

Grammar

"English Grammar Essentials: Unlocking the Power of Language"

Chapter 1- Overview



语法研究什么?

说什么? - 语言符号的意义 (meaning)

怎么说? - 语言符号的形式(form)和用法(use)

语法学什么?

- 1. 能读懂
- 2. 会造句

Chapter 1- Overview



Content

- I五大基本概念
- I五大基本句型
- I三大从句
- I定语
- I状语
- I 特殊句型/虚拟语气

- 1. 在第二周课前提交(拒绝延迟提交)
- 3. 尽量保持所有平台昵称一致

主语谓语宾语表语补语(宾补)



主语 谓语 宾语 表语 补语 (宾补)

·主语: 放在谓语动词前面的成分。

I love you
To see is to believe.
The flower smells great
Being able to love is the happiest thing in this world





主语谓语宾语表语补语(宾补)

谓语 = 动词

实义动词

系动词be动词 = 等同于be动词的词

动词 = 谓语? 助动词: is eating / is eaten / does eat

情态动词: can/may/must/should/would.

The days are getting longer and longer.

He fell ill yesterday.

Trees turn green in spring.

What you said sounds great.

He tasted the food, and the food tasted delicious.

The book still lies open on the desk.

Hove you

To see is to believe.

The flower smells great

Being able to love is the happiest thing in this world



主语谓语宾语表语补语(宾补)

·宾语:放在**实义动词**之后的。

I love you
To see is to believe.
The flower smells great
Being able to love is the happiest thing in this world



主语谓语宾语表语补语(宾补)

·表语:放在**系动词**之后的。

I love you
To see is to believe.
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Being able to love is the happiest thing in this world



主语谓语宾语补语(表语/宾补)

放在系动词之后/放在宾语后

To see is to believe.
The flower smells great
Being able to love is the happiest thing in this world

I find you beautiful I consider him a liar. I hear her singing.



主+谓: I arrived. / He died.

主+谓+宾: I love you.

主+谓+宾+宾: My mum bought me a drink.

主+谓+宾+宾补: I find you beautiful.

主+系+表: I am good (a student).



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Verb 决定一个句子的骨架 句子必须有谓语,谓语必然是动词 Tip: 但动词不一定是谓语,还可以是非谓语



I love you very much.

定语: 形容词

状语:副词-地点时间原因目的结果条件方向程度伴随状况等...

He cried.

The bus stopped.

It's raining now.

We have worked for 5 days.

Dark clouds hung overhead.

Gradually a smile appeared on her face.

He is smiling all over his face.

I did well in English.

He talked loudly in the classroom yesterday.



I love you very much.

定语: 形容词

状语:副词-地点时间原因目的结果条件方向程度伴随状况等...

I love you.

People all over the world speak English.

He did not know what to say.

He practice speaking English every day.

He is having dinner at home now.



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定语: 形容词

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He lent me some money.

He ordered herself a new dress.

She cooked her husband a delicious meal.

I showed him my pictures.

He showed me how to run the machine.



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He asked me to lend him some money.

Our teacher encourage us to do more reading.

I heard someone calling for help.

We saw her entering the room.

His father named him Laowang.



I love you very much.

定语: 形容词

状语:副词-地点时间原因目的结果条件方向程度伴随状况等...

Let the fresh air in.

We saw him out.

He kept his hands behind his back.

I want your homework done on time.

I will have my bike repaired. (I will have my hair cut) have sth done ...

They painted their boat white.



I love you very much.

定语: 形容词

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His advice proved right.

The shop stays open till 8'o clock.

The machine went wrong.

All these efforts seem in vain.

The room soon became crowded.



Chinese: 我们应该关注环保。

Chinese: 在这个问题上, 我持有不同的观点。

Chinese: 这项政策对社会有着深远的影响。

Chinese: 他们正在为未来做准备。

Chinese: 我们需要更多的信息来做出决定。

Chinese: 在这方面,我赞成你的观点。

Chinese: 她在学业上取得了很大的成就。

Chinese: 这个城市以其美丽的风景而闻名。

Chinese: 我们必须考虑到环保问题。

Chinese: 在全球范围内,人们面临着相似的挑战。

Chapter 3.5- 并列句



For

And

Nor

But

Or

Yet

So

He helped me and I helped him.

You can watch TV or you can do exercise.

You are nice <u>but</u> I don't love you.

Chapter 4- 名词性从句



姚明很高。

Yao ming is tall

姚明很高是一个事实。

X

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X is a fact.

Yao ming is tall is a fact.



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Chapter 2 Review



并列句。

You are nice. I don't love you

并列连词: And

And Or But

He helped me and I helped him. You can watch TV or you can do exercise You are nice but I don't love you.

Chapter 2 Review



基本句型 - 请修改如下段落

提前进来的同学还可以先看看上午布置给大家的段落修改片段

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Chapter 4- 名词性从句



姚明很高。

Yao ming is tall

姚明很高是一个事实。 X

X is a fact.

That Yao ming is tall is a fact.



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主+谓+宾: I love you.

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He did not know what to say.

He practice speaking English every day.

He is having dinner at home now.



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定语: 形容词

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I want your homework done on time.

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Chapter 2 Review



并列句。

You are nice. I don't love you

并列连词: And Or But

He helped me and I helped him. You can watch TV or you can do exercise You are nice but I don't love you.

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Chapter 4- 名词性从句



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Yao ming is tall

姚明很高是一个事实。

X

<u>x</u> is a fact.

That Yao ming is tall is a fact. 作了名词的功能 - 名词性从句。



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Chapter 4- 名词性从句



姚明很高。

Yao ming is tall

姚明很高是一个事实。 X

____x is a fact.

That Yao ming is tall is a fact.

That Yao ming is tall is a fact

We know (that) Yao ming is tall.

My opinion is that Yao ming is tall.

The opinion that Yao ming is tall is right.



主+谓: I arrived. / He died.

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Chapter 4- 名词性从句



姚明很高。

Yao ming is tall

姚明很高是一个事实。 X

X is a fact.

That Yao ming is tall is a fact.

That Yao ming is tall is a fact.

It is a fact that Yao ming is tall.

We know (that) Yao ming is tall.

My opinion is that Yao ming is tall.

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Chapter 4- 名词性从句



姚明很高。

It is a fact that Yao ming is tall.

主语从句

Yao ming is tall

We know (that) Yao ming is tall.

宾语从句

姚明很高是一个事实。

My opinion is that Yao ming is tall.

表语从句

X

The opinion that Yao ming is tall is right.

同位语从句

____x is a fact .

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He is having dinner at home now.



I love you very much.

定语: 形容词

状语:副词-地点时间原因目的结果条件方向程度伴随状况等...

He lent me some money.

He ordered herself a new dress.

She cooked her husband a delicious meal.

I showed him my pictures.

He showed me how to run the machine.



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He asked me to lend him some money.

Our teacher encourage us to do more reading.

I heard someone calling for help.

We saw her entering the room.

His father named him Laowang.



I love you very much.

定语: 形容词

状语:副词-地点时间原因目的结果条件方向程度伴随状况等...

Let the fresh air in.

We saw him out.

He kept his hands behind his back.

I want your homework done on time.

I will have my bike repaired. (I will have my hair cut) have sth done ...

They painted their boat white.



I love you very much.

定语: 形容词

状语:副词-地点时间原因目的结果条件方向程度伴随状况等...

His advice proved right.

The shop stays open till 8'o clock.

The machine went wrong.

All these efforts seem in vain.

The room soon became crowded.



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并列句。

You are nice. I don't love you

并列连词: And Or But

He helped me and I helped him. You can watch TV or you can do exercise

You are nice but I don't love you.



基本句型 - 请修改如下段落

提前进来的同学还可以先看看上午布置给大家的段落修改片段

Social networking sites have had both positive and negative impacts on individuals and the society. Today, there are an increasing number of people use social media, people like to do on social networking sites is sharing thoughts with friends or strangers. In addition, many social groups on social networking sites give people opportunities to participate in interesting discussions. However, use social networking sites can easily lead to personal information leakage.

Chapter 4- 名词性从句



Will you come to Chengdu tomorrow?

If/whether + 疑问句陈述语序 + 主句

你明天是否来成都对我很重要。

X

_ is important to me.

whether you will come to Chengdu tomorrow is important to me.



主+谓: I arrived. / He died.

主+谓+宾: I love you.

主+谓+宾+宾: My mum bought me a drink.

主+谓+宾+宾补: I find you beautiful.

主+系+表: I am good (a student).



I love you very much.

定语: 形容词

状语:副词-地点时间原因目的结果条件方向程度伴随状况等...

He cried.

The bus stopped.

It's raining now.

We have worked for 5 days.

Dark clouds hung overhead.

Gradually a smile appeared on her face.

He is smiling all over his face.

I did well in English.

He talked loudly in the classroom yesterday.



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定语: 形容词

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People all over the world speak English.

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He practice speaking English every day.

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Chapter 4- 名词性从句



Will you come to Chengdu tomorrow?

If/whether + 疑问句陈述语序 + 主句

Whether you will come to Chengdu tomorrow is important to me.

我知道你明天是否来成都。

I want to know <u>if/whether</u>

我的问题是你明天是否来成都。

My question is whether _____.

你明天是否来北京这个问题让我很烦心。

The question whether _____bothers me.



主+谓: I arrived. / He died.

主+谓+宾: I love you.

主+谓+宾+宾: My mum bought me a drink.

主+谓+宾+宾补: I find you beautiful.

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Will you come to chengdu tomorrow?

If/whether + 疑问句陈述语序 + 主句

Whether you will come to Chengdu tomorrow is important to me.

我知道你明天是否来成都。

I want to know if/whether you will come to Chengdu.

我的问题是你明天是否来成都。

My question is whether you will come to Chengdu.

你明天是否来北京这个问题让我很烦心。

The question whether you will come to Chengdu bothers me.



主+谓: I arrived. / He died.

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Chapter 2 Review



并列句。

You are nice. I don't love you

并列连词: And Or But

He helped me and I helped him. You can watch TV or you can do exercise You are nice but I don't love you.

Chapter 2 Review



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Why are you so clever?

特殊疑问词+陈述语序+主句

为什么你这么聪明是一个谜。 **x** ______is a mystery.

Why you are so clever is a mystery.



Why are you so clever?

特殊疑问词+陈述语序+主句

为什么你这么聪明是一个谜。

Why you are so clever is a mystery.

我不知道你为什么这么聪明

We don't know _____

你为什么这么聪明这个问题让我很感兴趣。

The question _____ interests me.



Why are you so clever?

特殊疑问词+陈述语序+主句

为什么你这么聪明是一个谜。

Why you are so clever is a mystery.

我不知道你为什么这么聪明

We don't know why you are so clever.

你为什么这么聪明这个问题让我很感兴趣。

The question why you are so clever interests me.



If the meeting will be put off has not been decided yet.

What knowledge and skills should universities provide has been argued for many years.

Yesterday she told me that Sam will go to France soon.

Yesterday, the teacher told us (that) the earth moves around the sun.

He believes that his dream will come true some day.

I remember Sam was having breakfast at 6 this morning.



否定前移: 第一人称 + think/believe/suppose/expect...

我认为你不对 I think you are right.

我不认为你对 I don't think you are right.

我想星期三之前他不会回来。



名词性从句常可作介词的宾语

A modern city has been set up in what was a wasteland ten years ago.

that引导的名词性从句不能做介词的宾语,除非在介词后加it,或加the fact再接that从句。

You may depend on the fact that every one of us will support your proposal.

I have confidence in the fact that she will succeed.



同位语从句:

1) 抽象名词

belief / fact / idea /problem/ information/conclusion/decision/ news/thoughts/explaination.

2) that 引导的宾语从句带宾语补足语时,常用it做形式宾语,把宾语从句放到后面,that不可以省略句子结构: 主语十谓语+it+ 宾语补足语+that+宾语从句。

We find it necessary that we practice speaking English every day.

>He always takes it for granted that he can pass the exam without hard work.

3) that引导的名词性从句不能做介词的宾语,除非在介词后加it,或加the fact再接that从句。

You may depend on the fact that every one of us will support your proposal.



- 1. I'm afraid (that) he won't pass the exam
- 2. We are sure that he will be successful soon
- 3. I am glad that you come to see me.



What he does is important.

I don't like what he does every day.

This is what he does every day.

I don't know the fact that he is a teacher.

Lily wanted to know if her grandma liked the handbag.

It all depends on whether she likes the boss or not.

None of us knows where these new parts can be bought.

I have heard that he will come tomorrow.



His brother asks when he will go to the library.

I don't know what he wants to buy.

Can you tell me who we are going to meet?

Could you tell us which gate we have to go to?

Could you please tell me how you use the new panel?

Could you tell us how much it costs to fly to Hainan?

Could you tell us how often you go abroad for a holiday?

Could you tell us how long the meeting will last?



I don't know how far it is to the cinema.

Please tell us how many students there are in your school.

Can you tell us how old his brother is?

Please tell us how soon you will be ready.

Group 9120

如果你把目标设置的过高,你很可能永远达不到它。

If you set your goal too high, chances are that you will never reach it.

如果你一直保持练习,你可能会马上提高你的能力。

事实证明我们本来打算去的餐厅因为装修关门了。

"It turns out that the restaurant we were planning to visit is closed for renovations.

事实证明我们和酒店只有一个街区的距离。



气候变化对我们星球构成重大威胁的现实是不可否认的。

支持健康生活方式好处的证据是有充分记录的。

学习第二语言可以拓宽视野的观念是被广泛接受的。

问题是我们是否应该采取更多的可持续措施。

教育是否应该是免费的是一个备受争议的话题。

很多人都觉得他们所得到的回报不公平。