Multidimensional Visualization II

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Disclaimer



- The slides MUST NOT be distributed, posted, or used outside of this class
- Slides in this course courtesy of
 - Dr. Abish Malik (Purdue)
 - Dr. Yun Jang (Sejong Univ.)
 - Dr. Ross Maciejewski (ASU)
 - Dr. Niklas Elmqvist (UMD)
 - Dr. David Ebert (Purdue)

Data Dimensions



Common dimensions: 1, 2, 3

- ■1 dimension univariate
 - Temperature readings
- 2 dimensions bivariate
 - Positions on map (lat/long)
- 3 dimensions trivariate
 - Positions in space (3D)

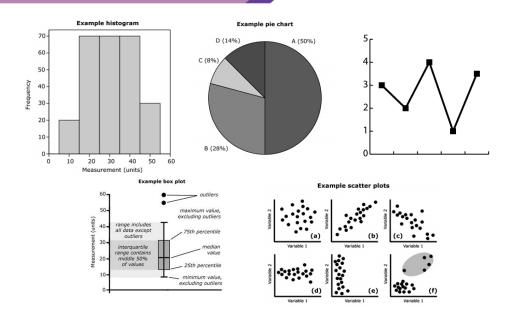
For more than 3 dimensions

Hypervariate

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Visual Representations: Low Dimension Data





Hypervariate Data?



- For data with >2 variables, we must project down to
 2D
- Come up with visual mapping that locates each dimension into 2D plane
- Computer graphics: 3D → 2D projections

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Table View

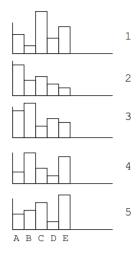


- Projecting hypervariate data on a spreadsheet
 - ■Variable → Column
 - Data cases in rows
- Other techniques?

Multiple Views



Display for each variable



[John Stasko]

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Visual Variables



IVSTAOAZNULI → VISUALIZATION

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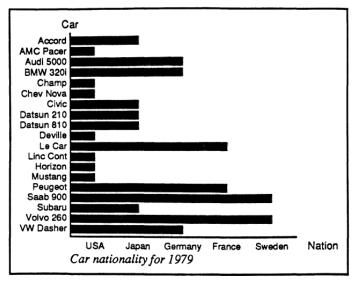
Bertin's Visual Variables



Bertin's Original Visual Variables						
Position changes in the x, y location						
Size change in length, area or repetition	hi. •■■ • # ##					
Shape infinite number of shapes	+ • A # • • + T					
Value changes from light to dark						
Colour changes in hue at a given value						
Orientation changes in alignment						
Texture variation in 'grain'						

Which is more effective?



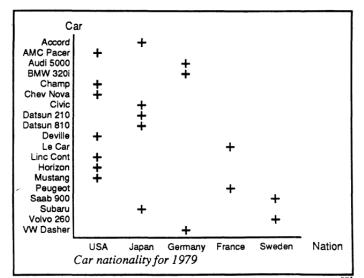


[Mackinlay, 1986]

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Which is more effective?





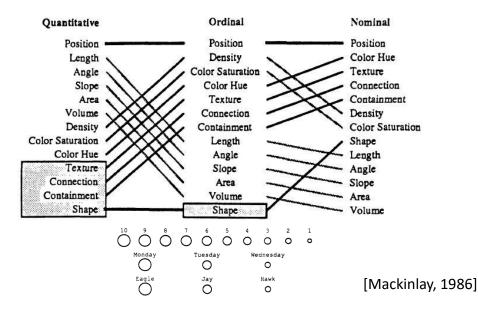
[Mackinlay, 1986]

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Visual Variables (Jock Mackinlay)





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Cleveland and McGill (1984)



Graphical Perception: Theory, Experimentation, and Application to the Development of Graphical Methods



William S. Cleveland; Robert McGill

Journal of the American Statistical Association, Vol. 79, No. 387. (Sep., 1984), pp. 531-554.

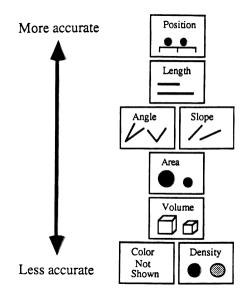
Stable URL:

http://links.jstor.org/sici?sici=0162-1459%28198409%2979%3A387%3C531%3AGPTEAA%3E2.0.CO%3B2-Y

Journal of the American Statistical Association is currently published by American Statistical Association.

Cleveland and McGill (1984)



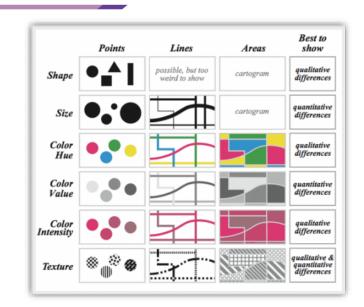


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Summary: Visual Variables



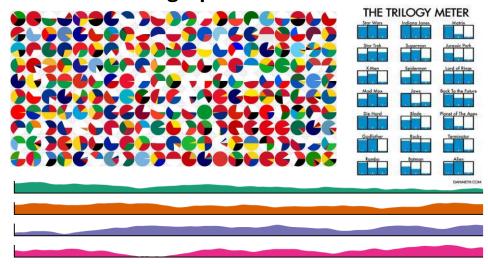
- Position
- Length
- Area
- Volume
- Texture
- Color
- Orientation
- Shape
- ~10 dimensions?



Small Multiples

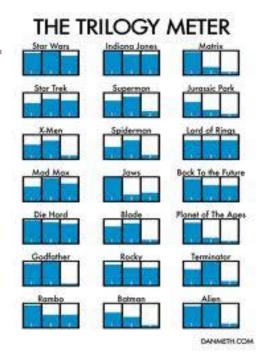


Give each variable a graph of its own!



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Small Multiples

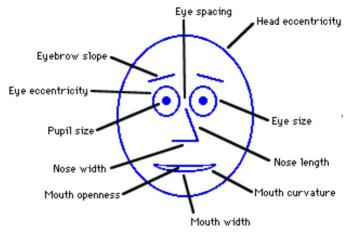




Chernoff Faces (1973)



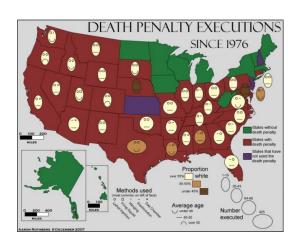
- Utilize human face recognition
- Visualize n-D data (glyphs)

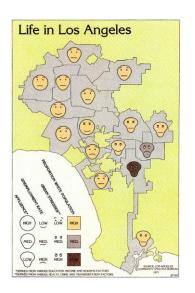


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Chernoff Faces (1973)



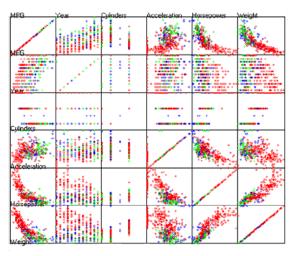




Scatterplot Matrices (SPLOM)



- 2D scatterplots for all combinations of dimensions
- Car data set



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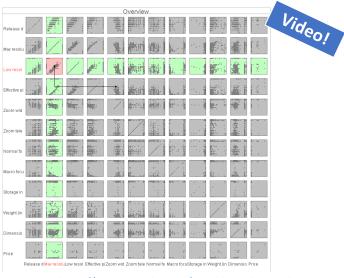
ScatterDice (Elmqvist 2008)



- SPLOMs explored by others, but Elmqvist et al. add a twist:
 - Use matrix as a space for navigation
 - ■Visual exploration becomes a navigation problem
- Result: Visualize complex data through sequence of simple visualizations

Example: Scatterplot Matrix





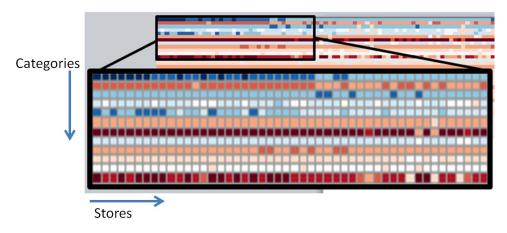
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E1birsp9iYk#t=24

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Pixel-based Matrix Views



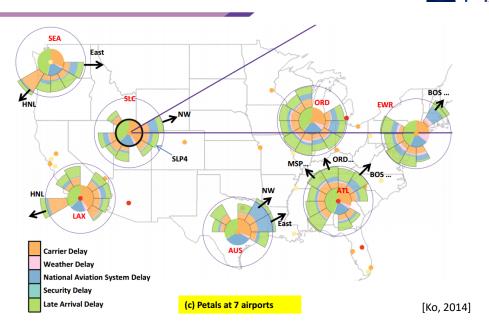
2D scatterplots for visualizing data



[Ko, 2012]

Petals Visualization for Multivariate Data III

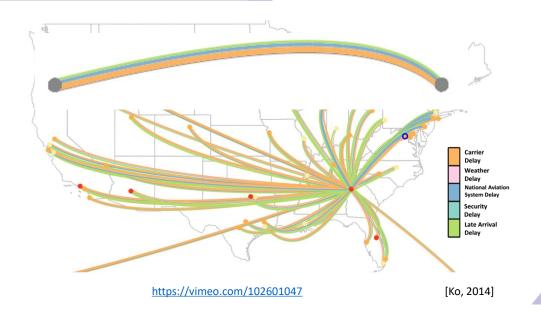




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Threads Visualization





Dynamic Queries

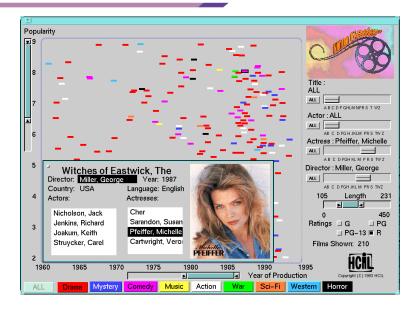


- Ben Shneiderman in 1990s:
 - SQL queries are cumbersome
 - Difficult syntax
 - Conversation, not direct
- Start with sliders, extend them

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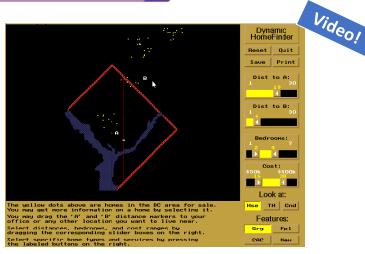
Film Finder, (CHI 1994)





Home Finder (1992 MS-DOS app.)



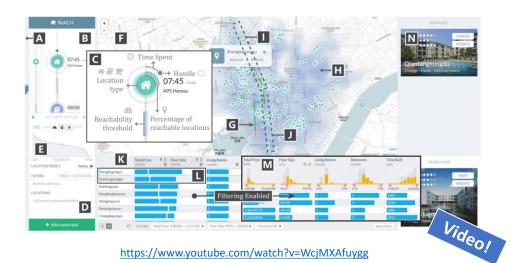


https://www.youtube.com/watch?time_continue=213&v= 5X8XY9430fM

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Home Finder Revisited!





Parallel Coordinates



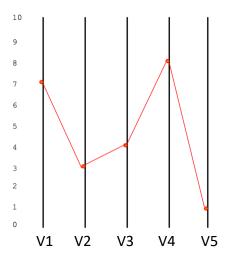
Designed by Alfred Inselberg in 1985

	V1	V2	V3	V4	V5
D1	7	3	4	8	1
D2	2	7	6	3	4
D3	9	8	1	4	2

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Parallel Coordinates: Idea

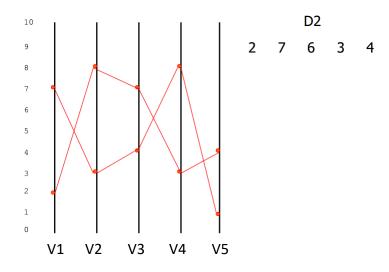




D1 7 3 4 8 1

Parallel Coordinates: Idea

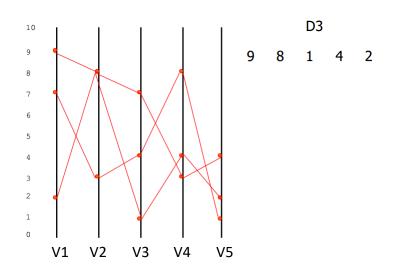




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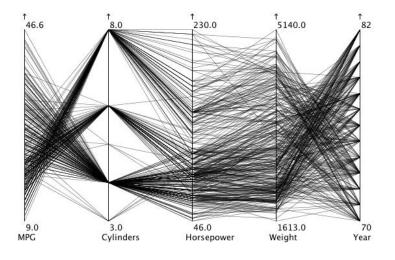
Parallel Coordinates: Idea





Parallel Coordinates





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Questions?