KIX 1001: ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS 1

Tutorial 1: Basic Functions & Derivatives

1. Find the limit

$$\lim_{x\to 5} \frac{x^2-25}{x^2+x-30}$$

2. Find the limit

$$\lim_{x\to 9} \frac{\sqrt{x}-3}{x-9}$$

3. Find the limit

$$\lim_{x\to 0}\frac{\sqrt{2+x}-\sqrt{2}}{x}.$$

4. Find the limit

$$\lim_{\theta \to \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\tan \theta}{\sec \theta}$$

5. Find the limit

$$\lim_{\theta \to 0} \frac{\cos \theta - 1}{\sin \theta}$$

6. If
$$2x \le g(x) \le x^2 - x + 2$$
, evaluate $\lim_{x \to 1} g(x)$

7. Solve y' if y =

$$\sqrt{3x^2 - 2x + 3}$$

8. Solve y' if

$$y = 5\sqrt[3]{x^2 + \sqrt{x^3}}$$

9. Solve
$$y'if y = \ln(\cos x^2)$$

10. Differentiate
$$y = \log(4 + \cos x)$$

11. Find y' for
$$10e^{2xy} = e^{15y} + e^{13x}$$

12. Solve
$$f'(x)$$
 if $f(x) = 2x(\arctan 5x)^2 + 6\tan(\cos 6x)$

13. Solve
$$y'$$
 if $y = 4x \sinh^{-1}(\frac{x}{6}) + \tanh^{-1}(\cos 10x)$

14. Differentiate

$$y = \frac{1}{\sin^{-1}x}$$

15. Differentiate
$$y = (x^3 - 1)^{100}$$