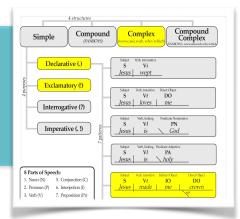
Week 13

Complex Sentences, S - V_t - IO - DO, Adjectival and Adverbial Clauses





Clause

Contains at least one verb and a subject. Ex: The teacher juggled.



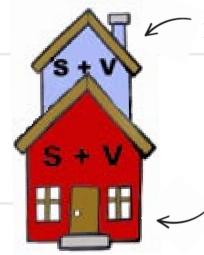
Phrase

Does not contain a verb and a subject. Ex: "through the woods"

May be used as a single part of speech.

Complex Sentences

Consists of one independent clause and at least one subordinate (or dependent) clause.



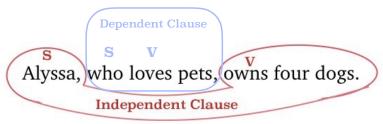
Dependent / Subordinate Clause (Second floor)

- does not express a complete thought
- cannot stand alone (can't have a 2nd story without a 1st)
- contains a subject and a verb (otherwise, it would be a phrase)

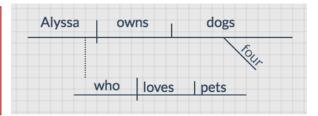
Independent Clause (First floor of house)

- expresses a complete thought like a sentence
- can stand alone
- contains a subject and a verb

Example of a complex sentence:



"Alyssa owns four dogs" can stand alone as a sentence, so it is an independent clause.



"Who loves pets" cannot stand alone as a sentence.
That means it is a dependent (or subordinate) clause.

Adjectival Clause

- Dependent clause that acts as an adjective
- Usually begins with a relative pronoun
 - includes who, whom, whose, whoever, whomever, that, which, what, and whatever
- Answers an adjectival question:
 - What kind? How many? Which? Whose?
- Will have its own sentence pattern

Example:

The dog that is sleeping belongs to my neighbor.

Adverbial Clause

- Dependent clause that acts as an adverb
- Connected to the independent clause by a subordinating conjunction, such as:
 - when, while, as, since, if, although, whereas, unless, because (www.asia.wub)
- Answers an adverbial question:
 - How? When? Where? Why? How often?
 How much? To what extent? Under what conditions?
- Will have its own sentence pattern
 - Example: While I studied, mom cooked.

Indirect Object (IO)

- A noun or pronoun
- located between the Vt and DO
- answers the question "to whom" or "for whom" the verb is done
- shows who is receiving the DO

Example:

Ethan threw Matthew the ball.

Question Confirmation:

Who thew? Ethan (SN)

What is being said about Ethan? Ethan **threw** (V)

Ethan threw what? ball

NOTE:

Don't assume the DO immediately follows the verb. Ethan did *not* throw Matthew.

Ethan threw the ball.

Friends don't throw friends.



Does *ball* replace or describe Ethan? No; Label verb as **transitive** and *ball* **as DO**.

Ethan threw the ball to whom or for whom?

Matthew (IO)

