# **TW-08 GROUP VERSION (Sprint-5 Week-1)**







# **Meeting Agenda**

- ► Icebreaking
- **▶** Questions
- ► Interview Questions
- ► Coffee Break
- ► Coding Challenge
- ► Video of the week
- ► Retro meeting
- ► Case study / project

# **Teamwork Schedule**

Ice-breaking 10m

- Personal Questions (Study Environment, Kids etc.)
- Any challenges (Classes, Coding, studying, etc.)
- Ask how they're studying, give personal advice.
- Remind that practice makes perfect.

Ask Questions 15m

#### 1. What is the new avengers array after this code block?

```
let avengers = ["Iron Man", "Captain America", "Black Widow", "Hulk"];
avengers.splice(2, 1, "Thor", "Hawkeye");
```

- A. ['Black Widow']
- B. index error
- C. ['Iron Man', 'Captain America', 'Thor', 'Hawkeye', 'Hulk']
- D. ['Iron Man', 'Captain America', 'Thor', 'Hawkeye', 'Black Widow', 'Hulk']

## 2. Write a loop to iterate languages?

```
let fullStack = {
  languages: ["JavaScript", "React", "HTML"],
  jira: true,
  gitHub: true,
  difficulty: 8,
};
```

## 3. Write a code for get fullStack object's keys

```
let fullStack = {
   languages: ["JavaScript", "React", "HTML"],
   jira: true,
   gitHub: true,
   difficulty: 8,
};
```

# 4. Write a method to get myCar's age

```
const myCar = {
  make: "ford",
  model: "Mustang",
  year: 1965,
  color: "Black",
};
```

# 5. What is the output of this code snippet?

```
(function (data) {
  return (function () {
    console.log(data);
    data = "Full Stack";
  })();
})("Clarusway");
```

- A. Full Stack
- **B.** Clarusway
- C. undefined
- D. Error

# 6. Which Object method returns an iterable that can be used to iterate over the properties of an object?

- A. Object.get()
- **B.** Object.keys()
- C. Object.each()
- D. Object.loop()

#### 7. What will this code print?

```
var v = 1;
var f1 = function () {
   console.log(v);
};

var f2 = function () {
   var v = 2;
   f1();
};

f2();
```

- **A.** 2
- **B.** 1
- **C.** Nothing this code will throw an error.
- **D.** undefined
- 8. Your code is producing the error: TypeError: Cannot read property 'reduce' of undefined. What does that mean?
- 9. Sass is a ......
- A. Scripting language
- B. Markup language
- C. CSS pre-processor
- **D.** React Future
- 10. Which symbol is used to declare a variable in Sass?
- **A.** #
- **B.** &
- **C**. @
- **D**. \$
- 11. Which directive allows you to include the content of one file in another?
- A. @include
- **B.** @define
- C. @import
- D. @variable

#### 12. Which directive is used to create CSS code that is to be reused throughout the website?

- A. @include
- B. @mixin
- C. @import
- D. @variable

#### 13. Which of the following are the most attractive features of SASS?

- **A.** SASS is more stable, powerful, and fully compatible with CSS3.
- **B.** SASS is time-saving because it facilitates users to write CSS in less code.
- **C.** SASS uses its syntax.
- **D.**All of the above.

# 14. What kind of scoping does JavaScript use?

- A. Literal
- **B.** Lexical
- C. Segmental
- D. Sequential

#### 15. What is closure?

- A. Function objects
- **B.** Scope where function's variables are resolved
- C. Both Function objects and Scope where function's variables are resolved
- **D.** Function return value

#### 16. What will be the output

```
var x = 10;

function counter() {
    let x = 1;
    return function () {
        return x++;
    };
}

scoreTracker = counter();
scoreTracker();
scoreTracker();
scoreTracker();
scoreTracker();
const latest = scoreTracker();

console.log(latest);
```

- **A.** 10
- **B.** 14
- **C**. 4
- **D.** 1

#### 17. What will be printed in the console on execution of the following JS code:

```
var array = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15];
var myArr = array.filter((v) => v % 3 === 0);
console.log(myArr);
```

A. myArr

**B.** [3, 6, 9, 12, 15]

**C.** [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15]

**D.** [1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14]

#### 18. What is the output? Why?

```
console.log([1, 2, 3] == [1, 2, 3]);
```

#### 19. What is the output?

```
const arr1 = [1, 3, 5];
const arr2 = arr1;

console.log(arr1 === arr2);
```

- A. true
- **B.** false
- C. error
- **D.** time to time they are equal  $\stackrel{\textcircled{\tiny 4}}{=}$

# 20. What is the output?

```
const arr1 = [1, 3, 5];
const arr2 = arr1;
arr1[0] = 100;
console.log(arr2);
```

- **A.** [1, 3, 5
- **B.** [100, 3, 5
- C. error
- **D.** []

# 21. What is the output?

```
let arr1 = [1, 3, 5];
let arr2 = arr1;
arr1 = [2, 4, 6];
console.log(arr2);
```

- **A.** [1, 3, 5
- **B.** [2, 4, 5
- **C.** error
- **D**. []

**Interview Questions** 

15m

- 1. How do callbacks work in JavaScript?
- 2. What Is Object Methods?
- 3. How do you check if an object is empty or not in Javascript?
- 4. What is closure?
- 5. Why are closures important in JavaScript?

**Coding Challenge** 

15m

• JS-CC-07 Array Iterations



Coffee Break	10m
Video of the Week	10m
• 5 Reasons You should STOP write CSS and use Sass	
Case study/Project	15m
HC-07 SASS Website	
Retro Meeting on a personal and team level	10m
Ask the questions below:	
What went well?	
<ul><li>What could be improved?</li><li>What will we commit to do better in the next week?</li></ul>	
Closing	5m
-Next week's plan	
-QA Session	