

### Extracting and Visualizing Stock Data

### Description

Extracting essential data from a dataset and displaying it is a necessary part of data science; therefore individuals can make correct decisions based on the data. In this assignment, you will extract some stock data, you will then display this data in a graph.

### **Table of Contents**

- Define a Function that Makes a Graph
- Question 1: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data
- Question 2: Use Webscraping to Extract Tesla Revenue Data
- Question 3: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data
- Question 4: Use Webscraping to Extract GME Revenue Data
- Question 5: Plot Tesla Stock Graph
- Question 6: Plot GameStop Stock Graph

Estimated Time Needed: 30 min

```
In [70]: !pip install yfinance==0.1.67
!mamba install bs4==4.10.0 -y
!pip install nbformat==4.2.0
```

Requirement already satisfied: yfinance==0.1.67 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/pyth on/lib/python3.7/site-packages (0.1.67)

Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=0.24 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/l ib/python3.7/site-packages (from yfinance==0.1.67) (1.3.5)

Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.20 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python /lib/python3.7/site-packages (from yfinance==0.1.67) (2.28.1)

Requirement already satisfied: lxml>=4.5.1 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from yfinance==0.1.67) (4.9.1)

Requirement already satisfied: multitasking>=0.0.7 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/p ython/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from yfinance==0.1.67) (0.0.11)

Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.15 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from yfinance==0.1.67) (1.21.6)

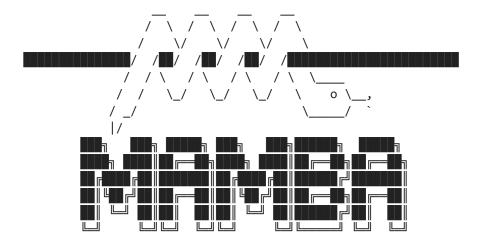
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7.3 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/env s/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.24->yfinance==0.1.67) (2.8.2) Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2017.3 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from pandas>=0.24->yfinance==0.1.67) (2022.6)

Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<3,>=2 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/e nvs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance==0.1.67) (2.1.1)

Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/py thon/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance==0.1.67) (2022.12.7)

Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.27,>=1.21.1 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance==0.1.67) (1.26.13)

Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/l ib/python3.7/site-packages (from requests>=2.20->yfinance==0.1.67) (3.4) Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7.3->pandas>=0.24->yfinance==0.1.6 7) (1.16.0)



mamba (0.15.3) supported by @QuantStack

GitHub: https://github.com/mamba-org/mamba
Twitter: https://twitter.com/QuantStack

Looking for: ['bs4==4.10.0']

| pkgs/main/noarch   | [>       | (:) No change       |
|--------------------|----------|---------------------|
| pkgs/main/noarch   | [======] | (00m:00s) No change |
| pkgs/r/linux-64    | [>       | (:) No change       |
| pkgs/r/linux-64    | [======] | (00m:00s) No change |
| pkgs/main/linux-64 | [>       | (:) No change       |
| pkgs/main/linux-64 | [======] | (00m:00s) No change |
| pkgs/r/noarch      | [>       | (:) No change       |
| pkgs/r/noarch      | [======] | (00m:00s) No change |

#### Pinned packages:

- python 3.7.\*

#### Transaction

Prefix: /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python

All requested packages already installed

Requirement already satisfied: nbformat==4.2.0 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/pytho n/lib/python3.7/site-packages (4.2.0)

Requirement already satisfied: jupyter-core in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/l ib/python3.7/site-packages (from nbformat==4.2.0) (4.12.0)

Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=4.1 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python /lib/python3.7/site-packages (from nbformat==4.2.0) (5.6.0)

Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/en vs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from nbformat==4.2.0) (4.17.3)

Requirement already satisfied: ipython-genutils in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/pyth on/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from nbformat==4.2.0) (0.2.0)

Requirement already satisfied: importlib-resources>=1.4.0 in /home/jupyterlab/conda /envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat== 4.2.0) (5.10.1)

Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=17.4.0 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (22.1.0)

Requirement already satisfied: pkgutil-resolve-name>=1.3.10 in /home/jupyterlab/con da/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (1.3.10)

Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/pyt hon/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (4.4.0)

Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/py thon/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (4.11.4)

Requirement already satisfied: pyrsistent!=0.17.0,!=0.17.1,!=0.17.2,>=0.14.0 in /ho me/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (0.19.2)

Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=3.1.0 in /home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages (from importlib-resources>=1.4.0->jsonschema!=2.5.0,>=2.4->nbformat==4.2.0) (3.11.0)

```
In [71]: import yfinance as yf
    import pandas as pd
    import requests
    from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
    import plotly.graph_objects as go
    from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
```

### **Define Graphing Function**

In this section, we define the function <code>make\_graph</code> . You don't have to know how the function works, you should only care about the inputs. It takes a dataframe with stock data (dataframe must contain Date and Close columns), a dataframe with revenue data (dataframe must contain Date and Revenue columns), and the name of the stock.

```
In [72]:

def make_graph(stock_data, revenue_data, stock):
    fig = make_subplots(rows=2, cols=1, shared_xaxes=True, subplot_titles=("Histori stock_data_specific = stock_data[stock_data.Date <= '2021--06-14']
    revenue_data_specific = revenue_data[revenue_data.Date <= '2021-04-30']
    fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(stock_data_specific.Date, infer_date fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(revenue_data_specific.Date, infer_date fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=1, col=1)
    fig.update_vaxes(title_text="Date", row=2, col=1)
    fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Price ($US)", row=1, col=1)
    fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Revenue ($US Millions)", row=2, col=1)
    fig.update_layout(showlegend=False, height=900, title=stock, xaxis_rangeslider_visible=True)
    fig.show()</pre>
```

### Question 1: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is Tesla and its ticker symbol is TSLA.

```
In [102... tesla = yf.Ticker("TSLA")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named tesla\_data. Set the period parameter to max so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
In [103... tesla_data = tesla.history(period = "max")
    tesla_data.head()
```

Out[103]:

Out

| • |            | Open     | High     | Low      | Close    | Volume    | Dividends | Stock Splits |
|---|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
|   | Date       |          |          |          |          |           |           |              |
|   | 2010-06-29 | 1.266667 | 1.666667 | 1.169333 | 1.592667 | 281494500 | 0         | 0.0          |
|   | 2010-06-30 | 1.719333 | 2.028000 | 1.553333 | 1.588667 | 257806500 | 0         | 0.0          |
|   | 2010-07-01 | 1.666667 | 1.728000 | 1.351333 | 1.464000 | 123282000 | 0         | 0.0          |
|   | 2010-07-02 | 1.533333 | 1.540000 | 1.247333 | 1.280000 | 77097000  | 0         | 0.0          |
|   | 2010-07-06 | 1.333333 | 1.333333 | 1.055333 | 1.074000 | 103003500 | 0         | 0.0          |

**Reset the index** using the reset\_index(inplace=True) function on the tesla\_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the tesla\_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 1 to the results below.

```
In [104... tesla_data.reset_index(inplace = True)
    tesla_data.head()
```

| [104]: |   | Date       | Open     | High     | Low      | Close    | Volume    | Dividends | Stock Splits |
|--------|---|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|
|        | 0 | 2010-06-29 | 1.266667 | 1.666667 | 1.169333 | 1.592667 | 281494500 | 0         | 0.0          |
|        | 1 | 2010-06-30 | 1.719333 | 2.028000 | 1.553333 | 1.588667 | 257806500 | 0         | 0.0          |
|        | 2 | 2010-07-01 | 1.666667 | 1.728000 | 1.351333 | 1.464000 | 123282000 | 0         | 0.0          |
|        | 3 | 2010-07-02 | 1.533333 | 1.540000 | 1.247333 | 1.280000 | 77097000  | 0         | 0.0          |
|        | 4 | 2010-07-06 | 1.333333 | 1.333333 | 1.055333 | 1.074000 | 103003500 | 0         | 0.0          |

## Question 2: Use Webscraping to Extract Tesla Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork /labs/project/revenue.htm Save the text of the response as a variable named html\_data .

```
In [105... url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDevelo
html_data = requests.get(url).text
Parse the html data using beautiful_soup.
```

```
In [106... soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data, 'html.parser')
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read\_html function extract the table with Tesla Quarterly Revenue and store it into a dataframe named tesla\_revenue . The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue .

► Click here if you need help locating the table

# Out[107]: Date Revenue 0 2022-09-30 \$21,454 1 2022-06-30 \$16,934 2 2022-03-31 \$18,756 3 2021-12-31 \$17,719 4 2021-09-30 \$13,757

Execute the following line to remove the comma and dollar sign from the Revenue column.

```
In [108... #tesla_revenue = tesla.history(period = "max")
    tesla_revenue["Revenue"] = tesla_revenue['Revenue'].str.replace(', \$', "")
    tesla_revenue.head()
```

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.p
y:2: FutureWarning:

The default value of regex will change from True to False in a future version.

| Out[108]: |   | Date       | Revenue |
|-----------|---|------------|---------|
|           | 0 | 2022-09-30 | 21454   |
|           | 1 | 2022-06-30 | 16934   |
|           | 2 | 2022-03-31 | 18756   |
|           | 3 | 2021-12-31 | 17719   |
|           | 4 | 2021-09-30 | 13757   |

Execute the following lines to remove an null or empty strings in the Revenue column.

```
In [109... tesla_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)
    tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue[tesla_revenue['Revenue'] != ""]
```

Display the last 5 row of the tesla\_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

| In [110  | tesla_revenue.tail() |
|----------|----------------------|
| TU [110" | tesia_revenue.taii() |

| Out[110]: |    | Date       | Revenue |
|-----------|----|------------|---------|
|           | 48 | 2010-09-30 | 31      |
|           | 49 | 2010-06-30 | 28      |
|           | 50 | 2010-03-31 | 21      |
|           | 52 | 2009-09-30 | 46      |
|           | 53 | 2009-06-30 | 27      |

### Question 3: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is GameStop and its ticker symbol is GME .

```
In [49]: gamestop = yf.Ticker("GME")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named gme\_data . Set the period parameter to max so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
In [50]: gme_data = gamestop.history(period = "max")
gme_data.head()
```

| Out[50]: |            | Open     | High     | Low      | Close    | Volume   | Dividends | Stock Splits |
|----------|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------|
|          | Date       |          |          |          |          |          |           |              |
|          | 2002-02-13 | 1.620128 | 1.693350 | 1.603296 | 1.691667 | 76216000 | 0.0       | 0.0          |
|          | 2002-02-14 | 1.712707 | 1.716073 | 1.670626 | 1.683250 | 11021600 | 0.0       | 0.0          |
|          | 2002-02-15 | 1.683250 | 1.687458 | 1.658001 | 1.674834 | 8389600  | 0.0       | 0.0          |
|          | 2002-02-19 | 1.666418 | 1.666418 | 1.578047 | 1.607504 | 7410400  | 0.0       | 0.0          |
|          | 2002-02-20 | 1.615921 | 1.662210 | 1.603296 | 1.662210 | 6892800  | 0.0       | 0.0          |

**Reset the index** using the reset\_index(inplace=True) function on the gme\_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the gme\_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 3 to the results below.

```
In [51]: gme_data.reset_index(inplace=True)
   gme_data.head()
```

| Out[51]: |   | Date       | Open     | High     | Low      | Close    | Volume   | Dividends | Stock Splits |
|----------|---|------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------|
|          | 0 | 2002-02-13 | 1.620128 | 1.693350 | 1.603296 | 1.691667 | 76216000 | 0.0       | 0.0          |
|          | 1 | 2002-02-14 | 1.712707 | 1.716073 | 1.670626 | 1.683250 | 11021600 | 0.0       | 0.0          |
|          | 2 | 2002-02-15 | 1.683250 | 1.687458 | 1.658001 | 1.674834 | 8389600  | 0.0       | 0.0          |
|          | 3 | 2002-02-19 | 1.666418 | 1.666418 | 1.578047 | 1.607504 | 7410400  | 0.0       | 0.0          |
|          | 4 | 2002-02-20 | 1.615921 | 1.662210 | 1.603296 | 1.662210 | 6892800  | 0.0       | 0.0          |

## Question 4: Use Webscraping to Extract GME Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html. Save the text of the response as a variable named html\_data.

```
In [94]: url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDevelo
html_data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful\_soup.

```
In [95]: soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data, 'html.parser')
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read\_html function extract the table with GameStop Quarterly Revenue and store it into a dataframe named gme\_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue. Make sure the comma and dollar sign is removed from the Revenue column using a method similar to what you did in Question 2.

► Click here if you need help locating the table

```
In [112... table = soup.find("table")
    tables = soup.find_all("table")

gme_revenue = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["Date", "Revenue"])

for row in tables[1].tbody.find_all("tr"):
        col = row.find_all("td")
        date = col[0].text
        revenue = col[1].text

        gme_revenue = gme_revenue.append({"Date":date, "Revenue":revenue}, ignore_i

gme_revenue["Revenue"] = gme_revenue["Revenue"].str.replace(',|\$',"")

gme_revenue.dropna(inplace = True)
    gme_revenue = gme_revenue[gme_revenue["Revenue"]!= ""]

gme_revenue.head()
```

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.7/site-packages/ipykernel\_launcher.p
y:13: FutureWarning:

The default value of regex will change from True to False in a future version.

# Out[112]: Date Revenue 0 2022-09-30 21454 1 2022-06-30 16934 2 2022-03-31 18756 3 2021-12-31 17719 4 2021-09-30 13757

**61** 2005-01-31

Display the last five rows of the <code>gme\_revenue</code> dataframe using the <code>tail</code> function. Take a screenshot of the results.

### Question 5: Plot Tesla Stock Graph

709

Use the make\_graph function to graph the Tesla Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the make\_graph function is make\_graph(tesla\_data, tesla\_revenue, 'Tesla'). Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

In [111... make\_graph(tesla\_data, tesla\_revenue, 'Tesla')

### Question 6: Plot GameStop Stock Graph

Use the make\_graph function to graph the GameStop Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the make\_graph function is make\_graph(gme\_data, gme\_revenue, 'GameStop'). Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

In [101... make\_graph(gme\_data, gme\_revenue, "GameStop")

### About the Authors:

Joseph Santarcangelo has a PhD in Electrical Engineering, his research focused on using machine learning, signal processing, and computer vision to determine how videos impact human cognition. Joseph has been working for IBM since he completed his PhD.

Azim Hirjani

### Change Log

| Date (YYYY-MM-DD) | Version | Changed By    | Change Description          |
|-------------------|---------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| 2022-02-28        | 1.2     | Lakshmi Holla | Changed the URL of GameStop |
| 2020-11-10        | 1.1     | Malika Singla | Deleted the Optional part   |
| 2020-08-27        | 1.0     | Malika Singla | Added lab to GitLab         |
|                   |         |               |                             |

© IBM Corporation 2020. All rights reserved.