

PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
3/3	r/r

ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses (2000)	PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
	2/2	t/t



ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses	PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
(2000)	1/1	s/t

RIGHT

LEFT

ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses (2000)	PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
 	1/1	t/t



—



PROFUSION

0/0

(Example 1)

ILO International Classification of
Radiographs of Pneumoconioses



(2000)



B

ILO International Classification of
Radiographs of Pneumoconioses



(2000)



PROFUSION

1/1

SHAPE-SIZE


q/q

13 11 69

ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses	PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
 (2000) 	3/3	p/p

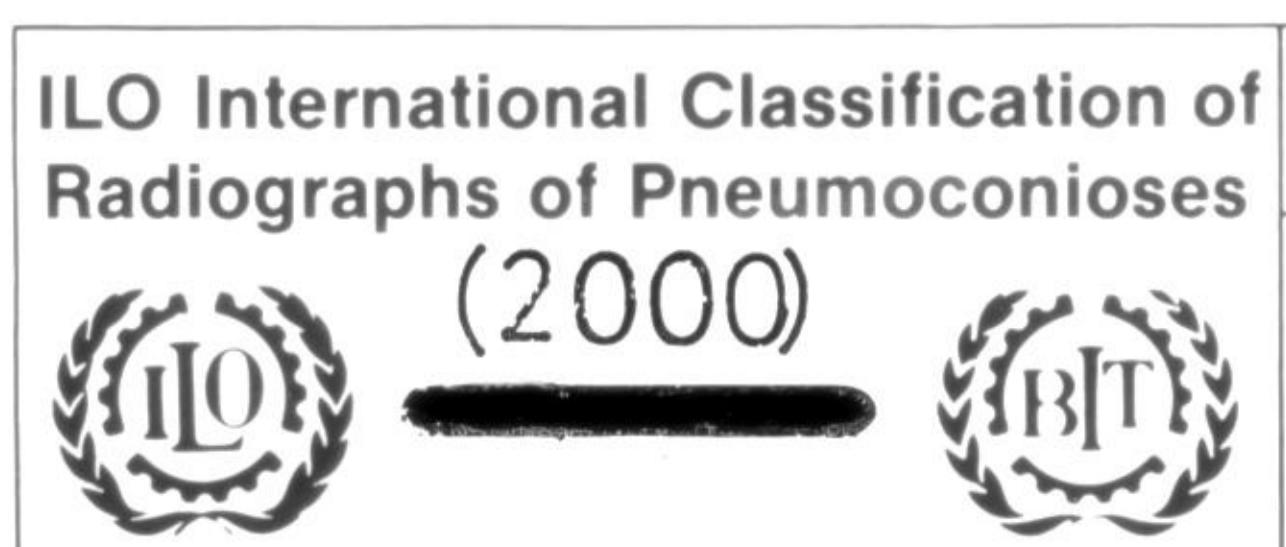
ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses (2000)	PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
 	3/3	s/s

PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
2/2	S/S



A black and white chest radiograph showing the skeletal structure of the ribcage and spine. The image is oriented with the patient's left side on the left of the frame.

ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses	PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
(2000)  	1/1	r/r



(2000)



PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
3/3	t/t



ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses (2000)	PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
 — 	2/2	p/p



ILO International Classification of
Radiographs of Pneumoconioses



(2000)



A

34



(2000)

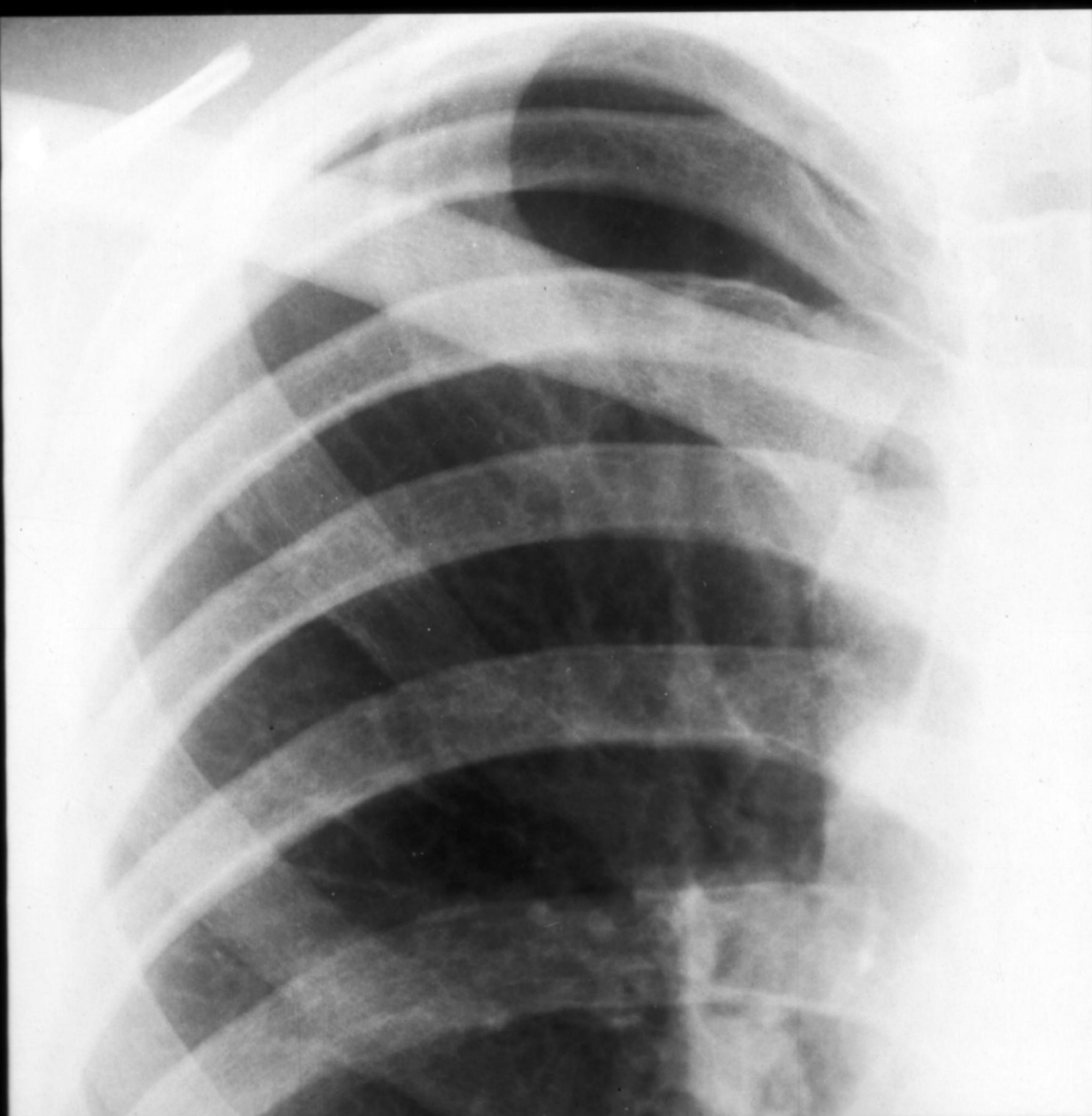


PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
3/3	q/q



A black and white chest radiograph showing bilateral findings consistent with pneumoconiosis, likely silicosis. There is extensive reticular and nodular opacification in both lungs, more prominent in the lower zones. The heart size appears normal. The number '3' is visible at the top center of the image.

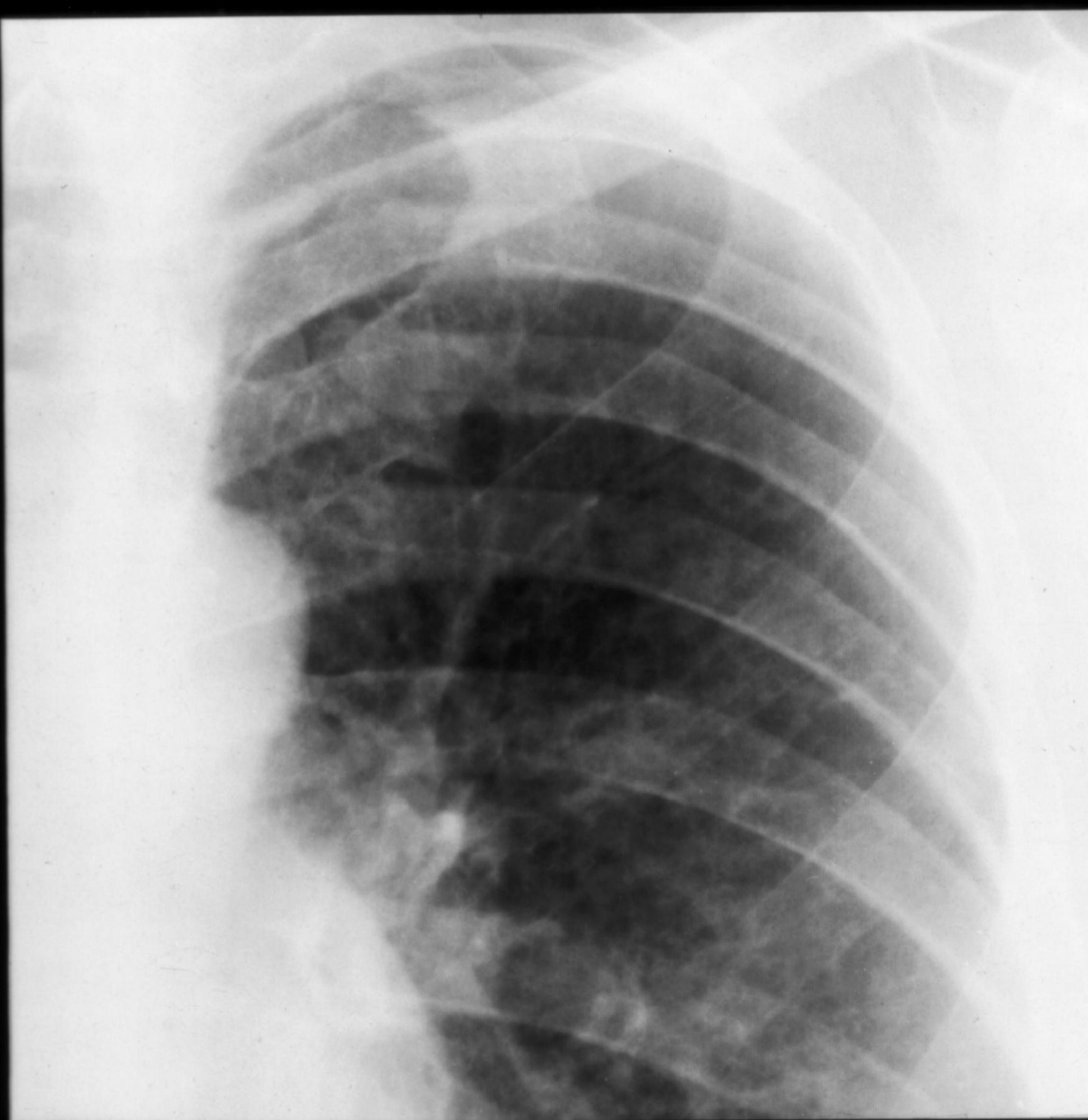
ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses (2000)	PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
 	1/1	p/p



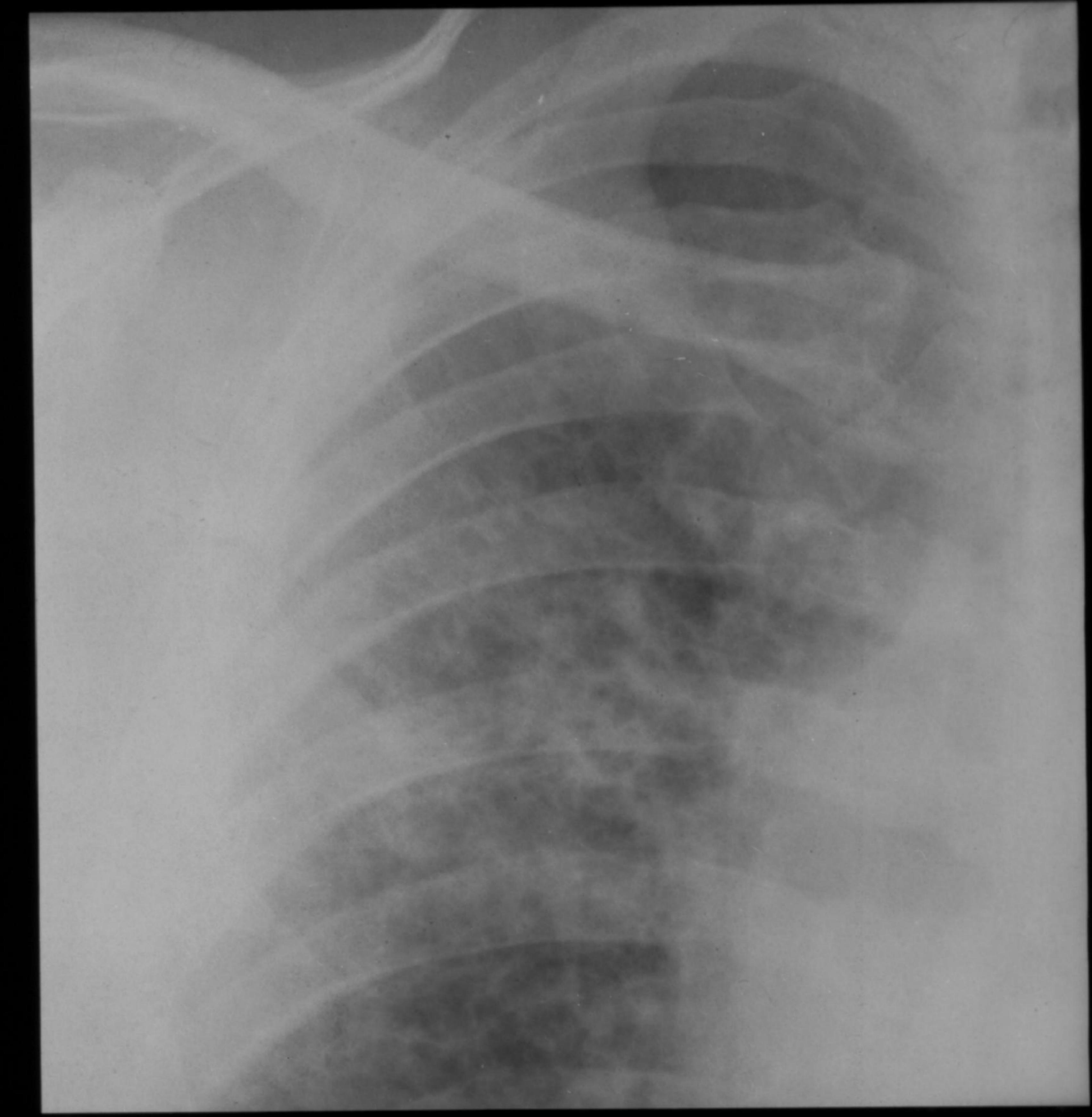
0/0



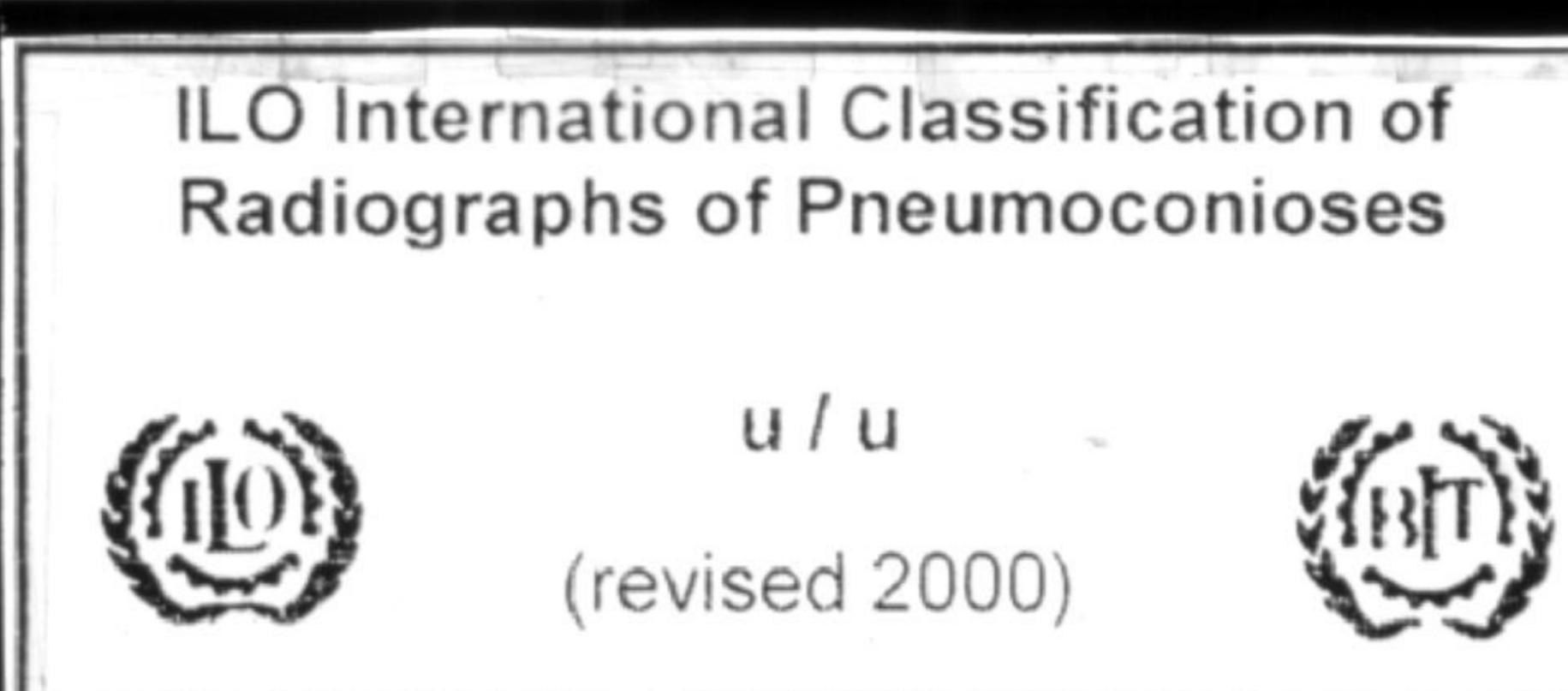
2/2 u/u

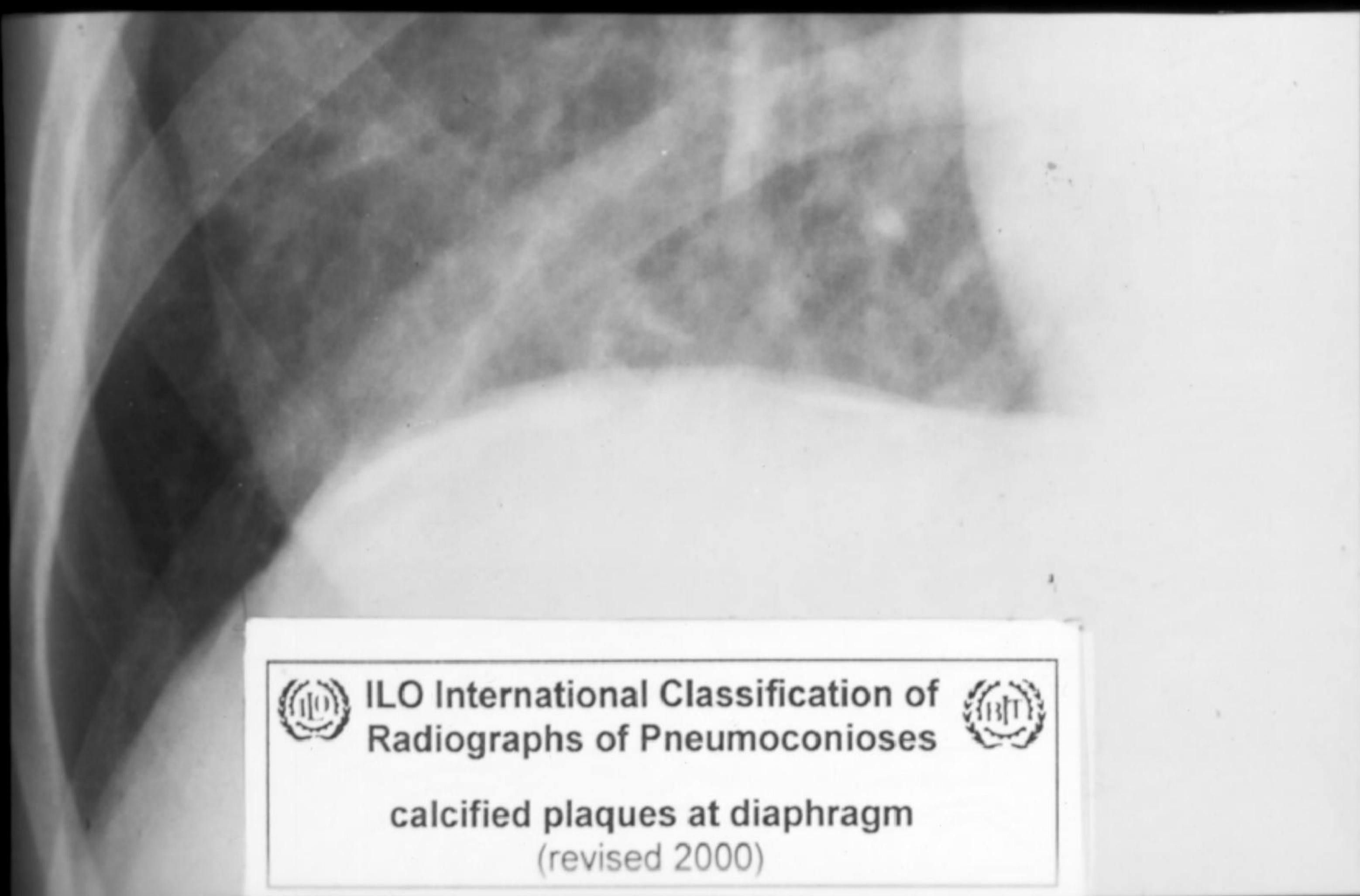


1/1 u/u

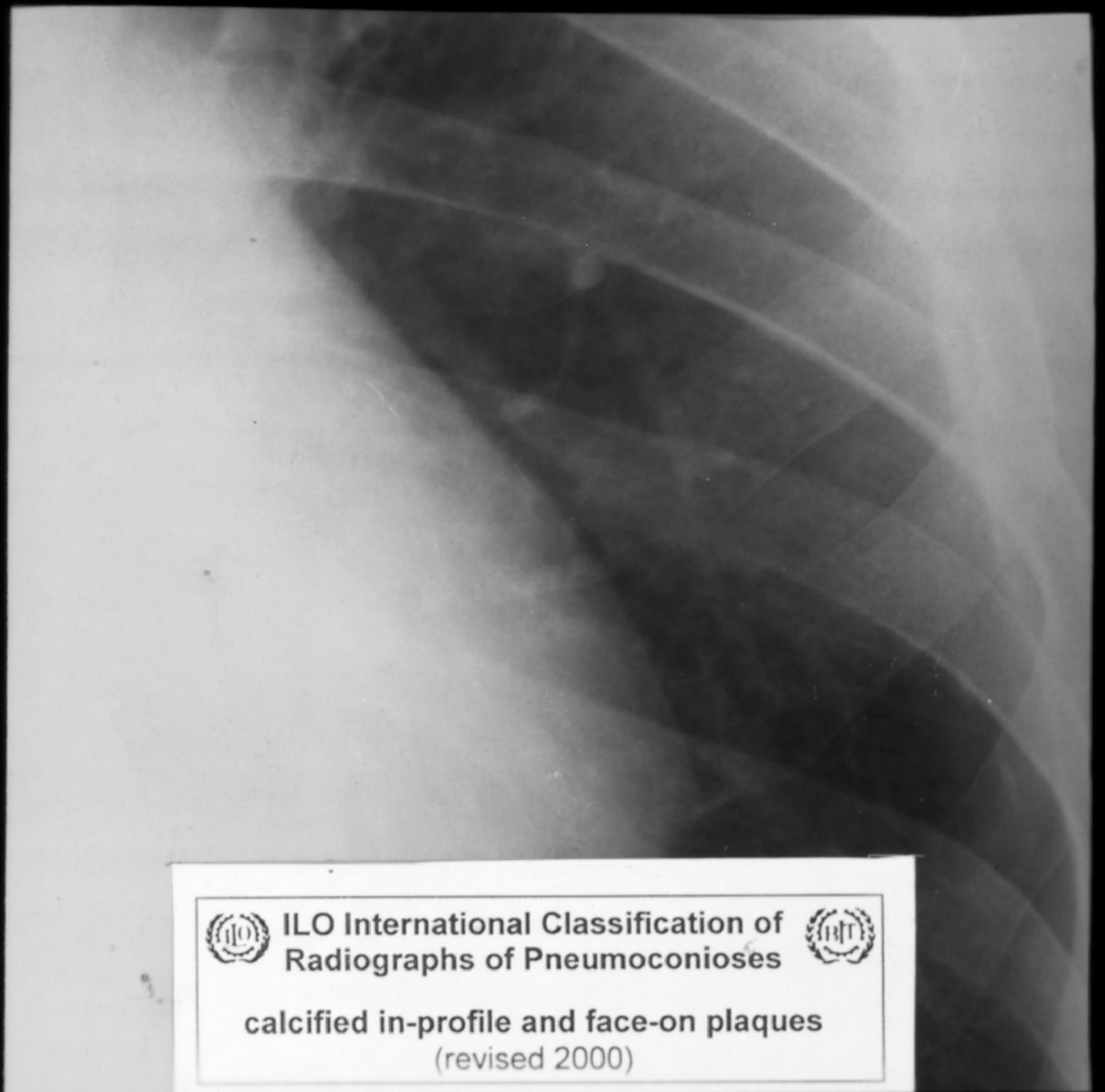


3/3 u/u





ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses
calcified plaques at diaphragm
(revised 2000)



ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses
calcified in-profile and face-on plaques
(revised 2000)



ILO International Classification
(revised 2000)
diffuse in-profile pleural thickening with the required costophrenic angle obliteration; also diffuse face-on pleural thickening



ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses
calcified and uncalcified face-on plaques
(revised 2000)



ILO International Classification of Radiographs of Pneumoconioses (2000)	PROFUSION	SHAPE-SIZE
	2/2	q/q