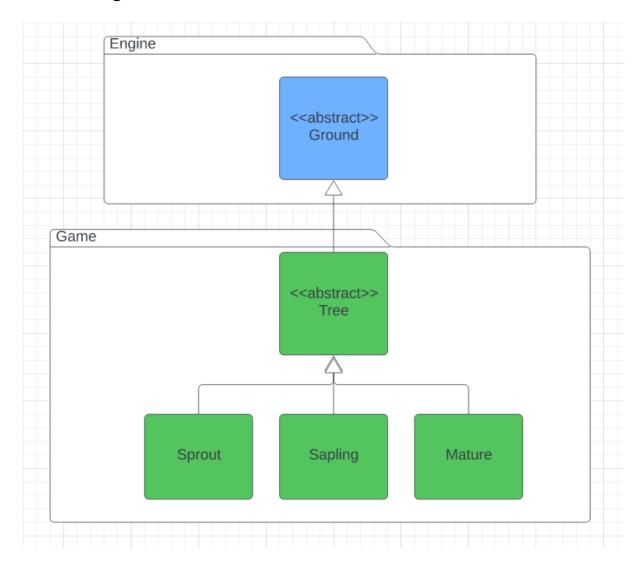
FIT2099 ASSIGNMENT 1

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Req 1:

Class Diagram:



Blue = pre-existing

Green = new/modified

Note that there is already a class named Tree, but it has been made abstract.

Sequence Diagram:

Simple enough to not need a sequence diagram.

Design Rationale:

We could maintain a single Tree class and then choose which type of tree it is based off some internal counter tracking the turns since the tree was created. However it would be better if there was an abstract Tree class and then 3 different classes representing each lifestage of a tree that extended the main abstract tree class. This follows the already present methodology wherein Ground is extended by Dirt and Floor classes.

For Req1, this means you can open the Sprout class and see that it has a 10% chance to spawn a goomba, while in the Sapling class the goomba spawning method is not present. In other words, code not relevant to that specific type of tree is not present in that specific type's class. This means we don't have to check the tree's current lifestage in order to determine if it should, for example, spawn or goomba or spawn a coin.

These 3 classes follow the Liskov Substitution Principle, and there's an example of why based off requirement 2. Let's say Mario has a jump function that can be passed whatever object Mario is attempting to jump onto; it is legal for you to pass any of the classes derived from the abstract class Tree, which all have a different value for the success chance of jumping/damage taken on a failed jump.

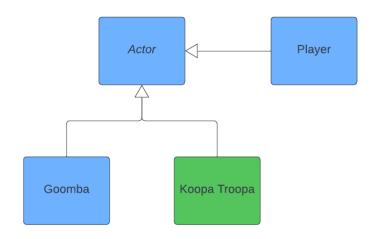
Req 2:

Class Diagram:

Sequence Diagram:
Design Rationale:

Req 3:

Class Diagram: Enemies



Draft diagram with key entities. Koopa Troopa is a new class that extends from Actor.

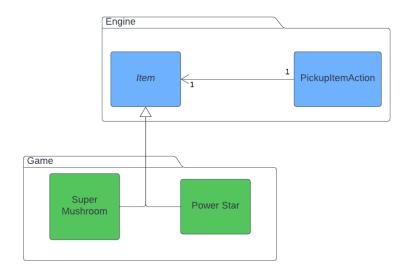
Sequence Diagram:

Design Rationale:

Within the program, the other enemy type (Goomba) already inherits from the Actor class. Therefore, it only makes sense that the other enemy within the game also inherits from the Actor class as it shares many of the same attributes with the other enemy. It is possible to create an Enemy abstract class that extends from the Actor class for further abstraction, but generally multi-layer abstract classes are not the best idea and so we chose to avoid it in this scenario. We may however implement an interface that enforces some of the common behaviours that the enemy classes share as a means to differentiate them from the player. This can also be achieved by placing them within the same package.

Req 4: Magical Items

Class Diagram:



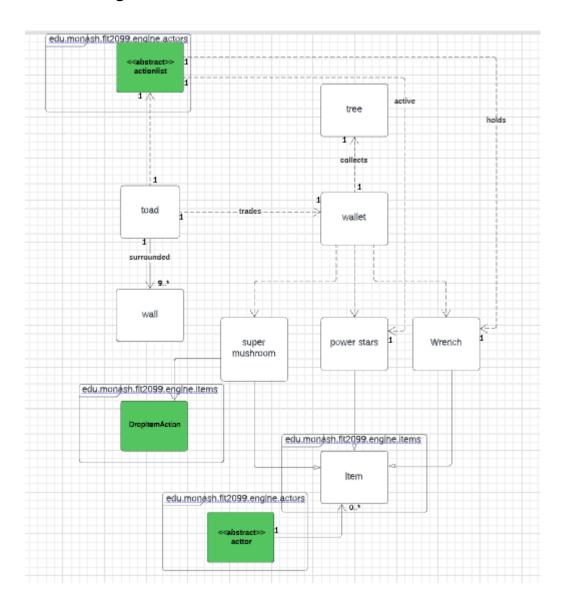
Draft diagram with key entities. Super Mushroom & Power Star are children of the Item class in the engine package.

Sequence Diagram:

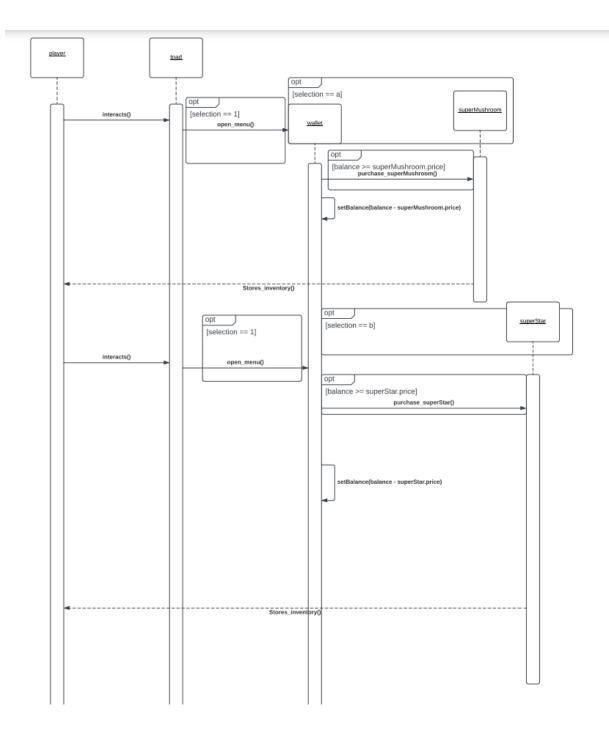
Design Rationale:

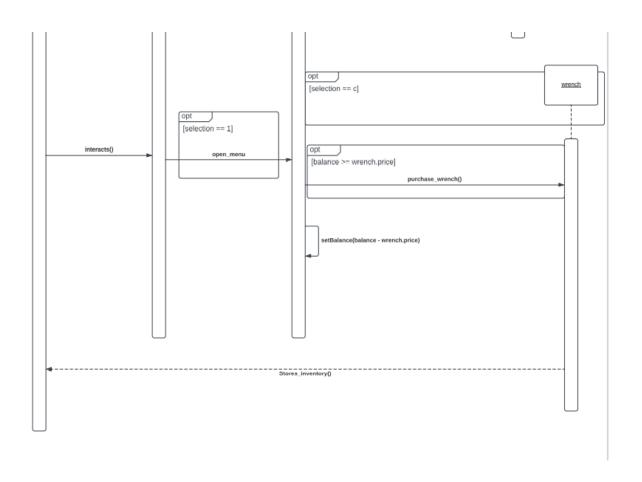
Req 5 + Re6:

Class Diagram:

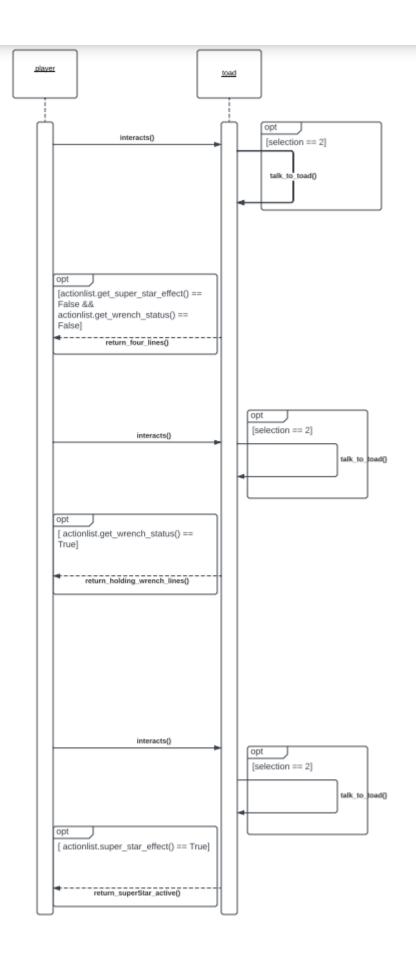


Sequence Diagram (re5):





Sequence diagram (re6)



Design Rationale:

Design rationale

Toad:

- We need to have a toad class
- There needs to be 2 selections
- Selection 1: trading
- Selection 2: monologue
- This toad is surrounded by at least 9 walls

Wallet:

 This section will print a list of items a player can buy for example.

A: Mario buys Power Star (\$600)

B: Mario buys Super Mushroom (\$400)

C: Mario buys Wrench (\$200)

If any of the option is chosen, this will call a public method within the wallet class corresponding to each choice. This public method will do a check between balance and price. Then it will add the item in to the item list. Then it will do a deduction of the balance.

Each item extends from the parent class which is item. An actor will have an association with item.

Super mushroom will have a direct association with drop item action.

Tree will spawn coin randomly hence we need to use the method from the tree class which will be a dependency.

Monologue:

- Monologue will not have a class of itself. This will be implemented within the toad class.
- After pressing selection 2 this will call the monologue method.

 Inside the monologue method this will call an action list to check whether the player is holding wrench or having power stars active. In either case this will call other methods which will print different lines corresponding to each case.

Req 7:
Class Diagram:
Sequence Diagram:
Design Rationale: