C++ Programming Recursive Functions Homework 2

Mostafa S. Ibrahim
Teaching, Training and Coaching since more than a decade!

Artificial Intelligence & Computer Vision Researcher PhD from Simon Fraser University - Canada Bachelor / Msc from Cairo University - Egypt Ex-(Software Engineer / ICPC World Finalist)



Homework 9: Right-Max

- Given array, change each element at position i to be the maximum of numbers from index i to end of array
- E.g. input $135742 \Rightarrow [7, 7, 7, 7, 4, 2]$
- Void left_max(int arr[], int len, int start_position = 9); 1/3

$$6-2-a > -6-1 = 5$$
 $5-2-3 > 5-1 = 0$
 $3-2-3 > 5-1 = 3$
 $3-2-3 > 5-1 = 3$

Homework 10: Suffix Sum

Write a function that sums only the last N elements in an array.

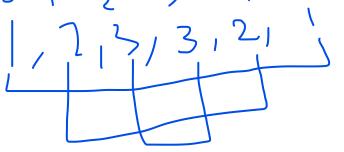
```
Define its signature Input [1, 3, 4, 6, 7], 3 \Rightarrow 17 (4+6+7)
         0 | 234 5
                        (arr, (en,n)
                               10,77-1
```

Homework 11: Prefix Sum

- Write a function that sums only the first N elements in an array.
- Define its signature
- Input $[1, 3, 4, 6, 7], 3 \Rightarrow 8 (1+3+4)$

Homework 12: Is Palindrome

- Implement a function that decides if arrays is palindrome or not Define its signature
- Define its signature



Homework 13: Is prefix

- bool is_prefix(string main, string prefix, int start_pos = 0)
 E.g. is_prefix("abcdefgh", "abcd") ⇒ true
- E.g. is prefix("abcdefgh", "") ⇒ true

Homework 14: Trace

- Without running code on the right
 - Trace by hand: What does this method do?
 - What happens if we swapped lines 6 & 7?

```
(123456) = 6
(12345) = 5
```



Homework 15: Count primes

- Int count_primes(int start, int end);
 - Compute how many primes between start & end, inclusive indices
- Don't use loops at all
- Input
 - 10 20 ⇒ 4
 - 10 200 ⇒ 42
- Can u compute answer for [10, 5000000]?

Homework 16: Grid Sum



- Given a 2D array of numbers, all of them are positive distinct. Robot start from (0, 0). It can move to the right or left or diagonal. It will select one direction: the maximum. Print the total path sum of this robot
 - o int path_sum(int grid[100][100], int row, int col, int ROWS, int COLS)
- Input
 - 0 33
 - 0 178
 - 0 2 10 11
 - 0 2059
- Output: 31 (from 1 + 10 + 11 + 9)
 - Robot start at (0, 0). 3 possible values (2, 7, 10). Max 10, so go to this cell
 - Then 3 possible values (5, 9, 11). Go to 11. Then only 9 available

Homework 17: Fibonacci

- Implement fibonacci: Int fibonacci(int n)
 - Recall fibonacci sequence: 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 35
 - E.g. fibonacci(6) = 13
 - Recall that: fibonacci(n) = fibonacci(n-1) + fibonacci(n-2). E.g. fib(6) = fib(5)+fib(4) = 13
 - So it calls 2 subproblems of its type
- Can u compute fibonacci(40)? fibonacci(50)? Why? Any work around? Hint:
 Array

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."