普通用户修改自己的密码

MySQL 中普通用户修改自己的密码,一般就使用 SET PASSWORD 的命令来修改。与【例 9-9】不同的是,普通用户修改自己的密码,无需指定用户名和主机名。

【例 9-11】user1 用户将自己的密码修改为"testPass_1",在终端窗口输入命令: SET PASSWORD =PASSWORD("testPass_1");

```
C:\Users\LENOVO>mysql -u user1 -p
Enter password: *********
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 21
Server version: 5.7.10-log MySQL Community Server (GPL)

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Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> SET PASSWORD =PASSWORD("testPass_1");
Query OK, O rows affected, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```