

Learn Go: Conditionals

Go If Statement

A Go if statement evaluates a condition and executes a statement block enclosed in curly braces {..} if the evaluation returns true . The condition may be optionally enclosed inside a pair of parentheses (...) .

```
if (healthy) {
   fmt.Println("Work.")
}
if sick {
   fmt.Println("Stay home.")
}
```

Go else Statement

A Go $\,$ else $\,$ statement can succeed an $\,$ if or $\,$ if else-if statement block and its code executed if the conditions in the preceding $\,$ if or $\,$ if else-if statements evaluate to $\,$ false .

```
sick := false
if sick {
  fmt.Println("Call the doctor.")
} else {
  fmt.Println("Enjoy your day.")
}
```

Go Comparison Operators

!= not equal

Go supports the standard comparison operators that compare two values and return a boolean. These

```
include:
      == equivalence operator
```

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```
< less than
> greater than
<= less than or equal
>= greater than or equal
 same := 3 == 3
 // evaluates to true
 notsame := "ABC" != "abc"
 // evaluates to true
 lessthan := 5 <= -5
 // evaluates to false
```

Go Logical Operators

In addition to comparison operators, Go also supports logical operators which evaluate boolean values and return a boolean value. For example:

```
&& is the AND operator that returns true if all
the booleans are true
|| is the OR operator that returns true if one of
the booleans is true
! is the NOT operator that returns the opposite
of a boolean value
  answer := true && false
  // returns false
  answer = true || false
  // returns true
  answer = !false
```

// returns true

Go Else If Statement

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The Go else if statement provides an additional condition to evaluate besides the first if conditional. It can only appear after the if statement and before an else statement if it exists. For example:

```
if (temperature < 60) {
   fmt.Println("Put on a jacket.")
} else if (temperature >= 60 &&
temperature < 75) {
   fmt.Println("Put on a light
sweater.")
} else {
   fmt.Println("Wear summer
clothes.")
}</pre>
```

Multiple else if statements can exist alongside the if statement. The if else if statements are scanned from top to bottom and only the code block associated with a true condition is executed. If none of the conditions are satisfied, the else code block is executed if it exists.

Go Short Variable Declaration

A short variable declaration can be made within the scope of an if or switch statement before the condition is specified but after the if or switch keyword. A semicolon, ; , is appended to the declaration to separate it from the condition.

```
if age := 55; age >= 55 {
   fmt.Println("You are retiring!")
}
switch season := "spring"; season
{
   case "spring":
     fmt.Println("Plant some
bulbs.")
   case "summer":
   ...
}
```

Go Switch Statement

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The Go switch statement can be used as an alternative to a set of if followed by else if statements. The switch statement compares the expression inside a condition with a set of values encapsulated in case s. The code inside a matched case value is executed and the switch block terminates. A default case without a value can be appended to the last case and its code executed if no prior match is found.

```
day := "Tuesday"
switch day {
   case "Monday":
      fmt.Println("Monday is
magnificent.")
   case "Tuesday":
      fmt.Println("Tuesday is
terrific.")
   case "Wednesday":
      fmt.Println("Wednesday is
wacky.")
   default:
      fmt.Println("We survived.")
}
```

Go Seed Value

A seed value in Go is used for generating random numbers. By default, the seed value is 1 and this leads to a predictable number instead of random. To make the seed value unique, call the seed function, rand.Seed(), with the argument time.Now().UnixNano() to return the difference in time (in Nanoseconds) since January 1st 1970.

```
rand.Seed(time.Now().UnixNano())
```

Go Random Number Generator

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Go provides a function, math.rand.Intn(), in the math.rand package to generate a random number. To generate such a number between 0 to 99, pass 100 as the function argument.

number := math.rand.Intn(100)