Pintos project2-2

Before you start Project 2-2

- Make a new branch named "project2-2" and do your work at that branch.
 - git branch project2-2
 - git checkout project2-2
- Without finishing 2-1, you can't do 2-2. Please finish 2-1 first
- Also, Make commits frequently!
- DUE
 - 5/19(Monday)

Pre-work

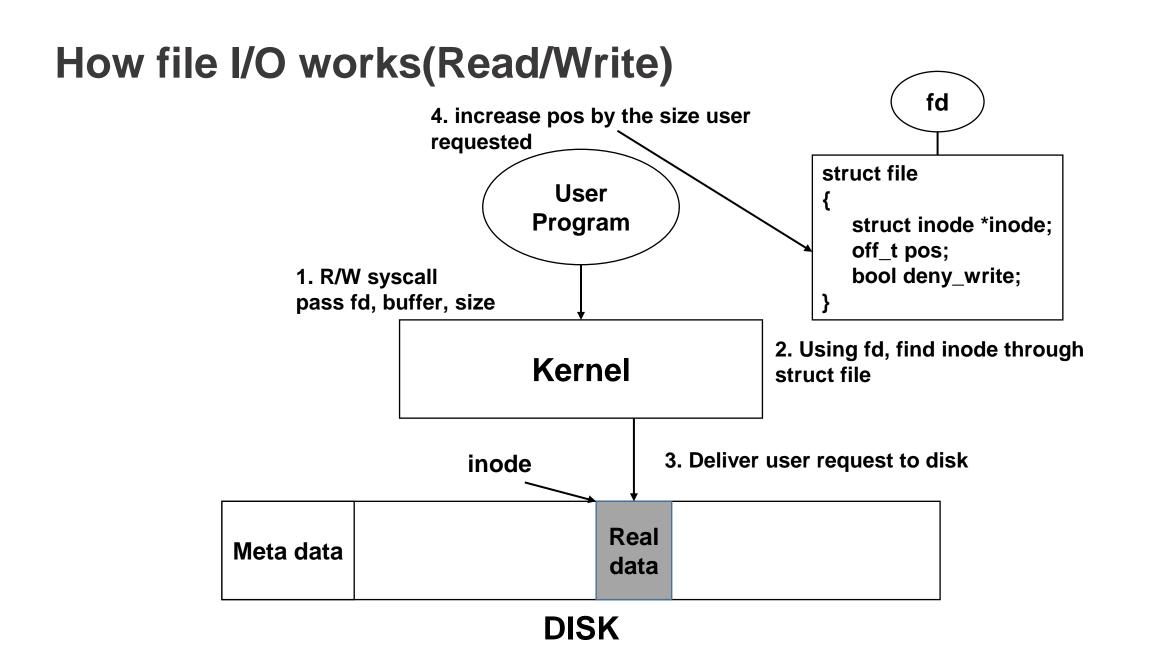
- Read pintos manual
- 3. Project 2: User Programs
 - https://web.stanford.edu/class/cs140/projects/pintos/pintos_3.html#SEC32
- Check your environment
 - \$ cd ~/uni{student_id}/project2-2/pintos/src/userprog
 - \$ make
 - \$ cd build
 - \$ make check

Goal for project 2-2

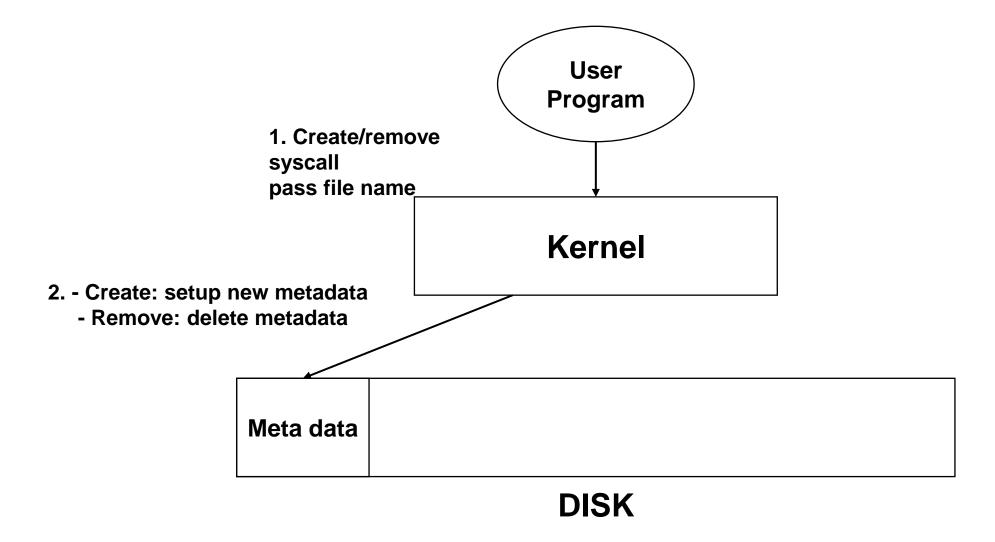
- System call implementation
 - read, write, exec, wait, remove, filesize, seek, tell

How file I/O works (Open)

fd struct file File descriptors numbered 0 and 1 are User **Reserved** for the console **Program** struct inode *inode: off_t pos; bool deny_write; 1. Open syscall 3. Setup struct file and return fd Kernel Each fd goes with one struct file 2. Kernel gets inode from metadata inode inode contains location of real data Real Meta data data DISK



How file I/O works(Create/Remove)



What to implement

- int read (int fd, void *buffer, unsigned size)
 - Read the file opened with fd to buffer
 - Return the number of bytes read, or -1 on fail
 - Fd 0 reads from the keyboard using input_getc()
- int write (int fd, const void *buffer, unsigned size)
 - Fd 1 writes to console: call putbuf(buffer, size) and return size, It should be implemented already for pintos 2-1.
 - Else, write size bytes from buffer to the file opened with fd, return size

What to implement

- bool remove (const char *file)
 - Remove a file with name, file
 - If a file is open when it is removed, its blocks are not deallocated it may still be accessed by any threads that have it open, until the last one closes it
- pid_t exec (const char *cmd_line)
 - Executes cmd_line (program name and additional arguments, if any)
 - On success, returns new process's program id
 - On fail, return -1

What to implement

- int wait (pid_t pid)
- Please re-implement wait() following below instruction
 - wait for child process pid and retrieve the child's exit status
 - the child can already be terminated: return immediately
 - If child was killed by kernel (failure), return -1
 - If pid is not the direct child, return -1
 - even when *pid* is "grandson" of the caller
 - If wait was called more than twice, return -1

One thing for pintos project

- Test files(.c files) are located at src/tests/userprog folder, if you have difficulties for some test cases, try to see how they test
- Ex) alarm-negative.c in src/tests/threads

```
1 /* Tests timer_sleep(-100). Only requirement is that it not crash. */
2
3 #include <stdio.h>
4 #include "tests/threads/tests.h"
5 #include "threads/malloc.h"
6 #include "threads/synch.h"
7 #include "threads/thread.h"
8 #include "devices/timer.h"
9
10 void
11 test_alarm_negative (void)
12 {
13 timer_sleep (-100);
14 pass ();
15 }
```

You have to pass

All tests

Grading

- Code (pintos grade): 90%
- Design document : 10%
 - Answer questions:
 - B1, B3, B4, B5, B6, B7, B8, B9, B10, B11

About questions

- We will not answer the question about detailed implementation and code, etc.
- Please ask questions only related to environment and high-level design of project.
- Please read pintos manual carefully.
- If you're facing an issue that just can't be resolved, contact me at ogus05@unist.ac.kr