

Sean σ, τ, ρ tipos. Según la definición de sustitución, calcular:

a) $(\lambda y: \sigma. x (\lambda x: \tau. x)) \{x := (\lambda y: \rho. x y)\}$

b) $(y (\lambda v: \sigma. x v)) \{x := (\lambda y: \tau. v y)\}$

$$x\{x := N\} = N$$

$$y\{x := N\} = y$$

$$(\lambda x: \sigma. M)\{x := N\} = \lambda x: \sigma. M$$

$$(\lambda y: \sigma. M)\{x := N\} = \lambda y: \sigma. M\{x := N\} \quad \text{si } y \notin \text{fv}(N)$$

$$(\lambda y: \sigma. M)\{x := N\} = \lambda z: \sigma. M\{y := z\}\{x := N\} \quad \text{si } y \in \text{fv}(N)$$

$$MO\{x := N\} = M\{x := N\}O\{x := N\}$$

$$\text{true}\{x := N\} = \text{true}$$

$$\text{false}\{x := N\} = \text{false}$$

$$(\text{if } M \text{ then } O_1 \text{ else } O_2)\{x := N\} = \text{if } M\{x := N\} \text{ then } O_1\{x := N\} \text{ else } O_2\{x := N\}$$

a)

$$\begin{aligned} & (\lambda y: \sigma. x (\lambda x: \tau. x)) \{x := (\lambda y: \rho. x y)\} \quad y \notin \text{fv}(\lambda y: \rho. x y) \\ &= \lambda y: \sigma. x (\lambda x: \tau. x) \{x := (\lambda y: \rho. x y)\} \\ &= \lambda y: \sigma. x \{x := (\lambda y: \rho. x y)\} (\lambda x: \tau. x) \{x := (\lambda y: \rho. x y)\} \\ & \quad \downarrow \quad \swarrow \\ &= \lambda y: \sigma. (\lambda y: \rho. x y) (\lambda x: \tau. x) \end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned} & (y (\lambda v: \sigma. x v)) \{x := (\lambda y: \tau. v y)\} \\ &= y \{x := (\lambda y: \tau. v y)\} (\lambda v: \sigma. x v) \{x := (\lambda y: \tau. v y)\} \\ & \quad v \in \text{fv}(\lambda y: \tau. v y) \\ &= y (\lambda z: \sigma. x v \{v := z\} \{x := (\lambda y: \tau. v y)\}) \\ &= y (\lambda z: \sigma. x z \{x := (\lambda y: \tau. v y)\}) \\ &= y (\lambda z: \sigma. (\lambda y: \tau. v y) z) \end{aligned}$$