

## 01\_反射、注解、设计模式综合案例

```
public interface UserDao {
```

```
@SysLog(className = "com.qzw.dao.UserDaoImpl" , methodName = "addUser")  
void addUser() throws NoSuchMethodException;
```

```
void deleteUser() throws NoSuchMethodException;
```

```
void updateUser() throws NoSuchMethodException;
```

- }

- 如上图所示，需求如下：

- 加了@SysLog注解的addUser方法在执行后，进行日志记录；
- 其他没加@SysLog注解的方法，不进行日志记录；
- 日志内容为"2020年04月15日 08:26:12 --- com.qzw.dao.UserDaoImpl类中 --- addUser()方法 --- 运行了"。

- 代码实现一

```
public class UserDaoWrapper implements UserDao {  
  
    private UserDao userDao;  
  
    public UserDaoWrapper(UserDao userDao) {  
        this.userDao = userDao;  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public void addUser() throws NoSuchMethodException {  
        userDao.addUser();  
        printLog("addUser");  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public void deleteUser() throws NoSuchMethodException {  
        userDao.deleteUser();  
        printLog("deleteUser");  
    }  
  
    @Override  
    public void updateUser() throws NoSuchMethodException {  
        userDao.updateUser();  
        printLog("updateUser");  
    }  
  
    private void printLog(String runMethodName) throws NoSuchMethodException {  
        Class<? extends UserDao> clazz = userDao.getClass();  
        Class<?>[] interfaces = clazz.getInterfaces();  
    }  
}
```

```

        Method method = interfaces[0].getMethod(runMethodName);
        if (null != method) {
            boolean present = method.isAnnotationPresent(SysLog.class);
            if (present) {
                SysLog sysLog = method.getAnnotation(SysLog.class);
                String className = sysLog.className();
                String methodName = sysLog.methodName();
                SimpleDateFormat format = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy年MM月dd日
hh:mm:ss");
                String currentTimeStr = format.format(new Date());
                System.out.println(currentTimeStr + " --- " + className + "类中 --- "
+ methodName + "方法 --- 运行了");
            }
        }
    }
}

```

- 以上代码，存在问题：printLog方法需要每个方法中调用，这是因为装饰者设计模式需要重写所有方法导致的！

- 代码实现二

```

UserDao userDao = new UserDaoImpl();
UserDao userDaoProxy = (UserDao) Proxy.newProxyInstance(
    userDao.getClass().getClassLoader(),
    userDao.getClass().getInterfaces(),
    new InvocationHandler() {
        @Override
        public Object invoke(Object proxy, Method method, Object[] args) throws
Throwable {
            System.out.println(method.getName());
            boolean present = method.isAnnotationPresent(SysLog.class);
            System.out.println("present : "+present);
            Object returnValue = null;
            if (present) {
                returnValue = method.invoke(userDao,args);
                SysLog sysLog = method.getAnnotation(SysLog.class);
                String className = sysLog.className();
                String methodName = sysLog.methodName();
                SimpleDateFormat format = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy年MM月dd日
hh:mm:ss");
                String currentTimeStr = format.format(new Date());
                System.out.println(currentTimeStr + " --- " + className + "类中 -
-- " + methodName + "方法 --- 运行了");
            } else {
                returnValue = method.invoke(userDao,args);
            }
            return returnValue;
        }
    });
userDaoProxy.addUser();

```