

# Mathematical Theory of Infectious Disease Epidemics

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Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Table of contents

## Introduction

## Mathematical Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

## Analytical Solution

## Numerical Methods for Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

## Simulation Results on Real-World Data

Simulations on USA's COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's COVID-19 Data

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Introduction

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

## Introduction

### Mathematical Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

### Analytical Solution

### Numerical Methods for Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

### Simulation Results on Real-World Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

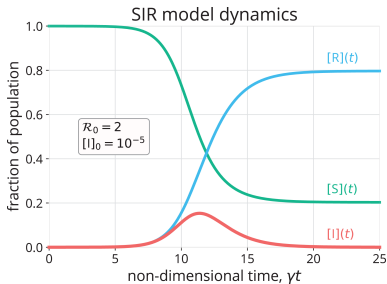
Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

## Introduction

# Introduction

- Model Diseases
- Predict Their Future Behavior
- Managing Their Spread

Figure: Example of SIR



## Introduction

### Mathematical Formulation

Types of Variables  
Important Assumptions

### Analytical Solution

### Numerical Methods for Solving the SIR

Euler's Method  
Backward Euler's Method

### Simulation Results on Real-World Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Mathematical Formulation

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

Introduction

**Mathematical  
Formulation**

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

## Mathematical Formulation

# Mathematical Formulation

- ▶ Types of Variables
- ▶ Important Assumptions

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

Introduction

**Mathematical  
Formulation**

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Independent and Dependent Variables

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

The only dependent variable is  $t$ (time) measured in days.

The first set of dependent variables are functions of time, which count people in each group.

$S(t)$  is the number of *susceptible* individuals at given time,

$I(t)$  is the number of *infected* individuals at give time,

$R(t)$  is the number of *recovered* individuals at give time.

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Independent and Dependent Variables

The second set of dependent variables represents the *fraction* of the total population in each of the three categories. So, if  $N$  is the total population we have:

$s(t) = \frac{S(t)}{N}$  the *susceptible fraction* of the population,

$i(t) = \frac{I(t)}{N}$  the *infected fraction* of the population, and

$r(t) = \frac{R(t)}{N}$  the *recovered fraction* of the population.



# Important Assumptions

These assumptions inform the derivatives of our dependent variables.

$$\blacktriangleright \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} = -\beta s(t)i(t)$$

$$\blacktriangleright \frac{\partial r}{\partial t} = \gamma i(t)$$

$$\frac{\partial s}{\partial t} = -\beta s(t)i(t) \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial t} = \gamma i(t) \quad (2)$$

As the sum of *susceptable*, *infected* and *recovered* people gives the whole population, it means that

$$\frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial i}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial r}{\partial t} = 0 \quad (3)$$

To get the differential equation for infecteds it is enough to plug equations (1) and (2) into equation (3). The result will be:

$$\frac{\partial i}{\partial t} = -\beta s(t)i(t) - \gamma i(t) \quad (4)$$

# Important Assumptions

Combining all three equations will give the following system of differential equations:

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial s}{\partial t} = -\beta s(t)i(t) \\ \frac{\partial i}{\partial t} = -\beta s(t)i(t) - \gamma i(t) \\ \frac{\partial r}{\partial t} = \gamma i(t) \end{cases}$$

# Analytical Solution

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

**Analytical Solution**

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

## Analytical Solution

# Analytical Solution

$$\begin{cases} x' = -\beta xy \\ y' = \beta xy - \gamma y \\ z' = \gamma z \\ x + y + z = N \\ x_0 = N_1, y_0 = N_2, z_0 = N_3 \end{cases}$$

Step 1) Differentiating  $x$  with respect to time  $t$ , and substituting  $y'$ .

$$\begin{aligned} x'' &= -\beta \left( x' \left( \frac{-x'}{\beta x} \right) + xy' \right) \implies \frac{-x''}{\beta} = \frac{-(x')^2}{\beta x} + xy' \\ \implies xy' &= \frac{-x''}{\beta} + \frac{-(x')^2}{\beta x} \\ \implies y' &= \frac{-1}{\beta} \left( \frac{-x''}{x} - \left( \frac{x'}{x} \right)^2 \right) \end{aligned}$$

# Analytical Solution

Step 2) Next we insert  $y = \frac{-x'}{\beta x}$  into  $y'$  and equate it to Step (1)

$$\begin{aligned}-x' + \frac{\gamma x'}{\beta x} &= \frac{-1}{\beta} \left( \frac{-x''}{x} - \left( \frac{x'}{x} \right)^2 \right) \\ \implies \beta x' - \frac{\gamma x'}{x} &= \frac{x''}{x} - \left( \frac{x'}{x} \right)^2 \\ \implies \frac{x''}{x} - \left( \frac{x'}{x} \right)^2 + \frac{\gamma x'}{x} - \beta x' &= 0\end{aligned}$$

Step 3) We also have that  $y = \frac{-x'}{\beta x}$  and  $y = \frac{z'}{\gamma}$ . Equating them we get

$$\frac{-x'}{\beta x} = \frac{z'}{\gamma} \implies z' = -\frac{\gamma}{\beta} \left( \frac{x'}{x} \right)$$

Step 4) Next we integrate Step (3)

$$c_1 + z = -\frac{\gamma}{\beta} \int \frac{x'}{x} dt \implies c_1 + z = -\frac{\gamma}{\beta} (\ln(x) + c_2)$$

$$\implies \ln(x) = -\frac{\beta c_1}{\gamma} - \frac{\beta z}{\gamma} - c_2$$

$$\implies x = e^{-\frac{\beta z}{\gamma}} \cdot e^{-\frac{\beta c_1}{\gamma} - c_2}$$

$$\implies x = x_0 e^{-\frac{\beta z}{\gamma}}$$

Where  $x_0$  is an integration constant.

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Analytical Solution

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

Step 5) From Step(4) we get that

$$x' = -\frac{x_0\beta}{\gamma}z'e^{-\frac{\beta z}{\gamma}}$$

Step 6) Instead of integrating we differentiate Step (3) and get

$$z'' = -\frac{\gamma}{\beta} \left( \frac{x''}{x} - \left( \frac{x'}{x} \right)^2 \right)$$

Step 7) Finally if we combine Step(6), Step(5) and Step(3) into Step(2) we get

$$z'' = x_0\beta z'e^{-\frac{\beta z}{\gamma}} - \gamma z'$$

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Analytical Solution

All the other steps can be found in the paper in Appendix B, but eventually we get the parametric form

$$x = x_0 u,$$

$$y = \frac{\gamma}{\beta} \ln u - x_0 u - \frac{C_1}{\beta},$$

$$z = -\frac{\gamma}{\beta} \ln u$$

Where  $u_0 = e^{-\frac{\beta}{\gamma} N_3}$ ,  $C_1 = -\beta N$ .

And the relation between  $u$  and  $t$  being as follows

$$t = \int_{u_0}^u \frac{du}{u(C_1 - \gamma \ln u + x_0 \beta u)}$$

## Introduction

## Mathematical Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

## Analytical Solution

## Numerical Methods for Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

## Simulation Results on Real-World Data

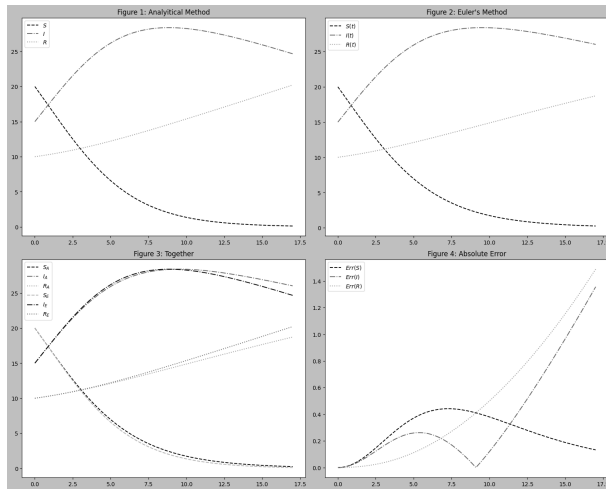
Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data



# Analytical Solution

Figure: Graphical Examples of the Analytical Solution



Plotted Using Values

$$N_1 = 20, \quad N_2 = 15, \quad N_3 = 10, \quad \beta = 0.01, \quad \gamma = 0.02$$

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Numerical Solutions

- ▶ Euler's Method
- ▶ Backward Euler's Method

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Euler's Method

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

By using the extension  $y'_k = \frac{y_{k+h} - y_k}{h}$  and having the  $y_0$ , we can iteratively predict the  $y_{k+1} = y(x + h)$ , by using the system

$$\begin{cases} \frac{y_{k+1} - y_k}{h} = f(x_k, y_k) \\ y(x_0) = y_0 \end{cases}$$

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

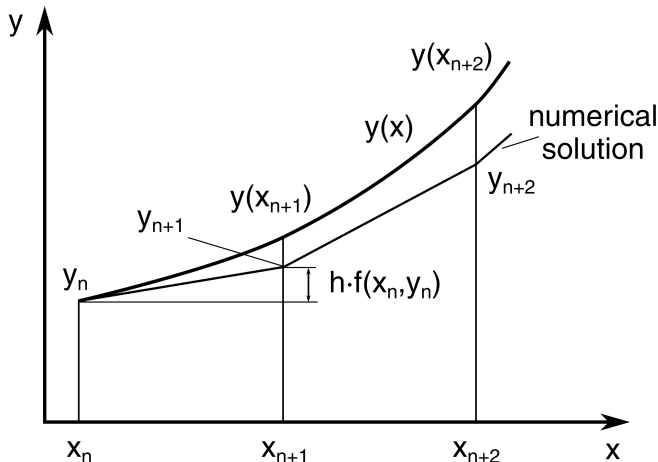
Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Euler's Method

Figure: Euler Method Geometrical Interpretation



# Euler's Method

In case of SIR, we are solving 3 ODE's, hence we are solving a system for  $s_{k+1}$ ,  $i_{k+1}$ , and  $r_{k+1}$ , given the  $s_0, i_0, r_0$

$$\begin{cases} s_{k+1} = s_k - \beta \cdot h \cdot s_k \cdot i_k \\ i_{k+1} = i_k + (\beta \cdot s_k \cdot i_k - \gamma \cdot i_k) \cdot h \\ r_{k+1} = r_k + \gamma \cdot h \cdot i_k \end{cases}$$

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Backward Euler's Method

This time, the Method uses a different approach, namely

$$y'(x) \approx \frac{y_n - y_{n+1}}{h}$$

Plugging the SIR ODE's, we will get the system

$$\begin{cases} s_{t+1} = s_t - h \cdot \beta s_{t+1} i_{t+1} \\ i_{t+1} = i_t + h \cdot (\beta s_{t+1} i_{t+1} - \gamma i_{t+1}) \\ r_{t+1} = r_t + h \cdot \gamma i_{t+1} \end{cases}$$

By solving each one of these SLE's, we will get the next approximations for  $s_k, i_k, r_k$

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

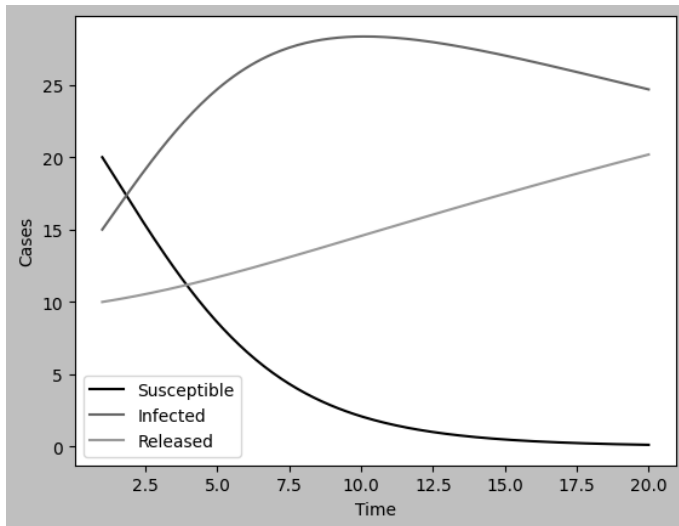
Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Backward Euler's Method

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

Figure: Backward Euler Method Example



Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

## Simulations on USA's COVID-19 Data

Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

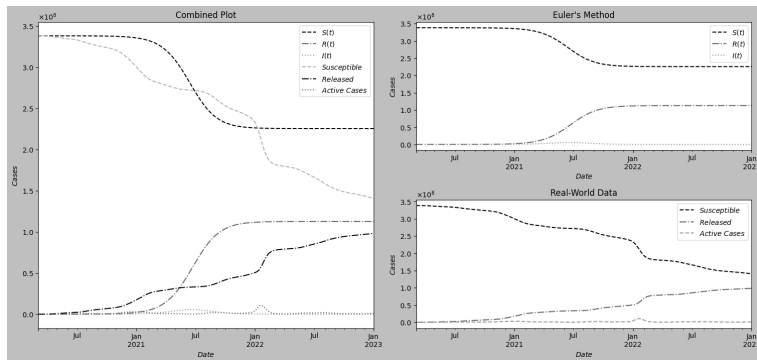


# Simulations on USA's COVID-19 Data

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

Figure: Comparison Plot of Real data and Prediction by SIR



Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables  
Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method  
Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

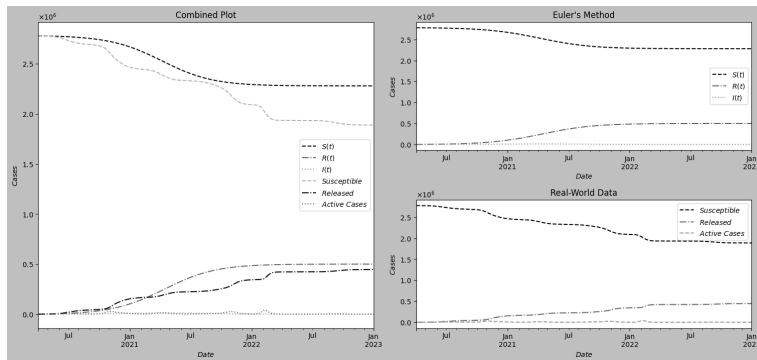
Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

# Simulations on Armenia's COVID-19 Data

Mathematical  
Theory of  
Infectious Disease  
Epidemics

G. Hovhannisyan  
A. Abrahamyan  
M. Khachatryan

Figure: Comparison Plot of Real data and Prediction by SIR



Introduction

Mathematical  
Formulation

Types of Variables

Important Assumptions

Analytical Solution

Numerical  
Methods for  
Solving the SIR

Euler's Method

Backward Euler's Method

Simulation Results  
on Real-World  
Data

Simulations on USA's  
COVID-19 Data

Simulations on Armenia's  
COVID-19 Data

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