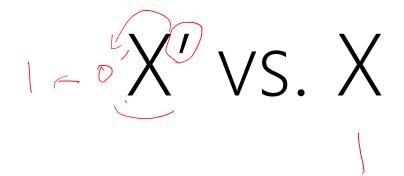
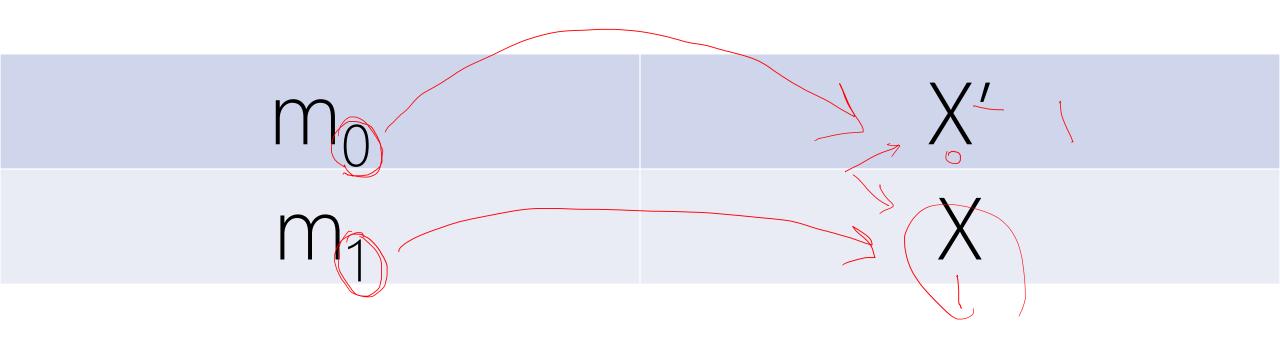
DESIGN

a design <mark>algorithm</mark> for <mark>any</mark> digital units (logic circuits), given truth table

1. minterm aka. Standard Product

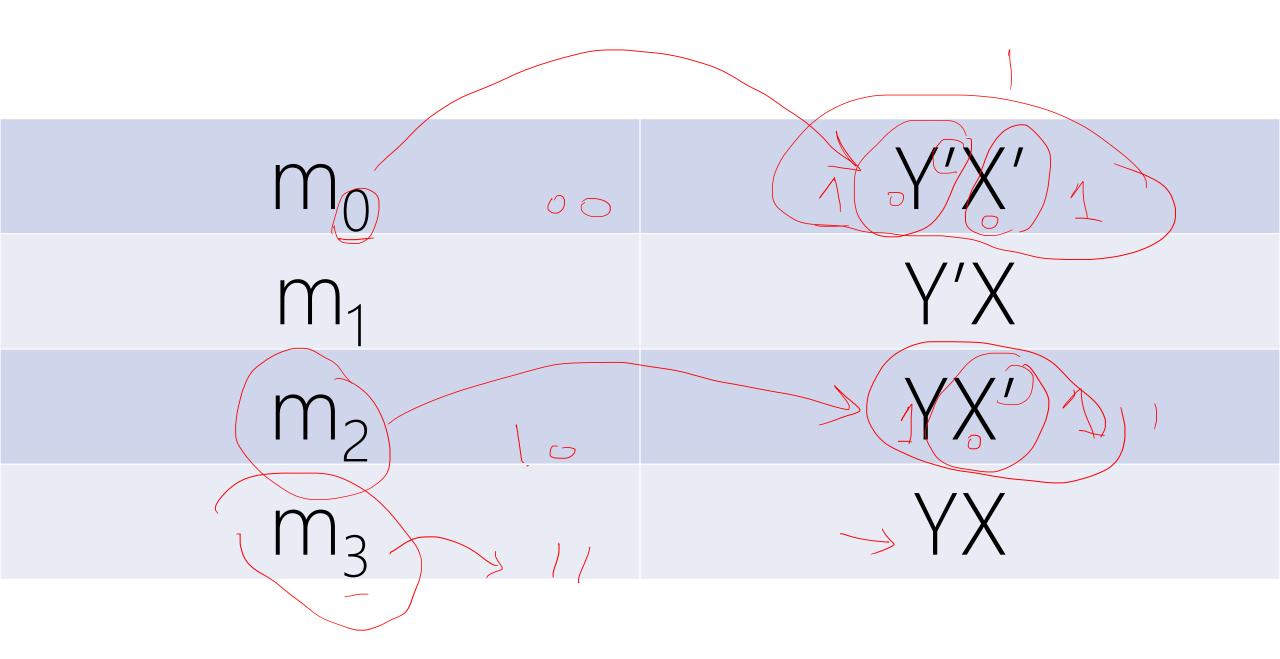


- 1 binary variable appear either:
- in its normal form X, or
- in its complement form X'



YX vs. YX' vs. Y'X vs. Y'X'

2 binary variables appear either in one of these forms:

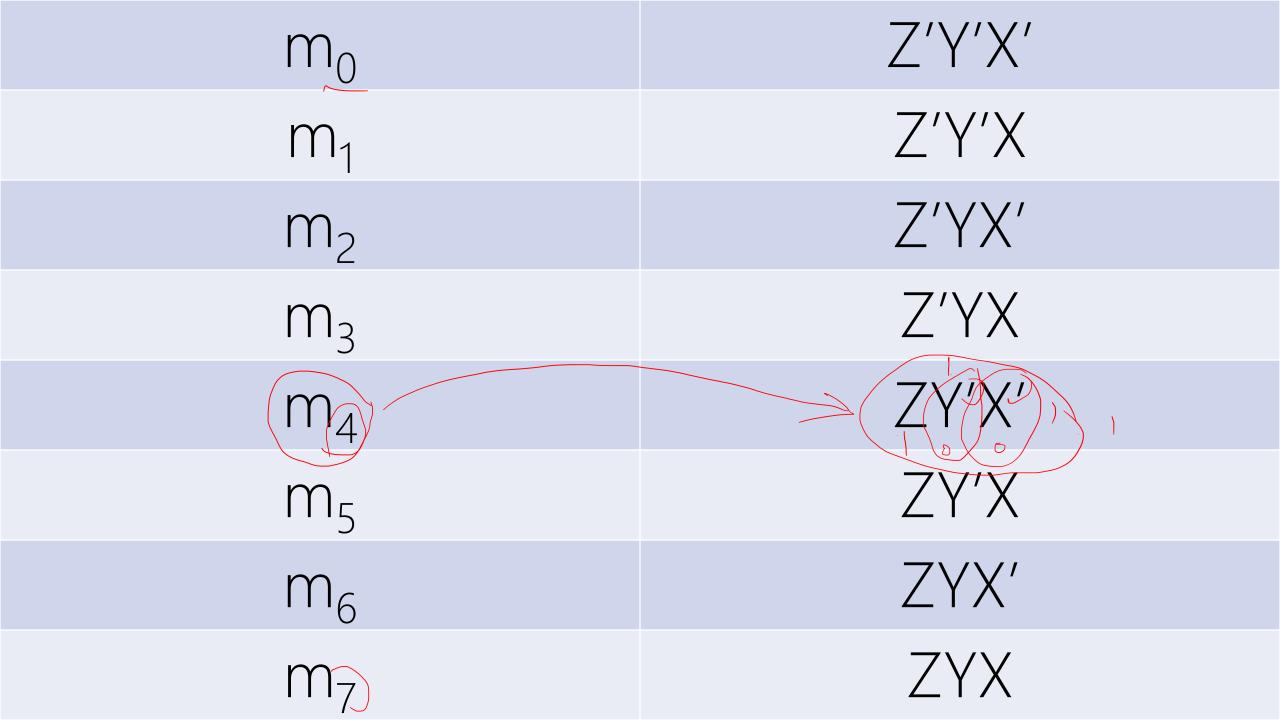


ZYX vs. ZYX' vs. ...

3 binary variables appear either in one of these forms: how many?

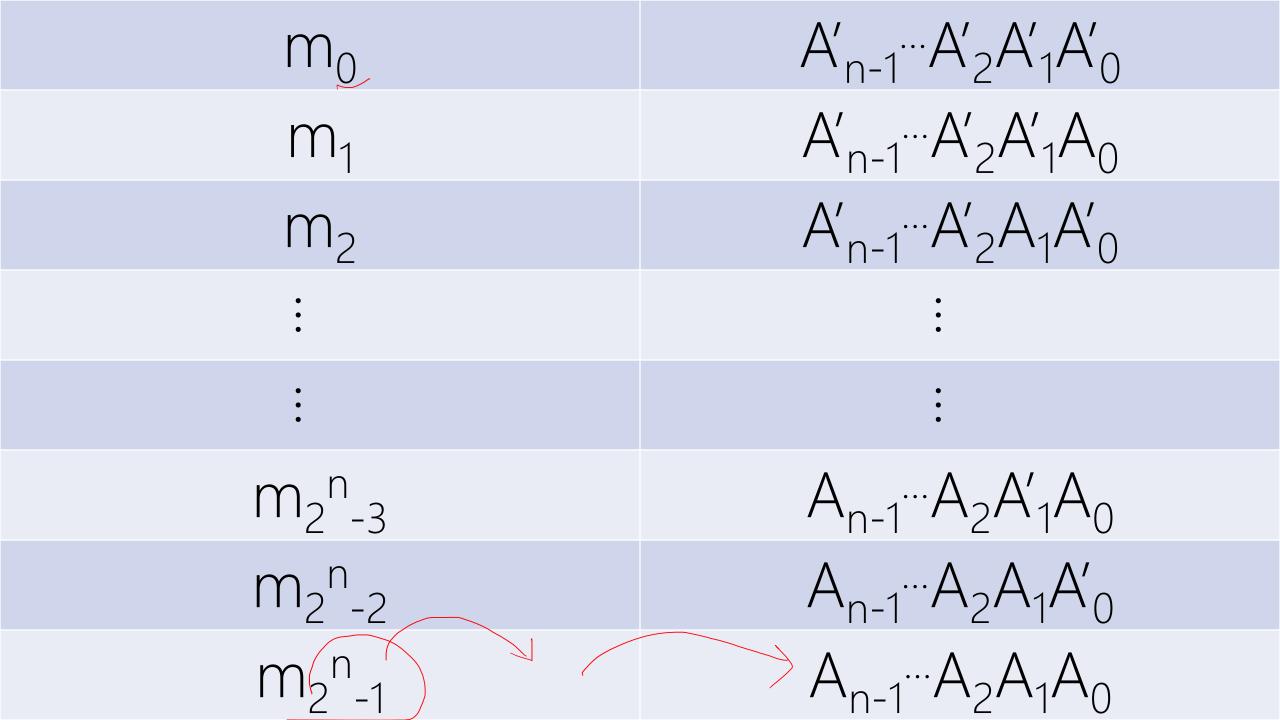
ZYX vs. ZYX' vs. ...

3 binary variables appear either in one of these forms: how many? Each variable can take 2 forms (normal and complement) We have 3 variables, $2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^3 = 8$



$$A_{n-1} - A_2 A_1 A_0$$
 vs. $A_{n-1} - A_2 A_1 A_0$...

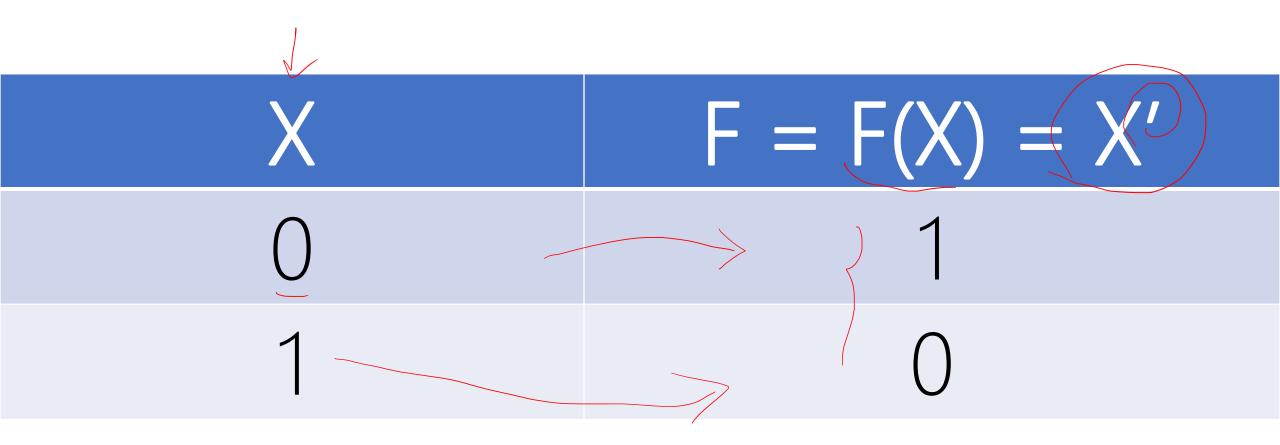
n binary variables appear either in one of these forms: how many? Each variable can take 2 forms (normal and complement) We have n variables, $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times \cdots \times 2 = 2^n$

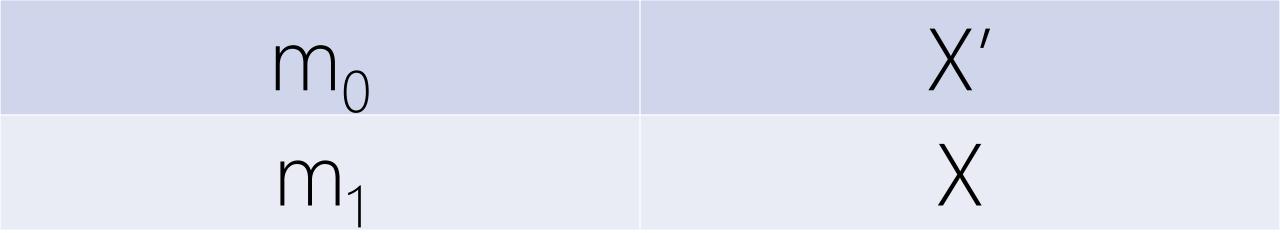


2. TRUTH TABLE

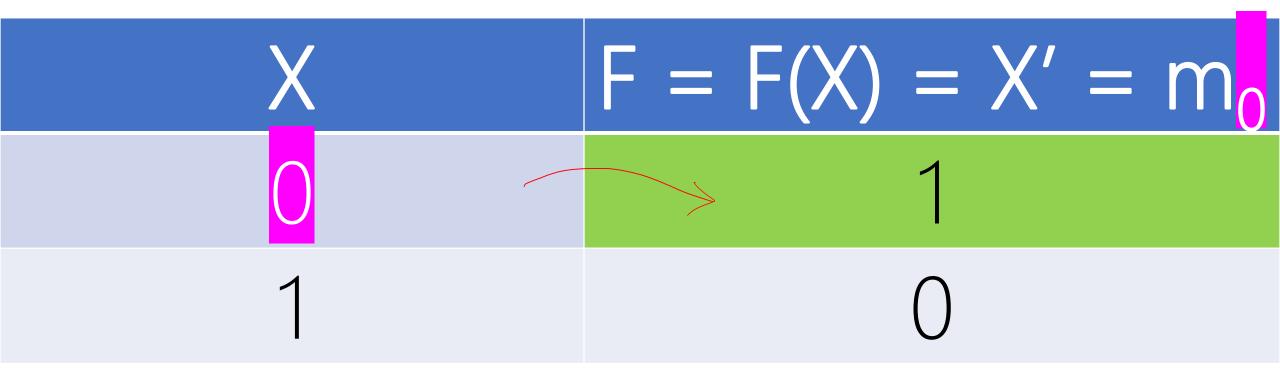
en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Truth_table

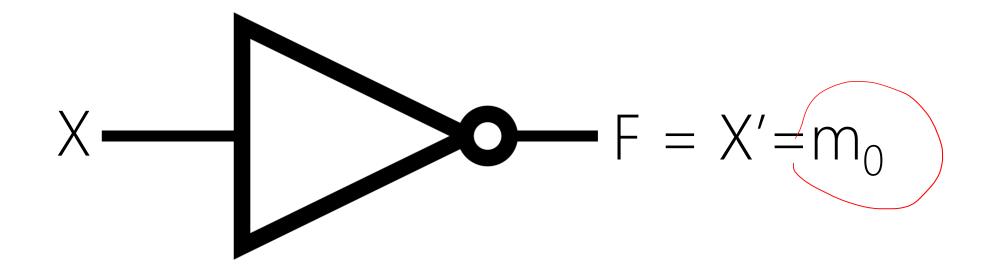
$$\begin{array}{cccc}
X & F = F(X) = ? \\
 & \nearrow & ? \\
 & \nearrow & 1
\end{array}$$





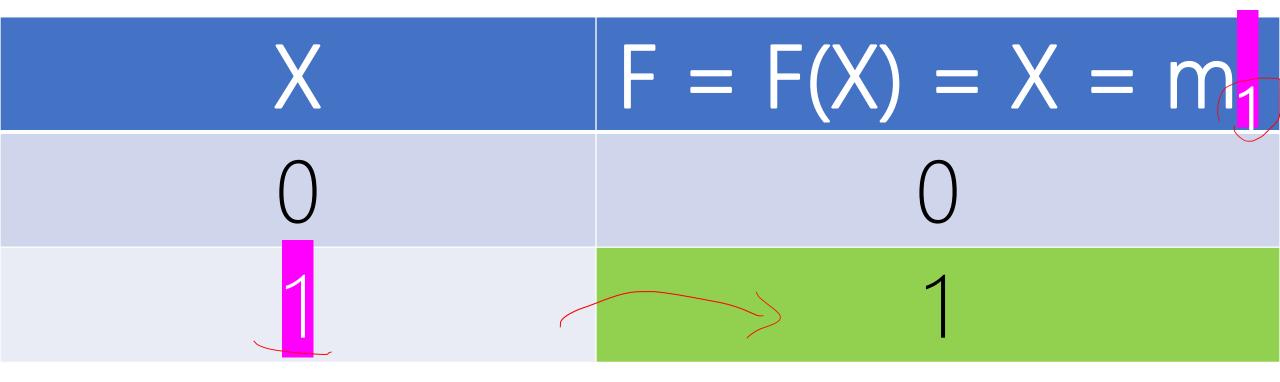
X	$F = F(X) = X' = m_0$
0	1
1	0

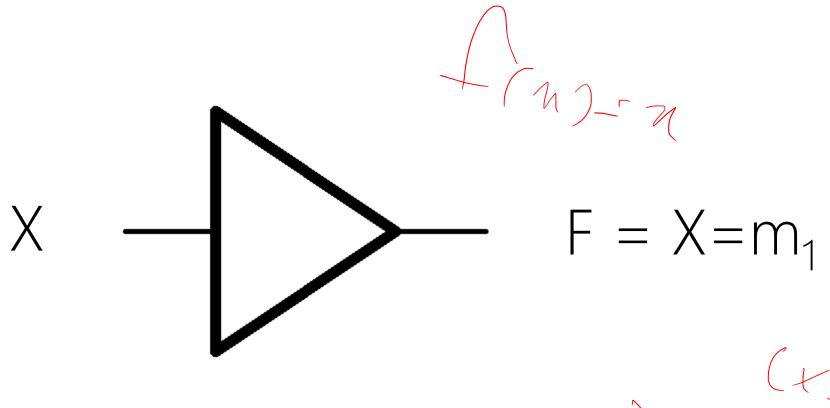




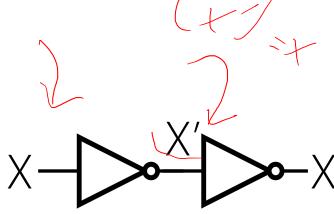
X	F = F(X) = X
0	0
1	1

X	$F = F(X) = X = m_1$
0	0
	1





Digital Buffer



X	F = F(X)
0	1
1	1

$$F = F(X) = X' = m_0$$

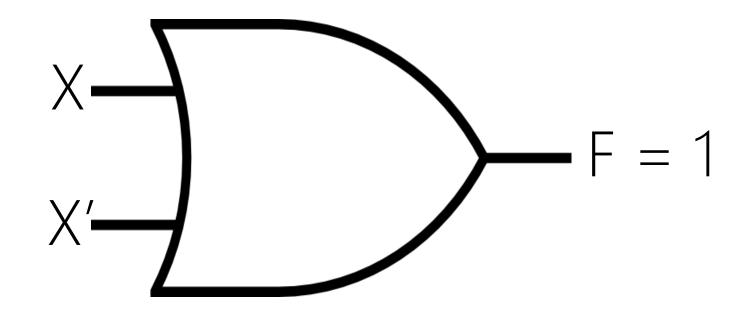
$$1$$

$$1$$

$$X \qquad F = F(X) = X' + X \neq m_0 + m_1$$

$$0 \qquad 1$$

$$1 \qquad 1$$



X′	Χ	X'+X
1	0	1
0	1	1

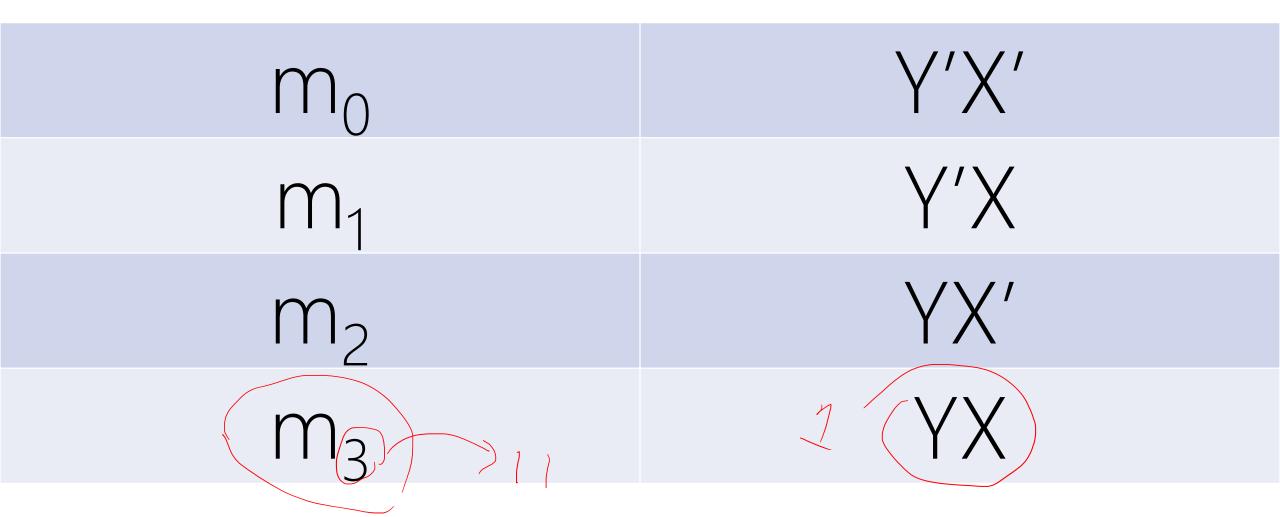
$$F = X + X' = 1$$

TRUTH TABLE ←→ minterm

Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = ?
0	0	?
0	1	?
1	0	?
1	1	?

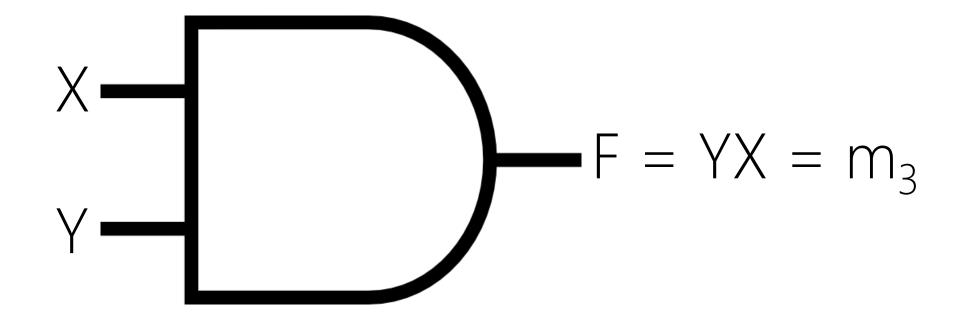
Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = 0
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	
1	1	

Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = YX
0	0	
0	1	0
1	0	0
1		



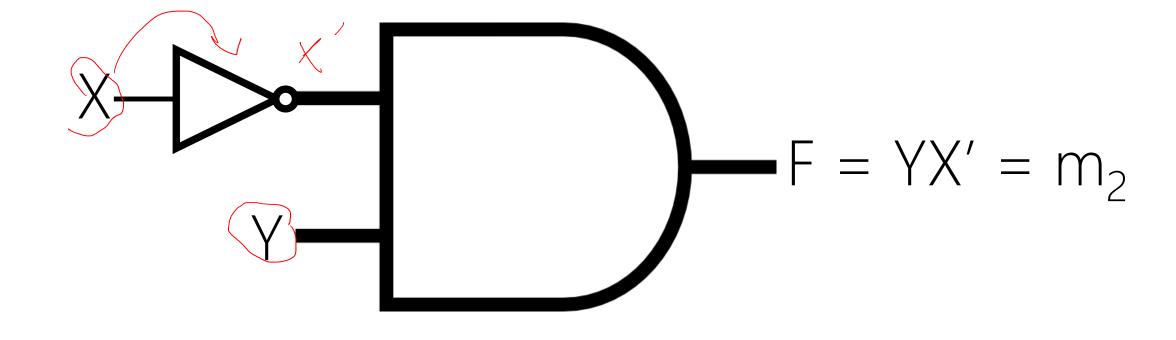
Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = YX = m_3$
0	0	
0	1	
1	0	0
1	1	1

Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = YX = m_3$
0	0	
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1



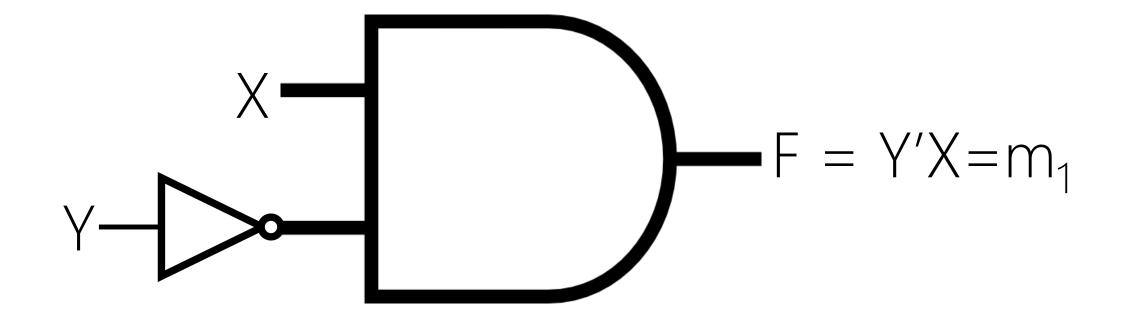
Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = YX' + m_2$
0	0	
0	1	0
		<u> </u>
1	1	

Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = (YX') = m_2$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1		1
1	1	0



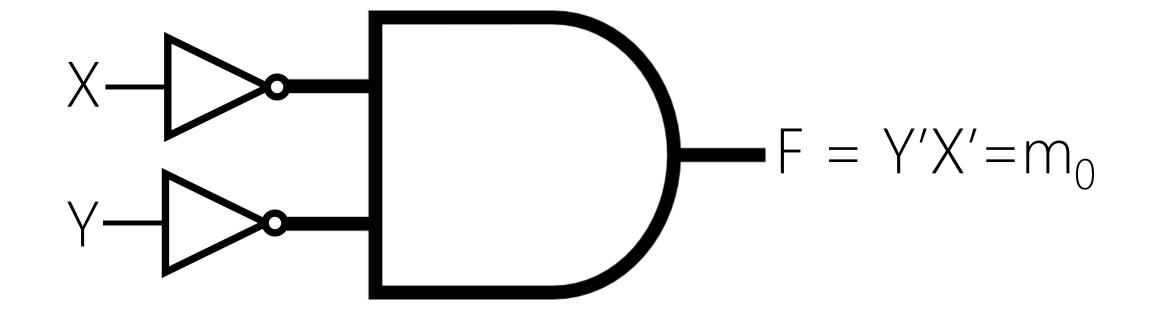
Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = Y'X = m_1$
0	0	0
0		
1	0	0
1	1	0

Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = Y'X = m_1$
0	0	0
	1	1
1	0	0
1	1	0



Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = Y'X' = m_0$
0	0	1
0	1	
1	0	0
1	1	0

Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = Y'X' = m_0$
	O	1
0	1	
1	0	0
1	1	



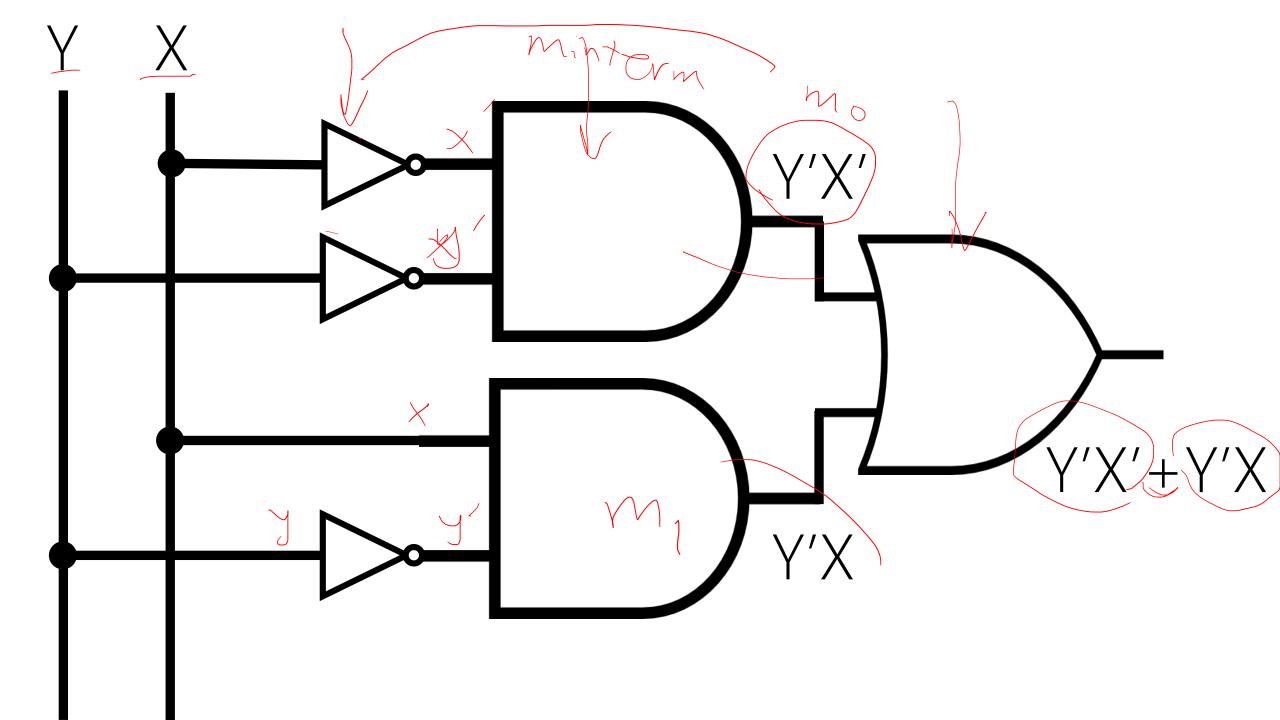
Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = ?
	0	
	1	
1	0	0
1	1	

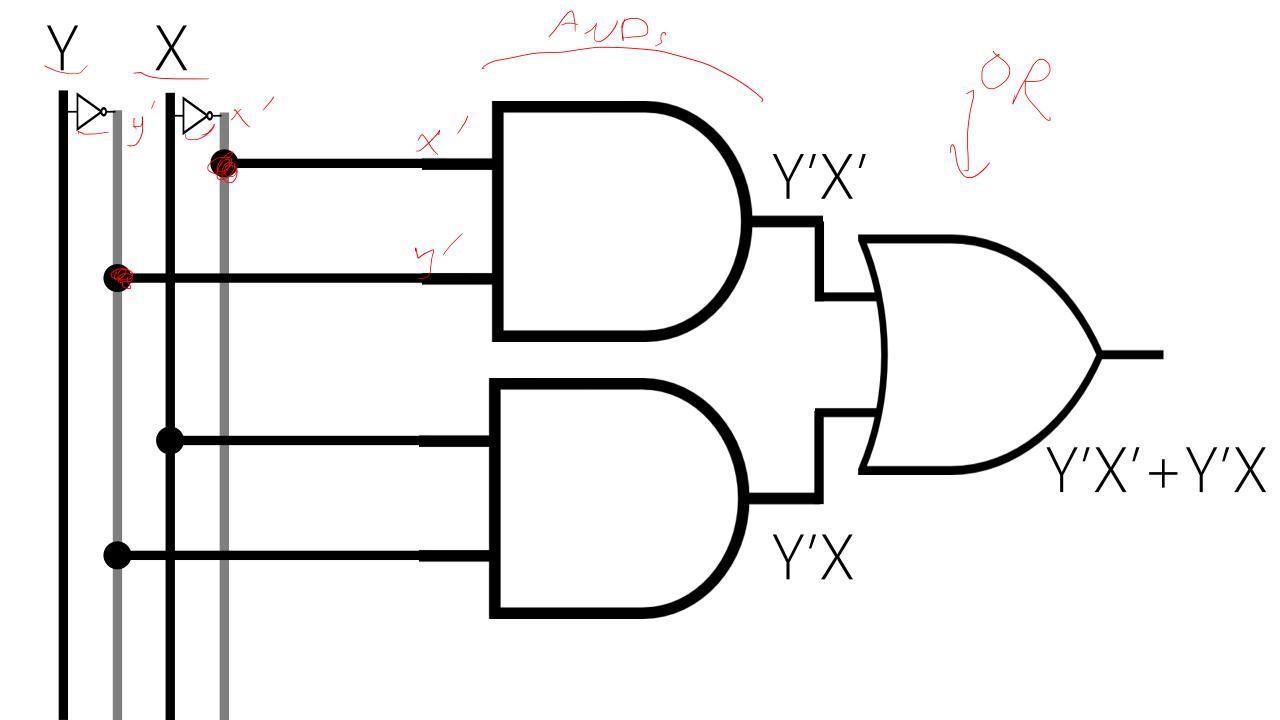
Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = Y'X'
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	
1	1	

Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = Y'X'+Y'X
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	
1	1	0

Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = m_0 + m_1$
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	
1	1	

Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = \sum m(0,1)$
0	0	1 Matm,
0	1	1
1	0	0
1	1	0



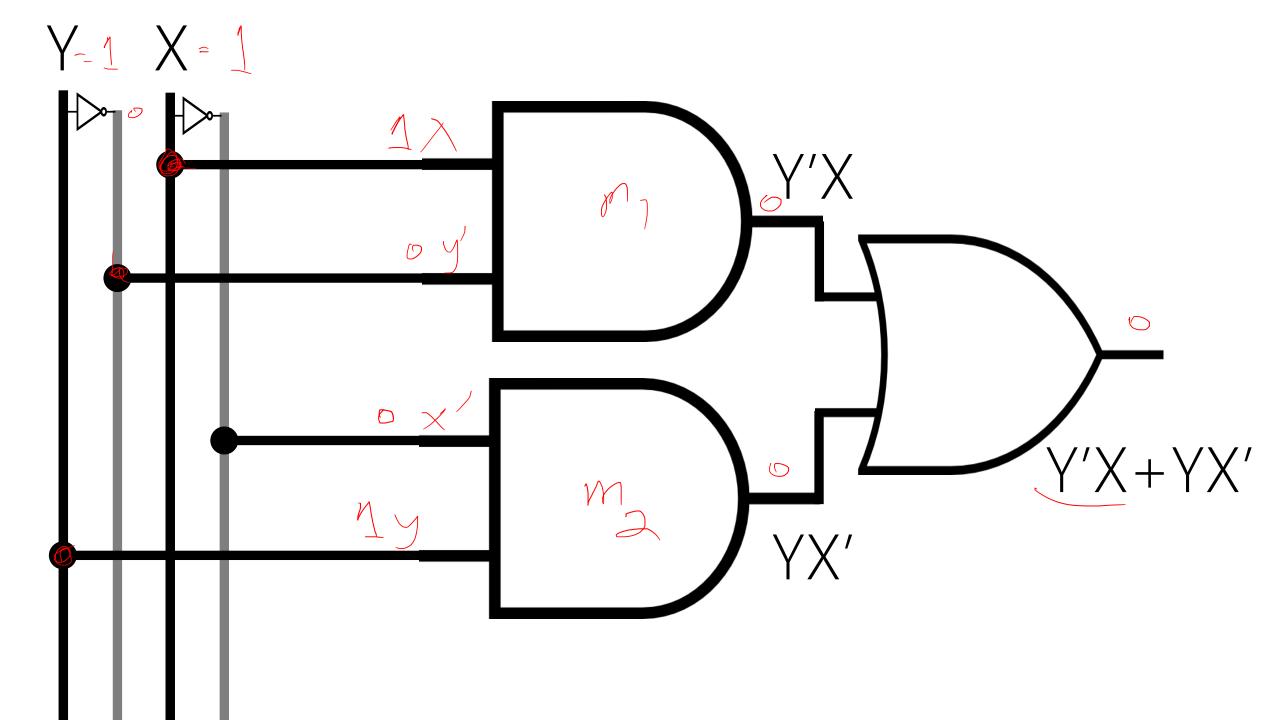


Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = ?
0	0	
0		
1	0	m_2 1
1	1	

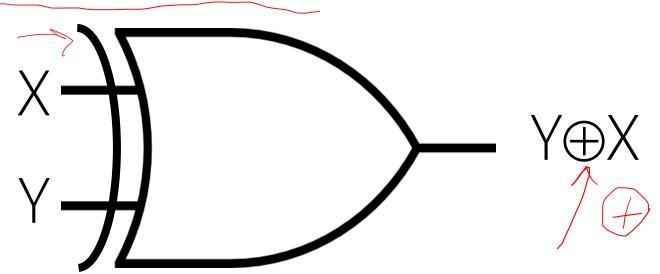
Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = Y'X
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	

Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = m_1 + m_2$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = \sum m(1,2)$
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	



Exclusive-OR (XOR) - OR



Ð		N.
INEQ	Va	1+1
\	V () 1	
	\	

Υ	X	OK	$F = F(Y,X) = Y'X+YX' = m_1+m_2$
0	0	J	0
0_	1	1	1
1_	0		1
1	1		0

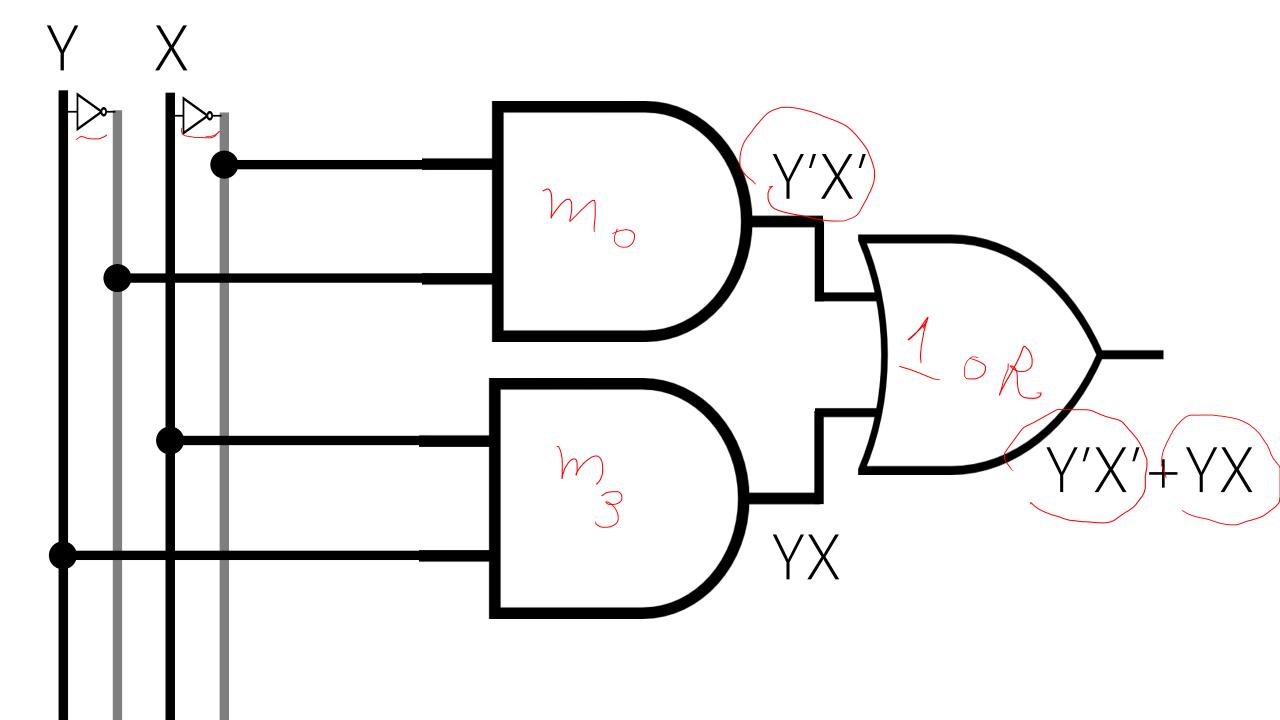
F = F(Y,X) = ?1 3 m (0,3)

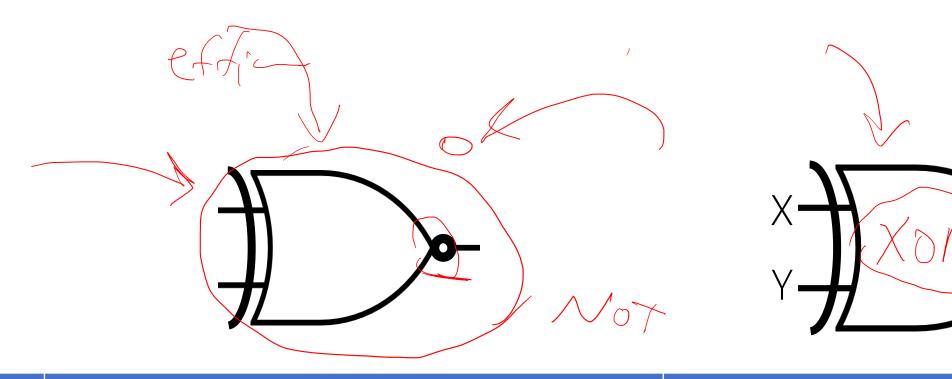
Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = Y'X'
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = Y'X'+YX
0	0	1
0	1	
1	0	
1	1	1

Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = m_0 + m_3$
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

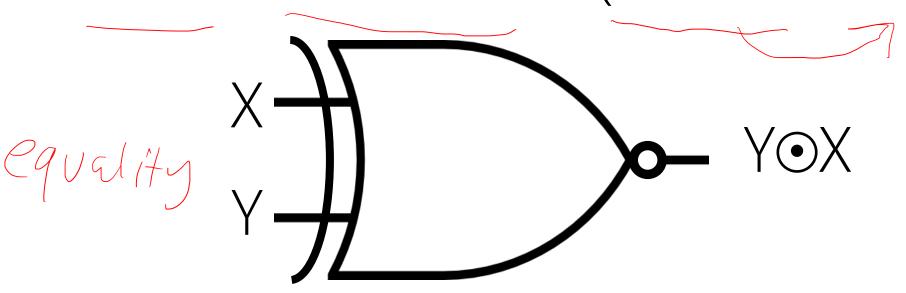
Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (0,3)$
0	0	
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1





Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = Y'X' + YX = m_0 + m_3$	$F = F(Y,X) = Y'X + YX' = m_1 + m_2$
0	0	1	→ ≥ 0
0	1	0	√1
1	0	0	(1
1	\bigcirc	1 6	·.> 0

NOT Exclusive-OR (NXOR → XNOR)



Y	X	$F = F(Y,X) = Y'X' + YX = m_0 + m_3$
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

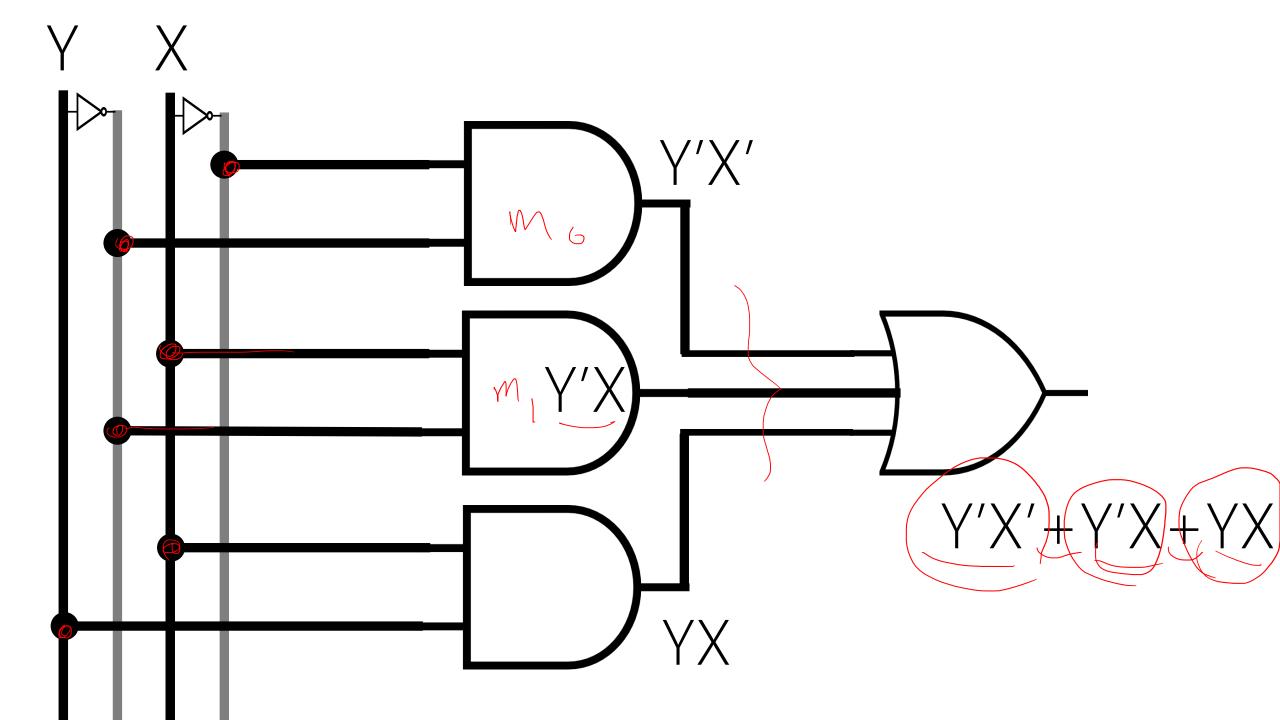
Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = ?
0	0	
0	1	$M_{l} \xrightarrow{AND} 1$
1	0	
1	1	$\frac{AM}{3}$

Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = Y'X'
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	
1	1	1

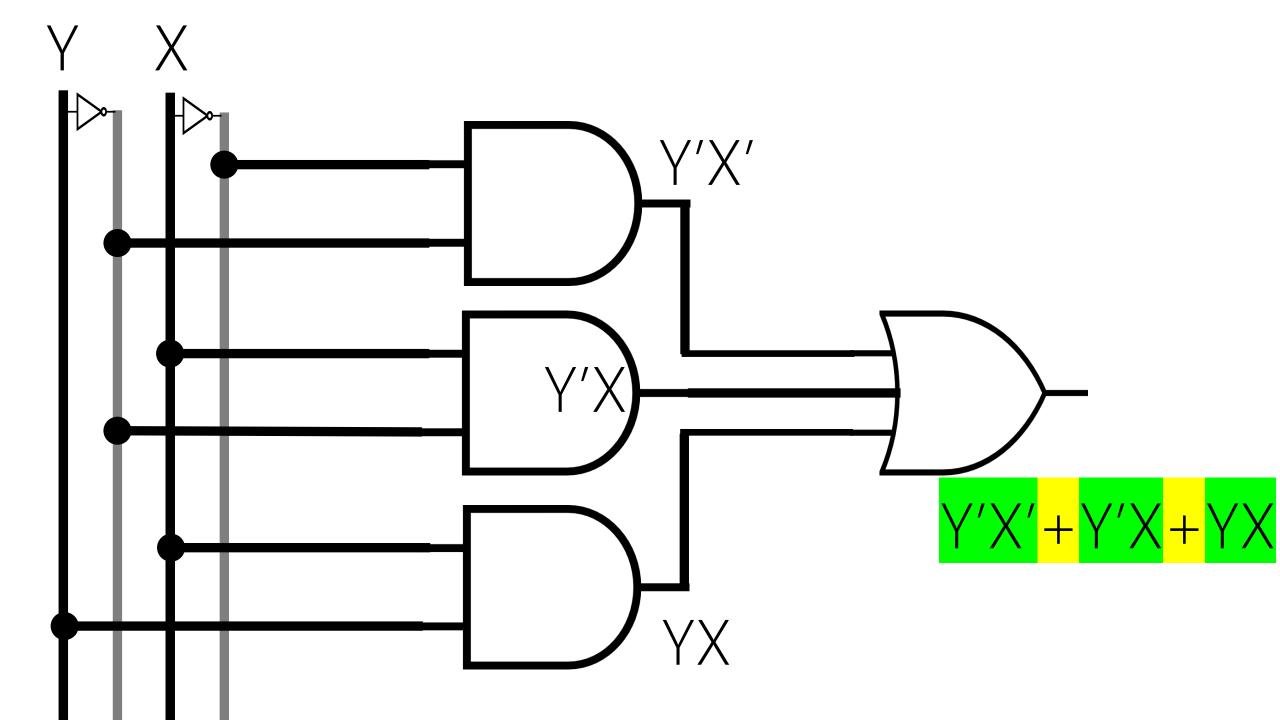
Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = Y'X'+Y'X
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	
1	1	1

Y	X	F = F(Y,X) = Y'X'+Y'X+YX
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	0
1	1	

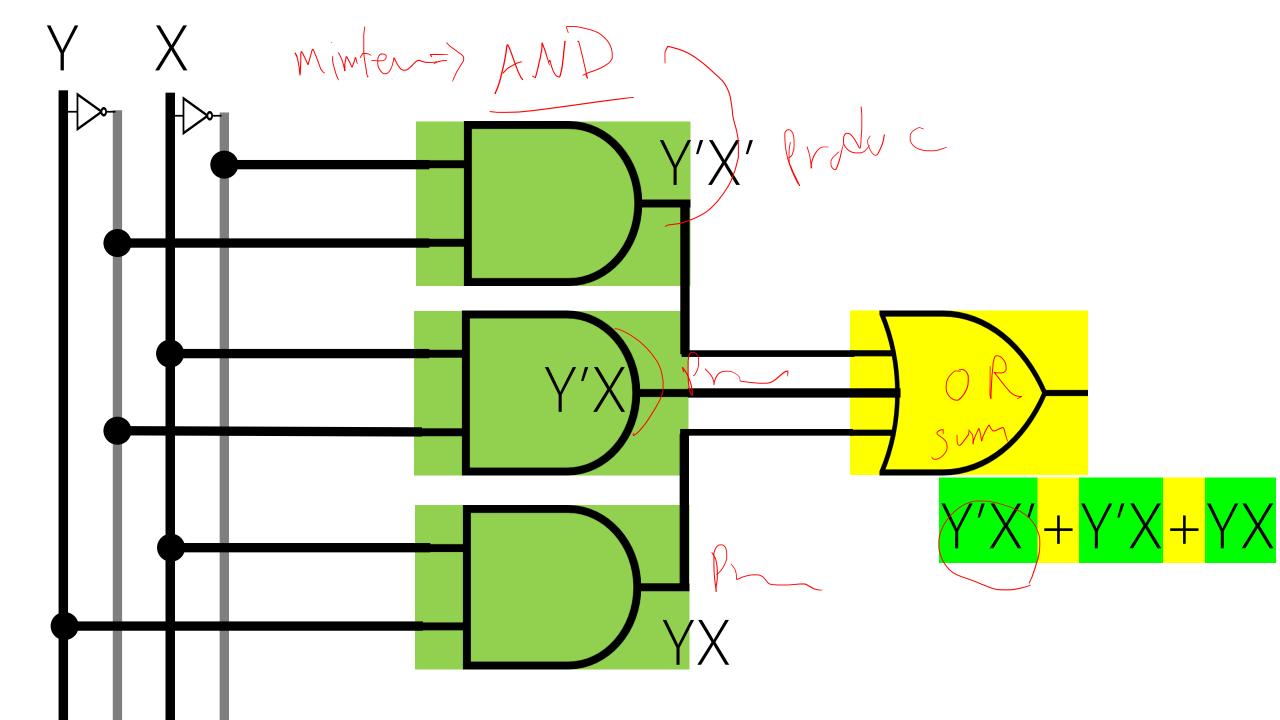
Y	X	$F=F(Y,X)=m_0+m_1+m_3 \\ = \sum m(0,1,3)$		
0	0	1		
0	1	1		
1	0	0		
1	1	1		



7 Truth table $2 \rightarrow Rows \rightarrow 1$ $\backslash M \longrightarrow M$ 3) for each vow mo X.Y=XXX



2 LEVELS AND OR



Given 3 inputs, design a circuit to determine if there is even number of 1

0 2 4 6 ---

TRUTH TABLE ←→ minterm

INPUTS/BINARY VARIABLES

OUTPUTS/BOOLEAN FUNCTIONS



Z	Y	X	F(Z,Y,X)=?
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

Z	Y	X	F(Z,Y,X)=Z'Y'X'
0	0	0	1 m ₆
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

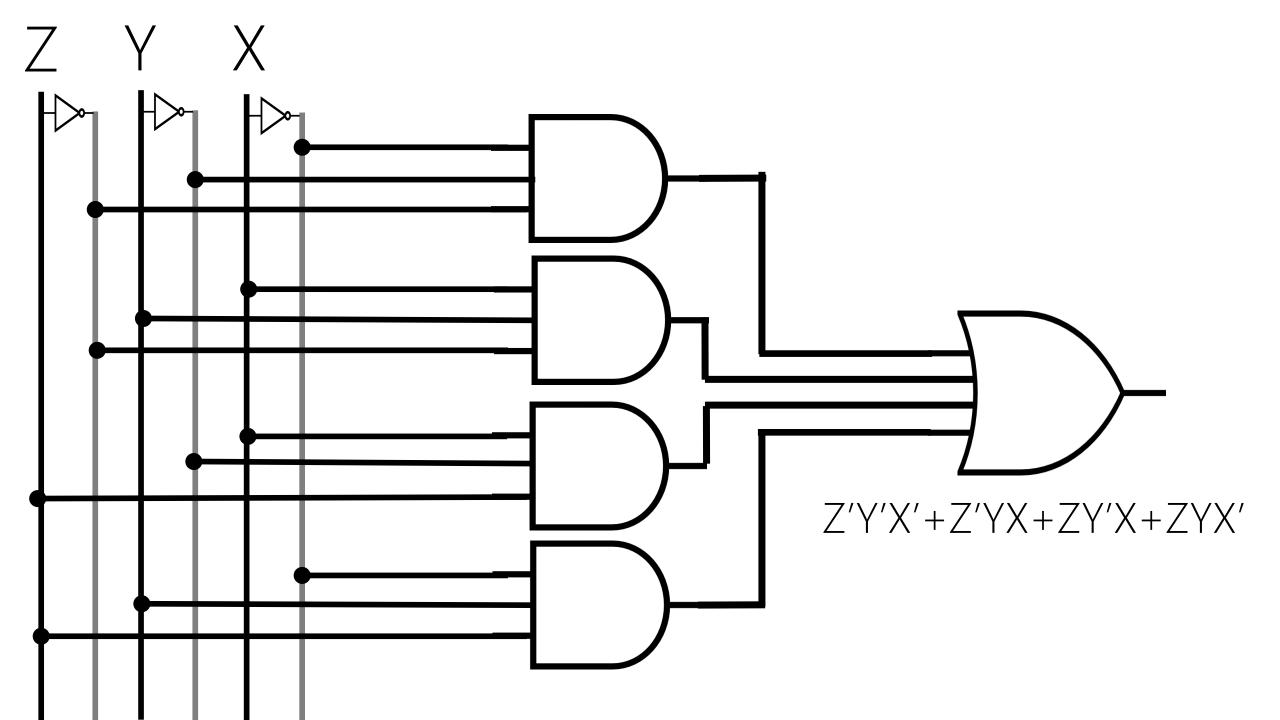
Z	Y	X	F(Z,Y,X) = Z'Y'X' + Z'YX
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	\rightarrow \sim 3
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

Z	Y	X	F(Z,Y,X) = Z'Y'X' + Z'YX + ZY'X
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

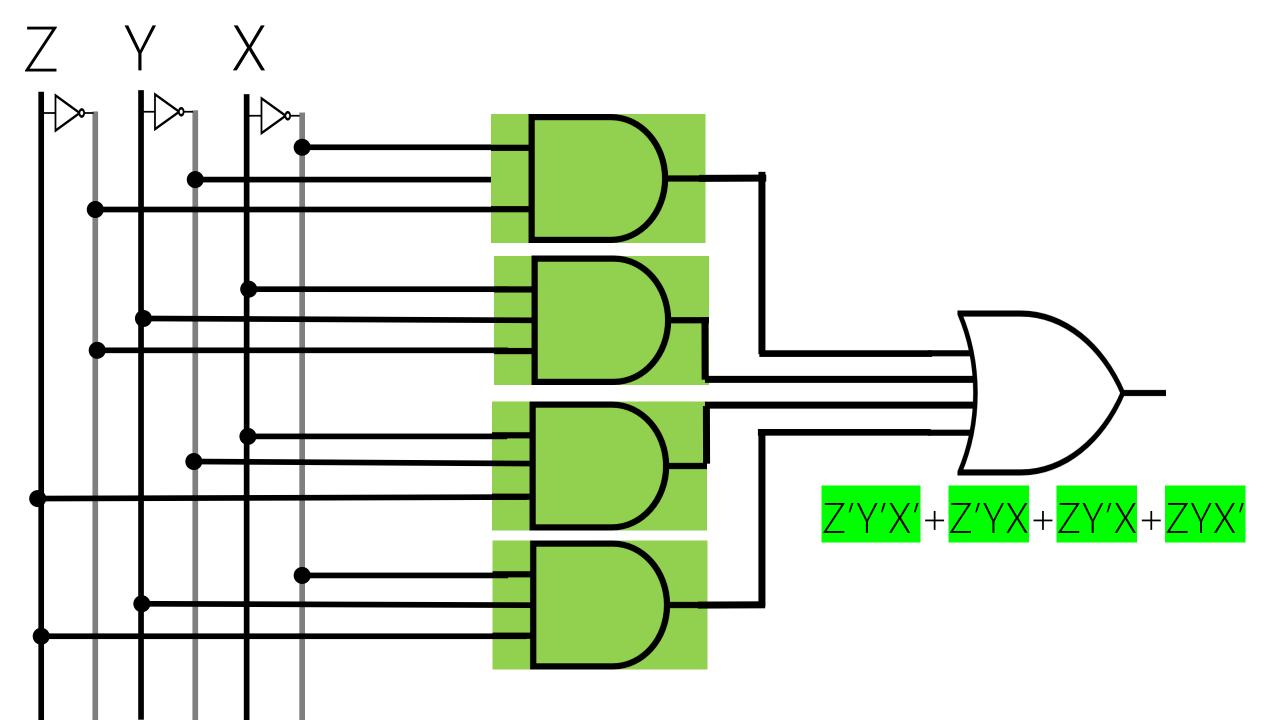
Z	Y	X	F(Z,Y,X) = Z'Y'X' + Z'YX + ZY'X + ZYX'
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

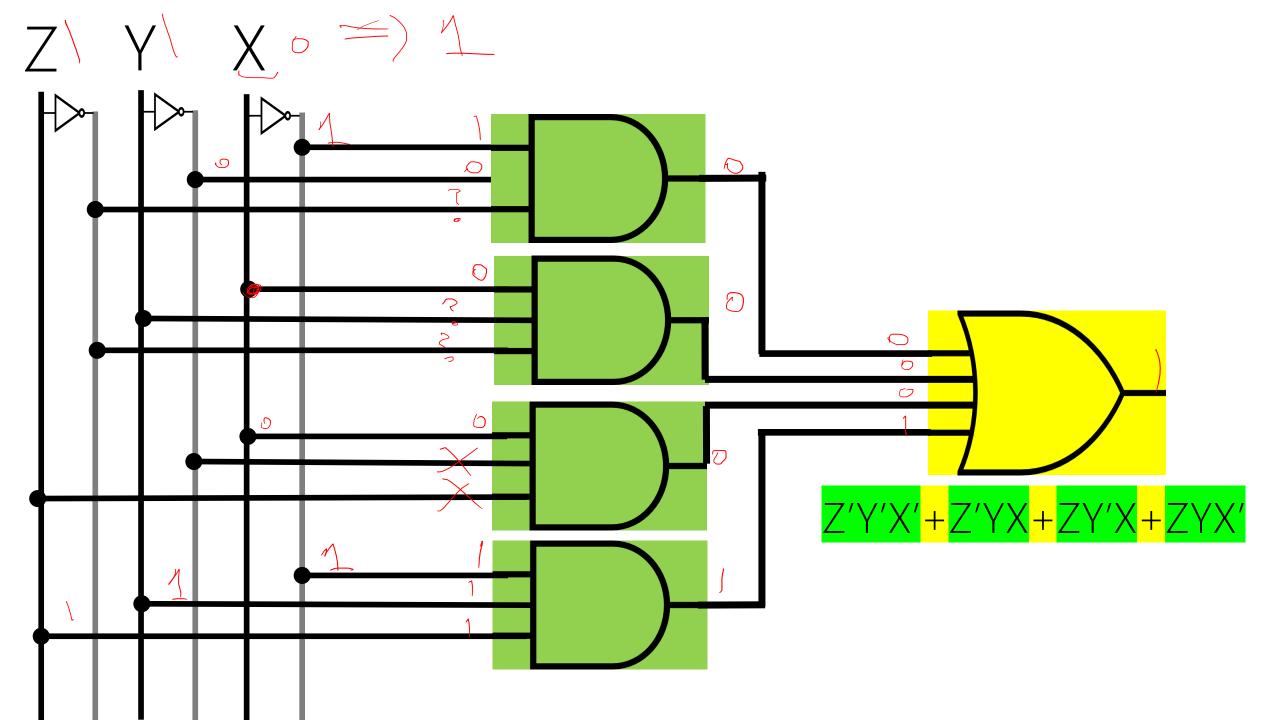
Z	Y	X	$F(Z,Y,X)=m_0+m_3+m_5+m_6$
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0

Z	Y	X	$F(Z,Y,X)=m_0+m_3+m_5+m_6=\sum m(0,3,5,6)$
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0



SUM OF PRODUCTS (SOP) 2 LEVELS AND-OR





SHOW THE REMAINDER (MOD) NUMBER % 3 = ?

TRUTH TABLE ←→ minterm

INPUTS/BINARY VARIABLES

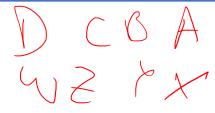
OUTPUTS/BOOLEAN FUNCTIONS

WHAT IS THE RANGE OF NUMBERS?

WHAT IS THE RANGE OF NUMBERS? [0, 15]₁₀

HOW MANY INPUT BINARY VARIABLES? $[0, 15]_{10} = [0,1111]_{2} = [00000,1111]_{2}$

$$\frac{3}{3} = 0$$



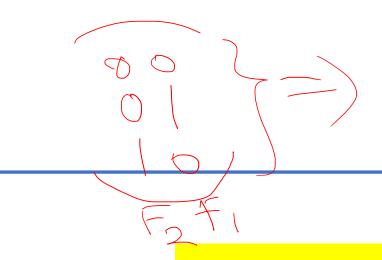
W	Z	Υ	X
U 0	0	0	0
\ 0	0	0	1
2 0	0	1	0
2 03 04 0	0	1	1
40	1	0	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	0	1	1
1	1	0	0
1	1	0	1
14 1	1	1	0
1	1	1	1

WHAT IS THE RANGE OF OUTPUT?

WHAT IS THE RANGE OF OUTPUT?

The remainder of any number divided by 3 is 0, 1, 2

WHAT IS THE RANGE OF OUTPUT? [0, 2]₁₀



HOW MANY BOOLEAN FUNCTION? $[0, 2]_{10} = [0, 10]_2 = [00, 10]_2$

W	Z	Υ	X	-	F ₂
0	0	0	0	D	6
0	0	0	1	D	
0	0	1	0		9
0	0	1	1	$oldsymbol{\wp}$	D D
0	1	0	0		
0	1	0	1	1	
0	1	1	0		
0	1	1	1		
1	0	0	0		
1	0	0	1		
1	0	1	0		
1	0	1	1		
1	1	0	0		
1	1	0	1		
1	1	1	0		
1	1	1	1		

W	Z	Υ	X	F ₁	F ₂
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1		
0	0	1	0		
0	0	1	1		
0	1	0	0		
0	1	0	1		
0	1	1	0		
0	1	1	1		
1	0	0	0		
1	0	0	1		
1	0	1	0		
1	0	1	1		
1	1	0	0		
1	1	0	1		
1	1	1	0		
1	1	1	1		

W	Z	Υ	Χ	F ₁	F ₂
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	0		
0	0	1	1		
0	1	0	0		
0	1	0	1		
0	1	1	0		
0	1	1	1		
1	0	0	0		
1	0	0	1		
1	0	1	0		
1	0	1	1		
1	1	0	0		
1	1	0	1		
1	1	1	0		
1	1	1	1		

W	Z	Υ	Χ	F ₁	F ₂
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	1		
0	1	0	0		
0	1	0	1		
0	1	1	0		
0	1	1	1		
1	0	0	0		
1	0	0	1		
1	0	1	0		
1	0	1	1		
1	1	0	0		
1	1	0	1		
1	1	1	0		
1	1	1	1		

W	Z	Υ	X	F ₁	F ₂
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0		
0	1	0	1		
0	1	1	0		
0	1	1	1		
1	0	0	0		
1	0	0	1		
1	0	1	0		
1	0	1	1		
1	1	0	0		
1	1	0	1		
1	1	1	0		
1	1	1	1		

W	Z	Υ	Χ	F ₁	F ₂
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1		0

minterms

W	Z	Υ	X	$F_1 = m_2 + m_5 + m_8 + m_{11} + m_{14}$	F ₂
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	0	1
1 8	0	0	0	M > 1	0
1	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	γh ₁₁ 1	0
1	1	0	0	O	0
1	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	m_{K} 1	0
1	1	1	1	0	0

W	Z	Υ	Χ	$F_1 = \sum m(2,5,8,11,14)$	$F_2 = m_1 + m_4 + m_7 + m_{10} + m_{13}$
0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	1)	0	m ₁ 1
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	$m \leq 1$
0	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	O
1	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	0	0

W	Z	Υ	X	$F_1 = \sum_{i=1}^{n} m(2,5,8,11,14)$	$F_2 = \sum m(1,4,7,10,13)$
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	0	1	0
0	0	1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	0	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	0
1	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	1	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	1	0
1	1	1	1	0	0

