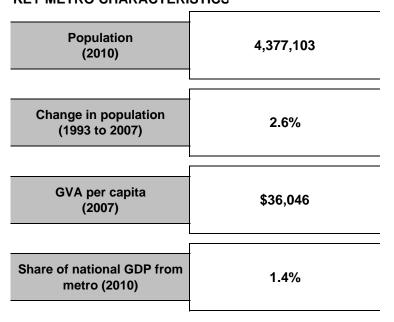
## GLOBAL METROMONITOR



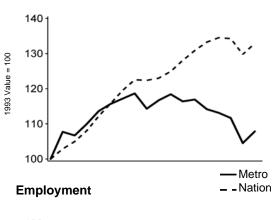
## **KEY METRO CHARACTERISTICS**

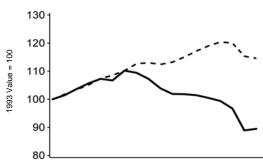


## **Detroit UNITED STATES**

METRO ECONOMIC TRENDS, 1993 TO 2010

**GVA** per capita (Income)





## **METRO PERFORMANCE RANKINGS**

| Pre-recession<br>(1993 to 2007) |             |            |        |  |  |
|---------------------------------|-------------|------------|--------|--|--|
|                                 |             | Employment | Income |  |  |
| 146                             | Nagoya      | 0.2%       | 1.0%   |  |  |
| 147                             | Detroit     | 0.0%       | 0.9%   |  |  |
| 148                             | New Orleans | -0.6%      | 1.4%   |  |  |

| (Year of Minimum Growth, 2007 to 2009) |           |            |        |  |  |  |
|--|-----------|------------|--------|--|--|--|
|  |           | Employment | Income |  |  |  |
| 145                                    | Barcelona | -7.3%      | -6.9%  |  |  |  |
| 146                                    | Detroit   | -8.1%      | -6.4%  |  |  |  |
| 147                                    | Vilnius   | -4.0%      | -13.3% |  |  |  |

Recession

| (2009 to 2010) |         |            |        |  |
|----------------|---------|------------|--------|--|
|                |         | Employment | Income |  |
| 45             | Sydney  | 2.2%       | 1.3%   |  |
| 46             | Detroit | 0.6%       | 3.2%   |  |
| 47             | Moscow  | 0.4%       | 3.5%   |  |

Recovery



Source: Brookings and LSE analysis of data from the US Bureau of Labor Statistics, US Census Bureau, Oxford Economics, Moody's Economy.com, and Cambridge Econometrics. Some values are based on forecasted estimates; please see report for further details.

