (code)))
- 11.3.9 #define FOUR\_CHAR\_CODE( a, b, c, d) (((d) << 24) | ((c) << 16) | ((b) << 8) | ((a)))
- 11.4 Enumeration Type Documentation
- 11.4.1 enum \_flash\_driver\_version\_constants

Enumerator

**kFLASH\_DriverVersionName** Flash driver version name.

kFLASH\_DriverVersionMajor Major flash driver version.kFLASH\_DriverVersionBugfix Minor flash driver version.

#### 11.4.2 enum flash status

#### Enumerator

**kStatus\_FLASH\_Success** API is executed successfully.

kStatus\_FLASH\_InvalidArgument Invalid argument.

kStatus\_FLASH\_SizeError Error size.

kStatus\_FLASH\_AlignmentError Parameter is not aligned with the specified baseline.

kStatus\_FLASH\_AddressError Address is out of range.

kStatus FLASH AccessError Invalid instruction codes and out-of bound addresses.

**kStatus\_FLASH\_ProtectionViolation** The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas.

kStatus\_FLASH\_CommandFailure Run-time error during command execution.

kStatus\_FLASH\_UnknownProperty Unknown property.

kStatus\_FLASH\_EraseKeyError API erase key is invalid.

kStatus\_FLASH\_RegionExecuteOnly The current region is execute-only.

kStatus\_FLASH\_ExecuteInRamFunctionNotReady Execute-in-RAM function is not available.

kStatus\_FLASH\_PartitionStatusUpdateFailure Failed to update partition status.

kStatus\_FLASH\_SetFlexramAsEepromError Failed to set FlexRAM as EEPROM.

kStatus\_FLASH\_RecoverFlexramAsRamError Failed to recover FlexRAM as RAM.

kStatus FLASH SetFlexramAsRamError Failed to set FlexRAM as RAM.

**kStatus FLASH RecoverFlexramAsEepromError** Failed to recover FlexRAM as EEPROM.

kStatus\_FLASH\_CommandNotSupported Flash API is not supported.

kStatus\_FLASH\_SwapSystemNotInUninitialized Swap system is not in an uninitialized state.

**kStatus FLASH SwapIndicatorAddressError** The swap indicator address is invalid.

*kStatus\_FLASH\_ReadOnlyProperty* The flash property is read-only.

**kStatus FLASH InvalidPropertyValue** The flash property value is out of range.

kStatus\_FLASH\_InvalidSpeculationOption The option of flash prefetch speculation is invalid.

# 11.4.3 enum \_flash\_driver\_api\_keys

#### Note

The resulting value is built with a byte order such that the string being readable in expected order when viewed in a hex editor, if the value is treated as a 32-bit little endian value.

#### Enumerator

kFLASH\_ApiEraseKey Key value used to validate all flash erase APIs.

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## 11.4.4 enum flash\_margin\_value\_t

#### Enumerator

**kFLASH\_MarginValueNormal** Use the 'normal' read level for 1s.

**kFLASH\_MarginValueUser** Apply the 'User' margin to the normal read-1 level.

**kFLASH\_MarginValueFactory** Apply the 'Factory' margin to the normal read-1 level.

**kFLASH\_MarginValueInvalid** Not real margin level, Used to determine the range of valid margin level.

## 11.4.5 enum flash\_security\_state\_t

#### Enumerator

**kFLASH\_SecurityStateNotSecure** Flash is not secure.

*kFLASH\_SecurityStateBackdoorEnabled* Flash backdoor is enabled.

*kFLASH\_SecurityStateBackdoorDisabled* Flash backdoor is disabled.

## 11.4.6 enum flash\_protection\_state\_t

#### Enumerator

*kFLASH\_ProtectionStateUnprotected* Flash region is not protected.

**kFLASH ProtectionStateProtected** Flash region is protected.

kFLASH\_ProtectionStateMixed Flash is mixed with protected and unprotected region.

## 11.4.7 enum flash\_execute\_only\_access\_state\_t

#### Enumerator

kFLASH\_AccessStateUnLimited Flash region is unlimited.

**kFLASH** AccessStateExecuteOnly Flash region is execute only.

kFLASH\_AccessStateMixed Flash is mixed with unlimited and execute only region.

# 11.4.8 enum flash\_property\_tag\_t

#### Enumerator

kFLASH\_PropertyPflashSectorSize Pflash sector size property.kFLASH\_PropertyPflashTotalSize Pflash total size property.

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kFLASH\_PropertyPflashBlockSize Pflash block size property.

*kFLASH\_PropertyPflashBlockCount* Pflash block count property.

kFLASH\_PropertyPflashBlockBaseAddr Pflash block base address property.

kFLASH\_PropertyPflashFacSupport Pflash fac support property.

kFLASH\_PropertyPflashAccessSegmentSize Pflash access segment size property.

kFLASH\_PropertyPflashAccessSegmentCount Pflash access segment count property.

kFLASH\_PropertyFlexRamBlockBaseAddr FlexRam block base address property.

kFLASH\_PropertyFlexRamTotalSize FlexRam total size property.

kFLASH\_PropertyDflashSectorSize Dflash sector size property.

*kFLASH\_PropertyDflashTotalSize* Dflash total size property.

kFLASH\_PropertyDflashBlockSize Dflash block size property.

kFLASH\_PropertyDflashBlockCount Dflash block count property.

kFLASH\_PropertyDflashBlockBaseAddr Dflash block base address property.

kFLASH\_PropertyEepromTotalSize EEPROM total size property.

kFLASH\_PropertyFlashMemoryIndex Flash memory index property.

kFLASH\_PropertyFlashCacheControllerIndex Flash cache controller index property.

## 11.4.9 enum \_flash\_execute\_in\_ram\_function\_constants

#### Enumerator

**kFLASH\_ExecuteInRamFunctionMaxSizeInWords** The maximum size of execute-in-RAM function.

kFLASH\_ExecuteInRamFunctionTotalNum Total number of execute-in-RAM functions.

## 11.4.10 enum flash\_read\_resource\_option\_t

#### Enumerator

**kFLASH\_ResourceOptionFlashIfr** Select code for Program flash 0 IFR, Program flash swap 0 IFR, Data flash 0 IFR.

kFLASH\_ResourceOptionVersionId Select code for the version ID.

# 11.4.11 enum \_flash\_read\_resource\_range

#### Enumerator

kFLASH\_ResourceRangePflashIfrSizeInBytes Pflash IFR size in byte.

kFLASH ResourceRangeVersionIdSizeInBytes Version ID IFR size in byte.

kFLASH\_ResourceRangeVersionIdStart Version ID IFR start address.

kFLASH\_ResourceRangeVersionIdEnd Version ID IFR end address.

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kFLASH ResourceRangePflashSwapIfrEnd Pflash swap IFR end address.

kFLASH\_ResourceRangeDflashIfrStart Dflash IFR start address.

kFLASH\_ResourceRangeDflashIfrEnd Dflash IFR end address.

#### 11.4.12 enum k3 flash read once index

#### Enumerator

kFLASH RecordIndexSwapAddr Index of Swap indicator address.

*kFLASH\_RecordIndexSwapEnable* Index of Swap system enable.

kFLASH\_RecordIndexSwapDisable Index of Swap system disable.

#### 11.4.13 enum flash\_flexram\_function\_option\_t

#### Enumerator

**kFLASH\_FlexramFunctionOptionAvailableAsRam** An option used to make FlexRAM available as RAM.

**kFLASH\_FlexramFunctionOptionAvailableForEeprom** An option used to make FlexRAM available for EEPROM.

## 11.4.14 enum flash\_swap\_function\_option\_t

#### Enumerator

kFLASH\_SwapFunctionOptionEnable An option used to enable the Swap function.

kFLASH\_SwapFunctionOptionDisable An option used to disable the Swap function.

# 11.4.15 enum flash\_swap\_control\_option\_t

#### Enumerator

kFLASH\_SwapControlOptionIntializeSystem An option used to initialize the Swap system.

kFLASH\_SwapControlOptionSetInUpdateState An option used to set the Swap in an update state.

**kFLASH\_SwapControlOptionSetInCompleteState** An option used to set the Swap in a complete state.

*kFLASH\_SwapControlOptionReportStatus* An option used to report the Swap status.

kFLASH\_SwapControlOptionDisableSystem An option used to disable the Swap status.

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## 11.4.16 enum flash\_swap\_state\_t

#### Enumerator

*kFLASH\_SwapStateUninitialized* Flash Swap system is in an uninitialized state.

**kFLASH\_SwapStateReady** Flash Swap system is in a ready state.

kFLASH\_SwapStateUpdate Flash Swap system is in an update state.

kFLASH\_SwapStateUpdateErased Flash Swap system is in an updateErased state.

**kFLASH\_SwapStateComplete** Flash Swap system is in a complete state.

*kFLASH\_SwapStateDisabled* Flash Swap system is in a disabled state.

## 11.4.17 enum flash\_swap\_block\_status\_t

#### Enumerator

**kFLASH\_SwapBlockStatusLowerHalfProgramBlocksAtZero** Swap block status is that lower half program block at zero.

**kFLASH\_SwapBlockStatusUpperHalfProgramBlocksAtZero** Swap block status is that upper half program block at zero.

## 11.4.18 enum flash\_partition\_flexram\_load\_option\_t

#### Enumerator

**kFLASH\_PartitionFlexramLoadOptionLoadedWithValidEepromData** FlexRAM is loaded with valid EEPROM data during reset sequence.

*kFLASH\_PartitionFlexramLoadOptionNotLoaded* FlexRAM is not loaded during reset sequence.

# 11.4.19 enum flash\_memory\_index\_t

#### Enumerator

*kFLASH\_MemoryIndexPrimaryFlash* Current flash memory is primary flash.

kFLASH\_MemoryIndexSecondaryFlash Current flash memory is secondary flash.

# 11.4.20 enum flash\_cache\_controller\_index\_t

#### Enumerator

*kFLASH\_CacheControllerIndexForCore0* Current flash cache controller is for core 0. *kFLASH\_CacheControllerIndexForCore1* Current flash cache controller is for core 1.

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# 11.4.21 enum flash\_cache\_clear\_process\_t

#### Enumerator

kFLASH\_CacheClearProcessPre Pre flash cache clear process.kFLASH\_CacheClearProcessPost Post flash cache clear process.

#### 11.5 Function Documentation

# 11.5.1 status\_t FLASH\_Init ( flash\_config\_t \* config )

This function checks and initializes the Flash module for the other Flash APIs.

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                              | API was executed successfully.            |
|--|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-                             | An invalid argument is provided.          |
| Argument   |   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady    | Execute-in-RAM function is not available. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>PartitionStatusUpdate-<br>Failure | Failed to update the partition status.    |

# 11.5.2 status\_t FLASH\_SetCallback ( flash\_config\_t \* config, flash\_callback\_t callback )

#### **Parameters**

| config   | Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state. |
|----------|--|
| callback | A callback function to be stored in the driver.      |

#### Return values

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| kStatus_FLASH_Success  | API was executed successfully.   |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- | An invalid argument is provided. |
| Argument               |                                  |

# 11.5.3 status\_t FLASH\_PrepareExecuteInRamFunctions ( flash\_config\_t \* config )

#### Parameters

| config | Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success  | API was executed successfully.   |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- | An invalid argument is provided. |
| Argument               |                                  |

# 11.5.4 status\_t FLASH\_EraseAll ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t key )

#### Parameters

| config | Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state. |
|--------|--|
| key    | A value used to validate all flash erase APIs.       |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success  | API was executed successfully.            |
|------------------------|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- | An invalid argument is provided.          |
| Argument               |   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Erase-   | API erase key is invalid.                 |
| KeyError               |   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute- | Execute-in-RAM function is not available. |
| InRamFunctionNotReady  |   |

| kStatus_FLASH_Access-  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
|------------------------|---|
| Error                  |   |
| kStatus_FLASH          | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| ProtectionViolation    |   |
| kStatus_FLASH          | Run-time error during command execution.                                |
| CommandFailure         |   |
| kStatus_FLASH          | Failed to update the partition status.                                  |
| PartitionStatusUpdate- |   |
| Failure                |   |

# 11.5.5 status\_t FLASH\_Erase ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, uint32\_t key )

This function erases the appropriate number of flash sectors based on the desired start address and length.

#### **Parameters**

| config        | The pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.   |
|---------------|--|
| start         | The start address of the desired flash memory to be erased. The start address does not need to be sector-aligned but must be word-aligned. |
| lengthInBytes | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words) to be erased. Must be word-aligned.   |
| key           | The value used to validate all flash erase APIs.   |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success  | API was executed successfully.                            |
|------------------------|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- | An invalid argument is provided.                          |
| Argument               |   |
| kStatus_FLASH          | The parameter is not aligned with the specified baseline. |
| AlignmentError         |   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Address- | The address is out of range.                              |
| Error                  |   |

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| kStatus_FLASH_Erase-<br>KeyError                | The API erase key is invalid.   |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure                 | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |

# 11.5.6 status\_t FLASH\_EraseAllExecuteOnlySegments ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t key )

#### Parameters

| config | Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state. |
|--------|--|
| key    | A value used to validate all flash erase APIs.       |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                           | API was executed successfully.  |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument              | An invalid argument is provided.  |
| kStatus_FLASH_Erase-<br>KeyError                | API erase key is invalid.   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |

| kStatus_FLASH          | Run-time error during command execution. |
|------------------------|--|
| CommandFailure         |  |
| kStatus_FLASH          | Failed to update the partition status.   |
| PartitionStatusUpdate- |  |
| Failure                |  |

Erases all program flash execute-only segments defined by the FXACC registers.

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state. |
|--------|--|
| key    | A value used to validate all flash erase APIs.       |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success  | API was executed successfully.  |
|------------------------|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- | An invalid argument is provided.  |
| Argument               |   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Erase-   | API erase key is invalid.   |
| KeyError               |   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute- | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| InRamFunctionNotReady  |   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| Error                  |   |
| kStatus_FLASH          | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| ProtectionViolation    |   |
| kStatus_FLASH          | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |
| CommandFailure         |   |

# 11.5.7 status\_t FLASH\_Program ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t \* src, uint32\_t lengthInBytes )

This function programs the flash memory with the desired data for a given flash area as determined by the start address and the length.



| config        | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.  |
|---------------|---|
| start         | The start address of the desired flash memory to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.         |
| src           | A pointer to the source buffer of data that is to be programmed into the flash.               |
| lengthInBytes | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be programmed. Must be word-aligned. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                           | API was executed successfully.  |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-                          | An invalid argument is provided.  |
| Argument  kStatus_FLASH AlignmentError          | Parameter is not aligned with the specified baseline.                   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Address-<br>Error                 | Address is out of range.  |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure                 | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |

# 11.5.8 status\_t FLASH\_ProgramOnce ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t index, uint32\_t \* src, uint32\_t lengthInBytes )

This function programs the Program Once Field with the desired data for a given flash area as determined by the index and length.

#### Parameters

| config | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

| index         | The index indicating which area of the Program Once Field to be programmed.                   |
|---------------|---|
| src           | A pointer to the source buffer of data that is to be programmed into the Program Once Field.  |
| lengthInBytes | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be programmed. Must be word-aligned. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                           | API was executed successfully.  |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument              | An invalid argument is provided.  |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure                 | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |

# 11.5.9 status\_t FLASH\_ReadResource ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t \* dst, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, flash\_read\_resource\_option\_t option )

This function reads the flash memory with the desired location for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

#### Parameters

| config        | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.                                  |
|---------------|---|
| start         | The start address of the desired flash memory to be programmed. Must be word-aligned.   |
| dst           | A pointer to the destination buffer of data that is used to store data to be read.      |
| lengthInBytes | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be read. Must be word-aligned. |

| option | The resource option which indicates which area should be read back. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                           | API was executed successfully.  |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument              | An invalid argument is provided.  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>AlignmentError                 | Parameter is not aligned with the specified baseline.                   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure                 | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |

# 11.5.10 status\_t FLASH\_ReadOnce ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t index, uint32\_t \* dst, uint32\_t lengthInBytes )

This function reads the read once feild with given index and length.

#### **Parameters**

| config        | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.  |
|---------------|---|
| index         | The index indicating the area of program once field to be read.                               |
| dst           | A pointer to the destination buffer of data that is used to store data to be read.            |
| lengthInBytes | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be programmed. Must be word-aligned. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success | API was executed successfully. |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|

| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-                          | An invalid argument is provided.  |
|---|---|
| Argument  |   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure                 | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |

# 11.5.11 status\_t FLASH\_GetSecurityState ( flash\_config\_t \* config, flash\_security\_state\_t \* state )

This function retrieves the current flash security status, including the security enabling state and the back-door key enabling state.

#### **Parameters**

| config | A pointer to storage for the driver runtime state.                    |
|--------|---|
| state  | A pointer to the value returned for the current security status code: |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success  | API was executed successfully.   |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- | An invalid argument is provided. |
| Argument               |                                  |

# 11.5.12 status\_t FLASH\_SecurityBypass ( flash\_config\_t \* config, const uint8\_t \* backdoorKey )

If the MCU is in secured state, this function unsecures the MCU by comparing the provided backdoor key with ones in the flash configuration field.

| Parameters |
|------------|
|------------|

| config      | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.    |
|-------------|---|
| backdoorKey | A pointer to the user buffer containing the backdoor key. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                           | API was executed successfully.  |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument              | An invalid argument is provided.  |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure                 | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |

# 11.5.13 status\_t FLASH\_VerifyEraseAll ( flash\_config\_t \* config, flash\_margin\_value\_t margin )

This function checks whether the flash is erased to the specified read margin level.

#### Parameters

| config | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state. |
|--------|--|
| margin | Read margin choice.                                    |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                           | API was executed successfully.            |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument              | An invalid argument is provided.          |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available. |

| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error       | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure      | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |

# 11.5.14 status\_t FLASH\_VerifyErase ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, flash\_margin\_value\_t margin )

This function checks the appropriate number of flash sectors based on the desired start address and length to check whether the flash is erased to the specified read margin level.

#### **Parameters**

| config        | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.   |
|---------------|--|
| start         | The start address of the desired flash memory to be verified. The start address does not need to be sector-aligned but must be word-aligned. |
| lengthInBytes | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be verified. Must be word-aligned.  |
| margin        | Read margin choice.  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                           | API was executed successfully.   |
|---|--|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument              | An invalid argument is provided.   |
|   | Demonstration of all and design and city and cit |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>AlignmentError                 | Parameter is not aligned with specified baseline.  |
| kStatus_FLASH_Address-<br>Error                 | Address is out of range.   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.  |

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| kStatus_FLASH_Access-                | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Error                                |   |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure      | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |

# 11.5.15 status\_t FLASH\_VerifyProgram ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, const uint32\_t \* expectedData, flash\_margin\_value\_t margin, uint32\_t \* failedAddress, uint32\_t \* failedData )

This function verifies the data programed in the flash memory using the Flash Program Check Command and compares it to the expected data for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

#### Parameters

| config        | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.  |
|---------------|---|
| start         | The start address of the desired flash memory to be verified. Must be word-aligned.   |
| lengthInBytes | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be verified. Must be wordaligned.  |
| expectedData  | A pointer to the expected data that is to be verified against.  |
| margin        | Read margin choice.   |
| failedAddress | A pointer to the returned failing address.  |
| failedData    | A pointer to the returned failing data. Some derivatives do not include failed data as part of the FCCOBx registers. In this case, zeros are returned upon failure. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success              | API was executed successfully.                    |
|------------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument | An invalid argument is provided.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>AlignmentError    | Parameter is not aligned with specified baseline. |

| kStatus_FLASH_Address-                          | Address is out of range.  |
|---|---|
| Error   |   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure                 | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |

# 11.5.16 status\_t FLASH\_VerifyEraseAllExecuteOnlySegments ( flash\_config\_t \* config, flash\_margin\_value\_t margin )

#### Parameters

| config | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state. |
|--------|--|
| margin | Read margin choice.                                    |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                           | API was executed successfully.  |
|---|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument              | An invalid argument is provided.  |
| kStatus_FLASH_Execute-<br>InRamFunctionNotReady | Execute-in-RAM function is not available.                               |
| kStatus_FLASH_Access-<br>Error                  | Invalid instruction codes and out-of bounds addresses.                  |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>ProtectionViolation            | The program/erase operation is requested to execute on protected areas. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>CommandFailure                 | Run-time error during the command execution.                            |

# 11.5.17 status\_t FLASH\_IsProtected ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, flash\_protection\_state\_t \* protection\_state )

This function retrieves the current flash protect status for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

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#### **Parameters**

| config              | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.   |
|---------------------|--|
| start               | The start address of the desired flash memory to be checked. Must be word-aligned.                 |
| lengthInBytes       | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words) to be checked. Must be word-aligned.          |
| protection<br>state | A pointer to the value returned for the current protection status code for the desired flash area. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success  | API was executed successfully.                    |
|------------------------|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- | An invalid argument is provided.                  |
| Argument               |   |
| kStatus_FLASH          | Parameter is not aligned with specified baseline. |
| AlignmentError         |   |
| kStatus_FLASH_Address- | The address is out of range.                      |
| Error                  |   |

# 11.5.18 status\_t FLASH\_IsExecuteOnly ( flash\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t start, uint32\_t lengthInBytes, flash\_execute\_only\_access\_state\_t \* access\_state )

This function retrieves the current flash access status for a given flash area as determined by the start address and length.

#### Parameters

| config        | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.   |
|---------------|--|
| start         | The start address of the desired flash memory to be checked. Must be word-aligned.             |
| lengthInBytes | The length, given in bytes (not words or long-words), to be checked. Must be wordaligned.      |
| access_state  | A pointer to the value returned for the current access status code for the desired flash area. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success              | API was executed successfully.                          |
|------------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument | An invalid argument is provided.                        |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>AlignmentError    | The parameter is not aligned to the specified baseline. |
| kStatus_FLASH_Address-<br>Error    | The address is out of range.                            |

# 11.5.19 status\_t FLASH\_GetProperty ( flash\_config\_t \* config, flash\_property\_tag\_t whichProperty, uint32 t \* value )

#### Parameters

| config        | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.                        |
|---------------|---|
| whichProperty | The desired property from the list of properties in enum flash_property_tag_t |
| value         | A pointer to the value returned for the desired flash property.               |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success              | API was executed successfully.   |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument | An invalid argument is provided. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>UnknownProperty   | An unknown property tag.         |

# 11.5.20 status\_t FLASH\_SetProperty ( flash\_config\_t \* config, flash\_property\_tag\_t whichProperty, uint32\_t value )

#### Parameters

| config | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

| whichProperty | The desired property from the list of properties in enum flash_property_tag_t |
|---------------|---|
| value         | A to set for the desired flash property.                                      |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success                   | API was executed successfully.   |
|---|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>Argument      | An invalid argument is provided. |
| kStatus_FLASH<br>UnknownProperty        | An unknown property tag.         |
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid-<br>PropertyValue | An invalid property value.       |
| kStatus_FLASH_Read-<br>OnlyProperty     | An read-only property tag.       |

# 11.5.21 status\_t FLASH\_PflashSetProtection ( flash\_config\_t \* config, pflash\_protection\_status\_t \* protectStatus )

#### **Parameters**

| config        | A pointer to storage for the driver runtime state.  |
|---------------|---|
| protectStatus | The expected protect status to set to the PFlash protection register. Each bit is corresponding to protection of 1/32(64) of the total PFlash. The least significant bit is corresponding to the lowest address area of PFlash. The most significant bit is corresponding to the highest address area of PFlash. There are two possible cases as shown below: 0: this area is protected. 1: this area is unprotected. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success  | API was executed successfully.           |
|------------------------|--|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- | An invalid argument is provided.         |
| Argument               |  |
| kStatus_FLASH          | Run-time error during command execution. |
| CommandFailure         |  |

# 11.5.22 status\_t FLASH\_PflashGetProtection ( flash\_config\_t \* config, pflash\_protection\_status\_t \* protectStatus )

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# Parameters

| config        | A pointer to the storage for the driver runtime state.  |
|---------------|---|
| protectStatus | Protect status returned by the PFlash IP. Each bit is corresponding to the protection of 1/32(64) of the total PFlash. The least significant bit corresponds to the lowest address area of the PFlash. The most significant bit corresponds to the highest address area of PFlash. There are two possible cases as shown below: 0: this area is protected. 1: this area is unprotected. |

## Return values

| kStatus_FLASH_Success  | API was executed successfully.   |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_FLASH_Invalid- | An invalid argument is provided. |
| Argument               |                                  |

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# Chapter 12

# **GPIO:** General-Purpose Input/Output Driver

#### 12.1 Overview

#### **Modules**

- FGPIO Driver
- GPIO Driver

#### **Data Structures**

• struct gpio\_pin\_config\_t

The GPIO pin configuration structure. More...

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum gpio_pin_direction_t {
    kGPIO_DigitalInput = 0U,
    kGPIO_DigitalOutput = 1U }
    GPIO direction definition.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_GPIO\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 1)) GPIO driver version 2.1.1.

#### 12.2 Data Structure Documentation

# 12.2.1 struct gpio\_pin\_config\_t

Each pin can only be configured as either an output pin or an input pin at a time. If configured as an input pin, leave the outputConfig unused. Note that in some use cases, the corresponding port property should be configured in advance with the PORT\_SetPinConfig().

#### **Data Fields**

- gpio\_pin\_direction\_t pinDirection GPIO direction, input or output.
- uint8\_t outputLogic

Set a default output logic, which has no use in input.

## **Enumeration Type Documentation**

- 12.3 Macro Definition Documentation
- 12.3.1 #define FSL\_GPIO\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 1))
- 12.4 Enumeration Type Documentation
- 12.4.1 enum gpio\_pin\_direction\_t

#### Enumerator

kGPIO\_DigitalInput Set current pin as digital input.kGPIO\_DigitalOutput Set current pin as digital output.

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#### 12.5 **GPIO Driver**

#### 12.5.1 **Overview**

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the General-Purpose Input/Output (GPIO) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

#### 12.5.2 Typical use case

#### 12.5.2.1 Output Operation

```
/* Output pin configuration */
gpio_pin_config_t led_config =
    kGpioDigitalOutput,
    1,
/* Sets the configuration */
GPIO_PinInit(GPIO_LED, LED_PINNUM, &led_config);
```

## 12.5.2.2 Input Operation

```
/* Input pin configuration */
PORT_SetPinInterruptConfig(BOARD_SW2_PORT, BOARD_SW2_GPIO_PIN,
     kPORT_InterruptFallingEdge);
NVIC_EnableIRQ(BOARD_SW2_IRQ);
gpio_pin_config_t sw1_config =
    kGpioDigitalInput,
   0,
/* Sets the input pin configuration */
GPIO_PinInit(GPIO_SW1, SW1_PINNUM, &sw1_config);
```

# **GPIO Configuration**

• void GPIO\_PinInit (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pin, const gpio\_pin\_config\_t \*config) Initializes a GPIO pin used by the board.

## **GPIO Output Operations**

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- static void GPIO\_WritePinOutput (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pin, uint8\_t output) Sets the output level of the multiple GPIO pins to the logic 1 or 0.
- static void GPIO\_SetPinsOutput (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Sets the output level of the multiple GPIO pins to the logic 1.
- static void GPIO\_ClearPinsOutput (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)
- Sets the output level of the multiple GPIO pins to the logic 0. • static void GPIO\_TogglePinsOutput (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)
- Reverses the current output logic of the multiple GPIO pins.

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#### **GPIO Driver**

## **GPIO Input Operations**

• static uint32\_t GPIO\_ReadPinInput (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pin)

Reads the current input value of the GPIO port.

## **GPIO Interrupt**

uint32\_t GPIO\_GetPinsInterruptFlags (GPIO\_Type \*base)
 Reads the GPIO port interrupt status flag.

 void GPIO\_ClearPinsInterruptFlags (GPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)
 Clears multiple GPIO pin interrupt status flags.

#### 12.5.3 Function Documentation

# 12.5.3.1 void GPIO\_PinInit ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pin, const gpio\_pin\_config\_t \* config\_)

To initialize the GPIO, define a pin configuration, as either input or output, in the user file. Then, call the GPIO\_PinInit() function.

This is an example to define an input pin or an output pin configuration.

```
* // Define a digital input pin configuration,
* gpio_pin_config_t config =

* {
*    kGPIO_DigitalInput,
*    0,
* }
* //Define a digital output pin configuration,
* gpio_pin_config_t config =

* {
*    kGPIO_DigitalOutput,
*    0,
* }
* }
```

#### **Parameters**

| base   | base GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.) |  |
|--------|---|--|
| pin    | GPIO port pin number  |  |
| config | GPIO pin configuration pointer                                      |  |

# 12.5.3.2 static void GPIO\_WritePinOutput ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pin, uint8\_t output ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.)  |
|--------|---|
| pin    | GPIO pin number   |
| output | <ul> <li>GPIO pin output logic level.</li> <li>0: corresponding pin output low-logic level.</li> <li>1: corresponding pin output high-logic level.</li> </ul> |

# 12.5.3.3 static void GPIO\_SetPinsOutput ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
| mask | GPIO pin number macro  |

# 12.5.3.4 static void GPIO\_ClearPinsOutput ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
| mask | GPIO pin number macro  |

# 12.5.3.5 static void GPIO\_TogglePinsOutput ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
| mask | GPIO pin number macro  |

# 12.5.3.6 static uint32\_t GPIO\_ReadPinInput ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pin ) [inline], [static]

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#### **GPIO Driver**

#### **Parameters**

| base | GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
| pin  | GPIO pin number  |

#### Return values

| GPIO | port input value   |
|------|--|
|      | <ul><li>0: corresponding pin input low-logic level.</li><li>1: corresponding pin input high-logic level.</li></ul> |

# 12.5.3.7 uint32\_t GPIO\_GetPinsInterruptFlags ( GPIO\_Type \* base )

If a pin is configured to generate the DMA request, the corresponding flag is cleared automatically at the completion of the requested DMA transfer. Otherwise, the flag remains set until a logic one is written to that flag. If configured for a level sensitive interrupt that remains asserted, the flag is set again immediately.

#### **Parameters**

| base | GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
|------|--|

#### Return values

| The | current GPIO port interrupt status flag, for example, 0x00010001 means |
|-----|--|
|     | the pin 0 and 17 have the interrupt.                                   |

# 12.5.3.8 void GPIO\_ClearPinsInterruptFlags ( GPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

#### Parameters

| base | GPIO peripheral base pointer (GPIOA, GPIOB, GPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
| mask | GPIO pin number macro  |

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#### 12.6 FGPIO Driver

#### 12.6.1 Overview

This chapter describes the programming interface of the FGPIO driver. The FGPIO driver configures the FGPIO module and provides a functional interface to build the GPIO application.

Note

FGPIO (Fast GPIO) is only available in a few MCUs. FGPIO and GPIO share the same peripheral but use different registers. FGPIO is closer to the core than the regular GPIO and it's faster to read and write.

## 12.6.2 Typical use case

## 12.6.2.1 Output Operation

```
/* Output pin configuration */
gpio_pin_config_t led_config =
{
    kGpioDigitalOutput,
    1,
};
/* Sets the configuration */
FGPIO_PinInit(FGPIO_LED, LED_PINNUM, &led_config);
```

#### 12.6.2.2 Input Operation

# **FGPIO Configuration**

• void FGPIO\_PinInit (FGPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pin, const gpio\_pin\_config\_t \*config)

Initializes a FGPIO pin used by the board.

# **FGPIO Output Operations**

• static void FGPIO\_WritePinOutput (FGPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pin, uint8\_t output) Sets the output level of the multiple FGPIO pins to the logic 1 or 0.

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#### **FGPIO Driver**

- static void FGPIO\_SetPinsOutput (FGPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Sets the output level of the multiple FGPIO pins to the logic 1.
- static void FGPIO\_ClearPinsOutput (FGPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Sets the output level of the multiple FGPIO pins to the logic 0.
- static void FGPIO\_TogglePinsOutput (FGPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Reverses the current output logic of the multiple FGPIO pins.

## **FGPIO Input Operations**

• static uint32\_t FGPIO\_ReadPinInput (FGPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pin)

Reads the current input value of the FGPIO port.

## **FGPIO Interrupt**

uint32\_t FGPIO\_GetPinsInterruptFlags (FGPIO\_Type \*base)
 Reads the FGPIO port interrupt status flag.
 void FGPIO\_ClearPinsInterruptFlags (FGPIO\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

#### 12.6.3 Function Documentation

# 12.6.3.1 void FGPIO\_PinInit ( FGPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pin, const gpio\_pin\_config\_t \* config )

To initialize the FGPIO driver, define a pin configuration, as either input or output, in the user file. Then, call the FGPIO\_PinInit() function.

This is an example to define an input pin or an output pin configuration:

Clears the multiple FGPIO pin interrupt status flag.

```
* // Define a digital input pin configuration,
* gpio_pin_config_t config =
* {
*    kGPIO_DigitalInput,
*    0,
* }
*    //Define a digital output pin configuration,
* gpio_pin_config_t config =
* {
*    kGPIO_DigitalOutput,
*    0,
* }
*
```

#### **Parameters**

| base   | FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.) |
|--------|--|
| pin    | FGPIO port pin number  |
| config | FGPIO pin configuration pointer                                    |

# 12.6.3.2 static void FGPIO\_WritePinOutput ( FGPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pin, uint8\_t output ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.)  |
|--------|---|
| pin    | FGPIO pin number  |
| output | <ul> <li>FGPIOpin output logic level.</li> <li>0: corresponding pin output low-logic level.</li> <li>1: corresponding pin output high-logic level.</li> </ul> |

# 12.6.3.3 static void FGPIO\_SetPinsOutput ( FGPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
| mask | FGPIO pin number macro   |

# 12.6.3.4 static void FGPIO\_ClearPinsOutput ( FGPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
| mask | FGPIO pin number macro   |

# 12.6.3.5 static void FGPIO\_TogglePinsOutput ( FGPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **FGPIO Driver**

#### **Parameters**

| base | FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
| mask | FGPIO pin number macro   |

# 12.6.3.6 static uint32\_t FGPIO\_ReadPinInput ( FGPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pin ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
| pin  | FGPIO pin number   |

#### Return values

| FGPIO | port input value   |
|-------|--|
|       | <ul><li>0: corresponding pin input low-logic level.</li><li>1: corresponding pin input high-logic level.</li></ul> |
|       |  |

# 12.6.3.7 uint32\_t FGPIO\_GetPinsInterruptFlags ( FGPIO\_Type \* base )

If a pin is configured to generate the DMA request, the corresponding flag is cleared automatically at the completion of the requested DMA transfer. Otherwise, the flag remains set until a logic one is written to that flag. If configured for a level-sensitive interrupt that remains asserted, the flag is set again immediately.

#### **Parameters**

| base | FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
|------|--|

#### Return values

| The | current FGPIO port interrupt status flags, for example, 0x00010001 means |
|-----|--|
|     | the pin 0 and 17 have the interrupt.                                     |

# 12.6.3.8 void FGPIO\_ClearPinsInterruptFlags ( FGPIO\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

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# Parameters

| base | FGPIO peripheral base pointer (FGPIOA, FGPIOB, FGPIOC, and so on.) |
|------|--|
| mask | FGPIO pin number macro   |

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# **FGPIO Driver**

# **Chapter 13**

**I2C:** Inter-Integrated Circuit Driver

#### **Overview** 13.1

## **Modules**

- I2C DMA Driver
- I2C DriverI2C FreeRTOS Driver
- I2C eDMA Driver

#### 13.2 I2C Driver

#### 13.2.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Inter-Integrated Circuit (I2C) module of MC-UXpresso SDK devices.

The I2C driver includes functional APIs and transactional APIs.

Functional APIs target the low-level APIs. Functional APIs can be used for the I2C master/slave initialization/configuration/operation for optimization/customization purpose. Using the functional APIs requires knowing the I2C master peripheral and how to organize functional APIs to meet the application requirements. The I2C functional operation groups provide the functional APIs set.

Transactional APIs target the high-level APIs. The transactional APIs can be used to enable the peripheral quickly and also in the application if the code size and performance of transactional APIs satisfy the requirements. If the code size and performance are critical requirements, see the transactional API implementation and write custom code using the functional APIs or accessing the hardware registers.

Transactional APIs support asynchronous transfer. This means that the functions I2C\_MasterTransfer-NonBlocking() set up the interrupt non-blocking transfer. When the transfer completes, the upper layer is notified through a callback function with the status.

## 13.2.2 Typical use case

#### 13.2.2.1 Master Operation in functional method

```
i2c_master_config_t masterConfig;
uint8_t status;
status_t result = kStatus_Success;
uint8_t txBuff[BUFFER_SIZE];
/\star Gets the default configuration for master. \star/
I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&masterConfig);
/* Inititializes the I2C master. */
I2C_MasterInit(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &masterConfig, I2C_MASTER_CLK);
/* Sends a start and a slave address. */
I2C_MasterStart(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, 7-bit slave address,
      kI2C_Write/kI2C_Read);
/\star Waits for the sent out address. \star/
while(!((status = I2C_GetStatusFlag(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR)) & kI2C_IntPendingFlag))
{
if (status & kI2C ReceiveNakFlag)
    return kStatus_I2C_Nak;
result = I2C_MasterWriteBlocking(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, txBuff, BUFFER_SIZE,
     kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag);
if(result)
```

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```
{
    return result;
```

#### 13.2.2.2 Master Operation in interrupt transactional method

```
i2c_master_handle_t g_m_handle;
volatile bool g_MasterCompletionFlag = false;
i2c_master_config_t masterConfig;
uint8_t status;
status_t result = kStatus_Success;
uint8_t txBuff[BUFFER_SIZE];
i2c_master_transfer_t masterXfer;
\verb|static void i2c_master_callback(I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *factorial void *factor
               userData)
          /\star Signal transfer success when received success status. \star/
          if (status == kStatus_Success)
                     g_MasterCompletionFlag = true;
/* Gets a default configuration for master. */
I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&masterConfig);
/* Initializes the I2C master. */
I2C_MasterInit(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &masterConfig, I2C_MASTER_CLK);
masterXfer.slaveAddress = I2C_MASTER_SLAVE_ADDR_7BIT;
masterXfer.direction = kI2C_Write;
masterXfer.subaddress = NULL;
masterXfer.subaddressSize = 0;
masterXfer.data = txBuff;
masterXfer.dataSize = BUFFER_SIZE;
masterXfer.flags = kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag;
I2C_MasterTransferCreateHandle(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &g_m_handle,
               i2c_master_callback, NULL);
I2C_MasterTransferNonBlocking(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &g_m_handle, &
              masterXfer);
/* Waits for a transfer to be completed. */
while (!g_MasterCompletionFlag)
g_MasterCompletionFlag = false;
```

## 13.2.2.3 Master Operation in DMA transactional method

```
i2c_master_dma_handle_t g_m_dma_handle;
dma_handle_t dmaHandle;
volatile bool g_MasterCompletionFlag = false;
i2c_master_config_t masterConfig;
uint8_t txBuff[BUFFER_SIZE];
i2c_master_transfer_t masterXfer;

static void i2c_master_callback(I2C_Type *base, i2c_master_dma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void * userData)
{
    /* Signal transfer success when received success status. */
    if (status == kStatus_Success)
```

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```
g_MasterCompletionFlag = true;
/* Gets the default configuration for the master. */
I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&masterConfig);
/* Initializes the I2C master. */
I2C_MasterInit(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &masterConfig, I2C_MASTER_CLK);
masterXfer.slaveAddress = I2C_MASTER_SLAVE_ADDR_7BIT;
masterXfer.direction = kI2C_Write;
masterXfer.subaddress = NULL;
masterXfer.subaddressSize = 0;
masterXfer.data = txBuff;
masterXfer.dataSize = BUFFER_SIZE;
masterXfer.flags = kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag;
DMAMGR_RequestChannel((dma_request_source_t)DMA_REQUEST_SRC, 0, &dmaHandle);
I2C_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &
     g_m_dma_handle, i2c_master_callback, NULL, &dmaHandle);
I2C_MasterTransferDMA(EXAMPLE_I2C_MASTER_BASEADDR, &g_m_dma_handle, &masterXfer);
/* Wait for transfer completed. */
while (!g_MasterCompletionFlag)
g_MasterCompletionFlag = false;
```

## 13.2.2.4 Slave Operation in functional method

```
i2c_slave_config_t slaveConfig;
uint8_t status;
status_t result = kStatus_Success;
I2C_SlaveGetDefaultConfig(&slaveConfig); /*A default configuration 7-bit
      addressing mode*/
slaveConfig.slaveAddr = 7-bit address
slaveConfig.addressingMode = kI2C_Address7bit/
      kI2C_RangeMatch;
I2C_SlaveInit(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, &slaveConfig, I2C_SLAVE_CLK);
/* Waits for an address match. */
while(!((status = I2C_GetStatusFlag(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR)) & kI2C_AddressMatchFlag))
{
/\star A slave transmits; master is reading from the slave. \star/
if (status & kI2C_TransferDirectionFlag)
    result = I2C_SlaveWriteBlocking(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, txBuff, BUFFER_SIZE);
}
else
{
    I2C_SlaveReadBlocking(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, rxBuff, BUFFER_SIZE);
return result;
```

#### 13.2.2.5 Slave Operation in interrupt transactional method

```
i2c_slave_config_t slaveConfig;
i2c_slave_handle_t g_s_handle;
volatile bool g_SlaveCompletionFlag = false;
static void i2c_slave_callback(I2C_Type *base, i2c_slave_transfer_t *xfer, void *
    switch (xfer->event)
        /* Transmit request */
        case kI2C_SlaveTransmitEvent:
            /\star Update information for transmit process \star/
            xfer->data = g_slave_buff;
            xfer->dataSize = I2C_DATA_LENGTH;
            break:
        /\star Receives request \star/
        case kI2C_SlaveReceiveEvent:
            /* Update information for received process */
            xfer->data = g_slave_buff;
            xfer->dataSize = I2C_DATA_LENGTH;
            break:
        /\star Transfer is done \star/
        case kI2C_SlaveCompletionEvent:
            g_SlaveCompletionFlag = true;
            break:
            g_SlaveCompletionFlag = true;
            break;
I2C_SlaveGetDefaultConfig(&slaveConfig); /*A default configuration 7-bit
      addressing mode*/
slaveConfig.slaveAddr = 7-bit address
slaveConfig.addressingMode = kI2C_Address7bit/
      kI2C_RangeMatch;
I2C_SlaveInit(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, &slaveConfig, I2C_SLAVE_CLK);
I2C_SlaveTransferCreateHandle(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, &g_s_handle,
      i2c_slave_callback, NULL);
I2C_SlaveTransferNonBlocking(EXAMPLE_I2C_SLAVE_BASEADDR, &g_s_handle,
     kI2C_SlaveCompletionEvent);
/* Waits for a transfer to be completed. */
while (!g_SlaveCompletionFlag)
{
g_SlaveCompletionFlag = false;
```

#### **Data Structures**

```
    struct i2c_master_config_t
        I2C master user configuration. More...
    struct i2c_slave_config_t
        I2C slave user configuration. More...
    struct i2c_master_transfer_t
```

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```
    12C master transfer structure. More...
    struct i2c_master_handle_t
        12C master handle structure. More...

    struct i2c_slave_transfer_t
        12C slave transfer structure. More...

    struct i2c_slave_handle_t
        12C slave handle structure. More...
```

## **Typedefs**

- typedef void(\* i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t )(I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)
   I2C master transfer callback typedef.
   typedef void(\*\*i2a\* elever transfer callback typedef.
- typedef void(\* i2c\_slave\_transfer\_callback\_t )(I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t \*xfer, void \*userData)

I2C slave transfer callback typedef.

#### **Enumerations**

```
• enum i2c status {
 kStatus_I2C_Busy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_I2C, 0),
 kStatus_I2C_Idle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_I2C, 1),
 kStatus_I2C_Nak = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_I2C, 2),
 kStatus I2C ArbitrationLost = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup I2C, 3),
 kStatus_I2C_Timeout = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_I2C, 4),
 kStatus I2C Addr Nak = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup I2C, 5) }
    I2C status return codes.
enum <u>i2c_flags</u> {
 kI2C_ReceiveNakFlag = I2C_S_RXAK_MASK,
 kI2C_IntPendingFlag = I2C_S_IICIF_MASK,
 kI2C_TransferDirectionFlag = I2C_S_SRW_MASK,
 kI2C_RangeAddressMatchFlag = I2C_S_RAM_MASK,
 kI2C_ArbitrationLostFlag = I2C_S_ARBL_MASK,
 kI2C_BusBusyFlag = I2C_S_BUSY_MASK,
 kI2C_AddressMatchFlag = I2C_S_IAAS_MASK,
 kI2C_TransferCompleteFlag = I2C_S_TCF_MASK,
 kI2C_StopDetectFlag = I2C_FLT_STOPF_MASK << 8,
 kI2C StartDetectFlag = I2C_FLT_STARTF_MASK << 8 }
    I2C peripheral flags.
enum _i2c_interrupt_enable {
 kI2C_GlobalInterruptEnable = I2C_C1_IICIE_MASK,
 kI2C_StartStopDetectInterruptEnable = I2C_FLT_SSIE_MASK }
    I2C feature interrupt source.
enum i2c_direction_t {
 kI2C Write = 0x0U,
```

```
kI2C Read = 0x1U }
    The direction of master and slave transfers.
enum i2c_slave_address_mode_t {
 kI2C Address7bit = 0x0U,
 kI2C_RangeMatch = 0X2U }
    Addressing mode.
• enum _i2c_master_transfer_flags {
 kI2C_TransferDefaultFlag = 0x0U,
 kI2C_TransferNoStartFlag = 0x1U,
 kI2C TransferRepeatedStartFlag = 0x2U,
 kI2C_TransferNoStopFlag = 0x4U }
    I2C transfer control flag.
enum i2c_slave_transfer_event_t {
 kI2C SlaveAddressMatchEvent = 0x01U,
 kI2C SlaveTransmitEvent = 0x02U,
 kI2C_SlaveReceiveEvent = 0x04U,
 kI2C_SlaveTransmitAckEvent = 0x08U,
 kI2C SlaveStartEvent = 0x10U,
 kI2C_SlaveCompletionEvent = 0x20U,
 kI2C_SlaveGenaralcallEvent = 0x40U,
 kI2C SlaveAllEvents }
    Set of events sent to the callback for nonblocking slave transfers.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_I2C\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 3)) *I2C driver version 2.0.3.* 

#### Initialization and deinitialization

• void I2C\_MasterInit (I2C\_Type \*base, const i2c\_master\_config\_t \*masterConfig, uint32\_t src-Clock\_Hz)

*Initializes the I2C peripheral.* 

• void I2C\_SlaveInit (I2C\_Type \*base, const i2c\_slave\_config\_t \*slaveConfig, uint32\_t srcClock\_-Hz)

Initializes the I2C peripheral.

• void I2C\_MasterDeinit (I2C\_Type \*base)

De-initializes the I2C master peripheral.

• void I2C\_SlaveDeinit (I2C\_Type \*base)

De-initializes the I2C slave peripheral.

void I2C\_MasterGetDefaultConfig (i2c\_master\_config\_t \*masterConfig)

Sets the I2C master configuration structure to default values.

void I2C\_SlaveGetDefaultConfig (i2c\_slave\_config\_t \*slaveConfig)

Sets the I2C slave configuration structure to default values.

• static void I2C\_Enable (I2C\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables or disabless the I2C peripheral operation.

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#### **Status**

• uint32\_t I2C\_MasterGetStatusFlags (I2C\_Type \*base)

Gets the I2C status flags.

• static uint32\_t I2C\_SlaveGetStatusFlags (I2C\_Type \*base)

Gets the I2C status flags.

• static void I2C MasterClearStatusFlags (I2C Type \*base, uint32 t statusMask)

Clears the I2C status flag state.

• static void I2C\_SlaveČlearStatusFlags (I2C\_Type \*base, uint32\_t statusMask)

Clears the I2C status flag state.

## Interrupts

• void I2C\_EnableInterrupts (I2C\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Enables I2C interrupt requests.

• void I2C\_DisableInterrupts (I2C\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Disables I2C interrupt requests.

#### **DMA Control**

• static void I2C\_EnableDMA (I2C\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables/disables the I2C DMA interrupt.

• static uint32 t I2C GetDataRegAddr (I2C Type \*base)

Gets the I2C tx/rx data register address.

# **Bus Operations**

- void I2C\_MasterSetBaudRate (I2C\_Type \*base, uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz) Sets the I2C master transfer baud rate.
- status\_t I2C\_MasterStart (I2C\_Type \*base, uint8\_t address, i2c\_direction\_t direction) Sends a START on the I2C bus.
- status\_t I2C\_MasterStop (I2C\_Type \*base)

Sends a STOP signal on the I2C bus.

- status\_t I2C\_MasterRepeatedStart (I2C\_Type \*base, uint8\_t address, i2c\_direction\_t direction) Sends a REPEATED START on the I2C bus.
- status\_t I2C\_MasterWriteBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, const uint8\_t \*txBuff, size\_t txSize, uint32\_t flags)

Performs a polling send transaction on the I2C bus.

- status\_t I2C\_MasterReadBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, uint8\_t \*rxBuff, size\_t rxSize, uint32\_t flags)

  Performs a polling receive transaction on the I2C bus.
- status\_t I2C\_SlaveWriteBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, const uint8\_t \*txBuff, size\_t txSize)

  Performs a polling send transaction on the I2C bus.
- void I2C\_SlaveReadBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, uint8\_t \*rxBuff, size\_t rxSize)

Performs a polling receive transaction on the I2C bus.

• status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Performs a master polling transfer on the I2C bus.

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#### **Transactional**

• void I2C\_MasterTransferCreateHandle (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)

*Initializes the I2C handle which is used in transactional functions.* 

• status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferNonBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Performs a master interrupt non-blocking transfer on the I2C bus.

• status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferGetCount (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

Gets the master transfer status during a interrupt non-blocking transfer.

• void I2C\_MasterTransferAbort (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle)

Aborts an interrupt non-blocking transfer early.

• void I2C\_MasterTransferHandleIRQ (I2C\_Type \*base, void \*i2cHandle)

Master interrupt handler.

• void I2C\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_slave\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)

Initializes the I2C handle which is used in transactional functions.

• status\_t I2C\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_t eventMask)

Starts accepting slave transfers.

• void I2C\_SlaveTransferAbort (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle)

Aborts the slave transfer.

- status\_t I2C\_SlaveTransferGetCount (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

  Gets the slave transfer remaining bytes during a interrupt non-blocking transfer.
- void I2C\_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ (I2C\_Type \*base, void \*i2cHandle)

Slave interrupt handler.

#### 13.2.3 Data Structure Documentation

#### 13.2.3.1 struct i2c\_master\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableMaster

Enables the I2C peripheral at initialization time.

bool enableStopHold

Controls the stop hold enable.

uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps

Baud rate configuration of I2C peripheral.

• uint8\_t glitchFilterWidth

Controls the width of the glitch.

13.2.3.1.0.23 Field Documentation

13.2.3.1.0.23.1 bool i2c\_master\_config\_t::enableMaster

13.2.3.1.0.23.2 bool i2c\_master\_config\_t::enableStopHold

13.2.3.1.0.23.3 uint32\_t i2c\_master\_config\_t::baudRate\_Bps

13.2.3.1.0.23.4 uint8\_t i2c\_master\_config\_t::glitchFilterWidth

13.2.3.2 struct i2c slave config t

#### **Data Fields**

• bool enableSlave

Enables the I2C peripheral at initialization time.

• bool enableGeneralCall

Enables the general call addressing mode.

bool enableWakeUp

Enables/disables waking up MCU from low-power mode.

bool enableBaudRateCtl

Enables/disables independent slave baud rate on SCL in very fast I2C modes.

• uint16 t slaveAddress

A slave address configuration.

• uint16\_t upperAddress

A maximum boundary slave address used in a range matching mode.

• i2c\_slave\_address\_mode\_t addressingMode

An addressing mode configuration of i2c slave address mode config t.

• uint32\_t sclStopHoldTime\_ns

the delay from the rising edge of SCL (I2C clock) to the rising edge of SDA (I2C data) while SCL is high (stop condition), SDA hold time and SCL start hold time are also configured according to the SCL stop hold time.

# 13.2.3.2.0.24.1 bool i2c\_slave\_config\_t::enableSlave 13.2.3.2.0.24.2 bool i2c\_slave\_config\_t::enableGeneralCall 13.2.3.2.0.24.3 bool i2c\_slave\_config\_t::enableWakeUp 13.2.3.2.0.24.4 bool i2c\_slave\_config\_t::enableBaudRateCtl 13.2.3.2.0.24.5 uint16\_t i2c\_slave\_config\_t::slaveAddress 13.2.3.2.0.24.6 uint16\_t i2c\_slave\_config\_t::upperAddress 13.2.3.2.0.24.7 i2c\_slave\_address\_mode\_t i2c\_slave\_config\_t::addressingMode 13.2.3.2.0.24.8 uint32\_t i2c\_slave\_config\_t::sclStopHoldTime\_ns 13.2.3.3 struct i2c master transfer t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t flags

A transfer flag which controls the transfer.

• uint8 t slaveAddress

7-bit slave address.

• i2c\_direction\_t direction

A transfer direction, read or write.

• uint32\_t subaddress

A sub address.

• uint8\_t subaddressSize

A size of the command buffer.

• uint8\_t \*volatile data

A transfer buffer.

volatile size\_t dataSize

A transfer size.

#### 13.2.3.3.0.25 Field Documentation

13.2.3.3.0.25.1 uint32\_t i2c\_master\_transfer\_t::flags

13.2.3.3.0.25.2 uint8\_t i2c\_master\_transfer\_t::slaveAddress

13.2.3.3.0.25.3 i2c\_direction\_t i2c\_master\_transfer\_t::direction

13.2.3.3.0.25.4 uint32\_t i2c\_master\_transfer\_t::subaddress

Transferred MSB first.

13.2.3.3.0.25.5 uint8 t i2c master transfer t::subaddressSize

13.2.3.3.0.25.6 uint8\_t\* volatile i2c\_master\_transfer\_t::data

13.2.3.3.0.25.7 volatile size t i2c master transfer t::dataSize

13.2.3.4 struct \_i2c\_master\_handle

I2C master handle typedef.

#### **Data Fields**

• i2c\_master\_transfer\_t transfer

I2C master transfer copy.

• size t transferSize

Total bytes to be transferred.

• uint8\_t state

A transfer state maintained during transfer.

• i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t completionCallback

A callback function called when the transfer is finished.

void \* userData

A callback parameter passed to the callback function.

#### 13.2.3.4.0.26 Field Documentation

13.2.3.4.0.26.1 i2c\_master\_transfer\_t i2c\_master\_handle\_t::transfer

13.2.3.4.0.26.2 size t i2c master handle t::transferSize

13.2.3.4.0.26.3 uint8 t i2c master handle t::state

13.2.3.4.0.26.4 i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t i2c master handle t::completionCallback

13.2.3.4.0.26.5 void\* i2c master handle t::userData

13.2.3.5 struct i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• i2c slave transfer event t event

A reason that the callback is invoked.

• uint8 t \*volatile data

A transfer buffer.

• volatile size\_t dataSize

A transfer size.

• status\_t completionStatus

Success or error code describing how the transfer completed.

size\_t transferredCount

A number of bytes actually transferred since the start or since the last repeated start.

#### 13.2.3.5.0.27 Field Documentation

13.2.3.5.0.27.1 i2c\_slave\_transfer\_event\_t i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t::event

13.2.3.5.0.27.2 uint8 t\* volatile i2c slave transfer t::data

13.2.3.5.0.27.3 volatile size\_t i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t::dataSize

13.2.3.5.0.27.4 status\_t i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t::completionStatus

Only applies for kI2C\_SlaveCompletionEvent.

13.2.3.5.0.27.5 size ti2c slave transfer t::transferredCount

13.2.3.6 struct \_i2c\_slave\_handle

I2C slave handle typedef.

#### **Data Fields**

• volatile bool isBusy

Indicates whether a transfer is busy.

• i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t transfer

*I2C* slave transfer copy.

• uint32\_t eventMask

A mask of enabled events.

• i2c\_slave\_transfer\_callback\_t callback

A callback function called at the transfer event.

void \* userData

A callback parameter passed to the callback.

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#### 13.2.3.6.0.28 Field Documentation

- 13.2.3.6.0.28.1 volatile bool i2c\_slave\_handle\_t::isBusy
- 13.2.3.6.0.28.2 i2c\_slave\_transfer\_t i2c slave handle t::transfer
- 13.2.3.6.0.28.3 uint32\_t i2c\_slave\_handle\_t::eventMask
- 13.2.3.6.0.28.4 i2c\_slave\_transfer\_callback\_t i2c\_slave\_handle\_t::callback
- 13.2.3.6.0.28.5 void\* i2c slave handle t::userData

#### 13.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation

13.2.4.1 #define FSL\_I2C\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 3))

#### 13.2.5 Typedef Documentation

- 13.2.5.1 typedef void(\* i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t)(I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)
- 13.2.5.2 typedef void(\* i2c\_slave\_transfer\_callback\_t)(l2C\_Type \*base, i2c slave transfer t \*xfer, void \*userData)

#### 13.2.6 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### **13.2.6.1** enum \_i2c\_status

#### Enumerator

**kStatus\_I2C\_Busy** I2C is busy with current transfer.

kStatus\_I2C\_Idle Bus is Idle.

kStatus\_I2C\_Nak NAK received during transfer.

kStatus 12C ArbitrationLost Arbitration lost during transfer.

kStatus 12C Timeout Wait event timeout.

kStatus\_12C\_Addr\_Nak NAK received during the address probe.

#### 13.2.6.2 enum <u>i2c\_flags</u>

The following status register flags can be cleared:

- kI2C\_ArbitrationLostFlag
- kI2C\_IntPendingFlag
- kI2C\_StartDetectFlag
- kI2C\_StopDetectFlag

#### Note

These enumerations are meant to be OR'd together to form a bit mask.

#### Enumerator

kI2C\_ReceiveNakFlag I2C receive NAK flag.

kI2C\_IntPendingFlag I2C interrupt pending flag.

kI2C\_TransferDirectionFlag I2C transfer direction flag.

kI2C\_RangeAddressMatchFlag I2C range address match flag.

kI2C\_ArbitrationLostFlag I2C arbitration lost flag.

kI2C\_BusBusyFlag I2C bus busy flag.

kI2C\_AddressMatchFlag I2C address match flag.

kI2C\_TransferCompleteFlag I2C transfer complete flag.

kI2C\_StopDetectFlag I2C stop detect flag.

kI2C\_StartDetectFlag I2C start detect flag.

#### 13.2.6.3 enum \_i2c\_interrupt\_enable

#### Enumerator

kI2C\_GlobalInterruptEnable I2C global interrupt.

kI2C\_StartStopDetectInterruptEnable I2C start&stop detect interrupt.

#### 13.2.6.4 enum i2c\_direction\_t

#### Enumerator

kI2C Write Master transmits to the slave.

kI2C\_Read Master receives from the slave.

#### 13.2.6.5 enum i2c\_slave\_address\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

*kI2C\_Address7bit* 7-bit addressing mode.

kI2C\_RangeMatch Range address match addressing mode.

#### 13.2.6.6 enum \_i2c\_master\_transfer\_flags

#### Enumerator

kI2C\_TransferDefaultFlag A transfer starts with a start signal, stops with a stop signal.

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```
kI2C_TransferNoStartFlag A transfer starts without a start signal.
```

*kI2C\_TransferRepeatedStartFlag* A transfer starts with a repeated start signal.

kI2C\_TransferNoStopFlag A transfer ends without a stop signal.

#### 13.2.6.7 enum i2c\_slave\_transfer\_event\_t

These event enumerations are used for two related purposes. First, a bit mask created by OR'ing together events is passed to I2C\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking() to specify which events to enable. Then, when the slave callback is invoked, it is passed the current event through its *transfer* parameter.

#### Note

These enumerations are meant to be OR'd together to form a bit mask of events.

#### Enumerator

kI2C\_SlaveAddressMatchEvent Received the slave address after a start or repeated start.

**k12C\_SlaveTransmitEvent** A callback is requested to provide data to transmit (slave-transmitter role).

**kI2C\_SlaveReceiveEvent** A callback is requested to provide a buffer in which to place received data (slave-receiver role).

kI2C SlaveTransmitAckEvent A callback needs to either transmit an ACK or NACK.

kI2C\_SlaveStartEvent A start/repeated start was detected.

**kI2C\_SlaveCompletionEvent** A stop was detected or finished transfer, completing the transfer.

**kI2C\_SlaveGenaralcallEvent** Received the general call address after a start or repeated start.

kI2C SlaveAllEvents A bit mask of all available events.

#### 13.2.7 Function Documentation

# 13.2.7.1 void I2C\_MasterInit ( I2C\_Type \* base, const i2c\_master\_config\_t \* masterConfig, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

Call this API to ungate the I2C clock and configure the I2C with master configuration.

#### Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application. Otherwise, any operation to the I2C module can cause a hard fault because the clock is not enabled. The configuration structure can be custom filled or it can be set with default values by using the I2C\_MasterGetDefaultConfig(). After calling this API, the master is ready to transfer. This is an example.

```
* i2c_master_config_t config = {
* .enableMaster = true,
* .enableStopHold = false,
* .highDrive = false,
* .baudRate_Bps = 100000,
```

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```
* .glitchFilterWidth = 0
* };
* I2C_MasterInit(I2C0, &config, 12000000U);
**
```

#### **Parameters**

| base         | I2C base pointer                                |
|--------------|---|
| masterConfig | A pointer to the master configuration structure |
| srcClock_Hz  | I2C peripheral clock frequency in Hz            |

# 13.2.7.2 void I2C\_SlaveInit ( I2C\_Type \* base, const i2c\_slave\_config\_t \* slaveConfig, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

Call this API to ungate the I2C clock and initialize the I2C with the slave configuration.

#### Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application. Otherwise, any operation to the I2C module can cause a hard fault because the clock is not enabled. The configuration structure can partly be set with default values by I2C\_SlaveGetDefaultConfig() or it can be custom filled by the user. This is an example.

```
* i2c_slave_config_t config = {
* .enableSlave = true,
* .enableGeneralCall = false,
* .addressingMode = kI2C_Address7bit,
* .slaveAddress = 0x1DU,
* .enableWakeUp = false,
* .enablehighDrive = false,
* .enableBaudRateCtl = false,
* .sclStopHoldTime_ns = 4000
* };
* I2C_SlaveInit(I2C0, &config, 12000000U);
* * * ***
```

#### **Parameters**

| base        | I2C base pointer                               |
|-------------|--|
| slaveConfig | A pointer to the slave configuration structure |
| srcClock_Hz | I2C peripheral clock frequency in Hz           |

## 13.2.7.3 void I2C\_MasterDeinit ( I2C\_Type \* base )

Call this API to gate the I2C clock. The I2C master module can't work unless the I2C\_MasterInit is called.

#### Parameters

| base | I2C base pointer |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

#### 13.2.7.4 void I2C\_SlaveDeinit ( I2C\_Type \* base )

Calling this API gates the I2C clock. The I2C slave module can't work unless the I2C\_SlaveInit is called to enable the clock.

#### **Parameters**

| base | I2C base pointer |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

## 13.2.7.5 void I2C\_MasterGetDefaultConfig ( i2c\_master\_config\_t \* masterConfig )

The purpose of this API is to get the configuration structure initialized for use in the I2C\_Master-Configure(). Use the initialized structure unchanged in the I2C\_MasterConfigure() or modify the structure before calling the I2C\_MasterConfigure(). This is an example.

```
* i2c_master_config_t config;
* I2C_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&config);
```

#### **Parameters**

masterConfig A pointer to the master configuration structure.

# 13.2.7.6 void I2C\_SlaveGetDefaultConfig ( i2c\_slave\_config\_t \* slaveConfig )

The purpose of this API is to get the configuration structure initialized for use in the I2C\_SlaveConfigure(). Modify fields of the structure before calling the I2C\_SlaveConfigure(). This is an example.

```
* i2c_slave_config_t config;
* I2C_SlaveGetDefaultConfig(&config);
*
```

#### Parameters

| slaveConfig   A pointer t | o the slave configuration structure. |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|

## 13.2.7.7 static void I2C\_Enable ( I2C\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | I2C base pointer                                     |
|--------|--|
| enable | Pass true to enable and false to disable the module. |

## 13.2.7.8 uint32\_t I2C\_MasterGetStatusFlags ( I2C\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base I | I2C base pointer |
|--------|------------------|
|--------|------------------|

#### Returns

status flag, use status flag to AND \_i2c\_flags to get the related status.

# 13.2.7.9 static uint32\_t I2C\_SlaveGetStatusFlags ( I2C\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | I2C base pointer |
|------|------------------|

#### Returns

status flag, use status flag to AND \_i2c\_flags to get the related status.

# 13.2.7.10 static void I2C\_MasterClearStatusFlags ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint32\_t statusMask ) [inline], [static]

The following status register flags can be cleared kI2C\_ArbitrationLostFlag and kI2C\_IntPendingFlag.

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#### **Parameters**

| base       | I2C base pointer   |
|------------|--|
| statusMask | The status flag mask, defined in type i2c_status_flag_t. The parameter can be any combination of the following values:  • kI2C_StartDetectFlag (if available)  • kI2C_StopDetectFlag (if available)  • kI2C_ArbitrationLostFlag  • kI2C_IntPendingFlagFlag |

# 13.2.7.11 static void I2C\_SlaveClearStatusFlags ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint32\_t statusMask ) [inline], [static]

The following status register flags can be cleared kI2C\_ArbitrationLostFlag and kI2C\_IntPendingFlag

#### **Parameters**

| base       | I2C base pointer   |
|------------|--|
| statusMask | The status flag mask, defined in type i2c_status_flag_t. The parameter can be any combination of the following values:  • kI2C_StartDetectFlag (if available)  • kI2C_StopDetectFlag (if available)  • kI2C_ArbitrationLostFlag  • kI2C_IntPendingFlagFlag |

# 13.2.7.12 void I2C\_EnableInterrupts ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

#### **Parameters**

| base | I2C base pointer  |
|------|---|
| mask | <ul> <li>interrupt source The parameter can be combination of the following source if defined:</li> <li>kI2C_GlobalInterruptEnable</li> <li>kI2C_StopDetectInterruptEnable/kI2C_StartDetectInterruptEnable</li> <li>kI2C_SdaTimeoutInterruptEnable</li> </ul> |

# 13.2.7.13 void I2C\_DisableInterrupts ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

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#### **Parameters**

| base | I2C base pointer  |
|------|---|
| mask | <ul> <li>interrupt source The parameter can be combination of the following source if defined:</li> <li>kI2C_GlobalInterruptEnable</li> <li>kI2C_StopDetectInterruptEnable/kI2C_StartDetectInterruptEnable</li> <li>kI2C_SdaTimeoutInterruptEnable</li> </ul> |

# 13.2.7.14 static void I2C\_EnableDMA ( I2C\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | I2C base pointer                 |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| enable | true to enable, false to disable |

# 13.2.7.15 static uint32\_t I2C\_GetDataRegAddr ( I2C\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This API is used to provide a transfer address for I2C DMA transfer configuration.

#### Parameters

| base I2C base pointer |
|-----------------------|
|-----------------------|

#### Returns

data register address

# 13.2.7.16 void I2C\_MasterSetBaudRate ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

#### **Parameters**

| base         | I2C base pointer           |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| baudRate_Bps | the baud rate value in bps |
| srcClock_Hz  | Source clock               |

# 13.2.7.17 status\_t I2C\_MasterStart ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint8\_t address, i2c\_direction\_t direction )

This function is used to initiate a new master mode transfer by sending the START signal. The slave address is sent following the I2C START signal.

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#### **Parameters**

| base      | I2C peripheral base pointer                   |
|-----------|---|
| address   | 7-bit slave device address.                   |
| direction | Master transfer directions(transmit/receive). |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success  | Successfully send the start signal. |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy | Current bus is busy.                |

## 13.2.7.18 status\_t I2C\_MasterStop ( I2C\_Type \* base )

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success     | Successfully send the stop signal. |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| kStatus_I2C_Timeout | Send stop signal failed, timeout.  |

# 13.2.7.19 status\_t I2C\_MasterRepeatedStart ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint8\_t address, i2c\_direction\_t direction )

#### Parameters

| base      | I2C peripheral base pointer                   |
|-----------|---|
| address   | 7-bit slave device address.                   |
| direction | Master transfer directions(transmit/receive). |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success  | Successfully send the start signal.                         |
|------------------|---|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy | Current bus is busy but not occupied by current I2C master. |

# 13.2.7.20 status\_t I2C\_MasterWriteBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, const uint8\_t \* txBuff, size\_t txSize, uint32\_t flags )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | The I2C peripheral base pointer.   |
|--------|--|
| txBuff | The pointer to the data to be transferred.   |
| txSize | The length in bytes of the data to be transferred.   |
| flags  | Transfer control flag to decide whether need to send a stop, use kI2C_Transfer-DefaultFlag to issue a stop and kI2C_TransferNoStop to not send a stop. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success          | Successfully complete the data transmission. |
|--------------------------|--|
| kStatus_I2C_Arbitration- | Transfer error, arbitration lost.            |
| Lost                     |  |
| kStataus_I2C_Nak         | Transfer error, receive NAK during transfer. |

# 13.2.7.21 status\_t I2C\_MasterReadBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint8\_t \* rxBuff, size\_t rxSize, uint32\_t flags )

#### Note

The I2C\_MasterReadBlocking function stops the bus before reading the final byte. Without stopping the bus prior for the final read, the bus issues another read, resulting in garbage data being read into the data register.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | I2C peripheral base pointer.   |
|--------|--|
| rxBuff | The pointer to the data to store the received data.  |
| rxSize | The length in bytes of the data to be received.  |
| flags  | Transfer control flag to decide whether need to send a stop, use kI2C_Transfer-DefaultFlag to issue a stop and kI2C_TransferNoStop to not send a stop. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success     | Successfully complete the data transmission. |
|---------------------|--|
| kStatus_I2C_Timeout | Send stop signal failed, timeout.            |

# 13.2.7.22 status\_t I2C\_SlaveWriteBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, const uint8\_t \* txBuff, size\_t txSize )

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### **Parameters**

| base   | The I2C peripheral base pointer.                   |
|--------|--|
| txBuff | The pointer to the data to be transferred.         |
| txSize | The length in bytes of the data to be transferred. |

## Return values

| kStatus_Success          | Successfully complete the data transmission. |
|--------------------------|--|
| kStatus_I2C_Arbitration- | Transfer error, arbitration lost.            |
| Lost                     |  |
| kStataus_I2C_Nak         | Transfer error, receive NAK during transfer. |

# 13.2.7.23 void I2C\_SlaveReadBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, uint8\_t \* rxBuff, size\_t rxSize

### **Parameters**

| base   | I2C peripheral base pointer.                        |
|--------|---|
| rxBuff | The pointer to the data to store the received data. |
| rxSize | The length in bytes of the data to be received.     |

# 13.2.7.24 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

Note

The API does not return until the transfer succeeds or fails due to arbitration lost or receiving a NAK.

## **Parameters**

| base | I2C peripheral base address.       |
|------|------------------------------------|
| xfer | Pointer to the transfer structure. |

# Return values

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| kStatus_Success          | Successfully complete the data transmission. |
|--------------------------|--|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy         | Previous transmission still not finished.    |
| kStatus_I2C_Timeout      | Transfer error, wait signal timeout.         |
| kStatus_I2C_Arbitration- | Transfer error, arbitration lost.            |
| Lost                     |  |
| kStataus_I2C_Nak         | Transfer error, receive NAK during transfer. |

# 13.2.7.25 void I2C\_MasterTransferCreateHandle ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

### **Parameters**

| base     | I2C base pointer.   |
|----------|---|
| handle   | pointer to i2c_master_handle_t structure to store the transfer state. |
| callback | pointer to user callback function.                                    |
| userData | user parameter passed to the callback function.                       |

# 13.2.7.26 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferNonBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

## Note

Calling the API returns immediately after transfer initiates. The user needs to call I2C\_MasterGet-TransferCount to poll the transfer status to check whether the transfer is finished. If the return status is not kStatus\_I2C\_Busy, the transfer is finished.

### **Parameters**

| base   | I2C base pointer.   |
|--------|---|
| handle | pointer to i2c_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |
| xfer   | pointer to i2c_master_transfer_t structure.                               |

# Return values

| kStatus_Success     | Successfully start the data transmission. |
|---------------------|---|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy    | Previous transmission still not finished. |
| kStatus_I2C_Timeout | Transfer error, wait signal timeout.      |

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13.2.7.27 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferGetCount ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

### **Parameters**

| base   | I2C base pointer.   |
|--------|---|
| handle | pointer to i2c_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |
| count  | Number of bytes transferred so far by the non-blocking transaction.       |

### Return values

| kStatus_InvalidArgument | count is Invalid.              |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| kStatus_Success         | Successfully return the count. |

# 13.2.7.28 void I2C\_MasterTransferAbort ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_handle\_t \* handle )

### Note

This API can be called at any time when an interrupt non-blocking transfer initiates to abort the transfer early.

### **Parameters**

| base   | I2C base pointer.  |
|--------|--|
| handle | pointer to i2c_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state |

# 13.2.7.29 void I2C\_MasterTransferHandleIRQ ( I2C\_Type \* base, void \* i2cHandle )

### **Parameters**

| base      | I2C base pointer.                         |
|-----------|---|
| i2cHandle | pointer to i2c_master_handle_t structure. |

# 13.2.7.30 void I2C\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_slave\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

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#### **Parameters**

| base     | I2C base pointer.  |
|----------|--|
| handle   | pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure to store the transfer state. |
| callback | pointer to user callback function.                                   |
| userData | user parameter passed to the callback function.                      |

# 13.2.7.31 status\_t I2C\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32 t eventMask )

Call this API after calling the I2C\_SlaveInit() and I2C\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle() to start processing transactions driven by an I2C master. The slave monitors the I2C bus and passes events to the callback that was passed into the call to I2C\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle(). The callback is always invoked from the interrupt context.

The set of events received by the callback is customizable. To do so, set the *eventMask* parameter to the OR'd combination of i2c\_slave\_transfer\_event\_t enumerators for the events you wish to receive. The k-I2C\_SlaveTransmitEvent and #kLPI2C\_SlaveReceiveEvent events are always enabled and do not need to be included in the mask. Alternatively, pass 0 to get a default set of only the transmit and receive events that are always enabled. In addition, the kI2C\_SlaveAllEvents constant is provided as a convenient way to enable all events.

#### **Parameters**

| base      | The I2C peripheral base address.   |
|-----------|--|
| handle    | Pointer to #i2c_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state.  |
| eventMask | Bit mask formed by OR'ing together i2c_slave_transfer_event_t enumerators to specify which events to send to the callback. Other accepted values are 0 to get a default set of only the transmit and receive events, and kI2C_SlaveAllEvents to enable all events. |

### Return values

| #kStatus_Success | Slave transfers were successfully started.                |
|------------------|---|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy | Slave transfers have already been started on this handle. |

# 13.2.7.32 void I2C\_SlaveTransferAbort ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle )

Note

This API can be called at any time to stop slave for handling the bus events.

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## **Parameters**

| base   | I2C base pointer.  |
|--------|--|
| handle | pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |

# 13.2.7.33 status\_t I2C\_SlaveTransferGetCount ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

## Parameters

| base  | base I2C base pointer.                   |  |
|---|--|--|
| handle  | pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure. |  |
| count Number of bytes transferred so far by the non-blocking transaction. |  |  |

## Return values

| kStatus_InvalidArgument | count is Invalid.              |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| kStatus_Success         | Successfully return the count. |

# 13.2.7.34 void I2C\_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ ( I2C\_Type \* base, void \* i2cHandle )

## **Parameters**

|    | base     | I2C base pointer.   |
|----|----------|---|
| i2 | 2cHandle | pointer to i2c_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state |

# 13.3 I2C eDMA Driver

## 13.3.1 Overview

## **Data Structures**

• struct i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t

I2C master eDMA transfer structure. More...

# **Typedefs**

typedef void(\* i2c\_master\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t)(I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)
 I2C master eDMA transfer callback typedef.

# **I2C Block eDMA Transfer Operation**

- void I2C\_MasterCreateEDMAHandle (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_master\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData, edma\_handle\_t \*edmaHandle)
   Initializes the I2C handle which is used in transcational functions.
- status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferEDMA (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Performs a master eDMA non-blocking transfer on the I2C bus.

- status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferGetCountEDMA (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_-t \*handle, size\_t \*count)
  - Gets a master transfer status during the eDMA non-blocking transfer.
- void I2C\_MasterTransferAbortEDMA (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle) Aborts a master eDMA non-blocking transfer early.

### 13.3.2 Data Structure Documentation

### 13.3.2.1 struct i2c master edma handle

I2C master eDMA handle typedef.

### **Data Fields**

- i2c\_master\_transfer\_t transfer
  - I2C master transfer structure.
- size\_t transferSize

Total bytes to be transferred.

- uint8\_t nbytes
  - eDMA minor byte transfer count initially configured.
- uint8\_t state

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### **I2C eDMA Driver**

I2C master transfer status.

• edma\_handle\_t \* dmaHandle

The eDMA handler used.

• i2c\_master\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t completionCallback

A callback function called after the eDMA transfer is finished.

void \* userData

A callback parameter passed to the callback function.

### 13.3.2.1.0.29 Field Documentation

- 13.3.2.1.0.29.1 i2c\_master\_transfer\_t i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t::transfer
- 13.3.2.1.0.29.2 size\_t i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t::transferSize
- 13.3.2.1.0.29.3 uint8\_t i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t::nbytes
- 13.3.2.1.0.29.4 uint8 t i2c master edma handle t::state
- 13.3.2.1.0.29.5 edma handle t\* i2c master edma handle t::dmaHandle
- 13.3.2.1.0.29.6 i2c\_master\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t::completion-Callback
- 13.3.2.1.0.29.7 void\* i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t::userData

## 13.3.3 Typedef Documentation

13.3.3.1 typedef void(\* i2c\_master\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t)(I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

### 13.3.4 Function Documentation

13.3.4.1 void I2C\_MasterCreateEDMAHandle ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_master\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData. edma handle t \* edmaHandle )

### **Parameters**

| base     | base I2C peripheral base address.                    |  |
|----------|--|--|
| handle   | A pointer to the i2c_master_edma_handle_t structure. |  |
| callback | A pointer to the user callback function.             |  |

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| userData   | A user parameter passed to the callback function. |
|------------|---|
| edmaHandle | eDMA handle pointer.                              |

# 13.3.4.2 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferEDMA ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_- master\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

### **Parameters**

| base   | I2C peripheral base address.                                  |
|--------|---|
| handle | A pointer to the i2c_master_edma_handle_t structure.          |
| xfer   | A pointer to the transfer structure of i2c_master_transfer_t. |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success          | Sucessfully completed the data transmission.   |
|--------------------------|--|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy         | A previous transmission is still not finished. |
| kStatus_I2C_Timeout      | Transfer error, waits for a signal timeout.    |
| kStatus_I2C_Arbitration- | Transfer error, arbitration lost.              |
| Lost                     |  |
| kStataus_I2C_Nak         | Transfer error, receive NAK during transfer.   |

# 13.3.4.3 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferGetCountEDMA ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

### **Parameters**

| base   | base I2C peripheral base address.                              |  |
|--------|--|--|
| handle | A pointer to the i2c_master_edma_handle_t structure.           |  |
| count  | A number of bytes transferred by the non-blocking transaction. |  |

# 13.3.4.4 void I2C\_MasterTransferAbortEDMA ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle )

# **I2C eDMA Driver**

# Parameters

| base   | I2C peripheral base address.                         |
|--------|--|
| handle | A pointer to the i2c_master_edma_handle_t structure. |

# 13.4 I2C DMA Driver

## 13.4.1 Overview

## **Data Structures**

• struct i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t

I2C master DMA transfer structure. More...

# **Typedefs**

typedef void(\* i2c\_master\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t )(I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)
 I2C master DMA transfer callback typedef.

# **I2C Block DMA Transfer Operation**

- void I2C\_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_master\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData, dma\_handle\_t \*dmaHandle)

  Initializes the I2C handle which is used in transcational functions.
- status\_t\_I2C\_MasterTransferDMA (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Performs a master DMA non-blocking transfer on the I2C bus.

• status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferGetCountDMA (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, size t \*count)

Gets a master transfer status during a DMA non-blocking transfer.

• void I2C\_MasterTransferAbortDMA (I2C\_Type \*base, i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle) Aborts a master DMA non-blocking transfer early.

### 13.4.2 Data Structure Documentation

### 13.4.2.1 struct i2c master dma handle

I2C master DMA handle typedef.

### **Data Fields**

- i2c\_master\_transfer\_t transfer
  - *I2C master transfer struct.*
- size\_t transferSize

Total bytes to be transferred.

- uint8\_t state
  - I2C master transfer status.
- dma\_handle\_t \* dmaHandle

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### **I2C DMA Driver**

The DMA handler used.

- i2c\_master\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t completionCallback A callback function called after the DMA transfer finished.
- void \* userData

A callback parameter passed to the callback function.

### 13.4.2.1.0.30 Field Documentation

- 13.4.2.1.0.30.1 i2c\_master\_transfer\_t i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t::transfer
- 13.4.2.1.0.30.2 size\_t i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t::transferSize
- 13.4.2.1.0.30.3 uint8\_t i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t::state
- 13.4.2.1.0.30.4 dma\_handle\_t\* i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t::dmaHandle
- 13.4.2.1.0.30.5 i2c\_master\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t::completion-Callback
- 13.4.2.1.0.30.6 void\* i2c master dma handle t::userData

# 13.4.3 Typedef Documentation

13.4.3.1 typedef void(\* i2c\_master\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t)(I2C\_Type \*base, i2c master dma handle t \*handle, status t status, void \*userData)

### 13.4.4 Function Documentation

13.4.4.1 void I2C\_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_master\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData, dma handle t \* dmaHandle )

### Parameters

| base      | I2C peripheral base address                      |
|-----------|--|
| handle    | Pointer to the i2c_master_dma_handle_t structure |
| callback  | Pointer to the user callback function            |
| userData  | A user parameter passed to the callback function |
| dmaHandle | DMA handle pointer                               |

13.4.4.2 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferDMA ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

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### Parameters

| base   | I2C peripheral base address                                      |
|--------|--|
| handle | A pointer to the i2c_master_dma_handle_t structure               |
| xfer   | A pointer to the transfer structure of the i2c_master_transfer_t |

## Return values

| kStatus_Success          | Sucessfully completes the data transmission.    |
|--------------------------|---|
| kStatus_I2C_Busy         | A previous transmission is still not finished.  |
| kStatus_I2C_Timeout      | A transfer error, waits for the signal timeout. |
| kStatus_I2C_Arbitration- | A transfer error, arbitration lost.             |
| Lost                     |   |
| kStataus_I2C_Nak         | A transfer error, receives NAK during transfer. |

# 13.4.4.3 status\_t I2C\_MasterTransferGetCountDMA ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

# Parameters

| base   | I2C peripheral base address   |
|--------|---|
| handle | A pointer to the i2c_master_dma_handle_t structure                    |
| count  | A number of bytes transferred so far by the non-blocking transaction. |

# 13.4.4.4 void I2C\_MasterTransferAbortDMA ( I2C\_Type \* base, i2c\_master\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle )

### **Parameters**

| base   | I2C peripheral base address                         |
|--------|---|
| handle | A pointer to the i2c_master_dma_handle_t structure. |

### **I2C FreeRTOS Driver**

# 13.5 I2C FreeRTOS Driver

## 13.5.1 Overview

# **I2C RTOS Operation**

- status\_t I2C\_RTOS\_Init (i2c\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle, I2C\_Type \*base, const i2c\_master\_config\_t \*masterConfig, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz)
  - Initializes I2C.
- status\_t I2C\_RTOS\_Deinit (i2c\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle)

Deinitializes the I2C.

• status\_t I2C\_RTOS\_Transfer (i2c\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \*transfer)

Performs the I2C transfer.

## 13.5.2 Function Documentation

# 13.5.2.1 status\_t I2C\_RTOS\_Init ( i2c\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle, I2C\_Type \* base, const i2c\_master\_config\_t \* masterConfig, uint32 t srcClock\_Hz )

This function initializes the I2C module and the related RTOS context.

### **Parameters**

| handle       | The RTOS I2C handle, the pointer to an allocated space for RTOS context. |
|--------------|--|
| base         | The pointer base address of the I2C instance to initialize.              |
| masterConfig | The configuration structure to set-up I2C in master mode.                |
| srcClock_Hz  | The frequency of an input clock of the I2C module.                       |

### Returns

status of the operation.

## 13.5.2.2 status\_t I2C\_RTOS\_Deinit ( i2c\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function deinitializes the I2C module and the related RTOS context.

Parameters

| handle | The RTOS I2C handle. |
|--------|----------------------|
|--------|----------------------|

# 13.5.2.3 status\_t I2C\_RTOS\_Transfer ( i2c\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle, i2c\_master\_transfer\_t \* transfer )

This function performs the I2C transfer according to the data given in the transfer structure.

### **Parameters**

| handle   | The RTOS I2C handle.                            |
|----------|---|
| transfer | A structure specifying the transfer parameters. |

## Returns

status of the operation.

# **I2C FreeRTOS Driver**

# Chapter 14

# LLWU: Low-Leakage Wakeup Unit Driver

### 14.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Low-Leakage Wakeup Unit (LLWU) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices. The LLWU module allows the user to select external pin sources and internal modules as a wake-up source from low-leakage power modes.

# 14.2 External wakeup pins configurations

Configures the external wakeup pins' working modes, gets, and clears the wake pin flags. External wakeup pins are accessed by the pinIndex, which is started from 1. Numbers of the external pins depend on the SoC configuration.

# 14.3 Internal wakeup modules configurations

Enables/disables the internal wakeup modules and gets the module flags. Internal modules are accessed by moduleIndex, which is started from 1. Numbers of external pins depend the on SoC configuration.

# 14.4 Digital pin filter for external wakeup pin configurations

Configures the digital pin filter of the external wakeup pins' working modes, gets, and clears the pin filter flags. Digital pin filters are accessed by the filterIndex, which is started from 1. Numbers of external pins depend on the SoC configuration.

# **Data Structures**

• struct llwu\_external\_pin\_filter\_mode\_t

An external input pin filter control structure. More...

### **Enumerations**

```
    enum llwu_external_pin_mode_t {
        kLLWU_ExternalPinDisable = 0U,
        kLLWU_ExternalPinRisingEdge = 1U,
        kLLWU_ExternalPinFallingEdge = 2U,
        kLLWU_ExternalPinAnyEdge = 3U }
        External input pin control modes.
    enum llwu_pin_filter_mode_t {
        kLLWU_PinFilterDisable = 0U,
        kLLWU_PinFilterRisingEdge = 1U,
        kLLWU_PinFilterFallingEdge = 2U,
        kLLWU_PinFilterAnyEdge = 3U }
        Digital filter control modes.
```

# **Enumeration Type Documentation**

# **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_LLWU\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1))

LLWU driver version 2.0.1.

# Low-Leakage Wakeup Unit Control APIs

void LLWU\_SetExternalWakeupPinMode (LLWU\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pinIndex, llwu\_external\_pin\_mode\_t pinMode)

Sets the external input pin source mode.

• bool LLWU\_GetExternalWakeupPinFlag (LLWU\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pinIndex) Gets the external wakeup source flag.

• void LLWU\_ClearExternalWakeupPinFlag (LLWU\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pinIndex)

Clears the external wakeup source flag.

• static void LLWU\_EnableInternalModuleInterruptWakup (LLWU\_Type \*base, uint32\_t module-Index, bool enable)

Enables/disables the internal module source.

- static bool LLWU\_GetInternalWakeupModuleFlag (LLWU\_Type \*base, uint32\_t moduleIndex) Gets the external wakeup source flag.
- void LLWU\_SetPinFilterMode (LLWU\_Type \*base, uint32\_t filterIndex, llwu\_external\_pin\_filter\_mode\_t filterMode)

Sets the pin filter configuration.

• bool LLWU\_GetPinFilterFlag (LLWU\_Type \*base, uint32\_t filterIndex)

Gets the pin filter configuration.

• void LLWU\_ClearPinFilterFlag (LLWU\_Type \*base, uint32\_t filterIndex) Clears the pin filter configuration.

### 14.5 Data Structure Documentation

# 14.5.1 struct llwu external pin filter mode t

## **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t pinIndex

A pin number.

• llwu\_pin\_filter\_mode\_t filterMode

Filter mode.

## 14.6 Macro Definition Documentation

14.6.1 #define FSL\_LLWU\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1))

# 14.7 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 14.7.1 enum llwu\_external\_pin\_mode\_t

Enumerator

**kLLWU\_ExternalPinDisable** Pin disabled as a wakeup input.

*kLLWU\_ExternalPinRisingEdge* Pin enabled with the rising edge detection.

kLLWU\_ExternalPinFallingEdge Pin enabled with the falling edge detection.

*kLLWU\_ExternalPinAnyEdge* Pin enabled with any change detection.

# 14.7.2 enum llwu\_pin\_filter\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

*kLLWU\_PinFilterDisable* Filter disabled.

*kLLWU\_PinFilterRisingEdge* Filter positive edge detection.

*kLLWU\_PinFilterFallingEdge* Filter negative edge detection.

kLLWU\_PinFilterAnyEdge Filter any edge detection.

### 14.8 Function Documentation

# 14.8.1 void LLWU\_SetExternalWakeupPinMode ( LLWU\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pinIndex, llwu\_external\_pin\_mode\_t pinMode )

This function sets the external input pin source mode that is used as a wake up source.

### **Parameters**

| base     | LLWU peripheral base address.   |
|----------|---|
| pinIndex | A pin index to be enabled as an external wakeup source starting from 1. |
| pinMode  | A pin configuration mode defined in the llwu_external_pin_modes_t.      |

# 14.8.2 bool LLWU\_GetExternalWakeupPinFlag ( LLWU\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pinIndex )

This function checks the external pin flag to detect whether the MCU is woken up by the specific pin.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | LLWU peripheral base address.     |
|----------|-----------------------------------|
| pinIndex | A pin index, which starts from 1. |

#### Returns

True if the specific pin is a wakeup source.

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# **Function Documentation**

# 14.8.3 void LLWU\_ClearExternalWakeupPinFlag ( LLWU\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pinIndex )

This function clears the external wakeup source flag for a specific pin.

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### **Parameters**

| base     | LLWU peripheral base address.     |
|----------|-----------------------------------|
| pinIndex | A pin index, which starts from 1. |

# 14.8.4 static void LLWU\_EnableInternalModuleInterruptWakup ( LLWU\_Type \* base, uint32 t moduleIndex, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function enables/disables the internal module source mode that is used as a wake up source.

### **Parameters**

| base LLWU peripheral base address. |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| moduleIndex                        | A module index to be enabled as an internal wakeup source starting from 1. |
| enable                             | An enable or a disable setting   |

# 14.8.5 static bool LLWU\_GetInternalWakeupModuleFlag ( LLWU\_Type \* base, uint32 t moduleIndex ) [inline], [static]

This function checks the external pin flag to detect whether the system is woken up by the specific pin.

### **Parameters**

| base        | LLWU peripheral base address.        |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| moduleIndex | A module index, which starts from 1. |

### Returns

True if the specific pin is a wake up source.

# 14.8.6 void LLWU\_SetPinFilterMode ( LLWU\_Type \* base, uint32\_t filterIndex, llwu\_external\_pin\_filter\_mode\_t filterMode )

This function sets the pin filter configuration.

# **Function Documentation**

### **Parameters**

| base        | LLWU peripheral base address.  |
|-------------|--|
| filterIndex | A pin filter index used to enable/disable the digital filter, starting from 1. |
| filterMode  | A filter mode configuration  |

# 14.8.7 bool LLWU\_GetPinFilterFlag ( LLWU\_Type \* base, uint32\_t filterIndex )

This function gets the pin filter flag.

### Parameters

| base        | LLWU peripheral base address.            |
|-------------|--|
| filterIndex | A pin filter index, which starts from 1. |

### Returns

True if the flag is a source of the existing low-leakage power mode.

# 14.8.8 void LLWU\_ClearPinFilterFlag ( LLWU\_Type \* base, uint32\_t filterIndex )

This function clears the pin filter flag.

# Parameters

| base        | LLWU peripheral base address.                          |
|-------------|--|
| filterIndex | A pin filter index to clear the flag, starting from 1. |

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# **Chapter 15**

# LPSCI: Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter

# 15.1 Overview

# **Modules**

- LPSCI DMA Driver
- LPSCI Driver
- LPSCI FreeRTOS Driver

### **LPSCI Driver**

# 15.2 LPSCI Driver

## 15.2.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (LPSCI) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

The LPSCI driver can be split into 2 parts: functional APIs and transactional APIs.

Functional APIs are feature/property target low level APIs. Functional APIs can be used for the LPSCI initialization/configuration/operation for optimization/customization purpose. Using the functional API requires knowledge of the LPSCI peripheral and how to organize functional APIs to meet the application requirements. All functional APIs use the peripheral base address as the first parameter. The LPSCI functional operation groups provide the functional APIs set.

The transactional APIs are transaction target high level APIs. Transactional APIs can be used to enable the peripheral quickly and also in the user's application if the code size and performance of transactional APIs can satisfy the user's requirements. If there are special requirements for the code size and performance, see the transactional API implementation and write custom code. All transactional APIs use the lpsci\_handle\_t as the second parameter. Initialize the handle by calling the LPSCI\_TransferCreateHandle() API.

Transactional APIs support queue feature for both transmit/receive. Whenever the user calls the LPSCI\_TransferSendNonBlocking() or LPSCI\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking(), the transfer structure is queued into the internally maintained software queue. The driver automatically continues the transmit/receive if the queue is not empty. When a transfer is finished, the callback is called to inform the user about the completion.

The LPSCI transactional APIs support the background receive. Provide the ringbuffer address and size while calling the LPSCI\_TransferCreateHandle() API. The driver automatically starts receiving the data from the receive buffer into the ringbuffer. When the user makes subsequent calls to the LPSCI\_ReceiveDataIRQ(), the driver provides the received data in the ringbuffer for user buffer directly and queues the left buffer into the receive queue.

# 15.2.2 Function groups

## 15.2.2.1 LPSCI functional Operation

This function group implements the LPSCI functional API. Functional APIs are feature-oriented.

# 15.2.2.2 LPSCI transactional Operation

This function group implements the LPSCI transactional API.

# 15.2.2.3 LPSCI transactional Operation

This function group implements the LPSCI DMA transactional API.

# 15.2.3 Typical use case

# 15.2.3.1 LPSCI Operation

```
uint8_t ch;
LPSCI_GetDefaultConfig(UARTO,&user_config);
user_config.baudRate = 115200U;

LPSCI_Init(UARTO,&user_config,120000000U);
LPSCI_EnableTx(UARTO, true);
LPSCI_EnableRx(UARTO, true);

LPSCI_WriteBlocking(UARTO, txbuff, sizeof(txbuff)-1);

while(1)
{
    LPSCI_ReadBlocking(UARTO,&ch, 1);
    LPSCI_WriteBlocking(UARTO,&ch, 1);
}
```

# 15.2.3.2 LPSCI Send/Receive using an interrupt method

# 15.2.3.3 LPSCI Receive using the ringbuffer feature

# 15.2.3.4 LPSCI Send/Receive using the DMA method

### **Data Structures**

```
    struct lpsci_config_t
        LPSCI configure structure. More...
    struct lpsci_transfer_t
        LPSCI transfer structure. More...
```

### **LPSCI Driver**

### **Driver version**

```
enum _lpsci_status {
  kStatus_LPSCI_TxBusy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPSCI, 0),
 kStatus LPSCI RxBusy = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPSCI, 1),
 kStatus_LPSCI_TxIdle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPSCI, 2),
 kStatus_LPSCI_RxIdle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPSCI, 3),
 kStatus LPSCI FlagCannotClearManually,
 kStatus_LPSCI_BaudrateNotSupport,
 kStatus_LPSCI_Error = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPSCI, 6),
 kStatus_LPSCI_RxRingBufferOverrun,
 kStatus_LPSCI_RxHardwareOverrun = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPSCI, 8),
 kStatus LPSCI NoiseError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPSCI, 9),
 kStatus LPSCI_FramingError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_LPSCI, 10),
 kStatus LPSCI ParityError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup LPSCI, 11) }
    Error codes for the LPSCI driver.
enum lpsci_parity_mode_t {
 kLPSCI_ParityDisabled = 0x0U,
 kLPSCI_ParityEven = 0x2U,
 kLPSCI_ParityOdd = 0x3U }
    LPSCI parity mode.
enum lpsci_stop_bit_count_t {
 kLPSCI_OneStopBit = 0U,
 kLPSCI_TwoStopBit = 1U }
    LPSCI stop bit count.
enum _lpsci_interrupt_enable_t {
 kLPSCI_LinBreakInterruptEnable = (UART0_BDH_LBKDIE_MASK),
 kLPSCI_RxActiveEdgeInterruptEnable = (UART0_BDH_RXEDGIE_MASK),
 kLPSCI TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable = (UART0 C2 TIE MASK << 8),
 kLPSCI_TransmissionCompleteInterruptEnable = (UART0_C2_TCIE_MASK << 8),
 kLPSCI RxDataRegFullInterruptEnable = (UARTO C2 RIE MASK << 8),
 kLPSCI_IdleLineInterruptEnable = (UART0_C2_ILIE_MASK << 8),
 kLPSCI RxOverrunInterruptEnable = (UARTO C3 ORIE MASK << 16),
 kLPSCI NoiseErrorInterruptEnable = (UARTO C3 NEIE MASK << 16),
 kLPSCI_FramingErrorInterruptEnable = (UART0_C3_FEIE_MASK << 16),
 kLPSCI_ParityErrorInterruptEnable = (UART0_C3_PEIE_MASK << 16) }
    LPSCI interrupt configuration structure, default settings all disabled.

    enum lpsci status flag t {
```

```
kLPSCI TxDataRegEmptyFlag = (UARTO S1 TDRE MASK),
 kLPSCI TransmissionCompleteFlag,
 kLPSCI RxDataRegFullFlag.
 kLPSCI_IdleLineFlag = (UART0_S1_IDLE_MASK),
 kLPSCI RxOverrunFlag,
 kLPSCI_NoiseErrorFlag = (UART0_S1_NF_MASK),
 kLPSCI_FramingErrorFlag,
 kLPSCI_ParityErrorFlag = (UART0_S1_PF_MASK),
 kLPSCI LinBreakFlag,
 kLPSCI_RxActiveEdgeFlag,
 kLPSCI_RxActiveFlag }
    LPSCI status flags.
• typedef void(* lpsci_transfer_callback_t )(UART0_Type *base, lpsci_handle_t *handle, status_t
  status, void *userData)
    LPSCI transfer callback function.
• #define FSL_LPSCI_DRIVER_VERSION (MAKE_VERSION(2, 0, 3))
    LPSCI driver version 2.0.3.
```

## Initialization and deinitialization

- status\_t LPSCI\_Init (UART0\_Type \*base, const lpsci\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz) Initializes an LPSCI instance with the user configuration structure and the peripheral clock.
- void LPSCI\_Deinit (UART0\_Type \*base)

Deinitializes an LPSCI instance.

- void LPSCI\_GetDefaultConfig (lpsci\_config\_t \*config)
  - Gets the default configuration structure and saves the configuration to a user-provided pointer.
- status\_t LPSCI\_SetBaudRate (UART0\_Type \*base, uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_-Hz)

Sets the LPSCI instance baudrate.

### **Status**

- uint32\_t LPSCI\_GetStatusFlags (UART0\_Type \*base)
  - Gets LPSCI status flags.
- status\_t LPSCI\_ClearStatusFlags (UART0\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

# Interrupts

- void LPSCI\_EnableInterrupts (UART0\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)
  - Enables an LPSCI interrupt according to a provided mask.
- void LPSCI\_DisableInterrupts (UART0\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Disables the LPSCI interrupt according to a provided mask.

• uint32\_t LPSCI\_GetEnabledInterrupts (UART0\_Type \*base)

Gets the enabled LPSCI interrupts.

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### **LPSCI Driver**

### **DMA Control**

- static uint32\_t LPSCI\_GetDataRegisterAddress (UART0\_Type \*base)

  Gets the LPSCI data register address.
- static void LPSCI\_EnableTxDMA (UART0\_Type \*base, bool enable) Enables or disable LPSCI transmitter DMA request.
- static void LPSCI\_EnableRxDMA (UART0\_Type \*base, bool enable) Enables or disables the LPSCI receiver DMA.

# **Bus Operations**

• static void LPSCI\_EnableTx (UART0\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the LPSCI transmitter.

• static void LPSCI\_EnableRx (UART0\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the LPSCI receiver.

• static void LPSCI\_WriteByte (UART0\_Type \*base, uint8\_t data)

Writes to the TX register.

• static uint8\_t LPSCI\_ReadByte (UART0\_Type \*base)

Reads the RX data register.

• void LPSCI\_WriteBlocking (UART0\_Type \*base, const uint8\_t \*data, size\_t length)

Writes to the TX register using a blocking method.

• status\_t LPSCI\_ReadBlocking (UART0\_Type \*base, uint8\_t \*data, size\_t length)

Reads the RX register using a blocking method.

### **Transactional**

• void LPSCI\_TransferCreateHandle (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle, lpsci\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)

Initializes the LPSCI handle.

• void LPSCI\_TransferStartRingBuffer (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle, uint8\_t \*ring-Buffer, size\_t ringBufferSize)

*Sets up the RX ring buffer.* 

• void LPSCI\_TransferStopRingBuffer (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle)

Aborts the background transfer and uninstalls the ring buffer.

• status\_t LPSCI\_TransferSendNonBlocking (UARTO\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle, lpsci\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Transmits a buffer of data using the interrupt method.

• void LPSCI\_TransferAbortSend (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle)

Aborts the interrupt-driven data transmit.

status\_t LPSCI\_TransferGetSendCount (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_-t \*count)

Get the number of bytes that have been written to LPSCI TX register.

• status\_t LPSCI\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle, lpsci\_transfer\_t \*xfer, size\_t \*receivedBytes)

Receives buffer of data using the interrupt method.

• void LPSCI TransferAbortReceive (UARTO Type \*base, lpsci handle t \*handle)

Aborts interrupt driven data receiving.

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• status\_t LPSCI\_TransferGetReceiveCount (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_t \*count)

Get the number of bytes that have been received.

• void LPSCI\_TransferHandleIRQ (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle)

LPSCI IRQ handle function.

• void LPSCI\_TransferHandleErrorIRQ (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle) LPSCI Error IRO handle function.

### 15.2.4 Data Structure Documentation

# 15.2.4.1 struct lpsci\_config\_t

### **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps

LPSCI baud rate.

lpsci\_parity\_mode\_t parityMode

Parity mode, disabled (default), even, odd.

• lpsci\_stop\_bit\_count\_t stopBitCount

Number of stop bits, 1 stop bit (default) or 2 stop bits.

• bool enableTx

Enable TX.

• bool enableRx

Enable RX.

# 15.2.4.2 struct lpsci transfer t

### **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t \* data

The buffer of data to be transfer.

• size t dataSize

The byte count to be transfer.

### **LPSCI Driver**

15.2.4.2.0.31 Field Documentation

15.2.4.2.0.31.2 size t lpsci transfer t::dataSize

## 15.2.5 Macro Definition Documentation

15.2.5.1 #define FSL LPSCI DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 3))

# 15.2.6 Typedef Documentation

15.2.6.1 typedef void(\* lpsci\_transfer\_callback\_t)(UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

# 15.2.7 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 15.2.7.1 enum \_lpsci\_status

### Enumerator

kStatus\_LPSCI\_TxBusy Transmitter is busy.

kStatus\_LPSCI\_RxBusy Receiver is busy.

kStatus\_LPSCI\_TxIdle Transmitter is idle.

kStatus LPSCI RxIdle Receiver is idle.

kStatus\_LPSCI\_FlagCannotClearManually Status flag can't be manually cleared.

**kStatus\_LPSCI\_BaudrateNotSupport** Baudrate is not support in current clock source.

kStatus\_LPSCI\_Error Error happens on LPSCI.

kStatus LPSCI RxRingBufferOverrun LPSCI RX software ring buffer overrun.

kStatus LPSCI RxHardwareOverrun LPSCI RX receiver overrun.

kStatus\_LPSCI\_NoiseError LPSCI noise error.

kStatus\_LPSCI\_FramingError LPSCI framing error.

kStatus LPSCI ParityError LPSCI parity error.

# 15.2.7.2 enum lpsci\_parity\_mode\_t

### Enumerator

kLPSCI\_ParityDisabled Parity disabled.

 $kLPSCI\_ParityEven$  Parity enabled, type even, bit setting: PE|PT = 10.

 $kLPSCI\_ParityOdd$  Parity enabled, type odd, bit setting: PE|PT = 11.

# 15.2.7.3 enum lpsci\_stop\_bit\_count\_t

### Enumerator

kLPSCI\_OneStopBit One stop bit.kLPSCI\_TwoStopBit Two stop bits.

# 15.2.7.4 enum \_lpsci\_interrupt\_enable\_t

This structure contains the settings for all LPSCI interrupt configurations.

#### Enumerator

*kLPSCI\_LinBreakInterruptEnable* LIN break detect interrupt.

kLPSCI RxActiveEdgeInterruptEnable RX Active Edge interrupt.

kLPSCI\_TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable Transmit data register empty interrupt.

kLPSCI\_TransmissionCompleteInterruptEnable Transmission complete interrupt.

kLPSCI RxDataRegFullInterruptEnable Receiver data register full interrupt.

kLPSCI\_IdleLineInterruptEnable Idle line interrupt.

*kLPSCI\_RxOverrunInterruptEnable* Receiver Overrun interrupt.

kLPSCI\_NoiseErrorInterruptEnable Noise error flag interrupt.

*kLPSCI\_FramingErrorInterruptEnable* Framing error flag interrupt.

kLPSCI ParityErrorInterruptEnable Parity error flag interrupt.

# 15.2.7.5 enum \_lpsci\_status\_flag\_t

This provides constants for the LPSCI status flags for use in the LPSCI functions.

### Enumerator

kLPSCI\_TxDataRegEmptyFlag Tx data register empty flag, sets when Tx buffer is empty.

*kLPSCI\_TransmissionCompleteFlag* Transmission complete flag, sets when transmission activity complete.

**kLPSCI\_RxDataRegFullFlag** Rx data register full flag, sets when the receive data buffer is full.

kLPSCI\_IdleLineFlag Idle line detect flag, sets when idle line detected.

**kLPSCI\_RxOverrunFlag** Rx Overrun, sets when new data is received before data is read from receive register.

**kLPSCI\_NoiseErrorFlag** Rx takes 3 samples of each received bit. If any of these samples differ, noise flag sets

**kLPSCI\_FramingErrorFlag** Frame error flag, sets if logic 0 was detected where stop bit expected.

kLPSCI\_ParityErrorFlag If parity enabled, sets upon parity error detection.

*kLPSCI\_LinBreakFlag* LIN break detect interrupt flag, sets when LIN break char detected and LIN circuit enabled.

kLPSCI\_RxActiveEdgeFlag Rx pin active edge interrupt flag, sets when active edge detected.

kLPSCI\_RxActiveFlag Receiver Active Flag (RAF), sets at beginning of valid start bit.

### MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

### **LPSCI Driver**

### 15.2.8 Function Documentation

# 15.2.8.1 status\_t LPSCI\_Init ( UART0\_Type \* base, const lpsci\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

This function configures the LPSCI module with user-defined settings. The user can configure the configuration structure and can also get the default configuration by calling the LPSCI\_GetDefaultConfig() function. Example below shows how to use this API to configure the LPSCI.

```
* lpsci_config_t lpsciConfig;
* lpsciConfig.baudRate_Bps = 115200U;
* lpsciConfig.parityMode = kLPSCI_ParityDisabled;
* lpsciConfig.stopBitCount = kLPSCI_OneStopBit;
* LPSCI_Init(UARTO, &lpsciConfig, 20000000U);
```

### **Parameters**

| base LPSCI peripheral base address. |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| config                              | Pointer to user-defined configuration structure. |
| srcClock_Hz                         | LPSCI clock source frequency in HZ.              |

### Return values

| kStatus_LPSCI<br>BaudrateNotSupport | Baudrate is not support in current clock source. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                     | LPSCI initialize succeed                         |

# 15.2.8.2 void LPSCI\_Deinit ( UART0\_Type \* base )

This function waits for TX complete, disables TX and RX, and disables the LPSCI clock.

#### **Parameters**

| base LPSCI peripheral base address. |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
|-------------------------------------|--|

# 15.2.8.3 void LPSCI\_GetDefaultConfig ( lpsci\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the LPSCI configure structure to default value. the default value are: lpsciConfig>baudRate\_Bps = 115200U; lpsciConfig->parityMode = kLPSCI\_ParityDisabled; lpsciConfig->stop-BitCount = kLPSCI\_OneStopBit; lpsciConfig->enableTx = false; lpsciConfig->enableRx = false;

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#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to configuration structure. |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
|--------|-------------------------------------|

# 15.2.8.4 status\_t LPSCI\_SetBaudRate ( UART0\_Type \* base, uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

This function configures the LPSCI module baudrate. This function is used to update the LPSCI module baudrate after the LPSCI module is initialized with the LPSCI\_Init.

```
* LPSCI_SetBaudRate(UART0, 115200U, 20000000U);
```

### **Parameters**

| base         | base LPSCI peripheral base address. |  |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| baudRate_Bps | LPSCI baudrate to be set.           |  |
| srcClock_Hz  | LPSCI clock source frequency in HZ. |  |

### Return values

| kStatus_LPSCI<br>BaudrateNotSupport | Baudrate is not supported in the current clock source. |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                     | Set baudrate succeed                                   |

# 15.2.8.5 uint32\_t LPSCI\_GetStatusFlags ( UART0\_Type \* base )

This function gets all LPSCI status flags. The flags are returned as the logical OR value of the enumerators \_lpsci\_flags. To check a specific status, compare the return value to the enumerators in \_LPSCI\_flags. For example, to check whether the TX is empty:

### **LPSCI Driver**

#### **Parameters**

| base | LPSCI peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

### Returns

LPSCI status flags which are ORed by the enumerators in the \_lpsci\_flags.

# 15.2.8.6 void LPSCI\_EnableInterrupts ( UART0\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

This function enables the LPSCI interrupts according to a provided mask. The mask is a logical OR of enumeration members. See \_lpsci\_interrupt\_enable. For example, to enable the TX empty interrupt and RX full interrupt:

### **Parameters**

| base | LPSCI peripheral base address.                                   |
|------|--|
| mask | The interrupts to enable. Logical OR of _lpsci_interrupt_enable. |

# 15.2.8.7 void LPSCI\_DisableInterrupts ( UART0\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

This function disables the LPSCI interrupts according to a provided mask. The mask is a logical OR of enumeration members. See \_lpsci\_interrupt\_enable. For example, to disable TX empty interrupt and RX full interrupt:

### **Parameters**

| bas | LPSCI peripheral base address. |
|-----|--------------------------------|
|-----|--------------------------------|

mask | The interrupts to disable. Logical OR of LPSCI interrupt enable.

# 15.2.8.8 uint32\_t LPSCI\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( UART0\_Type \* base )

This function gets the enabled LPSCI interrupts, which are returned as the logical OR value of the enumerators \_lpsci\_interrupt\_enable. To check a specific interrupts enable status, compare the return value to the enumerators in \_LPSCI\_interrupt\_enable. For example, to check whether TX empty interrupt is enabled:

#### **Parameters**

```
base LPSCI peripheral base address.
```

### Returns

LPSCI interrupt flags which are logical OR of the enumerators in \_LPSCI\_interrupt\_enable.

# 15.2.8.9 static uint32\_t LPSCI\_GetDataRegisterAddress ( UART0\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the LPSCI data register address, which is mainly used by DMA/eDMA case.

### **Parameters**

```
base LPSCI peripheral base address.
```

### Returns

LPSCI data register address which are used both by transmitter and receiver.

# 15.2.8.10 static void LPSCI\_EnableTxDMA ( UART0\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function enables or disables the transmit data register empty flag, S1[TDRE], to generate DMA requests.

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### **LPSCI Driver**

#### **Parameters**

| base   | LPSCI peripheral base address.    |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| enable | True to enable, false to disable. |

# 15.2.8.11 static void LPSCI\_EnableRxDMA ( UART0\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function enables or disables the receiver data register full flag, S1[RDRF], to generate DMA requests.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | LPSCI peripheral base address.    |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| enable | True to enable, false to disable. |

# 15.2.8.12 static void LPSCI\_EnableTx ( UARTO\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function enables or disables the LPSCI transmitter.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | LPSCI peripheral base address.    |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| enable | True to enable, false to disable. |

# 15.2.8.13 static void LPSCI\_EnableRx ( UARTO\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function enables or disables the LPSCI receiver.

### **Parameters**

| base   | LPSCI peripheral base address.    |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| enable | True to enable, false to disable. |

# 15.2.8.14 static void LPSCI\_WriteByte ( UARTO\_Type \* base, uint8\_t data ) [inline], [static]

This function writes data to the TX register directly. The upper layer must ensure that the TX register is empty before calling this function.

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#### **Parameters**

| base                            | LPSCI peripheral base address. |  |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| data Data write to TX register. |                                |  |

## 15.2.8.15 static uint8\_t LPSCI\_ReadByte ( UART0\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function reads data from the RX register directly. The upper layer must ensure that the RX register is full before calling this function.

#### **Parameters**

| base | LPSCI peripheral base address. |
|------|--------------------------------|
|------|--------------------------------|

#### Returns

Data read from RX data register.

## 15.2.8.16 void LPSCI\_WriteBlocking ( UART0\_Type \* base, const uint8\_t \* data, size\_t length )

This function polls the TX register, waits for the TX register empty, and writes data to the TX buffer.

#### Note

This function does not check whether all the data has been sent out to bus, so before disable TX, check kLPSCI\_TransmissionCompleteFlag to ensure the TX is finished.

#### **Parameters**

| base                              | Se LPSCI peripheral base address.   |  |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| data                              | Start address of the data to write. |  |
| length Size of the data to write. |                                     |  |

## 15.2.8.17 status\_t LPSCI\_ReadBlocking ( UART0\_Type \* base, uint8\_t \* data, size\_t length )

This function polls the RX register, waits for the RX register to be full, and reads data from the RX register.

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | base LPSCI peripheral base address.                     |  |
|--------|---|--|
| data   | Start address of the buffer to store the received data. |  |
| length | Size of the buffer.                                     |  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_LPSCI_Rx-<br>HardwareOverrun | Receiver overrun happened while receiving data. |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_LPSCI_Noise-<br>Error        | Noise error happened while receiving data.      |
| kStatus_LPSCI_Framing-<br>Error      | Framing error happened while receiving data.    |
| kStatus_LPSCI_Parity-<br>Error       | Parity error happened while receiving data.     |
| kStatus_Success                      | Successfully received all data.                 |

## 15.2.8.18 void LPSCI\_TransferCreateHandle ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_handle\_t \* handle, lpsci\_transfer\_callback, void \* userData )

This function initializes the LPSCI handle, which can be used for other LPSCI transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified LPSCI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

LPSCI driver supports the "background" receiving, which means that the user can set up an RX ring buffer optionally. Data received are stored into the ring buffer even when the user doesn't call the LPSCI\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking() API. If there is already data received in the ring buffer, get the received data from the ring buffer directly. The ring buffer is disabled if pass NULL as ringBuffer.

#### **Parameters**

| handle     | LPSCI handle pointer.  |  |
|------------|--|--|
| base       | LPSCI peripheral base address.   |  |
| ringBuffer | Start address of ring buffer for background receiving. Pass NULL to disable the ring buffer. |  |

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| ringBufferSize |
|----------------|
|----------------|

## 15.2.8.19 void LPSCI\_TransferStartRingBuffer ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_handle\_t \* handle, uint8\_t \* ringBuffer, size\_t ringBufferSize )

This function sets up the RX ring buffer to a specific LPSCI handle.

When the RX ring buffer is used, data received is stored into the ring buffer even when the user doesn't call the LPSCI\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking() API. If there is already data received in the ring buffer, the user can get the received data from the ring buffer directly.

#### Note

When using the RX ring buffer, one byte is reserved for internal use. In other words, if ring-BufferSize is 32, only 31 bytes are used for saving data.

#### **Parameters**

| base           | LPSCI peripheral base address.   |  |
|----------------|--|--|
| handle         | LPSCI handle pointer.  |  |
| ringBuffer     | Start address of ring buffer for background receiving. Pass NULL to disable the ring buffer. |  |
| ringBufferSize | size of the ring buffer.   |  |

## 15.2.8.20 void LPSCI\_TransferStopRingBuffer ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the background transfer and uninstalls the ringbuffer.

#### **Parameters**

| base                         | LPSCI peripheral base address. |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| handle LPSCI handle pointer. |                                |

## 15.2.8.21 status\_t LPSCI\_TransferSendNonBlocking ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_handle\_t \* handle, lpsci\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

This function sends data using the interrupt method. This is a non-blocking function, which returns directly without waiting for all data to be written to the TX register. When all data is written to the TX register in ISR, LPSCI driver calls the callback function and passes the kStatus\_LPSCI\_TxIdle as status parameter.

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#### **LPSCI Driver**

### Note

The kStatus\_LPSCI\_TxIdle is passed to the upper layer when all data is written to the TX register. However, it does not ensure that all data is sent out. Before disabling the TX, check the kLPSCI\_TransmissionCompleteFlag to ensure that the TX is complete.

#### **Parameters**

| handle   | LPSCI handle pointer. |
|--|-----------------------|
| xfer LPSCI transfer structure, refer to #LPSCI_transfer_t. |                       |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start the data transmission.                                     |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_LPSCI_TxBusy    | Previous transmission still not finished, data not all written to the TX reg- |
|                         | ister.  |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.   |

# 15.2.8.22 void LPSCI\_TransferAbortSend ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the interrupt driven data send.

#### Parameters

| handle | LPSCI handle pointer. |
|--------|-----------------------|

# 15.2.8.23 status\_t LPSCI\_TransferGetSendCount ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t \* count )

This function gets the number of bytes that have been written to LPSCI TX register by interrupt method.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | LPSCI peripheral base address. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| handle | LPSCI handle pointer.          |

| count | Send bytes count. |
|-------|-------------------|
|-------|-------------------|

#### Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | No send in progress.                          |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument           | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success                   | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

## 15.2.8.24 status\_t LPSCI\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_handle\_t \* handle, lpsci\_transfer\_t \* xfer, size\_t \* receivedBytes )

This function receives data using the interrupt method. This is a non-blocking function which returns without waiting for all data to be received. If the RX ring buffer is used and not empty, the data in ring buffer is copied and the parameter receivedBytes shows how many bytes are copied from the ring buffer. After copying, if the data in ring buffer is not enough to read, the receive request is saved by the LPSCI driver. When new data arrives, the receive request is serviced first. When all data is received, the LPSCI driver notifies the upper layer through a callback function and passes the status parameter kStatus\_LPSCI\_RxIdle. For example, the upper layer needs 10 bytes but there are only 5 bytes in the ring buffer. The 5 bytes are copied to the xfer->data and the function returns with the parameter receivedBytes set to 5. For the remaining 5 bytes, newly arrived data is saved from the xfer->data[5]. When 5 bytes are received, the LPSCI driver notifies the upper layer. If the RX ring buffer is not enabled, this function enables the RX and RX interrupt to receive data to the xfer->data. When all data is received, the upper layer is notified.

#### **Parameters**

| handle        | LPSCI handle pointer.                           |
|---------------|---|
| xfer          | lpsci transfer structure. See lpsci_transfer_t. |
| receivedBytes | Bytes received from the ring buffer directly.   |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully queue the transfer into transmit queue. |
|-------------------------|--|
| kStatus_LPSCI_RxBusy    | Previous receive request is not finished.            |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.                                    |

## **LPSCI Driver**

# 15.2.8.25 void LPSCI\_TransferAbortReceive ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts interrupt driven data receiving.

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#### **Parameters**

| handle | LPSCI handle pointer. |
|--------|-----------------------|
|--------|-----------------------|

## 

This function gets the number of bytes that have been received.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | LPSCI peripheral base address. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| handle | LPSCI handle pointer.          |
| count  | Receive bytes count.           |

#### Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | No receive in progress.                       |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument           | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success                   | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

# 15.2.8.27 void LPSCI\_TransferHandleIRQ ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function handles the LPSCI transmit and receive IRQ request.

#### **Parameters**

| handle | LPSCI handle pointer. |
|--------|-----------------------|
|--------|-----------------------|

# 15.2.8.28 void LPSCI\_TransferHandleErrorIRQ ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function handle the LPSCI error IRQ request.

## **LPSCI Driver**

Parameters

handle LPSCI handle pointer.

### 15.3 LPSCI DMA Driver

#### 15.3.1 Overview

#### **Data Structures**

• struct lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t

LPSCI DMA handle. More...

### **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* lpsci\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t )(UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

LPSCI transfer callback function.

#### eDMA transactional

void LPSCI\_TransferCreateHandleDMA (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, lpsci\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData, dma\_handle\_t \*txDmaHandle, dma\_handle\_t \*rxDmaHandle)

*Initializes the LPSCI handle which is used in transactional functions.* 

• status\_t LPSCI\_TransferSendDMA (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, lpsci\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Sends data using DMA.

• status\_t LPSCI\_TransferReceiveDMA (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, lpsci\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Receives data using DMA.

- void LPSCI\_TransferAbortSendDMA (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle) Aborts the sent data using DMA.
- void LPSCI\_TransferAbortReceiveDMA (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle) Aborts the receive data using DMA.
- status\_t LPSCI\_TransferGetSendCountDMA (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_t \*count)

Gets the number of bytes written to the LPSCI TX register.

• status\_t LPSCI\_TransferGetReceiveCountDMA (UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_- t \*handle, uint32\_t \*count)

Gets the number of bytes that have been received.

#### 15.3.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 15.3.2.1 struct lpsci\_dma\_handle

### **Data Fields**

UART0\_Type \* base

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#### **LPSCI DMA Driver**

LPSCI peripheral base address.

- lpsci\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback
  - Callback function.
- void \* userData

UART callback function parameter.

- size t rxDataSizeAll
  - Size of the data to receive.
- size t txDataSizeAll

Size of the data to send out.

- dma\_handle\_t \* txDmaHandle
  - The DMA TX channel used.
- dma\_handle\_t \* rxDmaHandle

The DMA RX channel used.

• volatile uint8 t txState

TX transfer state.

• volatile uint8\_t rxState

RX transfer state.

#### 15.3.2.1.0.32 Field Documentation

- 15.3.2.1.0.32.1 UART0\_Type\* lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t::base
- 15.3.2.1.0.32.2 lpsci dma transfer callback t lpsci dma handle t::callback
- 15.3.2.1.0.32.3 void\* lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t::userData
- 15.3.2.1.0.32.4 size t lpsci dma handle t::rxDataSizeAll
- 15.3.2.1.0.32.5 size t lpsci dma handle t::txDataSizeAll
- 15.3.2.1.0.32.6 dma handle t\* lpsci dma handle t::txDmaHandle
- 15.3.2.1.0.32.7 dma\_handle\_t\* lpsci dma handle t::rxDmaHandle
- 15.3.2.1.0.32.8 volatile uint8 t lpsci dma handle t::txState

#### 15.3.3 Typedef Documentation

15.3.3.1 typedef void(\* lpsci\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t)(UART0\_Type \*base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

#### 15.3.4 Function Documentation

15.3.4.1 void LPSCI\_TransferCreateHandleDMA ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, lpsci\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData, dma\_handle\_t \* txDmaHandle, dma\_handle\_t \* rxDmaHandle )

#### **Parameters**

| handle Pointer to lpsci_dma_handle_t structure            |   |
|---|---|
| base  | LPSCI peripheral base address                 |
| rxDmaHandle User requested DMA handle for RX DMA transfer |   |
| txDmaHandle   | User requested DMA handle for TX DMA transfer |

## 15.3.4.2 status\_t LPSCI\_TransferSendDMA ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, lpsci\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

This function sends data using DMA. This is a non-blocking function, which returns immediately. When all data is sent, the send callback function is called.

#### **Parameters**

| handle | LPSCI handle pointer.                               |
|--------|---|
| xfer   | LPSCI DMA transfer structure, see lpsci_transfer_t. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | if successful, others failed. |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| kStatus_LPSCI_TxBusy    | Previous transfer on going.   |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.             |

# 15.3.4.3 status\_t LPSCI\_TransferReceiveDMA ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, lpsci\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

This function receives data using DMA. This is a non-blocking function, which returns immediately. When all data is received, the receive callback function is called.

#### **Parameters**

| handle | Pointer to lpsci_dma_handle_t structure             |
|--------|---|
| xfer   | LPSCI DMA transfer structure, see lpsci_transfer_t. |

### Return values

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#### **LPSCI DMA Driver**

| kStatus_Success         | if successful, others failed. |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| kStatus_LPSCI_RxBusy    | Previous transfer on going.   |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.             |

## 15.3.4.4 void LPSCI\_TransferAbortSendDMA ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the sent data using DMA.

**Parameters** 

| handle Pointer | to lpsci_dma_handle_t structure. |
|----------------|----------------------------------|
|----------------|----------------------------------|

## 15.3.4.5 void LPSCI\_TransferAbortReceiveDMA ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the receive data using DMA.

**Parameters** 

| handle | Pointer to lpsci_dma_handle_t structure. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

# 15.3.4.6 status\_t LPSCI\_TransferGetSendCountDMA ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t \* count )

This function gets the number of bytes that have been written to the LPSCI TX register by DMA.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | LPSCI peripheral base address. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| handle | LPSCI handle pointer.          |
| count  | Send bytes count.              |

Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | No send in progress.                          |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument           | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success                   | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

# 15.3.4.7 status\_t LPSCI\_TransferGetReceiveCountDMA ( UART0\_Type \* base, lpsci\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t \* count )

This function gets the number of bytes that have been received.

#### Parameters

| base   | LPSCI peripheral base address. |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| handle | LPSCI handle pointer.          |
| count  | Receive bytes count.           |

#### Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | No receive in progress.                       |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument           | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success                   | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

### 15.4 LPSCI FreeRTOS Driver

#### 15.4.1 Overview

#### **Data Structures**

• struct lpsci\_rtos\_config\_t

LPSCI RTOS configuration structure. More...

### **LPSCI RTOS Operation**

• int LPSCI\_RTOS\_Init (lpsci\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle, lpsci\_handle\_t \*t\_handle, const lpsci\_rtos\_config\_t \*cfg)

Initializes an LPSCI instance for operation in RTOS.

• int LPSCI\_RTOS\_Deinit (lpsci\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle)

Deinitializes an LPSCI instance for operation.

### **LPSCI** transactional Operation

- int LPSCI\_RTOS\_Send (lpsci\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle, const uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t length) Send data in background.
- int LPSCI\_RTOS\_Receive (lpsci\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle, uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t length, size\_t \*received)

Receives data.

#### 15.4.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 15.4.2.1 struct lpsci rtos config t

#### **Data Fields**

• UART0\_Type \* base

LPSCI base address.

• uint32 t srcclk

LPSCI source clock in Hz.

• uint32 t baudrate

Desired communication speed.

• lpsci\_parity\_mode\_t parity

Parity setting.

• lpsci\_stop\_bit\_count\_t stopbits

Number of stop bits to use.

• uint8 t \* buffer

Buffer for background reception.

• uint32 t buffer size

Size of buffer for background reception.

## 15.4.3 Function Documentation

15.4.3.1 int LPSCI\_RTOS\_Init ( lpsci\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle, lpsci\_handle\_t \* t\_handle, const lpsci\_rtos\_config\_t \* cfg )

#### **Parameters**

| handle   | The RTOS LPSCI handle, the pointer to allocated space for RTOS context.             |
|----------|---|
| t_handle | The pointer to allocated space where to store transactional layer internal state.   |
| cfg      | The pointer to the parameters required to configure the LPSCI after initialization. |

#### Returns

0 succeed, others failed

### 15.4.3.2 int LPSCI\_RTOS\_Deinit ( lpsci\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function deinitializes the LPSCI modulem, set all register value to reset value and releases the resources.

#### **Parameters**

| handle | The RTOS LPSCI handle. |
|--------|------------------------|
|--------|------------------------|

## 15.4.3.3 int LPSCI\_RTOS\_Send ( lpsci\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle, const uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t length )

This function sends data. It is synchronous API. If the HW buffer is full, the task is in the blocked state.

#### **Parameters**

| handle | The RTOS LPSCI handle.         |
|--------|--------------------------------|
| buffer | The pointer to buffer to send. |
| length | The number of bytes to send.   |

# 15.4.3.4 int LPSCI\_RTOS\_Receive ( lpsci\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle, uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t length, size\_t \* received )

It is synchronous API.

This function receives data from LPSCI. If any data is immediately available it is returned immediately and the number of bytes received.

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## Parameters

| handle   | The RTOS LPSCI handle.   |
|----------|--|
| buffer   | The pointer to buffer where to write received data.                            |
| length   | The number of bytes to receive.  |
| received | The pointer to variable of size_t where the number of received data is filled. |

## Chapter 16 LPTMR: Low-Power Timer

#### 16.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Low-Power Timer (LPTMR) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

### 16.2 Function groups

The LPTMR driver supports operating the module as a time counter or as a pulse counter.

#### 16.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function LPTMR\_Init() initializes the LPTMR with specified configurations. The function LPTMR\_GetDefaultConfig() gets the default configurations. The initialization function configures the LPTMR for a timer or a pulse counter mode mode. It also sets up the LPTMR's free running mode operation and a clock source.

The function LPTMR\_DeInit() disables the LPTMR module and gates the module clock.

### 16.2.2 Timer period Operations

The function LPTMR\_SetTimerPeriod() sets the timer period in units of count. Timers counts from 0 to the count value set here.

The function LPTMR\_GetCurrentTimerCount() reads the current timer counting value. This function returns the real-time timer counting value ranging from 0 to a timer period.

The timer period operation function takes the count value in ticks. Call the utility macros provided in the fsl\_common.h file to convert to microseconds or milliseconds.

### 16.2.3 Start and Stop timer operations

The function LPTMR\_StartTimer() starts the timer counting. After calling this function, the timer counts up to the counter value set earlier by using the LPTMR\_SetPeriod() function. Each time the timer reaches the count value and increments, it generates a trigger pulse and sets the timeout interrupt flag. An interrupt is also triggered if the timer interrupt is enabled.

The function LPTMR\_StopTimer() stops the timer counting and resets the timer's counter register.

### Typical use case

#### 16.2.4 Status

Provides functions to get and clear the LPTMR status.

### 16.2.5 Interrupt

Provides functions to enable/disable LPTMR interrupts and get the currently enabled interrupts.

## 16.3 Typical use case

### 16.3.1 LPTMR tick example

Updates the LPTMR period and toggles an LED periodically.

```
int main (void)
   uint32_t currentCounter = 0U;
   lptmr_config_t lptmrConfig;
   LED_INIT();
    /* Board pin, clock, debug console initialization */
   BOARD_InitHardware();
   /* Configures the LPTMR */
   LPTMR_GetDefaultConfig(&lptmrConfig);
    /\star Initializes the LPTMR \star/
   LPTMR_Init(LPTMR0, &lptmrConfig);
    /\star Sets the timer period \star/
   LPTMR_SetTimerPeriod(LPTMR0, USEC_TO_COUNT(1000000U, LPTMR_SOURCE_CLOCK));
   /* Enables a timer interrupt */
   LPTMR_EnableInterrupts(LPTMR0,
     kLPTMR_TimerInterruptEnable);
   /* Enables the NVIC */
   EnableIRQ(LPTMR0_IRQn);
   PRINTF("Low Power Timer Example\r\n");
    /* Starts counting */
   LPTMR_StartTimer(LPTMR0);
   while (1)
        if (currentCounter != lptmrCounter)
            currentCounter = lptmrCounter;
            PRINTF("LPTMR interrupt No.%d \r\n", currentCounter);
```

### **Data Structures**

• struct lptmr\_config\_t

LPTMR config structure. More...

### **Enumerations**

```
enum lptmr_pin_select_t {
 kLPTMR PinSelectInput 0 = 0x0U,
 kLPTMR PinSelectInput 1 = 0x1U,
 kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_2 = 0x2U,
 kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_3 = 0x3U }
    LPTMR pin selection used in pulse counter mode.
enum lptmr_pin_polarity_t {
 kLPTMR PinPolarityActiveHigh = 0x0U,
 kLPTMR_PinPolarityActiveLow = 0x1U }
    LPTMR pin polarity used in pulse counter mode.
• enum lptmr timer mode t {
 kLPTMR TimerModeTimeCounter = 0x0U,
 kLPTMR_TimerModePulseCounter = 0x1U }
    LPTMR timer mode selection.
enum lptmr_prescaler_glitch_value_t {
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 0 = 0x0U,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 1 = 0x1U,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_2 = 0x2U,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_3 = 0x3U,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 4 = 0x4U,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_5 = 0x5U,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_6 = 0x6U,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 7 = 0x7U.
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_8 = 0x8U,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 9 = 0x9U,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_10 = 0xAU,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 11 = 0xBU,
 kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 12 = 0xCU,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_13 = 0xDU,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_14 = 0xEU,
 kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_15 = 0xFU }
    LPTMR prescaler/glitch filter values.
enum lptmr_prescaler_clock_select_t {
  kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_0 = 0x0U,
 kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_1 = 0x1U,
 kLPTMR PrescalerClock 2 = 0x2U,
 kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_3 = 0x3U }
    LPTMR prescaler/glitch filter clock select.
• enum lptmr_interrupt_enable_t { kLPTMR_TimerInterruptEnable = LPTMR_CSR_TIE MASK }
    List of the LPTMR interrupts.
• enum lptmr_status_flags_t { kLPTMR_TimerCompareFlag = LPTMR_CSR_TCF_MASK }
    List of the LPTMR status flags.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL LPTMR DRIVER VERSION (MAKE VERSION(2, 0, 1))

#### MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

#### **Data Structure Documentation**

Version 2.0.1.

#### Initialization and deinitialization

- void LPTMR\_Init (LPTMR\_Type \*base, const lptmr\_config\_t \*config)

  Ungates the LPTMR clock and configures the peripheral for a basic operation.
- void LPTMR Deinit (LPTMR Type \*base)

Gates the LPTMR clock.

• void LPTMR\_GetDefaultConfig (lptmr\_config\_t \*config)

Fills in the LPTMR configuration structure with default settings.

### Interrupt Interface

- static void LPTMR\_EnableInterrupts (LPTMR\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Enables the selected LPTMR interrupts.
- static void LPTMR\_DisableInterrupts (LPTMR\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Disables the selected LPTMR interrupts.
- static uint32\_t LPTMR\_GetEnabledInterrupts (LPTMR\_Type \*base) Gets the enabled LPTMR interrupts.

#### Status Interface

- static uint32\_t LPTMR\_GetStatusFlags (LPTMR\_Type \*base)

  Gets the LPTMR status flags.
- static void LPTMR\_ClearStatusFlags (LPTMR\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Clears the LPTMR status flags.

## Read and write the timer period

- static void LPTMR\_SetTimerPeriod (LPTMR\_Type \*base, uint32\_t ticks) Sets the timer period in units of count.
- static uint32\_t LPTMR\_GetCurrentTimerCount (LPTMR\_Type \*base)

  Reads the current timer counting value.

## **Timer Start and Stop**

• static void LPTMR\_StartTimer (LPTMR\_Type \*base)

Starts the timer.

• static void LPTMR\_StopTimer (LPTMR\_Type \*base) Stops the timer.

### 16.4 Data Structure Documentation

## 16.4.1 struct lptmr\_config\_t

This structure holds the configuration settings for the LPTMR peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the LPTMR\_GetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to your configuration structure instance.

The configuration struct can be made constant so it resides in flash.

### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

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#### **Data Fields**

lptmr\_timer\_mode\_t timerMode

*Time counter mode or pulse counter mode.* 

• lptmr\_pin\_select\_t pinSelect

LPTMR pulse input pin select; used only in pulse counter mode.

• lptmr\_pin\_polarity\_t pinPolarity

LPTMR pulse input pin polarity; used only in pulse counter mode.

• bool enableFreeRunning

True: enable free running, counter is reset on overflow False: counter is reset when the compare flag is set.

• bool bypassPrescaler

*True: bypass prescaler; false: use clock from prescaler.* 

lptmr\_prescaler\_clock\_select\_t prescalerClockSource

LPTMR clock source.

• lptmr\_prescaler\_glitch\_value\_t value

Prescaler or glitch filter value.

### 16.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 16.5.1 enum lptmr\_pin\_select\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_0
    Pulse counter input 0 is selected.
    kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_1
    Pulse counter input 1 is selected.
    kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_2
    Pulse counter input 2 is selected.
    kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_3
    Pulse counter input 3 is selected.
```

## 16.5.2 enum lptmr\_pin\_polarity\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kLPTMR_PinPolarityActiveHigh Pulse Counter input source is active-high. kLPTMR_PinPolarityActiveLow Pulse Counter input source is active-low.
```

## 16.5.3 enum lptmr\_timer\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kLPTMR_TimerModeTimeCounter Time Counter mode. kLPTMR_TimerModePulseCounter Pulse Counter mode.
```

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#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

## 16.5.4 enum lptmr\_prescaler\_glitch\_value\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_0 Prescaler divide 2, glitch filter does not support this setting.
kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 1 Prescaler divide 4, glitch filter 2.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_2 Prescaler divide 8, glitch filter 4.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_3 Prescaler divide 16, glitch filter 8.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_4 Prescaler divide 32, glitch filter 16.
kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 5 Prescaler divide 64, glitch filter 32.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_6 Prescaler divide 128, glitch filter 64.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_7 Prescaler divide 256, glitch filter 128.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_8 Prescaler divide 512, glitch filter 256.
kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 9 Prescaler divide 1024, glitch filter 512.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_10 Prescaler divide 2048 glitch filter 1024.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_11 Prescaler divide 4096, glitch filter 2048.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_12 Prescaler divide 8192, glitch filter 4096.
kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 13 Prescaler divide 16384, glitch filter 8192.
kLPTMR Prescale Glitch 14 Prescaler divide 32768, glitch filter 16384.
kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_15 Prescaler divide 65536, glitch filter 32768.
```

## 16.5.5 enum lptmr\_prescaler\_clock\_select\_t

Note

Clock connections are SoC-specific

#### Enumerator

```
    kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_0
    kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_1
    kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_2
    Prescaler/glitch filter clock 1 selected.
    kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_2
    Prescaler/glitch filter clock 2 selected.
    kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_3
    Prescaler/glitch filter clock 3 selected.
```

## 16.5.6 enum lptmr\_interrupt\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

kLPTMR TimerInterruptEnable Timer interrupt enable.

## 16.5.7 enum lptmr\_status\_flags\_t

Enumerator

**kLPTMR\_TimerCompareFlag** Timer compare flag.

#### 16.6 **Function Documentation**

## 16.6.1 void LPTMR Init ( LPTMR Type \* base, const lptmr\_config\_t \* config\_)

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application using the LPTMR driver.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | LPTMR peripheral base address                   |
|--------|---|
| config | A pointer to the LPTMR configuration structure. |

## 16.6.2 void LPTMR Deinit ( LPTMR Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | LPTMR peripheral base address |
|------|-------------------------------|
|------|-------------------------------|

## 16.6.3 void LPTMR GetDefaultConfig ( lptmr\_config\_t \* config )

The default values are as follows.

```
config->timerMode = kLPTMR_TimerModeTimeCounter;
config->pinSelect = kLPTMR_PinSelectInput_0;
config->pinPolarity = kLPTMR_PinPolarityActiveHigh;
config->enableFreeRunning = false;
config->bypassPrescaler = true;
config->prescalerClockSource = kLPTMR_PrescalerClock_1;
config->value = kLPTMR_Prescale_Glitch_0;
```

### **Parameters**

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| config | A pointer to the LPTMR configuration structure. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

# 16.6.4 static void LPTMR\_EnableInterrupts ( LPTMR\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | LPTMR peripheral base address   |
|------|---|
|      | The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration lptmr- |
|      | _interrupt_enable_t   |

# 16.6.5 static void LPTMR\_DisableInterrupts ( LPTMR\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | LPTMR peripheral base address  |
|------|--|
| mask | The interrupts to disable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration lptmr-interrupt, enable, t |
|      | _interrupt_enable_t.   |

# 16.6.6 static uint32\_t LPTMR\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( LPTMR\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | LPTMR peripheral base address |
|------|-------------------------------|

#### Returns

The enabled interrupts. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration lptmr\_interrupt\_enable\_t

# 16.6.7 static uint32\_t LPTMR\_GetStatusFlags ( LPTMR\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base | LPTMR peripheral base address |
|------|-------------------------------|
|------|-------------------------------|

#### Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration lptmr\_status\_flags\_t

# 16.6.8 static void LPTMR\_ClearStatusFlags ( LPTMR\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | LPTMR peripheral base address   |
|------|---|
| mask | The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration lptmr_status_flags_t. |

# 16.6.9 static void LPTMR\_SetTimerPeriod ( LPTMR\_Type \* base, uint32\_t ticks ) [inline], [static]

Timers counts from 0 until it equals the count value set here. The count value is written to the CMR register.

#### Note

- 1. The TCF flag is set with the CNR equals the count provided here and then increments.
- 2. Call the utility macros provided in the fsl\_common.h to convert to ticks.

#### **Parameters**

| base  | LPTMR peripheral base address  |
|-------|--|
| ticks | A timer period in units of ticks, which should be equal or greater than 1. |

# 16.6.10 static uint32\_t LPTMR\_GetCurrentTimerCount ( LPTMR\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the real-time timer counting value in a range from 0 to a timer period.

Note

Call the utility macros provided in the fsl\_common.h to convert ticks to usec or msec.

#### **Parameters**

| base | LPTMR peripheral base address           |
|------|---|
|      | r · r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

#### Returns

The current counter value in ticks

# 16.6.11 static void LPTMR\_StartTimer ( LPTMR\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

After calling this function, the timer counts up to the CMR register value. Each time the timer reaches the CMR value and then increments, it generates a trigger pulse and sets the timeout interrupt flag. An interrupt is also triggered if the timer interrupt is enabled.

#### **Parameters**

| base | LPTMR peripheral base address |
|------|-------------------------------|
|------|-------------------------------|

## 

This function stops the timer and resets the timer's counter register.

#### **Parameters**

| base | LPTMR peripheral base address |
|------|-------------------------------|
|------|-------------------------------|

## **Chapter 17**

## **PIT: Periodic Interrupt Timer**

#### 17.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Periodic Interrupt Timer (PIT) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

## 17.2 Function groups

The PIT driver supports operating the module as a time counter.

#### 17.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function PIT\_Init() initializes the PIT with specified configurations. The function PIT\_GetDefault-Config() gets the default configurations. The initialization function configures the PIT operation in debug mode.

The function PIT\_SetTimerChainMode() configures the chain mode operation of each PIT channel.

The function PIT Deinit() disables the PIT timers and disables the module clock.

### 17.2.2 Timer period Operations

The function PITR\_SetTimerPeriod() sets the timer period in units of count. Timers begin counting down from the value set by this function until it reaches 0.

The function PIT\_GetCurrentTimerCount() reads the current timer counting value. This function returns the real-time timer counting value, in a range from 0 to a timer period.

The timer period operation functions takes the count value in ticks. Users can call the utility macros provided in fsl\_common.h to convert to microseconds or milliseconds.

## 17.2.3 Start and Stop timer operations

The function PIT\_StartTimer() starts the timer counting. After calling this function, the timer loads the period value set earlier via the PIT\_SetPeriod() function and starts counting down to 0. When the timer reaches 0, it generates a trigger pulse and sets the timeout interrupt flag.

The function PIT\_StopTimer() stops the timer counting.

### Typical use case

### 17.2.4 Status

Provides functions to get and clear the PIT status.

### 17.2.5 Interrupt

Provides functions to enable/disable PIT interrupts and get current enabled interrupts.

## 17.3 Typical use case

## 17.3.1 PIT tick example

Updates the PIT period and toggles an LED periodically.

```
int main(void)
    /\star Structure of initialize PIT \star/
    pit_config_t pitConfig;
    /\star Initialize and enable LED \star/
    LED_INIT();
    /\star Board pin, clock, debug console init \star/
    BOARD_InitHardware();
    PIT_GetDefaultConfig(&pitConfig);
    /* Init pit module */
    PIT_Init (PIT, &pitConfig);
    /* Set timer period for channel 0 */
    PIT_SetTimerPeriod(PIT, kPIT_Chnl_0, USEC_TO_COUNT(1000000U,
     PIT_SOURCE_CLOCK));
    /\star Enable timer interrupts for channel 0 \star/
    PIT_EnableInterrupts(PIT, kPIT_Chnl_0,
      kPIT_TimerInterruptEnable);
    /* Enable at the NVIC */
    EnableIRQ(PIT_IRQ_ID);
    /* Start channel 0 */
    PRINTF("\r\nStarting channel No.0 ...");
    PIT_StartTimer(PIT, kPIT_Chnl_0);
    while (true)
        /\star Check whether occur interupt and toggle LED \star/
        if (true == pitIsrFlag)
            PRINTF("\r\n Channel No.0 interrupt is occured !");
            LED_TOGGLE();
            pitIsrFlag = false;
```

#### **Data Structures**

• struct pit\_config\_t

PIT configuration structure. More...

### **Enumerations**

```
enum pit_chnl_t {
    kPIT_Chnl_0 = 0U,
    kPIT_Chnl_1,
    kPIT_Chnl_2,
    kPIT_Chnl_3 }
    List of PIT channels.
enum pit_interrupt_enable_t { kPIT_TimerInterruptEnable = PIT_TCTRL_TIE_MASK }
    List of PIT interrupts.
enum pit_status_flags_t { kPIT_TimerFlag = PIT_TFLG_TIF_MASK }
    List of PIT status flags.
```

### **Functions**

• uint64\_t PIT\_GetLifetimeTimerCount (PIT\_Type \*base)

Reads the current lifetime counter value.

### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_PIT\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) Version 2.0.0.

#### Initialization and deinitialization

- void PIT\_Init (PIT\_Type \*base, const pit\_config\_t \*config)
  - *Ungates the PIT clock, enables the PIT module, and configures the peripheral for basic operations.*
- void PIT\_Deinit (PIT\_Type \*base)

Gates the PIT clock and disables the PIT module.

- static void PIT\_GetDefaultConfig (pit\_config\_t \*config)
  - Fills in the PIT configuration structure with the default settings.
- static void PIT\_SetTimerChainMode (PIT\_Type \*base, pit\_chnl\_t channel, bool enable) Enables or disables chaining a timer with the previous timer.

## Interrupt Interface

- static void PIT\_EnableInterrupts (PIT\_Type \*base, pit\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t mask) Enables the selected PIT interrupts.
- static void PIT\_DisableInterrupts (PIT\_Type \*base, pit\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t mask) Disables the selected PIT interrupts.
- static uint32\_t PIT\_GetEnabledInterrupts (PIT\_Type \*base, pit\_chnl\_t channel) Gets the enabled PIT interrupts.

### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

### **Status Interface**

- static uint32\_t PIT\_GetStatusFlags (PIT\_Type \*base, pit\_chnl\_t channel) Gets the PIT status flags.
- static void PIT\_ClearStatusFlags (PIT\_Type \*base, pit\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t mask) Clears the PIT status flags.

### Read and Write the timer period

- static void PIT\_SetTimerPeriod (PIT\_Type \*base, pit\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t count) Sets the timer period in units of count.
- static uint32\_t PIT\_GetCurrentTimerCount (PIT\_Type \*base, pit\_chnl\_t channel) Reads the current timer counting value.

### **Timer Start and Stop**

- static void PIT\_StartTimer (PIT\_Type \*base, pit\_chnl\_t channel) Starts the timer counting.
- static void PIT\_StopTimer (PIT\_Type \*base, pit\_chnl\_t channel) Stops the timer counting.

### 17.4 Data Structure Documentation

### 17.4.1 struct pit\_config\_t

This structure holds the configuration settings for the PIT peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the PIT\_GetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to your config structure instance.

The configuration structure can be made constant so it resides in flash.

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableRunInDebug

true: Timers run in debug mode; false: Timers stop in debug mode

## 17.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 17.5.1 enum pit\_chnl\_t

Note

Actual number of available channels is SoC dependent

#### Enumerator

```
kPIT_Chnl_0 PIT channel number 0.kPIT_Chnl_1 PIT channel number 1.
```

kPIT\_Chnl\_2 PIT channel number 2.kPIT\_Chnl\_3 PIT channel number 3.

## 17.5.2 enum pit\_interrupt\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

*kPIT\_TimerInterruptEnable* Timer interrupt enable.

### 17.5.3 enum pit\_status\_flags\_t

Enumerator

kPIT\_TimerFlag Timer flag.

## 17.6 Function Documentation

## 17.6.1 void PIT\_Init ( PIT\_Type \* base, const pit\_config\_t \* config )

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application using the PIT driver.

### **Parameters**

| base   | PIT peripheral base address                |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to the user's PIT config structure |

## 17.6.2 void PIT\_Deinit ( PIT\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | PIT peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|

# 17.6.3 static void PIT\_GetDefaultConfig ( pit\_config\_t \* config ) [inline], [static]

The default values are as follows.

\* config->enableRunInDebug = false;

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#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the onfiguration structure. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

# 17.6.4 static void PIT\_SetTimerChainMode ( PIT\_Type \* base, pit\_chnl\_t channel, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

When a timer has a chain mode enabled, it only counts after the previous timer has expired. If the timer n-1 has counted down to 0, counter n decrements the value by one. Each timer is 32-bits, which allows the developers to chain timers together and form a longer timer (64-bits and larger). The first timer (timer 0) can't be chained to any other timer.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | PIT peripheral base address  |
|---------|--|
| channel | Timer channel number which is chained with the previous timer  |
| enable  | Enable or disable chain. true: Current timer is chained with the previous timer. false: Timer doesn't chain with other timers. |

# 17.6.5 static void PIT\_EnableInterrupts ( PIT\_Type \* base, pit\_chnl\_t channel, uint32 t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | PIT peripheral base address   |
|---------|---|
| channel | Timer channel number  |
| mask    | The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration pit_interrupt_enable_t |

# 17.6.6 static void PIT\_DisableInterrupts ( PIT\_Type \* base, pit\_chnl\_t channel, uint32 t mask ) [inline], [static]

| Parameters |
|------------|
|------------|

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| base    | PIT peripheral base address  |
|---------|--|
| channel | Timer channel number   |
| mask    | The interrupts to disable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration pit_interrupt_enable_t |

# 17.6.7 static uint32\_t PIT\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( PIT\_Type \* base, pit\_chnl\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | PIT peripheral base address |
|---------|-----------------------------|
| channel | Timer channel number        |

#### Returns

The enabled interrupts. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration pit\_interrupt\_enable\_t

# 17.6.8 static uint32\_t PIT\_GetStatusFlags ( PIT\_Type \* base, pit\_chnl\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | PIT peripheral base address |
|---------|-----------------------------|
| channel | Timer channel number        |

#### Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration pit\_status\_flags\_t

# 17.6.9 static void PIT\_ClearStatusFlags ( PIT\_Type \* base, pit\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | PIT peripheral base address  |
|---------|--|
| channel | Timer channel number   |
| mask    | The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration pit_status_flags_t |

# 17.6.10 static void PIT\_SetTimerPeriod ( PIT\_Type \* base, pit\_chnl\_t channel, uint32\_t count ) [inline], [static]

Timers begin counting from the value set by this function until it reaches 0, then it generates an interrupt and load this register value again. Writing a new value to this register does not restart the timer. Instead, the value is loaded after the timer expires.

#### Note

Users can call the utility macros provided in fsl\_common.h to convert to ticks.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | PIT peripheral base address    |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| channel | Timer channel number           |
| count   | Timer period in units of ticks |

# 17.6.11 static uint32\_t PIT\_GetCurrentTimerCount ( PIT\_Type \* base, pit\_chnl\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the real-time timer counting value, in a range from 0 to a timer period.

#### Note

Users can call the utility macros provided in fsl\_common.h to convert ticks to usec or msec.

## Parameters

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| base    | PIT peripheral base address |
|---------|-----------------------------|
| channel | Timer channel number        |

#### Returns

Current timer counting value in ticks

## 17.6.12 static void PIT\_StartTimer ( PIT\_Type \* base, pit\_chnl\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

After calling this function, timers load period value, count down to 0 and then load the respective start value again. Each time a timer reaches 0, it generates a trigger pulse and sets the timeout interrupt flag.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | PIT peripheral base address |
|---------|-----------------------------|
| channel | Timer channel number.       |

## 17.6.13 static void PIT\_StopTimer ( PIT\_Type \* base, pit\_chnl\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This function stops every timer counting. Timers reload their periods respectively after the next time they call the PIT\_DRV\_StartTimer.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | PIT peripheral base address |
|---------|-----------------------------|
| channel | Timer channel number.       |

## 17.6.14 uint64\_t PIT\_GetLifetimeTimerCount ( PIT\_Type \* base )

The lifetime timer is a 64-bit timer which chains timer 0 and timer 1 together. Timer 0 and 1 are chained by calling the PIT\_SetTimerChainMode before using this timer. The period of lifetime timer is equal to the "period of timer 0 \* period of timer 1". For the 64-bit value, the higher 32-bit has the value of timer 1, and the lower 32-bit has the value of timer 0.

Parameters

| base | PIT peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|
|------|-----------------------------|

Returns

Current lifetime timer value

## Chapter 18

## **PMC: Power Management Controller**

#### 18.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a Peripheral driver for the Power Management Controller (PMC) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices. The PMC module contains internal voltage regulator, power on reset, low-voltage detect system, and high-voltage detect system.

#### **Data Structures**

```
• struct pmc_low_volt_detect_config_t

Low-voltage Detect Configuration Structure. More...
```

struct pmc\_low\_volt\_warning\_config\_t

Low-voltage Warning Configuration Structure. More...

• struct pmc\_bandgap\_buffer\_config\_t

Bandgap Buffer configuration. More...

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum pmc_low_volt_detect_volt_select_t {
        kPMC_LowVoltDetectLowTrip = 0U,
        kPMC_LowVoltDetectHighTrip = 1U }
        Low-voltage Detect Voltage Select.
    enum pmc_low_volt_warning_volt_select_t {
        kPMC_LowVoltWarningLowTrip = 0U,
        kPMC_LowVoltWarningMid1Trip = 1U,
        kPMC_LowVoltWarningMid2Trip = 2U,
        kPMC_LowVoltWarningHighTrip = 3U }
        Low-voltage Warning Voltage Select.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_PMC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) *PMC driver version.* 

## **Power Management Controller Control APIs**

- void PMC\_ConfigureLowVoltDetect (PMC\_Type \*base, const pmc\_low\_volt\_detect\_config\_t \*config)
  - Configures the low-voltage detect setting.
- static bool PMC\_GetLowVoltDetectFlag (PMC\_Type \*base)
  - Gets the Low-voltage Detect Flag status.
- static void PMC\_ClearLowVoltDetectFlag (PMC\_Type \*base)

Acknowledges clearing the Low-voltage Detect flag.

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

• void PMC\_ConfigureLowVoltWarning (PMC\_Type \*base, const pmc\_low\_volt\_warning\_config\_t \*config)

Configures the low-voltage warning setting.

static bool PMC\_GetLowVoltWarningFlag (PMC\_Type \*base)

Gets the Low-voltage Warning Flag status.

• static void PMC\_ClearLowVoltWarningFlag (PMC\_Type \*base)

Acknowledges the Low-voltage Warning flag.

• void PMC\_ConfigureBandgapBuffer (PMC\_Type \*base, const pmc\_bandgap\_buffer\_config\_t \*config)

Configures the PMC bandgap.

• static bool PMC\_GetPeriphIOIsolationFlag (PMC\_Type \*base)

Gets the acknowledge Peripherals and I/O pads isolation flag.

• static void PMC\_ClearPeriphIOIsolationFlag (PMC\_Type \*base)

Acknowledges the isolation flag to Peripherals and I/O pads.

• static bool PMC\_IsRegulatorInRunRegulation (PMC\_Type \*base)

Gets the regulator regulation status.

#### 18.2 Data Structure Documentation

### 18.2.1 struct pmc\_low\_volt\_detect\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableInt

Enable interrupt when Low-voltage detect.

bool enableReset

Enable system reset when Low-voltage detect.

pmc\_low\_volt\_detect\_volt\_select\_t voltSelect

Low-voltage detect trip point voltage selection.

## 18.2.2 struct pmc\_low\_volt\_warning\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableInt

Enable interrupt when low-voltage warning.

• pmc low volt warning volt select t voltSelect

Low-voltage warning trip point voltage selection.

## 18.2.3 struct pmc\_bandgap\_buffer\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enable

Enable bandgap buffer.

• bool enableInLowPowerMode

Enable bandgap buffer in low-power mode.

#### 18.2.3.0.0.33 Field Documentation

18.2.3.0.0.33.1 bool pmc\_bandgap\_buffer\_config\_t::enable

18.2.3.0.0.33.2 bool pmc\_bandgap\_buffer\_config\_t::enableInLowPowerMode

#### 18.3 Macro Definition Documentation

18.3.1 #define FSL\_PMC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0))

Version 2.0.0.

## 18.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

18.4.1 enum pmc\_low\_volt\_detect\_volt\_select\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kPMC_LowVoltDetectLowTrip Low-trip point selected (VLVD = VLVDL)

kPMC_LowVoltDetectHighTrip High-trip point selected (VLVD = VLVDH)
```

## 18.4.2 enum pmc\_low\_volt\_warning\_volt\_select\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kPMC_LowVoltWarningLowTrip Low-trip point selected (VLVW = VLVW1)
    kPMC_LowVoltWarningMid1Trip Mid 1 trip point selected (VLVW = VLVW2)
    kPMC_LowVoltWarningMid2Trip Mid 2 trip point selected (VLVW = VLVW3)
    kPMC_LowVoltWarningHighTrip High-trip point selected (VLVW = VLVW4)
```

#### 18.5 Function Documentation

18.5.1 void PMC\_ConfigureLowVoltDetect ( PMC\_Type \* base, const pmc\_low\_volt\_detect\_config\_t \* config )

This function configures the low-voltage detect setting, including the trip point voltage setting, enables or disables the interrupt, enables or disables the system reset.

Parameters

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| base   | PMC peripheral base address.                |
|--------|---|
| config | Low-voltage detect configuration structure. |

## 18.5.2 static bool PMC\_GetLowVoltDetectFlag ( PMC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function reads the current LVDF status. If it returns 1, a low-voltage event is detected.

#### **Parameters**

| base |
|------|
|------|

#### Returns

Current low-voltage detect flag

- true: Low-voltage detected
- false: Low-voltage not detected

## 18.5.3 static void PMC\_ClearLowVoltDetectFlag ( PMC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function acknowledges the low-voltage detection errors (write 1 to clear LVDF).

**Parameters** 

| base | PMC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

## 18.5.4 void PMC\_ConfigureLowVoltWarning ( PMC\_Type \* base, const pmc\_low\_volt\_warning\_config\_t \* config )

This function configures the low-voltage warning setting, including the trip point voltage setting and enabling or disabling the interrupt.

Parameters

| base   | PMC peripheral base address.                 |
|--------|--|
| config | Low-voltage warning configuration structure. |

## 18.5.5 static bool PMC\_GetLowVoltWarningFlag ( PMC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function polls the current LVWF status. When 1 is returned, it indicates a low-voltage warning event. LVWF is set when V Supply transitions below the trip point or after reset and V Supply is already below the V LVW.

#### **Parameters**

| base | PMC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

#### Returns

#### Current LVWF status

- true: Low-voltage Warning Flag is set.
- false: the Low-voltage Warning does not happen.

## 18.5.6 static void PMC\_ClearLowVoltWarningFlag ( PMC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function acknowledges the low voltage warning errors (write 1 to clear LVWF).

**Parameters** 

| _ |      |                              |
|---|------|------------------------------|
|   | base | PMC peripheral base address. |

## 18.5.7 void PMC\_ConfigureBandgapBuffer ( PMC\_Type \* base, const pmc bandgap buffer config t \* config )

This function configures the PMC bandgap, including the drive select and behavior in low-power mode.

Parameters

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| base   | PMC peripheral base address.           |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to the configuration structure |

## 18.5.8 static bool PMC\_GetPeriphlOIsolationFlag ( PMC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function reads the Acknowledge Isolation setting that indicates whether certain peripherals and the I/O pads are in a latched state as a result of having been in the VLLS mode.

#### **Parameters**

| base | PMC peripheral base address.           |
|------|--|
| base | Base address for current PMC instance. |

#### Returns

ACK isolation 0 - Peripherals and I/O pads are in a normal run state. 1 - Certain peripherals and I/O pads are in an isolated and latched state.

## 18.5.9 static void PMC\_ClearPeriphlOIsolationFlag ( PMC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function clears the ACK Isolation flag. Writing one to this setting when it is set releases the I/O pads and certain peripherals to their normal run mode state.

#### **Parameters**

| base | PMC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|

## 18.5.10 static bool PMC\_IsRegulatorInRunRegulation ( PMC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the regulator to run a regulation status. It provides the current status of the internal voltage regulator.

### Parameters

| base | PMC peripheral base address.           |
|------|--|
| base | Base address for current PMC instance. |

#### Returns

Regulation status 0 - Regulator is in a stop regulation or in transition to/from the regulation. 1 - Regulator is in a run regulation.

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# Chapter 19 PORT: Port Control and Interrupts

#### 19.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Port Control and Interrupts (PORT) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

## 19.2 Typical configuration use case

### 19.2.1 Input PORT configuration

```
/* Input pin PORT configuration */
port_pin_config_t config = {
    kPORT_PullUp,
    kPORT_FastSlewRate,
    kPORT_PassiveFilterDisable,
    kPORT_OpenDrainDisable,
    kPORT_LowDriveStrength,
    kPORT_MuxAsGpio,
    kPORT_UnLockRegister,
};
/* Sets the configuration */
PORT_SetPinConfig(PORTA, 4, &config);
```

## 19.2.2 I2C PORT Configuration

```
/* I2C pin PORTconfiguration */
port_pin_config_t config = {
    kPORT_PullUp,
    kPORT_FastSlewRate,
    kPORT_PassiveFilterDisable,
    kPORT_OpenDrainEnable,
    kPORT_LowDriveStrength,
    kPORT_MuxAlt5,
    kPORT_UnLockRegister,
};
PORT_SetPinConfig(PORTE, 24u, &config);
PORT_SetPinConfig(PORTE, 25u, &config);
```

#### **Data Structures**

• struct port\_pin\_config\_t

PORT pin configuration structure. More...

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum _port_pull {kPORT_PullDisable = 0U,kPORT_PullDown = 2U,kPORT_PullUp = 3U }
```

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#### Typical configuration use case

```
Internal resistor pull feature selection.
enum _port_slew_rate {
 kPORT_FastSlewRate = 0U,
 kPORT_SlowSlewRate = 1U }
    Slew rate selection.
enum _port_passive_filter_enable {
 kPORT_PassiveFilterDisable = 0U,
 kPORT PassiveFilterEnable = 1U }
    Passive filter feature enable/disable.
enum _port_drive_strength {
 kPORT LowDriveStrength = 0U,
 kPORT_HighDriveStrength = 1U }
    Configures the drive strength.
• enum port_mux_t {
 kPORT PinDisabledOrAnalog = 0U,
 kPORT_MuxAsGpio = 1U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt2 = 2U,
 kPORT MuxAlt3 = 3U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt4 = 4U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt5 = 5U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt6 = 6U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt7 = 7U,
 kPORT MuxAlt8 = 8U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt9 = 9U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt10 = 10U,
 kPORT MuxAlt11 = 11U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt12 = 12U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt13 = 13U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt14 = 14U,
 kPORT_MuxAlt15 = 15U
    Pin mux selection.
enum port_interrupt_t {
 kPORT_InterruptOrDMADisabled = 0x0U,
 kPORT_DMARisingEdge = 0x1U,
 kPORT DMAFallingEdge = 0x2U,
 kPORT_DMAEitherEdge = 0x3U,
 kPORT_InterruptLogicZero = 0x8U,
 kPORT_InterruptRisingEdge = 0x9U,
 kPORT_InterruptFallingEdge = 0xAU,
 kPORT_InterruptEitherEdge = 0xBU,
 kPORT_InterruptLogicOne = 0xCU }
    Configures the interrupt generation condition.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_PORT\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 2)) *Version 2.0.2.* 

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## Configuration

- static void PORT\_SetPinConfig (PORT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pin, const port\_pin\_config\_t \*config)

  Sets the port PCR register.
- static void PORT\_SetMultiplePinsConfig (PORT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask, const port\_pin\_config\_t \*config)

Sets the port PCR register for multiple pins.

• static void PORT\_SetPinMux (PORT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pin, port\_mux\_t mux) Configures the pin muxing.

### Interrupt

- static void PORT\_SetPinInterruptConfig (PORT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t pin, port\_interrupt\_t config)

  Configures the port pin interrupt/DMA request.
- static uint32\_t PORT\_GetPinsInterruptFlags (PORT\_Type \*base)

Reads the whole port status flag.

• static void PORT\_ClearPinsInterruptFlags (PORT\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Clears the multiple pin interrupt status flag.

### 19.3 Data Structure Documentation

### 19.3.1 struct port\_pin\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint16\_t pullSelect: 2

No-pull/pull-down/pull-up select.

• uint16 t slewRate: 1

Fast/slow slew rate Configure.

• uint16 t passiveFilterEnable: 1

Passive filter enable/disable.

• uint16\_t driveStrength: 1

Fast/slow drive strength configure.

• uint16 t mux: 3

Pin mux Configure.

#### 19.4 Macro Definition Documentation

19.4.1 #define FSL PORT DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 2))

### 19.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 19.5.1 enum port pull

#### Enumerator

kPORT\_PullDisable Internal pull-up/down resistor is disabled.kPORT\_PullDown Internal pull-down resistor is enabled.kPORT\_PullUp Internal pull-up resistor is enabled.

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### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

### 19.5.2 enum \_port\_slew\_rate

#### Enumerator

```
kPORT_FastSlewRate Fast slew rate is configured.kPORT_SlowSlewRate Slow slew rate is configured.
```

## 19.5.3 enum \_port\_passive\_filter\_enable

#### Enumerator

```
kPORT_PassiveFilterDisable Passive input filter is disabled. kPORT_PassiveFilterEnable Passive input filter is enabled.
```

### 19.5.4 enum \_port\_drive\_strength

#### Enumerator

```
kPORT_LowDriveStrength Low-drive strength is configured.kPORT_HighDriveStrength High-drive strength is configured.
```

## 19.5.5 enum port\_mux\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kPORT_PinDisabledOrAnalog Corresponding pin is disabled, but is used as an analog pin.
kPORT MuxAsGpio Corresponding pin is configured as GPIO.
kPORT_MuxAlt2 Chip-specific.
kPORT MuxAlt3 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt4 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt5 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt6 Chip-specific.
kPORT MuxAlt7 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt8 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt9 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt10 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt11 Chip-specific.
kPORT MuxAlt12 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt13 Chip-specific.
kPORT_MuxAlt14 Chip-specific.
kPORT MuxAlt15 Chip-specific.
```

## 19.5.6 enum port\_interrupt\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kPORT_InterruptOrDMADisabled Interrupt/DMA request is disabled.
kPORT_DMARisingEdge DMA request on rising edge.
kPORT_DMAFallingEdge DMA request on falling edge.
kPORT_DMAEitherEdge DMA request on either edge.
kPORT_InterruptLogicZero Interrupt when logic zero.
kPORT_InterruptRisingEdge Interrupt on rising edge.
kPORT_InterruptFallingEdge Interrupt on falling edge.
kPORT_InterruptEitherEdge Interrupt on either edge.
kPORT_InterruptLogicOne Interrupt when logic one.
```

#### 19.6 Function Documentation

## 19.6.1 static void PORT\_SetPinConfig ( PORT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pin, const port\_pin\_config\_t \* config ) [inline], [static]

This is an example to define an input pin or output pin PCR configuration.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | PORT peripheral base pointer.              |
|--------|--|
| pin    | PORT pin number.                           |
| config | PORT PCR register configuration structure. |

## 19.6.2 static void PORT\_SetMultiplePinsConfig ( PORT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask, const port\_pin\_config\_t \* config ) [inline], [static]

This is an example to define input pins or output pins PCR configuration.

```
* // Define a digital input pin PCR configuration
* port_pin_config_t config = {
* kPORT_PullUp ,
```

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```
* kPORT_PullEnable,
* kPORT_FastSlewRate,
* kPORT_PassiveFilterDisable,
* kPORT_OpenDrainDisable,
* kPORT_LowDriveStrength,
* kPORT_MuxAsGpio,
* kPORT_UnlockRegister,
* };
```

#### **Parameters**

| base   | PORT peripheral base pointer.              |
|--------|--|
| mask   | PORT pin number macro.                     |
| config | PORT PCR register configuration structure. |

## 19.6.3 static void PORT\_SetPinMux ( PORT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pin, port\_mux\_t mux ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | PORT peripheral base pointer.  |
|------|--|
| pin  | PORT pin number.   |
| mux  | <ul> <li>pin muxing slot selection.</li> <li>kPORT_PinDisabledOrAnalog: Pin disabled or work in analog function.</li> <li>kPORT_MuxAsGpio: Set as GPIO.</li> <li>kPORT_MuxAlt2: chip-specific.</li> <li>kPORT_MuxAlt3: chip-specific.</li> <li>kPORT_MuxAlt4: chip-specific.</li> <li>kPORT_MuxAlt5: chip-specific.</li> <li>kPORT_MuxAlt6: chip-specific.</li> <li>kPORT_MuxAlt7: chip-specific. : This function is NOT recommended to use together with the PORT_SetPinsConfig, because the PORT_SetPinsConfig need to configure the pin mux anyway (Otherwise the pin mux is reset to zero: kPORT_PinDisabledOrAnalog). This function is recommended to use to reset the pin mux</li> </ul> |

## 19.6.4 static void PORT\_SetPinInterruptConfig ( PORT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t pin, port\_interrupt\_t config ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | PORT peripheral base pointer.  |
|--------|--|
| pin    | PORT pin number.   |
| config | PORT pin interrupt configuration.  • kPORT_InterruptOrDMADisabled: Interrupt/DMA request disabled.  • kPORT_DMARisingEdge: DMA request on rising edge(if the DMA requests exit).  • kPORT_DMAFallingEdge: DMA request on falling edge(if the DMA requests exit).  • kPORT_DMAEitherEdge: DMA request on either edge(if the DMA requests exit).  • kPORT_DMAEitherEdge: Plag sets on rising edge(if the Flag states exit).  • #kPORT_FlagRisingEdge: Flag sets on falling edge(if the Flag states exit).  • #kPORT_FlagFallingEdge: Flag sets on falling edge(if the Flag states exit).  • kPORT_InterruptLogicZero: Interrupt when logic zero.  • kPORT_InterruptRisingEdge: Interrupt on rising edge.  • kPORT_InterruptFallingEdge: Interrupt on falling edge.  • kPORT_InterruptEitherEdge: Interrupt on either edge.  • kPORT_InterruptLogicOne: Interrupt when logic one.  • #kPORT_ActiveHighTriggerOutputEnable: Enable active high-trigger output (if the trigger states exit).  • #kPORT_ActiveLowTriggerOutputEnable: Enable active low-trigger output (if the trigger states exit). |

## 19.6.5 static uint32\_t PORT\_GetPinsInterruptFlags ( PORT\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

If a pin is configured to generate the DMA request, the corresponding flag is cleared automatically at the completion of the requested DMA transfer. Otherwise, the flag remains set until a logic one is written to that flag. If configured for a level sensitive interrupt that remains asserted, the flag is set again immediately.

#### **Parameters**

| base | PORT peripheral base pointer. |
|------|-------------------------------|

#### Returns

Current port interrupt status flags, for example, 0x00010001 means the pin 0 and 16 have the interrupt.

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19.6.6 static void PORT\_ClearPinsInterruptFlags ( PORT\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

## Parameters

| base | PORT peripheral base pointer. |
|------|-------------------------------|
| mask | PORT pin number macro.        |

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## Chapter 20

## **RCM: Reset Control Module Driver**

#### 20.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a Peripheral driver for the Reset Control Module (RCM) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

#### **Data Structures**

• struct rcm\_reset\_pin\_filter\_config\_t Reset pin filter configuration. More...

#### **Enumerations**

```
• enum rcm reset source t {
 kRCM_SourceWakeup = RCM_SRS0_WAKEUP_MASK,
 kRCM_SourceLvd = RCM_SRS0_LVD_MASK,
 kRCM_SourceLoc = RCM_SRS0_LOC_MASK,
 kRCM_SourceLol = RCM_SRS0_LOL_MASK,
 kRCM SourceWdog = RCM SRS0 WDOG MASK,
 kRCM_SourcePin = RCM_SRS0_PIN_MASK,
 kRCM SourcePor = RCM SRS0 POR MASK,
 kRCM_SourceLockup = RCM_SRS1_LOCKUP_MASK << 8U,
 kRCM_SourceSw = RCM_SRS1_SW_MASK << 8U,
 kRCM_SourceMdmap = RCM_SRS1_MDM_AP_MASK << 8U,
 kRCM_SourceSackerr = RCM_SRS1_SACKERR_MASK << 8U }
    System Reset Source Name definitions.
enum rcm_run_wait_filter_mode_t {
 kRCM FilterDisable = 0U,
 kRCM_FilterBusClock = 1U,
 kRCM FilterLpoClock = 2U }
   Reset pin filter select in Run and Wait modes.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_RCM\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1)) *RCM driver version 2.0.1.* 

#### **Reset Control Module APIs**

• static uint32\_t RCM\_GetPreviousResetSources (RCM\_Type \*base)

Gets the reset source status which caused a previous reset.

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### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

• void RCM\_ConfigureResetPinFilter (RCM\_Type \*base, const rcm\_reset\_pin\_filter\_config\_t \*config)

Configures the reset pin filter.

### 20.2 Data Structure Documentation

### 20.2.1 struct rcm reset pin filter config t

#### **Data Fields**

• bool enableFilterInStop

Reset pin filter select in stop mode.

• rcm\_run\_wait\_filter\_mode\_t filterInRunWait

Reset pin filter in run/wait mode.

uint8\_t busClockFilterCount

Reset pin bus clock filter width.

#### 20.2.1.0.0.34 Field Documentation

20.2.1.0.0.34.1 bool rcm\_reset\_pin\_filter\_config\_t::enableFilterInStop

20.2.1.0.0.34.2 rcm\_run\_wait\_filter\_mode\_t rcm\_reset\_pin\_filter\_config\_t::filterInRunWait

20.2.1.0.0.34.3 uint8\_t rcm\_reset\_pin\_filter\_config\_t::busClockFilterCount

#### 20.3 Macro Definition Documentation

20.3.1 #define FSL RCM DRIVER VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 1))

## 20.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 20.4.1 enum rcm reset source t

#### Enumerator

**kRCM** SourceWakeup Low-leakage wakeup reset.

**kRCM\_SourceLvd** Low-voltage detect reset.

kRCM\_SourceLoc Loss of clock reset.

kRCM SourceLol Loss of lock reset.

kRCM SourceWdog Watchdog reset.

**kRCM\_SourcePin** External pin reset.

kRCM SourcePor Power on reset.

**kRCM** SourceLockup Core lock up reset.

kRCM SourceSw Software reset.

**kRCM\_SourceMdmap** MDM-AP system reset.

kRCM\_SourceSackerr Parameter could get all reset flags.

## 20.4.2 enum rcm\_run\_wait\_filter\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kRCM_FilterDisable All filtering disabled.kRCM_FilterBusClock Bus clock filter enabled.kRCM_FilterLpoClock LPO clock filter enabled.
```

#### 20.5 Function Documentation

## 20.5.1 static uint32\_t RCM\_GetPreviousResetSources ( RCM\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function gets the current reset source status. Use source masks defined in the rcm\_reset\_source\_t to get the desired source status.

This is an example.

#### **Parameters**

base RCM peripheral base address.

#### Returns

All reset source status bit map.

## 20.5.2 void RCM\_ConfigureResetPinFilter ( RCM\_Type \* base, const rcm\_reset\_pin\_filter\_config\_t \* config )

This function sets the reset pin filter including the filter source, filter width, and so on.

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## Parameters

| base   | RCM peripheral base address.            |
|--------|---|
| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. |

## **Chapter 21**

## **RTC: Real Time Clock**

#### 21.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Real Time Clock (RTC) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

## 21.2 Function groups

The RTC driver supports operating the module as a time counter.

#### 21.2.1 Initialization and deinitialization

The function RTC\_Init() initializes the RTC with specified configurations. The function RTC\_GetDefault-Config() gets the default configurations.

The function RTC\_Deinit() disables the RTC timer and disables the module clock.

#### 21.2.2 Set & Get Datetime

The function RTC\_SetDatetime() sets the timer period in seconds. Users pass in the details in date & time format by using the below data structure.

```
typedef struct _rtc_datetime
{
    uint16_t year;
    uint8_t month;
    uint8_t day;
    uint8_t hour;
    uint8_t minute;
    uint8_t second;
} rtc_datetime_t;
```

The function RTC\_GetDatetime() reads the current timer value in seconds, converts it to date & time format and stores it into a datetime structure passed in by the user.

#### 21.2.3 Set & Get Alarm

The function RTC\_SetAlarm() sets the alarm time period in seconds. Users pass in the details in date & time format by using the datetime data structure.

The function RTC\_GetAlarm() reads the alarm time in seconds, converts it to date & time format and stores it into a datetime structure passed in by the user.

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### Typical use case

### 21.2.4 Start & Stop timer

The function RTC\_StartTimer() starts the RTC time counter.

The function RTC\_StopTimer() stops the RTC time counter.

#### 21.2.5 Status

Provides functions to get and clear the RTC status.

### 21.2.6 Interrupt

Provides functions to enable/disable RTC interrupts and get current enabled interrupts.

#### 21.2.7 RTC Oscillator

Some SoC's allow control of the RTC oscillator through the RTC module.

The function RTC\_SetOscCapLoad() allows the user to modify the capacitor load configuration of the RTC oscillator.

#### 21.2.8 Monotonic Counter

Some SoC's have a 64-bit Monotonic counter available in the RTC module.

The function RTC\_SetMonotonicCounter() writes a 64-bit to the counter.

The function RTC\_GetMonotonicCounter() reads the monotonic counter and returns the 64-bit counter value to the user.

The function RTC\_IncrementMonotonicCounter() increments the Monotonic Counter by one.

## 21.3 Typical use case

## 21.3.1 RTC tick example

Example to set the RTC current time and trigger an alarm.

```
int main(void)
{
    uint32_t sec;
    uint32_t currSeconds;
    rtc_datetime_t date;
    rtc_config_t rtcConfig;

/* Board pin, clock, debug console init */
```

```
BOARD_InitHardware();
/* Init RTC */
RTC_GetDefaultConfig(&rtcConfig);
RTC_Init(RTC, &rtcConfig);
/* Select RTC clock source */
BOARD_SetRtcClockSource();
PRINTF("RTC example: set up time to wake up an alarm\r");
/\star Set a start date time and start RT \star/
date.year = 2014U;
date.month = 12U;
date.day = 25U;
date.hour = 19U;
date.minute = 0;
date.second = 0;
/\star RTC time counter has to be stopped before setting the date & time in the TSR register \star/
RTC_StopTimer(RTC);
/* Set RTC time to default */
RTC_SetDatetime(RTC, &date);
/* Enable RTC alarm interrupt */
RTC_EnableInterrupts(RTC, kRTC_AlarmInterruptEnable);
/\star Enable at the NVIC \star/
EnableIRQ(RTC_IRQn);
/* Start the RTC time counter */
RTC_StartTimer(RTC);
/\star This loop will set the RTC alarm \star/
while (1)
    busyWait = true;
    /* Get date time */
    RTC_GetDatetime(RTC, &date);
    /* print default time */
    PRINTF("Current datetime: %04hd-%02hd-%02hd %02hd:%02hd:%02hd\r\n", date.
  year, date.month, date.day, date.hour,
           date.minute, date.second);
    /\star Get alarm time from the user \star/
    sec = 0;
    PRINTF("Input the number of second to wait for alarm \r\n");
    PRINTF("The second must be positive value\r\n");
    while (sec < 1)
    {
        SCANF("%d", &sec);
    /\star Read the RTC seconds register to get current time in seconds \star/
    currSeconds = RTC->TSR;
    /\star Add alarm seconds to current time \star/
    currSeconds += sec;
    /* Set alarm time in seconds */
    RTC->TAR = currSeconds:
    /* Get alarm time */
    RTC_GetAlarm(RTC, &date);
    /* Print alarm time */
    PRINTF("Alarm will occur at: 04hd-02hd-02hd-02hd:02hd:02hd:02hd", date.
  year, date.month, date.day,
```

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#### Typical use case

```
date.hour, date.minute, date.second);
/* Wait until alarm occurs */
while (busyWait)
PRINTF("\r\n Alarm occurs !!!! ");
```

#### **Data Structures**

• struct rtc datetime t

Structure is used to hold the date and time. More...

• struct rtc\_config\_t

RTC config structure. More...

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum rtc_interrupt_enable_t {
 kRTC_TimeInvalidInterruptEnable = RTC_IER_TIIE_MASK,
 kRTC_TimeOverflowInterruptEnable = RTC_IER_TOIE_MASK,
 kRTC_AlarmInterruptEnable = RTC_IER_TAIE_MASK,
 kRTC_SecondsInterruptEnable = RTC_IER_TSIE_MASK }
    List of RTC interrupts.
enum rtc_status_flags_t {
 kRTC_TimeInvalidFlag = RTC_SR_TIF_MASK,
 kRTC_TimeOverflowFlag = RTC_SR_TOF_MASK,
 kRTC AlarmFlag = RTC SR TAF MASK }
    List of RTC flags.
enum rtc_osc_cap_load_t {
 kRTC_Capacitor_2p = RTC_CR_SC2P_MASK,
 kRTC_Capacitor_4p = RTC_CR_SC4P_MASK,
 kRTC Capacitor 8p = RTC CR SC8P MASK,
 kRTC_Capacitor_16p = RTC_CR_SC16P_MASK }
    List of RTC Oscillator capacitor load settings.
```

#### **Functions**

- static void RTC\_SetOscCapLoad (RTC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t capLoad)
  - This function sets the specified capacitor configuration for the RTC oscillator.
- static void RTC\_Reset (RTC\_Type \*base)

Performs a software reset on the RTC module.

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_RTC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) Version 2.0.0.

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#### Initialization and deinitialization

- void RTC\_Init (RTC\_Type \*base, const rtc\_config\_t \*config)

  Ungates the RTC clock and configures the peripheral for basic operation.
- static void RTC\_Deinit (RTC\_Type \*base)

Stops the timer and gate the RTC clock.

• void RTC\_GetDefaultConfig (rtc\_config\_t \*config)

Fills in the RTC config struct with the default settings.

#### **Current Time & Alarm**

- status\_t RTC\_SetDatetime (RTC\_Type \*base, const rtc\_datetime\_t \*datetime)

  Sets the RTC date and time according to the given time structure.
- void RTC\_GetDatetime (RTC\_Type \*base, rtc\_datetime\_t \*datetime)
- Gets the RTC time and stores it in the given time structure.

   status\_t RTC\_SetAlarm (RTC\_Type \*base, const rtc\_datetime\_t \*alarmTime)
- void RTC\_GetAlarm (RTC\_Type \*base, rtc\_datetime\_t \*datetime)

  Returns the RTC alarm time.

### **Interrupt Interface**

- static void RTC\_EnableInterrupts (RTC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Enables the selected RTC interrupts.
- static void RTC\_DisableInterrupts (RTC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Disables the selected RTC interrupts.
- static uint32\_t RTC\_GetEnabledInterrupts (RTC\_Type \*base) Gets the enabled RTC interrupts.

### **Status Interface**

- static uint32\_t RTC\_GetStatusFlags (RTC\_Type \*base)
  - Gets the RTC status flags.

Sets the RTC alarm time.

• void RTC\_ClearStatusFlags (RTC\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Clears the RTC status flags.

## **Timer Start and Stop**

• static void RTC\_StartTimer (RTC\_Type \*base)

Starts the RTC time counter.

• static void RTC\_StopTimer (RTC\_Type \*base)

Stops the RTC time counter.

#### 21.4 Data Structure Documentation

## 21.4.1 struct rtc\_datetime\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint16 t year

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

```
Range from 1970 to 2099.
   • uint8 t month
         Range from 1 to 12.
    • uint8_t day
         Range from 1 to 31 (depending on month).
    • uint8 t hour
         Range from 0 to 23.
   • uint8 t minute
         Range from 0 to 59.
    • uint8_t second
         Range from 0 to 59.
21.4.1.0.0.35 Field Documentation
```

```
21.4.1.0.0.35.1 uint16 t rtc datetime t::year
21.4.1.0.0.35.2 uint8 t rtc datetime t::month
21.4.1.0.0.35.3 uint8 t rtc datetime t::day
21.4.1.0.0.35.4 uint8_t rtc_datetime_t::hour
21.4.1.0.0.35.5 uint8 t rtc datetime t::minute
21.4.1.0.0.35.6 uint8_t rtc_datetime_t::second
```

## 21.4.2 struct rtc config t

This structure holds the configuration settings for the RTC peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the RTC\_GetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to your config structure instance.

The config struct can be made const so it resides in flash

#### **Data Fields**

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- bool wakeupSelect
  - true: Wakeup pin outputs the 32 KHz clock; false: Wakeup pin used to wakeup the chip
- bool updateMode

true: Registers can be written even when locked under certain conditions, false: No writes allowed when registers are locked

- bool supervisorAccess
  - true: Non-supervisor accesses are allowed; false: Non-supervisor accesses are not supported
- uint32\_t compensationInterval
  - Compensation interval that is written to the CIR field in RTC TCR Register.
- uint32\_t compensationTime

Compensation time that is written to the TCR field in RTC TCR Register.

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## 21.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 21.5.1 enum rtc\_interrupt\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kRTC_TimeInvalidInterruptEnable Time invalid interrupt.
kRTC_TimeOverflowInterruptEnable Time overflow interrupt.
kRTC_AlarmInterruptEnable Alarm interrupt.
kRTC SecondsInterruptEnable Seconds interrupt.
```

## 21.5.2 enum rtc\_status\_flags\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kRTC_TimeInvalidFlag Time invalid flag.kRTC_TimeOverflowFlag Time overflow flag.kRTC_AlarmFlag Alarm flag.
```

## 21.5.3 enum rtc\_osc\_cap\_load\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kRTC_Capacitor_2p 2 pF capacitor load
kRTC_Capacitor_4p 4 pF capacitor load
kRTC_Capacitor_8p 8 pF capacitor load
kRTC_Capacitor_16p 16 pF capacitor load
```

#### 21.6 Function Documentation

## 21.6.1 void RTC\_Init ( RTC\_Type \* base, const rtc\_config\_t \* config\_)

This function issues a software reset if the timer invalid flag is set.

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application using the RTC driver.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | RTC peripheral base address                        |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to the user's RTC configuration structure. |

### 21.6.2 static void RTC\_Deinit ( RTC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base RTC peripheral base address |
|----------------------------------|
|----------------------------------|

## 21.6.3 void RTC\_GetDefaultConfig ( rtc\_config\_t \* config )

The default values are as follows.

```
* config->wakeupSelect = false;
* config->updateMode = false;
* config->supervisorAccess = false;
* config->compensationInterval = 0;
* config->compensationTime = 0;
*
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the user's RTC configuration structure. |
|--------|--|

## 21.6.4 status\_t RTC\_SetDatetime ( RTC\_Type \* base, const rtc\_datetime\_t \* datetime )

The RTC counter must be stopped prior to calling this function because writes to the RTC seconds register fail if the RTC counter is running.

#### **Parameters**

| 7    | PMC 11 11                   |
|------|-----------------------------|
| base | RTC peripheral base address |
|      | r                           |

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| datetime Po | Pointer to the structure where the date and time details are stored. |
|-------------|--|
|-------------|--|

#### Returns

kStatus\_Success: Success in setting the time and starting the RTC kStatus\_InvalidArgument: Error because the datetime format is incorrect

## 21.6.5 void RTC\_GetDatetime ( RTC\_Type \* base, rtc\_datetime\_t \* datetime )

#### **Parameters**

| base     | RTC peripheral base address  |
|----------|--|
| datetime | Pointer to the structure where the date and time details are stored. |

## 21.6.6 status\_t RTC\_SetAlarm ( RTC\_Type \* base, const rtc\_datetime\_t \* alarmTime )

The function checks whether the specified alarm time is greater than the present time. If not, the function does not set the alarm and returns an error.

#### **Parameters**

| base      | RTC peripheral base address                              |
|-----------|--|
| alarmTime | Pointer to the structure where the alarm time is stored. |

#### Returns

kStatus\_Success: success in setting the RTC alarm kStatus\_InvalidArgument: Error because the alarm datetime format is incorrect kStatus\_Fail: Error because the alarm time has already passed

## 21.6.7 void RTC\_GetAlarm ( RTC\_Type \* base, rtc\_datetime\_t \* datetime )

| _          |   |
|------------|---|
| Parameters | 3 |

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| base     | RTC peripheral base address  |
|----------|--|
| datetime | Pointer to the structure where the alarm date and time details are stored. |

## 21.6.8 static void RTC\_EnableInterrupts ( RTC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | RTC peripheral base address  |
|------|--|
| mask | The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration rtcinterrupt_enable_t |

## 21.6.9 static void RTC\_DisableInterrupts ( RTC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | RTC peripheral base address  |
|------|--|
| mask | The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration rtcinterrupt_enable_t |

## 21.6.10 static uint32\_t RTC\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( RTC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | RTC peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|

#### Returns

The enabled interrupts. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration rtc\_interrupt\_enable\_t

## 21.6.11 static uint32\_t RTC\_GetStatusFlags ( RTC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base | RTC peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|
|------|-----------------------------|

#### Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration rtc\_status\_flags\_t

## 21.6.12 void RTC\_ClearStatusFlags ( RTC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

#### **Parameters**

| base | RTC peripheral base address   |
|------|---|
| mask | The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration rtcstatus_flags_t |

## 21.6.13 static void RTC\_StartTimer(RTC\_Type \* base) [inline], [static]

After calling this function, the timer counter increments once a second provided SR[TOF] or SR[TIF] are not set.

#### **Parameters**

| base | RTC peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|

## 21.6.14 static void RTC\_StopTimer(RTC\_Type \* base) [inline], [static]

RTC's seconds register can be written to only when the timer is stopped.

#### **Parameters**

| base | RTC peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|

## 21.6.15 static void RTC\_SetOscCapLoad ( RTC\_Type \* base, uint32\_t capLoad ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base RTC pe | eripheral base address  |
|-------------|---|
| *           | for loads to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration rtc<br>o_load_t |

## 21.6.16 static void RTC\_Reset ( RTC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This resets all RTC registers except for the SWR bit and the RTC\_WAR and RTC\_RAR registers. The SWR bit is cleared by software explicitly clearing it.

#### **Parameters**

| base | RTC peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|
|------|-----------------------------|

# Chapter 22 SAI: Serial Audio Interface

#### 22.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Serial Audio Interface (SAI) module of MC-UXpresso SDK devices.

SAI driver includes functional APIs and transactional APIs.

Functional APIs target low-level APIs. Functional APIs can be used for SAI initialization, configuration and operation, and for optimization and customization purposes. Using the functional API requires the knowledge of the SAI peripheral and how to organize functional APIs to meet the application requirements. All functional API use the peripheral base address as the first parameter. SAI functional operation groups provide the functional API set.

Transactional APIs target high-level APIs. Transactional APIs can be used to enable the peripheral and in the application if the code size and performance of transactional APIs satisfy the requirements. If the code size and performance are a critical requirement, see the transactional API implementation and write a custom code. All transactional APIs use the sai\_handle\_t as the first parameter. Initialize the handle by calling the SAI\_TransferTxCreateHandle() or SAI\_TransferRxCreateHandle() API.

Transactional APIs support asynchronous transfer. This means that the functions SAI\_TransferSendNon-Blocking() and SAI\_TransfferReceiveNonBlocking() set up the interrupt for data transfer. When the transfer completes, the upper layer is notified through a callback function with the kStatus\_SAI\_TxIdle and kStatus\_SAI\_RxIdle status.

# 22.2 Typical use case

# 22.2.1 SAI Send/receive using an interrupt method

```
sai_handle_t g_saiTxHandle;
sai_config_t user_config;
sai_transfer_t sendXfer;
volatile bool txFinished;
volatile bool rxFinished;
const uint8_t sendData[] = [.....];

void SAI_UserCallback(sai_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
{
    userData = userData;
    if (kStatus_SAI_TxIdle == status)
    {
        txFinished = true;
    }
}

void main(void)
{
    //...
```

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### Typical use case

```
SAI_TxGetDefaultConfig(&user_config);

SAI_TxInit(SAI0, &user_config);
SAI_TransferTxCreateHandle(SAI0, &g_saiHandle, SAI_UserCallback, NULL);

//Configure sai format
SAI_TransferTxSetTransferFormat(SAI0, &g_saiHandle, mclkSource, mclk);

// Prepare to send.
sendXfer.data = sendData
sendXfer.dataSize = sizeof(sendData)/sizeof(sendData[0]);
txFinished = false;

// Send out.
SAI_TransferSendNonBlocking(SAI0, &g_saiHandle, &sendXfer);

// Wait send finished.
while (!txFinished)
{
}
// ...
```

### 22.2.2 SAI Send/receive using a DMA method

```
sai_handle_t g_saiHandle;
dma_handle_t g_saiTxDmaHandle;
dma_handle_t g_saiRxDmaHandle;
sai_config_t user_config;
sai_transfer_t sendXfer;
volatile bool txFinished;
uint8_t sendData[] = ...;
void SAI_UserCallback(sai_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
    userData = userData;
    if (kStatus_SAI_TxIdle == status)
        txFinished = true;
void main(void)
    //...
    SAI_TxGetDefaultConfig(&user_config);
    SAI_TxInit(SAI0, &user_config);
    // Sets up the DMA.
    DMAMUX_Init (DMAMUX0);
    DMAMUX_SetSource(DMAMUX0, SAI_TX_DMA_CHANNEL, SAI_TX_DMA_REQUEST);
    DMAMUX_EnableChannel(DMAMUX0, SAI_TX_DMA_CHANNEL);
   DMA_Init(DMA0);
    /* Creates the DMA handle. */
   DMA_CreateHandle(&g_saiTxDmaHandle, DMA0, SAI_TX_DMA_CHANNEL);
    SAI_TransferTxCreateHandleDMA(SAI0, &g_saiTxDmaHandle, SAI_UserCallback,
    // Prepares to send.
```

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```
sendXfer.data = sendData
sendXfer.dataSize = sizeof(sendData)/sizeof(sendData[0]);
txFinished = false;

// Sends out.
SAI_TransferSendDMA(&g_saiHandle, &sendXfer);

// Waits for send to complete.
while (!txFinished)
{
}

// ...
```

#### **Modules**

- SAI DMA Driver
- SAI eDMA Driver

#### **Data Structures**

```
    struct sai_config_t
```

SAI user configuration structure. More...

struct sai\_transfer\_format\_t

sai transfer format More...

struct sai\_transfer\_t

SAI transfer structure. More...

struct sai handle t

SAI handle structure. More...

#### **Macros**

• #define SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE (4)

SAI transfer queue size, user can refine it according to use case.

# **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* sai\_transfer\_callback\_t)(I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

SAI transfer callback prototype.

#### **Enumerations**

```
    enum _sai_status_t {
        kStatus_SAI_TxBusy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SAI, 0),
        kStatus_SAI_RxBusy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SAI, 1),
        kStatus_SAI_TxError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SAI, 2),
        kStatus_SAI_RxError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SAI, 3),
        kStatus_SAI_QueueFull = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SAI, 4),
        kStatus_SAI_TxIdle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SAI, 5),
        kStatus_SAI_RxIdle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SAI, 6) }
```

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#### Typical use case

```
SAI return status.
enum sai_protocol_t {
  kSAI_BusLeftJustified = 0x0U,
 kSAI_BusRightJustified,
 kSAI BusI2S,
 kSAI_BusPCMA,
 kSAI_BusPCMB }
    Define the SAI bus type.
enum sai_master_slave_t {
 kSAI Master = 0x0U,
 kSAI Slave = 0x1U
    Master or slave mode.
enum sai_mono_stereo_t {
 kSAI Stereo = 0x0U,
 kSAI_MonoLeft,
 kSAI_MonoRight }
    Mono or stereo audio format.
enum sai_sync_mode_t {
 kSAI\_ModeAsync = 0x0U,
 kSAI_ModeSync,
 kSAI_ModeSyncWithOtherTx,
 kSAI_ModeSyncWithOtherRx }
    Synchronous or asynchronous mode.
enum sai_mclk_source_t {
 kSAI_MclkSourceSysclk = 0x0U,
 kSAI_MclkSourceSelect1,
 kSAI MclkSourceSelect2,
 kSAI MclkSourceSelect3 }
    Mater clock source.
enum sai_bclk_source_t {
  kSAI_BclkSourceBusclk = 0x0U,
 kSAI_BclkSourceMclkDiv,
 kSAI_BclkSourceOtherSai0,
 kSAI_BclkSourceOtherSai1 }
    Bit clock source.
enum _sai_interrupt_enable_t {
 kSAI_WordStartInterruptEnable,
 kSAI_SyncErrorInterruptEnable = I2S_TCSR_SEIE_MASK,
 kSAI_FIFOWarningInterruptEnable = I2S_TCSR_FWIE_MASK,
 kSAI_FIFOErrorInterruptEnable = I2S_TCSR_FEIE_MASK }
    The SAI interrupt enable flag.

    enum _sai_dma_enable_t { kSAI_FIFOWarningDMAEnable = I2S_TCSR_FWDE_MASK }

    The DMA request sources.
enum _sai_flags {
 kSAI_WordStartFlag = I2S_TCSR_WSF_MASK,
 kSAI_SyncErrorFlag = I2S_TCSR_SEF_MASK,
 kSAI_FIFOErrorFlag = I2S_TCSR_FEF_MASK,
```

```
kSAI FIFOWarningFlag = I2S TCSR FWF MASK }
    The SAI status flag.
enum sai_reset_type_t {
 kSAI_ResetTypeSoftware = I2S_TCSR_SR_MASK,
 kSAI_ResetTypeFIFO = I2S_TCSR_FR_MASK,
 kSAI_ResetAll = I2S_TCSR_SR_MASK | I2S_TCSR_FR_MASK }
    The reset type.
enum sai_sample_rate_t {
 kSAI_SampleRate8KHz = 8000U,
 kSAI SampleRate11025Hz = 11025U,
 kSAI SampleRate12KHz = 12000U,
 kSAI_SampleRate16KHz = 16000U,
 kSAI_SampleRate22050Hz = 22050U,
 kSAI SampleRate24KHz = 24000U,
 kSAI_SampleRate32KHz = 32000U,
 kSAI SampleRate44100Hz = 44100U,
 kSAI_SampleRate48KHz = 48000U,
 kSAI SampleRate96KHz = 96000U }
    Audio sample rate.
enum sai_word_width_t {
 kSAI WordWidth8bits = 8U,
 kSAI WordWidth16bits = 16U,
 kSAI_WordWidth24bits = 24U,
 kSAI_WordWidth32bits = 32U }
    Audio word width.
```

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_SAI\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 2)) *Version 2.1.2.* 

#### Initialization and deinitialization

```
    void SAI_TxInit (I2S_Type *base, const sai_config_t *config)
        Initializes the SAI Tx peripheral.
    void SAI_RxInit (I2S_Type *base, const sai_config_t *config)
        Initializes the the SAI Rx peripheral.
    void SAI_TxGetDefaultConfig (sai_config_t *config)
        Sets the SAI Tx configuration structure to default values.
    void SAI_RxGetDefaultConfig (sai_config_t *config)
        Sets the SAI Rx configuration structure to default values.
    void SAI_Deinit (I2S_Type *base)
        De-initializes the SAI peripheral.
    void SAI_TxReset (I2S_Type *base)
        Resets the SAI Tx.
    void SAI_RxReset (I2S_Type *base)
        Resets the SAI Rx.
```

• void SAI\_TxEnable (I2S\_Type \*base, bool enable)

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#### Typical use case

Enables/disables the SAI Tx.

• void SAI\_RxEnable (I2S\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables/disables the SAI Rx.

#### **Status**

• static uint32\_t SAI\_TxGetStatusFlag (I2S\_Type \*base)

Gets the SAI Tx status flag state.

• static void SAI\_TxClearStatusFlags (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Clears the SAI Tx status flag state.

• static uint32\_t SAI\_RxGetStatusFlag (I2S\_Type \*base)

Gets the SAI Tx status flag state.

• static void SAI\_RxClearStatusFlags (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Clears the SAI Rx status flag state.

### Interrupts

- static void SAI\_TxEnableInterrupts (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Enables the SAI Tx interrupt requests.
- static void SAI\_RxEnableInterrupts (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Enables the SAI Rx interrupt requests.
- static void SAI\_TxDisableInterrupts (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Disables the SAI Tx interrupt requests.
- static void SAI\_RxDisableInterrupts (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Disables the SAI Rx interrupt requests.

#### **DMA Control**

- static void SAI\_TxEnableDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask, bool enable) Enables/disables the SAI Tx DMA requests.
- static void SAI\_RxEnableDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask, bool enable) Enables/disables the SAI Rx DMA requests.
- static uint32\_t SAI\_TxGetDataRegisterAddress (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Gets the SAI Tx data register address.
- static uint32\_t SAI\_RxGetDataRegisterAddress (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel)

  Gets the SAI Rx data register address.

# **Bus Operations**

• void SAI\_TxSetFormat (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \*format, uint32\_t mclkSource-ClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz)

Configures the SAI Tx audio format.

• void SAI\_RxSetFormat (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \*format, uint32\_t mclkSource-ClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz)

Configures the SAI Rx audio format.

• void SAI\_WriteBlocking (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t bitWidth, uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t size)

Sends data using a blocking method.

• static void SAI\_WriteData (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t data) Writes data into SAI FIFO.

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

• void SAI\_ReadBlocking (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t bitWidth, uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t size)

Receives data using a blocking method.

• static uint32\_t SAI\_ReadData (I2S\_Type \*base, uint32\_t channel) Reads data from the SAI FIFO.

#### **Transactional**

void SAI\_TransferTxCreateHandle (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)

Initializes the SAI Tx handle.

• void SAI\_TransferRxCreateHandle (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)

*Initializes the SAI Rx handle.* 

status\_t SAI\_TransferTxSetFormat (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \*format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz)
 Configures the SAI Tx audio format.

• status\_t SAI\_TransferRxSetFormat (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \*format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz)

Configures the SAI Rx audio format.

• status\_t SAI\_TransferSendNonBlocking (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_- t \*xfer)

Performs an interrupt non-blocking send transfer on SAI.

• status\_t SAI\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Performs an interrupt non-blocking receive transfer on SAI.

- status\_t SAI\_TransferGetSendCount (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

  Gets a set byte count.
- status\_t SAI\_TransferGetReceiveCount (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

  Gets a received byte count.
- void SAI\_TransferAbortSend (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle)

Aborts the current send.

• void SAI\_TransferAbortReceive (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle)

Aborts the the current IRQ receive.

- void SAI\_TransferTxHandleIRQ (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle)

  Tx interrupt handler.
- void SAI\_TransferRxHandleIRQ (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_handle\_t \*handle)

  Tx interrupt handler.

#### 22.3 Data Structure Documentation

# 22.3.1 struct sai\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• sai\_protocol\_t protocol

Audio bus protocol in SAI.

sai\_sync\_mode\_t syncMode

SAI sync mode, control Tx/Rx clock sync.

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

• bool mclkOutputEnable

Master clock output enable, true means master clock divider enabled.

• sai\_mclk\_source\_t mclkSource

Master Clock source.

• sai\_bclk\_source\_t bclkSource

Bit Clock source.

• sai\_master\_slave\_t masterSlave

Master or slave.

### 22.3.2 struct sai\_transfer\_format\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t sampleRate\_Hz

Sample rate of audio data.

• uint32\_t bitWidth

Data length of audio data, usually 8/16/24/32 bits.

• sai\_mono\_stereo\_t stereo

Mono or stereo.

• uint32\_t masterClockHz

Master clock frequency in Hz.

• uint8\_t channel

Data channel used in transfer.

• sai\_protocol\_t protocol

Which audio protocol used.

#### 22.3.2.0.0.36 Field Documentation

#### 22.3.2.0.0.36.1 uint8 t sai transfer format t::channel

#### 22.3.3 struct sai\_transfer\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t \* data

Data start address to transfer.

size\_t dataSize

Transfer size.

#### 22.3.3.0.0.37 Field Documentation

22.3.3.0.0.37.1 uint8\_t\* sai\_transfer\_t::data

22.3.3.0.0.37.2 size\_t sai\_transfer\_t::dataSize

#### 22.3.4 struct sai handle

#### **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t state

Transfer status.

sai\_transfer\_callback\_t callback

Callback function called at transfer event.

void \* userData

Callback parameter passed to callback function.

• uint8\_t bitWidth

Bit width for transfer, 8/16/24/32 bits.

• uint8 t channel

Transfer channel.

• sai\_transfer\_t saiQueue [SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE]

Transfer queue storing queued transfer.

• size\_t transferSize [SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE]

Data bytes need to transfer.

• volatile uint8 t queueUser

*Index for user to queue transfer.* 

• volatile uint8\_t queueDriver

Index for driver to get the transfer data and size.

#### 22.4 Macro Definition Documentation

#### 22.4.1 #define SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE (4)

## 22.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 22.5.1 enum \_sai\_status\_t

#### Enumerator

kStatus\_SAI\_TxBusy SAI Tx is busy.

kStatus\_SAI\_RxBusy SAI Rx is busy.

kStatus SAI TxError SAI Tx FIFO error.

kStatus\_SAI\_RxError SAI Rx FIFO error.

kStatus\_SAI\_QueueFull SAI transfer queue is full.

kStatus SAI TxIdle SAI Tx is idle.

kStatus\_SAI\_RxIdle SAI Rx is idle.

#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

### 22.5.2 enum sai\_protocol\_t

#### Enumerator

kSAI\_BusLeftJustified Uses left justified format.

kSAI\_BusRightJustified Uses right justified format.

kSAI\_BusI2S Uses I2S format.

kSAI\_BusPCMA Uses I2S PCM A format.

**kSAI\_BusPCMB** Uses I2S PCM B format.

### 22.5.3 enum sai\_master\_slave\_t

#### Enumerator

**kSAI\_Master** Master mode.

kSAI\_Slave Slave mode.

### 22.5.4 enum sai\_mono\_stereo\_t

#### Enumerator

kSAI Stereo Stereo sound.

**kSAI\_MonoLeft** Only left channel have sound.

**kSAI\_MonoRight** Only Right channel have sound.

### 22.5.5 enum sai\_sync\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

**kSAI\_ModeAsync** Asynchronous mode.

**kSAI\_ModeSync** Synchronous mode (with receiver or transmit)

kSAI\_ModeSyncWithOtherTx Synchronous with another SAI transmit.

kSAI\_ModeSyncWithOtherRx Synchronous with another SAI receiver.

### 22.5.6 enum sai\_mclk\_source\_t

#### Enumerator

kSAI\_MclkSourceSysclk Master clock from the system clock.

**kSAI\_MclkSourceSelect1** Master clock from source 1.

kSAI\_MclkSourceSelect2 Master clock from source 2.

**kSAI\_MclkSourceSelect3** Master clock from source 3.

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### 22.5.7 enum sai\_bclk\_source\_t

#### Enumerator

kSAI\_BclkSourceBusclk Bit clock using bus clock.

kSAI\_BclkSourceMclkDiv Bit clock using master clock divider.

kSAI BclkSourceOtherSaiO Bit clock from other SAI device.

kSAI\_BclkSourceOtherSail Bit clock from other SAI device.

### 22.5.8 enum \_sai\_interrupt\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

**kSAI\_WordStartInterruptEnable** Word start flag, means the first word in a frame detected.

kSAI\_SyncErrorInterruptEnable Sync error flag, means the sync error is detected.

**kSAI\_FIFOWarningInterruptEnable** FIFO warning flag, means the FIFO is empty.

kSAI\_FIFOErrorInterruptEnable FIFO error flag.

### 22.5.9 enum sai dma enable t

#### Enumerator

**kSAI\_FIFOWarningDMAEnable** FIFO warning caused by the DMA request.

#### 22.5.10 enum sai flags

#### Enumerator

**kSAI\_WordStartFlag** Word start flag, means the first word in a frame detected.

**kSAI** SyncErrorFlag Sync error flag, means the sync error is detected.

kSAI\_FIFOErrorFlag FIFO error flag.

kSAI\_FIFOWarningFlag FIFO warning flag.

## 22.5.11 enum sai\_reset\_type\_t

#### Enumerator

**kSAI\_ResetTypeSoftware** Software reset, reset the logic state.

**kSAI\_ResetTypeFIFO** FIFO reset, reset the FIFO read and write pointer.

kSAI ResetAll All reset.

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### 22.5.12 enum sai\_sample\_rate\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSAI_SampleRate11025Hz Sample rate 11025 Hz.
kSAI_SampleRate12KHz Sample rate 12000 Hz.
kSAI_SampleRate16KHz Sample rate 16000 Hz.
kSAI_SampleRate2050Hz Sample rate 22050 Hz.
kSAI_SampleRate24KHz Sample rate 24000 Hz.
kSAI_SampleRate32KHz Sample rate 32000 Hz.
kSAI_SampleRate44100Hz Sample rate 44100 Hz.
kSAI_SampleRate48KHz Sample rate 48000 Hz.
kSAI_SampleRate96KHz Sample rate 96000 Hz.
```

#### 22.5.13 enum sai\_word\_width\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kSAI_WordWidth8bits Audio data width 8 bits.
    kSAI_WordWidth16bits Audio data width 16 bits.
    kSAI_WordWidth24bits Audio data width 24 bits.
    kSAI WordWidth32bits Audio data width 32 bits.
```

#### 22.6 Function Documentation

### 22.6.1 void SAI\_TxInit ( I2S\_Type \* base, const sai\_config\_t \* config )

Ungates the SAI clock, resets the module, and configures SAI Tx with a configuration structure. The configuration structure can be custom filled or set with default values by SAI\_TxGetDefaultConfig().

#### Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application to use the SAI driver. Otherwise, accessing the SAIM module can cause a hard fault because the clock is not enabled.

#### **Parameters**

| _    |                  |
|------|------------------|
| base | SAI base pointer |
| buse | SAI base pointer |
|      |                  |

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| config | SAI configuration structure. |
|--------|------------------------------|
|--------|------------------------------|

### 22.6.2 void SAI\_RxInit ( I2S\_Type \* base, const sai\_config\_t \* config )

Ungates the SAI clock, resets the module, and configures the SAI Rx with a configuration structure. The configuration structure can be custom filled or set with default values by SAI\_RxGetDefaultConfig().

#### Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application to use the SAI driver. Otherwise, accessing the SAI module can cause a hard fault because the clock is not enabled.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer             |
|--------|------------------------------|
| config | SAI configuration structure. |

### 22.6.3 void SAI TxGetDefaultConfig ( sai\_config\_t \* config )

This API initializes the configuration structure for use in SAI\_TxConfig(). The initialized structure can remain unchanged in SAI\_TxConfig(), or it can be modified before calling SAI\_TxConfig(). This is an example.

```
sai_config_t config;
SAI_TxGetDefaultConfig(&config);
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | pointer to master configuration structure |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

# 22.6.4 void SAI\_RxGetDefaultConfig ( sai\_config\_t \* config )

This API initializes the configuration structure for use in SAI\_RxConfig(). The initialized structure can remain unchanged in SAI\_RxConfig() or it can be modified before calling SAI\_RxConfig(). This is an example.

```
sai_config_t config;
SAI_RxGetDefaultConfig(&config);
```

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**Parameters** 

config pointer to master configuration structure

### 22.6.5 void SAI\_Deinit ( I2S\_Type \* base )

This API gates the SAI clock. The SAI module can't operate unless SAI\_TxInit or SAI\_RxInit is called to enable the clock.

**Parameters** 

base SAI base pointer

## 22.6.6 void SAI\_TxReset ( I2S\_Type \* base )

This function enables the software reset and FIFO reset of SAI Tx. After reset, clear the reset bit.

**Parameters** 

base SAI base pointer

# 22.6.7 void SAI\_RxReset ( I2S\_Type \* base )

This function enables the software reset and FIFO reset of SAI Rx. After reset, clear the reset bit.

Parameters

base SAI base pointer

# 22.6.8 void SAI\_TxEnable ( I2S\_Type \* base, bool enable )

**Parameters** 

base SAI base pointer

| enable | True means enable SAI Tx, false means disable. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

## 22.6.9 void SAI\_RxEnable ( I2S\_Type \* base, bool enable )

#### Parameters

| base   | SAI base pointer                               |
|--------|--|
| enable | True means enable SAI Rx, false means disable. |

# 22.6.10 static uint32\_t SAI\_TxGetStatusFlag ( I2S\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SAI base pointer |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

#### Returns

SAI Tx status flag value. Use the Status Mask to get the status value needed.

#### static void SAI\_TxClearStatusFlags ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32 t mask ) 22.6.11 [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SAI base pointer  |
|------|---|
| mask | State mask. It can be a combination of the following source if defined:  • kSAI_WordStartFlag  • kSAI_SyncErrorFlag  • kSAI_FIFOErrorFlag |

# 22.6.12 static uint32 t SAI RxGetStatusFlag ( I2S Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base SAI base pointer |
|-----------------------|
|-----------------------|

#### Returns

SAI Rx status flag value. Use the Status Mask to get the status value needed.

# 22.6.13 static void SAI\_RxClearStatusFlags ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | SAI base pointer   |
|------|--|
| mask | State mask. It can be a combination of the following sources if defined.  • kSAI_WordStartFlag  • kSAI_SyncErrorFlag  • kSAI_FIFOErrorFlag |

# 22.6.14 static void SAI\_TxEnableInterrupts ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | SAI base pointer  |
|------|---|
| mask | <ul> <li>interrupt source The parameter can be a combination of the following sources if defined.</li> <li>kSAI_WordStartInterruptEnable</li> <li>kSAI_SyncErrorInterruptEnable</li> <li>kSAI_FIFOWarningInterruptEnable</li> <li>kSAI_FIFORequestInterruptEnable</li> <li>kSAI_FIFOErrorInterruptEnable</li> </ul> |

# 22.6.15 static void SAI\_RxEnableInterrupts ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

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#### Parameters

| base | SAI base pointer  |
|------|---|
| mask | <ul> <li>interrupt source The parameter can be a combination of the following sources if defined.</li> <li>• kSAI_WordStartInterruptEnable</li> <li>• kSAI_SyncErrorInterruptEnable</li> <li>• kSAI_FIFOWarningInterruptEnable</li> <li>• kSAI_FIFORequestInterruptEnable</li> <li>• kSAI_FIFOErrorInterruptEnable</li> </ul> |

# 22.6.16 static void SAI\_TxDisableInterrupts ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SAI base pointer  |
|------|---|
| mask | <ul> <li>interrupt source The parameter can be a combination of the following sources if defined.</li> <li>• kSAI_WordStartInterruptEnable</li> <li>• kSAI_SyncErrorInterruptEnable</li> <li>• kSAI_FIFOWarningInterruptEnable</li> <li>• kSAI_FIFORequestInterruptEnable</li> <li>• kSAI_FIFOErrorInterruptEnable</li> </ul> |

# 22.6.17 static void SAI\_RxDisableInterrupts ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base | SAI base pointer  |
|------|---|
| mask | interrupt source The parameter can be a combination of the following sources if de- |
|      | fined.  |
|      | <ul> <li>kSAI_WordStartInterruptEnable</li> </ul>                                   |
|      | <ul> <li>kSAI_SyncErrorInterruptEnable</li> </ul>                                   |
|      | <ul> <li>kSAI_FIFOWarningInterruptEnable</li> </ul>                                 |
|      | <ul> <li>kSAI_FIFORequestInterruptEnable</li> </ul>                                 |
|      | • kSAI_FIFOErrorInterruptEnable   |
|      |   |

# 22.6.18 static void SAI\_TxEnableDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer   |
|--------|--|
| mask   | DMA source The parameter can be combination of the following sources if defined.  • kSAI_FIFOWarningDMAEnable  • kSAI_FIFORequestDMAEnable |
| enable | True means enable DMA, false means disable DMA.  |

# 22.6.19 static void SAI\_RxEnableDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer   |
|--------|--|
| mask   | DMA source The parameter can be a combination of the following sources if defined.  • kSAI_FIFOWarningDMAEnable  • kSAI_FIFORequestDMAEnable |
| enable | True means enable DMA, false means disable DMA.  |

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# 22.6.20 static uint32\_t SAI\_TxGetDataRegisterAddress ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This API is used to provide a transfer address for the SAI DMA transfer configuration.

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#### **Parameters**

| base    | SAI base pointer.        |
|---------|--------------------------|
| channel | Which data channel used. |

#### Returns

data register address.

# 22.6.21 static uint32\_t SAI\_RxGetDataRegisterAddress ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

This API is used to provide a transfer address for the SAI DMA transfer configuration.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | SAI base pointer.        |
|---------|--------------------------|
| channel | Which data channel used. |

#### Returns

data register address.

# 22.6.22 void SAI\_TxSetFormat ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \* format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz )

The audio format can be changed at run-time. This function configures the sample rate and audio data format to be transferred.

#### **Parameters**

| base                   | SAI base pointer.                               |
|------------------------|---|
| format                 | Pointer to the SAI audio data format structure. |
| mclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI master clock source frequency in Hz.        |

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| bclkSource- | SAI bit clock source frequency in Hz. If the bit clock source is a master clock, this |
|-------------|---|
| ClockHz     | value should equal the masterClockHz.   |

# 22.6.23 void SAI\_RxSetFormat ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \* format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz )

The audio format can be changed at run-time. This function configures the sample rate and audio data format to be transferred.

#### **Parameters**

| base                   | SAI base pointer.   |
|------------------------|---|
| format                 | Pointer to the SAI audio data format structure.   |
| mclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI master clock source frequency in Hz.  |
| bclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI bit clock source frequency in Hz. If the bit clock source is a master clock, this value should equal the masterClockHz. |

# 22.6.24 void SAI\_WriteBlocking ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t bitWidth, uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t size )

Note

This function blocks by polling until data is ready to be sent.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | SAI base pointer.  |
|----------|--|
| channel  | Data channel used.                                       |
| bitWidth | How many bits in an audio word; usually 8/16/24/32 bits. |
| buffer   | Pointer to the data to be written.                       |
| size     | Bytes to be written.                                     |

# 22.6.25 static void SAI\_WriteData ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t data ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | SAI base pointer.         |
|---------|---------------------------|
| channel | Data channel used.        |
| data    | Data needs to be written. |

# 22.6.26 void SAI\_ReadBlocking ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel, uint32\_t bitWidth, uint8 t \* buffer, uint32 t size )

Note

This function blocks by polling until data is ready to be sent.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | SAI base pointer.  |
|----------|--|
| channel  | Data channel used.                                       |
| bitWidth | How many bits in an audio word; usually 8/16/24/32 bits. |
| buffer   | Pointer to the data to be read.                          |
| size     | Bytes to be read.  |

# 22.6.27 static uint32\_t SAI\_ReadData ( I2S\_Type \* base, uint32\_t channel ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | SAI base pointer.  |
|---------|--------------------|
| channel | Data channel used. |

#### Returns

Data in SAI FIFO.

# 22.6.28 void SAI\_TransferTxCreateHandle ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle, sai transfer callback t callback, void \* userData )

This function initializes the Tx handle for the SAI Tx transactional APIs. Call this function once to get the handle initialized.

#### **MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual**

#### **Parameters**

| base     | SAI base pointer                               |  |
|----------|--|--|
| handle   | SAI handle pointer.                            |  |
| callback | Pointer to the user callback function.         |  |
| userData | User parameter passed to the callback function |  |

# 22.6.29 void SAI\_TransferRxCreateHandle ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

This function initializes the Rx handle for the SAI Rx transactional APIs. Call this function once to get the handle initialized.

#### Parameters

| base     | SAI base pointer.                               |  |
|----------|---|--|
| handle   | SAI handle pointer.                             |  |
| callback | Pointer to the user callback function.          |  |
| userData | User parameter passed to the callback function. |  |

# 22.6.30 status\_t SAI\_TransferTxSetFormat ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \* format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz )

The audio format can be changed at run-time. This function configures the sample rate and audio data format to be transferred.

#### Parameters

| base                   | SAI base pointer.                               |
|------------------------|---|
| handle                 | SAI handle pointer.                             |
| format                 | Pointer to the SAI audio data format structure. |
| mclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI master clock source frequency in Hz.        |

| bclkSource- | SAI bit clock source frequency in Hz. If a bit clock source is a master clock, this |
|-------------|---|
| ClockHz     | value should equal the masterClockHz in format.                                     |

#### Returns

Status of this function. Return value is the status\_t.

# 22.6.31 status\_t SAI\_TransferRxSetFormat ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \* format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz )

The audio format can be changed at run-time. This function configures the sample rate and audio data format to be transferred.

#### **Parameters**

| base                   | SAI base pointer.   |
|------------------------|---|
| handle                 | SAI handle pointer.   |
| format                 | Pointer to the SAI audio data format structure.   |
| mclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI master clock source frequency in Hz.  |
| bclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI bit clock source frequency in Hz. If a bit clock source is a master clock, this value should equal the masterClockHz in format. |

#### Returns

Status of this function. Return value is one of status\_t.

# 22.6.32 status\_t SAI\_TransferSendNonBlocking ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

#### Note

This API returns immediately after the transfer initiates. Call the SAI\_TxGetTransferStatusIRQ to poll the transfer status and check whether the transfer is finished. If the return status is not kStatus\_SAI\_Busy, the transfer is finished.

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer.  |  |
|--------|--|--|
| handle | Pointer to the sai_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |  |
| xfer   | Pointer to the sai_transfer_t structure.                               |  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully started the data receive. |
|-------------------------|--|
| kStatus_SAI_TxBusy      | Previous receive still not finished.   |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The input parameter is invalid.        |

# 22.6.33 status\_t SAI\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

#### Note

This API returns immediately after the transfer initiates. Call the SAI\_RxGetTransferStatusIRQ to poll the transfer status and check whether the transfer is finished. If the return status is not kStatus\_SAI\_Busy, the transfer is finished.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer   |  |
|--------|--|--|
| handle | Pointer to the sai_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |  |
| xfer   | Pointer to the sai_transfer_t structure.                               |  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully started the data receive. |
|-------------------------|--|
| kStatus_SAI_RxBusy      | Previous receive still not finished.   |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The input parameter is invalid.        |

# 22.6.34 status\_t SAI\_TransferGetSendCount ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle, size t \* count )

#### Parameters

| base   | SAI base pointer.  |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the sai_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |
| count  | Bytes count sent.  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success       | Succeed get the transfer count.                                |
|-----------------------|--|
| kStatus_NoTransferIn- | There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress. |
| Progress              |  |

# 22.6.35 status\_t SAI\_TransferGetReceiveCount ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle, size t \* count )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer.  |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the sai_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |
| count  | Bytes count received.  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success | Succeed get the transfer count.                                |
|-----------------|--|
|                 | There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress. |
| Progress        | There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress. |

# 22.6.36 void SAI\_TransferAbortSend ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle )

#### Note

This API can be called any time when an interrupt non-blocking transfer initiates to abort the transfer early.

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer.  |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the sai_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |

## 22.6.37 void SAI\_TransferAbortReceive ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle )

#### Note

This API can be called when an interrupt non-blocking transfer initiates to abort the transfer early.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer   |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the sai_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |

## 22.6.38 void SAI\_TransferTxHandleIRQ ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle )

#### Parameters

| base   | SAI base pointer.                      |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the sai_handle_t structure. |

# 22.6.39 void SAI\_TransferRxHandleIRQ ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_handle\_t \* handle )

#### Parameters

| base   | SAI base pointer.                      |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the sai_handle_t structure. |

#### **SAI DMA Driver**

#### 22.7 **SAI DMA Driver**

#### 22.7.1 Overview

#### **Data Structures**

struct sai dma handle t

SAI DMA transfer handle, users should not touch the content of the handle. More...

### **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* sai\_dma\_callback\_t )(I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

Define SAI DMA callback.

#### **DMA Transactional**

• void SAI\_TransferTxCreateHandleDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_dma\_callback t callback, void \*userData, dma handle t \*dmaHandle)

Initializes the SAI master DMA handle.

• void SAI TransferRxCreateHandleDMA (I2S Type \*base, sai dma handle t \*handle, sai dma callback\_t callback, void \*userData, dma\_handle\_t \*dmaHandle)

Initializes the SAI slave DMA handle.

• void SAI\_TransferTxSetFormatDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_format t\*format, uint32 t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32 t bclkSourceClockHz)

Configures the SAI Tx audio format. • void SAI\_TransferRxSetFormatDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_format t\*format, uint32 t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32 t bclkSourceClockHz)

Configures the SAI Rx audio format.

- status\_t SAI\_TransferSendDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_t \*xfer) Performs a non-blocking SAI transfer using DMA.
- status\_t SAI\_TransferReceiveDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai transfer t \*xfer)

Performs a non-blocking SAI transfer using DMA.

• void SAI TransferAbortSendDMA (I2S Type \*base, sai dma handle t \*handle) Aborts a SAI transfer using DMA.

- void SAI TransferÅbortReceiveDMA (I2S Type \*base, sai dma handle t \*handle) Aborts a SAI transfer using DMA.
- status\_t SAI\_TransferGetSendCountDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

Gets byte count sent by SAI.

• status t SAI TransferGetReceiveCountDMA (I2S Type \*base, sai dma handle t \*handle, size t \*count)

Gets byte count received by SAI.

#### 22.7.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 22.7.2.1 struct sai dma handle

#### **Data Fields**

• dma\_handle\_t \* dmaHandle

DMA handler for SAI send.

• uint8\_t bytesPerFrame

Bytes in a frame.

• uint8 t channel

Which Data channel SAI use.

• uint32 t state

SAI DMA transfer internal state.

• sai\_dma\_callback\_t callback

Callback for users while transfer finish or error occured.

void \* userData

User callback parameter.

• sai\_transfer\_t saiQueue [SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE]

Transfer queue storing queued transfer.

• size\_t transferSize [SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE]

Data bytes need to transfer.

• volatile uint8\_t queueUser

*Index for user to queue transfer.* 

• volatile uint8\_t queueDriver

Index for driver to get the transfer data and size.

#### 22.7.2.1.0.38 Field Documentation

22.7.2.1.0.38.1 sai\_transfer\_t sai\_dma\_handle\_t::saiQueue[SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE]

22.7.2.1.0.38.2 volatile uint8\_t sai\_dma\_handle\_t::queueUser

#### 22.7.3 Function Documentation

22.7.3.1 void SAI\_TransferTxCreateHandleDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_dma\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData, dma\_handle\_t \* dmaHandle )

This function initializes the SAI master DMA handle, which can be used for other SAI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SAI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

Parameters

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#### **SAI DMA Driver**

| base      | SAI base pointer.   |
|-----------|---|
| handle    | SAI DMA handle pointer.   |
| base      | SAI peripheral base address.  |
| callback  | Pointer to user callback function.                                  |
| userData  | User parameter passed to the callback function.                     |
| dmaHandle | DMA handle pointer, this handle shall be static allocated by users. |

# 22.7.3.2 void SAI\_TransferRxCreateHandleDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_dma\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData, dma\_handle\_t \* dmaHandle )

This function initializes the SAI slave DMA handle, which can be used for other SAI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SAI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

#### Parameters

| base      | SAI base pointer.   |
|-----------|---|
| handle    | SAI DMA handle pointer.   |
| base      | SAI peripheral base address.  |
| callback  | Pointer to user callback function.                                  |
| userData  | User parameter passed to the callback function.                     |
| dmaHandle | DMA handle pointer, this handle shall be static allocated by users. |

# 22.7.3.3 void SAI\_TransferTxSetFormatDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \* format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz)

The audio format can be changed at run-time. This function configures the sample rate and audio data format to be transferred. This function also sets the eDMA parameter according to the format.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer.       |
|--------|-------------------------|
| handle | SAI DMA handle pointer. |

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| format                 | Pointer to SAI audio data format structure.  |
|------------------------|--|
| mclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI master clock source frequency in Hz.   |
|                        | SAI bit clock source frequency in Hz. If bit clock source is master. clock, this value should equals to masterClockHz in format. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Audio format set successfully.  |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The input arguments is invalid. |

# 22.7.3.4 void SAI\_TransferRxSetFormatDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \* format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz)

The audio format can be changed at run-time. This function configures the sample rate and audio data format to be transferred. This function also sets eDMA parameter according to format.

#### **Parameters**

| base                   | SAI base pointer.  |
|------------------------|--|
| handle                 | SAI DMA handle pointer.  |
| format                 | Pointer to SAI audio data format structure.  |
| mclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI master clock source frequency in Hz.   |
| bclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI bit clock source frequency in Hz. If bit clock source is master. clock, this value should equals to masterClockHz in format. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Audio format set successfully.  |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The input arguments is invalid. |

# 22.7.3.5 status\_t SAI\_TransferSendDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

#### Note

This interface returns immediately after the transfer initiates. Call the SAI\_GetTransferStatus to poll the transfer status to check whether the SAI transfer finished.

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#### **SAI DMA Driver**

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer.                  |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| handle | SAI DMA handle pointer.            |
| xfer   | Pointer to DMA transfer structure. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start the data receive. |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| kStatus_SAI_TxBusy      | Previous receive still not finished. |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The input parameter is invalid.      |

# 22.7.3.6 status\_t SAI\_TransferReceiveDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

#### Note

This interface returns immediately after transfer initiates. Call SAI\_GetTransferStatus to poll the transfer status to check whether the SAI transfer is finished.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer                   |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| handle | SAI DMA handle pointer.            |
| xfer   | Pointer to DMA transfer structure. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start the data receive. |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| kStatus_SAI_RxBusy      | Previous receive still not finished. |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The input parameter is invalid.      |

# 22.7.3.7 void SAI\_TransferAbortSendDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle )

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer.       |
|--------|-------------------------|
| handle | SAI DMA handle pointer. |

# 22.7.3.8 void SAI\_TransferAbortReceiveDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle )

#### Parameters

| base   | SAI base pointer.       |
|--------|-------------------------|
| handle | SAI DMA handle pointer. |

# 22.7.3.9 status\_t SAI\_TransferGetSendCountDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

#### Parameters

| base   | SAI base pointer.        |
|--------|--------------------------|
| handle | SAI DMA handle pointer.  |
| count  | Bytes count sent by SAI. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success                   | Succeed get the transfer count.                                |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress. |

# 22.7.3.10 status\_t SAI\_TransferGetReceiveCountDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

#### Parameters

| ba | ase | SAI base pointer. |
|----|-----|-------------------|

## **SAI DMA Driver**

| handle | SAI DMA handle pointer.      |
|--------|------------------------------|
| count  | Bytes count received by SAI. |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success                   | Succeed get the transfer count.                                |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress. |

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#### 22.8 SAI eDMA Driver

#### 22.8.1 Overview

#### **Data Structures**

• struct sai edma handle t

SAI DMA transfer handle, users should not touch the content of the handle. More...

### **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* sai\_edma\_callback\_t )(I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

SAI eDMA transfer callback function for finish and error.

#### **eDMA Transactional**

• void SAI\_TransferTxCreateHandleEDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_edma\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData, edma\_handle\_t \*dmaHandle)

Initializes the SAI eDMA handle.

• void SAI\_TransferRxCreateHandleEDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_edma\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData, edma\_handle\_t \*dmaHandle)

Initializes the SAI Rx eDMA handle.

- void SAI\_TransferTxSetFormatEDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \*format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz)
- Configures the SAI Tx audio format.
   void SAI\_TransferRxSetFormatEDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transferformat t \*format, uint32 t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32 t bclkSourceClockHz)

Configures the SAI Rx audio format.

• status\_t SAI\_TransferSendEDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Performs a non-blocking SAI transfer using DMA.

• status\_t SAI\_TransferReceiveEDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, sai\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Performs a non-blocking SAI receive using eDMA.

• void SAI\_TransferAbortSendEDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle)

Aborts a SAI transfer using eDMA.

- void SAI\_TransferAbortReceiveEDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle) Aborts a SAI receive using eDMA.
- status\_t SAI\_TransferGetSendCountEDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

Gets byte count sent by SAI.

status\_t SAI\_TransferGetReceiveCountEDMA (I2S\_Type \*base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

Gets byte count received by SAI.

#### **SAI eDMA Driver**

#### 22.8.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 22.8.2.1 struct sai edma handle

#### **Data Fields**

• edma handle t \* dmaHandle

DMA handler for SAI send.

• uint8\_t nbytes

eDMA minor byte transfer count initially configured.

• uint8 t bytesPerFrame

Bytes in a frame.

• uint8\_t channel

Which data channel.

• uint8\_t count

The transfer data count in a DMA request.

• uint32\_t state

Internal state for SAI eDMA transfer.

• sai\_edma\_callback\_t callback

Callback for users while transfer finish or error occurs.

void \* userData

User callback parameter.

• edma\_tcd\_t tcd [SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE+1U]

TCD pool for eDMA transfer.

• sai\_transfer\_t saiQueue [SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE]

Transfer queue storing queued transfer.

• size\_t transferSize [SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE]

Data bytes need to transfer.

• volatile uint8\_t queueUser

Index for user to queue transfer.

• volatile uint8\_t queueDriver

Index for driver to get the transfer data and size.

### 22.8.2.1.0.39 Field Documentation

- 22.8.2.1.0.39.1 uint8\_t sai\_edma\_handle\_t::nbytes
- 22.8.2.1.0.39.2 edma\_tcd\_t sai\_edma\_handle\_t::tcd[SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE+1U]
- 22.8.2.1.0.39.3 sai\_transfer\_t sai\_edma\_handle\_t::saiQueue[SAI\_XFER\_QUEUE\_SIZE]
- 22.8.2.1.0.39.4 volatile uint8\_t sai\_edma\_handle\_t::queueUser

### 22.8.3 Function Documentation

22.8.3.1 void SAI\_TransferTxCreateHandleEDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_edma\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData, edma\_handle\_t \* dmaHandle )

This function initializes the SAI master DMA handle, which can be used for other SAI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SAI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

### **SAI eDMA Driver**

#### **Parameters**

| base      | SAI base pointer.  |
|-----------|--|
| handle    | SAI eDMA handle pointer.   |
| base      | SAI peripheral base address.   |
| callback  | Pointer to user callback function.                                   |
| userData  | User parameter passed to the callback function.                      |
| dmaHandle | eDMA handle pointer, this handle shall be static allocated by users. |

# 22.8.3.2 void SAI\_TransferRxCreateHandleEDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_edma\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData, edma\_handle\_t \* dmaHandle )

This function initializes the SAI slave DMA handle, which can be used for other SAI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SAI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

#### **Parameters**

| base      | SAI base pointer.  |
|-----------|--|
| handle    | SAI eDMA handle pointer.   |
| base      | SAI peripheral base address.   |
| callback  | Pointer to user callback function.                                   |
| userData  | User parameter passed to the callback function.                      |
| dmaHandle | eDMA handle pointer, this handle shall be static allocated by users. |

# 22.8.3.3 void SAI\_TransferTxSetFormatEDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \* format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz)

The audio format can be changed at run-time. This function configures the sample rate and audio data format to be transferred. This function also sets the eDMA parameter according to formatting requirements.

#### **Parameters**

|  | base | SAI base pointer. |  |
|--|------|-------------------|--|
|--|------|-------------------|--|

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| handle                 | SAI eDMA handle pointer.                    |
|------------------------|---|
| format                 | Pointer to SAI audio data format structure. |
| mclkSource-<br>ClockHz | 1 3   |
| bclkSource-<br>ClockHz | 1 7   |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Audio format set successfully. |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The input argument is invalid. |

# 22.8.3.4 void SAI\_TransferRxSetFormatEDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_format\_t \* format, uint32\_t mclkSourceClockHz, uint32\_t bclkSourceClockHz)

The audio format can be changed at run-time. This function configures the sample rate and audio data format to be transferred. This function also sets the eDMA parameter according to formatting requirements.

#### **Parameters**

| base                   | SAI base pointer.  |
|------------------------|--|
| handle                 | SAI eDMA handle pointer.   |
| format                 | Pointer to SAI audio data format structure.  |
| mclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI master clock source frequency in Hz.   |
| bclkSource-<br>ClockHz | SAI bit clock source frequency in Hz. If a bit clock source is the master clock, this value should equal to masterClockHz in format. |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Audio format set successfully. |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The input argument is invalid. |

# 22.8.3.5 status\_t SAI\_TransferSendEDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

### **SAI eDMA Driver**

#### Note

This interface returns immediately after the transfer initiates. Call SAI\_GetTransferStatus to poll the transfer status and check whether the SAI transfer is finished.

### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer.                      |  |
|--------|--|--|
| handle | SAI eDMA handle pointer.               |  |
| xfer   | Pointer to the DMA transfer structure. |  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Start a SAI eDMA send successfully. |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The input argument is invalid.      |
| kStatus_TxBusy          | SAI is busy sending data.           |

# 22.8.3.6 status\_t SAI\_TransferReceiveEDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, sai\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

### Note

This interface returns immediately after the transfer initiates. Call the SAI\_GetReceiveRemaining-Bytes to poll the transfer status and check whether the SAI transfer is finished.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer                   |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| handle | SAI eDMA handle pointer.           |
| xfer   | Pointer to DMA transfer structure. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Start a SAI eDMA receive successfully. |
|-------------------------|--|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The input argument is invalid.         |
| kStatus_RxBusy          | SAI is busy receiving data.            |

# 22.8.3.7 void SAI\_TransferAbortSendEDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle )

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | SAI base pointer.        |
|--------|--------------------------|
| handle | SAI eDMA handle pointer. |

## 22.8.3.8 void SAI\_TransferAbortReceiveEDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle )

### Parameters

| base   | SAI base pointer         |
|--------|--------------------------|
| handle | SAI eDMA handle pointer. |

# 22.8.3.9 status\_t SAI\_TransferGetSendCountEDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

### Parameters

| base   | SAI base pointer.        |
|--------|--------------------------|
| handle | SAI eDMA handle pointer. |
| count  | Bytes count sent by SAI. |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success                   | Succeed get the transfer count.                   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | There is no non-blocking transaction in progress. |

# 22.8.3.10 status\_t SAI\_TransferGetReceiveCountEDMA ( I2S\_Type \* base, sai\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

### **Parameters**

| base | SAI base pointer |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

### **SAI eDMA Driver**

| handle | SAI eDMA handle pointer.     |
|--------|------------------------------|
| count  | Bytes count received by SAI. |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success                   | Succeed get the transfer count.                   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | There is no non-blocking transaction in progress. |

### Chapter 23

### SIM: System Integration Module Driver

### 23.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the System Integration Module (SIM) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

### **Data Structures**

• struct sim\_uid\_t
Unique ID. More...

### **Enumerations**

```
    enum _sim_usb_volt_reg_enable_mode {
        kSIM_UsbVoltRegEnable = SIM_SOPT1_USBREGEN_MASK,
        kSIM_UsbVoltRegEnableInLowPower = SIM_SOPT1_USBVSTBY_MASK,
        kSIM_UsbVoltRegEnableInStop = SIM_SOPT1_USBSSTBY_MASK,
        kSIM_UsbVoltRegEnableInAllModes }
        USB voltage regulator enable setting.
    enum _sim_flash_mode {
        kSIM_FlashDisableInWait = SIM_FCFG1_FLASHDOZE_MASK,
        kSIM_FlashDisable = SIM_FCFG1_FLASHDIS_MASK }
        Flash enable mode.
```

### **Functions**

- void SIM\_SetUsbVoltRegulatorEnableMode (uint32\_t mask)
  - Sets the USB voltage regulator setting.
- void SIM\_GetUniqueId (sim\_uid\_t \*uid)

Gets the unique identification register value.

• static void SIM\_SetFlashMode (uint8\_t mode)

Sets the flash enable mode.

### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_SIM\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 0)) Driver version 2.0.0.

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### 23.2 Data Structure Documentation

### 23.2.1 struct sim uid t

### **Data Fields**

```
• uint32_t MH

UIDMH.
• uint32_t ML

UIDML.
• uint32_t L

UIDL.
```

### 23.2.1.0.0.40 Field Documentation

```
23.2.1.0.0.40.1 uint32_t sim_uid_t::MH
23.2.1.0.0.40.2 uint32_t sim_uid_t::ML
23.2.1.0.0.40.3 uint32 t sim_uid_t::L
```

### 23.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 23.3.1 enum \_sim\_usb\_volt\_reg\_enable\_mode

### Enumerator

```
    kSIM_UsbVoltRegEnable
    Enable voltage regulator.
    kSIM_UsbVoltRegEnableInLowPower
    Enable voltage regulator in VLPR/VLPW modes.
    kSIM_UsbVoltRegEnableInStop
    Enable voltage regulator in STOP/VLPS/LLS/VLLS modes.
    kSIM_UsbVoltRegEnableInAllModes
    Enable voltage regulator in all power modes.
```

### 23.3.2 enum \_sim\_flash\_mode

#### Enumerator

```
kSIM_FlashDisableInWait Disable flash in wait mode. kSIM_FlashDisable Disable flash in normal mode.
```

### 23.4 Function Documentation

### 23.4.1 void SIM\_SetUsbVoltRegulatorEnableMode ( uint32\_t mask )

This function configures whether the USB voltage regulator is enabled in normal RUN mode, STOP/-VLPS/LLS/VLLS modes, and VLPR/VLPW modes. The configurations are passed in as mask value of \_sim\_usb\_volt\_reg\_enable\_mode. For example, to enable USB voltage regulator in RUN/VLPR/VLPW modes and disable in STOP/VLPS/LLS/VLLS mode, use:

 $SIM\_SetUsbVoltRegulatorEnableMode(kSIM\_UsbVoltRegEnable \mid kSIM\_UsbVoltRegEnableInLow-Power);$ 

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### **Parameters**

mask | USB voltage regulator enable setting.

### 23.4.2 void SIM\_GetUniqueId ( sim\_uid\_t \* uid )

### **Parameters**

*uid* Pointer to the structure to save the UID value.

### 23.4.3 static void SIM\_SetFlashMode ( uint8\_t mode ) [inline], [static]

### **Parameters**

mode The mode to set; see \_sim\_flash\_mode for mode details.

### Chapter 24

### **SMC: System Mode Controller Driver**

### 24.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the System Mode Controller (SMC) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices. The SMC module sequences the system in and out of all low-power stop and run modes.

API functions are provided to configure the system for working in a dedicated power mode. For different power modes, SMC\_SetPowerModexxx() function accepts different parameters. System power mode state transitions are not available between power modes. For details about available transitions, see the power mode transitions section in the SoC reference manual.

### 24.2 Typical use case

### 24.2.1 Enter wait or stop modes

SMC driver provides APIs to set MCU to different wait modes and stop modes. Pre and post functions are used for setting the modes. The pre functions and post functions are used as follows.

- 1. Disable/enable the interrupt through PRIMASK. This is an example use case. The application sets the wakeup interrupt and calls SMC function SMC\_SetPowerModeStop to set the MCU to STOP mode, but the wakeup interrupt happens so quickly that the ISR completes before the function S-MC\_SetPowerModeStop. As a result, the MCU enters the STOP mode and never is woken up by the interrupt. In this use case, the application first disables the interrupt through PRIMASK, sets the wakeup interrupt, and enters the STOP mode. After wakeup, enable the interrupt through PRIMASK. The MCU can still be woken up by disabling the interrupt through PRIMASK. The pre and post functions handle the PRIMASK.
- 2. Disable/enable the flash speculation. When entering stop modes, the flash speculation might be interrupted. As a result, pre functions disable the flash speculation and post functions enable it.

```
SMC_PreEnterStopModes();
/* Enable the wakeup interrupt here. */
SMC_SetPowerModeStop(SMC, kSMC_PartialStop);
SMC_PostExitStopModes();
```

### **Data Structures**

• struct smc\_power\_mode\_vlls\_config\_t

SMC Very Low-Leakage Stop power mode configuration. More...

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### Typical use case

### **Enumerations**

```
enum smc_power_mode_protection_t {
 kSMC AllowPowerModeVIIs = SMC PMPROT AVLLS MASK,
 kSMC AllowPowerModeLls = SMC PMPROT ALLS MASK,
 kSMC_AllowPowerModeVlp = SMC_PMPROT_AVLP_MASK,
 kSMC AllowPowerModeAll }
    Power Modes Protection.
enum smc_power_state_t {
 kSMC_PowerStateRun = 0x01U << 0U,
 kSMC_PowerStateStop = 0x01U << 1U,
 kSMC_PowerStateVlpr = 0x01U << 2U,
 kSMC PowerStateVlpw = 0x01U \ll 3U,
 kSMC_PowerStateVlps = 0x01U << 4U,
 kSMC_PowerStateLls = 0x01U << 5U,
 kSMC PowerStateVIIs = 0x01U << 6U }
    Power Modes in PMSTAT.
enum smc_run_mode_t {
 kSMC_RunNormal = 0U,
 kSMC RunVlpr = 2U 
    Run mode definition.
enum smc_stop_mode_t {
 kSMC_StopNormal = 0U,
 kSMC\_StopVlps = 2U,
 kSMC_StopLls = 3U,
 kSMC StopVlls = 4U }
    Stop mode definition.
enum smc_stop_submode_t {
 kSMC_StopSub0 = 0U,
 kSMC_StopSub1 = 1U,
 kSMC_StopSub2 = 2U,
 kSMC_StopSub3 = 3U }
    VLLS/LLS stop sub mode definition.
enum smc_partial_stop_option_t {
 kSMC_PartialStop = 0U,
 kSMC_PartialStop1 = 1U,
 kSMC_PartialStop2 = 2U }
    Partial STOP option.
• enum smc status { kStatus SMC StopAbort = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup POWER, 0) }
    SMC configuration status.
```

### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_SMC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 3)) SMC driver version 2.0.3.

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### System mode controller APIs

• static void SMC\_SetPowerModeProtection (SMC\_Type \*base, uint8\_t allowedModes)

Configures all power mode protection settings.

• static smc\_power\_state\_t SMC\_GetPowerModeState (SMC\_Type \*base)

Gets the current power mode status.

void SMC\_PreEnterStopModes (void)

Prepares to enter stop modes.

void SMC\_PostExitStopModes (void)

Recovers after wake up from stop modes.

• static void SMC\_PreEnterWaitModes (void)

Prepares to enter wait modes.

• static void SMC PostExitWaitModes (void)

Recovers after wake up from stop modes.

• status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeRun (SMC\_Type \*base)

Configures the system to RUN power mode.

• status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeWait (SMC\_Type \*base)

Configures the system to WAIT power mode.

• status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeStop (SMC\_Type \*base, smc\_partial\_stop\_option\_t option)

Configures the system to Stop power mode.

• status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeVlpr (SMC\_Type \*base)

Configures the system to VLPR power mode.

• status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeVlpw (SMC\_Type \*base)

Configures the system to VLPW power mode.

• status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeVlps (SMC\_Type \*base)

Configures the system to VLPS power mode.

• status t SMC SetPowerModeLls (SMC Type \*base)

Configures the system to LLS power mode.

status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeVlls (SMC\_Type \*base, const smc\_power\_mode\_vlls\_config\_t \*config)

Configures the system to VLLS power mode.

### 24.3 Data Structure Documentation

### 24.3.1 struct smc\_power\_mode\_vlls\_config\_t

### **Data Fields**

smc\_stop\_submode\_t subMode

Very Low-leakage Stop sub-mode.

bool enablePorDetectInVIIs0

Enable Power on reset detect in VLLS mode.

### 24.4 Macro Definition Documentation

### 24.4.1 #define FSL\_SMC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 3))

### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

### 24.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 24.5.1 enum smc\_power\_mode\_protection\_t

#### Enumerator

```
    kSMC_AllowPowerModeVlls Allow Very-low-leakage Stop Mode.
    kSMC_AllowPowerModeVlp Allow Very-Low-power Mode.
    kSMC_AllowPowerModeAll Allow all power mode.
```

### 24.5.2 enum smc\_power\_state\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSMC_PowerStateRun 0000_0001 - Current power mode is RUN kSMC_PowerStateStop 0000_0010 - Current power mode is STOP kSMC_PowerStateVlpr 0000_0100 - Current power mode is VLPR kSMC_PowerStateVlpw 0000_1000 - Current power mode is VLPW kSMC_PowerStateVlps 0001_0000 - Current power mode is VLPS kSMC_PowerStateLls 0010_0000 - Current power mode is LLS kSMC_PowerStateVlls 0100_0000 - Current power mode is VLLS
```

### 24.5.3 enum smc\_run\_mode\_t

### Enumerator

```
kSMC_RunNormal Normal RUN mode.kSMC_RunVlpr Very-low-power RUN mode.
```

### 24.5.4 enum smc\_stop\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSMC_StopNormal Normal STOP mode.kSMC_StopVlps Very-low-power STOP mode.kSMC_StopLls Low-leakage Stop mode.kSMC_StopVlls Very-low-leakage Stop mode.
```

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### 24.5.5 enum smc stop submode t

#### Enumerator

```
kSMC_StopSub0 Stop submode 0, for VLLS0/LLS0.
kSMC StopSub1 Stop submode 1, for VLLS1/LLS1.
kSMC_StopSub2 Stop submode 2, for VLLS2/LLS2.
kSMC StopSub3 Stop submode 3, for VLLS3/LLS3.
```

### 24.5.6 enum smc\_partial\_stop\_option\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSMC_PartialStop STOP - Normal Stop mode.
kSMC PartialStop1 Partial Stop with both system and bus clocks disabled.
kSMC_PartialStop2 Partial Stop with system clock disabled and bus clock enabled.
```

### 24.5.7 enum smc status

#### Enumerator

kStatus\_SMC\_StopAbort Entering Stop mode is abort.

#### 24.6 **Function Documentation**

#### 24.6.1 static void SMC SetPowerModeProtection ( SMC Type \* base, uint8 t allowedModes ) [inline], [static]

This function configures the power mode protection settings for supported power modes in the specified chip family. The available power modes are defined in the smc\_power\_mode\_protection\_t. This should be done at an early system level initialization stage. See the reference manual for details. This register can only write once after the power reset.

The allowed modes are passed as bit map. For example, to allow LLS and VLLS, use SMC\_SetPower-ModeProtection(kSMC AllowPowerModeVlls | kSMC AllowPowerModeVlps). To allow all modes, use SMC SetPowerModeProtection(kSMC AllowPowerModeAll).



| base         | SMC peripheral base address.       |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| allowedModes | Bitmap of the allowed power modes. |

# 24.6.2 static smc\_power\_state\_t SMC\_GetPowerModeState ( SMC\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the current power mode status. After the application switches the power mode, it should always check the status to check whether it runs into the specified mode or not. The application should check this mode before switching to a different mode. The system requires that only certain modes can switch to other specific modes. See the reference manual for details and the smc\_power\_state\_t for information about the power status.

#### **Parameters**

| base | SMC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

#### Returns

Current power mode status.

### 24.6.3 void SMC\_PreEnterStopModes (void)

This function should be called before entering STOP/VLPS/LLS/VLLS modes.

### 24.6.4 void SMC\_PostExitStopModes (void)

This function should be called after wake up from STOP/VLPS/LLS/VLLS modes. It is used with SMC\_PreEnterStopModes.

### 24.6.5 static void SMC\_PreEnterWaitModes (void ) [inline], [static]

This function should be called before entering WAIT/VLPW modes.

### 24.6.6 static void SMC\_PostExitWaitModes (void ) [inline], [static]

This function should be called after wake up from WAIT/VLPW modes. It is used with SMC\_PreEnter-WaitModes.

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24.6.7 status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeRun ( SMC\_Type \* base )

### **Parameters**

| base | SMC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

### Returns

SMC configuration error code.

### 24.6.8 status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeWait ( SMC\_Type \* base )

### **Parameters**

| base | SMC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

### Returns

SMC configuration error code.

# 24.6.9 status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeStop ( SMC\_Type \* base, smc\_partial\_stop\_option\_t option )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SMC peripheral base address. |
|--------|------------------------------|
| option | Partial Stop mode option.    |

### Returns

SMC configuration error code.

### 24.6.10 status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeVlpr ( SMC\_Type \* base )

Parameters

| base | SMC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
| base | SMC peripheral base address  |

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

### 24.6.11 status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeVlpw ( SMC\_Type \* base )

**Parameters** 

| base | SMC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

### 24.6.12 status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeVlps ( SMC\_Type \* base )

Parameters

| base | SMC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

### 24.6.13 status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeLls ( SMC\_Type \* base )

**Parameters** 

| base | SMC peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|

Returns

SMC configuration error code.

# 24.6.14 status\_t SMC\_SetPowerModeVIIs ( SMC\_Type \* base, const smc\_power\_mode\_vlls\_config\_t \* config\_)

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### Parameters

| base   | SMC peripheral base address.                 |
|--------|--|
| config | The VLLS power mode configuration structure. |

### Returns

SMC configuration error code.

### **Chapter 25**

**SPI: Serial Peripheral Interface Driver** 

#### **Overview** 25.1

### **Modules**

- SPI DMA Driver
- SPI DriverSPI FreeRTOS driver

### 25.2 SPI Driver

### 25.2.1 Overview

SPI driver includes functional APIs and transactional APIs.

Functional APIs are feature/property target low level APIs. Functional APIs can be used for SPI initialization/configuration/operation for optimization/customization purpose. Using the functional API requires the knowledge of the SPI peripheral and how to organize functional APIs to meet the application requirements. All functional API use the peripheral base address as the first parameter. SPI functional operation groups provide the functional API set.

Transactional APIs are transaction target high level APIs. Transactional APIs can be used to enable the peripheral and in the application if the code size and performance of transactional APIs satisfy the requirements. If the code size and performance are a critical requirement, see the transactional API implementation and write a custom code. All transactional APIs use the spi\_handle\_t as the first parameter. Initialize the handle by calling the SPI\_MasterTransferCreateHandle() or SPI\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle() API.

Transactional APIs support asynchronous transfer. This means that the functions SPI\_MasterTransferNon-Blocking() and SPI\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking() set up the interrupt for data transfer. When the transfer completes, the upper layer is notified through a callback function with the kStatus\_SPI\_Idle status.

### 25.2.2 Typical use case

### 25.2.2.1 SPI master transfer using an interrupt method

```
#define BUFFER_LEN (64)
spi_master_handle_t spiHandle;
spi_master_config_t masterConfig;
spi_transfer_t xfer;
volatile bool isFinished = false;
const uint8_t sendData[BUFFER_LEN] = [.....];
uint8_t receiveBuff[BUFFER_LEN];
void SPI_UserCallback(SPI_Type *base, spi_master_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
    isFinished = true:
void main (void)
    //...
   SPI_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&masterConfig);
    SPI_MasterInit(SPI0, &masterConfig);
    SPI_MasterTransferCreateHandle(SPI0, &spiHandle, SPI_UserCallback, NULL);
    // Prepare to send.
   xfer.txData = sendData;
    xfer.rxData = receiveBuff;
    xfer.dataSize = BUFFER_LEN;
    // Send out.
    SPI_MasterTransferNonBlocking(SPI0, &spiHandle, &xfer);
```

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```
// Wait send finished.
while (!isFinished)
{
}
// ...
```

### 25.2.2.2 SPI Send/receive using a DMA method

```
#define BUFFER_LEN (64)
spi_dma_handle_t spiHandle;
dma_handle_t g_spiTxDmaHandle;
dma_handle_t g_spiRxDmaHandle;
spi_config_t masterConfig;
spi_transfer_t xfer;
volatile bool isFinished;
uint8_t sendData[BUFFER_LEN] = ...;
uint8_t receiveBuff[BUFFER_LEN];
void SPI_UserCallback(SPI_Type *base, spi_dma_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
{
    isFinished = true;
void main(void)
    //...
    SPI_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&masterConfig);
    SPI_MasterInit(SPI0, &masterConfig);
    // Sets up the DMA.
    DMAMUX_Init(DMAMUX0);
    DMAMUX_SetSource(DMAMUX0, SPI_TX_DMA_CHANNEL, SPI_TX_DMA_REQUEST);
    DMAMUX_EnableChannel(DMAMUX0, SPI_TX_DMA_CHANNEL);
    DMAMUX_SetSource(DMAMUX0, SPI_RX_DMA_CHANNEL, SPI_RX_DMA_REQUEST);
    DMAMUX_EnableChannel(DMAMUX0, SPI_RX_DMA_CHANNEL);
   DMA_Init(DMA0);
    /\star Creates the DMA handle. \star/
    DMA_CreateHandle(&g_spiTxDmaHandle, DMAO, SPI_TX_DMA_CHANNEL);
    DMA_CreateHandle(&g_spiRxDmaHandle, DMA0, SPI_RX_DMA_CHANNEL);
    SPI_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA(SPI0, spiHandle, &q_spiTxDmaHandle,
      &g_spiRxDmaHandle, SPI_UserCallback, NULL);
    // Prepares to send.
    xfer.txData = sendData;
    xfer.rxData = receiveBuff;
    xfer.dataSize = BUFFER_LEN;
    // Sends out.
    SPI_MasterTransferDMA(SPI0, &spiHandle, &xfer);
    // Waits for send to complete.
    while (!isFinished)
    }
    // ...
```

### **Data Structures**

```
    struct spi_master_config_t
        SPI master user configure structure. More...
    struct spi_slave_config_t
        SPI slave user configure structure. More...
    struct spi_transfer_t
        SPI transfer structure. More...
    struct spi_master_handle_t
        SPI transfer handle structure. More...
```

### **Macros**

• #define SPI\_DUMMYDATA (0xFFU)

SPI dummy transfer data, the data is sent while txBuff is NULL.

### **Typedefs**

- typedef spi\_master\_handle\_t spi\_slave\_handle\_t Slave handle is the same with master handle.
- typedef void(\* spi\_master\_callback\_t )(SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

SPI master callback for finished transmit.

• typedef void(\* spi\_slave\_callback\_t )(SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

SPI master callback for finished transmit.

### **Enumerations**

```
• enum spi status {
  kStatus_SPI_Busy = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SPI, 0),
  kStatus_SPI_Idle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SPI, 1),
 kStatus_SPI_Error = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SPI, 2) }
    Return status for the SPI driver.
enum spi_clock_polarity_t {
  kSPI_ClockPolarityActiveHigh = 0x0U,
  kSPI ClockPolarityActiveLow }
    SPI clock polarity configuration.
enum spi_clock_phase_t {
  kSPI_ClockPhaseFirstEdge = 0x0U,
  kSPI_ClockPhaseSecondEdge }
    SPI clock phase configuration.
enum spi_shift_direction_t {
  kSPI_MsbFirst = 0x0U,
 kSPI_LsbFirst }
```

```
SPI data shifter direction options.
enum spi_ss_output_mode_t {
  kSPI_SlaveSelectAsGpio = 0x0U,
 kSPI_SlaveSelectFaultInput = 0x2U,
 kSPI_SlaveSelectAutomaticOutput = 0x3U }
    SPI slave select output mode options.
enum spi_pin_mode_t {
 kSPI PinModeNormal = 0x0U,
 kSPI_PinModeInput = 0x1U,
 kSPI PinModeOutput = 0x3U }
    SPI pin mode options.
enum spi_data_bitcount_mode_t {
 kSPI_8BitMode = 0x0U,
 kSPI 16BitMode }
    SPI data length mode options.
enum _spi_interrupt_enable {
  kSPI_RxFullAndModfInterruptEnable = 0x1U,
 kSPI TxEmptyInterruptEnable = 0x2U,
 kSPI_MatchInterruptEnable = 0x4U,
 kSPI_RxFifoNearFullInterruptEnable = 0x8U,
 kSPI_TxFifoNearEmptyInterruptEnable = 0x10U }
    SPI interrupt sources.
enum _spi_flags {
 kSPI RxBufferFullFlag = SPI S SPRF MASK,
 kSPI_MatchFlag = SPI_S_SPMF_MASK,
 kSPI_TxBufferEmptyFlag = SPI_S_SPTEF_MASK,
 kSPI ModeFaultFlag = SPI S MODF MASK,
 kSPI_RxFifoNearFullFlag = SPI_S_RNFULLF_MASK,
 kSPI_TxFifoNearEmptyFlag = SPI_S_TNEAREF_MASK,
 kSPI TxFifoFullFlag = SPI S TXFULLF MASK,
 kSPI_RxFifoEmptyFlag = SPI_S_RFIFOEF_MASK,
 kSPI_TxFifoError = SPI_CI_TXFERR_MASK << 8U,
 kSPI_RxFifoError = SPI_CI_RXFERR_MASK << 8U,
 kSPI TxOverflow = SPI CI TXFOF MASK << 8U,
 kSPI RxOverflow = SPI CI RXFOF MASK << 8U }
    SPI status flags.
enum spi_w1c_interrupt_t {
 kSPI RxFifoFullClearInterrupt = SPI_CI_SPRFCI_MASK,
 kSPI_TxFifoEmptyClearInterrupt = SPI_CI_SPTEFCI_MASK,
 kSPI RxNearFullClearInterrupt = SPI CI RNFULLFCI MASK,
 kSPI_TxNearEmptyClearInterrupt = SPI_CI_TNEAREFCI_MASK }
    SPI FIFO write-1-to-clear interrupt flags.
enum spi_txfifo_watermark_t {
 kSPI TxFifoOneFourthEmpty = 0,
 kSPI_TxFifoOneHalfEmpty = 1 }
    SPI TX FIFO watermark settings.
enum spi_rxfifo_watermark_t {
```

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```
kSPI_RxFifoThreeFourthsFull = 0,
kSPI_RxFifoOneHalfFull = 1 }
SPI RX FIFO watermark settings.

• enum _spi_dma_enable_t {
kSPI_TxDmaEnable = SPI_C2_TXDMAE_MASK,
kSPI_RxDmaEnable = SPI_C2_RXDMAE_MASK,
kSPI_DmaAllEnable = (SPI_C2_TXDMAE_MASK | SPI_C2_RXDMAE_MASK) }
SPI DMA source.
```

### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_SPI\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 3)) SPI driver version 2.0.3.

#### Initialization and deinitialization

void SPI\_MasterGetDefaultConfig (spi\_master\_config\_t \*config)

Sets the SPI master configuration structure to default values.

- void SPI\_MasterInit (SPI\_Type \*base, const spi\_master\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz)

  Initializes the SPI with master configuration.
- void SPI\_SlaveGetDefaultConfig (spi\_slave\_config\_t \*config)

Sets the SPI slave configuration structure to default values.

• void SPI\_SlaveInit (SPI\_Type \*base, const spi\_slave\_config\_t \*config)

*Initializes the SPI with slave configuration.* 

• void SPI\_Deinit (SPI\_Type \*base)

De-initializes the SPI.

• static void SPI\_Enable (SPI\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the SPI.

### **Status**

• uint32\_t SPI\_GetStatusFlags (SPI\_Type \*base)

Gets the status flag.

• static void SPI\_ClearInterrupt (SPI\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Clear the interrupt if enable INCTLR.

### Interrupts

- void SPI\_EnableInterrupts (SPI\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Enables the interrupt for the SPI.
- void SPI\_DisableInterrupts (SPI\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

  Disables the interrupt for the SPI.

### **DMA Control**

- static void SPI\_EnableDMA (SPI\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask, bool enable) Enables the DMA source for SPI.
- static uint32\_t SPI\_GetDataRegisterAddress (SPI\_Type \*base)

  Gets the SPI tx/rx data register address.

### **Bus Operations**

- void SPI\_MasterSetBaudRate (SPI\_Type \*base, uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz) Sets the baud rate for SPI transfer.
- static void SPI\_SetMatchData (SPI\_Type \*base, uint32\_t matchData)

Sets the match data for SPI.

• void SPI\_EnableFIFO (SPI\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the FIFO if there is a FIFO.

• void SPI\_WriteBlocking (SPI\_Type \*base, uint8\_t \*buffer, size\_t size)

Sends a buffer of data bytes using a blocking method.

• void SPI\_WriteData (SPI\_Type \*base, uint16\_t data)

Writes a data into the SPI data register.

• uint16\_t SPI\_ReadData (SPI\_Type \*base)

Gets a data from the SPI data register.

#### **Transactional**

void SPI\_MasterTransferCreateHandle (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_master\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)

Initializes the SPI master handle.

- status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferBlocking (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

  Transfers a block of data using a polling method.
- status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferNonBlocking (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_transfer t \*xfer)

*Performs a non-blocking SPI interrupt transfer.* 

• status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferGetCount (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

*Gets the bytes of the SPI interrupt transferred.* 

• void SPI\_MasterTransferAbort (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle)

Aborts an SPI transfer using interrupt.

- void SPI\_MasterTransferHandleIRQ (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \*handle)

  Interrupts the handler for the SPI.
- void SPI\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_slave\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)

Initializes the SPI slave handle.

static status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Performs a non-blocking SPI slave interrupt transfer.

• static status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferGetCount (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

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Gets the bytes of the SPI interrupt transferred.

- static void SPI\_SlaveTransferAbort (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle)

  Aborts an SPI slave transfer using interrupt.
- void SPI\_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \*handle)

Interrupts a handler for the SPI slave.

### 25.2.3 Data Structure Documentation

### 25.2.3.1 struct spi\_master\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableMaster

Enable SPI at initialization time.

• bool enableStopInWaitMode

SPI stop in wait mode.

• spi\_clock\_polarity\_t polarity

Clock polarity.

spi\_clock\_phase\_t phase

Clock phase.

• spi\_shift\_direction\_t direction

MSB or LSB.

• spi\_data\_bitcount\_mode\_t dataMode

8bit or 16bit mode

• spi\_txfifo\_watermark\_t txWatermark

Tx watermark settings.

spi\_rxfifo\_watermark\_t rxWatermark

Rx watermark settings.

• spi\_ss\_output\_mode\_t outputMode

SS pin setting.

• spi\_pin\_mode\_t pinMode

SPI pin mode select.

• uint32 t baudRate Bps

Baud Rate for SPI in Hz.

### 25.2.3.2 struct spi\_slave\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableSlave

Enable SPI at initialization time.

• bool enableStopInWaitMode

SPI stop in wait mode.

• spi\_clock\_polarity\_t polarity

Clock polarity.

spi\_clock\_phase\_t phase

Clock phase.

• spi\_shift\_direction\_t direction

MSB or LSB.

• spi\_data\_bitcount\_mode\_t dataMode 8bit or 16bit mode

spi\_txfifo\_watermark\_t txWatermark

Tx watermark settings.

• spi\_rxfifo\_watermark\_t rxWatermark

Rx watermark settings.

### 25.2.3.3 struct spi\_transfer\_t

### **Data Fields**

• uint8 t \* txData

Send buffer.

• uint8\_t \* rxData

Receive buffer.

• size t dataSize

Transfer bytes.

• uint32\_t flags

SPI control flag, useless to SPI.

#### 25.2.3.3.0.41 Field Documentation

25.2.3.3.0.41.1 uint32 t spi transfer t::flags

### 25.2.3.4 struct spi master handle

### **Data Fields**

• uint8 t \*volatile txData

Transfer buffer.

• uint8\_t \*volatile rxData

Receive buffer.

• volatile size\_t txRemainingBytes

Send data remaining in bytes.

• volatile size\_t rxRemainingBytes

Receive data remaining in bytes.

• volatile uint32 t state

SPI internal state.

size\_t transferSize

Bytes to be transferred.

• uint8\_t bytePerFrame

SPI mode, 2bytes or 1byte in a frame.

• uint8\_t watermark

Watermark value for SPI transfer.

• spi\_master\_callback\_t callback

SPI callback.

void \* userData

Callback parameter.

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### 25.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation

### 25.2.4.1 #define FSL\_SPI\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 3))

### 25.2.4.2 #define SPI DUMMYDATA (0xFFU)

### 25.2.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

### 25.2.5.1 enum \_spi\_status

#### Enumerator

```
kStatus_SPI_Busy SPI bus is busy.
kStatus_SPI_Idle SPI is idle.
kStatus_SPI_Error SPI error.
```

### 25.2.5.2 enum spi\_clock\_polarity\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSPI_ClockPolarityActiveHigh Active-high SPI clock (idles low). 
kSPI_ClockPolarityActiveLow Active-low SPI clock (idles high).
```

### 25.2.5.3 enum spi\_clock\_phase\_t

#### Enumerator

**kSPI\_ClockPhaseFirstEdge** First edge on SPSCK occurs at the middle of the first cycle of a data transfer.

**kSPI\_ClockPhaseSecondEdge** First edge on SPSCK occurs at the start of the first cycle of a data transfer.

### 25.2.5.4 enum spi\_shift\_direction\_t

### Enumerator

```
kSPI_MsbFirst Data transfers start with most significant bit. kSPI_LsbFirst Data transfers start with least significant bit.
```

### 25.2.5.5 enum spi\_ss\_output\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_SlaveSelectAsGpio Slave select pin configured as GPIO.

kSPI\_SlaveSelectFaultInput Slave select pin configured for fault detection.

kSPI\_SlaveSelectAutomaticOutput Slave select pin configured for automatic SPI output.

### 25.2.5.6 enum spi\_pin\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

**kSPI\_PinModeNormal** Pins operate in normal, single-direction mode.

kSPI\_PinModeInput Bidirectional mode. Master: MOSI pin is input; Slave: MISO pin is input.

kSPI\_PinModeOutput Bidirectional mode. Master: MOSI pin is output; Slave: MISO pin is output.

### 25.2.5.7 enum spi\_data\_bitcount\_mode\_t

### Enumerator

*kSPI\_8BitMode* 8-bit data transmission mode *kSPI\_16BitMode* 16-bit data transmission mode

### 25.2.5.8 enum \_spi\_interrupt\_enable

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_RxFullAndModfInterruptEnable Receive buffer full (SPRF) and mode fault (MODF) interrupt.

*kSPI\_TxEmptyInterruptEnable* Transmit buffer empty interrupt.

kSPI\_MatchInterruptEnable Match interrupt.

 $\textit{kSPI\_RxFifoNearFullInterruptEnable} \quad \text{Receive FIFO nearly full interrupt.}$ 

kSPI\_TxFifoNearEmptyInterruptEnable Transmit FIFO nearly empty interrupt.

### 25.2.5.9 enum \_spi\_flags

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_RxBufferFullFlag Read buffer full flag.

kSPI\_MatchFlag Match flag.

kSPI\_TxBufferEmptyFlag Transmit buffer empty flag.

kSPI\_ModeFaultFlag Mode fault flag.

kSPI\_RxFifoNearFullFlag Rx FIFO near full.

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kSPI\_TxFifoNearEmptyFlag Tx FIFO near empty.
kSPI\_TxFifoFullFlag Tx FIFO full.
kSPI\_RxFifoEmptyFlag Rx FIFO empty.
kSPI\_TxFifoError Tx FIFO error.
kSPI\_RxFifoError Rx FIFO error.
kSPI\_TxOverflow Tx FIFO Overflow.

### 25.2.5.10 enum spi\_w1c\_interrupt\_t

kSPI\_RxOverflow Rx FIFO Overflow.

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_RxFifoFullClearInterrupt Receive FIFO full interrupt.
 kSPI\_TxFifoEmptyClearInterrupt Transmit FIFO empty interrupt.
 kSPI\_RxNearFullClearInterrupt Receive FIFO nearly full interrupt.
 kSPI\_TxNearEmptyClearInterrupt Transmit FIFO nearly empty interrupt.

### 25.2.5.11 enum spi\_txfifo\_watermark\_t

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_TxFifoOneFourthEmpty SPI tx watermark at 1/4 FIFO size. kSPI TxFifoOneHalfEmpty SPI tx watermark at 1/2 FIFO size.

### 25.2.5.12 enum spi\_rxfifo\_watermark\_t

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_RxFifoThreeFourthsFull SPI rx watermark at 3/4 FIFO size. kSPI\_RxFifoOneHalfFull SPI rx watermark at 1/2 FIFO size.

### 25.2.5.13 enum \_spi\_dma\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

kSPI\_TxDmaEnablekSPI\_RxDmaEnablekSPI\_DmaAllEnableAll DMA request source.

### 25.2.6 Function Documentation

### 25.2.6.1 void SPI\_MasterGetDefaultConfig ( spi\_master\_config\_t \* config )

The purpose of this API is to get the configuration structure initialized for use in SPI\_MasterInit(). User may use the initialized structure unchanged in SPI\_MasterInit(), or modify some fields of the structure before calling SPI\_MasterInit(). After calling this API, the master is ready to transfer. Example:

```
spi_master_config_t config;
SPI_MasterGetDefaultConfig(&config);
```

#### **Parameters**

| config   pointer to master config structure |
|---|
|---|

## 25.2.6.2 void SPI\_MasterInit ( SPI\_Type \* base, const spi\_master\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

The configuration structure can be filled by user from scratch, or be set with default values by SPI\_Master-GetDefaultConfig(). After calling this API, the slave is ready to transfer. Example

```
spi_master_config_t config = {
.baudRate_Bps = 400000,
...
};
SPI_MasterInit(SPI0, &config);
```

#### **Parameters**

| base        | SPI base pointer                          |
|-------------|---|
| config      | pointer to master configuration structure |
| srcClock_Hz | Source clock frequency.                   |

### 25.2.6.3 void SPI\_SlaveGetDefaultConfig ( spi\_slave\_config\_t \* config )

The purpose of this API is to get the configuration structure initialized for use in SPI\_SlaveInit(). Modify some fields of the structure before calling SPI\_SlaveInit(). Example:

```
spi_slave_config_t config;
SPI_SlaveGetDefaultConfig(&config);
```

#### **Parameters**

| config | pointer to slave configuration structure |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

### 25.2.6.4 void SPI\_SlaveInit ( SPI\_Type \* base, const spi\_slave\_config\_t \* config\_)

The configuration structure can be filled by user from scratch or be set with default values by SPI\_Slave-GetDefaultConfig(). After calling this API, the slave is ready to transfer. Example

```
spi_slave_config_t config = {
.polarity = kSPIClockPolarity_ActiveHigh;
.phase = kSPIClockPhase_FirstEdge;
.direction = kSPIMsbFirst;
...
};
SPI_MasterInit(SPI0, &config);
```

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI base pointer                          |
|--------|---|
| config | pointer to master configuration structure |

### 25.2.6.5 void SPI\_Deinit ( SPI\_Type \* base )

Calling this API resets the SPI module, gates the SPI clock. The SPI module can't work unless calling the SPI MasterInit/SPI SlaveInit to initialize module.

#### **Parameters**

| base | SPI base pointer |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

### 25.2.6.6 static void SPI\_Enable ( SPI\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI base pointer                                    |
|--------|---|
| enable | pass true to enable module, false to disable module |

### 25.2.6.7 uint32\_t SPI\_GetStatusFlags ( SPI\_Type \* base )

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### Parameters

| base | SPI base pointer |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

### Returns

SPI Status, use status flag to AND \_spi\_flags could get the related status.

# 25.2.6.8 static void SPI\_ClearInterrupt ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base      | SPI base pointer   |
|-----------|--|
| interrupt | Interrupt need to be cleared The parameter could be any combination of the following |
|           | values:  |
|           | kSPIRxFifoFullClearInt   |
|           | kSPITxFifoEmptyClearInt  |
|           | kSPIRxNearFullClearInt   |
|           | kSPITxNearEmptyClearInt  |
|           |  |

### 25.2.6.9 void SPI\_EnableInterrupts ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

### Parameters

| base | SPI base pointer  |
|------|---|
| mask | SPI interrupt source. The parameter can be any combination of the following values: |
|      | kSPI_RxFullAndModfInterruptEnable   |
|      | <ul> <li>kSPI_TxEmptyInterruptEnable</li> </ul>                                     |
|      | kSPI_MatchInterruptEnable   |
|      | <ul> <li>kSPI_RxFifoNearFullInterruptEnable</li> </ul>                              |
|      | <ul> <li>kSPI_TxFifoNearEmptyInterruptEnable</li> </ul>                             |
|      |   |

### 25.2.6.10 void SPI\_DisableInterrupts ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

#### **Parameters**

| base | SPI base pointer  |
|------|---|
| mask | SPI interrupt source. The parameter can be any combination of the following values:  • kSPI_RxFullAndModfInterruptEnable  • kSPI_TxEmptyInterruptEnable  • kSPI_MatchInterruptEnable  • kSPI_RxFifoNearFullInterruptEnable  • kSPI_TxFifoNearEmptyInterruptEnable |

# 25.2.6.11 static void SPI\_EnableDMA ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI base pointer                               |
|--------|--|
| source | SPI DMA source.                                |
| enable | True means enable DMA, false means disable DMA |

# 25.2.6.12 static uint32\_t SPI\_GetDataRegisterAddress ( SPI\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This API is used to provide a transfer address for the SPI DMA transfer configuration.

### Parameters

| base | SPI base pointer |
|------|------------------|

### Returns

data register address

# 25.2.6.13 void SPI\_MasterSetBaudRate ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

This is only used in master.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | SPI base pointer                  |  |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| baudRate_Bps | baud rate needed in Hz.           |  |
| srcClock_Hz  | SPI source clock frequency in Hz. |  |

# 25.2.6.14 static void SPI\_SetMatchData ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t matchData ) [inline], [static]

The match data is a hardware comparison value. When the value received in the SPI receive data buffer equals the hardware comparison value, the SPI Match Flag in the S register (S[SPMF]) sets. This can also generate an interrupt if the enable bit sets.

#### **Parameters**

| base      | SPI base pointer |
|-----------|------------------|
| matchData | Match data.      |

# 25.2.6.15 void SPI\_EnableFIFO ( SPI\_Type \* base, bool enable )

## **Parameters**

| base   | SPI base pointer                                  |
|--------|---|
| enable | True means enable FIFO, false means disable FIFO. |

# 25.2.6.16 void SPI\_WriteBlocking ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint8\_t \* buffer, size\_t size )

Note

This function blocks via polling until all bytes have been sent.

#### **Parameters**

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| buffer | The data bytes to send           |
|--------|----------------------------------|
| size   | The number of data bytes to send |

# 25.2.6.17 void SPI\_WriteData ( SPI\_Type \* base, uint16\_t data )

#### **Parameters**

| base | SPI base pointer   |
|------|--------------------|
| data | needs to be write. |

# 25.2.6.18 uint16 t SPI ReadData ( SPI Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base SPI base pointer | pase |
|-----------------------|------|
|-----------------------|------|

#### Returns

Data in the register.

# 25.2.6.19 void SPI\_MasterTransferCreateHandle ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_master\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

This function initializes the SPI master handle which can be used for other SPI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SPI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

# **Parameters**

| base     | PI peripheral base address. |  |
|----------|-----------------------------|--|
| handle   | PI handle pointer.          |  |
| callback | Callback function.          |  |
| userData | User data.                  |  |

# 25.2.6.20 status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferBlocking ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

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#### **Parameters**

| base | SPI base pointer                       |
|------|--|
| xfer | pointer to spi_xfer_config_t structure |

## Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start a transfer. |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Input argument is invalid.     |

# 25.2.6.21 status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferNonBlocking ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

Note

The API immediately returns after transfer initialization is finished. Call SPI\_GetStatusIRQ() to get the transfer status.

If SPI transfer data frame size is 16 bits, the transfer size cannot be an odd number.

## Parameters

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.   |  |
|--------|--|--|
| handle | pointer to spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state |  |
| xfer   | pointer to spi_xfer_config_t structure                                   |  |

# Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start a transfer.                |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Input argument is invalid.                    |
| kStatus_SPI_Busy        | SPI is not idle, is running another transfer. |

# 25.2.6.22 status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferGetCount ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

Parameters

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## **SPI Driver**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.                                      |
|--------|---|
| handle | Pointer to SPI transfer handle, this should be a static variable. |
| count  | Transferred bytes of SPI master.                                  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SPI_Success               | Succeed get the transfer count.                                |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress. |

# 25.2.6.23 void SPI\_MasterTransferAbort ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \* handle )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.                                      |
|--------|---|
| handle | Pointer to SPI transfer handle, this should be a static variable. |

# 25.2.6.24 void SPI\_MasterTransferHandleIRQ ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_master\_handle\_t \* handle )

## **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.  |
|--------|---|
| handle | pointer to spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state. |

# 25.2.6.25 void SPI\_SlaveTransferCreateHandle ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_slave\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

This function initializes the SPI slave handle which can be used for other SPI slave transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SPI instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

Parameters

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| base     | SPI peripheral base address. |
|----------|------------------------------|
| handle   | SPI handle pointer.          |
| callback | Callback function.           |
| userData | User data.                   |

# 25.2.6.26 static status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferNonBlocking ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_transfer\_t \* xfer ) [inline], [static]

## Note

The API returns immediately after the transfer initialization is finished. Call SPI\_GetStatusIRQ() to get the transfer status.

If SPI transfer data frame size is 16 bits, the transfer size cannot be an odd number.

# Parameters

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| handle | pointer to spi_master_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state |
| xfer   | pointer to spi_xfer_config_t structure                                   |

# Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start a transfer.                |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Input argument is invalid.                    |
| kStatus_SPI_Busy        | SPI is not idle, is running another transfer. |

# 25.2.6.27 static status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferGetCount ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count ) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.                                      |
|--------|---|
| handle | Pointer to SPI transfer handle, this should be a static variable. |

# **SPI Driver**

| count | Transferred bytes of SPI slave. |
|-------|---------------------------------|
|-------|---------------------------------|

# Return values

| kStatus_SPI_Success               | Succeed get the transfer count.                                |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress. |

# 25.2.6.28 static void SPI\_SlaveTransferAbort ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle ) [inline], [static]

# Parameters

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.                                      |
|--------|---|
| handle | Pointer to SPI transfer handle, this should be a static variable. |

# 25.2.6.29 void SPI\_SlaveTransferHandleIRQ ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_slave\_handle\_t \* handle )

# Parameters

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.  |
|--------|---|
| handle | pointer to spi_slave_handle_t structure which stores the transfer state |

# 25.3 SPI DMA Driver

# 25.3.1 Overview

This section describes the programming interface of the SPI DMA driver.

#### **Data Structures**

• struct spi\_dma\_handle\_t

SPI DMA transfer handle, users should not touch the content of the handle. More...

# **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* spi\_dma\_callback\_t )(SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

SPI DMA callback called at the end of transfer.

# **DMA Transactional**

- void SPI\_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_dma\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData, dma\_handle\_t \*txHandle, dma\_handle\_t \*rxHandle)
   Initialize the SPI master DMA handle.
- status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferDMA (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Perform a non-blocking SPI transfer using DMA.

- void ŠPI\_MasterTransferAbortDMA (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle) Abort a SPI transfer using DMA.
- status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferGetCountDMA (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, size\_t \*count)

Get the transferred bytes for SPI slave DMA.

- static void SPI\_SlaveTransferCreateHandleDMA (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_dma\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData, dma\_handle\_t \*txHandle, dma\_handle\_t \*rxHandle)

  Initialize the SPI slave DMA handle.
- static status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferDMA (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Perform a non-blocking SPI transfer using DMA.

- static void SPI\_SlaveTransferAbortDMA (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle) Abort a SPI transfer using DMA.
- static status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferGetCountDMA (SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, size-t \*count)

Get the transferred bytes for SPI slave DMA.

## **SPI DMA Driver**

# 25.3.2 Data Structure Documentation

# 25.3.2.1 struct \_spi\_dma\_handle

#### **Data Fields**

• bool txInProgress

Send transfer finished.

bool rxInProgress

Receive transfer finished.

• dma\_handle\_t \* txHandle

DMA handler for SPI send.

• dma\_handle\_t \* rxHandle

DMA handler for SPI receive.

• uint8\_t bytesPerFrame

Bytes in a frame for SPI tranfer.

• spi\_dma\_callback\_t callback

Callback for SPI DMA transfer.

void \* userData

User Data for SPI DMA callback.

• uint32\_t state

Internal state of SPI DMA transfer.

size\_t transferSize

Bytes need to be transfer.

# 25.3.3 Typedef Documentation

25.3.3.1 typedef void(\* spi\_dma\_callback\_t)(SPI\_Type \*base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, status t status, void \*userData)

#### 25.3.4 Function Documentation

25.3.4.1 void SPI\_MasterTransferCreateHandleDMA ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_dma\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData, dma\_handle\_t \* txHandle. dma\_handle\_t \* rxHandle\_)

This function initializes the SPI master DMA handle which can be used for other SPI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SPI instance, user need only call this API once to get the initialized handle.

Parameters

| base     | SPI peripheral base address.  |
|----------|---|
| handle   | SPI handle pointer.   |
| callback | User callback function called at the end of a transfer.                       |
| userData | User data for callback.   |
| txHandle | DMA handle pointer for SPI Tx, the handle shall be static allocated by users. |
| rxHandle | DMA handle pointer for SPI Rx, the handle shall be static allocated by users. |

# 25.3.4.2 status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferDMA ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

#### Note

This interface returned immediately after transfer initiates, users should call SPI\_GetTransferStatus to poll the transfer status to check whether SPI transfer finished.

## **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.       |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| handle | SPI DMA handle pointer.            |
| xfer   | Pointer to dma transfer structure. |

# Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start a transfer.                |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Input argument is invalid.                    |
| kStatus_SPI_Busy        | SPI is not idle, is running another transfer. |

# 25.3.4.3 void SPI\_MasterTransferAbortDMA ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle )

#### Parameters

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## **SPI DMA Driver**

| handle | SPI DMA handle pointer. |
|--------|-------------------------|
|--------|-------------------------|

# 25.3.4.4 status\_t SPI\_MasterTransferGetCountDMA ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count )

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address. |
|--------|------------------------------|
| handle | SPI DMA handle pointer.      |
| count  | Transferred bytes.           |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SPI_Success               | Succeed get the transfer count.                                |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress. |

# 25.3.4.5 static void SPI\_SlaveTransferCreateHandleDMA ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_dma\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData, dma\_handle\_t \* txHandle, dma\_handle\_t \* rxHandle ) [inline], [static]

This function initializes the SPI slave DMA handle which can be used for other SPI master transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified SPI instance, user need only call this API once to get the initialized handle.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | SPI peripheral base address.  |
|----------|---|
| handle   | SPI handle pointer.   |
| callback | User callback function called at the end of a transfer.                       |
| userData | User data for callback.   |
| txHandle | DMA handle pointer for SPI Tx, the handle shall be static allocated by users. |
| rxHandle | DMA handle pointer for SPI Rx, the handle shall be static allocated by users. |

# 25.3.4.6 static status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferDMA ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_transfer\_t \* xfer ) [inline], [static]

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# Note

This interface returned immediately after transfer initiates, users should call SPI\_GetTransferStatus to poll the transfer status to check whether SPI transfer finished.

## **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address.       |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| handle | SPI DMA handle pointer.            |
| xfer   | Pointer to dma transfer structure. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start a transfer.                |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Input argument is invalid.                    |
| kStatus_SPI_Busy        | SPI is not idle, is running another transfer. |

# 25.3.4.7 static void SPI\_SlaveTransferAbortDMA ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address. |
|--------|------------------------------|
| handle | SPI DMA handle pointer.      |

# 25.3.4.8 static status\_t SPI\_SlaveTransferGetCountDMA ( SPI\_Type \* base, spi\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, size\_t \* count ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | SPI peripheral base address. |
|--------|------------------------------|
| handle | SPI DMA handle pointer.      |
| count  | Transferred bytes.           |

# Return values

# SPI DMA Driver

| kStatus_SPI_Success Succeed get the transfer count. |  |
|---|--|
| kStatus_NoTransferIn-                               | There is not a non-blocking transaction currently in progress. |
| Progress  |  |

#### 25.4 **SPI FreeRTOS driver**

# 25.4.1 Overview

This section describes the programming interface of the SPI FreeRTOS driver.

# **SPI RTOS Operation**

- status\_t SPI\_RTOS\_Init (spi\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle, SPI\_Type \*base, const spi\_master\_config\_t \*masterConfig, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz) Initializes SPI.
- status\_t SPI\_RTOS\_Deinit (spi\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle) Deinitializes the SPI.
- status\_t SPI\_RTOS\_Transfer (spi\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle, spi\_transfer\_t \*transfer) Performs SPI transfer.

# 25.4.2 Function Documentation

#### 25.4.2.1 status\_t SPI\_RTOS\_Init ( spi\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle, SPI\_Type \* base, const spi\_master\_config\_t \* masterConfig, uint32 t srcClock\_Hz )

This function initializes the SPI module and related RTOS context.

#### **Parameters**

| handle       | The RTOS SPI handle, the pointer to an allocated space for RTOS context. |
|--------------|--|
| base         | The pointer base address of the SPI instance to initialize.              |
| masterConfig | Configuration structure to set-up SPI in master mode.                    |
| srcClock_Hz  | Frequency of input clock of the SPI module.                              |

#### Returns

status of the operation.

# 25.4.2.2 status t SPI RTOS Deinit (spi rtos handle t \* handle )

This function deinitializes the SPI module and related RTOS context.

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# **SPI FreeRTOS driver**

# Parameters

| handle | The RTOS SPI handle. |
|--------|----------------------|
|--------|----------------------|

# 25.4.2.3 status\_t SPI\_RTOS\_Transfer ( spi\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle, spi\_transfer\_t \* transfer )

This function performs an SPI transfer according to data given in the transfer structure.

# Parameters

| handle   | The RTOS SPI handle.                          |
|----------|---|
| transfer | Structure specifying the transfer parameters. |

# Returns

status of the operation.

# Chapter 26 TPM: Timer PWM Module

# 26.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver for the Timer PWM Module (TPM) of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

The TPM driver supports the generation of PWM signals, input capture, and output compare modes. On some SoCs, the driver supports the generation of combined PWM signals, dual-edge capture, and quadrature decoder modes. The driver also supports configuring each of the TPM fault inputs. The fault input is available only on some SoCs.

The function TPM\_Init() initializes the TPM with a specified configurations. The function TPM\_Get-DefaultConfig() gets the default configurations. On some SoCs, the initialization function issues a software reset to reset the TPM internal logic. The initialization function configures the TPM's behavior when it receives a trigger input and its operation in doze and debug modes.

The function TPM\_Deinit() disables the TPM counter and turns off the module clock.

The function TPM\_SetupPwm() sets up TPM channels for the PWM output. The function can set up the PWM signal properties for multiple channels. Each channel has its own tpm\_chnl\_pwm\_signal\_param\_t structure that is used to specify the output signals duty cycle and level-mode. However, the same PWM period and PWM mode is applied to all channels requesting a PWM output. The signal duty cycle is provided as a percentage of the PWM period. Its value should be between 0 and 100 where 0=inactive signal (0% duty cycle) and 100=always active signal (100% duty cycle). When generating a combined PWM signal, the channel number passed refers to a channel pair number, for example 0 refers to channel 0 and 1, 1 refers to channels 2 and 3.

The function TPM\_UpdatePwmDutycycle() updates the PWM signal duty cycle of a particular TPM channel

The function TPM\_UpdateChnlEdgeLevelSelect() updates the level select bits of a particular TPM channel. This can be used to disable the PWM output when making changes to the PWM signal.

The function TPM\_SetupInputCapture() sets up a TPM channel for input capture. The user can specify the capture edge.

The function TPM\_SetupDualEdgeCapture() can be used to measure the pulse width of a signal. This is available only for certain SoCs. A channel pair is used during the capture with the input signal coming through a channel that can be configured. The user can specify the capture edge for each channel and any filter value to be used when processing the input signal.

The function TPM\_SetupOutputCompare() sets up a TPM channel for output comparison. The user can specify the channel output on a successful comparison and a comparison value.

The function TPM\_SetupQuadDecode() sets up TPM channels 0 and 1 for quad decode, which is available only for certain SoCs. The user can specify the quad decode mode, polarity, and filter properties for each

# Typical use case

input signal.

The function TPM\_SetupFault() sets up the properties for each fault, which is available only for certain SoCs. The user can specify the fault polarity and whether to use a filter on a fault input. The overall fault filter value and fault control mode are set up during initialization.

Provides functions to get and clear the TPM status.

Provides functions to enable/disable TPM interrupts and get current enabled interrupts.

# 26.2 Typical use case

# 26.2.1 PWM output

Output the PWM signal on 2 TPM channels with different duty cycles. Periodically update the PWM signal duty cycle.

```
int main (void)
   bool brightnessUp = true; /* Indicates whether the LED is brighter or dimmer. */
   tpm_config_t tpmInfo;
   uint8_t updatedDutycycle = 0U;
   tpm_chnl_pwm_signal_param_t tpmParam[2];
   /\star Configures the TPM parameters with frequency 24 kHZ. \star/
   tpmParam[0].chnlNumber = (tpm_chnl_t)BOARD_FIRST_TPM_CHANNEL;
   tpmParam[0].level = kTPM LowTrue;
   tpmParam[0].dutyCyclePercent = 0U;
   tpmParam[1].chnlNumber = (tpm_chnl_t)BOARD_SECOND_TPM_CHANNEL;
   tpmParam[1].level = kTPM_LowTrue;
   tpmParam[1].dutyCyclePercent = 0U;
    /* Board pin, clock, and debug console initialization. */
   BOARD_InitHardware();
   TPM_GetDefaultConfig(&tpmInfo);
    /* Initializes the TPM module. */
   TPM_Init (BOARD_TPM_BASEADDR, &tpmInfo);
    TPM_SetupPwm(BOARD_TPM_BASEADDR, tpmParam, 2U,
     kTPM_EdgeAlignedPwm, 24000U, TPM_SOURCE_CLOCK);
    TPM_StartTimer(BOARD_TPM_BASEADDR, kTPM_SystemClock);
   while (1)
        /\star Delays to see the change of LED brightness. \star/
        delay();
        if (brightnessUp)
            /* Increases a duty cycle until it reaches a limited value. */
            if (++updatedDutycycle == 100U)
                brightnessUp = false;
        }
        else
            /* Decreases a duty cycle until it reaches a limited value. */
            if (--updatedDutycycle == 0U)
            {
                brightnessUp = true;
```

# **Data Structures**

- struct tpm\_chnl\_pwm\_signal\_param\_t

  Options to configure a TPM channel's PWM signal. More...

   struct tpm\_config\_t
- struct tpm\_config\_t

  TPM config structure. More...

# **Enumerations**

```
enum tpm_chnl_t {
 kTPM_Chnl_0 = 0U,
 kTPM_Chnl_1,
 kTPM Chnl 2,
 kTPM_Chnl_3,
 kTPM_Chnl_4,
 kTPM_Chnl_5,
 kTPM_Chnl_6,
 kTPM Chnl 7 }
    List of TPM channels.
enum tpm_pwm_mode_t {
 kTPM EdgeAlignedPwm = 0U,
 kTPM CenterAlignedPwm }
    TPM PWM operation modes.
enum tpm_pwm_level_select_t {
 kTPM_NoPwmSignal = 0U,
 kTPM LowTrue,
 kTPM_HighTrue }
    TPM PWM output pulse mode: high-true, low-true or no output.
• enum tpm_trigger_select_t
    Trigger options available.
enum tpm_output_compare_mode_t {
 kTPM_NoOutputSignal = (1U << TPM_CnSC_MSA_SHIFT),
 kTPM_ToggleOnMatch = ((1U << TPM_CnSC_MSA_SHIFT) | (1U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_S-
 HIFT)),
 kTPM ClearOnMatch = ((1U << TPM CnSC MSA SHIFT) | (2U << TPM CnSC ELSA SH-
 IFT)),
 kTPM_SetOnMatch = ((1U << TPM_CnSC_MSA_SHIFT) | (3U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_SHIF-
 T)),
 kTPM_HighPulseOutput = ((3U << TPM_CnSC_MSA_SHIFT) | (1U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_-
```

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# Typical use case

```
SHIFT)),
 kTPM_LowPulseOutput = ((3U << TPM_CnSC_MSA_SHIFT) | (2U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_S-
    TPM output compare modes.
enum tpm_input_capture_edge_t {
 kTPM RisingEdge = (1U << TPM CnSC ELSA SHIFT),
 kTPM_FallingEdge = (2U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_SHIFT),
 kTPM_RiseAndFallEdge = (3U << TPM_CnSC_ELSA_SHIFT) }
    TPM input capture edge.
enum tpm_clock_source_t {
 kTPM_SystemClock = 1U,
 kTPM_ExternalClock }
    TPM clock source selection.
enum tpm_clock_prescale_t {
  kTPM_Prescale_Divide_1 = 0U,
 kTPM_Prescale_Divide_2,
 kTPM_Prescale_Divide_4,
 kTPM_Prescale_Divide_8,
 kTPM Prescale Divide 16,
 kTPM_Prescale_Divide_32,
 kTPM_Prescale_Divide_64,
 kTPM Prescale Divide 128 }
    TPM prescale value selection for the clock source.
enum tpm_interrupt_enable_t {
 kTPM_Chnl0InterruptEnable = (1U << 0),
 kTPM_Chnl1InterruptEnable = (1U << 1),
 kTPM_Chnl2InterruptEnable = (1U << 2),
 kTPM Chnl3InterruptEnable = (1U \ll 3),
 kTPM_Chnl4InterruptEnable = (1U << 4),
 kTPM_Chnl5InterruptEnable = (1U << 5),
 kTPM Chnl6InterruptEnable = (1U << 6),
 kTPM_Chnl7InterruptEnable = (1U << 7),
 kTPM\_TimeOverflowInterruptEnable = (1U << 8)
    List of TPM interrupts.
enum tpm_status_flags_t {
  kTPM Chnl0Flag = (1U << 0),
 kTPM_Chnl1Flag = (1U \ll 1),
 kTPM_Chnl2Flag = (1U << 2),
 kTPM Chnl3Flag = (1U \ll 3),
 kTPM Chnl4Flag = (1U \ll 4),
 kTPM_Chnl5Flag = (1U << 5),
 kTPM_Chnl6Flag = (1U << 6),
 kTPM_Chnl7Flag = (1U << 7),
 kTPM TimeOverflowFlag = (1U << 8)}
    List of TPM flags.
```

# **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_TPM\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 0, 2)) *Version 2.0.2.* 

# Initialization and deinitialization

- void TPM\_Init (TPM\_Type \*base, const tpm\_config\_t \*config)
  - *Ungates the TPM clock and configures the peripheral for basic operation.*
- void TPM\_Deinit (TPM\_Type \*base)

Stops the counter and gates the TPM clock.

void TPM\_GetDefaultConfig (tpm\_config\_t \*config)

Fill in the TPM config struct with the default settings.

# **Channel mode operations**

- status\_t TPM\_SetupPwm (TPM\_Type \*base, const tpm\_chnl\_pwm\_signal\_param\_t \*chnlParams, uint8\_t numOfChnls, tpm\_pwm\_mode\_t mode, uint32\_t pwmFreq\_Hz, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz)

  Configures the PWM signal parameters.
- void TPM\_UpdatePwmDutycycle (TPM\_Type \*base, tpm\_chnl\_t chnlNumber, tpm\_pwm\_mode\_t currentPwmMode, uint8\_t dutyCyclePercent)

Update the duty cycle of an active PWM signal.

- void TPM\_UpdateChnlEdgeLevelSelect (TPM\_Type \*base, tpm\_chnl\_t chnlNumber, uint8\_t level)

  Update the edge level selection for a channel.
- void TPM\_SetupInputCapture (TPM\_Type \*base, tpm\_chnl\_t chnlNumber, tpm\_input\_capture\_edge t captureMode)

Enables capturing an input signal on the channel using the function parameters.

• void TPM\_SetupOutputCompare (TPM\_Type \*base, tpm\_chnl\_t chnlNumber, tpm\_output\_compare\_mode\_t compareMode, uint32\_t compareValue)

Configures the TPM to generate timed pulses.

# **Interrupt Interface**

• void TPM\_EnableInterrupts (TPM\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Enables the selected TPM interrupts.

• void TPM\_DisableInterrupts (TPM\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)

Disables the selected TPM interrupts.

• uint32\_t TPM\_GetEnabledInterrupts (TPM\_Type \*base)

Gets the enabled TPM interrupts.

# **Status Interface**

• static uint32\_t TPM\_GetStatusFlags (TPM\_Type \*base)

Gets the TPM status flags.

• static void TPM\_ClearStatusFlags (TPM\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Clears the TPM status flags.

# Read and write the timer period

• static void TPM\_SetTimerPeriod (TPM\_Type \*base, uint32\_t ticks)

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## **Data Structure Documentation**

Sets the timer period in units of ticks.

• static uint32\_t TPM\_GetCurrentTimerCount (TPM\_Type \*base)

Reads the current timer counting value.

# **Timer Start and Stop**

- static void TPM\_StartTimer (TPM\_Type \*base, tpm\_clock\_source\_t clockSource) Starts the TPM counter.
- static void TPM\_StopTimer (TPM\_Type \*base) Stops the TPM counter.

# 26.3 Data Structure Documentation

# 26.3.1 struct tpm\_chnl\_pwm\_signal\_param\_t

## **Data Fields**

- tpm\_chnl\_t chnlNumber
  - TPM channel to configure.
- tpm\_pwm\_level\_select\_t level
  - PWM output active level select.
- uint8\_t dutyCyclePercent

PWM pulse width, value should be between 0 to 100 0=inactive signal(0% duty cycle)...

#### 26.3.1.0.0.42 Field Documentation

# 26.3.1.0.0.42.1 tpm\_chnl\_t tpm\_chnl\_pwm\_signal\_param\_t::chnlNumber

In combined mode (available in some SoC's, this represents the channel pair number

# 26.3.1.0.0.42.2 uint8\_t tpm\_chnl\_pwm\_signal\_param\_t::dutyCyclePercent

100=always active signal (100% duty cycle)

# 26.3.2 struct tpm\_config\_t

This structure holds the configuration settings for the TPM peripheral. To initialize this structure to reasonable defaults, call the TPM\_GetDefaultConfig() function and pass a pointer to your config structure instance.

The config struct can be made const so it resides in flash

# **Data Fields**

- tpm\_clock\_prescale\_t prescale Select TPM clock prescale value.
- bool useGlobalTimeBase

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# **Enumeration Type Documentation**

true: Use of an external global time base is enabled; false: disabled

• tpm\_trigger\_select\_t triggerSelect

Input trigger to use for controlling the counter operation.

bool enableDoze

true: TPM counter is paused in doze mode; false: TPM counter continues in doze mode

bool enableDebugMode

true: TPM counter continues in debug mode; false: TPM counter is paused in debug mode

bool enableReloadOnTrigger

true: TPM counter is reloaded on trigger; false: TPM counter not reloaded

• bool enableStopOnOverflow

true: TPM counter stops after overflow; false: TPM counter continues running after overflow

bool enableStartOnTrigger

true: TPM counter only starts when a trigger is detected; false: TPM counter starts immediately

# 26.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 26.4.1 enum tpm\_chnl\_t

Note

Actual number of available channels is SoC dependent

#### Enumerator

```
kTPM_Chnl_0 TPM channel number 0.
kTPM_Chnl_1 TPM channel number 1.
kTPM_Chnl_2 TPM channel number 2.
kTPM_Chnl_3 TPM channel number 3.
kTPM_Chnl_4 TPM channel number 4.
kTPM_Chnl_5 TPM channel number 5.
kTPM_Chnl_6 TPM channel number 6.
kTPM_Chnl_7 TPM channel number 7.
```

# 26.4.2 enum tpm\_pwm\_mode\_t

# Enumerator

```
kTPM_EdgeAlignedPwm Edge aligned PWM.
kTPM_CenterAlignedPwm Center aligned PWM.
```

# 26.4.3 enum tpm\_pwm\_level\_select\_t

#### Enumerator

kTPM\_NoPwmSignal No PWM output on pin.

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# **Enumeration Type Documentation**

*kTPM\_LowTrue* Low true pulses. *kTPM\_HighTrue* High true pulses.

# 26.4.4 enum tpm\_trigger\_select\_t

This is used for both internal & external trigger sources (external option available in certain SoC's)

Note

The actual trigger options available is SoC-specific.

# 26.4.5 enum tpm\_output\_compare\_mode\_t

## Enumerator

kTPM\_NoOutputSignal No channel output when counter reaches CnV.

*kTPM\_ToggleOnMatch* Toggle output.

kTPM\_ClearOnMatch Clear output.

*kTPM\_SetOnMatch* Set output.

kTPM\_HighPulseOutput Pulse output high.

kTPM LowPulseOutput Pulse output low.

# 26.4.6 enum tpm\_input\_capture\_edge\_t

#### Enumerator

kTPM\_RisingEdge Capture on rising edge only.

kTPM\_FallingEdge Capture on falling edge only.

kTPM\_RiseAndFallEdge Capture on rising or falling edge.

# 26.4.7 enum tpm\_clock\_source\_t

#### Enumerator

kTPM\_SystemClock System clock.kTPM ExternalClock External clock.

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# 26.4.8 enum tpm\_clock\_prescale\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_1 Divide by 1.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_2 Divide by 2.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_4 Divide by 4.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_8 Divide by 8.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_16 Divide by 16.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_32 Divide by 32.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_64 Divide by 64.
kTPM_Prescale_Divide_128 Divide by 128.
```

# 26.4.9 enum tpm\_interrupt\_enable\_t

## Enumerator

```
    kTPM_Chnl0InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl1InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl2InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl3InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl4InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl5InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl6InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl7InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl7InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl7InterruptEnable
    kTPM_Chnl7InterruptEnable
    channel 5 interrupt.
    channel 6 interrupt.
    channel 7 interrupt.
    channel 7 interrupt.
```

# 26.4.10 enum tpm\_status\_flags\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kTPM_Chnl1Flag Channel 0 flag.
kTPM_Chnl1Flag Channel 1 flag.
kTPM_Chnl2Flag Channel 2 flag.
kTPM_Chnl3Flag Channel 3 flag.
kTPM_Chnl4Flag Channel 4 flag.
kTPM_Chnl5Flag Channel 5 flag.
kTPM_Chnl6Flag Channel 6 flag.
kTPM_Chnl7Flag Channel 7 flag.
kTPM_TimeOverflowFlag Time overflow flag.
```

# 26.5 Function Documentation

```
26.5.1 void TPM_Init ( TPM_Type * base, const tpm_config_t * config )
```

Note

This API should be called at the beginning of the application using the TPM driver.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | TPM peripheral base address             |
|--------|---|
| config | Pointer to user's TPM config structure. |

# 26.5.2 void TPM\_Deinit ( TPM\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | TPM peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|
|------|-----------------------------|

# 26.5.3 void TPM\_GetDefaultConfig(tpm\_config\_t \* config)

The default values are:

```
* config->prescale = kTPM_Prescale_Divide_1;
* config->useGlobalTimeBase = false;
* config->dozeEnable = false;
* config->dbgMode = false;
* config->enableReloadOnTrigger = false;
* config->enableStopOnOverflow = false;
* config->enableStartOnTrigger = false;
* config->enableStartOnTrigger = false;
* #if FSL_FEATURE_TPM_HAS_PAUSE_COUNTER_ON_TRIGGER
* config->enablePauseOnTrigger = false;
*#endif
* config->triggerSelect = kTPM_Trigger_Select_0;
*#if FSL_FEATURE_TPM_HAS_EXTERNAL_TRIGGER_SELECTION
* config->triggerSource = kTPM_TriggerSource_External;
*#endif
*
```

#### **Parameters**

config Pointer to user's TPM config structure.

# 

User calls this function to configure the PWM signals period, mode, dutycycle and edge. Use this function to configure all the TPM channels that will be used to output a PWM signal

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#### **Parameters**

| base        | TPM peripheral base address   |
|-------------|---|
| chnlParams  | Array of PWM channel parameters to configure the channel(s)                     |
| numOfChnls  | Number of channels to configure, this should be the size of the array passed in |
| mode        | PWM operation mode, options available in enumeration tpm_pwm_mode_t             |
| pwmFreq_Hz  | PWM signal frequency in Hz  |
| srcClock_Hz | TPM counter clock in Hz   |

## Returns

kStatus\_Success if the PWM setup was successful, kStatus\_Error on failure

# 26.5.5 void TPM\_UpdatePwmDutycycle ( TPM\_Type \* base, tpm\_chnl\_t chnlNumber, tpm\_pwm\_mode\_t currentPwmMode, uint8\_t dutyCyclePercent )

## **Parameters**

| base                  | TPM peripheral base address  |
|-----------------------|--|
| chnlNumber            | The channel number. In combined mode, this represents the channel pair number  |
| currentPwm-<br>Mode   | The current PWM mode set during PWM setup  |
| dutyCycle-<br>Percent | New PWM pulse width, value should be between 0 to 100 0=inactive signal(0% duty cycle) 100=active signal (100% duty cycle) |

# 26.5.6 void TPM\_UpdateChnlEdgeLevelSelect ( TPM\_Type \* base, tpm\_chnl\_t chnlNumber, uint8\_t level )

# Parameters

| base | TPM peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|

| chnlNumber | The channel number   |
|------------|--|
| level      |  |
|            | appropriate SoC reference manual for details about this field. |

# 26.5.7 void TPM\_SetupInputCapture ( TPM\_Type \* base, tpm\_chnl\_t chnlNumber, tpm\_input\_capture\_edge\_t captureMode )

When the edge specified in the captureMode argument occurs on the channel, the TPM counter is captured into the CnV register. The user has to read the CnV register separately to get this value.

## **Parameters**

| base        | TPM peripheral base address     |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| chnlNumber  | The channel number              |
| captureMode | Specifies which edge to capture |

# 26.5.8 void TPM\_SetupOutputCompare ( TPM\_Type \* base, tpm\_chnl\_t chnlNumber, tpm\_output\_compare\_mode\_t compareMode, uint32\_t compareValue )

When the TPM counter matches the value of compareVal argument (this is written into CnV reg), the channel output is changed based on what is specified in the compareMode argument.

#### **Parameters**

| base         | TPM peripheral base address  |
|--------------|--|
| chnlNumber   | The channel number   |
| compareMode  | Action to take on the channel output when the compare condition is met |
| compareValue | Value to be programmed in the CnV register.                            |

# 26.5.9 void TPM\_EnableInterrupts ( TPM\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

| base | TPM peripheral base address  |
|------|--|
|      | The interrupts to enable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration tpminterrupt_enable_t |

# 26.5.10 void TPM\_DisableInterrupts ( TPM\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

#### **Parameters**

| base | TPM peripheral base address   |
|------|---|
| mask | The interrupts to disable. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration tpm |
|      | interrupt_enable_t  |

# 26.5.11 uint32\_t TPM\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( TPM\_Type \* base )

#### **Parameters**

| base | TPM peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|
|------|-----------------------------|

#### Returns

The enabled interrupts. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration tpm\_interrupt\_enable\_t

# 26.5.12 static uint32\_t TPM\_GetStatusFlags ( TPM\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

# Parameters

| base | TPM peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|

# Returns

The status flags. This is the logical OR of members of the enumeration tpm\_status\_flags\_t

# 26.5.13 static void TPM\_ClearStatusFlags ( TPM\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base | TPM peripheral base address   |
|------|---|
| mask | The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration tpmstatus_flags_t |

# 26.5.14 static void TPM\_SetTimerPeriod ( TPM\_Type \* base, uint32\_t ticks ) [inline], [static]

Timers counts from 0 until it equals the count value set here. The count value is written to the MOD register.

#### Note

- 1. This API allows the user to use the TPM module as a timer. Do not mix usage of this API with TPM's PWM setup API's.
- 2. Call the utility macros provided in the fsl\_common.h to convert usec or msec to ticks.

#### **Parameters**

| base  | TPM peripheral base address  |
|-------|--|
| ticks | A timer period in units of ticks, which should be equal or greater than 1. |

# 26.5.15 static uint32\_t TPM\_GetCurrentTimerCount ( TPM\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the real-time timer counting value in a range from 0 to a timer period.

# Note

Call the utility macros provided in the fsl\_common.h to convert ticks to usec or msec.

# Parameters

| base | TPM peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|

#### Returns

The current counter value in ticks

26.5.16 static void TPM\_StartTimer ( TPM\_Type \* base, tpm\_clock\_source\_t clockSource ) [inline], [static]

# Parameters

| base        | TPM peripheral base address   |
|-------------|---|
| clockSource | TPM clock source; once clock source is set the counter will start running |

# 26.5.17 static void TPM\_StopTimer ( TPM\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

# Parameters

| base | TPM peripheral base address |
|------|-----------------------------|
|------|-----------------------------|

**Chapter 27 TSI: Touch Sensing Input** 

# 27.1 Overview

# **Modules**

• TSIv4 Driver

## **TSIv4 Driver**

# 27.2 TSIv4 Driver

# 27.2.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides driver for the Touch Sensing Input (TSI) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

# 27.2.2 Typical use case

# 27.2.2.1 TSI Operation

# **Data Structures**

- struct tsi\_calibration\_data\_t

  TSI calibration data storage. More...
- struct tsi\_config\_t

TSI configuration structure. More...

#### **Macros**

- #define ALL\_FLAGS\_MASK (TSI\_GENCS\_EOSF\_MASK | TSI\_GENCS\_OUTRGF\_MASK)

  TSI status flags macro collection.
- #define TSI\_V4\_EXTCHRG\_RESISTOR\_BIT\_SHIFT TSI\_GENCS\_EXTCHRG\_SHIFT resistor bit shift in EXTCHRG bit-field
- #define TSI\_V4\_EXTCHRG\_FILTER\_BITS\_SHIFT (1U + TSI\_GENCS\_EXTCHRG\_SHIFT)
   filter bits shift in EXTCHRG bit-field
- #define TSI\_V4\_EXTCHRG\_RESISTOR\_BIT\_CLEAR ((uint32\_t)((~(ALL\_FLAGS\_MASK | T-SI\_GENCS\_EXTCHRG\_MASK)) | (3U << TSI\_V4\_EXTCHRG\_FILTER\_BITS\_SHIFT)))</li>
   macro of clearing the resistor bit in EXTCHRG bit-field
- #define TSI\_V4\_EXTCHRG\_FILTER\_BITS\_CLEAR ((uint32\_t)((~(ALL\_FLAGS\_MASK | TS-I\_GENCS\_EXTCHRG\_MASK)) | (1U << TSI\_V4\_EXTCHRG\_RESISTOR\_BIT\_SHIFT)))</li>
   macro of clearing the filter bits in EXTCHRG bit-field

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# **Enumerations**

```
• enum tsi_n_consecutive_scans_t {
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 1time = 0U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 2time = 1U.
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_3time = 2U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 4time = 3U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 5time = 4U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 6time = 5U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_7time = 6U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_8time = 7U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 9time = 8U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 10time = 9U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_11time = 10U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 12time = 11U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 13time = 12U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_14time = 13U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_15time = 14U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 16time = 15U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 17time = 16U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 18time = 17U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_19time = 18U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 20time = 19U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 21time = 20U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_22time = 21U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 23time = 22U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 24time = 23U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 25time = 24U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_26time = 25U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_27time = 26U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 28time = 27U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 29time = 28U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_30time = 29U,
 kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_31time = 30U,
 kTSI ConsecutiveScansNumber 32time = 31U }
    TSI number of scan intervals for each electrode.
enum tsi_electrode_osc_prescaler_t {
 kTSI ElecOscPrescaler 1div = 0U,
 kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_2div = 1U,
 kTSI ElecOscPrescaler 4div = 2U,
 kTSI ElecOscPrescaler 8div = 3U,
 kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_16div = 4U,
 kTSI ElecOscPrescaler 32div = 5U,
 kTSI ElecOscPrescaler 64div = 6U,
 kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_128div = 7U }
```

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## **TSIv4 Driver**

```
TSI electrode oscillator prescaler.
enum tsi_analog_mode_t {
  kTSI\_AnalogModeSel\_Capacitive = 0U,
  kTSI_AnalogModeSel_NoiseNoFreqLim = 4U,
 kTSI AnalogModeSel NoiseFreqLim = 8U,
 kTSI_AnalogModeSel_AutoNoise = 12U }
    TSI analog mode select.
enum tsi_reference_osc_charge_current_t {
  kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_500nA = 0U,
 kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_1uA = 1U,
 kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_2uA = 2U,
 kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_4uA = 3U,
 kTSI RefOscChargeCurrent 8uA = 4U,
 kTSI RefOscChargeCurrent 16uA = 5U,
 kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_32uA = 6U,
 kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_64uA = 7U }
    TSI Reference oscillator charge and discharge current select.
enum tsi_osc_voltage_rails_t {
  kTSI_OscVolRailsOption_0 = 0U,
  kTSI_OscVolRailsOption_1 = 1U,
 kTSI_OscVolRailsOption_2 = 2U,
 kTSI OscVolRailsOption 3 = 3U }
    TSI oscilator's voltage rails.
enum tsi_external_osc_charge_current_t {
  kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_500nA = 0U,
 kTSI ExtOscChargeCurrent 1uA = 1U,
 kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_2uA = 2U,
 kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_4uA = 3U,
 kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_8uA = 4U,
 kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_16uA = 5U,
 kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_32uA = 6U,
 kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_64uA = 7U }
    TSI External oscillator charge and discharge current select.
enum tsi_series_resistor_t {
  kTSI SeriesResistance 32k = 0U,
 kTSI_SeriesResistance_187k = 1U }
    TSI series resistance RS value select.
enum tsi_filter_bits_t {
  kTSI_FilterBits_3 = 0U,
 kTSI FilterBits 2 = 1U,
 kTSI_FilterBits_1 = 2U,
  kTSI_FilterBits_0 = 3U }
    TSI series filter bits select.
enum tsi_status_flags_t {
  kTSI_EndOfScanFlag = TSI_GENCS_EOSF_MASK,
  kTSI_OutOfRangeFlag = TSI_GENCS_OUTRGF_MASK }
```

```
TSI status flags.
   • enum tsi interrupt enable t {
      kTSI_GlobalInterruptEnable = 1U,
     kTSI_OutOfRangeInterruptEnable = 2U,
     kTSI EndOfScanInterruptEnable = 4U }
         TSI feature interrupt source.
Functions
    • void TSI_Init (TSI_Type *base, const tsi_config_t *config)
         Initializes hardware.
   • void TSI Deinit (TSI Type *base)
         De-initializes hardware.

    void TSI_GetNormalModeDefaultConfig (tsi_config_t *userConfig)

         Gets the TSI normal mode user configuration structure.

    void TSI_GetLowPowerModeDefaultConfig (tsi_config_t *userConfig)

         Gets the TSI low power mode default user configuration structure.
    • void TSI_Calibrate (TSI_Type *base, tsi_calibration_data_t *calBuff)
         Hardware calibration.
    • void TSI_EnableInterrupts (TSI_Type *base, uint32_t mask)
         Enables the TSI interrupt requests.
    • void TSI DisableInterrupts (TSI Type *base, uint32 t mask)
         Disables the TSI interrupt requests.
    • static uint32_t TSI_GetStatusFlags (TSI_Type *base)
         Gets an interrupt flag.
    • void TSI ClearStatusFlags (TSI Type *base, uint32 t mask)
         Clears the interrupt flag.
   • static uint32 t TSI GetScanTriggerMode (TSI Type *base)
         Gets the TSI scan trigger mode.
    • static bool TSI IsScanInProgress (TSI Type *base)
         Gets the scan in progress flag.
   • static void TSI_SetElectrodeOSCPrescaler (TSI_Type *base, tsi_electrode_osc_prescaler_-
      t prescaler)
         Sets the prescaler.
    • static void TSI_SetNumberOfScans (TSI_Type *base, tsi_n_consecutive_scans_t number)
         Sets the number of scans (NSCN).
    • static void TSI_EnableModule (TSI_Type *base, bool enable)
         Enables/disables the TSI module.
    • static void TSI_EnableLowPower (TSI_Type *base, bool enable)
         Sets the TSI low power STOP mode as enabled or disabled.
    • static void TSI EnableHardwareTriggerScan (TSI Type *base, bool enable)
         Enables/disables the hardware trigger scan.
   • static void TSI_StartSoftwareTrigger (TSI_Type *base)
         Starts a software trigger measurement (triggers a new measurement).
    • static void TSI SetMeasuredChannelNumber (TSI Type *base, uint8 t channel)
```

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Sets the the measured channel number.

Gets the current measured channel number.

• static uint8 t TSI GetMeasuredChannelNumber (TSI Type \*base)

• static void TSI\_EnableDmaTransfer (TSI\_Type \*base, bool enable)

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Enables/disables the DMA transfer.

• static uint16\_t TSI\_GetCounter (TSI\_Type \*base)

Gets the conversion counter value.

• static void TSI\_SetLowThreshold (TSI\_Type \*base, uint16\_t low\_threshold)

Sets the TSI wake-up channel low threshold.

• static void TSI\_SetHighThreshold (TSI\_Type \*base, uint16\_t high\_threshold)

Sets the TSI wake-up channel high threshold.

• static void TSI\_SetAnalogMode (TSI\_Type \*base, tsi\_analog\_mode\_t mode)

Sets the analog mode of the TSI module.

• static uint8\_t TSI\_GetNoiseModeResult (TSI\_Type \*base)

Gets the noise mode result of the TSI module.

static void TSI\_SetReferenceChargeCurrent (TSI\_Type \*base, tsi\_reference\_osc\_charge\_current\_t current)

Sets the reference oscillator charge current.

• static void TSI\_SetElectrodeChargeCurrent (TSI\_Type \*base, tsi\_external\_osc\_charge\_current\_t current)

Sets the external electrode charge current.

- static void TSI\_SetOscVoltageRails (TSI\_Type \*base, tsi\_osc\_voltage\_rails\_t dvolt) Sets the oscillator's voltage rails.
- static void TSI\_SetElectrodeSeriesResistor (TSI\_Type \*base, tsi\_series\_resistor\_t resistor)

  Sets the electrode series resistance value in EXTCHRG[0] bit.
- static void TSI\_SetFilterBits (TSI\_Type \*base, tsi\_filter\_bits\_t filter)

  Sets the electrode filter bits value in EXTCHRG[2:1] bits.

## **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_TSI\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 2)) TSI driver version.

# 27.2.3 Data Structure Documentation

## 27.2.3.1 struct tsi calibration data t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint16\_t calibratedData [FSL\_FEATURE\_TSI\_CHANNEL\_COUNT] TSI calibration data storage buffer.

# 27.2.3.2 struct tsi config t

This structure contains the settings for the most common TSI configurations including the TSI module charge currents, number of scans, thresholds, and so on.

# **Data Fields**

• uint16 t thresh

```
High threshold.
```

• uint16\_t thres1

Low threshold.

• tsi\_reference\_osc\_charge\_current\_t refchrg

Reference charge current.

• tsi\_n\_consecutive\_scans\_t nscn

Number of scans.

• tsi\_analog\_mode\_t mode

TSI mode of operation.

• tsi\_osc\_voltage\_rails\_t dvolt

Oscillator's voltage rails.

• tsi\_series\_resistor\_t resistor

Series resistance value.

• tsi\_filter\_bits\_t filter

Noise mode filter bits.

#### 27.2.3.2.0.43 Field Documentation

27.2.3.2.0.43.1 uint16 t tsi config t::thresh

27.2.3.2.0.43.3 tsi\_n\_consecutive\_scans\_t tsi\_config\_t::nscn

27.2.3.2.0.43.4 tsi\_analog\_mode\_t tsi\_config\_t::mode

27.2.3.2.0.43.5 tsi osc voltage rails t tsi config t::dvolt

## 27.2.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 27.2.4.1 enum tsi n consecutive scans t

These constants define the tsi number of consecutive scans in a TSI instance for each electrode.

## Enumerator

kTSI\_ConsecutiveScansNumber\_1time
kTSI\_ConsecutiveScansNumber\_2time
kTSI\_ConsecutiveScansNumber\_3time
kTSI\_ConsecutiveScansNumber\_4time
kTSI\_ConsecutiveScansNumber\_5time
kTSI\_ConsecutiveScansNumber\_6time
kTSI\_ConsecutiveScansNumber\_7time
times consecutive scan
kTSI\_ConsecutiveScansNumber\_7time
times consecutive scan
kTSI\_ConsecutiveScansNumber\_8time
times consecutive scan
kTSI\_ConsecutiveScansNumber\_9time
times consecutive scan

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| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_11time | 11 times consecutive scan |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_12time | 12 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_13time | 13 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_14time | 14 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_15time | 15 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_16time | 16 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_17time | 17 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_18time | 18 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_19time | 19 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_20time | 20 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_21time | 21 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_22time | 22 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_23time | 23 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_24time | 24 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_25time | 25 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_26time | 26 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_27time | 27 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_28time | 28 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_29time | 29 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_30time | 30 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_31time | 31 times consecutive scan |
| kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_32time | 32 times consecutive scan |

## 27.2.4.2 enum tsi\_electrode\_osc\_prescaler\_t

These constants define the TSI electrode oscillator prescaler in a TSI instance.

#### Enumerator

```
kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_2div
Electrode oscillator frequency divided by 1.
kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_2div
Electrode oscillator frequency divided by 2.
kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_4div
Electrode oscillator frequency divided by 4.
kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_8div
Electrode oscillator frequency divided by 8.
kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_16div
Electrode oscillator frequency divided by 16.
kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_32div
Electrode oscillator frequency divided by 32.
kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_64div
Electrode oscillator frequency divided by 64.
kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_128div
Electrode oscillator frequency divided by 128.
```

## 27.2.4.3 enum tsi\_analog\_mode\_t

Set up TSI analog modes in a TSI instance.

#### Enumerator

kTSI\_AnalogModeSel\_Capacitive Active TSI capacitive sensing mode.

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- **kTSI\_AnalogModeSel\_NoiseNoFreqLim** Single threshold noise detection mode with no freq. limitation.
- kTSI\_AnalogModeSel\_NoiseFreqLim Single threshold noise detection mode with freq. limitation.
- kTSI\_AnalogModeSel\_AutoNoise Active TSI analog in automatic noise detection mode.

## 27.2.4.4 enum tsi\_reference\_osc\_charge\_current\_t

These constants define the TSI Reference oscillator charge current select in a TSI (REFCHRG) instance.

#### Enumerator

```
kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_500nA Reference oscillator charge current is 500 μA.
kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_1uA Reference oscillator charge current is 1 μA.
kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_2uA Reference oscillator charge current is 2 μA.
kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_4uA Reference oscillator charge current is 4 μA.
kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_8uA Reference oscillator charge current is 8 μA.
kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_16uA Reference oscillator charge current is 16 μA.
kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_32uA Reference oscillator charge current is 32 μA.
kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_64uA Reference oscillator charge current is 64 μA.
```

## 27.2.4.5 enum tsi\_osc\_voltage\_rails\_t

These bits indicate the oscillator's voltage rails.

## Enumerator

```
    kTSI_OscVolRailsOption_0
    bVOLT value option 0, the value may differ on different platforms.
    kTSI_OscVolRailsOption_1
    bVOLT value option 1, the value may differ on different platforms.
    bVOLT value option 2, the value may differ on different platforms.
    bVOLT value option 3, the value may differ on different platforms.
```

## 27.2.4.6 enum tsi\_external\_osc\_charge\_current\_t

These bits indicate the electrode oscillator charge and discharge current value in TSI (EXTCHRG) instance.

#### Enumerator

```
kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_500nA External oscillator charge current is 500 \muA. kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_1uA External oscillator charge current is 1 \muA. kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_2uA External oscillator charge current is 2 \muA. kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_4uA External oscillator charge current is 4 \muA.
```

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```
kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_8uA External oscillator charge current is 8 μA.

kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_16uA External oscillator charge current is 16 μA.

kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_32uA External oscillator charge current is 32 μA.

kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_64uA External oscillator charge current is 64 μA.
```

## 27.2.4.7 enum tsi\_series\_resistor\_t

These bits indicate the electrode RS series resistance for the noise mode in TSI (EXTCHRG) instance.

#### Enumerator

```
kTSI_SeriesResistance_32k Series Resistance is 32 kilo ohms. 
kTSI_SeriesResistance_187k Series Resistance is 18 7 kilo ohms.
```

## 27.2.4.8 enum tsi\_filter\_bits\_t

These bits indicate the count of the filter bits in TSI noise mode EXTCHRG[2:1] bits

#### Enumerator

```
kTSI_FilterBits_3 3 filter bits, 8 peaks increments the cnt+1
kTSI_FilterBits_2 2 filter bits, 4 peaks increments the cnt+1
kTSI_FilterBits_1 1 filter bits, 2 peaks increments the cnt+1
kTSI_FilterBits_0 no filter bits, 1 peak increments the cnt+1
```

## 27.2.4.9 enum tsi\_status\_flags\_t

## Enumerator

```
kTSI_EndOfScanFlag End-Of-Scan flag.kTSI_OutOfRangeFlag Out-Of-Range flag.
```

## 27.2.4.10 enum tsi\_interrupt\_enable\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kTSI_GlobalInterruptEnable TSI module global interrupt.kTSI_OutOfRangeInterruptEnable Out-Of-Range interrupt.kTSI_EndOfScanInterruptEnable End-Of-Scan interrupt.
```

## 27.2.5 Function Documentation

## 27.2.5.1 void TSI\_Init ( TSI\_Type \* base, const tsi\_config\_t \* config )

Initializes the peripheral to the targeted state specified by parameter configuration, such as sets prescalers, number of scans, clocks, delta voltage series resistor, filter bits, reference, and electrode charge current and threshold.

## **Parameters**

| base   | TSI peripheral base address.                   |
|--------|--|
| config | Pointer to TSI module configuration structure. |

#### Returns

none

## 27.2.5.2 void TSI\_Deinit ( TSI\_Type \* base )

De-initializes the peripheral to default state.

#### **Parameters**

| base | TSI peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

#### Returns

none

## 27.2.5.3 void TSI\_GetNormalModeDefaultConfig ( tsi\_config\_t \* userConfig )

This interface sets userConfig structure to a default value. The configuration structure only includes the settings for the whole TSI. The user configure is set to these values:

```
userConfig->prescaler = kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_2div;
userConfig->extchrg = kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_500nA;
userConfig->refchrg = kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_4uA;
userConfig->nscn = kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_10time;
userConfig->mode = kTSI_AnalogModeSel_Capacitive;
userConfig->dvolt = kTSI_OscVolRailsOption_0;
userConfig->thresh = 0U;
userConfig->thresl = 0U;
```

#### **Parameters**

| userConfig | Pointer to the TSI user configuration structure. |
|------------|--|
|------------|--|

## 27.2.5.4 void TSI GetLowPowerModeDefaultConfig ( tsi config t \* userConfig )

This interface sets userConfig structure to a default value. The configuration structure only includes the settings for the whole TSI. The user configure is set to these values:

```
userConfig->prescaler = kTSI_ElecOscPrescaler_2div;
userConfig->extchrg = kTSI_ExtOscChargeCurrent_500nA;
userConfig->refchrg = kTSI_RefOscChargeCurrent_4uA;
userConfig->nscn = kTSI_ConsecutiveScansNumber_10time;
userConfig->mode = kTSI_AnalogModeSel_Capacitive;
userConfig->dvolt = kTSI_OscVolRailsOption_0;
userConfig->thresh = 400U;
userConfig->thresl = 0U;
```

#### **Parameters**

| userConfig | Pointer to the TSI user configuration structure. |
|------------|--|
|------------|--|

## 27.2.5.5 void TSI\_Calibrate ( TSI\_Type \* base, tsi\_calibration\_data\_t \* calBuff )

Calibrates the peripheral to fetch the initial counter value of the enabled electrodes. This API is mostly used at initial application setup. Call this function after the TSI\_Init API and use the calibrated counter values to set up applications (such as to determine under which counter value we can confirm a touch event occurs).

## **Parameters**

| base    | TSI peripheral base address.                         |
|---------|--|
| calBuff | Data buffer that store the calibrated counter value. |

#### Returns

none

## 27.2.5.6 void TSI\_EnableInterrupts ( TSI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

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#### **Parameters**

| base | TSI peripheral base address.   |
|------|--|
| mask | <ul> <li>interrupt source The parameter can be combination of the following source if defined:</li> <li>kTSI_GlobalInterruptEnable</li> <li>kTSI_EndOfScanInterruptEnable</li> <li>kTSI_OutOfRangeInterruptEnable</li> </ul> |

## 27.2.5.7 void TSI\_DisableInterrupts ( TSI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

## Parameters

| base | TSI peripheral base address.   |
|------|--|
| mask | <ul> <li>interrupt source The parameter can be combination of the following source if defined:</li> <li>kTSI_GlobalInterruptEnable</li> <li>kTSI_EndOfScanInterruptEnable</li> <li>kTSI_OutOfRangeInterruptEnable</li> </ul> |

## 27.2.5.8 static uint32\_t TSI\_GetStatusFlags ( TSI\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function gets the TSI interrupt flags.

## **Parameters**

| base | TSI peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

## Returns

The mask of these status flags combination.

## 27.2.5.9 void TSI\_ClearStatusFlags ( TSI\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

This function clears the TSI interrupt flag, automatically cleared flags can't be cleared by this function.

#### **Parameters**

| base | TSI peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
| mask | The status flags to clear.   |

## 27.2.5.10 static uint32\_t TSI\_GetScanTriggerMode ( TSI\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base | TSI peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
| base | 151 peripheral base address. |

#### Returns

Scan trigger mode.

## 27.2.5.11 static bool TSI\_IsScanInProgress ( TSI\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base | TSI peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

#### Returns

True - scan is in progress. False - scan is not in progress.

## 27.2.5.12 static void TSI\_SetElectrodeOSCPrescaler ( TSI\_Type \* base, tsi\_electrode\_osc\_prescaler\_t prescaler ) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base      | TSI peripheral base address. |
|-----------|------------------------------|
| prescaler | Prescaler value.             |

## Returns

none.

## 27.2.5.13 static void TSI\_SetNumberOfScans ( TSI\_Type \* base, tsi\_n\_consecutive\_scans\_t number ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | TSI peripheral base address. |
|--------|------------------------------|
| number | Number of scans.             |

## Returns

none.

## 27.2.5.14 static void TSI\_EnableModule ( TSI\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| base   | TSI peripheral base address. |
|--------|------------------------------|
| enable | • true Enable TSI module;    |
|        | false Disable TSI module;    |

## Returns

none.

# 27.2.5.15 static void TSI\_EnableLowPower ( TSI\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This enables the TSI module function in low power modes.

## **Parameters**

| base   | TSI peripheral base address.           |
|--------|--|
| enable | Choose to enable or disable STOP mode. |
|        | • true Enable module in STOP mode;     |
|        | false Disable module in STOP mode;     |
|        |  |

## Returns

none.

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27.2.5.16 static void TSI\_EnableHardwareTriggerScan ( TSI\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | TSI peripheral base address.   |
|--------|--|
| enable | Choose to enable hardware trigger or software trigger scan.  • true Enable hardware trigger scan;  • false Enable software trigger scan; |

Returns

none.

## 27.2.5.17 static void TSI\_StartSoftwareTrigger ( TSI\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

Parameters

| base | TSI peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

Returns

none.

## 27.2.5.18 static void TSI\_SetMeasuredChannelNumber ( TSI\_Type \* base, uint8\_t channel) [inline], [static]

**Parameters** 

| base    | TSI peripheral base address. |
|---------|------------------------------|
| channel | Channel number 0 15.         |

Returns

none.

# 27.2.5.19 static uint8\_t TSI\_GetMeasuredChannelNumber ( TSI\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base | TSI peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

## Returns

uint8\_t Channel number 0 ... 15.

## 27.2.5.20 static void TSI\_EnableDmaTransfer ( TSI\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base   | TSI peripheral base address. |
|--------|------------------------------|
| enable |                              |
|        | true Enable DMA transfer;    |
|        | false Disable DMA transfer;  |
|        |                              |

#### Returns

none.

## 27.2.5.21 static uint16\_t TSI\_GetCounter( TSI\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

## Parameters

| base | TSI peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

## Returns

Accumulated scan counter value ticked by the reference clock.

## 27.2.5.22 static void TSI\_SetLowThreshold ( TSI\_Type \* base, uint16\_t low\_threshold ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base          | TSI peripheral base address. |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| low_threshold | Low counter threshold.       |

#### Returns

none.

## 27.2.5.23 static void TSI\_SetHighThreshold ( TSI\_Type \* base, uint16\_t high\_threshold ) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base           | TSI peripheral base address. |
|----------------|------------------------------|
| high_threshold | High counter threshold.      |

## Returns

none.

## 27.2.5.24 static void TSI\_SetAnalogMode ( TSI\_Type \* base, tsi\_analog\_mode\_t mode ) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base | TSI peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
| mode | Mode value.                  |

#### Returns

none.

## 27.2.5.25 static uint8\_t TSI\_GetNoiseModeResult ( TSI\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

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## **Parameters**

| base | TSI peripheral base address. |
|------|------------------------------|
|------|------------------------------|

## Returns

Value of the GENCS[MODE] bit-fields.

## 27.2.5.26 static void TSI\_SetReferenceChargeCurrent ( TSI\_Type \* base, tsi\_reference\_osc\_charge\_current\_t current ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| base    | TSI peripheral base address.             |
|---------|--|
| current | The reference oscillator charge current. |

#### Returns

none.

## 27.2.5.27 static void TSI\_SetElectrodeChargeCurrent ( TSI\_Type \* base, tsi\_external\_osc\_charge\_current\_t current ) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base    | TSI peripheral base address.       |
|---------|------------------------------------|
| current | External electrode charge current. |

## Returns

none.

# 27.2.5.28 static void TSI\_SetOscVoltageRails ( TSI\_Type \* base, tsi\_osc\_voltage\_rails\_t dvolt ) [inline], [static]

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#### **Parameters**

| base  | TSI peripheral base address. |
|-------|------------------------------|
| dvolt | The voltage rails.           |

#### Returns

none.

# 27.2.5.29 static void TSI\_SetElectrodeSeriesResistor ( TSI\_Type \* base, tsi\_series\_resistor\_t resistor ) [inline], [static]

## Parameters

| base     | TSI peripheral base address. |
|----------|------------------------------|
| resistor | Series resistance.           |

## Returns

none.

# 27.2.5.30 static void TSI\_SetFilterBits ( TSI\_Type \* base, tsi\_filter\_bits\_t filter ) [inline], [static]

## **Parameters**

| base   | TSI peripheral base address. |
|--------|------------------------------|
| filter | Series resistance.           |

## Returns

none.

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## **Chapter 28**

## **UART:** Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter Driver

## 28.1 Overview

## **Modules**

- UART DMA Driver
- UART Driver
- UART FreeRTOS Driver
- UART eDMA Driver

## 28.2 UART Driver

## 28.2.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter (UART) module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

The UART driver includes functional APIs and transactional APIs.

Functional APIs are used for UART initialization/configuration/operation for optimization/customization purpose. Using the functional API requires the knowledge of the UART peripheral and how to organize functional APIs to meet the application requirements. All functional APIs use the peripheral base address as the first parameter. UART functional operation groups provide the functional API set.

Transactional APIs can be used to enable the peripheral quickly and in the application if the code size and performance of transactional APIs can satisfy the requirements. If the code size and performance are critical requirements, see the transactional API implementation and write custom code. All transactional APIs use the uart\_handle\_t as the second parameter. Initialize the handle by calling the UART\_Transfer-CreateHandle() API.

Transactional APIs support asynchronous transfer, which means that the functions UART\_TransferSend-NonBlocking() and UART\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking() set up an interrupt for data transfer. When the transfer completes, the upper layer is notified through a callback function with the kStatus\_UART\_TxIdle and kStatus\_UART\_RxIdle.

Transactional receive APIs support the ring buffer. Prepare the memory for the ring buffer and pass in the start address and size while calling the UART\_TransferCreateHandle(). If passing NULL, the ring buffer feature is disabled. When the ring buffer is enabled, the received data is saved to the ring buffer in the background. The UART\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking() function first gets data from the ring buffer. If the ring buffer does not have enough data, the function first returns the data in the ring buffer and then saves the received data to user memory. When all data is received, the upper layer is informed through a callback with the kStatus\_UART\_RxIdle.

If the receive ring buffer is full, the upper layer is informed through a callback with the kStatus\_UART\_RxRingBufferOverrun. In the callback function, the upper layer reads data out from the ring buffer. If not, existing data is overwritten by the new data.

The ring buffer size is specified when creating the handle. Note that one byte is reserved for the ring buffer maintenance. When creating handle using the following code.

```
UART_TransferCreateHandle(UARTO, &handle, UART_UserCallback, NULL);
```

In this example, the buffer size is 32, but only 31 bytes are used for saving data.

## 28.2.2 Typical use case

## 28.2.2.1 UART Send/receive using a polling method

uint8\_t ch;

```
UART_GetDefaultConfig(&user_config);
user_config.baudRate_Bps = 115200U;
user_config.enableTx = true;
user_config.enableRx = true;

UART_Init(UART1, &user_config, 120000000U);

while(1)
{
    UART_ReadBlocking(UART1, &ch, 1);
    UART_WriteBlocking(UART1, &ch, 1);
}
```

## 28.2.2.2 UART Send/receive using an interrupt method

```
uart_handle_t g_uartHandle;
uart_config_t user_config;
uart_transfer_t sendXfer;
uart_transfer_t receiveXfer;
volatile bool txFinished;
volatile bool rxFinished;
uint8_t sendData[] = ['H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o'];
uint8_t receiveData[32];
void UART_UserCallback(uart_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
   userData = userData;
    if (kStatus_UART_TxIdle == status)
        txFinished = true;
    }
    if (kStatus_UART_RxIdle == status)
        rxFinished = true;
void main(void)
    //...
   UART_GetDefaultConfig(&user_config);
   user_config.baudRate_Bps = 115200U;
   user_config.enableTx = true;
   user_config.enableRx = true;
   UART_Init(UART1, &user_config, 120000000U);
   UART_TransferCreateHandle(UART1, &g_uartHandle, UART_UserCallback, NULL);
    // Prepare to send.
    sendXfer.data = sendData
    sendXfer.dataSize = sizeof(sendData)/sizeof(sendData[0]);
    txFinished = false;
    // Send out.
   UART_TransferSendNonBlocking(&g_uartHandle, &g_uartHandle, &sendXfer);
    // Wait send finished.
    while (!txFinished)
    }
    // Prepare to receive.
```

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```
receiveXfer.data = receiveData;
receiveXfer.dataSize = sizeof(receiveData)/sizeof(receiveData[0]);
rxFinished = false;

// Receive.
UART_TransferReceiveNonBlocking(&g_uartHandle, &g_uartHandle, &
    receiveXfer);

// Wait receive finished.
while (!rxFinished)
{
}

// ...
```

## 28.2.2.3 UART Receive using the ringbuffer feature

```
#define RING_BUFFER_SIZE 64
#define RX_DATA_SIZE
uart_handle_t g_uartHandle;
uart_config_t user_config;
uart_transfer_t sendXfer;
uart_transfer_t receiveXfer;
volatile bool txFinished;
volatile bool rxFinished;
uint8_t receiveData[RX_DATA_SIZE];
uint8_t ringBuffer[RING_BUFFER_SIZE];
void UART_UserCallback(uart_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
{
    userData = userData;
    if (kStatus_UART_RxIdle == status)
        rxFinished = t.rue:
void main (void)
{
    size_t bytesRead;
    UART_GetDefaultConfig(&user_config);
    user_config.baudRate_Bps = 115200U;
    user_config.enableTx = true;
    user_config.enableRx = true;
    UART_Init(UART1, &user_config, 120000000U);
    UART_TransferCreateHandle(UART1, &g_uartHandle, UART_UserCallback, NULL);
    // Now the RX is working in background, receive in to ring buffer.
    // Prepare to receive.
    receiveXfer.data = receiveData;
    receiveXfer.dataSize = RX_DATA_SIZE;
    rxFinished = false;
    // Receive.
    UART_TransferReceiveNonBlocking(UART1, &g_uartHandle, &receiveXfer);
    if (bytesRead = RX_DATA_SIZE) /* Have read enough data. */
    {
```

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## 28.2.2.4 UART Send/Receive using the DMA method

```
uart_handle_t g_uartHandle;
dma_handle_t g_uartTxDmaHandle;
dma_handle_t g_uartRxDmaHandle;
uart_config_t user_config;
uart_transfer_t sendXfer;
uart_transfer_t receiveXfer;
volatile bool txFinished;
volatile bool rxFinished;
uint8_t sendData[] = ['H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o'];
uint8_t receiveData[32];
void UART_UserCallback(uart_handle_t *handle, status_t status, void *userData)
    userData = userData;
    if (kStatus_UART_TxIdle == status)
        txFinished = true;
    if (kStatus_UART_RxIdle == status)
    {
        rxFinished = true;
}
void main (void)
    //...
   UART_GetDefaultConfig(&user_config);
    user_config.baudRate_Bps = 115200U;
    user_config.enableTx = true;
   user_config.enableRx = true;
   UART_Init(UART1, &user_config, 120000000U);
    // Set up the DMA
    DMAMUX_Init(DMAMUX0);
    DMAMUX_SetSource(DMAMUX0, UART_TX_DMA_CHANNEL, UART_TX_DMA_REQUEST);
    DMAMUX_EnableChannel(DMAMUX0, UART_TX_DMA_CHANNEL);
    DMAMUX_SetSource(DMAMUX0, UART_RX_DMA_CHANNEL, UART_RX_DMA_REQUEST);
   DMAMUX_EnableChannel(DMAMUX0, UART_RX_DMA_CHANNEL);
    DMA_Init(DMA0);
```

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```
/* Create DMA handle. */
DMA_CreateHandle(&g_uartTxDmaHandle, DMA0, UART_TX_DMA_CHANNEL);
DMA_CreateHandle(&g_uartRxDmaHandle, DMA0, UART_RX_DMA_CHANNEL);
UART_TransferCreateHandleDMA(UART1, &g_uartHandle, UART_UserCallback, NULL,
   &g_uartTxDmaHandle, &g_uartRxDmaHandle);
// Prepare to send.
sendXfer.data = sendData
sendXfer.dataSize = sizeof(sendData)/sizeof(sendData[0]);
txFinished = false;
// Send out.
UART_TransferSendDMA(UART1, &g_uartHandle, &sendXfer);
// Wait send finished.
while (!txFinished)
// Prepare to receive.
receiveXfer.data = receiveData;
receiveXfer.dataSize = sizeof(receiveData)/sizeof(receiveData[0]);
rxFinished = false;
UART_TransferReceiveDMA(UART1, &g_uartHandle, &receiveXfer);
// Wait receive finished.
while (!rxFinished)
// ...
```

## **Data Structures**

```
struct uart_config_t
```

UART configuration structure. More...

struct uart\_transfer\_t

UART transfer structure. More...

struct uart handle t

UART handle structure. More...

## **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* uart\_transfer\_callback\_t )(UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

UART transfer callback function.

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## **Enumerations**

```
enum _uart_status {
 kStatus UART TxBusy = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup UART, 0),
 kStatus UART RxBusy = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup UART, 1),
 kStatus_UART_TxIdle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_UART, 2),
 kStatus_UART_RxIdle = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_UART, 3),
 kStatus UART TxWatermarkTooLarge = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup UART, 4),
 kStatus UART RxWatermarkTooLarge = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup UART, 5),
 kStatus_UART_FlagCannotClearManually,
 kStatus_UART_Error = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_UART, 7),
 kStatus_UART_RxRingBufferOverrun = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_UART, 8),
 kStatus UART RxHardwareOverrun = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup UART, 9),
 kStatus_UART_NoiseError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_UART, 10),
 kStatus UART FramingError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup UART, 11),
 kStatus UART ParityError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup UART, 12),
 kStatus_UART_BaudrateNotSupport }
    Error codes for the UART driver.
enum uart_parity_mode_t {
 kUART_ParityDisabled = 0x0U,
 kUART ParityEven = 0x2U,
 kUART ParityOdd = 0x3U }
    UART parity mode.
enum uart_stop_bit_count_t {
 kUART OneStopBit = 0U,
 kUART_TwoStopBit = 1U }
    UART stop bit count.
enum _uart_interrupt_enable {
 kUART LinBreakInterruptEnable = (UART BDH LBKDIE MASK),
 kUART_RxActiveEdgeInterruptEnable = (UART_BDH_RXEDGIE_MASK),
 kUART TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable = (UART C2 TIE MASK << 8),
 kUART_TransmissionCompleteInterruptEnable = (UART_C2_TCIE_MASK << 8),
 kUART RxDataRegFullInterruptEnable = (UART C2 RIE MASK << 8),
 kUART IdleLineInterruptEnable = (UART C2 ILIE MASK << 8),
 kUART_RxOverrunInterruptEnable = (UART_C3_ORIE_MASK << 16),
 kUART_NoiseErrorInterruptEnable = (UART_C3_NEIE_MASK << 16),
 kUART FramingErrorInterruptEnable = (UART C3 FEIE MASK << 16),
 kUART_ParityErrorInterruptEnable = (UART_C3_PEIE_MASK << 16) }
    UART interrupt configuration structure, default settings all disabled.
enum _uart_flags {
```

```
kUART_TransmissionCompleteFlag = (UART_S1_TDRE_MASK),
kUART_TransmissionCompleteFlag = (UART_S1_TC_MASK),
kUART_RxDataRegFullFlag = (UART_S1_RDRF_MASK),
kUART_IdleLineFlag = (UART_S1_IDLE_MASK),
kUART_RxOverrunFlag = (UART_S1_OR_MASK),
kUART_NoiseErrorFlag = (UART_S1_NF_MASK),
kUART_FramingErrorFlag = (UART_S1_FE_MASK),
kUART_ParityErrorFlag = (UART_S1_PF_MASK),
kUART_LinBreakFlag,
kUART_LinBreakFlag,
kUART_RxActiveEdgeFlag,
kUART_RxActiveFlag }
UART status flags.
```

## **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_UART\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 1, 4)) *UART driver version 2.1.4.* 

## Initialization and deinitialization

- status\_t UART\_Init (UART\_Type \*base, const uart\_config\_t \*config, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz)

  Initializes a UART instance with a user configuration structure and peripheral clock.
- void UART\_Deinit (UART\_Type \*base)

Deinitializes a UART instance.

void UART\_GetDefaultConfig (uart\_config\_t \*config)

Gets the default configuration structure.

• status\_t <u>UART\_SetBaudRate</u> (UART\_Type \*base, uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz) Sets the UART instance baud rate.

#### Status

- uint32\_t UART\_GetStatusFlags (UART\_Type \*base)

  Gets UART status flags.
- status\_t UART\_ClearStatusFlags (UART\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask) Clears status flags with the provided mask.

## Interrupts

- void UART\_EnableInterrupts (UART\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)
  - Enables UART interrupts according to the provided mask.
- void UART\_DisableInterrupts (UART\_Type \*base, uint32\_t mask)
  - Disables the UART interrupts according to the provided mask.
    uint32\_t UART\_GetEnabledInterrupts (UART\_Type \*hase)
- uint32\_t UART\_GetEnabledInterrupts (UART\_Type \*base)

  Gets the enabled UART interrupts.

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## **DMA Control**

- static uint32\_t UART\_GetDataRegisterAddress (UART\_Type \*base)

  Gets the UART data register address.
- static void UART\_EnableTxDMA (UART\_Type \*base, bool enable) Enables or disables the UART transmitter DMA request.
- static void UART\_EnableRxDMA (UART\_Type \*base, bool enable) Enables or disables the UART receiver DMA.

## **Bus Operations**

• static void UART\_EnableTx (UART\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the UART transmitter.

• static void UART\_EnableRx (UART\_Type \*base, bool enable)

Enables or disables the UART receiver.

• static void UART\_WriteByte (UART\_Type \*base, uint8\_t data)

Writes to the TX register.

• static uint8\_t UART\_ReadByte (UART\_Type \*base)

Reads the RX register directly.

• void UART\_WriteBlocking (UART\_Type \*base, const uint8\_t \*data, size\_t length)

Writes to the TX register using a blocking method.

• status\_t UART\_ReadBlocking (UART\_Type \*base, uint8\_t \*data, size\_t length)

Read RX data register using a blocking method.

#### **Transactional**

• void UART\_TransferCreateHandle (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle, uart\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData)

Initializes the UART handle.

• void UART\_TransferStartRingBuffer (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle, uint8\_t \*ring-Buffer, size\_t ringBufferSize)

Sets up the RX ring buffer.

• void UART\_TransferStopRingBuffer (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle)

Aborts the background transfer and uninstalls the ring buffer.

• status\_t\_UART\_TransferSendNonBlocking (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle, uart\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Transmits a buffer of data using the interrupt method.

• void UART\_TransferAbortSend (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle)

Aborts the interrupt-driven data transmit.

• status\_t UART\_TransferGetSendCount (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_t \*count)

Gets the number of bytes written to the UART TX register.

• status\_t UART\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle, uart\_transfer\_t \*xfer, size\_t \*receivedBytes)

Receives a buffer of data using an interrupt method.

• void UART TransferAbortReceive (UART Type \*base, uart handle t \*handle)

Aborts the interrupt-driven data receiving.

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• status\_t UART\_TransferGetReceiveCount (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_-t \*count)

Gets the number of bytes that have been received.

• void UART\_TransferHandleIRQ (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle)

UART IRQ handle function.

• void UART\_TransferHandleErrorIRQ (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_handle\_t \*handle)

\*UART Error IRQ handle function.

## 28.2.3 Data Structure Documentation

## 28.2.3.1 struct uart\_config\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps

UART baud rate.

uart\_parity\_mode\_t parityMode

Parity mode, disabled (default), even, odd.

• uart\_stop\_bit\_count\_t stopBitCount

Number of stop bits, 1 stop bit (default) or 2 stop bits.

bool enableTx

Enable TX.

bool enableRx

Enable RX.

## 28.2.3.2 struct uart\_transfer\_t

## **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t \* data

The buffer of data to be transfer.

size t dataSize

The byte count to be transfer.

#### 28.2.3.2.0.44 Field Documentation

28.2.3.2.0.44.1 uint8 t\* uart transfer t::data

28.2.3.2.0.44.2 size\_t uart\_transfer\_t::dataSize

## 28.2.3.3 struct uart handle

#### **Data Fields**

• uint8 t \*volatile txData

Address of remaining data to send.

• volatile size t txDataSize

Size of the remaining data to send.

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• size t txDataSizeAll

Size of the data to send out.

• uint8\_t \*volatile rxData

Address of remaining data to receive.

• volatile size t rxDataSize

Size of the remaining data to receive.

• size\_t rxDataSizeAll

Size of the data to receive.

• uint8\_t \* rxRingBuffer

Start address of the receiver ring buffer.

• size\_t rxRingBufferSize

Size of the ring buffer.

• volatile uint16\_t rxRingBufferHead

Index for the driver to store received data into ring buffer.

• volatile uint16\_t rxRingBufferTail

*Index for the user to get data from the ring buffer.* 

• uart\_transfer\_callback\_t callback

Callback function.

void \* userData

UART callback function parameter.

• volatile uint8\_t txState

TX transfer state.

• volatile uint8\_t rxState

RX transfer state.

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```
28.2.3.3.0.45 Field Documentation
28.2.3.3.0.45.1 uint8_t* volatile uart_handle_t::txData
28.2.3.3.0.45.2 volatile size t uart handle t::txDataSize
28.2.3.3.0.45.3 size_t uart_handle_t::txDataSizeAll
28.2.3.3.0.45.4 uint8 t* volatile uart handle t::rxData
28.2.3.3.0.45.5 volatile size_t uart_handle_t::rxDataSize
28.2.3.3.0.45.6 size t uart handle t::rxDataSizeAll
28.2.3.3.0.45.7 uint8_t* uart_handle_t::rxRingBuffer
28.2.3.3.0.45.8 size t uart handle t::rxRingBufferSize
28.2.3.3.0.45.9 volatile uint16 t uart handle t::rxRingBufferHead
28.2.3.3.0.45.10 volatile uint16_t uart_handle_t::rxRingBufferTail
28.2.3.3.0.45.11 uart_transfer_callback_t uart_handle t::callback
28.2.3.3.0.45.12 void* uart_handle_t::userData
28.2.3.3.0.45.13 volatile uint8 t uart handle t::txState
28.2.4 Macro Definition Documentation
28.2.4.1
          #define FSL UART DRIVER VERSION (MAKE VERSION(2, 1, 4))
28.2.5 Typedef Documentation
```

## 28.2.6 Enumeration Type Documentation

\*handle, status t status, void \*userData)

## 28.2.6.1 enum uart status

## Enumerator

28.2.5.1

```
kStatus_UART_TxBusy Transmitter is busy.
kStatus_UART_RxBusy Receiver is busy.
kStatus_UART_TxIdle UART transmitter is idle.
kStatus_UART_RxIdle UART receiver is idle.
kStatus_UART_TxWatermarkTooLarge TX FIFO watermark too large.
```

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typedef void(\* uart transfer callback t)(UART Type \*base, uart handle t

kStatus\_UART\_RxWatermarkTooLarge RX FIFO watermark too large.

kStatus\_UART\_FlagCannotClearManually UART flag can't be manually cleared.

kStatus\_UART\_Error Error happens on UART.

kStatus\_UART\_RxRingBufferOverrun UART RX software ring buffer overrun.

kStatus UART RxHardwareOverrun UART RX receiver overrun.

kStatus\_UART\_NoiseError UART noise error.

kStatus\_UART\_FramingError UART framing error.

kStatus\_UART\_ParityError UART parity error.

kStatus\_UART\_BaudrateNotSupport Baudrate is not support in current clock source.

## 28.2.6.2 enum uart\_parity\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

kUART\_ParityDisabled Parity disabled.

 $kUART\_ParityEven$  Parity enabled, type even, bit setting: PE|PT = 10.

 $kUART_ParityOdd$  Parity enabled, type odd, bit setting: PE|PT = 11.

## 28.2.6.3 enum uart\_stop\_bit\_count\_t

## Enumerator

kUART\_OneStopBit One stop bit.

kUART\_TwoStopBit Two stop bits.

## 28.2.6.4 enum \_uart\_interrupt\_enable

This structure contains the settings for all of the UART interrupt configurations.

## Enumerator

kUART\_LinBreakInterruptEnable LIN break detect interrupt.

kUART\_RxActiveEdgeInterruptEnable RX active edge interrupt.

kUART\_TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable Transmit data register empty interrupt.

kUART\_TransmissionCompleteInterruptEnable Transmission complete interrupt.

kUART\_RxDataRegFullInterruptEnable Receiver data register full interrupt.

kUART IdleLineInterruptEnable Idle line interrupt.

*kUART\_RxOverrunInterruptEnable* Receiver overrun interrupt.

kUART\_NoiseErrorInterruptEnable Noise error flag interrupt.

kUART\_FramingErrorInterruptEnable Framing error flag interrupt.

**kUART\_ParityErrorInterruptEnable** Parity error flag interrupt.

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## 28.2.6.5 enum \_uart\_flags

This provides constants for the UART status flags for use in the UART functions.

## Enumerator

kUART\_TxDataRegEmptyFlag TX data register empty flag.

kUART\_TransmissionCompleteFlag Transmission complete flag.

kUART\_RxDataRegFullFlag RX data register full flag.

kUART IdleLineFlag Idle line detect flag.

kUART\_RxOverrunFlag RX overrun flag.

**kUART\_NoiseErrorFlag** RX takes 3 samples of each received bit. If any of these samples differ, noise flag sets

**kUART\_FramingErrorFlag** Frame error flag, sets if logic 0 was detected where stop bit expected.

kUART\_ParityErrorFlag If parity enabled, sets upon parity error detection.

**kUART\_LinBreakFlag** LIN break detect interrupt flag, sets when LIN break char detected and LIN circuit enabled.

kUART\_RxActiveEdgeFlag RX pin active edge interrupt flag, sets when active edge detected.

kUART\_RxActiveFlag Receiver Active Flag (RAF), sets at beginning of valid start bit.

## 28.2.7 Function Documentation

## 28.2.7.1 status\_t UART\_Init ( UART\_Type \* base, const uart\_config\_t \* config, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

This function configures the UART module with the user-defined settings. The user can configure the configuration structure and also get the default configuration by using the UART\_GetDefaultConfig() function. The example below shows how to use this API to configure UART.

```
* uart_config_t uartConfig;
* uartConfig.baudRate_Bps = 115200U;
* uartConfig.parityMode = kUART_ParityDisabled;
* uartConfig.stopBitCount = kUART_OneStopBit;
* uartConfig.txFifoWatermark = 0;
* uartConfig.rxFifoWatermark = 1;
* UART_Init(UART1, &uartConfig, 20000000U);
```

#### **Parameters**

base UART peripheral base address.

| config      | Pointer to the user-defined configuration structure. |
|-------------|--|
| srcClock_Hz | UART clock source frequency in HZ.                   |

#### Return values

| kStatus_UART_Baudrate-<br>NotSupport | Baudrate is not support in current clock source. |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                      | Status UART initialize succeed                   |

## 28.2.7.2 void UART\_Deinit ( UART\_Type \* base )

This function waits for TX complete, disables TX and RX, and disables the UART clock.

#### **Parameters**

| base | UART peripheral base address. |
|------|-------------------------------|
|------|-------------------------------|

## 28.2.7.3 void UART\_GetDefaultConfig ( uart\_config\_t \* config )

This function initializes the UART configuration structure to a default value. The default values are as follows. uartConfig->baudRate\_Bps = 115200U; uartConfig->bitCountPerChar = kUART\_8BitsPerChar; uartConfig->parityMode = kUART\_ParityDisabled; uartConfig->stopBitCount = kUART\_One-StopBit; uartConfig->txFifoWatermark = 0; uartConfig->rxFifoWatermark = 1; uartConfig->enableTx = false; uartConfig->enableRx = false;

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to configuration structure. |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
|--------|-------------------------------------|

## 28.2.7.4 status\_t UART\_SetBaudRate ( UART\_Type \* base, uint32\_t baudRate\_Bps, uint32\_t srcClock\_Hz )

This function configures the UART module baud rate. This function is used to update the UART module baud rate after the UART module is initialized by the UART\_Init.

```
* UART_SetBaudRate(UART1, 115200U, 20000000U);
```

#### **Parameters**

| base         | UART peripheral base address.      |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| baudRate_Bps | UART baudrate to be set.           |
| srcClock_Hz  | UART clock source frequency in Hz. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_UART_Baudrate- | Baudrate is not support in the current clock source. |  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| NotSupport             |  |  |
| kStatus_Success        | Set baudrate succeeded.                              |  |

## 28.2.7.5 uint32\_t UART\_GetStatusFlags ( UART\_Type \* base )

This function gets all UART status flags. The flags are returned as the logical OR value of the enumerators <u>\_uart\_flags</u>. To check a specific status, compare the return value with enumerators in <u>\_uart\_flags</u>. For example, to check whether the TX is empty, do the following.

## Parameters

| base | UART peripheral base address. |
|------|-------------------------------|

#### Returns

UART status flags which are ORed by the enumerators in the \_uart\_flags.

## 28.2.7.6 status\_t UART\_ClearStatusFlags ( UART\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

This function clears UART status flags with a provided mask. An automatically cleared flag can't be cleared by this function. These flags can only be cleared or set by hardware. kUART\_TxDataRegEmpty-Flag, kUART\_TransmissionCompleteFlag, kUART\_RxDataRegFullFlag, kUART\_RxActiveFlag, kUART\_NoiseErrorInRxDataRegFlag, kUART\_ParityErrorInRxDataRegFlag, kUART\_TxFifoEmptyFlag,k-UART\_RxFifoEmptyFlag Note that this API should be called when the Tx/Rx is idle. Otherwise it has no effect.

#### **Parameters**

| base | UART peripheral base address.  |
|------|--|
| mask | The status flags to be cleared; it is logical OR value of _uart_flags. |

## Return values

| kStatus_UART_Flag-<br>CannotClearManually | The flag can't be cleared by this function but it is cleared automatically by hardware. |
|---|---|
| kStatus_Success                           | Status in the mask is cleared.  |

## 28.2.7.7 void UART\_EnableInterrupts ( UART\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

This function enables the UART interrupts according to the provided mask. The mask is a logical OR of enumeration members. See <u>\_uart\_interrupt\_enable</u>. For example, to enable TX empty interrupt and RX full interrupt, do the following.

```
* UART_EnableInterrupts(UART1,
    kUART_TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable |
    kUART_RxDataRegFullInterruptEnable);
```

#### **Parameters**

| base | UART peripheral base address.                                   |
|------|---|
| mask | The interrupts to enable. Logical OR of _uart_interrupt_enable. |

## 28.2.7.8 void UART\_DisableInterrupts ( UART\_Type \* base, uint32\_t mask )

This function disables the UART interrupts according to the provided mask. The mask is a logical OR of enumeration members. See <u>\_uart\_interrupt\_enable</u>. For example, to disable TX empty interrupt and RX full interrupt do the following.

```
* UART_DisableInterrupts(UART1,
    kUART_TxDataRegEmptyInterruptEnable);
```

#### **Parameters**

| base | UART peripheral base address.                                    |
|------|--|
| mask | The interrupts to disable. Logical OR of _uart_interrupt_enable. |

## 28.2.7.9 uint32\_t UART\_GetEnabledInterrupts ( UART\_Type \* base )

This function gets the enabled UART interrupts. The enabled interrupts are returned as the logical OR value of the enumerators <u>\_uart\_interrupt\_enable</u>. To check a specific interrupts enable status, compare the return value with enumerators in <u>\_uart\_interrupt\_enable</u>. For example, to check whether TX empty interrupt is enabled, do the following.

#### **Parameters**

| base U | UART peripheral base address. |
|--------|-------------------------------|
|--------|-------------------------------|

#### Returns

UART interrupt flags which are logical OR of the enumerators in <u>\_uart\_interrupt\_enable</u>.

## 28.2.7.10 static uint32\_t UART\_GetDataRegisterAddress ( UART\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function returns the UART data register address, which is mainly used by DMA/eDMA.

#### **Parameters**

| base UART peripheral base address. |
|------------------------------------|
|------------------------------------|

#### Returns

UART data register addresses which are used both by the transmitter and the receiver.

## 28.2.7.11 static void UART\_EnableTxDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function enables or disables the transmit data register empty flag, S1[TDRE], to generate the DMA requests.

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.     |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| enable | True to enable, false to disable. |

## 28.2.7.12 static void UART\_EnableRxDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function enables or disables the receiver data register full flag, S1[RDRF], to generate DMA requests.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.     |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| enable | True to enable, false to disable. |

## 28.2.7.13 static void UART\_EnableTx ( UART\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function enables or disables the UART transmitter.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.     |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| enable | True to enable, false to disable. |

## 28.2.7.14 static void UART\_EnableRx ( UART\_Type \* base, bool enable ) [inline], [static]

This function enables or disables the UART receiver.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.     |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| enable | True to enable, false to disable. |

## 28.2.7.15 static void UART\_WriteByte ( UART\_Type \* base, uint8\_t data ) [inline], [static]

This function writes data to the TX register directly. The upper layer must ensure that the TX register is empty or TX FIFO has empty room before calling this function.

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#### **Parameters**

| base | UART peripheral base address. |
|------|-------------------------------|
| data | The byte to write.            |

## 28.2.7.16 static uint8\_t UART\_ReadByte ( UART\_Type \* base ) [inline], [static]

This function reads data from the RX register directly. The upper layer must ensure that the RX register is full or that the TX FIFO has data before calling this function.

#### **Parameters**

| base | UART peripheral base address. |
|------|-------------------------------|
|------|-------------------------------|

#### Returns

The byte read from UART data register.

## 28.2.7.17 void UART\_WriteBlocking(UART\_Type \* *base*, const uint8\_t \* *data*, size\_t *length*)

This function polls the TX register, waits for the TX register to be empty or for the TX FIFO to have room and writes data to the TX buffer.

## Note

This function does not check whether all data is sent out to the bus. Before disabling the TX, check kUART TransmissionCompleteFlag to ensure that the TX is finished.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.       |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| data   | Start address of the data to write. |
| length | Size of the data to write.          |

## 28.2.7.18 status\_t UART\_ReadBlocking ( UART\_Type \* base, uint8\_t \* data, size\_t length )

This function polls the RX register, waits for the RX register to be full or for RX FIFO to have data, and reads data from the TX register.

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.                           |
|--------|---|
| data   | Start address of the buffer to store the received data. |
| length | Size of the buffer.                                     |

#### Return values

| kStatus_UART_Rx-<br>HardwareOverrun | Receiver overrun occurred while receiving data. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_UART_Noise-<br>Error        | A noise error occurred while receiving data.    |
| kStatus_UART_Framing-<br>Error      | A framing error occurred while receiving data.  |
| kStatus_UART_Parity-<br>Error       | A parity error occurred while receiving data.   |
| kStatus_Success                     | Successfully received all data.                 |

# 28.2.7.19 void UART\_TransferCreateHandle ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_handle\_t \* handle, uart\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData )

This function initializes the UART handle which can be used for other UART transactional APIs. Usually, for a specified UART instance, call this API once to get the initialized handle.

#### **Parameters**

| base     | UART peripheral base address.           |
|----------|---|
| handle   | UART handle pointer.                    |
| callback | The callback function.                  |
| userData | The parameter of the callback function. |

# 28.2.7.20 void UART\_TransferStartRingBuffer ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_handle\_t \* handle, uint8\_t \* ringBuffer, size\_t ringBufferSize )

This function sets up the RX ring buffer to a specific UART handle.

When the RX ring buffer is used, data received are stored into the ring buffer even when the user doesn't call the UART\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking() API. If data is already received in the ring buffer, the user can get the received data from the ring buffer directly.

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#### Note

When using the RX ring buffer, one byte is reserved for internal use. In other words, if ring-BufferSize is 32, only 31 bytes are used for saving data.

#### **Parameters**

| base           | UART peripheral base address.  |
|----------------|--|
| handle         | UART handle pointer.   |
| ringBuffer     | Start address of the ring buffer for background receiving. Pass NULL to disable the ring buffer. |
| ringBufferSize | Size of the ring buffer.   |

# 28.2.7.21 void UART\_TransferStopRingBuffer ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the background transfer and uninstalls the ring buffer.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address. |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| handle | UART handle pointer.          |

# 28.2.7.22 status\_t UART\_TransferSendNonBlocking ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_handle\_t \* handle, uart\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

This function sends data using an interrupt method. This is a non-blocking function, which returns directly without waiting for all data to be written to the TX register. When all data is written to the TX register in the ISR, the UART driver calls the callback function and passes the kStatus\_UART\_TxIdle as status parameter.

#### Note

The kStatus\_UART\_TxIdle is passed to the upper layer when all data is written to the TX register. However, it does not ensure that all data is sent out. Before disabling the TX, check the kUART\_TransmissionCompleteFlag to ensure that the TX is finished.

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#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.                 |
|--------|---|
| handle | UART handle pointer.                          |
| xfer   | UART transfer structure. See uart_transfer_t. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully start the data transmission.                                     |
|-------------------------|---|
| kStatus_UART_TxBusy     | Previous transmission still not finished; data not all written to TX register |
|                         | yet.  |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.   |

## 28.2.7.23 void UART\_TransferAbortSend ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the interrupt-driven data sending. The user can get the remainBytes to find out how many bytes are not sent out.

### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address. |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| handle | UART handle pointer.          |

# 28.2.7.24 status\_t UART\_TransferGetSendCount ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t \* count )

This function gets the number of bytes written to the UART TX register by using the interrupt method.

## Parameters

| base   | UART peripheral base address. |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| handle | UART handle pointer.          |
| count  | Send bytes count.             |

# Return values

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| kStatus_NoTransferIn-   | No send in progress.                          |
|-------------------------|---|
| Progress                |   |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | The parameter is invalid.                     |
| kStatus_Success         | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

# 28.2.7.25 status\_t UART\_TransferReceiveNonBlocking ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_handle\_t \* handle, uart\_transfer\_t \* xfer, size\_t \* receivedBytes )

This function receives data using an interrupt method. This is a non-blocking function, which returns without waiting for all data to be received. If the RX ring buffer is used and not empty, the data in the ring buffer is copied and the parameter receivedBytes shows how many bytes are copied from the ring buffer. After copying, if the data in the ring buffer is not enough to read, the receive request is saved by the UART driver. When the new data arrives, the receive request is serviced first. When all data is received, the UART driver notifies the upper layer through a callback function and passes the status parameter k-Status\_UART\_RxIdle. For example, the upper layer needs 10 bytes but there are only 5 bytes in the ring buffer. The 5 bytes are copied to the xfer->data and this function returns with the parameter received—Bytes set to 5. For the left 5 bytes, newly arrived data is saved from the xfer->data[5]. When 5 bytes are received, the UART driver notifies the upper layer. If the RX ring buffer is not enabled, this function enables the RX and RX interrupt to receive data to the xfer->data. When all data is received, the upper layer is notified.

#### **Parameters**

| base          | UART peripheral base address.                 |
|---------------|---|
| handle        | UART handle pointer.                          |
| xfer          | UART transfer structure, see uart_transfer_t. |
| receivedBytes | Bytes received from the ring buffer directly. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | Successfully queue the transfer into transmit queue. |
|-------------------------|--|
| kStatus_UART_RxBusy     | Previous receive request is not finished.            |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.                                    |

# 28.2.7.26 void UART\_TransferAbortReceive ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the interrupt-driven data receiving. The user can get the remainBytes to know how many bytes are not received yet.

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#### **Parameters**

| base                        | UART peripheral base address. |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| handle UART handle pointer. |                               |

# 28.2.7.27 status\_t UART\_TransferGetReceiveCount ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t \* count )

This function gets the number of bytes that have been received.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address. |  |
|--------|-------------------------------|--|
| handle | UART handle pointer.          |  |
| count  | Receive bytes count.          |  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | No receive in progress.                       |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument           | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success                   | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

# $\textbf{28.2.7.28} \quad \textbf{void UART\_TransferHandleIRQ ( UART\_Type} * \textit{base, } \textbf{uart\_handle\_t} * \textit{handle} \ )$

This function handles the UART transmit and receive IRQ request.

#### Parameters

| base   | UART peripheral base address. |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| handle | UART handle pointer.          |

# 28.2.7.29 void UART\_TransferHandleErrorlRQ ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function handles the UART error IRQ request.

# **UART Driver**

# Parameters

| base                        | UART peripheral base address. |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| handle UART handle pointer. |                               |

## 28.3 UART DMA Driver

### 28.3.1 Overview

#### **Data Structures**

• struct uart\_dma\_handle\_t

UART DMA handle. More...

# **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* uart\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t )(UART\_Type \*base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

UART transfer callback function.

#### eDMA transactional

void UART\_TransferCreateHandleDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, uart\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData, dma\_handle\_t \*txDmaHandle, dma\_handle\_t \*rxDmaHandle)

Initializes the UART handle which is used in transactional functions and sets the callback.

• status\_t UART\_TransferSendDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, uart\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Sends data using DMA.

• status\_t UART\_TransferReceiveDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, uart\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Receives data using DMA.

- void UART\_TransferAbortSendDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle) Aborts the send data using DMA.
- void <u>UART\_TransferAbortReceiveDMA</u> (<u>UART\_Type</u> \*base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle) Aborts the received data using DMA.
- status\_t UART\_TransferGetSendCountDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_t \*count)

Gets the number of bytes written to UART TX register.

• status\_t UART\_TransferGetReceiveCountDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32 t \*count)

Gets the number of bytes that have been received.

#### 28.3.2 Data Structure Documentation

### 28.3.2.1 struct uart dma\_handle

## **Data Fields**

• UART\_Type \* base

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#### **UART DMA Driver**

UART peripheral base address.

• uart\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback

Callback function.

void \* userData

UART callback function parameter.

size t rxDataSizeAll

Size of the data to receive.

• size t txDataSizeAll

Size of the data to send out.

dma\_handle\_t \* txDmaHandle

The DMA TX channel used.

• dma\_handle\_t \* rxDmaHandle

The DMA RX channel used.

• volatile uint8 t txState

TX transfer state.

• volatile uint8\_t rxState

RX transfer state.

#### 28.3.2.1.0.46 Field Documentation

- 28.3.2.1.0.46.1 UART Type\* uart dma handle t::base
- 28.3.2.1.0.46.2 uart\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t uart\_dma\_handle\_t::callback\_
- 28.3.2.1.0.46.3 void\* uart\_dma\_handle\_t::userData
- 28.3.2.1.0.46.4 size t uart dma handle t::rxDataSizeAll
- 28.3.2.1.0.46.5 size t uart dma handle t::txDataSizeAll
- 28.3.2.1.0.46.6 dma handle t\* uart dma handle t::txDmaHandle
- 28.3.2.1.0.46.7 dma\_handle\_t\* uart dma handle t::rxDmaHandle
- 28.3.2.1.0.46.8 volatile uint8 t uart dma handle t::txState

#### 28.3.3 Typedef Documentation

28.3.3.1 typedef void(\* uart\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t)(UART\_Type \*base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

## 28.3.4 Function Documentation

28.3.4.1 void UART\_TransferCreateHandleDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, uart\_dma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData, dma\_handle\_t \* txDmaHandle, dma\_handle\_t \* rxDmaHandle )

#### **Parameters**

| base        | UART peripheral base address.                                  |  |
|-------------|--|--|
| handle      | Pointer to the uart_dma_handle_t structure.                    |  |
| callback    | UART callback, NULL means no callback.                         |  |
| userData    | User callback function data.                                   |  |
| rxDmaHandle | rxDmaHandle User requested DMA handle for the RX DMA transfer. |  |
| txDmaHandle | txDmaHandle User requested DMA handle for the TX DMA transfer. |  |

# 28.3.4.2 status\_t UART\_TransferSendDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, uart\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

This function sends data using DMA. This is non-blocking function, which returns right away. When all data is sent, the send callback function is called.

#### Parameters

| base   | UART peripheral base address.                     |  |
|--------|---|--|
| handle | UART handle pointer.                              |  |
| xfer   | UART DMA transfer structure. See uart_transfer_t. |  |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | if succeeded; otherwise failed. |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| kStatus_UART_TxBusy     | Previous transfer ongoing.      |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.               |

# 28.3.4.3 status\_t UART\_TransferReceiveDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, uart\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

This function receives data using DMA. This is non-blocking function, which returns right away. When all data is received, the receive callback function is called.

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#### **UART DMA Driver**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.                     |  |
|--------|---|--|
| handle | Pointer to the uart_dma_handle_t structure.       |  |
| xfer   | UART DMA transfer structure. See uart_transfer_t. |  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | if succeeded; otherwise failed. |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| kStatus_UART_RxBusy     | Previous transfer on going.     |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.               |

# 28.3.4.4 void UART\_TransferAbortSendDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts the sent data using DMA.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address. |
|--|-------------------------------|
| handle Pointer to uart_dma_handle_t structure. |                               |

# 28.3.4.5 void UART\_TransferAbortReceiveDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function abort receive data which using DMA.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.           |
|--------|---|
| handle | Pointer to uart_dma_handle_t structure. |

# 28.3.4.6 status\_t UART\_TransferGetSendCountDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart dma handle t \* handle, uint32 t \* count )

This function gets the number of bytes written to UART TX register by DMA.

### Parameters

| base   | UART peripheral base address. |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| handle | UART handle pointer.          |
| count  | Send bytes count.             |

### Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-   | No send in progress.                          |
|-------------------------|---|
| Progress                |   |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success         | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

# 28.3.4.7 status\_t UART\_TransferGetReceiveCountDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_dma\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t \* count )

This function gets the number of bytes that have been received.

### Parameters

| base   | UART peripheral base address. |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| handle | UART handle pointer.          |
| count  | Receive bytes count.          |

### Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-   | No receive in progress.                       |
|-------------------------|---|
| Progress                |   |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success         | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

#### **UART eDMA Driver**

## 28.4 UART eDMA Driver

#### 28.4.1 Overview

#### **Data Structures**

• struct uart\_edma\_handle\_t

UART eDMA handle, More...

# **Typedefs**

• typedef void(\* uart\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t )(UART\_Type \*base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

UART transfer callback function.

#### eDMA transactional

void UART\_TransferCreateHandleEDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, uart\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \*userData, edma\_handle\_t \*txEdmaHandle, edma\_handle\_t \*rxEdmaHandle)

*Initializes the UART handle which is used in transactional functions.* 

status\_t UART\_SendEDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, uart\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Sends data using eDMA.

• status\_t UART\_ReceiveEDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, uart\_transfer\_t \*xfer)

Receives data using eDMA.

- void UART\_TransferAbortSendEDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle) Aborts the sent data using eDMA.
- void UART\_TransferAbortReceiveEDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle) Aborts the receive data using eDMA.
- status\_t UART\_TransferGetSendCountEDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, uint32\_t \*count)

Gets the number of bytes that have been written to UART TX register.

• status\_t UART\_TransferGetReceiveCountEDMA (UART\_Type \*base, uart\_edma\_handle\_- t \*handle, uint32\_t \*count)

Gets the number of received bytes.

#### 28.4.2 Data Structure Documentation

### 28.4.2.1 struct uart edma handle

## **Data Fields**

• uart\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback

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Callback function.

void \* userData

UART callback function parameter.

size\_t rxDataSizeAll

Size of the data to receive.

size t txDataSizeAll

Size of the data to send out.

• edma\_handle\_t \* txEdmaHandle

The eDMA TX channel used.

• edma\_handle\_t \* rxEdmaHandle

The eDMA RX channel used.

• uint8\_t nbytes

eDMA minor byte transfer count initially configured.

• volatile uint8 t txState

TX transfer state.

• volatile uint8\_t rxState

RX transfer state.

#### 28.4.2.1.0.47 Field Documentation

- 28.4.2.1.0.47.1 uart\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t uart\_edma\_handle\_t::callback\_
- 28.4.2.1.0.47.2 void\* uart edma handle t::userData
- 28.4.2.1.0.47.3 size\_t uart\_edma\_handle\_t::rxDataSizeAll
- 28.4.2.1.0.47.4 size t uart edma handle t::txDataSizeAll
- 28.4.2.1.0.47.5 edma handle t\* uart edma handle t::txEdmaHandle
- 28.4.2.1.0.47.6 edma handle t\* uart edma handle t::rxEdmaHandle
- 28.4.2.1.0.47.7 uint8 t uart edma handle t::nbytes
- 28.4.2.1.0.47.8 volatile uint8 t uart edma handle t::txState

#### 28.4.3 Typedef Documentation

28.4.3.1 typedef void(\* uart\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t)(UART\_Type \*base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \*handle, status\_t status, void \*userData)

## 28.4.4 Function Documentation

28.4.4.1 void UART\_TransferCreateHandleEDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, uart\_edma\_transfer\_callback\_t callback, void \* userData, edma\_handle\_t \* txEdmaHandle, edma\_handle\_t \* rxEdmaHandle)

#### **UART eDMA Driver**

#### **Parameters**

| base         | UART peripheral base address.                  |
|--------------|--|
| handle       | Pointer to the uart_edma_handle_t structure.   |
| callback     | UART callback, NULL means no callback.         |
| userData     | User callback function data.                   |
| rxEdmaHandle | User-requested DMA handle for RX DMA transfer. |
| txEdmaHandle | User-requested DMA handle for TX DMA transfer. |

# 28.4.4.2 status\_t UART\_SendEDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, uart\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

This function sends data using eDMA. This is a non-blocking function, which returns right away. When all data is sent, the send callback function is called.

### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.                      |  |
|--------|--|--|
| handle | UART handle pointer.                               |  |
| xfer   | UART eDMA transfer structure. See uart_transfer_t. |  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | if succeeded; otherwise failed. |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| kStatus_UART_TxBusy     | Previous transfer ongoing.      |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.               |

# 28.4.4.3 status\_t UART\_ReceiveEDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, uart\_transfer\_t \* xfer )

This function receives data using eDMA. This is a non-blocking function, which returns right away. When all data is received, the receive callback function is called.

# Parameters

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| base   | UART peripheral base address.                      |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the uart_edma_handle_t structure.       |
| xfei   | UART eDMA transfer structure. See uart_transfer_t. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success         | if succeeded; otherwise failed. |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|
| kStatus_UART_RxBusy     | Previous transfer ongoing.      |
| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument.               |

# 28.4.4.4 void UART\_TransferAbortSendEDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts sent data using eDMA.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.                |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the uart_edma_handle_t structure. |

# 28.4.4.5 void UART\_TransferAbortReceiveEDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle )

This function aborts receive data using eDMA.

#### **Parameters**

| base   | UART peripheral base address.                |
|--------|--|
| handle | Pointer to the uart_edma_handle_t structure. |

# 28.4.4.6 status\_t UART\_TransferGetSendCountEDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t \* count )

This function gets the number of bytes that have been written to UART TX register by DMA.

## **UART eDMA Driver**

### Parameters

| base   | UART peripheral base address. |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| handle | UART handle pointer.          |
| count  | Send bytes count.             |

### Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | No send in progress.                          |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument           | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success                   | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

# 28.4.4.7 status\_t UART\_TransferGetReceiveCountEDMA ( UART\_Type \* base, uart\_edma\_handle\_t \* handle, uint32\_t \* count )

This function gets the number of received bytes.

### Parameters

| base   | UART peripheral base address. |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| handle | UART handle pointer.          |
| count  | Receive bytes count.          |

## Return values

| kStatus_NoTransferIn-<br>Progress | No receive in progress.                       |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_InvalidArgument           | Parameter is invalid.                         |
| kStatus_Success                   | Get successfully through the parameter count; |

## 28.5 UART FreeRTOS Driver

### 28.5.1 Overview

### **Data Structures**

• struct uart\_rtos\_config\_t

UART configuration structure. More...

# **UART RTOS Operation**

• int UART\_RTOS\_Init (uart\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle, uart\_handle\_t \*t\_handle, const uart\_rtos\_config\_t \*cfg)

Initializes a UART instance for operation in RTOS.

• int UART\_RTOS\_Deinit (uart\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle)

Deinitializes a UART instance for operation.

## **UART transactional Operation**

- int UART\_RTOS\_Send (uart\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle, const uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t length) Sends data in the background.
- int UART\_RTOS\_Receive (uart\_rtos\_handle\_t \*handle, uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t length, size\_t \*received)

Receives data.

#### 28.5.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 28.5.2.1 struct uart rtos config t

## **Data Fields**

• UART\_Type \* base

UART base address.

• uint32 t srcclk

UART source clock in Hz.

• uint32 t baudrate

Desired communication speed.

• uart\_parity\_mode\_t parity

Parity setting.

• uart\_stop\_bit\_count\_t stopbits

Number of stop bits to use.

• uint8 t \* buffer

Buffer for background reception.

• uint32\_t buffer\_size

Size of buffer for background reception.

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## **UART FreeRTOS Driver**

## 28.5.3 Function Documentation

28.5.3.1 int UART\_RTOS\_Init ( uart\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle, uart\_handle\_t \* t\_handle, const uart\_rtos\_config\_t \* cfg )

### **Parameters**

| handle   | The RTOS UART handle, the pointer to an allocated space for RTOS context.           |
|----------|---|
| t_handle | The pointer to the allocated space to store the transactional layer internal state. |
| cfg      | The pointer to the parameters required to configure the UART after initialization.  |

#### Returns

0 succeed; otherwise fail.

## 28.5.3.2 int UART RTOS Deinit ( uart rtos handle t \* handle )

This function deinitializes the UART module, sets all register values to reset value, and frees the resources.

#### **Parameters**

| handle | The RTOS UART handle. |
|--------|-----------------------|
|--------|-----------------------|

# 28.5.3.3 int UART\_RTOS\_Send ( uart\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle, const uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32 t length )

This function sends data. It is a synchronous API. If the hardware buffer is full, the task is in the blocked state.

#### **Parameters**

| handle | The RTOS UART handle.              |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| buffer | The pointer to the buffer to send. |
| length | The number of bytes to send.       |

# 28.5.3.4 int UART\_RTOS\_Receive ( uart\_rtos\_handle\_t \* handle, uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t length, size\_t \* received )

This function receives data from UART. It is a synchronous API. If data is immediately available, it is returned immediately and the number of bytes received.

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# **UART FreeRTOS Driver**

# Parameters

| handle   | The RTOS UART handle.  |
|----------|--|
| buffer   | The pointer to the buffer to write received data.                                |
| length   | The number of bytes to receive.  |
| received | The pointer to a variable of size_t where the number of received data is filled. |

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# **Chapter 29 Clock Driver**

## 29.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides APIs for MCUXpresso SDK devices' clock operation.

# 29.2 Get frequency

A centralized function CLOCK\_GetFreq gets different clock type frequencies by passing a clock name. For example, pass a kCLOCK\_CoreSysClk to get the core clock and pass a kCLOCK\_BusClk to get the bus clock. Additionally, there are separate functions to get the frequency. For example, use CLOCK\_GetCoreSysClkFreq to get the core clock frequency and CLOCK\_GetBusClkFreq to get the bus clock frequency. Using these functions reduces the image size.

# 29.3 External clock frequency

The external clocks EXTAL0/EXTAL1/EXTAL32 are decided by the board level design. The Clock driver uses variables g\_xtal0Freq/g\_xtal1Freq/g\_xtal32Freq to save clock frequencies. Likewise, the APIs CLOCK\_SetXtal0Freq, CLOCK\_SetXtal1Freq, and CLOCK\_SetXtal32Freq are used to set these variables.

The upper layer must set these values correctly. For example, after OSC0(SYSOSC) is initialized using CLOCK\_InitOsc0 or CLOCK\_InitSysOsc, the upper layer should call the CLOCK\_SetXtal0Freq. Otherwise, the clock frequency get functions may not receive valid values. This is useful for multicore platforms where only one core calls CLOCK\_InitOsc0 to initialize OSC0 and other cores call CLOCK\_SetXtal0-Freq.

#### **Modules**

• Multipurpose Clock Generator (MCG)

#### **Files**

• file fsl clock.h

#### **Data Structures**

- struct sim\_clock\_config\_t
  - SIM configuration structure for clock setting. More...
- struct oscer\_config\_t
  - OSC configuration for OSCERCLK. More...
- struct osc\_config\_t
  - OSC Initialization Configuration Structure. More...
- struct mcg\_pll\_config\_t

## **External clock frequency**

MCG PLL configuration. More...

• struct mcg\_config\_t

MCG mode change configuration structure. More...

#### **Macros**

• #define MCG\_CONFIG\_CHECK\_PARAM 0U

Configures whether to check a parameter in a function.

#define FSL SDK DISABLE DRIVER CLOCK CONTROL 0

Configure whether driver controls clock.

#define DMAMUX CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for DMAMUX.

• #define RTC\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for RTC.

#define SAI CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for SAI.

#define SPI\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for SPI.

#define PIT\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for PIT.

#define PORT\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for PORT.

#define TSI CLOCKŠ

Clock ip name array for TSI.

#define DAC CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for DAC.

#define LPTMR\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for LPTMR.

#define ADC16\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for ADC16.

#define DMA CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for DMA.

#define UARTO CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for LPSCI/UARTO.

#define UART\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for UART.

#define TPM\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for TPM.

#define I2C CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for I2C.

#define FTF\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for FTF.

#define CMP\_CLOCKS

Clock ip name array for CMP.

#define LPO\_CLK\_FREQ 1000U

LPO clock frequency.

#define SYS\_CLK kCLOCK\_CoreSysClk

Peripherals clock source definition.

## **Enumerations**

```
enum clock_name_t {
 kCLOCK CoreSysClk,
 kCLOCK PlatClk,
 kCLOCK_BusClk,
 kCLOCK FlexBusClk,
 kCLOCK FlashClk,
 kCLOCK_PllFllSelClk,
 kCLOCK_Er32kClk,
 kCLOCK_Osc0ErClk,
 kCLOCK McgFixedFreqClk,
 kCLOCK_McgInternalRefClk,
 kCLOCK_McgFllClk,
 kCLOCK McgPll0Clk,
 kCLOCK_McgExtPllClk,
 kCLOCK_LpoClk }
    Clock name used to get clock frequency.
enum clock_usb_src_t {
 kCLOCK_UsbSrcPll0 = SIM_SOPT2_USBSRC(1U) | SIM_SOPT2_PLLFLLSEL(1U),
 kCLOCK UsbSrcExt = SIM SOPT2 USBSRC(0U) }
    USB clock source definition.
enum clock_ip_name_t
    Clock gate name used for CLOCK_EnableClock/CLOCK_DisableClock.
enum osc_mode_t {
 kOSC ModeExt = 0U,
 kOSC_ModeOscLowPower = MCG_C2_EREFS0_MASK,
 kOSC ModeOscHighGain }
    OSC work mode.
enum _osc_cap_load {
 kOSC Cap2P = OSC CR SC2P MASK,
 kOSC\_Cap4P = OSC\_CR\_SC4P\_MASK,
 kOSC_Cap8P = OSC_CR_SC8P_MASK,
 kOSC Cap16P = OSC CR SC16P MASK }
    Oscillator capacitor load setting.
enum _oscer_enable_mode {
 kOSC_ErClkEnable = OSC_CR_ERCLKEN_MASK,
 kOSC ErClkEnableInStop = OSC CR EREFSTEN MASK }
    OSCERCLK enable mode.
enum mcg_fll_src_t {
 kMCG_FllSrcExternal,
 kMCG FllSrcInternal }
    MCG FLL reference clock source select.
enum mcg_irc_mode_t {
 kMCG IrcSlow.
 kMCG_IrcFast }
    MCG internal reference clock select.
```

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## **External clock frequency**

```
• enum mcg dmx32 t {
 kMCG_Dmx32Default,
 kMCG Dmx32Fine }
    MCG DCO Maximum Frequency with 32.768 kHz Reference.
enum mcg_drs_t {
 kMCG DrsLow,
 kMCG_DrsMid,
 kMCG_DrsMidHigh,
 kMCG DrsHigh }
    MCG DCO range select.
enum mcg_pll_ref_src_t {
 kMCG_PllRefOsc0,
 kMCG_PllRefOsc1 }
    MCG PLL reference clock select.
enum mcg_clkout_src_t {
 kMCG_ClkOutSrcOut,
 kMCG_ClkOutSrcInternal,
 kMCG ClkOutSrcExternal }
    MCGOUT clock source.
enum mcg_atm_select_t {
 kMCG_AtmSel32k,
 kMCG AtmSel4m }
    MCG Automatic Trim Machine Select.
enum mcg_oscsel_t {
 kMCG_OscselOsc,
 kMCG_OscselRtc }
    MCG OSC Clock Select.
enum mcg_pll_clk_select_t { kMCG_PllClkSelPll0 }
    MCG PLLCS select.
enum mcg_monitor_mode_t {
 kMCG_MonitorNone,
 kMCG_MonitorInt,
 kMCG MonitorReset }
    MCG clock monitor mode.
enum _mcg_status {
 kStatus_MCG_ModeUnreachable = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_MCG, 0),
 kStatus MCG ModeInvalid = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup MCG, 1),
 kStatus_MCG_AtmBusClockInvalid = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_MCG, 2),
 kStatus_MCG_AtmDesiredFreqInvalid = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_MCG, 3),
 kStatus_MCG_AtmIrcUsed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_MCG, 4),
 kStatus MCG AtmHardwareFail = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup MCG, 5),
 kStatus MCG SourceUsed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup MCG, 6) }
    MCG status.
enum _mcg_status_flags_t {
 kMCG Osc0LostFlag = (1U << 0U),
 kMCG_OscOInitFlag = (1U << 1U),
 kMCG_Pll0LostFlag = (1U << 5U),
```

```
kMCG Pll0LockFlag = (1U << 6U) }
        MCG status flags.
   enum _mcg_irclk_enable_mode {
     kMCG IrclkEnable = MCG C1 IRCLKEN MASK,
     kMCG_IrclkEnableInStop = MCG_C1_IREFSTEN_MASK }
        MCG internal reference clock (MCGIRCLK) enable mode definition.
   enum _mcg_pll_enable_mode {
     kMCG_PllEnableIndependent = MCG_C5_PLLCLKEN0_MASK,
     kMCG_PllEnableInStop = MCG_C5_PLLSTEN0_MASK }
        MCG PLL clock enable mode definition.
   enum mcg_mode_t {
     kMCG\_ModeFEI = 0U,
     kMCG_ModeFBI,
     kMCG ModeBLPI.
     kMCG_ModeFEE,
     kMCG_ModeFBE,
     kMCG_ModeBLPE,
     kMCG ModePBE,
     kMCG ModePEE,
     kMCG_ModeError }
        MCG mode definitions.
Functions
   • static void CLOCK_EnableClock (clock_ip_name_t name)
        Enable the clock for specific IP.
   • static void CLOCK DisableClock (clock ip name t name)
        Disable the clock for specific IP.
   • static void CLOCK SetEr32kClock (uint32 t src)
        Set ERCLK32K source.
   • static void CLOCK_SetPllFllSelClock (uint32 t src)
        Set PLLFLLSEL clock source.
   • static void CLOCK SetTpmClock (uint32 t src)
        Set TPM clock source.

    static void CLOCK_SetLpsci0Clock (uint32_t src)

        Set LPSCI0 (UART0) clock source.
   • bool CLOCK_EnableUsbfs0Clock (clock_usb_src_t src, uint32_t freq)
        Enable USB FS clock.

    static void CLOCK DisableUsbfs0Clock (void)

        Disable USB FS clock.
   • static void CLOCK_SetClkOutClock (uint32_t src)
        Set CLKOUT source.
   • static void CLOCK_SetRtcClkOutClock (uint32_t src)
        Set RTC CLKOUT source.
   • static void CLOCK SetOutDiv (uint32 t outdiv1, uint32 t outdiv4)
        Set the SIM_CLKDIV1[OUTDIV1], SIM_CLKDIV1[OUTDIV4].
   • uint32_t CLOCK_GetFreq (clock_name_t clockName)
```

Gets the clock frequency for a specific clock name.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetCoreSysClkFreq (void)

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## **External clock frequency**

Get the core clock or system clock frequency.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetPlatClkFreq (void)

Get the platform clock frequency.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetBusClkFreq (void)

Get the bus clock frequency.

• uint32 t CLOCK GetFlashClkFreq (void)

Get the flash clock frequency.

• uint32\_t ČLOCK\_GetPllFllSelClkFreq (void)

Get the output clock frequency selected by SIM[PLLFLLSEL].

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetEr32kClkFreq (void)

Get the external reference 32K clock frequency (ERCLK32K).

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetOsc0ErClkFreq (void)

Get the OSC0 external reference clock frequency (OSC0ERCLK).

void CLOCK\_SetSimConfig (sim\_clock\_config\_t const \*config)

Set the clock configure in SIM module.

• static void CLOCK\_SetSimSafeDivs (void)

Set the system clock dividers in SIM to safe value.

### **Variables**

• uint32\_t g\_xtal0Freq

External XTAL0 (OSC0) clock frequency.

• uint32\_t g\_xtal32Freq

External XTAL32/EXTAL32/RTC\_CLKIN clock frequency.

#### **Driver version**

• #define FSL\_CLOCK\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 2, 1)) CLOCK driver version 2.2.1.

# MCG frequency functions.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetOutClkFreq (void)

Gets the MCG output clock (MCGOUTCLK) frequency.

• uint32 t CLOCK GetFllFreq (void)

*Gets the MCG FLL clock (MCGFLLCLK) frequency.* 

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetInternalRefClkFreq (void)

*Gets the MCG internal reference clock (MCGIRCLK) frequency.* 

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetFixedFreqClkFreq (void)

Gets the MCG fixed frequency clock (MCGFFCLK) frequency.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetPll0Freq (void)

Gets the MCG PLL0 clock (MCGPLL0CLK) frequency.

# MCG clock configuration.

• static void CLOCK\_SetLowPowerEnable (bool enable)

Enables or disables the MCG low power.

• status\_t CLOCK\_SetInternalRefClkConfig (uint8\_t enableMode, mcg\_irc\_mode\_t ircs, uint8\_t fcr-div)

Configures the Internal Reference clock (MCGIRCLK).

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• status\_t CLOCK\_SetExternalRefClkConfig (mcg\_oscsel\_t oscsel)

Selects the MCG external reference clock.

• static void CLOCK\_SetFllExtRefDiv (uint8\_t frdiv)

Set the FLL external reference clock divider value.

• void CLOCK\_EnablePll0 (mcg\_pll\_config\_t const \*config)

Enables the PLL0 in FLL mode.

• static void CLOCK DisablePll0 (void)

Disables the PLL0 in FLL mode.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_CalcPllDiv (uint32\_t refFreq, uint32\_t desireFreq, uint8\_t \*prdiv, uint8\_t \*vdiv) Calculates the PLL divider setting for a desired output frequency.

#### MCG clock lock monitor functions.

void CLOCK\_SetOsc0MonitorMode (mcg\_monitor\_mode\_t mode)

Sets the OSC0 clock monitor mode.

void CLOCK\_SetPllOMonitorMode (mcg\_monitor\_mode\_t mode)

Sets the PLL0 clock monitor mode.

• uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetStatusFlags (void)

Gets the MCG status flags.

• void CLOCK\_ClearStatusFlags (uint32\_t mask)

Clears the MCG status flags.

# **OSC** configuration

• static void OSC\_SetExtRefClkConfig (OSC\_Type \*base, oscer\_config\_t const \*config)

Configures the OSC external reference clock (OSCERCLK).

static void OSC\_SetCapLoad (OSC\_Type \*base, uint8\_t capLoad)

*Sets the capacitor load configuration for the oscillator.* 

• void CLOCK\_InitOsc0 (osc\_config\_t const \*config)

Initializes the OSC0.

• void CLOCK DeinitOsc0 (void)

Deinitializes the OSC0.

# **External clock frequency**

• static void CLOCK\_SetXtal0Freq (uint32\_t freq)

Sets the XTAL0 frequency based on board settings.

• static void CLOCK\_SetXtal32Freq (uint32\_t freq)

Sets the XTAL32/RTC\_CLKIN frequency based on board settings.

## MCG auto-trim machine.

• status\_t CLOCK\_TrimInternalRefClk (uint32\_t extFreq, uint32\_t desireFreq, uint32\_t \*actualFreq, mcg\_atm\_select\_t atms)

Auto trims the internal reference clock.

#### MCG mode functions.

• mcg\_mode\_t CLOCK\_GetMode (void)

Gets the current MCG mode.

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

- status\_t CLOCK\_SetFeiMode (mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*fllStableDelay)(void))

  Sets the MCG to FEI mode.
- status\_t CLOCK\_SetFeeMode (uint8\_t frdiv, mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*fllStable-Delay)(void))

Sets the MCG to FEE mode.

- status\_t CLOCK\_SetFbiMode (mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*fllStableDelay)(void)) Sets the MCG to FBI mode.
- status\_t CLOCK\_SetFbeMode (uint8\_t frdiv, mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*fllStable-Delay)(void))

Sets the MCG to FBE mode.

• status\_t CLOCK\_SetBlpiMode (void)

Sets the MCG to BLPI mode.

• status\_t CLOCK\_SetBlpeMode (void)

Sets the MCG to BLPE mode.

- status\_t CLOCK\_SetPbeMode (mcg\_pll\_clk\_select\_t pllcs, mcg\_pll\_config\_t const \*config) Sets the MCG to PBE mode.
- status t CLOCK SetPeeMode (void)

Sets the MCG to PEE mode.

status\_t CLOCK\_ExternalModeToFbeModeQuick (void)

Switches the MCG to FBE mode from the external mode.

• status t CLOCK InternalModeToFbiModeQuick (void)

Switches the MCG to FBI mode from internal modes.

status\_t CLOCK\_BootToFeiMode (mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*fllStable-Delay)(void))

Sets the MCG to FEI mode during system boot up.

status\_t CLOCK\_BootToFeeMode (mcg\_oscsel\_t oscsel, uint8\_t frdiv, mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*fllStableDelay)(void))

*Sets the MCG to FEE mode during system bootup.* 

- status\_t CLOCK\_BootToBlpiMode (uint8\_t fcrdiv, mcg\_irc\_mode\_t ircs, uint8\_t ircEnableMode)

  Sets the MCG to BLPI mode during system boot up.
- status\_t CLOCK\_BootToBlpeMode (mcg\_oscsel\_t oscsel)

Sets the MCG to BLPE mode during sytem boot up.

• status\_t CLOCK\_BootToPeeMode (mcg\_oscsel\_t oscsel, mcg\_pll\_clk\_select\_t pllcs, mcg\_pll\_config\_t const \*config)

Sets the MCG to PEE mode during system boot up.

• status\_t CLOCK\_SetMcgConfig (mcg\_config\_t const \*config)

Sets the MCG to a target mode.

#### 29.4 Data Structure Documentation

## 29.4.1 struct sim clock config t

#### **Data Fields**

uint8\_t er32kSrc

ERCLK32K source selection.

• uint32 t clkdiv1

SIM\_CLKDIV1.

#### 29.4.1.0.0.48 Field Documentation

29.4.1.0.0.48.1 uint8\_t sim\_clock\_config\_t::er32kSrc

29.4.1.0.0.48.2 uint32 t sim clock config t::clkdiv1

29.4.2 struct oscer config t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t enableMode OSCERCLK enable mode.

#### 29.4.2.0.0.49 Field Documentation

29.4.2.0.0.49.1 uint8\_t oscer\_config\_t::enableMode

OR'ed value of <u>\_oscer\_enable\_mode</u>.

## 29.4.3 struct osc\_config\_t

Defines the configuration data structure to initialize the OSC. When porting to a new board, set the following members according to the board setting:

- 1. freq: The external frequency.
- 2. workMode: The OSC module mode.

#### **Data Fields**

- uint32\_t freq
  - External clock frequency.
- uint8\_t capLoad
  - Capacitor load setting.
- osc\_mode\_t workMode
  - OSC work mode setting.
- oscer\_config\_t oscerConfig

Configuration for OSCERCLK.

#### **Data Structure Documentation**

29.4.3.0.0.50 Field Documentation

29.4.3.0.0.50.1 uint32\_t osc\_config\_t::freq

29.4.3.0.0.50.2 uint8\_t osc\_config\_t::capLoad

29.4.3.0.0.50.3 osc\_mode\_t osc\_config\_t::workMode

29.4.3.0.0.50.4 oscer\_config\_t osc\_config\_t::oscerConfig

29.4.4 struct mcg\_pll\_config\_t

### **Data Fields**

• uint8\_t enableMode

Enable mode.

• uint8\_t prdiv

Reference divider PRDIV.

• uint8 t vdiv

VCO divider VDIV.

29.4.4.0.0.51 Field Documentation

29.4.4.0.0.51.1 uint8\_t mcg\_pll\_config\_t::enableMode

OR'ed value of \_mcg\_pll\_enable\_mode.

29.4.4.0.0.51.2 uint8 t mcg pll config t::prdiv

29.4.5 struct mcg config t

When porting to a new board, set the following members according to the board setting:

- 1. frdiv: If the FLL uses the external reference clock, set this value to ensure that the external reference clock divided by frdiv is in the 31.25 kHz to 39.0625 kHz range.
- 2. The PLL reference clock divider PRDIV: PLL reference clock frequency after PRDIV should be in the FSL\_FEATURE\_MCG\_PLL\_REF\_MIN to FSL\_FEATURE\_MCG\_PLL\_REF\_MAX range.

#### **Data Fields**

• mcg mode t mcgMode

MCG mode.

• uint8\_t irclkEnableMode

MCGIRCLK enable mode.

• mcg\_irc\_mode\_t ircs

Source, MCG\_C2[IRCS].

uint8\_t fcrdiv
 Divider, MCG\_SC[FCRDIV].
 uint8\_t frdiv
 Divider MCG\_C1[FRDIV].
 mcg\_drs\_t drs
 DCO range MCG\_C4[DRST\_DRS].
 mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32
 MCG\_C4[DMX32].
 mcg\_pll\_config\_t pll0Config
 MCGPLL0CLK configuration.

#### 29.4.5.0.0.52 Field Documentation

```
29.4.5.0.0.52.1 mcg_mode_t mcg_config_t::mcgMode
29.4.5.0.0.52.2 uint8_t mcg_config_t::irclkEnableMode
29.4.5.0.0.52.3 mcg_irc_mode_t mcg_config_t::ircs
29.4.5.0.0.52.4 uint8_t mcg_config_t::fcrdiv
29.4.5.0.0.52.5 uint8_t mcg_config_t::frdiv
29.4.5.0.0.52.6 mcg_drs_t mcg_config_t::drs
29.4.5.0.0.52.7 mcg_dmx32_t mcg_config_t::dmx32
29.4.5.0.0.52.8 mcg_pll_config_t mcg_config_t::pll0Config
```

#### 29.5 Macro Definition Documentation

# 29.5.1 #define MCG\_CONFIG\_CHECK\_PARAM 0U

Some MCG settings must be changed with conditions, for example:

- 1. MCGIRCLK settings, such as the source, divider, and the trim value should not change when MC-GIRCLK is used as a system clock source.
- 2. MCG\_C7[OSCSEL] should not be changed when the external reference clock is used as a system clock source. For example, in FBE/BLPE/PBE modes.
- 3. The users should only switch between the supported clock modes.

MCG functions check the parameter and MCG status before setting, if not allowed to change, the functions return error. The parameter checking increases code size, if code size is a critical requirement, change MCG\_CONFIG\_CHECK\_PARAM to 0 to disable parameter checking.

# 29.5.2 #define FSL\_SDK\_DISABLE\_DRIVER\_CLOCK\_CONTROL 0

When set to 0, peripheral drivers will enable clock in initialize function and disable clock in de-initialize function. When set to 1, peripheral driver will not control the clock, application could contol the clock out

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## **Macro Definition Documentation**

of the driver.

Note

All drivers share this feature switcher. If it is set to 1, application should handle clock enable and disable for all drivers.

# 29.5.3 #define FSL\_CLOCK\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2, 2, 1))

# 29.5.4 #define DMAMUX\_CLOCKS

Value:

# 29.5.5 #define RTC\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Rtc0 \
}
```

# 29.5.6 #define SAI\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Sai0 \
}
```

# 29.5.7 #define SPI\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{ kCLOCK_Spi0, kCLOCK_Spi1 \
```

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# 29.5.8 #define PIT\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Pit0 \
     }
```

# 29.5.9 #define PORT\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_PortA, kCLOCK_PortB, kCLOCK_PortC, kCLOCK_PortD, kCLOCK_PortE \
}
```

# 29.5.10 #define TSI\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_Tsi0 \
}
```

# 29.5.11 #define DAC\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Dac0 \
}
```

# 29.5.12 #define LPTMR\_CLOCKS

Value:

```
{
     kCLOCK_Lptmr0 \
}
```

## **Macro Definition Documentation**

# 29.5.13 #define ADC16\_CLOCKS

```
Value:
```

```
{
      kCLOCK_Adc0 \
}
```

# 29.5.14 #define DMA CLOCKS

### Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_Dma0 \
}
```

# 29.5.15 #define UART0\_CLOCKS

## Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_Uart0 \
}
```

# 29.5.16 #define UART\_CLOCKS

#### Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_IpInvalid, kCLOCK_Uart1, kCLOCK_Uart2 \
}
```

# 29.5.17 #define TPM\_CLOCKS

### Value:

```
{
      kCLOCK_Tpm0, kCLOCK_Tpm1, kCLOCK_Tpm2 \
}
```

## 29.5.18 #define I2C CLOCKS

```
Value:
```

```
{
     kCLOCK_I2c0, kCLOCK_I2c1 \
}
```

# 29.5.19 #define FTF\_CLOCKS

```
Value:
```

```
{
      kCLOCK_Ftf0 \
}
```

# 29.5.20 #define CMP\_CLOCKS

#### Value:

```
{ kCLOCK_Cmp0 \
```

# 29.5.21 #define SYS\_CLK kCLOCK\_CoreSysClk

# 29.6 Enumeration Type Documentation

# 29.6.1 enum clock\_name\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kCLOCK_PlatClk Platform clock.
kCLOCK_PlatClk Platform clock.
kCLOCK_BusClk Bus clock.
kCLOCK_FlexBusClk FlexBus clock.
kCLOCK_FlexBusClk Flash clock.
kCLOCK_FlashClk Flash clock.
kCLOCK_PllFllSelClk The clock after SIM[PLLFLLSEL].
kCLOCK_Er32kClk External reference 32K clock (ERCLK32K)
kCLOCK_Osc0ErClk OSC0 external reference clock (OSC0ERCLK)
kCLOCK_McgFixedFreqClk MCG fixed frequency clock (MCGFFCLK)
kCLOCK McgInternalRefClk MCG internal reference clock (MCGIRCLK)
```

### MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

kCLOCK\_McgFllClk MCGFLLCLK. kCLOCK\_McgPllOClk MCGPLL0CLK. kCLOCK\_McgExtPllClk EXT\_PLLCLK. kCLOCK\_LpoClk LPO clock.

## 29.6.2 enum clock\_usb\_src\_t

#### Enumerator

kCLOCK\_UsbSrcPll0 Use PLL0.kCLOCK\_UsbSrcExt Use USB\_CLKIN.

## 29.6.3 enum clock\_ip\_name\_t

# 29.6.4 enum osc\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

kOSC\_ModeExt Use an external clock.kOSC\_ModeOscLowPower Oscillator low power.kOSC\_ModeOscHighGain Oscillator high gain.

# 29.6.5 enum \_osc\_cap\_load

#### Enumerator

kOSC\_Cap2P 2 pF capacitor load
kOSC\_Cap4P 4 pF capacitor load
kOSC\_Cap8P 8 pF capacitor load
kOSC\_Cap16P 16 pF capacitor load

## 29.6.6 enum \_oscer\_enable\_mode

#### Enumerator

kOSC\_ErClkEnable Enable.kOSC\_ErClkEnableInStop Enable in stop mode.

### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

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## 29.6.7 enum mcg\_fll\_src\_t

#### Enumerator

kMCG\_FllSrcExternal External reference clock is selected.kMCG FllSrcInternal The slow internal reference clock is selected.

## 29.6.8 enum mcg\_irc\_mode\_t

#### Enumerator

kMCG\_IrcSlow Slow internal reference clock selected.kMCG\_IrcFast Fast internal reference clock selected.

## 29.6.9 enum mcg\_dmx32\_t

#### Enumerator

*kMCG\_Dmx32Default* DCO has a default range of 25%. *kMCG\_Dmx32Fine* DCO is fine-tuned for maximum frequency with 32.768 kHz reference.

## 29.6.10 enum mcg\_drs\_t

#### Enumerator

kMCG\_DrsLow Low frequency range.kMCG\_DrsMid Mid frequency range.kMCG\_DrsMidHigh Mid-High frequency range.kMCG\_DrsHigh High frequency range.

## 29.6.11 enum mcg\_pll\_ref\_src\_t

#### Enumerator

kMCG\_PllRefOsc0 Selects OSC0 as PLL reference clock.kMCG\_PllRefOsc1 Selects OSC1 as PLL reference clock.

## **Enumeration Type Documentation**

## 29.6.12 enum mcg\_clkout\_src\_t

#### Enumerator

kMCG\_ClkOutSrcOut Output of the FLL is selected (reset default)kMCG\_ClkOutSrcInternal Internal reference clock is selected.kMCG\_ClkOutSrcExternal External reference clock is selected.

## 29.6.13 enum mcg\_atm\_select\_t

#### Enumerator

kMCG\_AtmSel32k32 kHz Internal Reference Clock selectedkMCG AtmSel4m4 MHz Internal Reference Clock selected

## 29.6.14 enum mcg\_oscsel\_t

#### Enumerator

kMCG\_OscselOscSelects System Oscillator (OSCCLK)kMCG OscselRtcSelects 32 kHz RTC Oscillator.

## 29.6.15 enum mcg\_pll\_clk\_select\_t

#### Enumerator

kMCG\_PllClkSelPll0 PLL0 output clock is selected.

## 29.6.16 enum mcg\_monitor\_mode\_t

### Enumerator

kMCG\_MonitorNone Clock monitor is disabled.kMCG\_MonitorInt Trigger interrupt when clock lost.kMCG\_MonitorReset System reset when clock lost.

#### 29.6.17 enum mcg status

#### Enumerator

kStatus\_MCG\_ModeUnreachable Can't switch to target mode.

**kStatus\_MCG\_ModeInvalid** Current mode invalid for the specific function.

kStatus\_MCG\_AtmBusClockInvalid Invalid bus clock for ATM.

kStatus\_MCG\_AtmDesiredFreqInvalid Invalid desired frequency for ATM.

kStatus\_MCG\_AtmIrcUsed IRC is used when using ATM.

kStatus\_MCG\_AtmHardwareFail Hardware fail occurs during ATM.

kStatus\_MCG\_SourceUsed Can't change the clock source because it is in use.

## 29.6.18 enum \_mcg\_status\_flags\_t

#### Enumerator

kMCG\_Osc0LostFlag OSC0 lost.

kMCG\_Osc0InitFlag OSC0 crystal initialized.

kMCG Pll0LostFlag PLL0 lost.

kMCG Pll0LockFlag PLL0 locked.

## 29.6.19 enum \_mcg\_irclk\_enable\_mode

#### Enumerator

kMCG\_IrclkEnable MCGIRCLK enable.

*kMCG\_IrclkEnableInStop* MCGIRCLK enable in stop mode.

## 29.6.20 enum \_mcg\_pll\_enable\_mode

#### Enumerator

**kMCG\_PllEnableIndependent** MCGPLLCLK enable independent of the MCG clock mode. Generally, the PLL is disabled in FLL modes (FEI/FBI/FEE/FBE). Setting the PLL clock enable independent, enables the PLL in the FLL modes.

kMCG\_PllEnableInStop MCGPLLCLK enable in STOP mode.

## **29.6.21 enum mcg\_mode\_t**

#### Enumerator

*kMCG\_ModeFEI* FEI - FLL Engaged Internal.

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*kMCG\_ModeFBI* FBI - FLL Bypassed Internal.

*kMCG\_ModeBLPI* BLPI - Bypassed Low Power Internal.

*kMCG\_ModeFEE* FEE - FLL Engaged External.

*kMCG\_ModeFBE* FBE - FLL Bypassed External.

*kMCG\_ModeBLPE* BLPE - Bypassed Low Power External.

*kMCG\_ModePBE* PBE - PLL Bypassed External.

*kMCG\_ModePEE* PEE - PLL Engaged External.

*kMCG\_ModeError* Unknown mode.

#### 29.7 Function Documentation

#### 

#### **Parameters**

name Which clock to enable, see clock\_ip\_name\_t.

## 

#### **Parameters**

name Which clock to disable, see clock\_ip\_name\_t.

- 29.7.3 static void CLOCK SetEr32kClock (uint32 t src ) [inline], [static]
- 29.7.5 static void CLOCK SetTpmClock (uint32 t src) [inline], [static]
- 29.7.6 static void CLOCK SetLpsciOClock (uint32 t src) [inline], [static]
- 29.7.7 bool CLOCK EnableUsbfs0Clock ( clock\_usb\_src\_t src, uint32 t freq )

#### **Parameters**

| src  | USB FS clock source.            |
|------|---------------------------------|
| freq | The frequency specified by src. |

#### Return values

| true  | The clock is set successfully.                          |
|-------|---|
| false | The clock source is invalid to get proper USB FS clock. |

## 29.7.8 static void CLOCK DisableUsbfs0Clock (void ) [inline], [static]

Disable USB FS clock.

## 29.7.9 static void CLOCK SetClkOutClock (uint32 t src) [inline], [static]

#### 

## 29.7.11 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetFreq ( clock\_name\_t clockName )

This function checks the current clock configurations and then calculates the clock frequency for a specific clock name defined in clock\_name\_t. The MCG must be properly configured before using this function.

#### **Parameters**

| clockName | Clock names defined in clock_name_t |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|
|-----------|-------------------------------------|

#### Returns

Clock frequency value in Hertz

## 29.7.12 uint32 t CLOCK GetCoreSysClkFreq (void)

#### Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

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## 29.7.13 uint32 t CLOCK GetPlatClkFreq (void)

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

## 29.7.14 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetBusClkFreq ( void )

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

## 29.7.15 uint32 t CLOCK GetFlashClkFreq (void )

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

## 29.7.16 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetPIIFIISelClkFreq ( void )

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

## 29.7.17 uint32 t CLOCK GetEr32kClkFreq ( void )

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

## 29.7.18 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetOsc0ErClkFreq ( void )

Returns

Clock frequency in Hz.

## 29.7.19 void CLOCK\_SetSimConfig ( sim\_clock\_config\_t const \* config )

This function sets system layer clock settings in SIM module.

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#### **Parameters**

config Pointer to the configure structure.

### 29.7.20 static void CLOCK SetSimSafeDivs (void ) [inline], [static]

The system level clocks (core clock, bus clock, flexbus clock and flash clock) must be in allowed ranges. During MCG clock mode switch, the MCG output clock changes then the system level clocks may be out of range. This function could be used before MCG mode change, to make sure system level clocks are in allowed range.

#### **Parameters**

config Pointer to the configure structure.

## 29.7.21 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetOutClkFreq ( void )

This function gets the MCG output clock frequency in Hz based on the current MCG register value.

#### Returns

The frequency of MCGOUTCLK.

## 29.7.22 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetFIIFreq ( void )

This function gets the MCG FLL clock frequency in Hz based on the current MCG register value. The FLL is enabled in FEI/FBI/FEE/FBE mode and disabled in low power state in other modes.

#### Returns

The frequency of MCGFLLCLK.

## 29.7.23 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetInternalRefClkFreq (void)

This function gets the MCG internal reference clock frequency in Hz based on the current MCG register value.

#### Returns

The frequency of MCGIRCLK.

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## 29.7.24 uint32\_t CLOCK\_GetFixedFreqClkFreq ( void )

This function gets the MCG fixed frequency clock frequency in Hz based on the current MCG register value.

Returns

The frequency of MCGFFCLK.

## 29.7.25 uint32 t CLOCK GetPII0Freq (void )

This function gets the MCG PLL0 clock frequency in Hz based on the current MCG register value.

Returns

The frequency of MCGPLL0CLK.

## 29.7.26 static void CLOCK\_SetLowPowerEnable (bool enable) [inline], [static]

Enabling the MCG low power disables the PLL and FLL in bypass modes. In other words, in FBE and PBE modes, enabling low power sets the MCG to BLPE mode. In FBI and PBI modes, enabling low power sets the MCG to BLPI mode. When disabling the MCG low power, the PLL or FLL are enabled based on MCG settings.

**Parameters** 

enable True to enable MCG low power, false to disable MCG low power.

## 29.7.27 status\_t CLOCK\_SetInternalRefClkConfig ( uint8\_t enableMode, mcg\_irc\_mode\_t ircs, uint8\_t fcrdiv )

This function sets the MCGIRCLK base on parameters. It also selects the IRC source. If the fast IRC is used, this function sets the fast IRC divider. This function also sets whether the MCGIRCLK is enabled in stop mode. Calling this function in FBI/PBI/BLPI modes may change the system clock. As a result, using the function in these modes it is not allowed.

#### **Parameters**

| enableMode | MCGIRCLK enable mode, OR'ed value of _mcg_irclk_enable_mode. |
|------------|--|
| ircs       | MCGIRCLK clock source, choose fast or slow.                  |
| fcrdiv     | Fast IRC divider setting (FCRDIV).                           |

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Source | e- Because the internall reference clock is used as a clock source, the confu- |
|--------------------|--|
| Us                 | ration should not be changed. Otherwise, a glitch occurs.                      |
| kStatus_Succe      | MCGIRCLK configuration finished successfully.                                  |

## 29.7.28 status\_t CLOCK\_SetExternalRefClkConfig ( mcg\_oscsel\_t oscsel )

Selects the MCG external reference clock source, changes the MCG\_C7[OSCSEL], and waits for the clock source to be stable. Because the external reference clock should not be changed in FEE/FBE/BLP-E/PBE/PEE modes, do not call this function in these modes.

#### **Parameters**

| oscsel | MCG external reference clock source, MCG_C7[OSCSEL]. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Source- | Because the external reference clock is used as a clock source, the confu- |
|---------------------|--|
| Used                | ration should not be changed. Otherwise, a glitch occurs.                  |
| kStatus_Success     | External reference clock set successfully.                                 |

## 29.7.29 static void CLOCK\_SetFIIExtRefDiv ( uint8\_t frdiv ) [inline], [static]

Sets the FLL external reference clock divider value, the register MCG\_C1[FRDIV].

#### **Parameters**

| frdiv The F | FLL external reference clock divider value, MCG_C1[FRDIV]. |
|-------------|--|
|-------------|--|

## 29.7.30 void CLOCK\_EnablePII0 ( mcg\_pll\_config\_t const \* config )

This function sets us the PLL0 in FLL mode and reconfigures the PLL0. Ensure that the PLL reference clock is enabled before calling this function and that the PLL0 is not used as a clock source. The function CLOCK\_CalcPllDiv gets the correct PLL divider values.

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

## 29.7.31 static void CLOCK\_DisablePIIO (void ) [inline], [static]

This function disables the PLL0 in FLL mode. It should be used together with the CLOCK\_EnablePll0.

## 29.7.32 uint32\_t CLOCK\_CalcPllDiv ( uint32\_t refFreq, uint32\_t desireFreq, uint8\_t \* prdiv, uint8\_t \* vdiv )

This function calculates the correct reference clock divider (PRDIV) and VCO divider (VDIV) to generate a desired PLL output frequency. It returns the closest frequency match with the corresponding PRDIV/-VDIV returned from parameters. If a desired frequency is not valid, this function returns 0.

#### **Parameters**

| refFreq    | PLL reference clock frequency.                 |
|------------|--|
| desireFreq | Desired PLL output frequency.                  |
| prdiv      | PRDIV value to generate desired PLL frequency. |
| vdiv       | VDIV value to generate desired PLL frequency.  |

#### Returns

Closest frequency match that the PLL was able generate.

## 29.7.33 void CLOCK\_SetOsc0MonitorMode ( mcg\_monitor\_mode\_t mode )

This function sets the OSC0 clock monitor mode. See mcg\_monitor\_mode\_t for details.

#### **Parameters**

mode Monitor mode to set.

## 29.7.34 void CLOCK SetPll0MonitorMode ( mcg\_monitor\_mode\_t mode )

This function sets the PLL0 clock monitor mode. See mcg\_monitor\_mode\_t for details.

**Parameters** 

mode Monitor mode to set.

## 29.7.35 uint32 t CLOCK GetStatusFlags (void)

This function gets the MCG clock status flags. All status flags are returned as a logical OR of the enumeration \_mcg\_status\_flags\_t. To check a specific flag, compare the return value with the flag.

#### Example:

```
// To check the clock lost lock status of OSCO and PLLO.
uint32_t mcgFlags;
mcgFlags = CLOCK_GetStatusFlags();
if (mcgFlags & kMCG_OscoLostFlag)
{
    // OSCO clock lock lost. Do something.
}
if (mcgFlags & kMCG_PlloLostFlag)
{
    // PLLO clock lock lost. Do something.
}
```

#### Returns

Logical OR value of the \_mcg\_status\_flags\_t.

## 29.7.36 void CLOCK\_ClearStatusFlags ( uint32\_t mask )

This function clears the MCG clock lock lost status. The parameter is a logical OR value of the flags to clear. See \_mcg\_status\_flags\_t.

#### Example:

```
// To clear the clock lost lock status flags of OSCO and PLLO.
CLOCK_ClearStatusFlags(kMCG_OscOLostFlag | kMCG_PllOLostFlag);
```

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#### **Parameters**

| mask | The status flags to clear. This is a logical OR of members of the enumeration _mcg |
|------|--|
|      | status_flags_t.  |

## 29.7.37 static void OSC\_SetExtRefClkConfig ( OSC\_Type \* base, oscer\_config\_t const \* config ) [inline], [static]

This function configures the OSC external reference clock (OSCERCLK). This is an example to enable the OSCERCLK in normal and stop modes and also set the output divider to 1:

```
oscer_config_t config =
{
    .enableMode = kOSC_ErClkEnable |
    kOSC_ErClkEnableInStop,
    .erclkDiv = 1U,
};

OSC_SetExtRefClkConfig(OSC, &config);
```

#### **Parameters**

| base   | OSC peripheral address.                 |
|--------|---|
| config | Pointer to the configuration structure. |

## 29.7.38 static void OSC\_SetCapLoad ( OSC\_Type \* base, uint8\_t capLoad ) [inline], [static]

This function sets the specified capacitors configuration for the oscillator. This should be done in the early system level initialization function call based on the system configuration.

#### **Parameters**

| base    | OSC peripheral address.                                       |
|---------|---|
| capLoad | OR'ed value for the capacitor load option, see _osc_cap_load. |

#### Example:

```
// To enable only 2 pF and 8 pF capacitor load, please use like this. 
 OSC_SetCapLoad(OSC, kOSC_Cap2P | kOSC_Cap8P);
```

## 29.7.39 void CLOCK\_InitOsc0 ( osc\_config\_t const \* config )

This function initializes the OSC0 according to the board configuration.

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the OSC0 configuration structure. |
|--------|--|
|--------|--|

### 29.7.40 void CLOCK DeinitOsc0 (void)

This function deinitializes the OSC0.

## 29.7.41 static void CLOCK\_SetXtal0Freq ( uint32\_t freq ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| freq | The XTAL0/EXTAL0 input clock frequency in Hz. |
|------|---|
|------|---|

## 29.7.42 static void CLOCK\_SetXtal32Freq ( uint32\_t freq ) [inline], [static]

#### **Parameters**

| freq | The XTAL32/EXTAL32/RTC_CLKIN input clock frequency in Hz. |
|------|---|
|------|---|

## 29.7.43 status\_t CLOCK\_TrimInternalRefClk ( uint32\_t extFreq, uint32\_t desireFreq, uint32\_t \* actualFreq, mcg\_atm\_select\_t atms )

This function trims the internal reference clock by using the external clock. If successful, it returns the kStatus\_Success and the frequency after trimming is received in the parameter actualFreq. If an error occurs, the error code is returned.

#### **Parameters**

| extFreq    | External clock frequency, which should be a bus clock. |
|------------|--|
| desireFreq | Frequency to trim to.                                  |
| actualFreq | Actual frequency after trimming.                       |

| atms | Trim fast or slow internal reference clock. |
|------|---|
|------|---|

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success                        | ATM success.   |
|--|--|
| kStatus_MCG_AtmBus-<br>ClockInvalid    | The bus clock is not in allowed range for the ATM.             |
| kStatus_MCG_Atm-<br>DesiredFreqInvalid | MCGIRCLK could not be trimmed to the desired frequency.        |
| kStatus_MCG_AtmIrc-<br>Used            | Could not trim because MCGIRCLK is used as a bus clock source. |
| kStatus_MCG_Atm-<br>HardwareFail       | Hardware fails while trimming.                                 |

## 29.7.44 mcg\_mode\_t CLOCK\_GetMode ( void )

This function checks the MCG registers and determines the current MCG mode.

#### Returns

Current MCG mode or error code; See mcg\_mode\_t.

## 29.7.45 status\_t CLOCK\_SetFeiMode ( mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*)(void) fllStableDelay )

This function sets the MCG to FEI mode. If setting to FEI mode fails from the current mode, this function returns an error.

#### **Parameters**

| dmx32          | DMX32 in FEI mode.  |  |
|----------------|---|--|
| drs            | The DCO range selection.  |  |
| fllStableDelay | Delay function to ensure that the FLL is stable. Passing NULL does not cause a delay. |  |

### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Unreachable | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success                  | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

#### Note

If dmx32 is set to kMCG\_Dmx32Fine, the slow IRC must not be trimmed to a frequency above 32768 Hz.

## 29.7.46 status\_t CLOCK\_SetFeeMode ( uint8\_t frdiv, mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*)(void) fllStableDelay )

This function sets the MCG to FEE mode. If setting to FEE mode fails from the current mode, this function returns an error.

#### Parameters

| frdiv          | FLL reference clock divider setting, FRDIV.                                     |
|----------------|---|
| dmx32          | DMX32 in FEE mode.  |
| drs            | The DCO range selection.  |
| fllStableDelay | Delay function to make sure FLL is stable. Passing NULL does not cause a delay. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Unreachable | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success                  | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

## 29.7.47 status\_t CLOCK\_SetFbiMode ( mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*)(void) fllStableDelay )

This function sets the MCG to FBI mode. If setting to FBI mode fails from the current mode, this function returns an error.

| Parameters |
|------------|
|------------|

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| dmx32          | DMX32 in FBI mode.  |
|----------------|---|
| drs            | The DCO range selection.  |
| fllStableDelay | Delay function to make sure FLL is stable. If the FLL is not used in FBI mode, this parameter can be NULL. Passing NULL does not cause a delay. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Unreachable | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success                  | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

#### Note

If dmx32 is set to kMCG\_Dmx32Fine, the slow IRC must not be trimmed to frequency above 32768 Hz.

## 29.7.48 status\_t CLOCK\_SetFbeMode ( uint8\_t frdiv, mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*)(void) fllStableDelay )

This function sets the MCG to FBE mode. If setting to FBE mode fails from the current mode, this function returns an error.

#### **Parameters**

| frdiv          | FLL reference clock divider setting, FRDIV.   |
|----------------|---|
| dmx32          | DMX32 in FBE mode.  |
| drs            | The DCO range selection.  |
| fllStableDelay | Delay function to make sure FLL is stable. If the FLL is not used in FBE mode, this parameter can be NULL. Passing NULL does not cause a delay. |

### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode- | Could not switch to the target mode. |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Unreachable       |                                      |

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| kStatus_Success | Switched to the target mode successfully. |
|-----------------|---|
|-----------------|---|

## 29.7.49 status\_t CLOCK\_SetBlpiMode ( void )

This function sets the MCG to BLPI mode. If setting to BLPI mode fails from the current mode, this function returns an error.

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Unreachable | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success                  | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

## 29.7.50 status\_t CLOCK\_SetBlpeMode ( void )

This function sets the MCG to BLPE mode. If setting to BLPE mode fails from the current mode, this function returns an error.

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Unreachable | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success                  | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

## 29.7.51 status\_t CLOCK\_SetPbeMode ( mcg\_pll\_clk\_select\_t pllcs, mcg\_pll\_config\_t const \* config )

This function sets the MCG to PBE mode. If setting to PBE mode fails from the current mode, this function returns an error.

#### **Parameters**

| pllcs  | The PLL selection, PLLCS.         |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| config | Pointer to the PLL configuration. |

#### Return values

|                 | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|-----------------|---|
| Unreachable     |   |
| kStatus_Success | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

#### Note

- 1. The parameter pllcs selects the PLL. For platforms with only one PLL, the parameter pllcs is kept for interface compatibility.
- 2. The parameter config is the PLL configuration structure. On some platforms, it is possible to choose the external PLL directly, which renders the configuration structure not necessary. In this case, pass in NULL. For example: CLOCK\_SetPbeMode(kMCG\_OscselOsc, kMCG\_Pll-ClkSelExtPll, NULL);

## 29.7.52 status\_t CLOCK\_SetPeeMode ( void )

This function sets the MCG to PEE mode.

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Unreachable | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success                  | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

#### Note

This function only changes the CLKS to use the PLL/FLL output. If the PRDIV/VDIV are different than in the PBE mode, set them up in PBE mode and wait. When the clock is stable, switch to PEE mode.

## 29.7.53 status\_t CLOCK\_ExternalModeToFbeModeQuick ( void )

This function switches the MCG from external modes (PEE/PBE/BLPE/FEE) to the FBE mode quickly. The external clock is used as the system clock souce and PLL is disabled. However, the FLL settings are not configured. This is a lite function with a small code size, which is useful during the mode switch. For example, to switch from PEE mode to FEI mode:

```
* CLOCK_ExternalModeToFbeModeQuick();
* CLOCK_SetFeiMode(...);
```

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success              | Switched successfully.  |
|------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Invalid | If the current mode is not an external mode, do not call this function. |

## 29.7.54 status\_t CLOCK\_InternalModeToFbiModeQuick ( void )

This function switches the MCG from internal modes (PEI/PBI/BLPI/FEI) to the FBI mode quickly. The MCGIRCLK is used as the system clock souce and PLL is disabled. However, FLL settings are not configured. This is a lite function with a small code size, which is useful during the mode switch. For example, to switch from PEI mode to FEE mode:

```
* CLOCK_InternalModeToFbiModeQuick();
* CLOCK_SetFeeMode(...);
```

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success   | Switched successfully.  |
|-------------------|---|
| kStatus_MCG_Mode- | If the current mode is not an internal mode, do not call this function. |
| Invalid           |   |

## 29.7.55 status\_t CLOCK\_BootToFeiMode ( mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*)(void) fllStableDelay )

This function sets the MCG to FEI mode from the reset mode. It can also be used to set up MCG during system boot up.

#### **Parameters**

| dmx32          | DMX32 in FEI mode.                               |
|----------------|--|
| drs            | The DCO range selection.                         |
| fllStableDelay | Delay function to ensure that the FLL is stable. |

## Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Unreachable | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success                  | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

#### Note

If dmx32 is set to kMCG\_Dmx32Fine, the slow IRC must not be trimmed to frequency above 32768 Hz.

## 29.7.56 status\_t CLOCK\_BootToFeeMode ( mcg\_oscsel\_t oscsel, uint8\_t frdiv, mcg\_dmx32\_t dmx32, mcg\_drs\_t drs, void(\*)(void) fllStableDelay )

This function sets MCG to FEE mode from the reset mode. It can also be used to set up the MCG during system boot up.

#### **Parameters**

| oscsel         | OSC clock select, OSCSEL.                        |
|----------------|--|
| frdiv          | FLL reference clock divider setting, FRDIV.      |
| dmx32          | DMX32 in FEE mode.                               |
| drs            | The DCO range selection.                         |
| fllStableDelay | Delay function to ensure that the FLL is stable. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Unreachable | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success                  | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

## 29.7.57 status\_t CLOCK\_BootToBlpiMode ( uint8\_t fcrdiv, mcg\_irc\_mode\_t ircs, uint8\_t ircEnableMode )

This function sets the MCG to BLPI mode from the reset mode. It can also be used to set up the MCG during system boot up.

#### **Parameters**

| fcrdiv        | Fast IRC divider, FCRDIV.  |
|---------------|--|
| ircs          | The internal reference clock to select, IRCS.                    |
| ircEnableMode | The MCGIRCLK enable mode, OR'ed value of _mcg_irclk_enable_mode. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Source- | Could not change MCGIRCLK setting.        |
|---------------------|---|
| Used                |   |
| kStatus_Success     | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

## 29.7.58 status\_t CLOCK\_BootToBlpeMode ( mcg\_oscsel\_t oscsel )

This function sets the MCG to BLPE mode from the reset mode. It can also be used to set up the MCG during sytem boot up.

#### **Parameters**

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Unreachable | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success                  | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

#### status t CLOCK BootToPeeMode ( mcg\_oscsel\_t oscsel, 29.7.59 mcg\_pll\_clk\_select\_t pllcs, mcg\_pll\_config\_t const \* config )

This function sets the MCG to PEE mode from reset mode. It can also be used to set up the MCG during system boot up.

#### **Parameters**

| oscsel OSC clock select, MCG_C7[OSCSEL]. |
|--|
|--|

#### Variable Documentation

| pllcs  | The PLL selection, PLLCS.         |
|--------|-----------------------------------|
| config | Pointer to the PLL configuration. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_MCG_Mode-<br>Unreachable | Could not switch to the target mode.      |
|----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_Success                  | Switched to the target mode successfully. |

## 29.7.60 status\_t CLOCK\_SetMcgConfig ( mcg\_config\_t const \* config )

This function sets MCG to a target mode defined by the configuration structure. If switching to the target mode fails, this function chooses the correct path.

#### **Parameters**

| config | Pointer to the target MCG mode configuration structure. |
|--------|---|
|--------|---|

#### Returns

Return kStatus\_Success if switched successfully; Otherwise, it returns an error code \_mcg\_status.

#### Note

If the external clock is used in the target mode, ensure that it is enabled. For example, if the OSC0 is used, set up OSC0 correctly before calling this function.

#### 29.8 Variable Documentation

## 29.8.1 uint32\_t g\_xtal0Freq

The XTAL0/EXTAL0 (OSC0) clock frequency in Hz. When the clock is set up, use the function CLOC-K\_SetXtal0Freq to set the value in the clock driver. For example, if XTAL0 is 8 MHz:

```
* CLOCK_InitOsc0(...); // Set up the OSC0
* CLOCK_SetXtal0Freq(80000000); // Set the XTAL0 value to the clock driver.
```

This is important for the multicore platforms where only one core needs to set up the OSC0 using the CLOCK\_InitOsc0. All other cores need to call the CLOCK\_SetXtal0Freq to get a valid clock frequency.

## 29.8.2 uint32\_t g\_xtal32Freq

The XTAL32/EXTAL32/RTC\_CLKIN clock frequency in Hz. When the clock is set up, use the function CLOCK\_SetXtal32Freq to set the value in the clock driver.

This is important for the multicore platforms where only one core needs to set up the clock. All other cores need to call the CLOCK\_SetXtal32Freq to get a valid clock frequency.

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## 29.9 Multipurpose Clock Generator (MCG)

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a peripheral driver for the module of MCUXpresso SDK devices.

## 29.9.1 Function description

MCG driver provides these functions:

- Functions to get the MCG clock frequency.
- Functions to configure the MCG clock, such as PLLCLK and MCGIRCLK.
- Functions for the MCG clock lock lost monitor.
- Functions for the OSC configuration.
- Functions for the MCG auto-trim machine.
- Functions for the MCG mode.

#### 29.9.1.1 MCG frequency functions

MCG module provides clocks, such as MCGOUTCLK, MCGIRCLK, MCGFFCLK, MCGFLLCLK and MCGPLLCLK. The MCG driver provides functions to get the frequency of these clocks, such as C-LOCK\_GetOutClkFreq(), CLOCK\_GetInternalRefClkFreq(), CLOCK\_GetFixedFreqClkFreq(), CLOCK\_GetFllFreq(), CLOCK\_GetPllOFreq(), CLOCK\_GetPll1Freq(), and CLOCK\_GetExtPllFreq(). These functions get the clock frequency based on the current MCG registers.

#### 29.9.1.2 MCG clock configuration

The MCG driver provides functions to configure the internal reference clock (MCGIRCLK), the external reference clock, and MCGPLLCLK.

The function CLOCK\_SetInternalRefClkConfig() configures the MCGIRCLK, including the source and the driver. Do not change MCGIRCLK when the MCG mode is BLPI/FBI/PBI because the MCGIRCLK is used as a system clock in these modes and changing settings makes the system clock unstable.

The function CLOCK\_SetExternalRefClkConfig() configures the external reference clock source (MCG\_C7[OSCSEL]). Do not call this function when the MCG mode is BLPE/FBE/PBE/FEE/PEE because the external reference clock is used as a clock source in these modes. Changing the external reference clock source requires at least a 50 microseconds wait. The function CLOCK\_SetExternalRefClkConfig() implements a for loop delay internally. The for loop delay assumes that the system clock is 96 MHz, which ensures at least 50 micro seconds delay. However, when the system clock is slow, the delay time may significantly increase. This for loop count can be optimized for better performance for specific cases.

The MCGPLLCLK is disabled in FBE/FEE/FBI/FEI modes by default. Applications can enable the M-CGPLLCLK in these modes using the functions CLOCK\_EnablePll0() and CLOCK\_EnablePll1(). To enable the MCGPLLCLK, the PLL reference clock divider(PRDIV) and the PLL VCO divider(VDIV) must be set to a proper value. The function CLOCK\_CalcPllDiv() helps to get the PRDIV/VDIV.

#### 29.9.1.3 MCG clock lock monitor functions

The MCG module monitors the OSC and the PLL clock lock status. The MCG driver provides the functions to set the clock monitor mode, check the clock lost status, and clear the clock lost status.

## 29.9.1.4 OSC configuration

The MCG is needed together with the OSC module to enable the OSC clock. The function CLOCK\_Init-Osc0() CLOCK\_InitOsc1 uses the MCG and OSC to initialize the OSC. The OSC should be configured based on the board design.

#### 29.9.1.5 MCG auto-trim machine

The MCG provides an auto-trim machine to trim the MCG internal reference clock based on the external reference clock (BUS clock). During clock trimming, the MCG must not work in FEI/FBI/BLPI/PBI/PEI modes. The function CLOCK\_TrimInternalRefClk() is used for the auto clock trimming.

#### 29.9.1.6 MCG mode functions

The function CLOCK\_GetMcgMode returns the current MCG mode. The MCG can only switch between the neighbouring modes. If the target mode is not current mode's neighbouring mode, the application must choose the proper switch path. For example, to switch to PEE mode from FEI mode, use FEI -> FBE -> PBE -> PEE.

For the MCG modes, the MCG driver provides three kinds of functions:

The first type of functions involve functions CLOCK\_SetXxxMode, such as CLOCK\_SetFeiMode(). These functions only set the MCG mode from neighbouring modes. If switching to the target mode directly from current mode is not possible, the functions return an error.

The second type of functions are the functions CLOCK\_BootToXxxMode, such as CLOCK\_BootToFei-Mode(). These functions set the MCG to specific modes from reset mode. Because the source mode and target mode are specific, these functions choose the best switch path. The functions are also useful to set up the system clock during boot up.

The third type of functions is the CLOCK\_SetMcgConfig(). This function chooses the right path to switch to the target mode. It is easy to use, but introduces a large code size.

Whenever the FLL settings change, there should be a 1 millisecond delay to ensure that the FLL is stable. The function CLOCK\_SetMcgConfig() implements a for loop delay internally to ensure that the FLL is stable. The for loop delay assumes that the system clock is 96 MHz, which ensures at least 1 millisecond delay. However, when the system clock is slow, the delay time may increase significantly. The for loop count can be optimized for better performance according to a specific use case.

### 29.9.2 Typical use case

The function CLOCK\_SetMcgConfig is used to switch between any modes. However, this heavy-light function introduces a large code size. This section shows how to use the mode function to implement a quick and light-weight switch between typical specific modes. Note that the step to enable the external clock is not included in the following steps. Enable the corresponding clock before using it as a clock source.

#### 29.9.2.1 Switch between BLPI and FEI

| Use case    | Steps                      | Functions                                   |
|-------------|----------------------------|---|
| BLPI -> FEI | BLPI -> FBI                | CLOCK_InternalModeToFbi-<br>ModeQuick()     |
|             | FBI -> FEI                 | CLOCK_SetFeiMode()                          |
|             | Configure MCGIRCLK if need | CLOCK_SetInternalRefClk-Config()            |
| FEI -> BLPI | Configure MCGIRCLK if need | CLOCK_SetInternalRefClk-Config()            |
|             | FEI -> FBI                 | CLOCK_SetFbiMode() with fllStableDelay=NULL |
|             | FBI -> BLPI                | CLOCK_SetLowPower-<br>Enable(true)          |

#### 29.9.2.2 Switch between BLPI and FEE

| Use case    | Steps                                | Functions                                   |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| BLPI -> FEE | BLPI -> FBI                          | CLOCK_InternalModeToFbi-<br>ModeQuick()     |
|             | Change external clock source if need | CLOCK_SetExternalRefClk-Config()            |
|             | FBI -> FEE                           | CLOCK_SetFeeMode()                          |
| FEE -> BLPI | Configure MCGIRCLK if need           | CLOCK_SetInternalRefClk-Config()            |
|             | FEE -> FBI                           | CLOCK_SetFbiMode() with fllStableDelay=NULL |
|             | FBI -> BLPI                          | CLOCK_SetLowPower-<br>Enable(true)          |

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#### 29.9.2.3 Switch between BLPI and PEE

| Use case    | Steps                                | Functions                                   |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|---|
|             | BLPI -> FBI                          | CLOCK_InternalModeToFbi-<br>ModeQuick()     |
| BLPI -> PEE | Change external clock source if need | CLOCK_SetExternalRefClk-Config()            |
|             | FBI -> FBE                           | CLOCK_SetFbeMode() // fll-StableDelay=NULL  |
|             | FBE -> PBE                           | CLOCK_SetPbeMode()                          |
|             | PBE -> PEE                           | CLOCK_SetPeeMode()                          |
|             | PEE -> FBE                           | CLOCK_ExternalModeToFbe-<br>ModeQuick()     |
| PEE -> BLPI | Configure MCGIRCLK if need           | CLOCK_SetInternalRefClk-Config()            |
|             | FBE -> FBI                           | CLOCK_SetFbiMode() with fllStableDelay=NULL |
|             | FBI -> BLPI                          | CLOCK_SetLowPower-<br>Enable(true)          |

#### 29.9.2.4 Switch between BLPE and PEE

This table applies when using the same external clock source (MCG\_C7[OSCSEL]) in BLPE mode and PEE mode.

| Use case    | Steps       | Functions                               |
|-------------|-------------|---|
| BLPE -> PEE | BLPE -> PBE | CLOCK_SetPbeMode()                      |
| DELE -> LEE | PBE -> PEE  | CLOCK_SetPeeMode()                      |
| PEE -> BLPE | PEE -> FBE  | CLOCK_ExternalModeToFbe-<br>ModeQuick() |
|             | FBE -> BLPE | CLOCK_SetLowPower-<br>Enable(true)      |

If using different external clock sources (MCG\_C7[OSCSEL]) in BLPE mode and PEE mode, call the CLOCK\_SetExternalRefClkConfig() in FBI or FEI mode to change the external reference clock.

| Use case | Steps       | Functions                               |
|----------|-------------|---|
|          | BLPE -> FBE | CLOCK_ExternalModeToFbe-<br>ModeQuick() |

BLPE -> PEE MCUXpresso SDK API Reference Manual

|             | FBE -> FBI    | CLOCK_SetFbiMode() with fllStableDelay=NULL |
|-------------|---------------|---|
|             | Change source | CLOCK_SetExternalRefClk-Config()            |
|             | FBI -> FBE    | CLOCK_SetFbeMode() with fllStableDelay=NULL |
|             | FBE -> PBE    | CLOCK_SetPbeMode()                          |
|             | PBE -> PEE    | CLOCK_SetPeeMode()                          |
|             | PEE -> FBE    | CLOCK_ExternalModeToFbe-<br>ModeQuick()     |
| PEE -> BLPE | FBE -> FBI    | CLOCK_SetFbiMode() with fllStableDelay=NULL |
|             | Change source | CLOCK_SetExternalRefClk-Config()            |
|             | PBI -> FBE    | CLOCK_SetFbeMode() with fllStableDelay=NULL |
|             | FBE -> BLPE   | CLOCK_SetLowPower-<br>Enable(true)          |

#### 29.9.2.5 Switch between BLPE and FEE

This table applies when using the same external clock source (MCG\_C7[OSCSEL]) in BLPE mode and FEE mode.

| Use case    | Steps       | Functions                               |
|-------------|-------------|---|
| BLPE -> FEE | BLPE -> FBE | CLOCK_ExternalModeToFbe-<br>ModeQuick() |
|             | FBE -> FEE  | CLOCK_SetFeeMode()                      |
| FEE -> BLPE | PEE -> FBE  | CLOCK_SetPbeMode()                      |
| PEE -> BLIE | FBE -> BLPE | CLOCK_SetLowPower-<br>Enable(true)      |

If using different external clock sources (MCG\_C7[OSCSEL]) in BLPE mode and FEE mode, call the CLOCK\_SetExternalRefClkConfig() in FBI or FEI mode to change the external reference clock.

| Use case     | Steps       | Functions                           |
|--------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
|              | BLPE -> FBE | CLOCK_ExternalModeToFbe-ModeQuick() |
| RI PF -> FFF |             |                                     |

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|             | FBE -> FBI    | CLOCK_SetFbiMode() with fllStableDelay=NULL |
|-------------|---------------|---|
|             | Change source | CLOCK_SetExternalRefClk-Config()            |
|             | FBI -> FEE    | CLOCK_SetFeeMode()                          |
|             | FEE -> FBI    | CLOCK_SetFbiMode() with fllStableDelay=NULL |
| FEE -> BLPE | Change source | CLOCK_SetExternalRefClk-Config()            |
|             | PBI -> FBE    | CLOCK_SetFbeMode() with fllStableDelay=NULL |
|             | FBE -> BLPE   | CLOCK_SetLowPower-<br>Enable(true)          |

#### 29.9.2.6 Switch between BLPI and PEI

| Use case    | Steps                      | Functions                               |
|-------------|----------------------------|---|
|             | BLPI -> PBI                | CLOCK_SetPbiMode()                      |
| BLPI -> PEI | PBI -> PEI                 | CLOCK_SetPeiMode()                      |
|             | Configure MCGIRCLK if need | CLOCK_SetInternalRefClk-Config()        |
| PEI -> BLPI | Configure MCGIRCLK if need | CLOCK_SetInternalRefClk-Config          |
|             | PEI -> FBI                 | CLOCK_InternalModeToFbi-<br>ModeQuick() |
|             | FBI -> BLPI                | CLOCK_SetLowPower-<br>Enable(true)      |

## 29.9.3 Code Configuration Option

## 29.9.3.1 MCG\_USER\_CONFIG\_FLL\_STABLE\_DELAY\_EN

When switching to use FLL with function CLOCK\_SetFeiMode() and CLOCK\_SetFeeMode(), there is an internal function CLOCK\_FllStableDelay(). It is used to delay a few ms so that to wait the FLL to be stable enough. By default, it is implemented in driver code like:

```
#ifndef MCG_USER_CONFIG_FLL_STABLE_DELAY_EN
void CLOCK_FllStableDelay(void)
{
    /*
```

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```
Should wait at least 1ms. Because in these modes, the core clock is 100MHz
    at most, so this function could obtain the 1ms delay.
    */
    volatile uint32_t i = 30000U;
    while (i--)
    {
        __NOP();
    }
}
#endif /* MCG_USER_CONFIG_FIL_STABLE_DELAY_EN */
```

Once user is willing to create his own delay funcion, just assert the macro MCG\_USER\_CONFIG\_FLL\_STABLE\_DELAY\_EN, and then define function CLOCK\_FllStableDelay in the application code.

## Chapter 30 DMA Manager

### 30.1 Overview

DMA Manager provides a series of functions to manage the DMAMUX instances and channels.

## 30.2 Function groups

#### 30.2.1 DMAMGR Initialization and De-initialization

This function group initializes and deinitializes the DMA Manager.

## 30.2.2 DMAMGR Operation

This function group requests/releases the DMAMUX channel and configures the channel request source.

## 30.3 Typical use case

#### 30.3.1 DMAMGR static channel allocattion

## 30.3.2 DMAMGR dynamic channel allocation

```
uint8_t channel;
dmamanager_handle_t dmamanager_handle;

/* Initialize DMAMGR */
DMAMGR_Init(&dmamanager_handle, EXAMPLE_DMA_BASEADDR, DMA_CHANNEL_NUMBER, startChannel);
/* Request a DMAMUX channel by Dynamic allocate mechanism */
channel = DMAMGR_DYNAMIC_ALLOCATE;
DMAMGR_RequestChannel(&dmamanager_handle, kDmaRequestMux0AlwaysOn63, channel, &handle)
:
```

#### **Data Structures**

 struct dmamanager\_handle\_t dmamanager handle typedef. More...

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

#### **Macros**

#define DMAMGR\_DYNAMIC\_ALLOCATE 0xFFU

Dynamic channel allocation mechanism.

#### **Enumerations**

enum \_dma\_manager\_status {
 kStatus\_DMAMGR\_ChannelOccupied = MAKE\_STATUS(kStatusGroup\_DMAMGR, 0),
 kStatus\_DMAMGR\_ChannelNotUsed = MAKE\_STATUS(kStatusGroup\_DMAMGR, 1),
 kStatus\_DMAMGR\_NoFreeChannel = MAKE\_STATUS(kStatusGroup\_DMAMGR, 2) }
 DMA manager status.

### **DMAMGR** Initialization and De-initialization

- void DMAMGR\_Init (dmamanager\_handle\_t \*dmamanager\_handle, DMA\_Type \*dma\_base, uint32\_t channelNum, uint32\_t startChannel)
   Initializes the DMA manager.
- void DMAMGR\_Deinit (dmamanager\_handle\_t \*dmamanager\_handle)

  Deinitializes the DMA manager.

## **DMAMGR** Operation

- status\_t DMAMGR\_RequestChannel (dmamanager\_handle\_t \*dmamanager\_handle, uint32\_t requestSource, uint32\_t channel, void \*handle)
  - Requests a DMA channel.
- status\_t DMAMGR\_ReleaseChannel (dmamanager\_handle\_t \*dmamanager\_handle, void \*handle) Releases a DMA channel.
- bool DMAMGR\_IsChannelOccupied (dmamanager\_handle\_t \*dmamanager\_handle, uint32\_t channel)

Get a DMA channel status.

#### 30.4 Data Structure Documentation

## 30.4.1 struct dmamanager\_handle\_t

Note

The contents of this structure are private and subject to change.

This dma manager handle structure is used to store the parameters transferred by users. And users shall not free the memory before calling DMAMGR\_Deinit, also shall not modify the contents of the memory.

#### **Data Fields**

- void \* dma\_base Peripheral DMA instance.
- uint32\_t channelNum

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Channel numbers for the DMA instance which need to be managed by dma manager.

• uint32 t startChannel

The start channel that can be managed by dma manager, users need to transfer it with a certain number or NULL.

• bool s\_DMAMGR\_Channels [64]

The s\_DMAMGR\_Channels is used to store dma manager state.

• uint32 t DmamuxInstanceStart

The DmamuxInstance is used to calculate the DMAMUX Instance according to the DMA Instance.

• uint32\_t multiple

The multiple is used to calculate the multiple between DMAMUX count and DMA count.

#### 30.4.1.0.0.53 Field Documentation

```
30.4.1.0.0.53.1 void* dmamanager handle t::dma base
```

30.4.1.0.0.53.2 uint32\_t dmamanager\_handle\_t::channelNum

30.4.1.0.0.53.3 uint32\_t dmamanager\_handle\_t::startChannel

30.4.1.0.0.53.4 bool dmamanager\_handle\_t::s\_DMAMGR\_Channels[64]

30.4.1.0.0.53.5 uint32 t dmamanager handle t::DmamuxInstanceStart

30.4.1.0.0.53.6 uint32 t dmamanager handle t::multiple

#### 30.5 Macro Definition Documentation

30.5.1 #define DMAMGR DYNAMIC ALLOCATE 0xFFU

### 30.6 Enumeration Type Documentation

30.6.1 enum dma manager status

#### Enumerator

kStatus\_DMAMGR\_ChannelOccupied Channel has been occupied.

kStatus DMAMGR ChannelNotUsed Channel has not been used.

kStatus\_DMAMGR\_NoFreeChannel All channels have been occupied.

#### 30.7 Function Documentation

30.7.1 void DMAMGR\_Init ( dmamanager\_handle\_t \* dmamanager\_handle, DMA Type \* dma base, uint32 t channelNum, uint32 t startChannel )

This function initializes the DMA manager, ungates the DMAMUX clocks, and initializes the eDMA or DMA peripherals.

#### **Parameters**

| dmamanager<br>handle | DMA manager handle pointer, this structure is maintained by dma manager internal, users only need to transfer the structure to the function. And users shall not free the memory before calling DMAMGR_Deinit, also shall not modify the contents of the memory. |
|----------------------|--|
| dma_base             | Peripheral DMA instance base pointer.  |
| dmamux_base          | Peripheral DMAMUX instance base pointer.   |
| channelNum           | Channel numbers for the DMA instance which need to be managed by dma manager.  |
| startChannel         | The start channel that can be managed by dma manager.  |

## 30.7.2 void DMAMGR Deinit ( dmamanager\_handle\_t \* dmamanager\_handle )

This function deinitializes the DMA manager, disables the DMAMUX channels, gates the DMAMUX clocks, and deinitializes the eDMA or DMA peripherals.

#### **Parameters**

| dmamanager | DMA manager handle pointer, this structure is maintained by dma manager inter-           |
|------------|--|
| handle     | nal, users only need to transfer the structure to the function. And users shall not free |
|            | the memory before calling DMAMGR_Deinit, also shall not modify the contents of           |
|            | the memory.  |

# 30.7.3 status\_t DMAMGR\_RequestChannel ( dmamanager\_handle\_t \* dmamanager\_handle, uint32\_t requestSource, uint32\_t channel, void \* handle )

This function requests a DMA channel which is not occupied. The two channels to allocate the mechanism are dynamic and static channels. For the dynamic allocation mechanism (channe = DMAMGR\_DYNAM-IC\_ALLOCATE), DMAMGR allocates a DMA channel according to the given request source and start-Channel and then configures it. For static allocation mechanism, DMAMGR configures the given channel according to the given request source and channel number.

## Parameters

| dmamanager<br>handle | DMA manager handle pointer, this structure is maintained by dma manager internal, users only need to transfer the structure to the function. And users shall not free the memory before calling DMAMGR_Deinit, also shall not modify the contents of the memory. |
|----------------------|--|
| requestSource        | DMA channel request source number. See the soc.h, see the enum dma_requestsource_t   |
| channel              | The channel number users want to occupy. If using the dynamic channel allocate mechanism, set the channel equal to DMAMGR_DYNAMIC_ALLOCATE.  |
| handle               | DMA or eDMA handle pointer.  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success                   | In a dynamic/static channel allocation mechanism, allocate the DMAMUX channel successfully. |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| kStatus_DMAMGR_No-<br>FreeChannel | In a dynamic channel allocation mechanism, all DMAMUX channels are occupied.                |
| kStatus_DMAMGR<br>ChannelOccupied | In a static channel allocation mechanism, the given channel is occupied.                    |

## 30.7.4 status\_t DMAMGR\_ReleaseChannel ( dmamanager\_handle\_t \* dmamanager\_handle, void \* handle )

This function releases an occupied DMA channel.

#### **Parameters**

| dmamanager | DMA manager handle pointer, this structure is maintained by dma manager inter-           |
|------------|--|
| handle     | nal, users only need to transfer the structure to the function. And users shall not free |
|            | the memory before calling DMAMGR_Deinit, also shall not modify the contents of           |
|            | the memory.  |
| handle     | DMA or eDMA handle pointer.  |

### Return values

| kStatus_Success | Releases the given channel successfully.                   |
|-----------------|--|
|                 | The given channel to be released had not been used before. |
| ChannelNotUsed  |  |

## 30.7.5 bool DMAMGR\_IsChannelOccupied ( dmamanager\_handle\_t \* dmamanager\_handle, uint32\_t channel )

This function get a DMA channel status. Return 0 indicates the channel has not been used, return 1 indicates the channel has been occupied.

#### Parameters

| dmamanager<br>handle | DMA manager handle pointer, this structure is maintained by dma manager internal, users only need to transfer the structure to the function. And users shall not free the memory before calling DMAMGR_Deinit, also shall not modify the contents of the memory. |
|----------------------|--|
| channel              | The channel number that users want get its status.   |

# Chapter 31 Secure Digital Card/Embedded MultiMedia Card (CARD)

#### 31.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver to access the Secure Digital Card and Embedded MultiMedia Card based on the SDHC driver.

## **Function groups**

This function group implements the SD card functional API.

This function group implements the MMC card functional API.

### Typical use case

```
/* Initialize SDHC. */
sdhcConfig->cardDetectDat3 = false;
sdhcConfig->endianMode = kSDHC_EndianModeLittle;
sdhcConfig->dmaMode = kSDHC_DmaModeAdma2;
sdhcConfig->readWatermarkLevel = 0x80U;
sdhcConfig->writeWatermarkLevel = 0x80U;
SDHC_Init(BOARD_SDHC_BASEADDR, sdhcConfig);
/* Save host information. */
card->host.base = BOARD_SDHC_BASEADDR;
card->host.sourceClock_Hz = CLOCK_GetFreq(BOARD_SDHC_CLKSRC);
card->host.transfer = SDHC_TransferFunction;
/* Init card. */
if (SD_Init(card))
    PRINTF("\r\nSD card init failed.\r\n");
while (true)
    if (kStatus_Success != SD_WriteBlocks(card, g_dataWrite, DATA_BLOCK_START,
     DATA_BLOCK_COUNT))
        PRINTF("Write multiple data blocks failed.\r\n");
    if (kStatus_Success != SD_ReadBlocks(card, g_dataRead, DATA_BLOCK_START, DATA_BLOCK_COUNT)
        PRINTF("Read multiple data blocks failed.\r\n");
    if (kStatus_Success != SD_EraseBlocks(card, DATA_BLOCK_START, DATA_BLOCK_COUNT))
        PRINTF("Erase multiple data blocks failed.\r\n");
SD_Deinit(card);
/* Initialize SDHC. */
```

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```
sdhcConfig->cardDetectDat3 = false;
sdhcConfig->endianMode = kSDHC_EndianModeLittle;
sdhcConfig->dmaMode = kSDHC_DmaModeAdma2;
sdhcConfig->readWatermarkLevel = 0x80U;
sdhcConfig->writeWatermarkLevel = 0x80U;
SDHC_Init(BOARD_SDHC_BASEADDR, sdhcConfig);
/* Save host information. */
card->host.base = BOARD_SDHC_BASEADDR;
card->host.sourceClock_Hz = CLOCK_GetFreq(BOARD_SDHC_CLKSRC);
card->host.transfer = SDHC_TransferFunction;
/* Init card. */
if (MMC_Init(card))
    PRINTF("\n MMC card init failed \n");
while (true)
    if (kStatus_Success != MMC_WriteBlocks(card, q_dataWrite, DATA_BLOCK_START,
      DATA_BLOCK_COUNT))
        PRINTF("Write multiple data blocks failed.\r\n");
    if (kStatus_Success != MMC_ReadBlocks(card, g_dataRead, DATA_BLOCK_START,
      DATA_BLOCK_COUNT))
        PRINTF("Read multiple data blocks failed.\r\n");
MMC_Deinit(card);
```

#### **Data Structures**

• struct sd\_card\_t

SD card state. More...

struct sdio\_card\_t

SDIO card state. More...

struct mmc card t

SD card state. More...

• struct mmc\_boot\_config\_t

MMC card boot configuration definition. More...

#### **Macros**

- #define FSL\_SDMMC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2U, 1U, 2U)) /\*2.1.2\*/
  Driver version.
- #define FSL\_SDMMC\_DEFAULT\_BLOCK\_SIZE (512U)

Default block size.

- #define HOST\_NOT\_SUPPORT 0U
  - use this define to indicate the host not support feature
- #define HOST SUPPORT 1U

use this define to indicate the host support feature

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#### **Enumerations**

```
• enum _sdmmc_status {
 kStatus SDMMC NotSupportYet = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 0U),
 kStatus SDMMC TransferFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 1U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SetCardBlockSizeFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 2U),
 kStatus SDMMC HostNotSupport = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 3U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_CardNotSupport = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 4U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_AllSendCidFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 5U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SendRelativeAddressFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 6U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SendCsdFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 7U),
 kStatus SDMMC SelectCardFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 8U),
 kStatus SDMMC SendScrFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 9U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SetDataBusWidthFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 10U),
 kStatus SDMMC GoldleFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 11U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_HandShakeOperationConditionFailed,
 kStatus_SDMMC_SendApplicationCommandFailed,
 kStatus_SDMMC_SwitchFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 14U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_StopTransmissionFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 15U),
 kStatus SDMMC WaitWriteCompleteFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 16U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SetBlockCountFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 17U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SetRelativeAddressFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 18U),
 kStatus SDMMC SwitchBusTimingFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 19U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SendExtendedCsdFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 20U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_ConfigureBootFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 21U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_ConfigureExtendedCsdFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 22-
 U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_EnableHighCapacityEraseFailed,
 kStatus SDMMC SendTestPatternFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 24U),
 kStatus SDMMC ReceiveTestPatternFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 25U),
 kStatus SDMMC SDIO ResponseError = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 26U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_InvalidArgument,
 kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_SendOperationConditionFail,
 kStatus SDMMC InvalidVoltage = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 29U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_SwitchHighSpeedFail = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 30-
 U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO_ReadCISFail = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 31U),
 kStatus SDMMC SDIO InvalidCard = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 32U),
 kStatus SDMMC TuningFail = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 33U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SwitchVoltageFail = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 34U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_ReTuningRequest = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 35U),
 kStatus SDMMC SetDriverStrengthFail = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDMMC, 36U),
 kStatus_SDMMC_SetPowerClassFail = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDMMC, 37U) }
    SD/MMC card API's running status.
enum _sd_card_flag {
```

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```
kSD SupportHighCapacityFlag = (1U \ll 1U),
 kSD_Support4BitWidthFlag = (1U << 2U),
 kSD_SupportSdhcFlag = (1U << 3U),
 kSD_SupportSdxcFlag = (1U << 4U),
 kSD SupportVoltage 180v = (1U \ll 5U),
 kSD SupportSetBlockCountCmd = (1U << 6U),
 kSD_SupportSpeedClassControlCmd = (1U << 7U)
    SD card flags.
enum _mmc_card_flag {
 kMMC SupportHighSpeed26MHZFlag = (1U << 0U),
 kMMC_SupportHighSpeed52MHZFlag = (1U << 1U),
 kMMC_SupportHighSpeedDDR52MHZ180V300VFlag = (1 << 2U),
 kMMC_SupportHighSpeedDDR52MHZ120VFlag = (1 << 3U),
 kMMC_SupportHS200200MHZ180VFlag = (1 << 4U),
 kMMC_SupportHS200200MHZ120VFlag = (1 << 5U),
 kMMC_SupportHS400DDR200MHZ180VFlag = (1 << 6U),
 kMMC SupportHS400DDR200MHZ120VFlag = (1 << 7U),
 kMMC_SupportHighCapacityFlag = (1U << 8U),
 kMMC_SupportAlternateBootFlag = (1U << 9U),
 kMMC_SupportDDRBootFlag = (1U << 10U),
 kMMC SupportHighSpeedBootFlag = (1U << 11U),
 kMMC_DataBusWidth4BitFlag = (1U << 12U),
 kMMC DataBusWidth8BitFlag = (1U << 13U),
 kMMC_DataBusWidth1BitFlag = (1U << 14U) }
    MMC card flags.
enum card_operation_voltage_t {
 kCARD_OperationVoltageNone = 0U,
 kCARD_OperationVoltage330V = 1U,
 kCARD OperationVoltage300V = 2U,
 kCARD_OperationVoltage180V = 3U }
    card operation voltage
enum _host_endian_mode {
 kHOST_EndianModeBig = 0U,
 kHOST EndianModeHalfWordBig = 1U,
 kHOST EndianModeLittle = 2U }
    host Endian mode corresponding to driver define
```

#### SDCARD Function

```
    status_t SD_Init (sd_card_t *card)
        Initializes the card on a specific host controller.
    void SD_Deinit (sd_card_t *card)
        Deinitializes the card.
    bool SD_CheckReadOnly (sd_card_t *card)
        Checks whether the card is write-protected.
    status_t SD_ReadBlocks (sd_card_t *card, uint8_t *buffer, uint32_t startBlock, uint32_t block-Count)
```

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Reads blocks from the specific card.

• status\_t SD\_WriteBlocks (sd\_card\_t \*card, const uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount)

Writes blocks of data to the specific card.

• status\_t SD\_EraseBlocks (sd\_card\_t \*card, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount) Erases blocks of the specific card.

#### **MMCCARD** Function

• status t MMC Init (mmc card t \*card)

*Initializes the MMC card.* 

• void MMC\_Deinit (mmc\_card\_t \*card)

Deinitializes the card.

bool MMC\_CheckReadOnly (mmc\_card\_t \*card)

Checks if the card is read-only.

• status\_t MMC\_ReadBlocks (mmc\_card\_t \*card, uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount)

Reads data blocks from the card.

status\_t MMC\_WriteBlocks (mmc\_card\_t \*card, const uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount)

Writes data blocks to the card.

- status\_t MMC\_EraseGroups (mmc\_card\_t \*card, uint32\_t startGroup, uint32\_t endGroup) Erases groups of the card.
- status\_t MMC\_SelectPartition (mmc\_card\_t \*card, mmc\_access\_partition\_t partitionNumber) Selects the partition to access.
- status\_t MMC\_SetBootConfig (mmc\_card\_t \*card, const mmc\_boot\_config\_t \*config)

  Configures the boot activity of the card.
- status\_t SDIO\_CardInActive (sdio\_card\_t \*card)

set SDIO card to inactive state

• status\_t SDIO\_IO\_Write\_Direct (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, uint32\_t regAddr, uint8\_t \*data, bool raw)

IO direct write transfer function.

• status\_t SDIO\_IO\_Read\_Direct (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, uint32\_t regAddr, uint8\_t \*data)

IO direct read transfer function.

• status\_t SDIO\_IO\_Write\_Extended (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, uint32\_t regAddr, uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t count, uint32\_t flags)

IO extended write transfer function.

• status\_t SDIO\_IO\_Read\_Extended (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, uint32\_t regAddr, uint8 t \*buffer, uint32 t count, uint32 t flags)

IO extended read transfer function.

- status\_t SDIO\_GetCardCapability (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func) get SDIO card capability
- status\_t SDIO\_SetBlockSize (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, uint32\_t blockSize) set SDIO card block size
- status\_t SDIO\_CardReset (sdio\_card\_t \*card)

set SDIO card reset

- status\_t SDIO\_SetDataBusWidth (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_bus\_width\_t busWidth) set SDIO card data bus width
- status\_t SDIO\_SwitchToHighSpeed (sdio\_card\_t \*card)

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

switch the card to high speed

• status\_t SDIO\_ReadČIS (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, const uint32\_t \*tupleList, uint32\_t tupleNum)

read SDIO card CIS for each function

• status\_t SDIO\_Init (sdio\_card\_t \*card)

SDIO card init function.

- status\_t SDIO\_EnableIOInterrupt (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, bool enable) enable IO interrupt
- status\_t SDIO\_EnableIO (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, bool enable) enable IO and wait IO ready
- status\_t SDIO\_SelectIO (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func)
- status\_t SDIO\_AbortIO (sdio\_card\_t \*card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func)
- Abort IO transfer.
   void SDIO\_DeInit (sdio\_card\_t \*card)

### adaptor function

- static status\_t HOST\_NotSupport (void \*parameter)
  - host not support function, this function is used for host not support feature
- status\_t CardInsertDetect (HOST\_TYPE \*hostBase)

Detect card insert, only need for SD cases.

• status\_t HOST\_Init (void \*host)

Init host controller.

SDIO card deinit.

• void HOST Deinit (void \*host)

Deinit host controller.

#### 31.2 Data Structure Documentation

#### 31.2.1 struct sd card t

Define the card structure including the necessary fields to identify and describe the card.

#### **Data Fields**

HOST CONFIG host

Host information.

bool isHostReady

use this flag to indicate if need host re-init or not

• uint32\_t busClock\_Hz

SD bus clock frequency united in Hz.

uint32\_t relativeAddress

Relative address of the card.

• uint32\_t version

Card version.

• uint32 t flags

Flags in \_sd\_card\_flag.

• uint32\_t rawCid [4U]

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Raw CID content.

• uint32 t rawCsd [4U]

Raw CSD content.

• uint32\_t rawScr [2U]

Raw CSD content.

• uint32 t ocr

Raw OCR content.

• sd\_cid\_t cid

CID.

sd\_csd\_t csd

CSD.

• sd\_scr\_t scr

SCR.

• uint32 t blockCount

Card total block number.

• uint32\_t blockSize

Card block size.

sd\_timing\_mode\_t currentTiming

current timing mode

• sd\_driver\_strength\_t driverStrength

driver strength

• sd\_max\_current\_t maxCurrent

card current limit

• card\_operation\_voltage\_t operationVoltage

card operation voltage

### 31.2.2 struct sdio\_card\_t

Define the card structure including the necessary fields to identify and describe the card.

#### **Data Fields**

HOST CONFIG host

Host information.

• bool isHostReady

use this flag to indicate if need host re-init or not

bool memPresentFlag

indicate if memory present

• uint32\_t busClock Hz

SD bus clock frequency united in Hz.

• uint32\_t relativeAddress

Relative address of the card.

• uint8\_t sdVersion

SD version.

uint8\_t sdioVersion

SDIO version.

• uint8\_t cccrVersioin

CCCR version.

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

```
• uint8_t ioTotalNumber
```

total number of IO function

• uint32\_t cccrflags

Flags in \_sd\_card\_flag.

• uint32\_t io0blockSize

record the io0 block size

• uint32\_t ocr

Raw OCR content, only 24bit availble for SDIO card.

• uint32 t commonCISPointer

point to common CIS

• sdio\_fbr\_t ioFBR [7U]

FBR table.

sdio common cis t commonCIS

CIS table.

• sdio\_func\_cis\_t funcCIS [7U]

function CIS table

#### 31.2.3 struct mmc\_card\_t

Define the card structure including the necessary fields to identify and describe the card.

#### **Data Fields**

HOST\_CONFIG host

Host information.

bool isHostReady

use this flag to indicate if need host re-init or not

• uint32 t busClock Hz

MMC bus clock united in Hz.

• uint32\_t relativeAddress

Relative address of the card.

bool enablePreDefinedBlockCount

Enable PRE-DEFINED block count when read/write.

uint32\_t flags

Capability flag in \_mmc\_card\_flag.

• uint32\_t rawCid [4U]

Raw CID content.

• uint32\_t rawCsd [4U]

Raw CSD content.

uint32\_t rawExtendedCsd [MMC\_EXTENDED\_CSD\_BYTES/4U]

Raw MMC Extended CSD content.

• uint32\_t ocr

Raw OCR content.

mmc\_cid\_t cid

CID.

mmc\_csd\_t csd

CSD.

mmc\_extended\_csd\_t extendedCsd

#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

Extended CSD.

• uint32 t blockSize

Card block size.

• uint32\_t userPartitionBlocks

Card total block number in user partition.

uint32 t bootPartitionBlocks

Boot partition size united as block size.

• uint32\_t eraseGroupBlocks

Erase group size united as block size.

• mmc\_access\_partition\_t currentPartition

Current access partition.

mmc\_voltage\_window\_t hostVoltageWindow

Host voltage window.

mmc\_high\_speed\_timing\_t currentTiming

indicate the current host timing mode

#### 31.2.4 struct mmc boot config t

#### **Data Fields**

bool enableBootAck

Enable boot ACK.

- mmc\_boot\_partition\_enable\_t bootPartition
   Boot partition.
- bool retainBootBusWidth

If retain boot bus width.

mmc\_data\_bus\_width\_t bootDataBusWidth

Boot data bus width.

#### 31.3 Macro Definition Documentation

# 31.3.1 #define FSL\_SDMMC\_DRIVER\_VERSION (MAKE\_VERSION(2U, 1U, 2U)) /\*2.1.2\*/

## 31.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 31.4.1 enum sdmmc status

#### Enumerator

kStatus\_SDMMC\_NotSupportYet Haven't supported.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_TransferFailed Send command failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SetCardBlockSizeFailed Set block size failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_HostNotSupport Host doesn't support.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_CardNotSupport Card doesn't support.

kStatus SDMMC AllSendCidFailed Send CID failed.

**kStatus\_SDMMC\_SendRelativeAddressFailed** Send relative address failed.

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#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SendCsdFailed Send CSD failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SelectCardFailed Select card failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SendScrFailed Send SCR failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SetDataBusWidthFailed Set bus width failed.

kStatus SDMMC GoldleFailed Go idle failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_HandShakeOperationConditionFailed Send Operation Condition failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SendApplicationCommandFailed Send application command failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SwitchFailed Switch command failed.

kStatus SDMMC StopTransmissionFailed Stop transmission failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_WaitWriteCompleteFailed Wait write complete failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SetBlockCountFailed Set block count failed.

kStatus SDMMC SetRelativeAddressFailed Set relative address failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SwitchBusTimingFailed Switch high speed failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SendExtendedCsdFailed Send EXT\_CSD failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_ConfigureBootFailed Configure boot failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_ConfigureExtendedCsdFailed Configure EXT\_CSD failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_EnableHighCapacityEraseFailed Enable high capacity erase failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SendTestPatternFailed Send test pattern failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_ReceiveTestPatternFailed Receive test pattern failed.

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SDIO\_ResponseError sdio response error

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SDIO\_InvalidArgument sdio invalid argument response error

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SDIO\_SendOperationConditionFail sdio send operation condition fail

kStatus\_SDMMC\_InvalidVoltage invaild voltage

kStatus SDMMC SDIO SwitchHighSpeedFail switch to high speed fail

kStatus SDMMC SDIO ReadCISFail read CIS fail

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SDIO\_InvalidCard invaild SDIO card

kStatus\_SDMMC\_TuningFail tuning fail

kStatus SDMMC SwitchVoltageFail switch voltage fail

kStatus\_SDMMC\_ReTuningRequest retuning request

kStatus SDMMC SetDriverStrengthFail set driver strength fail

kStatus\_SDMMC\_SetPowerClassFail set power class fail

## 31.4.2 enum \_sd\_card\_flag

#### Enumerator

kSD\_SupportHighCapacityFlag Support high capacity.

kSD\_Support4BitWidthFlag Support 4-bit data width.

kSD\_SupportSdhcFlag Card is SDHC.

kSD\_SupportSdxcFlag Card is SDXC.

kSD\_SupportVoltage180v card support 1.8v voltage

kSD\_SupportSetBlockCountCmd card support cmd23 flag

kSD SupportSpeedClassControlCmd card support speed class control flag

### 31.4.3 enum mmc card flag

#### Enumerator

```
kMMC_SupportHighSpeed26MHZFlag Support high speed 26MHZ.
```

kMMC\_SupportHighSpeed52MHZFlag Support high speed 52MHZ.

kMMC\_SupportHighSpeedDDR52MHZ180V300VFlag ddr 52MHZ 1.8V or 3.0V

kMMC\_SupportHighSpeedDDR52MHZ120VFlag DDR 52MHZ 1.2V.

kMMC\_SupportHS200200MHZ180VFlag HS200,200MHZ,1.8V.

kMMC SupportHS200200MHZ120VFlag HS200, 200MHZ, 1.2V.

kMMC\_SupportHS400DDR200MHZ180VFlag HS400, DDR, 200MHZ,1.8V.

kMMC\_SupportHS400DDR200MHZ120VFlag HS400, DDR, 200MHZ,1.2V.

*kMMC\_SupportHighCapacityFlag* Support high capacity.

kMMC\_SupportAlternateBootFlag Support alternate boot.

kMMC\_SupportDDRBootFlag support DDR boot flag

kMMC\_SupportHighSpeedBootFlag support high speed boot flag

kMMC\_DataBusWidth4BitFlag current data bus is 4 bit mode

kMMC DataBus Width8BitFlag current data bus is 8 bit mode

kMMC\_DataBusWidth1BitFlag current data bus is 1 bit mode

### 31.4.4 enum card\_operation\_voltage\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kCARD Operation Voltage None indicate current voltage setting is not setting bu suser
```

kCARD\_OperationVoltage330V card operation voltage around 3.3v

kCARD\_OperationVoltage300V card operation voltage around 3.0v

kCARD\_OperationVoltage180V card operation voltage around 31.8v

## 31.4.5 enum \_host\_endian\_mode

#### Enumerator

```
kHOST EndianModeBig Big endian mode.
```

**kHOST\_EndianModeHalfWordBig** Half word big endian mode.

kHOST\_EndianModeLittle Little endian mode.

#### 31.5 Function Documentation

#### 31.5.1 status t SD Init ( sd card t \* *card* )

This function initializes the card on a specific host controller.

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#### Parameters

| card | Card descriptor. |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC_Go-<br>IdleFailed                      | Go idle failed.                  |
|--|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_SDMMC_Not-<br>SupportYet                     | Card not support.                |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Send-<br>OperationCondition-<br>Failed | Send operation condition failed. |
| kStatus_SDMMC_All-<br>SendCidFailed                  | Send CID failed.                 |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Send-<br>RelativeAddressFailed         | Send relative address failed.    |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Send-<br>CsdFailed                     | Send CSD failed.                 |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Select-<br>CardFailed                  | Send SELECT_CARD command failed. |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Send-<br>ScrFailed                     | Send SCR failed.                 |
| kStatus_SDMMC_SetBus-<br>WidthFailed                 | Set bus width failed.            |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Switch-<br>HighSpeedFailed             | Switch high speed failed.        |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Set-<br>CardBlockSizeFailed            | Set card block size failed.      |
| kStatus_Success                                      | Operate successfully.            |

# 31.5.2 void SD\_Deinit ( $sd_card_t * card$ )

This function deinitializes the specific card.

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#### **Parameters**

| card | Card descriptor. |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

## 31.5.3 bool SD\_CheckReadOnly ( sd\_card\_t \* card )

This function checks if the card is write-protected via the CSD register.

### Parameters

| card | The specific card. |
|------|--------------------|

#### Return values

| true  | Card is read only.    |
|-------|-----------------------|
| false | Card isn't read only. |

# 31.5.4 status\_t SD\_ReadBlocks ( sd\_card\_t \* card, uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount )

This function reads blocks from the specific card with default block size defined by the SDHC\_CARD\_-DEFAULT\_BLOCK\_SIZE.

#### **Parameters**

| card       | Card descriptor.                            |
|------------|---|
| buffer     | The buffer to save the data read from card. |
| startBlock | The start block index.                      |
| blockCount | The number of blocks to read.               |

#### Return values

| kStatus_InvalidArgument | Invalid argument. |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| kStatus_SDMMC_Card-     | Card not support. |
| NotSupport              |                   |

| kStatus_SDMMC_Not-<br>SupportYet           | Not support now.          |
|--|---------------------------|
| kStatus_SDMMC_Wait-<br>WriteCompleteFailed | Send status failed.       |
| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed            | Transfer failed.          |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Stop-<br>TransmissionFailed  | Stop transmission failed. |
| kStatus_Success                            | Operate successfully.     |

# 31.5.5 status\_t SD\_WriteBlocks ( $sd_card_t * card$ , const uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount )

This function writes blocks to the specific card with default block size 512 bytes.

#### Parameters

| card       | Card descriptor.                                       |
|------------|--|
| buffer     | The buffer holding the data to be written to the card. |
| startBlock | The start block index.                                 |
| blockCount | The number of blocks to write.                         |

#### Return values

| kStatus_InvalidArgument                    | Invalid argument.   |
|--|---------------------|
| kStatus_SDMMC_Not-<br>SupportYet           | Not support now.    |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Card-<br>NotSupport          | Card not support.   |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Wait-<br>WriteCompleteFailed | Send status failed. |
| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed            | Transfer failed.    |

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| kStatus_SDMMC_Stop-<br>TransmissionFailed | Stop transmission failed. |
|---|---------------------------|
| kStatus_Success                           | Operate successfully.     |

# 31.5.6 status\_t SD\_EraseBlocks ( sd\_card\_t \* card, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount )

This function erases blocks of the specific card with default block size 512 bytes.

#### Parameters

| card       | Card descriptor.               |
|------------|--------------------------------|
| startBlock | The start block index.         |
| blockCount | The number of blocks to erase. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_InvalidArgument                    | Invalid argument.     |
|--|-----------------------|
| kStatus_SDMMC_Wait-<br>WriteCompleteFailed | Send status failed.   |
| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed            | Transfer failed.      |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Wait-<br>WriteCompleteFailed | Send status failed.   |
| kStatus_Success                            | Operate successfully. |

## 31.5.7 status\_t MMC\_Init ( mmc\_card\_t \* card )

#### Parameters

| card | Card descriptor. |
|------|------------------|

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC_Go-<br>IdleFailed                      | Go idle failed.                  |
|--|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_SDMMC_Send-<br>OperationCondition-<br>Failed | Send operation condition failed. |
| kStatus_SDMMC_All-<br>SendCidFailed                  | Send CID failed.                 |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Set-<br>RelativeAddressFailed          | Set relative address failed.     |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Send-<br>CsdFailed                     | Send CSD failed.                 |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Card-<br>NotSupport                    | Card not support.                |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Select-<br>CardFailed                  | Send SELECT_CARD command failed. |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Send-<br>ExtendedCsdFailed             | Send EXT_CSD failed.             |
| kStatus_SDMMC_SetBus-<br>WidthFailed                 | Set bus width failed.            |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Switch-<br>HighSpeedFailed             | Switch high speed failed.        |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Set-<br>CardBlockSizeFailed            | Set card block size failed.      |
| kStatus_Success                                      | Operate successfully.            |

# 31.5.8 void MMC\_Deinit ( $mmc\_card\_t * card$ )

#### Parameters

| card | Card descriptor. |
|------|------------------|

# 31.5.9 bool MMC\_CheckReadOnly ( $mmc\_card\_t*\mathit{card}$ )

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#### Parameters

| card Card descriptor. |  |
|-----------------------|--|
|-----------------------|--|

#### Return values

| true  | Card is read only.    |
|-------|-----------------------|
| false | Card isn't read only. |

# 31.5.10 status\_t MMC\_ReadBlocks ( mmc\_card\_t \* card, uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount )

#### Parameters

| card       | Card descriptor.              |
|------------|-------------------------------|
| buffer     | The buffer to save data.      |
| startBlock | The start block index.        |
| blockCount | The number of blocks to read. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_InvalidArgument                   | Invalid argument.         |
|---|---------------------------|
| kStatus_SDMMC_Card-<br>NotSupport         | Card not support.         |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Set-<br>BlockCountFailed    | Set block count failed.   |
| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed           | Transfer failed.          |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Stop-<br>TransmissionFailed | Stop transmission failed. |
| kStatus_Success                           | Operate successfully.     |

# 31.5.11 status\_t MMC\_WriteBlocks ( mmc\_card\_t \* card, const uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount )

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#### Parameters

| card       | Card descriptor.                |
|------------|---------------------------------|
| buffer     | The buffer to save data blocks. |
| startBlock | Start block number to write.    |
| blockCount | Block count.                    |

#### Return values

| kStatus_InvalidArgument                    | Invalid argument.         |
|--|---------------------------|
| kStatus_SDMMC_Not-<br>SupportYet           | Not support now.          |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Set-<br>BlockCountFailed     | Set block count failed.   |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Wait-<br>WriteCompleteFailed | Send status failed.       |
| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed            | Transfer failed.          |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Stop-<br>TransmissionFailed  | Stop transmission failed. |
| kStatus_Success                            | Operate successfully.     |

# 31.5.12 status\_t MMC\_EraseGroups ( mmc\_card\_t \* card, uint32\_t startGroup, uint32\_t endGroup )

Erase group is the smallest erase unit in MMC card. The erase range is [startGroup, endGroup].

#### Parameters

| card       | Card descriptor.    |
|------------|---------------------|
| startGroup | Start group number. |
| endGroup   | End group number.   |

### Return values

| kStatus_InvalidArgument                    | Invalid argument.     |
|--|-----------------------|
| kStatus_SDMMC_Wait-<br>WriteCompleteFailed | Send status failed.   |
| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed            | Transfer failed.      |
| kStatus_Success                            | Operate successfully. |

# 31.5.13 status\_t MMC\_SelectPartition ( mmc\_card\_t \* card, mmc\_access\_partition\_t partitionNumber )

#### **Parameters**

| card                 | Card descriptor.      |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| partition-<br>Number | The partition number. |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>ConfigureExtendedCsd-<br>Failed | Configure EXT_CSD failed. |
|--|---------------------------|
| kStatus_Success                                  | Operate successfully.     |

# 31.5.14 status\_t MMC\_SetBootConfig ( mmc\_card\_t \* card, const mmc\_boot\_config\_t \* config )

#### Parameters

| card   | Card descriptor.              |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| config | Boot configuration structure. |

# Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC_Not-<br>SupportYet                 | Not support now.          |
|--|---------------------------|
| kStatus_SDMMC<br>ConfigureExtendedCsd-<br>Failed | Configure EXT_CSD failed. |
| kStatus_SDMMC<br>ConfigureBootFailed             | Configure boot failed.    |
| kStatus_Success                                  | Operate successfully.     |

## 31.5.15 status\_t SDIO\_CardInActive ( sdio\_card\_t \* card )

#### Parameters

| card | Card descriptor. |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                 |  |

## 31.5.16 status\_t SDIO\_IO\_Write\_Direct ( sdio\_card\_t \* card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, uint32\_t regAddr, uint8\_t \* data, bool raw )

#### **Parameters**

| card     | Card descriptor.                              |
|----------|---|
| function | IO numner                                     |
| register | address                                       |
| the      | data pinter to write                          |
| raw      | flag, indicate read after write or write only |

### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC   |  |
|-----------------|--|
| TransferFailed  |  |
| kStatus_Success |  |

# 31.5.17 status\_t SDIO\_IO\_Read\_Direct ( sdio\_card\_t \* card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, uint32 t regAddr, uint8 t \* data )

#### Parameters

| card     | Card descriptor. |
|----------|------------------|
| function | IO number        |
| register | address          |
| data     | pointer to read  |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                 |  |

# 31.5.18 status\_t SDIO\_IO\_Write\_Extended ( sdio\_card\_t \* card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, uint32\_t regAddr, uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t count, uint32\_t flags )

#### Parameters

| card     | Card descriptor. |
|----------|------------------|
| function | IO number        |
| register | address          |
| data     | buffer to write  |
| data     | count            |
| write    | flags            |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed         |  |
|---|--|
| kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO-<br>_InvalidArgument |  |
| kStatus_Success                         |  |

# 31.5.19 status\_t SDIO\_IO\_Read\_Extended ( sdio\_card\_t \* card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, uint32\_t regAddr, uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t count, uint32\_t flags )

#### Parameters

| card     | Card descriptor. |
|----------|------------------|
| function | IO number        |
| register | address          |
| data     | buffer to read   |
| data     | count            |
| write    | flags            |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed         |  |
|---|--|
| kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO-<br>_InvalidArgument |  |
| kStatus_Success                         |  |

# 31.5.20 status\_t SDIO\_GetCardCapability ( $sdio\_card\_t * card$ , $sdio\_func\_num\_t$ func )

#### **Parameters**

| card     | Card descriptor. |
|----------|------------------|
| function | IO number        |

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#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                 |  |

# 31.5.21 status\_t SDIO\_SetBlockSize ( sdio\_card\_t \* card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, uint32\_t blockSize )

#### Parameters

| card     | Card descriptor. |
|----------|------------------|
| function | io number        |
| block    | size             |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC_Set-<br>CardBlockSizeFailed |  |
|---|--|
| kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO-<br>_InvalidArgument   |  |
| kStatus_Success                           |  |

# 31.5.22 status\_t SDIO\_CardReset ( $sdio\_card\_t * card$ )

#### Parameters

| card | Card descriptor. |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                 |  |

# 31.5.23 status\_t SDIO\_SetDataBusWidth ( sdio\_card\_t \* card, sdio\_bus\_width\_t busWidth )

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#### Parameters

| card | Card descriptor. |
|------|------------------|
| data | bus width        |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC   |  |
|-----------------|--|
| TransferFailed  |  |
| kStatus_Success |  |

## 31.5.24 status\_t SDIO\_SwitchToHighSpeed ( sdio\_card\_t \* card )

#### Parameters

| card | Card descriptor. |
|------|------------------|
|------|------------------|

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed             |  |
|---|--|
| kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO-<br>_SwitchHighSpeedFail |  |
| kStatus_Success                             |  |

# 31.5.25 status\_t SDIO\_ReadCIS ( sdio\_card\_t \* card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, const uint32 t \* tupleList, uint32 t tupleNum )

#### Parameters

| card     | Card descriptor. |
|----------|------------------|
| function | io number        |
| tuple    | code list        |
| tuple    | code number      |

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### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO-<br>_ReadCISFail |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed     |  |
| kStatus_Success                     |  |

# 31.5.26 status\_t SDIO\_Init ( sdio\_card\_t \* card )

#### Parameters

| card | Card descriptor. |
|------|------------------|

### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC_Go-<br>IdleFailed                           |  |
|---|--|
| kStatus_SDMMC_Hand-<br>ShakeOperation-<br>ConditionFailed |  |
| kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO-<br>_InvalidCard                       |  |
| kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO-<br>_InvalidVoltage                    |  |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Send-<br>RelativeAddressFailed              |  |
| kStatus_SDMMC_Select-<br>CardFailed                       |  |
| kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO-<br>_SwitchHighSpeedFail               |  |
| kStatus_SDMMC_SDIO-<br>_ReadCISFail                       |  |
| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed                           |  |
| kStatus_Success   |  |

31.5.27 status\_t SDIO\_EnablelOInterrupt (  $sdio\_card\_t * card$ ,  $sdio\_func\_num\_t$  func, bool enable )

#### Parameters

| card           | Card descriptor. |
|----------------|------------------|
| function       | IO number        |
| enable/disable | flag             |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                 |  |

# 31.5.28 status\_t SDIO\_EnablelO ( sdio\_card\_t \* card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func, bool enable )

#### **Parameters**

| card           | Card descriptor. |
|----------------|------------------|
| function       | IO number        |
| enable/disable | flag             |

#### Return values

## 31.5.29 status\_t SDIO\_SelectIO ( sdio\_card\_t \* card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func )

### Parameters

| card     | Card descriptor. |
|----------|------------------|
| function | IO number        |

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| Function | Documentati | Λn |
|----------|-------------|----|
|          |             |    |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                 |  |

## 31.5.30 status\_t SDIO\_AbortIO ( sdio\_card\_t \* card, sdio\_func\_num\_t func )

#### Parameters

| card     | Card descriptor. |
|----------|------------------|
| function | IO number        |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDMMC<br>TransferFailed |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| kStatus_Success                 |  |

## 31.5.31 void SDIO\_Delnit ( sdio\_card\_t \* card )

#### Parameters

| card | Card descriptor. |
|------|------------------|

# 31.5.32 static status\_t HOST\_NotSupport ( void \* parameter ) [inline], [static]

#### Parameters

| void | parameter ,used to avoid build warning |
|------|--|
|------|--|

#### Return values

| kStatus_Fail,host | do not suppport |
|-------------------|-----------------|
|-------------------|-----------------|

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31.5.33 status\_t CardInsertDetect ( HOST\_TYPE \* hostBase )

#### Parameters

| hostBase | the pointer to host base address |
|----------|----------------------------------|
|----------|----------------------------------|

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success | detect card insert     |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| kStatus_Fail    | card insert event fail |

# 31.5.34 status\_t HOST\_Init ( void \* host )

#### Parameters

| host | the pointer to host structure in card structure. |
|------|--|
|------|--|

#### Return values

| kStatus_Success | host init success |
|-----------------|-------------------|
| kStatus_Fail    | event fail        |

# 31.5.35 void HOST\_Deinit ( void \* host )

#### Parameters

| host | the pointer to host structure in card structure. |
|------|--|
|------|--|

# **Chapter 32 SPI based Secure Digital Card (SDSPI)**

#### 32.1 Overview

The MCUXpresso SDK provides a driver to access the Secure Digital Card based on the SPI driver.

## **Function groups**

This function group implements the SD card functional API in the SPI mode.

### Typical use case

#### **Data Structures**

```
    struct sdspi_command_t
        SDSPI command. More...
    struct sdspi_host_t
        SDSPI host state. More...
    struct sdspi_card_t
        SD Card Structure, More...
```

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#### Overview

#### **Enumerations**

```
enum _sdspi_status {
 kStatus SDSPI SetFrequencyFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 0U),
 kStatus SDSPI ExchangeFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 1U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_WaitReadyFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 2U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_ResponseError = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 3U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_WriteProtected = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 4U),
 kStatus SDSPI GoldleFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 5U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_SendCommandFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 6U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_ReadFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 7U),
 kStatus SDSPI WriteFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 8U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_SendInterfaceConditionFailed,
 kStatus SDSPI SendOperationConditionFailed.
 kStatus_SDSPI_ReadOcrFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 11U),
 kStatus SDSPI SetBlockSizeFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 12U),
 kStatus SDSPI SendCsdFailed = MAKE STATUS(kStatusGroup SDSPI, 13U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_SendCidFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 14U),
 kStatus_SDSPI_StopTransmissionFailed = MAKE_STATUS(kStatusGroup_SDSPI, 15U),
 kStatus SDSPI SendApplicationCommandFailed }
    SDSPI API status.
enum _sdspi_card_flag {
 kSDSPI_SupportHighCapacityFlag = (1U << 0U),
 kSDSPI SupportSdhcFlag = (1U << 1U),
 kSDSPI SupportSdxcFlag = (1U \ll 2U),
 kSDSPI_SupportSdscFlag = (1U << 3U) }
    SDSPI card flag.
enum sdspi_response_type_t {
 kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR1 = 0U,
 kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR1b = 1U,
 kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR2 = 2U,
 kSDSPI ResponseTypeR3 = 3U,
 kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR7 = 4U }
    SDSPI response type.
```

#### **SDSPI** Function

```
    status_t SDSPI_Init (sdspi_card_t *card)
        Initializes the card on a specific SPI instance.

    void SDSPI_Deinit (sdspi_card_t *card)
        Deinitializes the card.
```

bool SDSPI\_CheckReadOnly (sdspi\_card\_t \*card)

Checks whether the card is write-protected.

• status\_t SDSPI\_ReadBlocks (sdspi\_card\_t \*card, uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount)

Reads blocks from the specific card.

• status\_t SDSPI\_WriteBlocks (sdspi\_card\_t \*card, uint8\_t \*buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount)

Writes blocks of data to the specific card.

#### 32.2 Data Structure Documentation

### 32.2.1 struct sdspi\_command\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint8 t index

Command index.

• uint32\_t argument

Command argument.

• uint8\_t responseType

Response type.

• uint8\_t response [5U]

Response content.

### 32.2.2 struct sdspi\_host\_t

#### **Data Fields**

• uint32\_t busBaudRate

Bus baud rate.

• status\_t(\* setFrequency )(uint32\_t frequency)

Set frequency of SPI.

• status\_t(\* exchange )(uint8\_t \*in, uint8\_t \*out, uint32\_t size)

Exchange data over SPI.

• uint32\_t(\* getCurrentMilliseconds )(void)

Get current time in milliseconds.

## 32.2.3 struct sdspi\_card\_t

Define the card structure including the necessary fields to identify and describe the card.

#### **Data Fields**

sdspi\_host\_t \* host

Host state information.

• uint32\_t relativeAddress

Relative address of the card.

• uint32\_t flags

Flags defined in \_sdspi\_card\_flag.

• uint8\_t rawCid [16U]

Raw CID content.

• uint8\_t rawCsd [16U]

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#### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

Raw CSD content.

• uint8\_t rawScr [8U]

Raw SCR content.

• uint32\_t ocr

Raw OCR content.

• sd cid t cid

CID.

• sd\_csd\_t csd

CSD.

• sd\_scr\_t scr

SCR.

• uint32\_t blockCount

Card total block number.

• uint32\_t blockSize

Card block size.

#### 32.2.3.0.0.54 Field Documentation

32.2.3.0.0.54.1 uint32\_t sdspi\_card\_t::flags

### 32.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

#### 32.3.1 enum \_sdspi\_status

#### Enumerator

kStatus SDSPI SetFrequencyFailed Set frequency failed.

kStatus\_SDSPI\_ExchangeFailed Exchange data on SPI bus failed.

kStatus\_SDSPI\_WaitReadyFailed Wait card ready failed.

kStatus SDSPI ResponseError Response is error.

kStatus SDSPI WriteProtected Write protected.

kStatus SDSPI GoldleFailed Go idle failed.

kStatus\_SDSPI\_SendCommandFailed Send command failed.

kStatus SDSPI ReadFailed Read data failed.

kStatus SDSPI WriteFailed Write data failed.

kStatus\_SDSPI\_SendInterfaceConditionFailed Send interface condition failed.

**kStatus\_SDSPI\_SendOperationConditionFailed** Send operation condition failed.

kStatus SDSPI ReadOcrFailed Read OCR failed.

kStatus SDSPI SetBlockSizeFailed Set block size failed.

kStatus SDSPI SendCsdFailed Send CSD failed.

kStatus\_SDSPI\_SendCidFailed Send CID failed.

kStatus SDSPI StopTransmissionFailed Stop transmission failed.

kStatus SDSPI SendApplicationCommandFailed Send application command failed.

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### 32.3.2 enum \_sdspi\_card\_flag

#### Enumerator

```
kSDSPI_SupportHighCapacityFlag Card is high capacity.kSDSPI_SupportSdhcFlag Card is SDHC.kSDSPI_SupportSdxcFlag Card is SDXC.kSDSPI_SupportSdscFlag Card is SDSC.
```

### 32.3.3 enum sdspi\_response\_type\_t

#### Enumerator

```
kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR1 Response 1.
kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR1b Response 1 with busy.
kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR2 Response 2.
kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR3 Response 3.
kSDSPI_ResponseTypeR7 Response 7.
```

#### 32.4 Function Documentation

# 32.4.1 status\_t SDSPI\_Init ( $sdspi\_card\_t * card$ )

This function initializes the card on a specific SPI instance.

#### **Parameters**

| - |      |                 |
|---|------|-----------------|
|   | card | Card descriptor |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDSPI_Set-<br>FrequencyFailed           | Set frequency failed.            |
|---|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_SDSPI_GoIdle-<br>Failed                 | Go idle failed.                  |
| kStatus_SDSPI_Send-<br>InterfaceConditionFailed | Send interface condition failed. |

| kStatus_SDSPI_Send-<br>OperationCondition-<br>Failed | Send operation condition failed. |
|--|----------------------------------|
| kStatus_Timeout                                      | Send command timeout.            |
| kStatus_SDSPI_Not-<br>SupportYet                     | Not support yet.                 |
| kStatus_SDSPI_ReadOcr-<br>Failed                     | Read OCR failed.                 |
| kStatus_SDSPI_SetBlock-<br>SizeFailed                | Set block size failed.           |
| kStatus_SDSPI_SendCsd-<br>Failed                     | Send CSD failed.                 |
| kStatus_SDSPI_SendCid-<br>Failed                     | Send CID failed.                 |
| kStatus_Success                                      | Operate successfully.            |

## 32.4.2 void SDSPI\_Deinit ( sdspi\_card\_t \* card )

This function deinitializes the specific card.

**Parameters** 

| card | Card descriptor |
|------|-----------------|
|------|-----------------|

# 32.4.3 bool SDSPI\_CheckReadOnly ( $sdspi\_card\_t*card$ )

This function checks if the card is write-protected via CSD register.

**Parameters** 

Return values

| true  | Card is read only.    |
|-------|-----------------------|
| false | Card isn't read only. |

# 32.4.4 status\_t SDSPI\_ReadBlocks ( sdspi\_card\_t \* card, uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount )

This function reads blocks from specific card.

#### Parameters

| card       | Card descriptor.                           |
|------------|--|
| buffer     | the buffer to hold the data read from card |
| startBlock | the start block index                      |
| blockCount | the number of blocks to read               |

#### Return values

| kStatus_SDSPI_Send-<br>CommandFailed      | Send command failed.      |
|---|---------------------------|
| kStatus_SDSPI_Read-<br>Failed             | Read data failed.         |
| kStatus_SDSPI_Stop-<br>TransmissionFailed | Stop transmission failed. |
| kStatus_Success                           | Operate successfully.     |

# 32.4.5 status\_t SDSPI\_WriteBlocks ( sdspi\_card\_t \* card, uint8\_t \* buffer, uint32\_t startBlock, uint32\_t blockCount )

This function writes blocks to specific card

## Parameters

| card   | Card descriptor.                                      |
|--------|---|
| buffer | the buffer holding the data to be written to the card |

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| startBlock | the start block index         |
|------------|-------------------------------|
| blockCount | the number of blocks to write |

## Return values

| kStatus_SDSPI_Write-<br>Protected    | Card is write protected.             |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| kStatus_SDSPI_Send-<br>CommandFailed | Send command failed.                 |
| kStatus_SDSPI<br>ResponseError       | Response is error.                   |
| kStatus_SDSPI_Write-<br>Failed       | Write data failed.                   |
| kStatus_SDSPI<br>ExchangeFailed      | Exchange data over SPI failed.       |
| kStatus_SDSPI_Wait-<br>ReadyFailed   | Wait card to be ready status failed. |
| kStatus_Success                      | Operate successfully.                |

# Chapter 33 Debug Console

### 33.1 Overview

This chapter describes the programming interface of the debug console driver.

The debug console enables debug log messages to be output via the specified peripheral with frequency of the peripheral source clock and base address at the specified baud rate. Additionally, it provides input and output functions to scan and print formatted data.

## 33.2 Function groups

#### 33.2.1 Initialization

To initialize the debug console, call the DbgConsole\_Init() function with these parameters. This function automatically enables the module and the clock.

```
\star @brief Initializes the the peripheral used to debug messages.
                     Indicates which address of the peripheral is used to send debug messages.
 * @param baseAddr
                       The desired baud rate in bits per second.
 * @param baudRate
                      Low level device type for the debug console, can be one of:
 * @param device
                       @arg DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_UART,
                       @arg DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_LPUART,
                        @arg DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_LPSCI,
                        @arg DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_USBCDC.
                       Frequency of peripheral source clock.
 * @param clkSrcFreq
 * @return
                       Whether initialization was successful or not.
status_t DbgConsole_Init(uint32_t baseAddr, uint32_t baudRate, uint8_t device, uint32_t clkSrcFreq)
```

Selects the supported debug console hardware device type, such as

```
DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_NONE
DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_LPSCI
DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_UART
DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_LPUART
DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_USBCDC
```

After the initialization is successful, stdout and stdin are connected to the selected peripheral. The debug console state is stored in the debug\_console\_state\_t structure, such as shown here.

## **Function groups**

This example shows how to call the DbgConsole\_Init() given the user configuration structure.

```
uint32_t uartClkSrcFreq = CLOCK_GetFreq(BOARD_DEBUG_UART_CLKSRC);
DbgConsole_Init(BOARD_DEBUG_UART_BASEADDR, BOARD_DEBUG_UART_BAUDRATE, DEBUG_CONSOLE_DEVICE_TYPE_UART, uartClkSrcFreq);
```

### 33.2.2 Advanced Feature

The debug console provides input and output functions to scan and print formatted data.

• Support a format specifier for PRINTF following this prototype " %[flags][width][.precision][length]specifier", which is explained below

| flags   | Description   |
|---------|---|
| -       | Left-justified within the given field width. Right-justified is the default.  |
| +       | Forces to precede the result with a plus or minus sign (+ or -) even for positive numbers. By default, only negative numbers are preceded with a - sign.  |
| (space) | If no sign is written, a blank space is inserted before the value.  |
| #       | Used with 0, x, or X specifiers the value is preceded with 0, 0x, or 0X respectively for values other than zero. Used with e, E and f, it forces the written output to contain a decimal point even if no digits would follow. By default, if no digits follow, no decimal point is written. Used with g or G the result is the same as with e or E but trailing zeros are not removed. |
| 0       | Left-pads the number with zeroes (0) instead of spaces, where padding is specified (see width subspecifier).  |

| Width    | Description   |
|----------|---|
| (number) | A minimum number of characters to be printed. If<br>the value to be printed is shorter than this number,<br>the result is padded with blank spaces. The value<br>is not truncated even if the result is larger. |
| *        | The width is not specified in the format string, but as an additional integer value argument preceding the argument that has to be formatted.   |

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| .precision | Description  |
|------------|--|
| .number    | For integer specifiers (d, i, o, u, x, X) precision specifies the minimum number of digits to be written. If the value to be written is shorter than this number, the result is padded with leading zeros. The value is not truncated even if the result is longer. A precision of 0 means that no character is written for the value 0. For e, E, and f specifiers this is the number of digits to be printed after the decimal point. For g and G specifiers This is the maximum number of significant digits to be printed. For s this is the maximum number of characters to be printed. By default, all characters are printed until the ending null character is encountered. For c type it has no effect. When no precision is specified, the default is 1. If the period is specified without an explicit value for precision, 0 is assumed. |
| .*         | The precision is not specified in the format string, but as an additional integer value argument preceding the argument that has to be formatted.  |

| length   | Description |
|----------|-------------|
| Do not s | upport      |

| specifier | Description                                  |
|-----------|--|
| d or i    | Signed decimal integer                       |
| f         | Decimal floating point                       |
| F         | Decimal floating point capital letters       |
| X         | Unsigned hexadecimal integer                 |
| X         | Unsigned hexadecimal integer capital letters |
| 0         | Signed octal                                 |
| b         | Binary value                                 |
| p         | Pointer address                              |
| u         | Unsigned decimal integer                     |
| С         | Character                                    |
| s         | String of characters                         |
| n         | Nothing printed                              |

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## **Function groups**

• Support a format specifier for SCANF following this prototype " %[\*][width][length]specifier", which is explained below

| * Description |
|---------------|
|---------------|

An optional starting asterisk indicates that the data is to be read from the stream but ignored. In other words, it is not stored in the corresponding argument.

| width  | Description |
|--|-------------|
| This specifies the maximum number of characters to be read in the current reading operation. |             |

| length      | Description   |
|-------------|---|
| hh          | The argument is interpreted as a signed character or unsigned character (only applies to integer specifiers: i, d, o, u, x, and X).   |
| h           | The argument is interpreted as a short integer or unsigned short integer (only applies to integer specifiers: i, d, o, u, x, and X).  |
| 1           | The argument is interpreted as a long integer or unsigned long integer for integer specifiers (i, d, o, u, x, and X) and as a wide character or wide character string for specifiers c and s.           |
| 11          | The argument is interpreted as a long long integer or unsigned long long integer for integer specifiers (i, d, o, u, x, and X) and as a wide character or wide character string for specifiers c and s. |
| L           | The argument is interpreted as a long double (only applies to floating point specifiers: e, E, f, g, and G).  |
| j or z or t | Not supported   |

| specifier | Qualifying Input   | Type of argument |
|-----------|--|------------------|
| С         | Single character: Reads the next character. If a width different from 1 is specified, the function reads width characters and stores them in the successive locations of the array passed as argument. No null character is appended at the end. | char *           |

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| specifier              | Qualifying Input  | Type of argument |
|------------------------|---|------------------|
| i                      | Integer: : Number optionally preceded with a + or - sign  | int *            |
| d                      | Decimal integer: Number optionally preceded with a + or - sign  | int *            |
| a, A, e, E, f, F, g, G | Floating point: Decimal number containing a decimal point, optionally preceded by a + or - sign and optionally followed by the e or E character and a decimal number. Two examples of valid entries are -732.103 and 7.12e4 | float *          |
| 0                      | Octal Integer:  | int *            |
| s                      | String of characters. This reads subsequent characters until a white space is found (white space characters are considered to be blank, newline, and tab).  | char *           |
| u                      | Unsigned decimal integer.   | unsigned int *   |

The debug console has its own printf/scanf/putchar/getchar functions which are defined in the header file.

```
int DbgConsole_Printf(const char *fmt_s, ...);
int DbgConsole_Putchar(int ch);
int DbgConsole_Scanf(const char *fmt_ptr, ...);
int DbgConsole_Getchar(void);
```

This utility supports selecting toolchain's printf/scanf or the MCUXpresso SDK printf/scanf.

```
#if SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE
                       /* Select printf, scanf, putchar, getchar of SDK version. */
#define PRINTF
                             DbgConsole_Printf
                              DbgConsole_Scanf
#define SCANF
#define PUTCHAR
                              DbgConsole_Putchar
#define GETCHAR
                              DbgConsole_Getchar
#else
                       /* Select printf, scanf, putchar, getchar of toolchain. */
#define PRINTF
                            printf
#define SCANF
                              scanf
#define PUTCHAR
                              putchar
#define GETCHAR
                              getchar
#endif /* SDK_DEBUGCONSOLE */
```

# 33.3 Typical use case

# Some examples use the PUTCHAR & GETCHAR function

```
ch = GETCHAR();
PUTCHAR(ch);
```

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## Typical use case

## Some examples use the PRINTF function

Statement prints the string format.

```
PRINTF("%s %s\r\n", "Hello", "world!");
```

Statement prints the hexadecimal format/

```
PRINTF("0x%02X hexadecimal number equivalents 255", 255);
```

Statement prints the decimal floating point and unsigned decimal.

```
PRINTF("Execution timer: s\n\r mer: s\n\r milliseconds \n\rDONE\n\r", "1 day", 86400, 86.4);
```

## Some examples use the SCANF function

```
PRINTF("Enter a decimal number: ");
SCANF("%d", &i);
PRINTF("\r\nYou have entered %d.\r\n", i, i);
PRINTF("Enter a hexadecimal number: ");
SCANF("%x", &i);
PRINTF("\r\nYou have entered 0x%X (%d).\r\n", i, i);
```

# Print out failure messages using KSDK \_\_assert\_func:

#### Note:

To use 'printf' and 'scanf' for GNUC Base, add file 'fsl\_sbrk.c' in path: ..\{package}\devices\{subset}\utilities\fsl\_sbrk.c to your project.

#### **Modules**

• Semihosting

## 33.4 Semihosting

Semihosting is a mechanism for ARM targets to communicate input/output requests from application code to a host computer running a debugger. This mechanism can be used, for example, to enable functions in the C library, such as printf() and scanf(), to use the screen and keyboard of the host rather than having a screen and keyboard on the target system.

## 33.4.1 Guide Semihosting for IAR

NOTE: After the setting both "printf" and "scanf" are available for debugging.

## Step 1: Setting up the environment

- 1. To set debugger options, choose Project>Options. In the Debugger category, click the Setup tab.
- 2. Select Run to main and click OK. This ensures that the debug session starts by running the main function.
- 3. The project is now ready to be built.

## Step 2: Building the project

- 1. Compile and link the project by choosing Project>Make or F7.
- 2. Alternatively, click the Make button on the tool bar. The Make command compiles and links those files that have been modified.

## Step 3: Starting semihosting

- 1. Choose "Semihosting\_IAR" project -> "Options" -> "Debugger" -> "J-Link/J-Trace".
- 2. Choose tab "J-Link/J-Trace" -> "Connection" tab -> "SWD".
- 3. Start the project by choosing Project>Download and Debug.
- 4. Choose View>Terminal I/O to display the output from the I/O operations.

## 33.4.2 Guide Semihosting for Keil µVision

**NOTE:** Keil supports Semihosting only for Cortex-M3/Cortex-M4 cores.

## Step 1: Prepare code

Remove function fputc and fgetc is used to support KEIL in "fsl\_debug\_console.c" and add the following code to project.

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## **Semihosting**

```
struct __FILE
   int handle;
FILE __stdout;
FILE __stdin;
int fputc(int ch, FILE *f)
    return (ITM_SendChar(ch));
int fgetc(FILE *f)
{ /* blocking */
   while (ITM_CheckChar() != 1)
    return (ITM_ReceiveChar());
int ferror(FILE *f)
    /* Your implementation of ferror */
    return EOF;
void _ttywrch(int ch)
    ITM_SendChar(ch);
void _sys_exit(int return_code)
label:
   goto label; /* endless loop */
```

## Step 2: Setting up the environment

- 1. In menu bar, choose Project>Options for target or using Alt+F7 or click.
- 2. Select "Target" tab and not select "Use MicroLIB".
- 3. Select "Debug" tab, select "J-Link/J-Trace Cortex" and click "Setting button".
- 4. Select "Debug" tab and choose Port:SW, then select "Trace" tab, choose "Enable" and click OK.

## Step 3: Building the project

1. Compile and link the project by choosing Project>Build Target or using F7.

### Step 4: Building the project

- 1. Choose "Debug" on menu bar or Ctrl F5.
- 2. In menu bar, choose "Serial Window" and click to "Debug (printf) Viewer".
- 3. Run line by line to see result in Console Window.

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## 33.4.3 Guide Semihosting for KDS

**NOTE:** After the setting use "printf" for debugging.

## Step 1: Setting up the environment

- 1. In menu bar, choose Project>Properties>C/C++ Build>Settings>Tool Settings.
- 2. Select "Libraries" on "Cross ARM C Linker" and delete "nosys".
- 3. Select "Miscellaneous" on "Cross ARM C Linker", add "-specs=rdimon.specs" to "Other link flages" and tick "Use newlib-nano", and click OK.

## Step 2: Building the project

1. In menu bar, choose Project>Build Project.

## Step 3: Starting semihosting

- 1. In Debug configurations, choose "Startup" tab, tick "Enable semihosting and Telnet". Press "Apply" and "Debug".
- 2. After clicking Debug, the Window is displayed same as below. Run line by line to see the result in the Console Window.

## 33.4.4 Guide Semihosting for ATL

**NOTE:** J-Link has to be used to enable semihosting.

## Step 1: Prepare code

Add the following code to the project.

```
int _write(int file, char *ptr, int len)
{
   /* Implement your write code here. This is used by puts and printf. */
   int i=0;
   for(i=0; i<len; i++)
      ITM_SendChar((*ptr++));
   return len;
}</pre>
```

### Step 2: Setting up the environment

- 1. In menu bar, choose Debug Configurations. In tab "Embedded C/C++ Aplication" choose "-Semihosting\_ATL\_xxx debug J-Link".
- 2. In tab "Debugger" set up as follows.
  - JTAG mode must be selected

### **Semihosting**

- SWV tracing must be enabled
- Enter the Core Clock frequency, which is hardware board-specific.
- Enter the desired SWO Clock frequency. The latter depends on the JTAG Probe and must be a multiple of the Core Clock value.
- 3. Click "Apply" and "Debug".

## Step 3: Starting semihosting

- 1. In the Views menu, expand the submenu SWV and open the docking view "SWV Console". 2. Open the SWV settings panel by clicking the "Configure Serial Wire Viewer" button in the SWV Console view toolbar. 3. Configure the data ports to be traced by enabling the ITM channel 0 check-box in the ITM stimulus ports group: Choose "EXETRC: Trace Exceptions" and In tab "ITM Stimulus Ports" choose "Enable Port" 0. Then click "OK".
- 2. It is recommended not to enable other SWV trace functionalities at the same time because this may over use the SWO pin causing packet loss due to a limited bandwidth (certain other SWV tracing capabilities can send a lot of data at very high-speed). Save the SWV configuration by clicking the OK button. The configuration is saved with other debug configurations and remains effective until changed.
- 3. Press the red Start/Stop Trace button to send the SWV configuration to the target board to enable SWV trace recoding. The board does not send any SWV packages until it is properly configured. The SWV Configuration must be present, if the configuration registers on the target board are reset. Also, tracing does not start until the target starts to execute.
- 4. Start the target execution again by pressing the green Resume Debug button.
- 5. The SWV console now shows the printf() output.

# 33.4.5 Guide Semihosting for ARMGCC

#### Step 1: Setting up the environment

- 1. Turn on "J-LINK GDB Server" -> Select suitable "Target device" -> "OK".
- 2. Turn on "PuTTY". Set up as follows.
  - "Host Name (or IP address)" : localhost
  - "Port":2333
  - "Connection type" : Telet.
  - · Click "Open".
- 3. Increase "Heap/Stack" for GCC to 0x2000:

#### Add to "CMakeLists.txt"

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE}} --defsym=\_\_stack\_size\_\_=0x2000")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG} -- defsym=\_\_stack\_size\_\_=0x2000")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG} --

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defsym=\_heap\_size\_\_=0x2000")

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE}} --defsym=\_\_heap\_size\_\_=0x2000")

### Step 2: Building the project

1. Change "CMakeLists.txt":

**Change** "SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE} -specs=nano.specs")"

to "SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_RELEASE "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_R-ELEASE} -specs=rdimon.specs")"

## Replace paragraph

- $SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG \quad "\$\{CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS_DEB$
- G} -fno-common")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} -ffunction-sections")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} -fdata-sections")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} -ffreestanding")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} -fno-builtin")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} -mthumb")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} -mapcs")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} -Xlinker")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} --gc-sections")
- $SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG \quad "\$\{CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEBU-LINKER_FLAGS\_DEB$
- G} -Xlinker")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} -static")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} -Xlinker")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- G} -z")
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-
- SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\$
  - "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

G} muldefs")

G} -Xlinker")

To

SET(CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBUG "\${CMAKE\_EXE\_LINKER\_FLAGS\_DEBU-

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### **Semihosting**

G} --specs=rdimon.specs ")

#### Remove

target\_link\_libraries(semihosting\_ARMGCC.elf debug nosys)

2. Run "build\_debug.bat" to build project

## Step 3: Starting semihosting

(a) Download the image and set as follows.

```
cd D:\mcu-sdk-2.0-origin\boards\twrk64f120m\driver_examples\semihosting\armgcc\debug
d:
C:\PROGRA~2\GNUTOO~1\4BD65~1.920\bin\arm-none-eabi-gdb.exe
target remote localhost:2331
monitor reset
monitor semihosting enable
monitor semihosting thumbSWI 0xAB
monitor semihosting IOClient 1
monitor flash device = MK64FN1M0xxx12
load semihosting_ARMGCC.elf
monitor reg pc = (0x00000004)
monitor reg sp = (0x000000000)
continue
```

(b) After the setting, press "enter". The PuTTY window now shows the printf() output.

# Chapter 34 Notification Framework

## 34.1 Overview

This section describes the programming interface of the Notifier driver.

### 34.2 Notifier Overview

The Notifier provides a configuration dynamic change service. Based on this service, applications can switch between pre-defined configurations. The Notifier enables drivers and applications to register callback functions to this framework. Each time that the configuration is changed, drivers and applications receive a notification and change their settings. To simplify, the Notifier only supports the static callback registration. This means that, for applications, all callback functions are collected into a static table and passed to the Notifier.

These are the steps for the configuration transition.

- 1. Before configuration transition, the Notifier sends a "BEFORE" message to the callback table. When this message is received, IP drivers should check whether any current processes can be stopped and stop them. If the processes cannot be stopped, the callback function returns an error. The Notifier supports two types of transition policies, a graceful policy and a forceful policy. When the graceful policy is used, if some callbacks return an error while sending a "BEFORE" message, the configuration transition stops and the Notifier sends a "RECOVER" message to all drivers that have stopped. Then, these drivers can recover the previous status and continue to work. When the forceful policy is used, drivers are stopped forcefully.
- 2. After the "BEFORE" message is processed successfully, the system switches to the new configuration.
- 3. After the configuration changes, the Notifier sends an "AFTER" message to the callback table to notify drivers that the configuration transition is finished.

This example shows how to use the Notifier in the Power Manager application.

```
#include "fsl_notifier.h"

// Definition of the Power Manager callback.
status_t callback0(notifier_notification_block_t *notify, void *data)
{
    status_t ret = kStatus_Success;
    ...
    ...
    return ret;
}

// Definition of the Power Manager user function.
status_t APP_PowerModeSwitch(notifier_user_config_t *targetConfig, void *userData)
{
```

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#### **Notifier Overview**

```
. . .
    . . .
. . .
. . .
. . .
// Main function.
int main (void)
    // Define a notifier handle.
   notifier_handle_t powerModeHandle;
    // Callback configuration.
    user_callback_data_t callbackData0;
    notifier_callback_config_t callbackCfg0 = {callback0,
                kNOTIFIER_CallbackBeforeAfter,
                (void *) &callbackData0);
    notifier_callback_config_t callbacks[] = {callbackCfg0};
    // Power mode configurations.
    power_user_config_t vlprConfig;
    power_user_config_t stopConfig;
    notifier_user_config_t *powerConfigs[] = {&vlprConfig, &stopConfig};
    // Definition of a transition to and out the power modes.
    vlprConfig.mode = kAPP_PowerModeVlpr;
    vlprConfig.enableLowPowerWakeUpOnInterrupt = false;
    stopConfig = vlprConfig;
    stopConfig.mode = kAPP_PowerModeStop;
    // Create Notifier handle.
   NOTIFIER_CreateHandle(&powerModeHandle, powerConfigs, 2U, callbacks, 1U,
      APP_PowerModeSwitch, NULL);
    // Power mode switch.
   NOTIFIER_switchConfig(&powerModeHandle, targetConfigIndex,
      kNOTIFIER_PolicyAgreement);
```

## **Data Structures**

- struct notifier\_notification\_block\_t
  - notification block passed to the registered callback function. More...
- struct notifier\_callback\_config\_t
  - Callback configuration structure. More...
- struct notifier\_handle\_t
  - Notifier handle structure. More...

# **Typedefs**

- typedef void notifier\_user\_config\_t
  - Notifier user configuration type.
- typedef status\_t(\* notifier\_user\_function\_t )(notifier\_user\_config\_t \*targetConfig, void \*userData)

  Notifier user function prototype Use this function to execute specific operations in configuration switch.

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• typedef status\_t(\* notifier\_callback\_t )(notifier\_notification\_block\_t \*notify, void \*data) Callback prototype.

## **Enumerations**

```
• enum _notifier_status {
  kStatus NOTIFIER ErrorNotificationBefore,
 kStatus NOTIFIER ErrorNotificationAfter }
    Notifier error codes.
enum notifier_policy_t {
 kNOTIFIER_PolicyAgreement,
  kNOTIFIER PolicyForcible }
    Notifier policies.
enum notifier_notification_type_t {
  kNOTIFIER NotifyRecover = 0x00U,
 kNOTIFIER_NotifyBefore = 0x01U,
 kNOTIFIER NotifyAfter = 0x02U }
    Notification type.
• enum notifier_callback_type_t {
  kNOTIFIER\_CallbackBefore = 0x01U,
 kNOTIFIER CallbackAfter = 0x02U,
 kNOTIFIER_CallbackBeforeAfter = 0x03U }
     The callback type, which indicates kinds of notification the callback handles.
```

### **Functions**

- status\_t NOTIFIER\_CreateHandle (notifier\_handle\_t \*notifierHandle, notifier\_user\_config\_t \*\*configs, uint8\_t configsNumber, notifier\_callback\_config\_t \*callbacks, uint8\_t callbacksNumber, notifier\_user\_function\_t userFunction, void \*userData)
  - Creates a Notifier handle.
- status\_t NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig (notifier\_handle\_t \*notifierHandle, uint8\_t configIndex, notifier\_policy\_t policy)
  - *Switches the configuration according to a pre-defined structure.*
- uint8\_t NOTIFIER\_GetErrorCallbackIndex (notifier\_handle\_t \*notifierHandle)

This function returns the last failed notification callback.

#### 34.3 Data Structure Documentation

### 34.3.1 struct notifier notification block t

#### **Data Fields**

- notifier\_user\_config\_t \* targetConfig
  - Pointer to target configuration.
- notifier\_policy\_t policy
  - Configure transition policy.
- notifier\_notification\_type\_t notifyType

Configure notification type.

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

#### 34.3.1.0.0.55 Field Documentation

34.3.1.0.0.55.1 notifier\_user\_config\_t\* notifier\_notification\_block\_t::targetConfig

34.3.1.0.0.55.2 notifier\_policy\_t notifier\_notification\_block\_t::policy

34.3.1.0.0.55.3 notifier\_notification\_type\_t notifier\_notification\_block\_t::notifyType

## 34.3.2 struct notifier\_callback\_config\_t

This structure holds the configuration of callbacks. Callbacks of this type are expected to be statically allocated. This structure contains the following application-defined data. callback - pointer to the callback function callbackType - specifies when the callback is called callbackData - pointer to the data passed to the callback.

#### **Data Fields**

- notifier\_callback\_t callback
  - Pointer to the callback function.
- notifier\_callback\_type\_t callbackType Callback type.
- void \* callbackData

Pointer to the data passed to the callback.

#### 34.3.2.0.0.56 Field Documentation

34.3.2.0.0.56.1 notifier\_callback\_t notifier\_callback config t::callback

34.3.2.0.0.56.2 notifier\_callback\_type\_t notifier\_callback config\_t::callbackType

34.3.2.0.0.56.3 void\* notifier callback config t::callbackData

## 34.3.3 struct notifier handle t

Notifier handle structure. Contains data necessary for the Notifier proper function. Stores references to registered configurations, callbacks, information about their numbers, user function, user data, and other internal data. NOTIFIER\_CreateHandle() must be called to initialize this handle.

#### **Data Fields**

- notifier\_user\_config\_t \*\* configsTable
  - Pointer to configure table.
- uint8\_t configsNumber
  - Number of configurations.
- notifier\_callback\_config\_t \* callbacksTable

Pointer to callback table.

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- uint8 t callbacksNumber
  - Maximum number of callback configurations.
- uint8 t errorCallbackIndex
  - *Index of callback returns error.*
- uint8\_t currentConfigIndex
  - *Index of current configuration.*
- notifier\_user\_function\_t userFunction
  - User function.
- void \* userData

User data passed to user function.

#### 34.3.3.0.0.57 Field Documentation

- 34.3.3.0.0.57.1 notifier\_user\_config\_t\*\* notifier\_handle\_t::configsTable
- 34.3.3.0.0.57.2 uint8\_t notifier\_handle\_t::configsNumber
- 34.3.3.0.0.57.3 notifier\_callback\_config\_t\* notifier\_handle\_t::callbacksTable
- 34.3.3.0.0.57.4 uint8\_t notifier\_handle\_t::callbacksNumber
- 34.3.3.0.0.57.5 uint8 t notifier handle t::errorCallbackIndex
- 34.3.3.0.0.57.6 uint8 t notifier handle t::currentConfigIndex
- 34.3.3.0.0.57.7 notifier user function t notifier handle t::userFunction
- 34.3.3.0.0.57.8 void\* notifier handle t::userData

## 34.4 Typedef Documentation

## 34.4.1 typedef void notifier\_user\_config\_t

Reference of the user defined configuration is stored in an array; the notifier switches between these configurations based on this array.

# 34.4.2 typedef status\_t(\* notifier\_user\_function\_t)(notifier\_user\_config\_t \*targetConfig, void \*userData)

Before and after this function execution, different notification is sent to registered callbacks. If this function returns any error code, NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig() exits.

Parameters

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### **Enumeration Type Documentation**

| targetConfig  | target Configuration. |
|---|-----------------------|
| userData Refers to other specific data passed to user function. |                       |

#### Returns

An error code or kStatus\_Success.

# 34.4.3 typedef status\_t(\* notifier\_callback\_t)(notifier\_notification\_block\_t \*notify, void \*data)

Declaration of a callback. It is common for registered callbacks. Reference to function of this type is part of the notifier\_callback\_config\_t callback configuration structure. Depending on callback type, function of this prototype is called (see NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig()) before configuration switch, after it or in both use cases to notify about the switch progress (see notifier\_callback\_type\_t). When called, the type of the notification is passed as a parameter along with the reference to the target configuration structure (see notifier\_notification\_block\_t) and any data passed during the callback registration. When notified before the configuration switch, depending on the configuration switch policy (see notifier\_policy\_t), the callback may deny the execution of the user function by returning an error code different than kStatus\_Success (see NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig()).

#### **Parameters**

| notify | Notification block.   |  |
|--------|---|--|
| data   | Callback data. Refers to the data passed during callback registration. Intended to pass |  |
|        | any driver or application data such as internal state information.                      |  |

#### Returns

An error code or kStatus\_Success.

# 34.5 Enumeration Type Documentation

## 34.5.1 enum \_notifier\_status

Used as return value of Notifier functions.

#### Enumerator

**kStatus\_NOTIFIER\_ErrorNotificationBefore** An error occurs during send "BEFORE" notification.

kStatus\_NOTIFIER\_ErrorNotificationAfter An error occurs during send "AFTER" notification.

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## 34.5.2 enum notifier\_policy\_t

Defines whether the user function execution is forced or not. For kNOTIFIER\_PolicyForcible, the user function is executed regardless of the callback results, while kNOTIFIER\_PolicyAgreement policy is used to exit NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig() when any of the callbacks returns error code. See also NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig() description.

#### Enumerator

**kNOTIFIER\_PolicyAgreement** NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig() method is exited when any of the callbacks returns error code.

**kNOTIFIER\_PolicyForcible** The user function is executed regardless of the results.

## 34.5.3 enum notifier\_notification\_type\_t

Used to notify registered callbacks

#### Enumerator

kNOTIFIER\_NotifyRecover Notify IP to recover to previous work state.kNOTIFIER\_NotifyBefore Notify IP that configuration setting is going to change.kNOTIFIER\_NotifyAfter Notify IP that configuration setting has been changed.

# 34.5.4 enum notifier\_callback\_type\_t

Used in the callback configuration structure (notifier\_callback\_config\_t) to specify when the registered callback is called during configuration switch initiated by the NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig(). Callback can be invoked in following situations.

- Before the configuration switch (Callback return value can affect NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig() execution. See the NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig() and notifier\_policy\_t documentation).
- After an unsuccessful attempt to switch configuration
- After a successful configuration switch

### Enumerator

kNOTIFIER\_CallbackBefore Callback handles BEFORE notification.kNOTIFIER\_CallbackAfter Callback handles AFTER notification.kNOTIFIER\_CallbackBeforeAfter Callback handles BEFORE and AFTER notification.

- 34.6 Function Documentation
- 34.6.1 status\_t NOTIFIER\_CreateHandle ( notifier\_handle\_t \* notifierHandle, notifier\_user\_config\_t \*\* configs, uint8\_t configsNumber, notifier\_callback-\_config\_t \* callbacks, uint8\_t callbacksNumber, notifier\_user\_function\_t userFunction, void \* userData )

#### **Parameters**

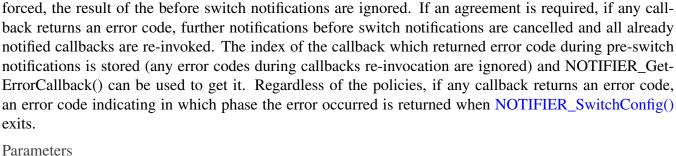
| notifierHandle       | A pointer to the notifier handle.   |
|----------------------|---|
| configs              | A pointer to an array with references to all configurations which is handled by the Notifier.   |
| configsNumber        | Number of configurations. Size of the configuration array.  |
| callbacks            | A pointer to an array of callback configurations. If there are no callbacks to register during Notifier initialization, use NULL value. |
| callbacks-<br>Number | Number of registered callbacks. Size of the callbacks array.  |
| userFunction         | User function.  |
| userData             | User data passed to user function.  |

#### Returns

An error Code or kStatus\_Success.

#### status t NOTIFIER SwitchConfig ( notifier handle t \* notifierHandle, 34.6.2 uint8 t configIndex, notifier policy t policy )

This function sets the system to the target configuration. Before transition, the Notifier sends notifications to all callbacks registered to the callback table. Callbacks are invoked in the following order: All registered callbacks are notified ordered by index in the callbacks array. The same order is used for before and after switch notifications. The notifications before the configuration switch can be used to obtain confirmation about the change from registered callbacks. If any registered callback denies the configuration change, further execution of this function depends on the notifier policy: the configuration change is either forced (kNOTIFIER PolicyForcible) or exited (kNOTIFIER PolicyAgreement). When configuration change is forced, the result of the before switch notifications are ignored. If an agreement is required, if any callback returns an error code, further notifications before switch notifications are cancelled and all already notified callbacks are re-invoked. The index of the callback which returned error code during pre-switch notifications is stored (any error codes during callbacks re-invocation are ignored) and NOTIFIER Get-ErrorCallback() can be used to get it. Regardless of the policies, if any callback returns an error code, an error code indicating in which phase the error occurred is returned when NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig()



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| notifierHandle | pointer to notifier handle   |
|----------------|--|
| configIndex    | Index of the target configuration.   |
| policy         | Transaction policy, kNOTIFIER_PolicyAgreement or kNOTIFIER_PolicyForcible. |

#### Returns

An error code or kStatus\_Success.

# 34.6.3 uint8\_t NOTIFIER\_GetErrorCallbackIndex ( notifier\_handle\_t \* notifierHandle )

This function returns an index of the last callback that failed during the configuration switch while the last NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig() was called. If the last NOTIFIER\_SwitchConfig() call ended successfully value equal to callbacks number is returned. The returned value represents an index in the array of static call-backs.

#### **Parameters**

| notifierHandle | Pointer to the notifier handle |
|----------------|--------------------------------|
|----------------|--------------------------------|

#### Returns

Callback Index of the last failed callback or value equal to callbacks count.

# Chapter 35 Shell

### 35.1 Overview

This part describes the programming interface of the Shell middleware. Shell controls MCUs by commands via the specified communication peripheral based on the debug console driver.

# 35.2 Function groups

### 35.2.1 Initialization

To initialize the Shell middleware, call the SHELL\_Init() function with these parameters. This function automatically enables the middleware.

Then, after the initialization was successful, call a command to control MCUs.

This example shows how to call the SHELL\_Init() given the user configuration structure.

```
SHELL_Init(&user_context, SHELL_SendDataCallback, SHELL_ReceiveDataCallback, "SHELL>> ");
```

#### 35.2.2 Advanced Feature

• Support to get a character from standard input devices.

```
static uint8_t GetChar(p_shell_context_t context);
```

| Commands   | Description                                      |
|------------|--|
| Help       | Lists all commands which are supported by Shell. |
| Exit       | Exits the Shell program.                         |
| strCompare | Compares the two input strings.                  |

| Input character | Description   |
|-----------------|---|
| A               | Gets the latest command in the history.             |
| В               | Gets the first command in the history.              |
| С               | Replaces one character at the right of the pointer. |

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## **Function groups**

| Input character | Description  |
|-----------------|--|
| D               | Replaces one character at the left of the pointer. |
|                 | Run AutoComplete function                          |
|                 | Run cmdProcess function                            |
|                 | Clears a command.                                  |

## 35.2.3 Shell Operation

```
SHELL_Init(&user_context, SHELL_SendDataCallback, SHELL_ReceiveDataCallback, "SHELL>> ");
SHELL_Main(&user_context);
```

#### **Data Structures**

• struct p\_shell\_context\_t

Data structure for Shell environment. More...

struct shell\_command\_context\_t

User command data structure. More...

struct shell\_command\_context\_list\_t

Structure list command. More...

#### **Macros**

• #define SHELL\_USE\_HISTORY (0U)

Macro to set on/off history feature.

• #define SHELL SEARCH IN HIST (1U)

Macro to set on/off history feature.

• #define SHELL\_USE\_FILE\_STREAM (0U)

Macro to select method stream.

• #define SHELL AUTO COMPLETE (1U)

Macro to set on/off auto-complete feature.

• #define SHELL\_BUFFER\_SIZE (64U)

Macro to set console buffer size.

• #define SHELL\_MAX\_ARGS (8U)

Macro to set maximum arguments in command.

• #define SHELL\_HIST\_MAX (3U)

Macro to set maximum count of history commands.

• #define SHELL\_MAX\_CMD (20U)

Macro to set maximum count of commands.

• #define SHELL\_OPTIONAL\_PARAMS (0xFF)

Macro to bypass arguments check.

# **Typedefs**

- typedef void(\* send\_data\_cb\_t )(uint8\_t \*buf, uint32\_t len)

  Shell user send data callback prototype.
- typedef void(\* recv\_data\_cb\_t )(uint8\_t \*buf, uint32\_t len)

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```
Shell user receiver data callback prototype.
• typedef int(* printf_data_t )(const char *format,...)
```

Shell user printf data prototype.

• typedef int32\_t(\* cmd\_function\_t)(p\_shell\_context\_t context, int32\_t argc, char \*\*argv)

\*User command function prototype.

## **Enumerations**

```
    enum fun_key_status_t {
        kSHELL_Normal = 0U,
        kSHELL_Special = 1U,
        kSHELL_Function = 2U }
        A type for the handle special key.
```

## Shell functional operation

- void SHELL\_Init (p\_shell\_context\_t context, send\_data\_cb\_t send\_cb, recv\_data\_cb\_t recv\_cb, printf\_data\_t shell\_printf, char \*prompt)
  - Enables the clock gate and configures the Shell module according to the configuration structure.
- int32\_t SHELL\_RegisterCommand (const shell\_command\_context\_t \*command\_context) Shell register command.
- int32\_t SHELL\_Main (p\_shell\_context\_t context)

  Main loop for Shell.

## 35.3 Data Structure Documentation

## 35.3.1 struct shell context struct

#### **Data Fields**

```
• char * prompt
```

Prompt string.

enum \_fun\_key\_status stat

Special key status.

• char line [SHELL\_BUFFER\_SIZE]

Consult buffer.

uint8\_t cmd\_num

Number of user commands.

• uint8\_t l\_pos

Total line position.

• uint8\_t c\_pos

Current line position.

• send\_data\_cb\_t send\_data\_func

*Send data interface operation.* 

recv\_data\_cb\_t recv\_data\_func

Receive data interface operation.

• uint16 t hist current

Current history command in hist buff.

• uint16\_t hist\_count

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#### **Data Structure Documentation**

Total history command in hist buff.

- char hist\_buf [SHELL\_HIST\_MÄX][SHELL\_BUFFER\_SIZE]
  - History buffer.
- bool exit

Exit Flag.

## 35.3.2 struct shell\_command\_context\_t

### **Data Fields**

• const char \* pcCommand

The command that is executed.

char \* pcHelpString

String that describes how to use the command.

const cmd\_function\_t pFuncCallBack

A pointer to the callback function that returns the output generated by the command.

uint8\_t cExpectedNumberOfParameters

Commands expect a fixed number of parameters, which may be zero.

#### 35.3.2.0.0.58 Field Documentation

#### 35.3.2.0.0.58.1 const char\* shell\_command\_context\_t::pcCommand

For example "help". It must be all lower case.

#### 35.3.2.0.0.58.2 char\* shell\_command\_context\_t::pcHelpString

It should start with the command itself, and end with "\r\n". For example "help: Returns a list of all the commands\r\n".

35.3.2.0.0.58.3 const cmd\_function\_t shell\_command\_context\_t::pFuncCallBack

35.3.2.0.0.58.4 uint8\_t shell\_command\_context\_t::cExpectedNumberOfParameters

## 35.3.3 struct shell\_command\_context\_list\_t

#### **Data Fields**

const shell\_command\_context\_t \* CommandList [SHELL\_MAX\_CMD]

The command table list.

• uint8 t numberOfCommandInList

The total command in list.

- 35.4 Macro Definition Documentation
- 35.4.1 #define SHELL USE HISTORY (0U)
- 35.4.2 #define SHELL\_SEARCH\_IN\_HIST (1U)
- 35.4.3 #define SHELL USE FILE STREAM (0U)
- 35.4.4 #define SHELL AUTO COMPLETE (1U)
- 35.4.5 #define SHELL BUFFER SIZE (64U)
- 35.4.6 #define SHELL MAX ARGS (8U)
- 35.4.7 #define SHELL HIST MAX (3U)
- 35.4.8 #define SHELL MAX CMD (20U)
- 35.5 Typedef Documentation
- 35.5.1 typedef void(\* send data\_cb\_t)(uint8\_t \*buf, uint32\_t len)
- 35.5.2 typedef void(\* recv data cb t)(uint8 t \*buf, uint32 t len)
- 35.5.3 typedef int(\* printf data t)(const char \*format,...)
- 35.5.4 typedef int32\_t(\* cmd\_function\_t)(p\_shell\_context\_t context, int32\_t argc, char \*\*argv)
- 35.6 Enumeration Type Documentation
- 35.6.1 enum fun\_key\_status\_t

#### Enumerator

kSHELL\_Normal Normal key.kSHELL\_Special Special key.kSHELL Function Function key.

## 35.7 Function Documentation

# 35.7.1 void SHELL\_Init ( p\_shell\_context\_t context, send\_data\_cb\_t send\_cb, recv\_data\_cb\_t recv\_cb, printf\_data\_t shell\_printf, char \* prompt )

This function must be called before calling all other Shell functions. Call operation the Shell commands with user-defined settings. The example below shows how to set up the middleware Shell and how to call the SHELL Init function by passing in these parameters. This is an example.

```
* shell_context_struct user_context;
* SHELL_Init(&user_context, SendDataFunc, ReceiveDataFunc, "SHELL>> ");
*
```

#### **Parameters**

| context | The pointer to the Shell environment and runtime states. |
|---------|--|
| send_cb | The pointer to call back send data function.             |
| recv_cb | The pointer to call back receive data function.          |
| prompt  | The string prompt of Shell                               |

# 35.7.2 int32\_t SHELL\_RegisterCommand ( const shell\_command\_context\_t \* command\_context )

#### **Parameters**

| command | The pointer to the command data structure. |
|---------|--|
| context |  |

#### Returns

-1 if error or 0 if success

# 35.7.3 int32\_t SHELL\_Main ( p\_shell\_context\_t context )

Main loop for Shell; After this function is called, Shell begins to initialize the basic variables and starts to work.

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## Parameters

| context | The pointer to the Shell environment and runtime states. |
|---------|--|
|---------|--|

## Returns

This function does not return until Shell command exit was called.

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Document Number: MCUXSDKKL26APIRM Rev. 0

Mar 2017



