

## CSE225L – Data Structures and Algorithms Lab

### Lab 06

#### Unsorted List (Linked-list based)

In today's lab we will design and implement the List ADT where the items in the list are unsorted.

unsortedtype.h

```
#ifndef UNSORTEDTYPE_H
#define UNSORTEDTYPE_H

template <class T>
class UnsortedType
{
private:
    struct Node
    {
        T data;
        Node* next;
    };
    Node* head;
    Node* pointTo;
    int size;
public:
    UnsortedType();
    ~UnsortedType();
    int Length();
    void Insert(T value);
    void Search(T value, bool &found);
    void Delete(T value);
    void MakeEmpty();
    void GetNext(T &value);
    void Reset();
};
#endif // UNSORTEDTYPE_H
```

unsortedtype.cpp

```
#include "unsortedtype.h"
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

template <class T>
UnsortedType<T>::UnsortedType()
{
    head = NULL;
    pointTo = NULL;
    size = 0;
}

template <class T>
int UnsortedType<T>::Length()
{
    return size;
}
```

```

template <class T>
void UnsortedType<T>::Insert(T value)
{
    Node* temp = new Node;
    temp->data = value;
    temp->next = head;
    head = temp;
    size++;
}

template <class T>
void UnsortedType<T>::Search(T value, bool &found)
{
    found = false;

    Node* i = head;

    while(i != NULL)
    {
        if (value == i->data)
        {
            found = true;
            break;
        }
        else
        {
            i = i->next;
        }
    }
}

template <class T>
void UnsortedType<T>::Delete(T value)
{
    Node* i = head;
    Node* prev = NULL;
    bool found = false;

    while(i != NULL)
    {
        if (value == i->data)
        {
            found = true;
            break;
        }
        else
        {
            prev = i;
            i = i->next;
        }
    }

    if (found)
    {
        if (prev == NULL) // first node / no previous nodes
            head = i->next;
        else
            prev->next = i->next;
        delete i;
        size--;
    }
}

```

```

template <class T>
void UnsortedType<T>::MakeEmpty()
{
    Node* i = head;
    Node* nextNode;

    while (i != NULL)
    {
        nextNode = i->next; // Store the next node
        delete i;           // Delete the current node
        i = nextNode;       // Move to the next node
    }

    head = NULL;
    size = 0;
}

template <class T>
UnsortedType<T>::~UnsortedType()
{
    MakeEmpty();
}

template <class T>
void UnsortedType<T>::GetNext(T &value)
{
    if (pointTo == NULL)
    {
        pointTo = head;
        value = pointTo->data;
    }
    else
    {
        value = pointTo->data;
    }
    pointTo = pointTo->next;
}

template <class T>
void UnsortedType<T>::Reset()
{
    pointTo = NULL;
}

```

Generate the **driver file (main.cpp)** where you perform the following tasks. Note that you cannot make any change to the header file or the source file.

Operation to Be Tested and Description of Action	Input Values	Expected Output
Create a list of integers		
Insert four items	5 7 6 9	
Print the list		9 6 7 5
Print the length of the list		4
Insert one item	1	
Print the list		1 9 6 7 5
Search 4 and print whether found or not		Item is not found
Search 5 and print whether found or not		Item is found
Search 9 and print whether found or not		Item is found
Search 10 and print whether found or not		Item is not found
Delete 5		
Print the list		1 9 6 7
Delete 1		
Print the list		9 6 7
Delete 6		
Print the list		9 7

Operation to Be Tested and Description of Action	Input Values
You have two lists of numbers. Your job is to <u>merge them into one list</u> that is <u>sorted in ascending order</u> . You need to do this in <b>O(N)</b> time, and you must ensure that there are no duplicate numbers.	10 1 5 6 10 14 20 25 31 38 40
	12 2 4 7 9 16 19 23 24 32 35 36 42
	<b>Expected Output</b> 1 2 4 5 6 7 9 10 14 16 19 20 23 24 25 31 32 35 36 38 40 42