

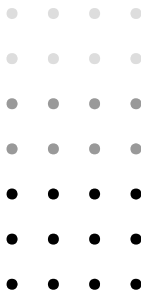
CMPT 733 Spring 2024 - Milestone Presentation

# Integrating AI and Quantitative Analysis for Equity Investment and Portfolio Optimization

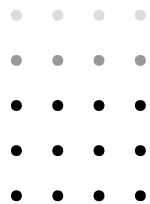
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# AGENDA



01 Motivation

02 Progress Report & Schedule

03 Future work



# Introduction

## Capital Markets:

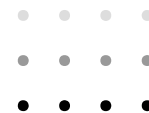
- Buying and selling of **securities** (stocks, bonds etc)
- Mechanism for price **valuation** (Demand and Supply)
- The goal is to **outperform** the market baseline (eg: S&P500, other indexes etc)

## The Truth:

- The Majority falls behind indexes in long run (individuals, professionals etc)
- Price movement affected by many forces (sentiment, news etc)
- Deep Dive Analysis is slow and time consuming

## Quantitative Finance:

- A rising field to incorporate machine learning into investing decision
- Selecting securities based on historical data and trained models
- Targets specific drivers of return to create portfolios (**Factor Investing**)



The New York Times

[Actively Managed Mutual Funds Consistently Fail to Beat Markets, Study Finds](#)

It's very hard to beat the stock or bond markets with any regularity. Each year, some investors manage to do it, of course, but can they do...

Dec 2, 2022

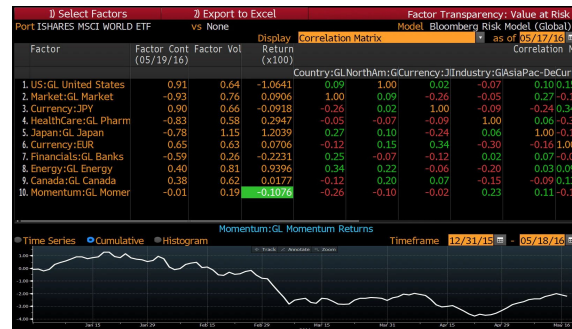


CNBC

[New report finds almost 80% of active fund managers are falling behind the major indexes](#)

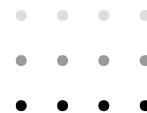
A majority of active mutual fund managers are underperforming the S&P 500 and the Dow, according to the newest S&P Indices versus Active...

Mar 27, 2022



Bloomberg Markets Magazine

# Key Motivations



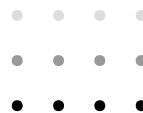
## 1. Establish a rational and consistent Investing Framework

- a. Systematically process and **identify high return stocks**
- b. **Not** predicting **price** but a **classification** task (performance is relative to its peers)
- c. Eliminate emotional Bias

## 2. Enhance Return Potential through Machine Learning

- a. Construct **features** for the predictive model (multi-factors)
- b. Assess model effectiveness through **simulating** portfolio performance (experiments)
- c. Examine the usefulness of features (Insights, model interpretability)

# Key Motivations



## 1. Establish a rational and consistent Investing Framework

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## Challenges:

### 1. Feature Selection and Engineering

- Require **advanced knowledge in accounting & finance** to construct high-quality features
- Complex integration of trading and financial data
- Handling of missing financial data, gaps, outliers etc

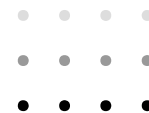
### 2. Data Quality, Granularity and Frequency

- Noisy** price movements may obscure trends
- Handling of stocks with **abnormal status** any point in time (suspension, delisting, severe distress)
- Aggregate into meaningful time windows to reveal time patterns (some information is lost)

### 3. Experiment Design

- Different **Time Horizon**, **labelling** techniques, **portfolio reconstruction interval**, may have different results

# Progress Report



## Completed Tasks

Stage 1: Research and Planning:

- a. Conducted research about the possible ways to represent each stock from multiple perspectives
- b. Identified 5 main categories of usable features, each with 3-4 metrics

## Research Evidence:

Valuation factors: pe\_ratio, pb\_ratio, ps\_ratio, pcf\_ratio etc (stock **price to earnings** ratio is a relative measure of "**expensiveness**")

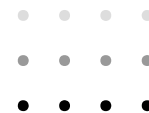
Growth factors: %\_growth\_in\_net\_profit, %\_growth\_in\_total\_revenue, %\_growth\_in\_operating\_profit (growing or declining **profits over time**)

Profitability factors: gross\_profit\_margin, net\_profit\_margin, cash\_flow\_to\_profit, adjusted\_profit (**profitability** of a business compared to **cost**)

Leverage factors: financial\_leverage\_ratio, debt\_to\_equity\_ratio, current\_ratio, cash\_ratio (**debt and borrowings** composition etc)

Momentum Indicators: relative\_strength\_index (rsi), bias, psy, macd, hsl (Quantify **stock price movement trends**, shifts and momentum)

# Progress Report

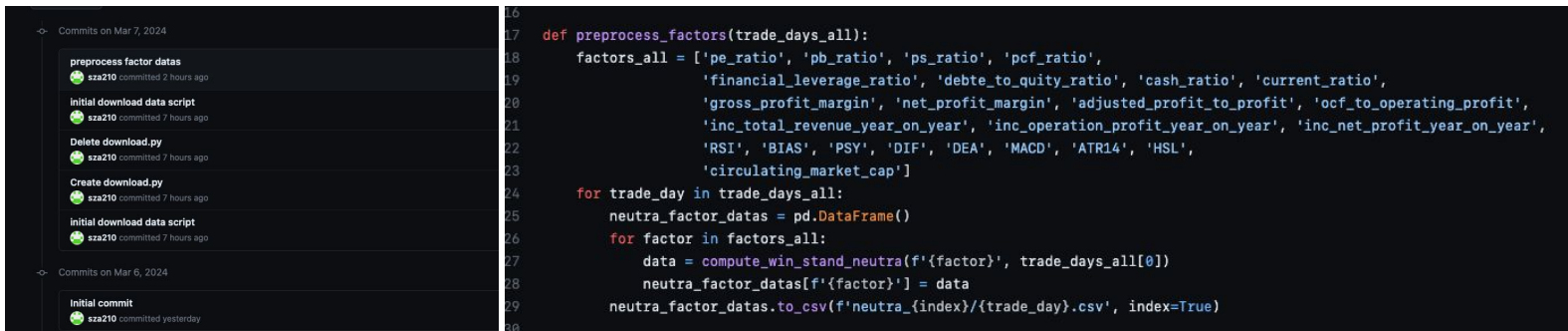


## Completed Tasks

### Stage 2: Data Collection

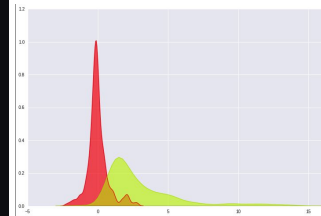
- Tools:** JQ Data API to gain access to stock and financial data
- Time Interval Covered:** 2016 - 2023 (Trading days)
- Stock Universe:** CSI500 China's mid and small-cap universe
- Data gathered:** Price data and scattered pieces of accounting information (for feature engineering)

### Evidence:



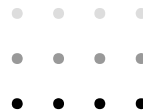
commits

Code excerpt related to features and preprocessing



Distribution before vs after preprocessing

# Project Schedule



## 02/01 - 02/20: Research and Planning

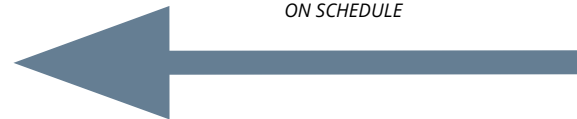
- Studied and identified financial metrics for feature engineering, identified data source, stock list
- Planned for project scope, data granularity, procedures for model training and performance simulation

## 02/21 - 03/03: Data Collection

- Thoroughly **tested** the **JQData API**, identified limitations in data volume and breadth of information
- Finalized and **successfully acquired** the necessary data for further processing

## 03/04 - 03/10: Data Cleaning and Standardization, Experiment setup

- Implemented a script to address outliers and standardize the scale of various metrics
- Enriched our dataset with industry classification data for each stock
- **Feature bias reduction** and **normalization** to adjust for **industry influence** to enhance compatibility across stocks



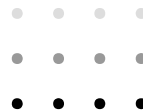
ON SCHEDULE

## 03/11 - 03/25: Run Experiments, Compare with baseline, Gather Insights

## 03/25 - 04/03: Prepare final report, posters



# Future Work



## 03/11 - 03/25: Run Experiments, Compare with baseline, Gather Insights

Examine Model Attributes:

- Mutual Information
- Feature Importance
- AUC over-time to inspect classification accuracy of “good stocks”

Examine Portfolio Performance:

- Rolling-forward testing methodology (train on 2016-2018 data, test on 2019-2023)
- Simulate “buying good stocks” on test months based on model classification, then compute for portfolio value change over-time
- Evaluate accumulated return % , maximum value decrease % , compared to CSI 500 index benchmark

Mitigate Risk:

- Outperforming the market is always hard, outperforming the index is not the only objective
- To evaluate effectiveness of a model, there can **additional benchmark** such as return comparison between “buying good stocks” and “buying bad stocks” based on model output, and inspect differences

## 03/25 - 04/03: Prepare final report, posters

Mitigate Risk: Start writing as we test.

# Thank you

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