

What is Plagiarism?

- Presenting another's original thoughts or ideas as your own (this includes code)
- Using another's exact words without proper citation

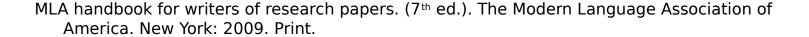


STRATEGIES TO AVOID PLAGIARISM

- Isolate the reasons why plagiarism occurs
- Identify the different types of plagiarism
- Integrate plagiarism prevention

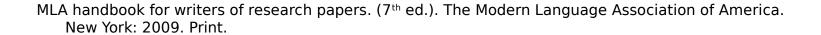
UNINTENTIONAL PLAGIARISM

- Paraphrasing poorly: changing a few words without changing the sentence structure of the original, or changing the sentence structure but not the words.
- Quoting poorly: putting quotation marks around part of a quotation but not around all of it, or putting quotation marks around a passage that is partly paraphrased and partly quoted.
- Citing poorly: omitting an occasional citation or citing inaccurately.



INTENTIONAL PLAGIARISM

- Passing off as one's own pre-written papers from the Internet or other sources.
- Copying an essay or article from the Internet, on-line source, or electronic database without quoting or giving credit.
- Cutting and pasting from more than one source to create a paper without quoting or giving credit.
- Borrowing words or ideas from other students or sources without giving credit.



PLAGIARISM PREVENTION: BE AUTHENTIC

- Develop a topic based on previously written material but write something new and original
- Rely on opinions of experts on a topic but improve upon those opinions
- Give credit to researchers while making your own contribution
- Follow a standard documentation method such as MLA or APA format

THE FIRST TYPE OF PLAGIARISM

- Plagiarism of Words
 - The use of another's exact words without citing the author

Incorrect

 Plagiarism is the reproduction of someone else's words, ideas or findings and presenting them as one's own without proper acknowledgement.

Correct

 Plagiarism is the "reproduction of someone else's words, ideas or findings and presenting them as one's own without proper acknowledgement" (Undergraduate Course Handbook: 2008, p.24)

THE SECOND TYPE OF PLAGIARISM

- Plagiarism of Structure
 - Paraphrasing another's words by changing sentence construction or word choice with citation

 Paraphrasing while maintaining original sentence construction with acknowledging the source



Plagiarism of Ideas

Presenting another's ideas as your own without giving the person credit

Submitting a paper without citing or incorrectly citing another's ideas

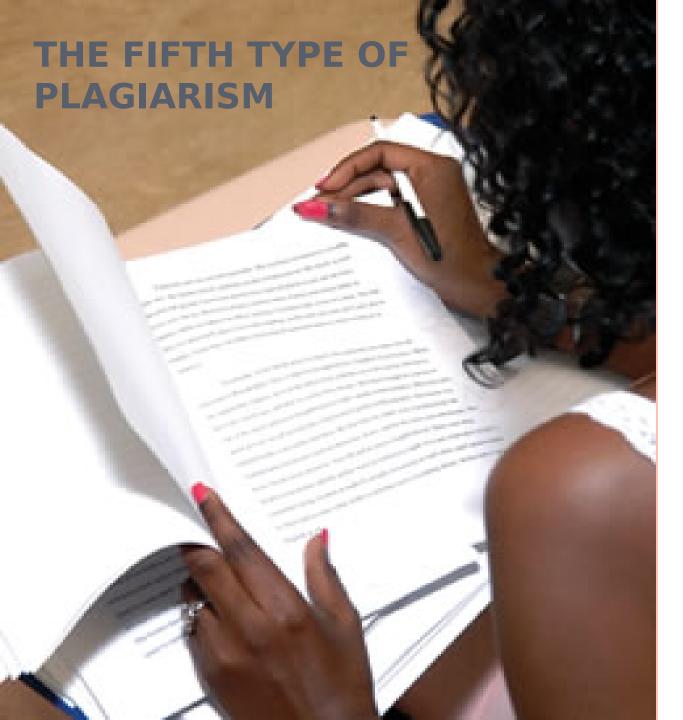
THE FOURTH TYPE C PLAGIARISM

Plagiarism of Authorship

Turning in a replication of another's work

Submitting a paper (or code) that you got off the internet or from a friend and presenting it as your own





Plagiarism of Self

- The use of previous work for a separate assignment
- Although these were you original words and thoughts, receiving credit for a previous assignment is considered cheating

THE PENALTIES OF PLAGIARISM

- Although plagiarism can be intentional or unintentional, both have consequences.
 Submission of an official form to the Department chair and the Dean of UG education
 - Receiving zero on the assignment/exam
 - Failing the course (final paper)
 - Note on your transcript that you have plagiarized