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# Chemistry Standard level Paper 1

Wednesday 18 May 2022 (afternoon)

45 minutes

#### Instructions to candidates

- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Answer all the questions.
- For each question, choose the answer you consider to be the best and indicate your choice on the answer sheet provided.
- The periodic table is provided for reference on page 2 of this examination paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [30 marks].

|                    | 8   | 2<br><b>He</b><br>4.00 | 10<br><b>Ne</b><br>20.18     | 18<br><b>Ar</b><br>39.95 | 36<br><b>Kr</b><br>83.90 | 54<br><b>Xe</b><br>131.29 | 86<br><b>Rn</b><br>(222)    | 118<br><b>Uuo</b><br>(294) |                           |                           |
|--------------------|-----|------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                    | 17  | -                      | 9<br><b>F</b><br>19.00       | 17<br>CI<br>35.45        | 35<br><b>Br</b><br>79.90 | 53<br>I<br>126.90         | 85<br><b>At</b><br>(210)    | 117<br><b>Uus</b><br>(294) | 71<br><b>Lu</b><br>174.97 | 103<br><b>Lr</b><br>(262) |
| The Periodic Table | 16  |                        | 8<br><b>o</b><br>16.00       | 16<br><b>S</b><br>32.07  | 34<br><b>Se</b><br>78.96 | 52<br><b>Te</b><br>127.60 | 84 <b>Po</b> (209)          | 116<br><b>Uuh</b><br>(293) | 70<br><b>Yb</b><br>173.05 | 102<br><b>No</b><br>(259) |
|                    | 15  |                        | 7<br><b>N</b><br>14.01       | 15<br><b>P</b><br>30.97  | 33<br><b>As</b><br>74.92 | 51<br><b>Sb</b><br>121.76 | 83<br><b>Bi</b><br>208.98   | 115<br><b>Uup</b><br>(288) | 69<br><b>Tm</b><br>168.93 | 101<br><b>Md</b><br>(258) |
|                    | 4   |                        | 6<br><b>C</b><br>12.01       | 14<br><b>Si</b><br>28.09 | 32<br><b>Ge</b><br>72.63 | 50<br><b>Sn</b><br>118.71 | 82<br><b>Pb</b><br>207.2    | 114<br><b>Uug</b><br>(289) | 68<br><b>Er</b><br>167.26 | 100<br><b>Fm</b> (257)    |
|                    | 13  |                        | 5<br><b>B</b><br>10.81       | 13<br><b>Al</b><br>26.98 | 31<br><b>Ga</b><br>69.72 | 49<br><b>In</b><br>114.82 | 81<br><b>TI</b><br>204.38   | 113<br><b>Unt</b> (286)    | 67<br><b>Ho</b><br>164.93 | 99<br><b>Es</b><br>(252)  |
|                    | 12  | ,                      |                              |                          | 30<br><b>Zn</b><br>65.38 | 48<br><b>Cd</b><br>112.41 | 80<br><b>Hg</b><br>200.59   | 112<br>Cn<br>(285)         | 66<br><b>Dy</b><br>162.50 | 98<br><b>Cf</b><br>(251)  |
|                    | 7   |                        |                              |                          | 29<br><b>Cu</b><br>63.55 | 47<br><b>Ag</b><br>107.87 | 79<br><b>Au</b><br>196.97   | 111<br><b>Rg</b><br>(281)  | 65<br><b>Tb</b><br>158.93 | 97<br><b>Bk</b><br>(247)  |
|                    | 10  |                        |                              |                          | 28<br><b>Ni</b><br>58.69 | 46<br><b>Pd</b><br>106.42 | 78<br><b>Pt</b><br>195.08   | 110 <b>Ds</b> (281)        | 64<br><b>Gd</b><br>157.25 | 96<br><b>Cm</b><br>(247)  |
|                    | ၈   |                        |                              |                          | 27<br><b>Co</b><br>58.93 | 45<br><b>Rh</b><br>102.91 | 77<br><b>Ir</b><br>192.22   | 109<br><b>Mt</b><br>(278)  | 63<br><b>Eu</b><br>151.96 | 95<br><b>Am</b><br>(243)  |
|                    | ∞   |                        |                              |                          | 26<br><b>Fe</b><br>55.85 | 44<br><b>Ru</b><br>101.07 | 76<br><b>0s</b><br>190.23   | 108<br><b>Hs</b><br>(269)  | 62<br><b>Sm</b><br>150.36 | 94<br><b>Pu</b><br>(244)  |
|                    | 7   | _                      |                              |                          | 25<br><b>Mn</b><br>54.94 | 43<br><b>Tc</b> (98)      | 75<br><b>Re</b><br>186.21   | 107<br><b>Bh</b><br>(270)  | 61<br><b>Pm</b> (145)     | 93<br><b>Np</b><br>(237)  |
|                    | 9   | ē                      | mass                         |                          | 24<br><b>Cr</b><br>52.00 | 42<br><b>Mo</b><br>95.96  | 74<br><b>W</b><br>183.84    | 106<br><b>Sg</b><br>(269)  | 60<br><b>Nd</b><br>144.24 | 92<br><b>U</b><br>238.03  |
|                    | ro. | Atòmic number Element  | Element Relative atomic mass |                          | 23<br><b>V</b><br>50.94  | 41<br><b>Nb</b><br>92.91  | 73<br><b>Ta</b><br>180.95   | 105<br><b>Db</b><br>(268)  | 59<br><b>Pr</b><br>140.91 | 91<br><b>Pa</b><br>231.04 |
|                    | 4   |                        | Relativ                      |                          | 22<br><b>Ti</b><br>47.87 | 40 <b>Zr</b> 91.22        | 72<br><b>Hf</b><br>178.49   | 104 <b>Rf</b> (267)        | 58<br><b>Ce</b><br>140.12 | 90<br><b>Th</b><br>232.04 |
|                    | ო   |                        |                              |                          | 21<br><b>Sc</b><br>44.96 | 39<br><b>Y</b><br>88.91   | 57 †<br><b>La</b><br>138.91 | 89 ‡ <b>Ac</b> (227)       | +                         | ++                        |
|                    | 71  |                        | 4 <b>Be</b> 9.01             | 12<br><b>Mg</b><br>24.31 | 20<br><b>Ca</b><br>40.08 | 38<br><b>Sr</b><br>87.62  | 56<br><b>Ba</b><br>137.33   | 88<br><b>Ra</b><br>(226)   |                           |                           |
|                    | -   | - <b>T</b> 1.0.1       | 3<br><b>Li</b><br>6.94       | 11<br><b>Na</b><br>22.99 | 19<br><b>K</b><br>39.10  | 37<br><b>Rb</b><br>85.47  | 55<br><b>Cs</b><br>132.91   | 87<br><b>Fr</b><br>(223)   |                           |                           |

2

9

8

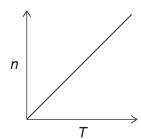
က

- 1. What is the concentration of chloride ions, in mol dm<sup>-3</sup>, in a solution formed by mixing 200 cm<sup>3</sup> of 1 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> HCl with 200 cm<sup>3</sup> of 5 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> NaCl?
  - A. 1
  - B. 2
  - C. 3
  - D. 6
- 2. 30 g of an organic compound produces 44 g CO<sub>2</sub> and 18 g H<sub>2</sub>O as the only combustion products. Which of the following is the empirical formula for this compound?

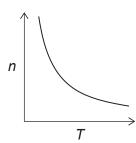
$$M_r CO_2 = 44 M_r H_2O = 18$$

- A. CH<sub>2</sub>
- B. CH<sub>3</sub>
- C. CHO
- D. CH<sub>2</sub>O
- 3. Which graph represents the relationship between the amount of gas, n, and the absolute temperature, T, with all other variables in the ideal gas equation, PV = nRT, held constant?

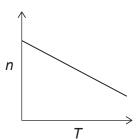
A.



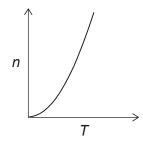
В.



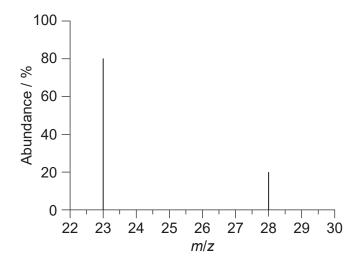
C.



D.

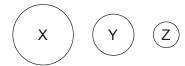


- **4.** Which equation represents the deposition of iodine?
  - A.  $I_2(g) \rightarrow I_2(l)$
  - B.  $I_2(g) \rightarrow I_2(s)$
  - $C. \quad I_2(l) \to I_2(g)$
  - D.  $I_2(s) \rightarrow I_2(g)$
- 5. Which experimental results support the theory that electrons exist in discrete energy levels?
  - A. <sup>1</sup>H NMR
  - B. X-ray diffraction pattern
  - C. Emission spectra
  - D. IR spectra
- 6. What is the relative atomic mass of an element with the following mass spectrum?



- A. 23
- B. 24
- C. 25
- D. 28

**7.** Three elements, X, Y, and Z are in the same period of the periodic table. The relative sizes of their atoms are represented by the diagram.



Which general trends are correct?

|    | Ionization energy | Effective<br>nuclear charge | Least to most acidic oxide |
|----|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| A. | X < Y < Z         | X < Y < Z                   | Z < Y < X                  |
| В. | X < Y < Z         | Z < Y < X                   | X < Y < Z                  |
| C. | X < Y < Z         | X < Y < Z                   | X < Y < Z                  |
| D. | Z < Y < X         | Z < Y < X                   | Z < Y < X                  |

- **8.** Which element is found in the 4th group, 6th period of the periodic table?
  - A. Selenium
  - B. Lead
  - C. Chromium
  - D. Hafnium
- **9.** Which statement best describes the **intramolecular** bonding in HCN(l)?
  - A. Electrostatic attractions between H<sup>+</sup> and CN<sup>-</sup> ions
  - B. Hydrogen bonding
  - C. Van der Waals forces and hydrogen bonding
  - D. Electrostatic attractions between pairs of electrons and positively charged nuclei
- **10.** What is the type of bonding in a compound that has high boiling and melting points, poor electrical conductivity, and low solubility in water?
  - A. Ionic
  - B. Molecular covalent
  - C. Metallic
  - D. Giant covalent

- **11.** What is the name of the compound with formula  $Ti_3(PO_4)_2$ ?
  - A. Titanium phosphate
  - B. Titanium(II) phosphate
  - C. Titanium(III) phosphate
  - D. Titanium(IV) phosphate
- **12.** What is the main interaction between liquid CH<sub>4</sub> molecules?
  - A. London (dispersion) forces
  - B. Dipole-dipole forces
  - C. Hydrogen bonding
  - D. Covalent bonding
- **13.** What is correct about energy changes during bond breaking and bond formation?

|    | Bond breaking                       | Bond formation                      |  |  |
|----|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| A. | exothermic and $\Delta H$ positive  | endothermic and $\Delta H$ negative |  |  |
| B. | exothermic and $\Delta H$ negative  | endothermic and $\Delta H$ positive |  |  |
| C. | endothermic and ∆H positive         | exothermic and ∆H negative          |  |  |
| D. | endothermic and $\Delta H$ negative | exothermic and $\Delta H$ positive  |  |  |

**14.** Which combination of  $\Delta H_1$ ,  $\Delta H_2$ , and  $\Delta H_3$  would give the enthalpy of the reaction?

$$\begin{aligned} & \operatorname{CS}_2(\mathfrak{l}) + 3\operatorname{O}_2(g) \to \operatorname{CO}_2(g) + 2\operatorname{SO}_2(g) \\ & \Delta\operatorname{H}_1 \quad \operatorname{C}(s) + \operatorname{O}_2(g) \to \operatorname{CO}_2(g) \\ & \Delta\operatorname{H}_2 \quad \operatorname{S}(s) + \operatorname{O}_2(g) \to \operatorname{SO}_2(g) \\ & \Delta\operatorname{H}_3 \quad \operatorname{C}(s) + 2\operatorname{S}(s) \to \operatorname{CS}_2(\mathfrak{l}) \end{aligned}$$

A. 
$$\Delta H = \Delta H_1 + \Delta H_2 + \Delta H_3$$

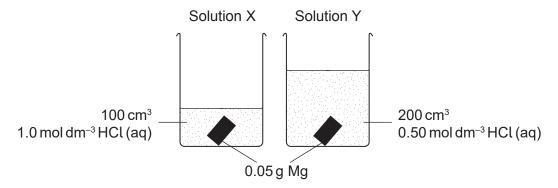
B. 
$$\Delta H = \Delta H_1 + \Delta H_2 - \Delta H_3$$

C. 
$$\Delta H = \Delta H_1 + 2(\Delta H_2) + \Delta H_3$$

D. 
$$\Delta H = \Delta H_1 + 2(\Delta H_2) - \Delta H_3$$

**-7-** 2222-6116

**15.** Which statement is correct about identical pieces of magnesium added to two solutions, X and Y, containing hydrochloric acid at the same temperature?

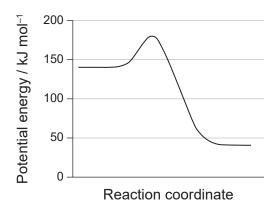


- A. Solution X will reach a higher maximum temperature.
- B. Solution Y will reach a higher maximum temperature.
- C. Solutions X and Y will have the same temperature rise.
- D. It is not possible to predict whether X or Y will have the higher maximum temperature because we cannot identify the limiting reactant.
- **16.** Why does a reaction for a sample of gases, at constant temperature, occur faster at higher pressure?
  - A. Collisions are more frequent.
  - B. Collisions are more energetic.
  - C. High pressure lowers activation energy.
  - D. The reaction is more exothermic at high pressure.

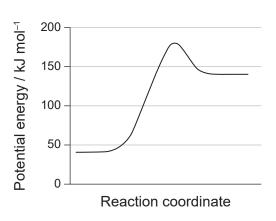
**17.** A reaction has an activation energy of  $40 \,\mathrm{kJ} \,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$  and an enthalpy change of  $-60 \,\mathrm{kJ} \,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ .

Which potential energy diagram illustrates this reaction?

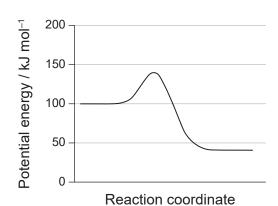
A.



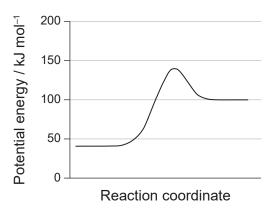
B.



C.



D.



**18.** The equilibrium constant,  $K_c$ , for the reaction  $2A + 4B \rightleftharpoons 2C + 4D$  has a value of 4.0. What is the value of  $K_c$  for the reaction below at the same temperature?

$$C + 2D \rightleftharpoons A + 2B$$

- A. 0.25
- B. 0.50
- C. 1.0
- D. 16
- **19.** Which of the 0.001 mol dm<sup>-3</sup> solutions is most likely to have a pH of 11.3?
  - A.  $Ca(OH)_2(aq)$
  - B.  $H_3PO_4(aq)$
  - C. NaOH (aq)
  - D. NH<sub>4</sub>OH(aq)

**20.** What is the strongest acid in the equation below?

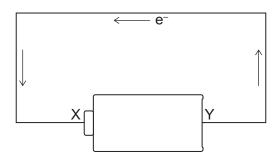
$$H_3 AsO_4 + H_2 O \Longrightarrow H_2 AsO_4^- + H_3 O^+$$
  $K_c = 4.5 \times 10^{-4}$ 

- A. H<sub>3</sub>AsO<sub>4</sub>
- B. H<sub>2</sub>O
- C. H<sub>2</sub>AsO<sub>4</sub>
- D.  $H_3O^+$
- 21. Which species could be reduced to form NO<sub>2</sub>?
  - A. N<sub>2</sub>
  - B.  $NO_3^-$
  - C. HNO<sub>2</sub>
  - D. NO
- **22.** Which combination best describes what is happening to chloromethane, CH<sub>3</sub>Cl, in the equation below?

$$CH_3Cl(g) + H_2(g) \rightleftharpoons CH_4(g) + HCl(g)$$

- A. Oxidation and addition
- B. Oxidation and substitution
- C. Reduction and addition
- D. Reduction and substitution

23. The arrows represent electron flow in the diagram. What does terminal X on the battery represent?



- A. Anode and positive terminal
- B. Anode and negative terminal
- C. Cathode and positive terminal
- D. Cathode and negative terminal

**24.** How many dichlorinated butane isomers can be formed by the halogenation of CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub> with excess Cl<sub>2</sub> in the presence of UV light?

- A. 4
- B. 6
- C. 8
- D. 10

**25.** Which structure represents a repeating unit of a polymer formed from propene?

- A.  $-CH_2-CH(CH_3)-$
- B. -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-
- C. -CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-
- D. -CH<sub>2</sub>-CH<sub>2</sub>-

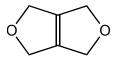
**26.** Which is a homologous series?

- A.  $C_2H_4$ ,  $C_3H_5$ ,  $C_4H_6$
- B. C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
- C. C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>
- D.  $C_2H_2$ ,  $C_4H_4$ ,  $C_6H_6$

27. Which reaction mechanisms are typical for alcohols and halogenoalkanes?

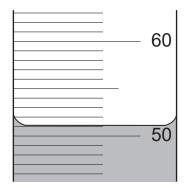
|    | Alcohols                  | Halogenoalkanes           |  |  |
|----|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| A. | Electrophilic addition    | Electrophilic addition    |  |  |
| B. | Electrophilic addition    | Nucleophilic substitution |  |  |
| C. | Nucleophilic substitution | Electrophilic addition    |  |  |
| D. | Nucleophilic substitution | Nucleophilic substitution |  |  |

28. How many signals are observed in the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of this compound?



- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

29. What is the uncertainty, in cm³, of this measurement?



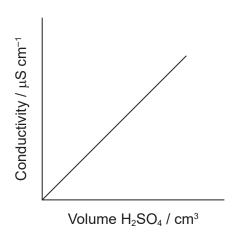
- A. ±0.01
- B. ±0.1
- C. ±0.15
- D. ±1

**30.** 20 cm³ of 1 mol dm⁻³ sulfuric acid was added dropwise to 20 cm³ of 1 mol dm⁻³ barium hydroxide producing a precipitate of barium sulfate.

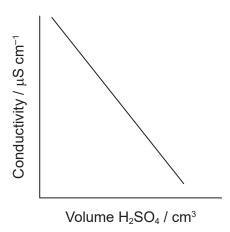
$$H_2SO_4(aq) + Ba(OH)_2(aq) \rightarrow 2H_2O(l) + BaSO_4(s)$$

Which graph represents a plot of conductivity against volume of acid added?

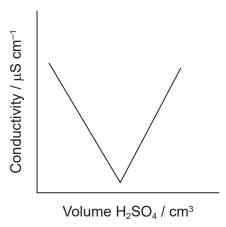
A.



B.



C.



D.

