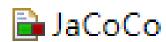
Ch2 Code Unit Testing

Write Code to Test Code(2)







Instructor: Haiying SUN

E-mail: hysun@sei.ecnu.edu.cn

Office: ECNU Science Build B1104

Available Time: Wednesday 8:00 -12:00 a.m.

Agenda



- Introduction to Unit Testing
- Common Code Defect Categories
- Unit Tests Design Heuristic Rules
- Unit Tests Implementation
 - Junit & Mockito & Qualified test scripts
- Code Test Adequacy Criteria
 - Control flow based & Jacoco
 - Data flow based
 - Mutation Based
- Code Test Generation

Readability

Good programmers write code that humans can understand

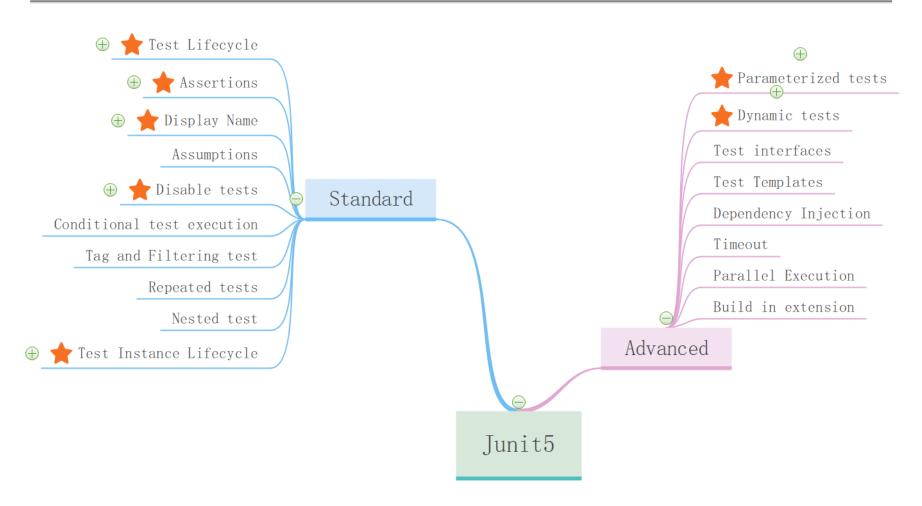


What is JUnit

JUnit is a simple, open source framework to write and run repeated tests

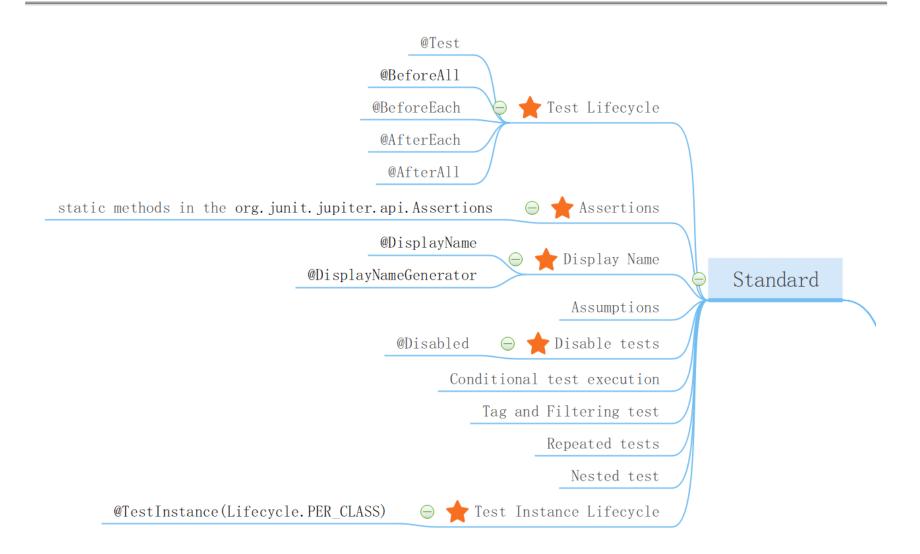
-- Org Junit

Junit5 Features

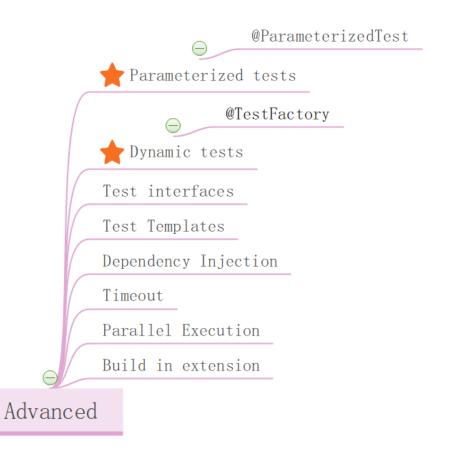


https://junit.org/junit5/docs/current/user-guide/

Junit5 Features

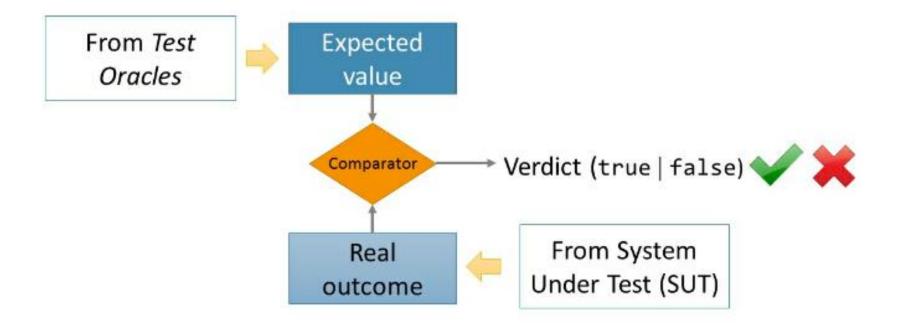


Junit5 Features

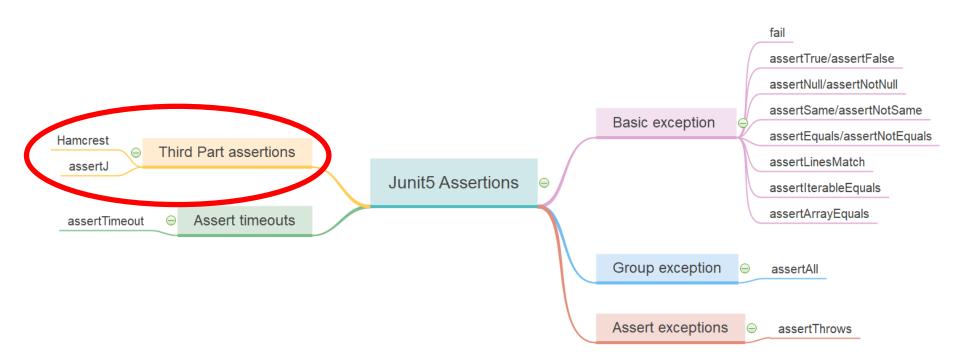


Assertions

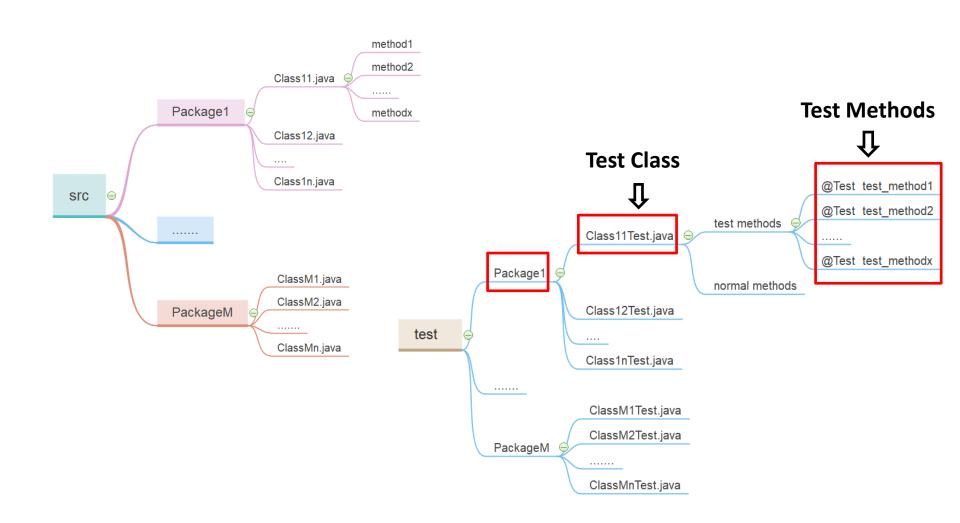
 An assertion (predicate) is a boolean statement typically used to reason about software correctness.



Junit5 Assertions



JUnit Test Code Structure



JUnit Test Code Structure

- Test Class
 - 命名方式:被测类名 + Test ,例,MeetCalendarTest
- Test Method
 - 真正执行测试发现缺陷的地方
 - 使用@Test, @RepeatedTest, @ParameterizedTest, @TestFactory,
 @TestTemplate 标注的方法
 - 3A Pattern
 - 1. Arrange: preparation for the coming test
 - 2. Action: execute code under test
 - 3. Assertion: compare actual outputs with expected ones

Test Lifecycle

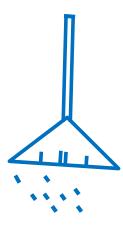
- A test composed of 4 stages:
 - 1. Setup (optional): the test initializes the test fixture
 - 2. Exercise: the test interacts with the SUT, getting some outcome from it as a result.
 - 3. Verify: the outcome from the system under test is compared to the expected value using one or several assertions (also known as predicates). As a result, a test verdict is created.
 - 4. Teardown (optional): the test releases the test fixture to put the SUT back into the initial state.

Test Lifecycle









Setup:

preparation for the coming test

Exercise:

execute code under test

Verify:

compare actual outputs with expected ones

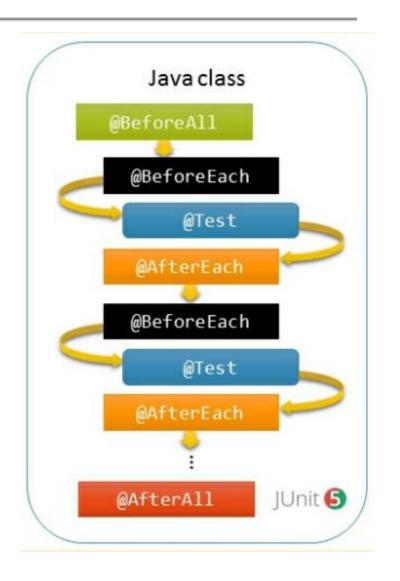
tearDown:

clean up test environment

@BeforeAll → @BeforeEach → @Test → @AfterEach → @BeforeEach → @Test → @AfterEach
→ @AfterAll

Test Lifecycle

- @BeforeAll (static method): executed before all @Test
- @BeforeEach: executed before each @Test
- @AfterEach: executed after each @Test
- @AfterAll (static method): executed after all @Test



Deal With Repeated Test

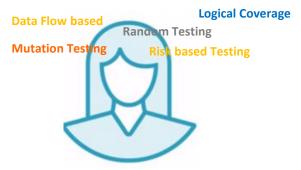
Data Driven Test

- Separated test data from test code
- @ParameterizedTest, Example Code: JUnitDemo.zip

• 操作练习

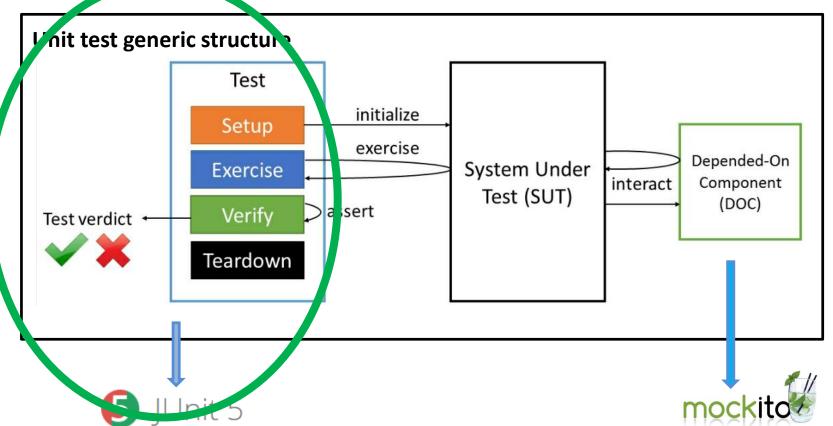
- 1. 课程网站下载MeetHereMaven.zip: 视频资料 JUnit + mockito视频
- 2. 解压MeetHereMaven. zip到当前目录(目录中不要有中文)
- 3. Idea中打开MeetHereMaven,等待Maven更新完毕
- 4. 查看test目录下SitePriceTest代码
- 5. 运行SitePriceTest
- 6. 查看运行测试的个数及测试执行情况

Control Flow based



1

Designed Test Cases



Practice

黄历说, 今天不宜敲代码



实验准备

- 1. 课程网站下载MockitoDemo.zip: 视频资料→
 JUnit + mockito视频
- 2. 解压MockitoDemo.zip到当前目录(目录中不要有中文)
- 3. Idea中打开MockitoDemo.zip注意JDK版本)

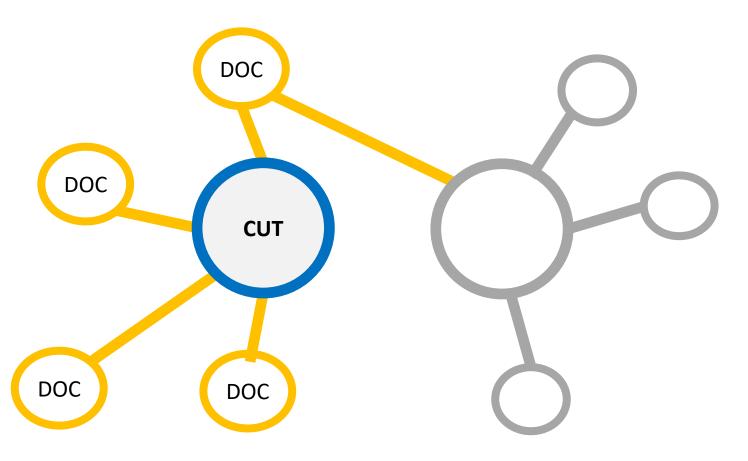
• 实验任务

- 阅读PhoneBookDAO.java, PhoneBookH2DAO.java,
 PhoneEntry.java
- 编写测试用例测试PhoneBookH2DAO的create ()

Difficulties

DOC Dependence On Component

CUT Code Under Test



Difficulties

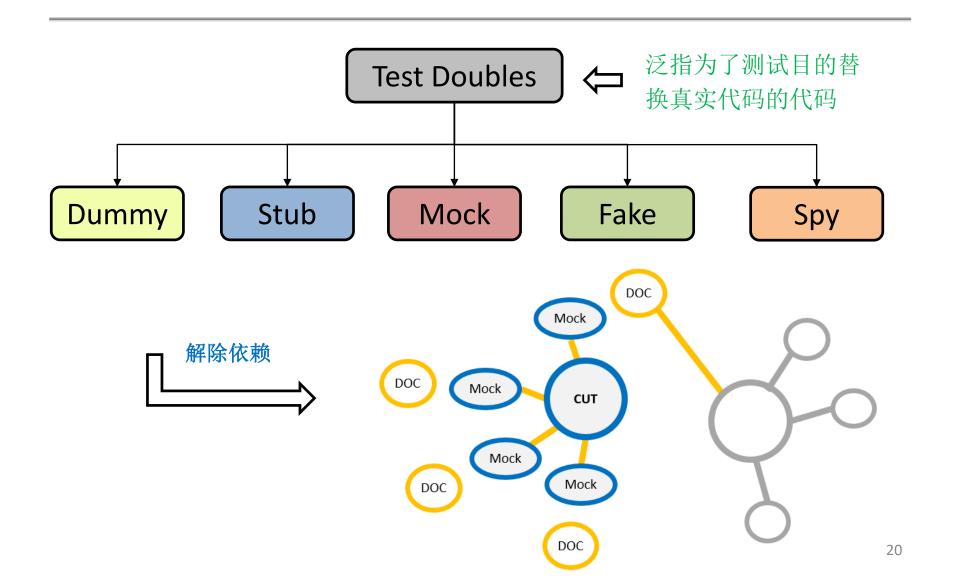
测试断言写什么?



测试断言写什么?

测试断言写什么?

Test Doubles



Test Doubles

Dummy

- 在测试方法中不使用其任何方法的测试替身
- 一般出现在方法的参数处
- 通常为了防止NullPointerException的出现,保证测试方法可以顺利执行

```
class DummyDemoTest {
    @Test

    void s1_is_null_return_null() {
        DummyDemo dd = new DummyDemo();
        PhoneEntry entry1 = null;

        PhoneEntry entry2 = new PhoneEntry();
        assertNull(dd.replaceEntryName(entry1,entry2));
}
}
```

MockitoDemo项目DummyDemoTest示例

Test Double

Fake

- 一种简化真实代码的测试替身,通常采用继承被Fake对象(真实 代码),成为其子类的方法实现
- 不能作为产品代码,单纯为了测试快,不在测试中出现耗时行为
- Example: In-memory database

```
class PhoneBookH2DaoFake extends PhoneBookH2Dao {
   protected Void LoadDriver() {
   }

   protected Connection getConnection() throws SQLException {
      return connection;
   }
}
```

Test Doubles

Stub

- Provide canned answer: 为其调用者提供测试过程中需要使用的信息
- 通常应用响应待测系统的请求, 然后返回特定的值

```
// You can mock concrete classes and interfaces
TrainSeats seats = mock(TrainSeats.class);

// stubbing appears before the actual execution
when(seats.book(Seat.near(WINDOW).in(FIRST_CLASS))).thenReturn(BOOKED);
```

Mockito中的打桩代码

Test Doubles

spy

- Spy are stubs that also record some information based on how they were called
 - 1. 使用真实代码的测试替身,返回其真实值
 - 2. 可以打桩
 - 3. 可以记录使用轨迹,便于在后续的测试活动中验证是不是安排的事情按照期望发生

```
package edu.ecnu.sei.mockito.trading;
 3
      public class DemoClass {
 4
 5
          public String foo() {
               return "I like mock";
 8
 9
%10
     package edu.ecnu.sei.mockito.trading;
    import static org.mockito.Mockito.spy;
 4
 5
     import org.junit.Test;
                                             Output: I like mock
 6
 7
     public class FirstSpy {
 8
 9
         DemoClass demo = spy(DemoClass.class);
10
11
         @Test
         public void what is a mock() {
12
13
             System.out.println(demo.foo());
14
15
                                                                    25
16
```

```
package edu.ecnu.sei.mockito.trading;
 3
      public class DemoClass {
 4
 5
          public String foo() {
 6
               return "I like mock";
 8
10
     package edu.ecnu.sei.mockito.trading;
 2
 3
   import static org.mockito.Mockito.mock;
 4
     import org.junit.Test;
                                              Output: null
     public class FirstMock {
         DemoClass demo = mock(DemoClass.class);
10
11
         @Test
         public void what_is_a_mock() {
12
13
14
15
             System.out.println(demo.foo());
```

26

Test Double

Mock

- 按照期望实现的用于测试方法中的行为代码
- 1. 正常路径:返回正常值
- 2. 异常路径:返回期望的错误/异常

Mockito

• mock被测对象外部依赖的Java开源测试框架



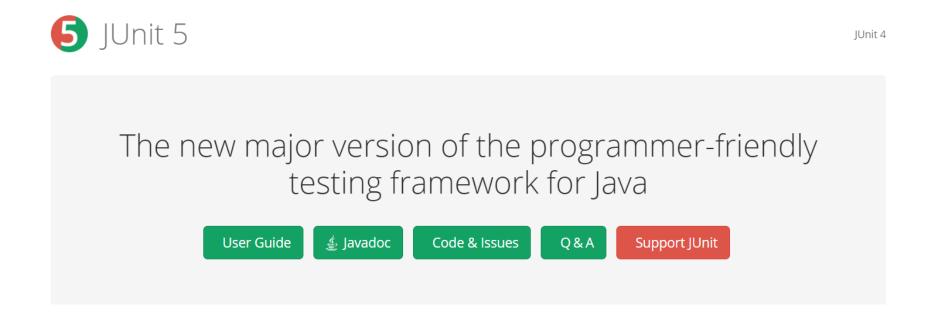
Two Approaches of Test Verdict Construction

- State based testing (Test by Result)
 - determine whether the CUT worked correctly by examining the state of the SUT and its collaborators after the method was exercised
- Behavioral based testing (Test by Process)
 - determine whether the CUT worked correctly by examining its action process

Typical Scenario for Mock Object

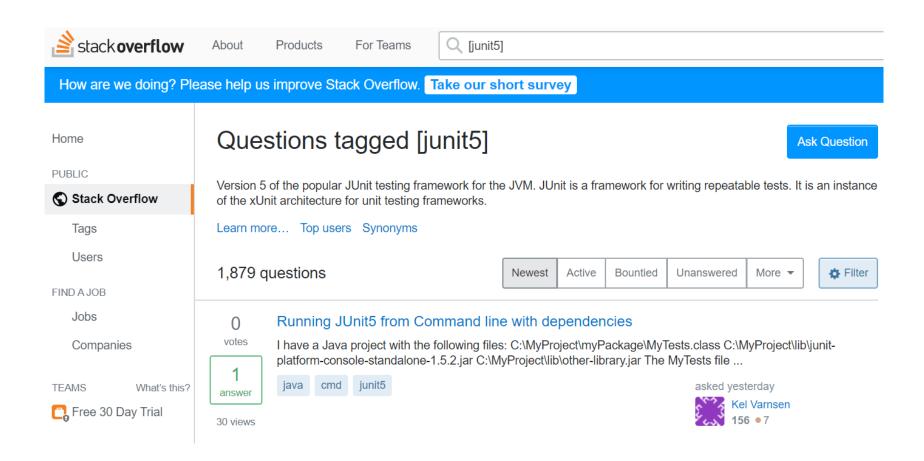
- objects supplies nondeterministic results
 - 1. maximum/minimum value
 - 2. random result
 - current time
- objects difficult to create or reproduce
 - 1. Network error
- objects not yet exist or may change behavior.
 - 1. want database query return same result

More about Junit5



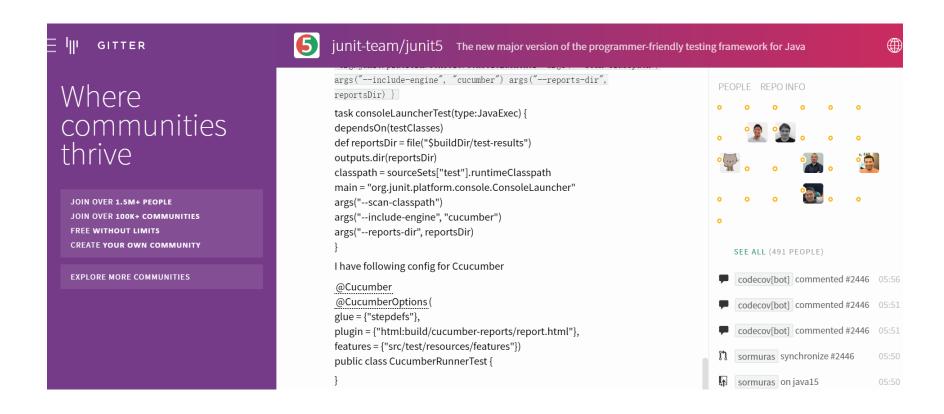
Junit org: https://junit.org/junit5/

More About Junit5



Questions on stackoverflow: https://stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/junit5

More About Junit5



Summary

- Junit is the most popular unit test frame for Java which sharpens the unit test techniques
- Mockito is a mock library used for which helps running code under test isolatedly

The End