

1: R es irreflexiva

$$\forall x. \neg R(x, x) = \{\neg R(x, x)\}$$

2: R es simétrica

$$\forall x. \forall y. (R(x, y) \Rightarrow R(y, x)) = \{\neg R(x, y), R(y, x)\}$$

3: R es transitiva

$$\forall x. \forall y. \forall z. ((R(x, y) \wedge R(y, z)) \Rightarrow R(x, z)) = \{\neg R(x, y), \neg R(y, z), R(x, z)\}$$

4: R es vacía

$$\forall x. \neg \exists y. R(x, y)$$

$$QVQ: \phi = (1 \wedge 2 \wedge 3) \Rightarrow 4$$

Con el método de resolución veamos que $\neg \phi$ es insatisfacible.

$$\neg \phi = \neg((1 \wedge 2 \wedge 3) \Rightarrow 4) = \neg(\neg(1 \wedge 2 \wedge 3) \vee 4) = 1 \wedge 2 \wedge 3 \wedge \neg 4$$

$$\neg 4 = \neg \forall x. \neg \exists y. R(x, y) = \exists x. \exists y. R(x, y) = \{R(c, k)\}$$

Resolución

Plan:

- Con 2 (R simétrica) vemos que $R(c, k) \Rightarrow R(k, c)$.
- Con 3 (R transitiva) vemos que $R(c, k) \wedge R(k, c) \Rightarrow R(c, c)$.
- Con 1 (R irreflexiva) unificamos a la resolvente vacía.

$$\neg 4 = \{R(c, k)\}$$

$$2 = \{\neg R(x, y), R(y, x)\}$$

$$S_5 = \{x := c, y := k\}$$

$$5 = \{R(k, c)\}$$

$$3 = \{\neg R(x, y), \neg R(y, z), R(x, z)\}$$

$$S_6 = \{y := k, z := c\}$$

$$6 = \{\neg R(x, k), R(x, c)\}$$

$$\neg 4 = \{R(c, k)\}$$

$$S_7 = \{x := c\}$$

$$7 = \{R(c, c)\}$$

$$1 = \{\neg R(x, x)\}$$

$$S_8 = \{\}$$

$$8 = \{\}$$

$$\neg \perp \vdash \perp \Rightarrow \neg \text{insatisfacible} \Rightarrow \text{válida}$$

No es resolución SLD porque $\neg 4$ no es una cláusula objetivo.

Resolución SLD

Goals

$$1 = \{\neg R(x, x)\}$$

G₁

$$3 = \{\neg R(x', y), \neg R(y, z), R(x', z)\}$$

$$S_5 = \{x' := z\}$$

$$5 = \{\neg R(z, y), \neg R(y, z)\}$$

G₂

$$2 = \{\neg R(x', y'), R(y', x')\}$$

$$S_6 = \{y' := z, x' := y\}$$

$$6 = \{\neg R(y, z)\}$$

G₃

$$\neg 4 = \{R(c, k)\}$$

$$S_7 = \{y := c, z := k\}$$

$$7 = \{\}$$

$\neg \vdash \perp \Rightarrow \neg \vdash \text{insatisfacible} \Rightarrow \vdash \text{válida}$