

Git Branching

The Main Branch

In Git, the main project is completed on the main branch. Making your first commit in a new git repository will automatically create a main branch. Create new branches from the main branch to develop new features for a project. These branches can be merged into main at a later time to incorporate the new features. You can use git branch to check what branch you're on.

```
$ git init
Initialized empty Git repository in
/home/ccuser/new-project/.git/
$ echo "Hello World!" >> hello.txt
$ git add hello.txt
$ git commit -m 'initial commit'
[master (root-commit) bb0e565] initial commit
1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
    create mode 100644 hello.txt
$ git branch
* master
```

Creating a New Branch

In Git, the git branch branch-name command is used to create a new branch called branch-name. Branches should be named something that describes the purpose of the branch.

Note that branch names can't contain whitespace: new-feature and new_feature are valid branch names, but new feature is not.

Viewing the Current Branch

In Git, the git branch command will display all of the branches. The current branch will display * before its name.

```
$ git branch new-feature
$ git branch
* master
   new-feature
$
```

```
$ git branch
* master
new-feature
$
```

Merge Conflicts

In Git, a merge conflict occurs when the same file is changed on the current branch and the branch that is being merged. An error will appear displaying: CONFLICT (content): Merge conflict in [filename].

Git will automatically edit the file with the conflict to show where the conflict is. The current branch's text will be between <<<<< HEAD and ======= . The text from the branch that is being merged into the current branch will be between ======= and >>>>>> branch-name

To resolve a merge conflict, edit the file with the conflict, decide which parts of each branch's edits should be kept, then add and commit the file.

Deleting a Branch

In Git, the git branch -d branch_name command is used to delete the branch_name branch. It's good practice to delete a branch after it has been merged into the master branch.

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```
$ git branch
* master
   new-feature
$ git branch -d new-feature
Deleted branch new-feature (was 828ea2c).
$
```

Merging Branches

In Git, the git merge branch-name command will add the changes from branch-name into the current branch. Use this command when you have finished building a feature in a separate branch and want to bring those changes into your current branch.

```
$ git merge resume-edits
Updating 86b8a77..c443513
Fast-forward
  resume.txt | 2 ++
  1 file changed, 2 insertions(+)
$
```