# 【登登多邻国畅学课】写作模板合集

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### 【看图写句】

#### 人物类

The picture depicts that 什么样的人 wearing 什么东西 is/are 干什么(doing) 在哪里, which indicates that he/she/they is/are 什么情感.

#### 物类

The picture depicts that 什么东西/动物 is/are 怎么样(主动或被动) 在哪里, which indicates that ......(对于状态的推测).

It also portrays that 什么东西/动物 is/are 怎么样了(主动或被动).

#### 风景类

There is/are a/an/some 形容词+名词 in the foreground with/and a/an/a number of 形容词+名词 in the background, all of which constitute the aweinspiring scenery.

描述类 • 顶配版 (<mark>绿色</mark>为 C 级词)

Despite the fact that it is challenging to depict and generalize 题目主题 (名词/动名词), I would assert by instinct that 回答问题 (句子).

It was unquestionably last year (可替换成别的时间) that 发生了什么事(句子-过去时), which made me extraordinarily 情绪形容词(积极/消极). I had no anticipation of the occurrence

- **好事 (难忘、惊喜):** because I used to regard that 某事/某物/某人 不怎么样或不会做这样的事情 (句子-过去时). (有时间接着写)
- 坏事 (后悔, 挫折): , but fortunately, an acquaintance advised me to 做某事, which effectually 解决了某个问题 (过去时). (有时间接着写)

In conclusion, undoubtedly, the incident did expose me to 事件 (名词/动名词) and reshaped my perception of 题目主题关键词 (名词/动名词).

#### 描述类 · 简化版 (黄色为可替换部分)

Despite the fact that it is challenging to describe and conclude 题目主题 (名词/动名词), I would say without hesitation that 回答问题 (句子).

It was exactly last year (可替换成别的时间) that 发生了什么事 (句子-过去时), which made me extremely 情绪形容词 (积极/消极). I had no expectation of the happening of the event

- **好事 (难忘、惊喜):** because I used to think that 某事/某物/某人 不怎么样或不会做这样的事情 (句子-过去时). (有时间接着写)
- 坏事 (后悔, 挫折): , but fortunately, an acquaintance advised me to 做某事, which effectively 解决了某个问题 (过去时). (有时间接着写)

In conclusion, without question, the incident did lead me to 事件 (名词/动名词) and changed my understanding of 题目主题关键词 (名词/动名词).

目标分数	建议模板 C 级词个数 (至少)	
85-90	9	
95-100	10	
105-110	11	
115-120	12	
125+	13	

选择对比类 • 顶配版 (<mark>绿色</mark>为 C 级词)

The contentious topic with regard to 题目关键词 (名词/动名词) has engendered an impassioned altercation. A considerable number of people contend that 反 方观点一句话, whereas I am predisposed to advocate that 正方观点一句话.

Undeniably, it is indispensable to acknowledge the significance of XXX (名词, 正面积极). If 发生了什么事/做了什么事/不做什么事, then 会有什么结果. (有时间接着写)

Consequently, the prevailing evidence undoubtedly amplifies the standpoint that 重申观点.

### 选择对比类 · 简化版 (黄色为可替换部分)

The controversial topic of 题目关键词(名词/动名词)has launched a heated debate. Many people think that 反方观点一句话, but I tend to argue that 正方观点一句话.

We cannot deny that it is necessary to realize the importance of XXX (名词,正面积极). If 发生了什么事/做了什么事/不做什么事, then 会有什么结果. (有时间接着写)

As a result, the current evidence can definitely draw the conclusion that 重申观点.

目标分数	建议模板 C 级词个数 (至少)
0-90	5
95-105	8
110-115	12
120-130	15
135+	18

## 【互动听力-对话总结】

I was talking to my friend/my professor about 对话主题(情景总结).

My friend/my professor contended ...(只看白色对话框, 1-2 个重点).

I hoped to ...(只看绿色对话框, 1个重点).

Finally, we decided to ...(一般为约时间见面).

注: 答题时不用换行; 第2第3句的位置可根据对话顺序颠倒。

### 【常用高级词汇】

#### 情感 C 级词

积极			
blissful	幸福的 (happy)	inquisitive	好奇的 (curious)
blithe	开心的 (happy)	serene	放松的 (relaxed)
open-mouthed	惊讶的 (surprised)	heady	兴奋的 (excited)
thunderstruck	惊讶的 (surprised)	engrossed	全神贯注的(fully absorbed)

		0	-01
消极			
indignant	愤怒的 (angry)	combative	好斗的 (aggressive)
loath	抵触的 (unwilling)	austere	严肃的 (serious)
intimidated	害怕的 (afraid)	aggrieved	委屈的 (to be treated unfairly)
discontented	不满意的 (dissatisfied)	crestfallen	失望的 (disappointed)
distressed	苦恼的 (sad, anxious)	apprehensive	忧虑的 (worried)

### 【常用高级词汇】

### 风景形容词

B2 级			
magnificent	华丽的;雄伟的;宏伟的	spectacular	壮观的;引人入胜的
epic	如史诗般的; 经典的; 极好的	glamorous	充满魅力的; 迷人的
picturesque	如画一般的; 生动的; 独特的	splendid	壮丽的,辉煌的
stunning	极好的	lush	(树木) 郁郁葱葱的

C 级			
awe-inspiring	令人敬畏的	dazzling	令人目眩神迷的
breathtaking	美到窒息的	withered	(植物) 枯萎的; 凋谢的
tranquil	静谧的	quaint	古雅的
intriguing	有趣的	exuberant	茂盛的

### 【常用高级词汇】

#### 穿着常用词

穿着常用词	AN EE		
帽子 (hat/cap)			
baseball cap	棒球帽	turban	头巾
knitted hat	针织帽	beret hat	贝雷帽
fisherman hat	渔夫帽		

衣服 (clothes)			
suit	西装或功能性套装	jacket	短外衣夹克
dress	裙子	sweater	毛衣
t-shirt	体恤	jeans	牛仔裤
shirt	衬衫	costume	戏服
uniform	制服	long-sleeve top	长袖上衣
coat	外套	sleeveless shirt	无袖背心
academic gowns       学士服/袍			

配饰 (accessories)			
necklace	项链	earrings	耳环
tie	领带		