

Concurrent Programming

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 - Execution order
 - What is atomic

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 - fine-grained (hardware): load, store, add, ...
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 - coarse-grained (software): critical sections, process state encapsulation
- **History:** a trace of ONE execution; an interleaving of atomic actions
- **Property:** an attribute of ALL histories of a program, e.g., correctness

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 - Need mechanism for constructing coarse-grained atomic actions
 - Sequence of fine-grained atomic actions
 - Appearance of indivisibility

Specifying Atomic Actions

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- $\langle S; \rangle$
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- `< await(B); >`
 - wait for `B` to be `true` (conditional synchronization)
- `< await(B) S; >`
 - wait for `B` to be `true`, then execute `S` ALL AS A SINGLE ATOMIC ACTION

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if n = 2 and m = 4, this is 70 histories!

Proving Properties

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```
co      x = 1;      //      y = 2;    oc
```

Proving Properties

```
co { x = 0 }  
    x = 1;      // { x = 1 }  
{ x = 1 }  
  
          { y = 0 }  
          y = 2;      { y = 2 }  
{ y = 2 }
```

Proving Properties

```
{ x = 0 and y = 0 }  
co { x = 0 }           // { y = 0 }          oc  
    x = 1;  
{ x = 1 }               y = 2;  
                        { y = 2 }  
{ x = 1 and y = 2 }
```

- The precondition of the concurrent program is the conjunction (and) of the preconditions of the processes.

Proving Properties

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          { x = 0 and y = 0 }
co  { x = 0 }      //      { y = 0 }
      x = 1;           y = 2;
{ x = 1 }           { y = 2 }

          { x = 1 and y = 2 }
```

- The precondition of the concurrent program is the conjunction (and) of the preconditions of the processes.
- If the processes are disjoint -- as here -- then the "proofs" don't interfere, so the postcondition is the conjunction (and) of the postconditions of the processes.

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 - Predicates that are true at points in a program
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 - Caused by shared variables

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- 2) weakened assertions -- say less than you could in isolation
- 3) synchronization -- hide states and/or delay execution
- 4) global invariants -- predicates that are true in ALL visible states

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 - Delaying process execution until some predicate is satisfied
 - *Condition Synchronization*