

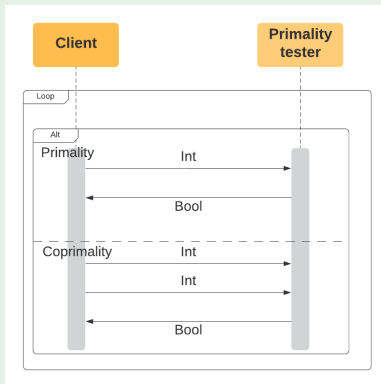
Binary Session Types (infinite behaviour)

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Example

Infinite interactions (with equations)



- ▶ $\text{Tester} = \&[\text{Pr} : ?\text{int} . !\text{bool} . \text{Tester},$
 $\text{Co} : ?\text{int} . ?\text{int} . !\text{bool} . \text{Tester}]$
- ▶ $\text{Client} = \oplus[\text{Pr} : !\text{int} . ?\text{bool} . \text{Client},$
 $\text{Co} : !\text{int} . !\text{int} . ?\text{bool} . \text{Client}]$

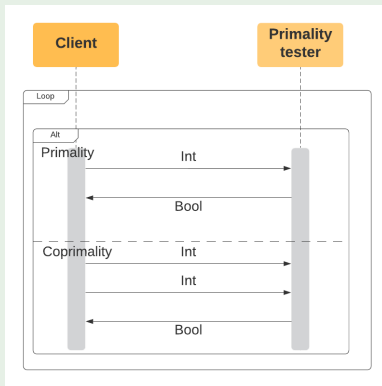
Syntax of Types

Session Types

$S, T ::=$	end	terminated session
	$?t.S$	receive (input)
	$!t.S$	send (output)
	$\&[l_i : T_i]_{i \in I}$	branch
	$\oplus[l_i : T_i]_{i \in I}$	select
	$\mu X.S$	recursive session type
	X	session type variable
$s, t ::=$	S	A session type
	int, bool	basic types
	...	other types
$\mathcal{L} =$	$\{l, l_1, \dots\}$	Set of labels

Example

Infinite interactions (without equations)



► $\text{Tester} = \mu X. \&[\text{Pr} : ?\text{int}. !\text{bool}. X, \quad \text{Co} : ?\text{int}. ?\text{int}. !\text{bool}. X]$

► $\text{Client} = \mu X. \oplus[\text{Pr} : !\text{int}. ?\text{bool}. X, \quad \text{Co} : !\text{int}. !\text{int}. ?\text{bool}. X]$

Important

Contractive types

Recursive types are required to be *contractive*, i.e., containing no subexpressions of the form $\mu X. \mu X_1. \dots \mu X_n. X$

Duality (naive, classical definition)

\overline{S} is the dual of S

$$\overline{\text{end}} = \text{end}$$

$$\overline{?t.S} = !t.\overline{S}$$

$$\overline{!t.S} = ?t.\overline{S}$$

$$\overline{\&[\iota_i : T_i]_{i \in I}} = \oplus[\iota_i : \overline{T_i}]_{i \in I}$$

$$\overline{\oplus[\iota_i : T_i]_{i \in I}} = \&[\iota_i : \overline{T_i}]_{i \in I}$$

$$\overline{\mu X. T} = \mu X. \overline{T}$$

$$\overline{\overline{X}} = X$$

Problem with the naive definition¹²

Communication of a recursive type

$$S = \mu X. !X.X$$

$$\bar{S} = \mu X. ?X.X$$

Mismatch: S sends S , but \bar{S} receives \bar{S}

Quick fix

- ▶ Recursion variables only occur in tail position in a session type
- ▶ Results in several papers do not hold for recursive types occurring in non-tail position.
- ▶ Alternatively, infinite terms for recursive types (coinductive definition)

¹Giovanni Bernardi and Matthew Hennessy: Using Higher-Order Contracts to Model Session Types (Extended Abstract). CONCUR 2014

²Simon J. Gay, Peter Thiemann and Vasco T. Vasconcelos. Duality of Session Types: The Final Cut. Places 2020.

Syntax of Processes

Polarities

$p ::= + \mid - \mid \epsilon$ Optional polarities

Values (more in general expressions)

$v, w ::=$	x^p, y^q, \dots	(polarised) variables $\mathcal{X} = \{x, y, \dots\}$
	$()$	unit value
	true, false	boolean values
	\dots	expressions

Processes

$P, Q ::=$	0	terminated process
	$x^p?(y:t).P$	input
	$x^p!v.P$	output
	$x^p \triangleright [\ell_i : P_i]_{i \in I}$	branch
	$x^p \triangleleft \ell.P$	select
	$P Q$	parallel composition
	$(\nu x:S)P$	channel creation
	!P	replication

Example

Recursive service

$$P = !(loop?(x:S).x \triangleright [next : loop!x.0, end : 0]) \mid loop!x.Q$$
$$S = \mu X. \&[next : X, end : end]$$

Syntax of Types

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	$\mu X.S$	recursive session type
	X	session type variable
$s, t ::=$	S	A session type
	int, bool	basic types
	...	other types

Operational semantics

$$x^p ! v . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} ? (y : \mathbf{t}) . Q \xrightarrow{x, \bar{v}} P \mid Q\{v/y\} \text{ [R-Comm]}$$

Substitution

$$\begin{aligned} x\{v/x\} &= v \\ x^p\{v/y\} &= x^p && \text{if } x \neq y \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 0\{v/y\} &= 0 \\ (P \mid Q)\{v/y\} &= P\{v/y\} \mid Q\{v/y\} \\ (x^p ? (z : \mathbf{t}) . P)\{v/y\} &= x^p\{v/y\} ? (z : \mathbf{t}) . P\{v/y\} && \text{if } z \notin \text{fn}(v) \cup \{y\} \end{aligned}$$

Free names

fn

$$\begin{aligned}\text{fn}(\text{true}) &= \text{fn}(\text{false}) = \text{fn}(()) = \emptyset \\ \text{fn}(x^p) &= \{x^p\}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{fn}(0) &= \emptyset \\ \text{fn}(P|Q) &= \text{fn}(Q) \cup \text{fn}(P) \\ \text{fn}(x^p?(y:\text{t}).P) &= \{x^p\} \cup (\text{fn}(P) \setminus \{y\}) \\ \text{fn}(x^p!v.P) &= \{x^p\} \cup \text{fn}(v) \cup \text{fn}(P) \\ \text{fn}(x^p \triangleright [\text{t}_i : P_i]_{i \in I}) &= \{x^p\} \cup \left(\bigcup_i \text{fn}(P_i) \right) \\ \text{fn}(x^p \triangleleft \text{t}.P) &= \{x^p\} \cup \text{fn}(P) \\ \text{fn}((\nu x:\text{S})P) &= \text{fn}(P) \setminus \{x, x^+, x^-\} \\ \text{fn}(!P) &= \text{fn}(P)\end{aligned}$$

Operational semantics

$$x^p ! v . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} ? (y : \mathbf{t}) . Q \xrightarrow{x, -} P \mid Q\{v/y\} \text{ [R-Comm]}$$

Substitution

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$$\begin{aligned} 0\{v/y\} &= 0 \\ (P \mid Q)\{v/y\} &= P\{v/y\} \mid Q\{v/y\} \\ (x^p ? (z : \mathbf{t}) . P)\{v/y\} &= x^p\{v/y\} ? (z : \mathbf{t}) . P\{v/y\} \text{ if } z \notin \text{fn}(v) \cup \{y\} \\ (x^p ! w . P)\{v/y\} &= x^p\{v/y\} ! w\{v/y\} . P\{v/y\} \\ (x^p \triangleright [\mathbf{l}_i : P_i]_{i \in I})\{v/y\} &= x^p\{v/y\} \triangleright [\mathbf{l}_i : P_i\{v/y\}]_{i \in I} \\ (x^p \triangleleft \mathbf{l} . P)\{v/y\} &= x^p\{v/y\} \triangleleft \mathbf{l} . P\{v/y\} \\ ((\nu x : \mathbf{S}) P)\{v/y\} &= (\nu x : \mathbf{S}) P\{v/y\} \text{ if } x \notin \text{fn}(v) \cup \{y\} \\ (! P)\{v/y\} &= !(P\{v/y\}) \end{aligned}$$

Operational semantics

$$x^p ! v . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} ? (y : \mathbf{t}) . Q \xrightarrow{x, -} P \mid Q \{v/y\} \text{ [R-Comm]}$$

$$x^p \triangleleft \mathbf{l}_i . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} \triangleright [\mathbf{l}_j : Q_j]_{j \in I} \xrightarrow{x, \mathbf{l}_i} P \mid Q_i$$

Operational semantics

$$x^p ! v . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} ? (y : \mathbf{t}) . Q \xrightarrow{x, \bar{v}} P \mid Q \{v/y\} \quad [\text{R-Comm}]$$

$$\frac{i \in I}{x^p \triangleleft \mathbf{l}_i . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} \triangleright [\mathbf{l}_j : Q_j]_{j \in I} \xrightarrow{x, \mathbf{l}_i} P \mid Q_i} \quad [\text{R-Select}]$$

Operational semantics

$$x^p !v . P \mid x^{\bar{p}}?(y:t) . Q \xrightarrow{x, \bar{}} P \mid Q\{v/y\} \text{ [R-Comm]}$$

$$\frac{p \in \{+, -\} \quad i \in I}{x^p \triangleleft \mathfrak{l}_i . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} \triangleright [\mathfrak{l}_j : Q_j]_{j \in I} \xrightarrow{x, \mathfrak{l}_i} P \mid Q_i} \text{ [R-Select]}$$

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{x, \mathfrak{l}} P' \quad S \xrightarrow{\mathfrak{l}} T}{(\nu x:S)P \xrightarrow{\tau, \bar{}} (\nu x:T)P'} \text{ [R-NewS]}$$

Semantics of Types

$$?t.S \xrightarrow{\bar{}} S$$

$$!t.S \xrightarrow{\bar{}} S$$

$$\&[\mathfrak{l}_i : T_i]_{i \in I} \xrightarrow{\mathfrak{l}_i} T_i$$

$$\oplus[\mathfrak{l}_i : T_i]_{i \in I} \xrightarrow{\mathfrak{l}_i} T_i$$

$$\frac{S\{\mu X.S/X\} \xrightarrow{\beta} T}{\mu X.S \xrightarrow{\beta} T}$$

Operational semantics

$$x^p ! v . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} ? (y : \textcolor{violet}{t}) . Q \xrightarrow{x, \bar{-}} P \mid Q\{v/y\} \text{ [R-Comm]}$$

$$\frac{i \in I}{x^p \triangleleft \mathfrak{l}_i . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} \triangleright [\mathfrak{l}_j : Q_j]_{j \in I} \xrightarrow{x, \mathfrak{l}_i} P \mid Q_i} \text{ [R-Select]}$$

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{x, \mathfrak{l}} P' \quad S \xrightarrow{x, \mathfrak{l}} T}{(\nu x : S)P \xrightarrow{\tau, \bar{-}} (\nu x : \textcolor{violet}{T})P'} \text{ [R-NewS]}$$

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{\alpha, \mathfrak{l}} P' \quad \alpha \neq x}{(\nu x : \textcolor{violet}{S})P \xrightarrow{\alpha, \mathfrak{l}} (\nu x : \textcolor{violet}{S})P'} \text{ [R-New]}$$

$$\frac{P \xrightarrow{\alpha, \mathfrak{l}} P'}{P \mid Q \xrightarrow{\alpha, \mathfrak{l}} P' \mid Q} \text{ [R-Par]}$$

Structural equivalence

$$\begin{aligned}P|0 &\equiv P \\P|Q &\equiv Q|P \\(P|Q)|R &\equiv Q|(P|R) \\(\nu x:S)(\nu y:T)P &\equiv (\nu y:T)(\nu x:S)P \\(\nu x:S)P|Q &\equiv (\nu x:S)(P|Q) && \text{if } x^P \notin \text{fn}(Q) \\(\nu x:S)0 &\equiv 0 && \text{if } S = \text{end} \\!P &\equiv P|!P\end{aligned}$$

Operational semantics

$$\begin{array}{c}
 x^p ! v . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} ? (y : \mathbf{t}) . Q \xrightarrow{x, \bar{-}} P \mid Q\{v/y\} \text{ [R-Comm]} \\
 \hline
 i \in I \text{ [R-Select]} \\
 x^p \triangleleft \mathbf{l}_i . P \mid x^{\bar{p}} \triangleright [\mathbf{l}_j : Q_j]_{j \in I} \xrightarrow{x, \mathbf{l}_i} P \mid Q_i \\
 \\
 \frac{P \xrightarrow{x, \mathbf{l}} P' \quad S \xrightarrow{x, \mathbf{l}} T}{(\nu x : \mathbf{S})P \xrightarrow{\tau, \bar{-}} (\nu x : \mathbf{T})P'} \text{ [R-NewS]} \\
 \\
 \frac{P \xrightarrow{\alpha, \mathbf{l}} P' \quad \alpha \neq x}{(\nu x : \mathbf{S})P \xrightarrow{\alpha, \mathbf{l}} (\nu x : \mathbf{S})P'} \text{ [R-New]} \\
 \\
 \frac{P \xrightarrow{\alpha, \mathbf{l}} P'}{P|Q \xrightarrow{\alpha, \mathbf{l}} P'|Q} \text{ [R-Par]} \\
 \\
 \frac{P \equiv Q \quad Q \xrightarrow{\alpha, \mathbf{l}} Q' \quad Q' \equiv P'}{P \xrightarrow{\alpha, \mathbf{l}} P'} \text{ [R-Cong]}
 \end{array}$$

Typing

Type Judgement

$$\Gamma \vdash P$$

P uses channels as specified by Γ

Structural equivalence

$$\begin{aligned}P|0 &\equiv P \\P|Q &\equiv Q|P \\(P|Q)|R &\equiv Q|(P|R) \\(\nu x:S)(\nu y:T)P &\equiv (\nu y:T)(\nu x:S)P \\(\nu x:S)P|Q &\equiv (\nu x:S)(P|Q) && \text{if } x^P \notin \text{fn}(Q) \\(\nu x:S)0 &\equiv 0 && \text{if } S = \text{end} \\!P &\equiv P|!P\end{aligned}$$

$P = !(loop?(x:S).x \triangleright [next : loop!x.0, end : 0]) \mid loop!x.Q$
 $S = \mu X. \&[next : X, end : \text{end}]$

Would it be possible to assign a session type to loop?

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	$\mu X.S$	recursive session type
	X	session type variable
$s, t ::=$	S	A session type
	int, bool	basic types
	$[T]$	shared channels
	...	other types

Typing

$$\frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash P_1 \quad \Gamma_2 \vdash P_2}{\Gamma_1 + \Gamma_2 \vdash P_1 | P_2} [\text{T-Par}]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x^p : S, y : t \vdash P}{\Gamma, x^p : ?t.S \vdash x^p?(y:t).P} [\text{T-In}]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x : [t], y : t \vdash P}{\Gamma, x : [t] \vdash x?(y:t).P} [\text{T-In-Un}]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x^p : S_j \vdash P \quad j \in I}{\Gamma, x^p : \oplus[\mathcal{L}_i : S_i]_{i \in I} \vdash x^p \triangleleft \mathcal{L}_j.P} [\text{T-Choice}]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \text{ completed}}{\Gamma \vdash 0} [\text{T-Nil}]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, x^+ : S, x^- : \bar{S} \vdash P}{\Gamma \vdash (\nu x:S)P} [\text{T-Res}]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash v : t \quad \Gamma_2, x^p : S \vdash P}{\Gamma_1 + (\Gamma_2, x^p : !t.S) \vdash x^p!v.P} [\text{T-Out}]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash v : t \quad \Gamma_2, x : [t] \vdash P}{\Gamma_1 + (\Gamma_2, x : [t]) \vdash x!v.P} [\text{T-Out-Un}]$$

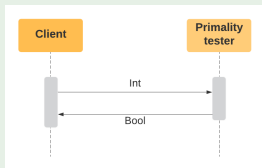
$$\frac{\Gamma, x^p : S_i \vdash P_i \quad \forall i \in I}{\Gamma, x^p : \&[\mathcal{L}_i : S_i]_{i \in I} \vdash x^p \triangleright [\mathcal{L}_i : P_i]_{i \in I}} [\text{T-Branch}]$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash P \quad \Gamma \text{ Unlimited}}{\Gamma \vdash !P} [\text{T-Rep}]$$

$$\Gamma \text{ Unlimited iff } \forall x \in \text{dom}(\Gamma). \Gamma(x) \notin \mathcal{T}$$

Unlimited channels for services

Tester



Tester = ?int.!bool.end

- ▶ We give an implementation over the session endpoints x^+ (for the server) and x^- (for the client)

$P_{\text{server}} = x^+?(y:\text{int}).x^+!\text{true}.0$

$P_{\text{client}} = x^-!1.x^-(z:\text{bool}).Q$

- ▶ The system is the parallel composition

$(\nu x:\text{Tester})(P_{\text{server}} \mid P_{\text{client}})$

- ▶ Alternatively,

$P_{\text{server}} = !(server?(x:\text{Tester}).x?(y:\text{int}).x!\text{true}.0)$

$P_{\text{server}} \mid (\nu x:\text{Tester})(server!x^+.P_{\text{client}}) \mid (\nu x:\text{Tester})(server!x^+....)$