

1. Hallar los autovalores y autovectores de las siguientes matrices:

$$a) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad c) \begin{pmatrix} -1 & -3 & -9 \\ 0 & 5 & 18 \\ 0 & -2 & -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$A - \lambda I$ es singular (no inversible).

Polinomio característico: $P(\lambda) = \det(A - \lambda I)$.

λ autorador de A sii λ es raíz de $P(\lambda)$.

a)

$$A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1-\lambda & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det(A - \lambda I) = (1-\lambda) \cdot \det \begin{bmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 \\ 1 & 1-\lambda \end{bmatrix} - 1 \cdot \det \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1-\lambda \end{bmatrix} + 1 \cdot \det \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1-\lambda & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= (1-\lambda) \cdot [(1-\lambda)^2 - 1] - (1-\lambda-1) + [1-(1-\lambda)]$$

$$= (1-\lambda) \cdot (\lambda^2 - 2\lambda) + 2\lambda$$

$$= \lambda^2 - 2\lambda - \lambda^3 + 2\lambda^2 + 2\lambda$$

$$= 3\lambda^2 - \lambda^3$$

$$P(\lambda) = 3\lambda^2 - \lambda^3 \quad P(\lambda) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \lambda = 0 \vee \lambda = 3$$

$$\lambda = 0 \quad Av = 0v \Leftrightarrow Av = 0 \Leftrightarrow v \in N_0(A)$$

$$Av = 0 \Leftrightarrow v_1 + v_2 + v_3 = 0 \Leftrightarrow v_1 = -v_2 - v_3$$

$\therefore v = (-2, 1, 1)$ asociado al autorador $\lambda = 0$ con multiplicidad 2.

$$\lambda = 3$$

$$Av = 3v \Leftrightarrow (A - 3I)v = 0$$

$$A - 3I = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 1 & -2 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{2F_2 + F_1 \\ 2F_3 + F_1}} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -3 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{F_3 + F_2} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -3 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -3v_2 + 3v_3 = 0 \Rightarrow v_2 = v_3$$

$$\Rightarrow -2v_1 + v_2 + v_3 = 0 \Rightarrow v_1 = v_2$$

$\therefore v = (1, 1, 1)$ asociado al autovector $\lambda = 3$.

b)

$$A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} 1-\lambda & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 4-\lambda & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 1-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \det(A - \lambda I) &= (1-\lambda) \cdot [(4-\lambda)(1-\lambda) - 2] + 2[-(1-\lambda)] \\ &= (1-\lambda) \cdot (4 - 4\lambda - \lambda + \lambda^2 - 2) - 2 + 2\lambda \\ &= (1-\lambda) \cdot (\lambda^2 - 5\lambda + 2) + 2\lambda - 2 \\ &= \lambda^2 - 5\lambda + 2 - \lambda^3 + 5\lambda^2 - 2\lambda + 2\lambda - 2 \\ &= -\lambda^3 + 6\lambda^2 - 5\lambda \\ &= \lambda(-\lambda^2 + 6\lambda - 5) \end{aligned}$$

$$P(\lambda) = \lambda(-\lambda^2 + 6\lambda - 5) \quad P(\lambda) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \lambda = 0 \vee \lambda = 1 \vee \lambda = 5$$

$\lambda = 0$

$$Av = \lambda v \Leftrightarrow Av = 0$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 4 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{F_2 + 2F_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{2F_3 + F_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2v_2 - 2v_3 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow v_2 = v_3$$

$$\Rightarrow v_1 - v_2 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow v_1 = v_2$$

$\therefore v = (1, 1, 1)$ autovector asociado al autovalor $\lambda = 0$.

$$\lambda=1 \quad Av = \lambda v \Leftrightarrow (A - 1 \cdot I)v = 0 \Leftrightarrow (A - I)v = 0$$

$$A - I = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ -2 & 3 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{swap}} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{F_3 - F_2} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 & -2 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow v_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -2v_1 - 2v_3 = 0 \Rightarrow v_3 = -v_1$$

$\therefore v = (1, 0, -1)$ autovector asociado al autovalor $\lambda=1$.

$$\lambda = 5 \quad Av = \lambda v \Leftrightarrow (A - 5I)v = 0$$

$$A - 5I = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -1 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & -1 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -4 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & -1 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -4 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{2F_2 - F_1} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -4 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -4 & 0 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{F_3 - F_2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} -4 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -v_2 - 4v_3 = 0 \Rightarrow v_2 = -4v_3$$

$$\Rightarrow -4v_1 - v_2 = 0 \Rightarrow v_2 = -4v_1$$

$$\Rightarrow -4v_1 = -4v_3 \Rightarrow v_1 = v_3$$

$\therefore v = (1, -4, 1)$ autovector asociado al autovalor $\lambda = 5$.

c)

$$A - \lambda I = \begin{bmatrix} -1-\lambda & -3 & -9 \\ 0 & 5-\lambda & 18 \\ 0 & -2 & -7-\lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \det(A - \lambda I) &= (-1-\lambda)[(5-\lambda)(-7-\lambda) - 18 \cdot (-2)] \\ &= (-1-\lambda)(-35 - 5\lambda + 7\lambda + \lambda^2 + 36) \\ &= (-1-\lambda)(\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 1) \\ &= -(\lambda+1)(\lambda+1)^2 \\ &= -(\lambda+1)^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$P(\lambda) = -(\lambda+1)^3 \quad P(\lambda) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \lambda = -1$$

$\lambda = -1$ $Av = \lambda v \Leftrightarrow (A - \lambda I)v = 0 \Leftrightarrow (A + I)v = 0$

$$A + I = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -3 & -9 \\ 0 & 6 & 18 \\ 0 & -2 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & -3 & -9 & 0 \\ 0 & 6 & 18 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -6 & 0 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \\ F_2 + 2F_1 \\ 3F_3 - F_2 \end{array} \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & -3 & -9 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$(A + I) \cdot (v_1, v_2, v_3) = 0 \Leftrightarrow -3v_2 - 9v_3 = 0 \Leftrightarrow v_2 = -3v_3$$

$\therefore v = (0, -3, 1)$ autovector asociado al autovector $\lambda = -1$
con multiplicidad 3.