

Markscheme

May 2021

Chemistry

Higher level

Paper 2



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Subject Details: Chemistry Higher level Paper 2 Markscheme

Candidates are required to answer **ALL** questions. Maximum total = **[90 marks]**.

- **1.** Each row in the "Question" column relates to the smallest subpart of the question.
- 2. The maximum mark for each question subpart is indicated in the "Total" column.
- **3.** Each marking point in the "Answers" column is shown by means of a tick (\checkmark) at the end of the marking point.
- **4.** A question subpart may have more marking points than the total allows. This will be indicated by "**max**" written after the mark in the "Total" column. The related rubric, if necessary, will be outlined in the "Notes" column.
- 5. An alternative word is indicated in the "Answers" column by a slash (/). Either word can be accepted.
- **6.** An alternative answer is indicated in the "Answers" column by "**OR**". Either answer can be accepted.
- 7. An alternative markscheme is indicated in the "Answers" column under heading **ALTERNATIVE 1** *etc*. Either alternative can be accepted.
- **8.** Words inside chevrons « » in the "Answers" column are not necessary to gain the mark.
- **9.** Words that are <u>underlined</u> are essential for the mark.
- **10.** The order of marking points does not have to be as in the "Answers" column, unless stated otherwise in the "Notes" column.
- 11. If the candidate's answer has the same "meaning" or can be clearly interpreted as being of equivalent significance, detail and validity as that in the "Answers" column then award the mark. Where this point is considered to be particularly relevant in a question it is emphasized by **OWTTE** (or words to that effect) in the "Notes" column.
- 12. Remember that many candidates are writing in a second language. Effective communication is more important than grammatical accuracy.
- 13. Occasionally, a part of a question may require an answer that is required for subsequent marking points. If an error is made in the first marking point then it should be penalized. However, if the incorrect answer is used correctly in subsequent marking points then **follow through** marks should be awarded. When marking, indicate this by adding **ECF** (error carried forward) on the script.
- **14.** Do **not** penalize candidates for errors in units or significant figures, **unless** it is specifically referred to in the "Notes" column.
- 15. If a question specifically asks for the name of a substance, do not award a mark for a correct formula unless directed otherwise in the "Notes" column. Similarly, if the formula is specifically asked for, do not award a mark for a correct name unless directed otherwise in the "Notes" column.
- **16.** If a question asks for an equation for a reaction, a balanced symbol equation is usually expected, do not award a mark for a word equation or an unbalanced equation unless directed otherwise in the "Notes" column.
- 17. Ignore missing or incorrect state symbols in an equation unless directed otherwise in the "Notes" column.

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
1.	а		mobile/delocalized < <sea of="">> electrons</sea>		1
1.	b		Any two of: forms acidic oxides «rather than basic oxides» ✓ forms covalent/bonds compounds «with other non-metals» ✓ forms anions «rather than cations» ✓ behaves as an oxidizing agent «rather than a reducing agent» ✓	Award [1 max] for 2 correct non-chemical properties such as non-conductor, high ionisation energy, high electronegativity, low electron affinity if no marks for chemical properties are awarded.	2

C	Questi	on	Answers	Notes	Total
1.	С		Number of electrons lost two regions of small increases <i>AND</i> a large increase between them large increase from 6th to 7th ✓	Accept line/curve showing these trends.	2
1.	d	i	electrostatic attraction ✓ between oppositely charged ions/between Fe²+ and S²- ✓		2

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
1.	d	ii	X-ray crystallography ✓		1
1.	d	iii	1s² 2s² 2p ⁶ 3s² 3p ⁶ ✓	Do not accept "[Ne] 3s² 3p6".	1
1.	d	iv	«valence» electrons further from nucleus/extra electron shell/ electrons in third/3s/3p level «not second/2s/2p»✓	Accept 2,8 (for O ²⁻) and 2,8,8 (for S ²⁻)	1
1.	d	v	allows them to explain the properties of different compounds/substances OR enables them to generalise about substances OR enables them to make predictions ✓	Accept other valid answers.	1
1.	е	i	$4FeS(s) + 7O_2(g) \rightarrow 2Fe_2O_3(s) + 4SO_2(g)$ ✓	Accept any correct ratio.	1
1.	е	ii	+6 OR -2 to +4 √	Accept "6/VI". Accept "-II, 4/+4/IV". Do not accept 2- to 4+.	1

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
1.	е	iii	sulfur dioxide/SO₂ causes acid rain ✓	Accept sulfur dioxide/SO ₂ /dust causes respiratory problems Do not accept just "causes respiratory problems" or "causes acid rain".	1
1.	f		disrupts the regular arrangement «of iron atoms/ions» OR carbon different size «to iron atoms/ions» ✓ prevents layers/atoms sliding over each other ✓		2

Q	uesti	on	Answers	Notes	Total
2.	а	i	H S H S H S	Accept any combination of lines, dots or crosses to represent electrons.	1
2.	а	ii	bent/non-linear/angular/v-shaped √		1
2.	b	i	HS ⁻ ✓		1
2.	b	ii	weak <i>AND</i> strong acid of this concentration/[H ⁺] = 0.1 mol dm ⁻³ would have pH = 1 OR weak <i>AND</i> [H ⁺] = 10 ⁻⁴ < 0.1 «therefore only fraction of acid dissociated» \checkmark		1
2.	b	iii	10 ⁻¹⁰ «mol dm ⁻³ » √		1

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
2.	С		Mole percentage H ₂ S: volume of H ₂ S = «550 – 525 = » 25 «cm ³ » \checkmark mol % H ₂ S = « $\frac{25 \text{ cm}^3}{550 \text{ cm}^3}$ × 100 = » 4.5 «%» \checkmark	Award [2] for correct final answer of 4.5	
			Assumption: «both» gases behave as ideal gases ✓	Accept "volume of gas \alpha mol of gas". Accept "reaction goes to completion". Accept "nitrogen is insoluble/does not react with NaOH/only H2S reacts with NaOH".	3

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
3.	а		1:2 ✓	Accept 2 Fe3+: 1 Fe2+ Do not accept 2:1 only	1
3.	b	i	mass «spectroscopy»/MS ✓		
3.	b	ii	Protons Neutrons Electrons 26 28 26 ✓ 26 30 23 ✓	Award [1 max] for 4 correct values.	2
3.	С		specific heat capacity $= \frac{q}{m \times \Delta T} / \frac{1000 \text{ J}}{50 \text{ g} \times 44 \text{ K}} = 0.45 \text{ «J g}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \text{»} \checkmark$		1
3.	d		Equation: $2\text{Fe}^{3+}(\text{aq}) + \text{Fe}(\text{s}) \rightarrow 3\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{aq}) \checkmark$ Cell potential: $\text{$^{+}0.77 \ V} - (-0.45 \ \text{$V}) = +\text{$^{+}1.22 \ $^{+}$}$	Do not accept reverse reaction or equilibrium arrow. Do not accept negative value for M2.	2

C	Questic	on	Answers	Notes	Total
3.	е		Power supply Fower supply	Accept an inert conductor for the anode. Accept specific zinc salts such as ZnSO ₄ .	2
3.	f		« Zn²+» has a full d-shell OR does not form « ions with» an incomplete d-shell	Do not accept "Zn is not a transition metal". Do not accept zinc atoms for zinc ions.	1

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
3.	g		ligands donate pairs of electrons to metal ions OR forms coordinate covalent/dative bond ligands are Lewis bases AND metal «ions» are Lewis acids ✓		2

Question	Answers	Notes	Total
4. a	Catalyzed E_a E_a Energy Curve higher AND to left of $T_1 \checkmark$ new/catalysed E_a marked AND to the left of E_a of curve $T_1 \checkmark$	Do not penalize curve missing a label, not passing exactly through the origin, or crossing x-axis after Ea. Do not award M1 if curve drawn shows significantly more/less molecules/greater/smaller area under curve than curve 1. Accept E _a drawn to T ₁ instead of curve drawn as long as to left of marked E _a .	2

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
4.	b		methanoic acid/HCOOH/CHOOH OR methanal/HCHO ✓	Accept "carbon dioxide/CO ₂ ".	1
4.	С	i	$CH_4(g) + H_2O(g) \rightleftharpoons CH_3OH(l) + H_2(g) \checkmark$	Accept arrow instead of equilibrium sign.	1
4.	С	ii	amount of methane = $\frac{8.00 \text{ g}}{16.05 \text{ g mol}^{-1}}$ = $0.498 \text{ «mol} \checkmark$ amount of hydrogen = amount of methane / $0.498 \text{ «mol} \checkmark$ volume of hydrogen = $0.498 \text{ mol} \times 22.7 \text{ dm}^3 \text{ mol}^{-1} = 11.3 \text{ «dm}^3 \checkmark$	Award [3] for final correct answer. Award [2 max] for 11.4 «dm3 due to rounding of mass to 16/moles to 0.5. »	3
4.	d	i	Σ bonds broken = 4 × 414 «kJ» + 2 × 463 «kJ» / 2582 «kJ» \checkmark Σ bonds formed = 1077 «kJ» + 3 × 436 «kJ» / 2385 «kJ» \checkmark $\Delta H \ll \Sigma \text{ bonds broken} - \Sigma \text{ bonds formed} = (2582 \text{ kJ} - 2385 \text{ kJ}) = \text{ kJ} = \text{ kJ}$	Award [3] for final correct answer. Award [2 Max] for final answer of -197 «kJ»	3
4.	d	ii	bond energies are average values «not specific to the compound» ✓		1

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
4.	d	iii	$K_c = \frac{[CO][H_2]^3}{[CH_4][H_2O]} \checkmark$		1
4.	d	iv	K _c increases AND «forward» reaction endothermic ✓		1
4.	е	i	« ΔG^{Θ} = − $RTInK_c$ » ΔG^{Θ} = − 8.31 «J K ⁻¹ mol ⁻¹ » × 298 «K» × ln (1.01) / −24.6 «J mol ⁻¹ » ✓ = −0.0246 «kJ mol ⁻¹ » ✓	Award [2] for correct final answer. Award [1 max] for +0.0246 «kJ mol ⁻¹ ».	2
4.	е	ii	$^{\text{α}}\Delta G^{\Theta} = \Delta H^{\Theta} - T\Delta S^{\Theta}$ $\Delta G^{\Theta} = -129 \text{ «kJ mol}^{-1} \text{»} - (298 \text{ «K} \text{»} \times \Delta S) = -0.0246 \text{ «kJ mol}^{-1} \text{»} \checkmark$ $\Delta S^{\Theta} = \text{«} \frac{(-129 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1} + 0.0246 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}) \times 10^{3}}{298 \text{ K}} = \text{»} -433 \text{ «J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{»} \checkmark$	Award [2] for correct final answer. Award [1 max] for "-0.433 «kJ K-1 mol-1»". Award [1 max] for "433" or "+433" «J K-1 mol-1». Award [2] for -430 «J K-1 mol-1» (result from given values).	2
4.	е	iii	«negative as» product is liquid and reactants gases OR fewer moles of gas in product ✓		1

Q	Question Answers Notes		Total		
4.	е	iv	reaction «more» spontaneous/ ΔG negative/less positive AND effect of negative entropy decreases/ $T\Delta S$ increases/is less negative/more positive OR reaction «more» spontaneous/ ΔG negative/less positive AND reaction exothermic «so K_c increases » \checkmark	Award mark if correct calculation shown.	1

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
5.	а	i	alkene ✓		1
5.	а	ii	C₃H ₆ ✓	Accept structural formula.	1
5.	b	i	hydrogen atoms/protons in same chemical environment ✓	Accept "all H atoms/protons are equivalent". Accept "symmetrical"	1
5.	b	ii	4.5 to 6.0 «ppm» ✓	Accept a single value within this range.	1
5.	С		carbon monoxide/CO <i>AND</i> carbon/C/soot ✓		1
5.	d		«addition» polymerization ✓		1

C	uesti	on	Answers	Notes	Total
5.	е	i	H CH3 H H H CH3 H H H H CH3 H H H H H H H H H H H H	Award [2 max] for mechanism producing 1-brompropane.	3
5.	е	ii	 «2-bromopropane involves» formation of more stable «secondary» carbocation/carbonium ion/intermediate OR 1-bromopropane involves formation of less stable «primary» carbocation/carbonium ion/intermediate ✓ «increased» positive inductive/electron-releasing effect of extra –R group/–CH₃/methyl «increases stability of secondary carbocation» ✓ 	Award [1] for "more stable due to positive inductive effect". Do not award marks for quoting Markovnikov's rule without any explanation.	2
5.	е	iii	sodium hydroxide/NaOH/potassium hydroxide/KOH ✓	Accept «aqueous» hydroxide ions/OH	1
5.	е	iv	Name of carbonyl compound: propanone ✓ Type of reaction: reduction ✓	Accept other valid alternatives, such as "2-propyl ethanoate" for M1 and "hydrolysis" for M2.	2

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
6.	а		use colorimeter OR change in colour OR change in volume OR change in pressure ✓	Accept suitable instruments, e.g. pressure probe/oxygen sensor.	1

C	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
6.	b	i	0.800	Accept free hand drawn line as long as attempt to be linear and meets criteria	
			0.700	for M2.	
			ыщ 0.600 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		
			₩ 0.500 ± 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
			0.400		
			0.300 age		
			0.200		2
			0.100		
			0.000		
			00.0 00.5 00.5 00.5 00.5 00.5 00.5		
			$[N_2O_5] / 10^{-3} mol dm^{-3}$		
			point correct ✓		
			straight line passing close to all points <i>AND</i> through origin ✓		

G	uesti	on	Answers	Notes	Total
6.	b	ii	greater frequency of collisions «as concentration increases» OR more collisions per unit time «as concentration increases» ✓	Accept "rate/chance/probability/likelihood" instead of "frequency". Do not accept just "more collisions".	1
6.	b	iii	$rate = k[N_2O_5] \checkmark$		1
6.	b	iv	$k = \frac{\Delta \text{ rate}}{\Delta [N_2 O_5]} \checkmark$	M1 can be awarded from correct M2 if not explicitly stated. Accept k = gradient. Accept values in the range 0.028–0.032. Award [3] for correct final answer.	3

C	uesti	on	Answers	Notes	Total
7.	а	i	:	Accept any combination of lines, dots or crosses to represent electrons. Do not accept structures that represent 1.5 bonds.	1
7.	а	ii	both equal ✓ delocalization/resonance ✓	Accept bond length between 121 and 148 pm/ that of single O-O bond and double O=O bond for M1.	2
7.	b		bond in O_3 is weaker \emph{OR} O_3 bond order 1.5/< 2 \checkmark lower frequency/longer wavelength «UV light» has enough energy to break the O–O bond in O_3 «but not that in O_2 » \checkmark	Do not accept bond in O₃ is longer for M1. Accept "lower frequency/longer wavelength «UV light» has lower energy".	2
7.	С		$\begin{aligned} & CCl_2F_2(g) \rightarrow {}^{\bullet}CClF_2(g) + Cl^{\bullet}(g) \checkmark \\ & Cl^{\bullet}(g) + O_3(g) \rightarrow O_2(g) + ClO^{\bullet}(g) \\ & \textit{AND} \\ & ClO^{\bullet}(g) + O_3(g) \rightarrow 2O_2(g) + Cl^{\bullet}(g) \checkmark \end{aligned}$	Do not penalize missing radical. Accept:for M2: $Cl^{\bullet}(g) + O_3(g) \rightarrow O_2(g) + ClO^{\bullet}(g)$ AND $ClO^{\bullet}(g) + O(g) \rightarrow O_2(g) + Cl^{\bullet}(g)$	2

Q	Question		Answers	Notes	Total
8.	а		$K_a = 10^{-4.87} / 1.35 \times 10^{-5} \checkmark$ $[H^+] = \sqrt{1.35 \times 10^{-5} \times 0.001} = \sqrt{1.35 \times 10^{-8}} = \text{``} 1.16 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ``mol dm}^{-3} \text{``} \checkmark$ $pH = 3.94 \checkmark$	Accept alternative methods of calculation. Award [3] for correct final answer. Award [3] for 3.96 {answer if solved by quadratic}.	3

Question	Answers	Notes	Total
corr equ fina pH star	14 12 10 8 6 4 2 10 0 10 20 30 40 50 Volume of 0.001 moldm ⁻³ NaOH / cm ⁻³	Do not penalize for incorrect points. Award any 3 correct.	3