# CSC:591 - Data Intensive Computing: Project Status Report

#### **GROUP NUMBER 11:**

# TweetSmart (Smart Twitter Notification System)

- TweetSmart is a data-intensive computing system for dynamically determining the top 5 interests of each user and notifying them about the most recent updates regarding those interests.
- A data intensive solution is implemented to query this distributed database containing historical and streaming data to calculate those interest values with a few parameters.
- This framework will help to analyze topics of interest over time, locations, age of users, etc. and enable smarter notifications and targeting of advertisements.

#### Team members:

Saurabh Shanbhag, sshanbh2 Sayali Godbole, ssgodbol Aishwarya Sundararajan, asundar2

#### **STATUS**

#### 1. Design:

- Finalized Data Structure.
- Finalized amount of data and number of nodes (15000 users).

# 2. Getting and Storing Twitter Data:

Using tweepy library, retrieved data about usernames and likes.

# 3. Using Hadoop/ZooKeeper for Computation:

 Implemented prototype in python to compute top five interests of a user (to be converted to map and reduce jobs).

#### 4. Implementation:

- Scaling to multiple users is in progress.
- Watcher: pending.
- 5. Notifying users: pending

#### **DELIVERABLES**

# 1. Design:

- Designing the components of system.
- Determination of the amount of data (likes \* usernames) to be processed and stored.
- Determine number of nodes for distributed data storage and retrieval.

## 2. Getting and Storing Twitter Data:

 Mining streaming data from Twitter and storing it in the Amazon Dynamo/Cassandra database.

### 3. Using Hadoop/ZooKeeper for Computation:

 Distributing the data efficiently and computing top interests (Mapreduce) for each user.

#### 4. Implementation:

- Getting Top Interests: Retrieving and updating top interests continuously.
- Watcher for new posts: determining users to be notified when a person (top interest) posts content.

# 5. Displaying results/Notification:

Notifying user on new interesting post.

# **ISSUES**

- Getting active usernames for the sample data.
- Determining optimal intervals for API requests for new posts and likes.
- Access issues for notifications.
- Parallelizing/distributing the work among nodes to get faster computation.
- Determining the right hosting server from available options. (VCL/AWS)
- Validating that the users are notified of the right content by cross-checking the Cassandra database for their topics of interest.
- Dealing with the time-lag where new topics of interest are added for a specified user in the database while content about those topics need to be notified to the users simultaneously.