Data Science

Prof M.-S. Chen Prof M.-L Lo

TA Office ours

- ◆ Every Friday AM11:00-12:00 博理603
- **Contact**
 - ➤ email: datascience2020fall@gmail.com
 - > FB QA discuss community



DS HW5 - Classification

繳交方式

Deadline: 2020/12/8 Tue. 23:59

◆ 上傳格式: PDF, to ceiba

HW5 扣分規則

- ◆ 遲交
 - ➤ 此次作業 0分:<
- ◆ 格式錯誤
 - ➤ 此次作業 -20 分

Problem

	1		/	
Customer ID .	Gender -	Car Type	Shirt Size	Class .
1.	M »	Family .	Small .	C0 »
2 .	M	Sports	Medium .	C0 »
3 .	M »	Sports	Medium .	C0 .
4 .	M .	Sports -	Large .	C0
5 .	M .	Sports.	Extra Large	C0
6 .	M »	Sports.	Extra Large	C0
7 .	F.	Sports.	Small .	C0
8 .	F.	Sports.	Small .	C0
9 .	F.	Sports -	Medium .	C0
10	F.	Luxury .	Large .	C0
11 .	M .	Family .	Large .	C0 .
12 .	M .	Family .	Extra Large	C0 .
13 .	M .	Family .	Medium .	C1 .
14 .	M .	Luxury .	Extra Large	C1 .
15 .	F	Luxury .	Small .	C1 .
16 .	F。	Luxury .	Small .	C1 .
17 .	F.	Luxury .	Medium .	C1 .
18 .	F.	Luxury -	Medium .	C1 -
19 .	F.	Luxury .	Medium .	C1
20	F.	Luxury .	Large -	C1.

想複製表格的點這 邊: [<u>here</u>] 1 (40%) For the data in the above table, please use gini index (two way split) to derive and draw the resulting decision tree

(Please show steps, every gini index of candidates and which rule you choose; also draw out the tree).

2 (30%) For the data in the above table, use Naïve Bayes classifier to classify an input tuple.

with (Gender=F, Car Type=Luxury, Shirt Size=Large) (Please show your procedure)

3. (30%) Drive the hyperplane by the SVM procedure taught in the class. (Please show your procedure)

Positive examples, y = 1: (4, 3), (7, 2), (4,8). Negative examples, y = -1: (2, 1), (2, -1), (-1, 3), (-1, -2).

溫馨提醒

decicion tree

◆ 如果可以的話請各位第一小提盡量寫程式去計算,用手算會算到發瘋喔!