

# *Data Structures*

## BST Homework 2

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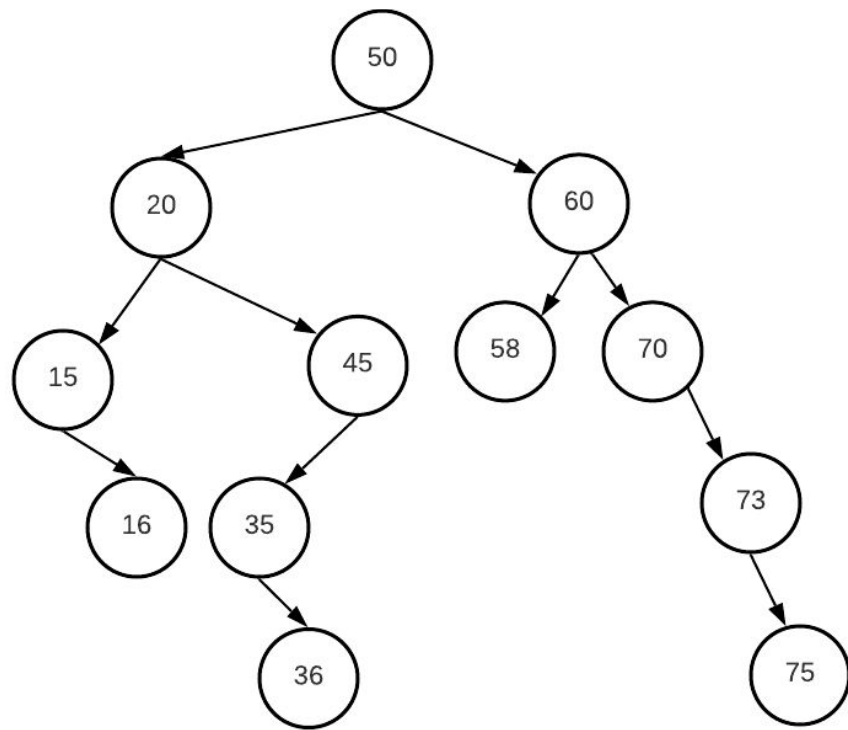
# Problem #1: Parent Link

- In our implementation, we followed the no-parent link approach
- Rewrite the BST code for both insert and successor where your structure now have a parent link

```
int data { };  
BinarySearchTree* left { };  
BinarySearchTree* right { };  
BinarySearchTree* parent { };
```

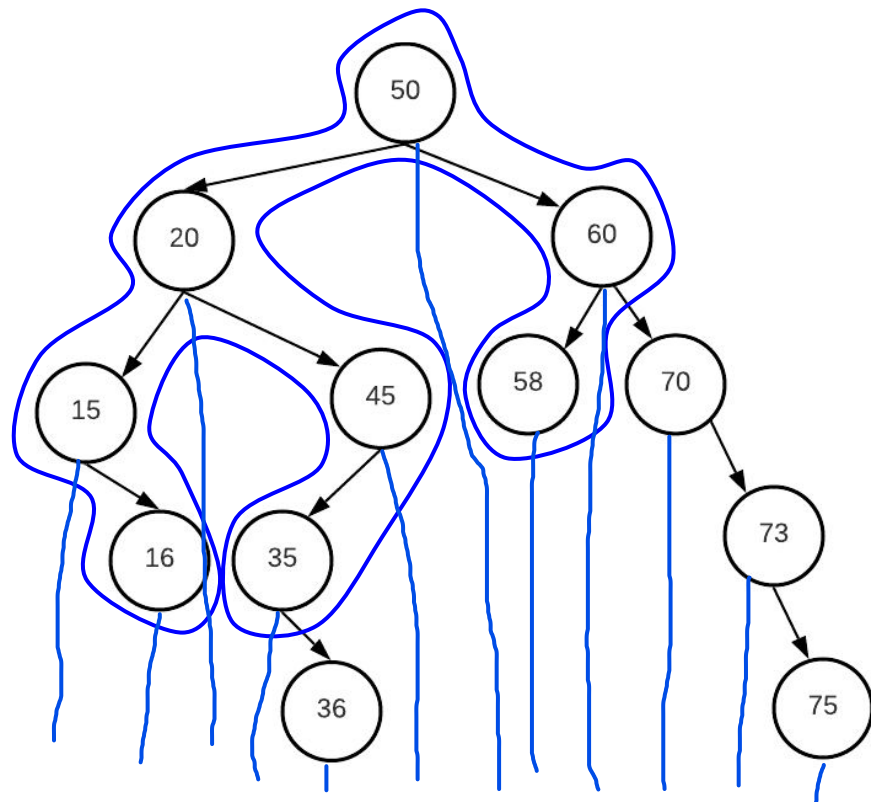
## Problem #2: Queries of ancestors

- Assume we have `deque<int> q` that has **sorted** items to find their successors.
  - Input  $\Rightarrow \{15, 20, 58\}$
  - Successors  $\Rightarrow \{16, 35, 60\}$



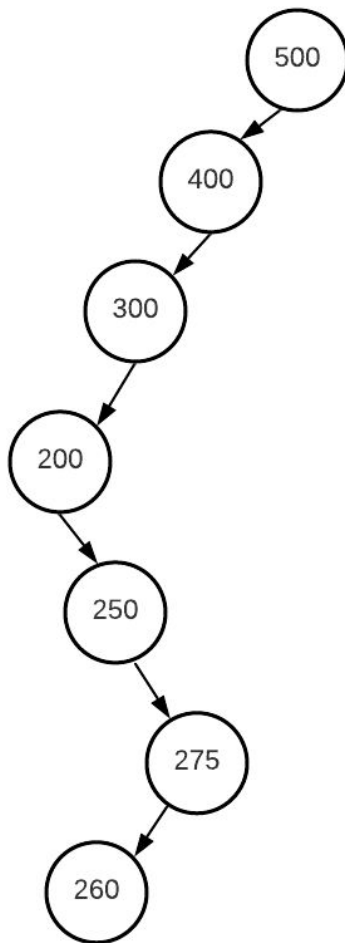
## Problem #2: Queries of ancestors

- Develop a function that finds all of them such:
  - You don't do complete traversal. **Stop as early as possible** similar to lecture
    - {15, 20, 58}
  - Don't use parent pointer
  - Don't get chain of ancestors like lecture
- Tip:
  - We know inorder traversal already moves toward our successor. Why don't we just catch it once we find it
  - Code is a modified search function



# Problem #3: Is degenerate tree

- `bool is_degenerate(vector<int> &preorder)`
- Given a preorder of BST of N nodes, return true if it is degenerate tree of height N-1.
  - All values are distinct and in range [1, 1000]
- Do it on  $O(n)$ .
  - 25, 8, 11, 13, 12  $\Rightarrow$  True
  - 100, 70, 101  $\Rightarrow$  False
  - 100, 70, 60, 75  $\Rightarrow$  False
  - 100, 70, 60, 65  $\Rightarrow$  True
  - 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3  $\Rightarrow$  True
  - 500, 400, 300, 200, 250, 275, 260  $\Rightarrow$  True
  - 500, 400, 300, 200, 250, 275, 260, 280  $\Rightarrow$  False



*“Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people.”*

*“Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave.”*