## LAB 10: Dijkstra's Algorithm

CS211 – Data Structures and Algorithms
Usman Institute of Technology
Fall 2020

- How to submit:
  - Online: Submit on your respective MS Teams.
  - A. Create a class Vertex that stores the information containing value and the distance.
- 1. Add a constructor of the class that takes one argument <u>value</u> in order to set the number of vertices. The constructor should also initialize an attribute distance and an attribute pi.

```
class Vertex:
    def __init__ (self, value):
        // your code goes here
```

- B. Create a class Priority Queue that implements the functions of the queue in the following order.
- 1. Add a constructor of the class that initializes an empty list.

```
class PriorityQueue:
    def __init__ (self):
        // your code goes here
```

2. Add a function IsEmpty() which <u>returns</u> True if the list is empty otherwise False.

```
def IsEmpty(self):
    // your code goes here
```

3. Add a function Enqueue() that <u>adds</u> Vertex object in the queue

```
def Enqueue(self):
    // your code goes here
```

4. Add a function Dequeue() that removes the object from the queue

```
def Dequeue(self):
    // your code goes here
```

5. Add a function ExtractMin() that returns the vertex with minimum distance from the queue.

```
def ExtractMin(self):
    // your code goes here
```

- C. Create a class DGraph that implements the functions for calculating Shortest Path in the following order.
- 1. Add a constructor of the class that initializes number of vertices and an adjacency matrix.

```
Class DGraph:

def __init__ (self, vertex):

// your code goes here
```

2. Add a function AddDirectedEdges() connects the edges of source and destination.

```
def AddDirectedEdges(self, source, dest, cost):
    // your code goes here
```

3. Add a function GetDirectedNeighbours() that <u>returns</u> the list of the neighbours of the source.

```
def GetDirectedNeigbours (self, source):
    // your code goes here
```

4. Add a function DijkstraShortestPath() that calculates the shortest path for the graph.

```
def DijkstraShortestPath(self, source):
    // your code goes here
```