

# Multilabel classification through structured output learning

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## Example: dog vs. cat?

▶ We have 5000 pictures of dog and 5000 pictures of cat.





- ▶ Computer digitalize each picture into  $100 \times 100$  pixels.
- Given a new picture, we want to answer: is it a dog or a cat?
- Simple task for human, dog, or cat.
- ► Golle (2008) claimed this is a difficult task for machines with only 82.7% accuracy.
- ► In 2013, 98.5% accuracy was reported in a Kaggle competition (https://www.kaggle.com/c/dogs-vs-cats).

## In human verification system

- Is the human verification system safe from machine learning attack.
  - CAPTCHA vs. ASSIRA

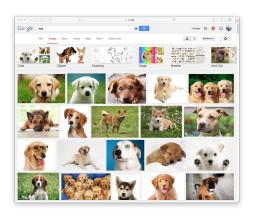


Asirra is a human interactive proof that asks users to identify photos of cats and dops. It's powered by over two million photos from our unique partnership with <u>Petfoder.com</u>. Proocit your web site with Asirra — free!



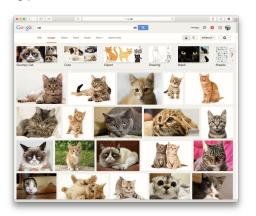
### In search engine

- If machine can assign correct keywords to all pictures, we can search pictures by keywords.
- Search all cat pictures.



#### In search engine

- If machine can assign correct keywords to all pictures, we can search pictures by keywords.
- Search all dog pictures.



## Single label classification



#### **Future work**



## To get benefit?

- ► Fingerprint identification
- Voice recognition
- ▶ Information assistant

#### To contribute?

- ► SETI@home
- ► Rosetta@home
- ► Foldit

## **Bibliography**

Golle, P. (2008). Machine learning attacks against the asirra captcha. In *Proceedings of the 15th ACM Conference on Computer and Communications Security*, CCS '08, pages 535–542, New York, NY, USA. ACM.