

LEVELS OF INTELLIGENCE IN ARTIFICIAL AND BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS

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Sheppard Clinic North, Richmond Hill, Canada
- ▶ BICA*AI 2021 at IS4SI
- ▶
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Artificial Intelligence
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1. Quickly look at this rating scale of AI/intelligence



2. Why is there is the need for such a scale?



3. Consider other such attempts to measure AI/AGI or natural intelligence



4. Consider the origins of the scale -- the Causal Cognitive Architecture



5. Look at this rating scale in more depth, with examples

1. Quickly look at this rating scale of AI/intelligence

Schneider (2021) – Two-Dimensional Rating Scale for Levels of Intelligence

Axis I: “Level of Intelligence”

Related to causal level

Axis II: “Benchmark Value”

Related to raw data processing

($\sim = \log_{10}(\text{raw data processing})$)

Schneider Level of Intelligence	Natural Example	Artf'l Example	Schneider Benchmark Artificial Example
Level 0 – No or Few Organized Associations	Spores blowing in the wind	Digital clock	2
Level 1 – Reflexive Associations	Bacterial chemotaxis	Data lookup table 1B entries	5
Level 2 – Complex Associations	Fish simple behaviors	CNN 1M faces	5
Level 3 – Complex + Spec Proc Centers	Fish complex behaviors	GPT-3 175B parameters	7
Level 4 – Complex +some Pre-Causal Associations	Reptile	Experimental [e.g., CCA]	1
Level 5 – Fully Pre-Causal Associations	Mammal	Experimental [e.g., CCA]	1
Level 6 – Pre-Causal +some Cause-and-Effect	Human	not available	Nat Ex:= 5 Art Ex: n/a
Level 7 – Fully Cause-and-Effect	not available	not available	n/a



2. WHY IS THERE IS
THE NEED FOR
SUCH A SCALE?

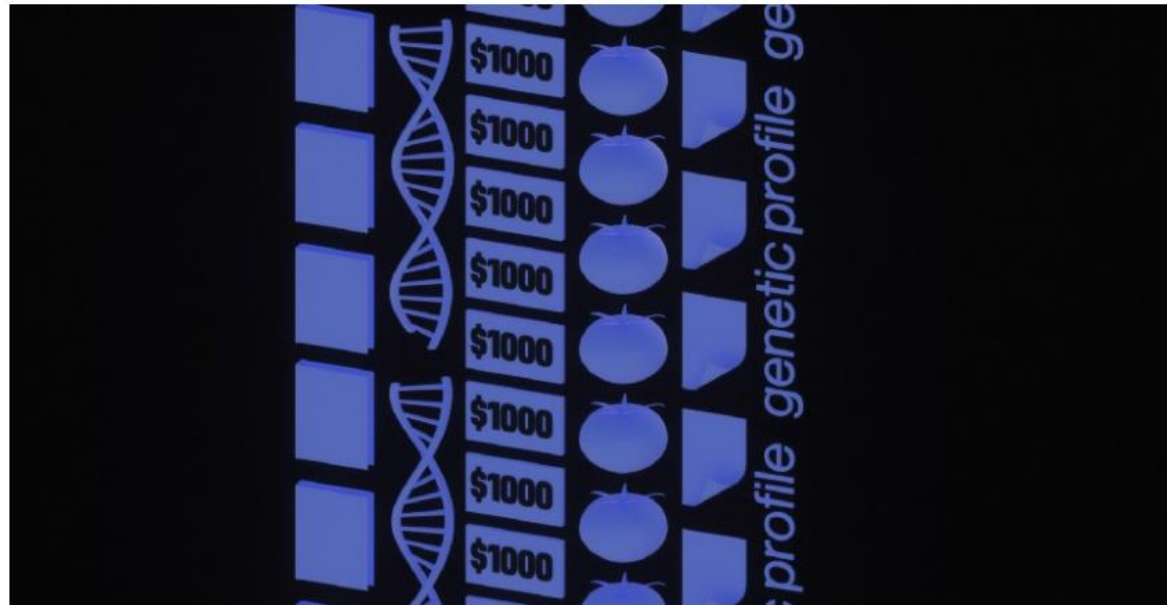
**AI/AGI IS FILLED WITH
MUCH
EXAGGERATION
COMPARED TO
ACTUAL
ACHIEVEMENTS**

What Ever Happened to IBM's Watson?

IBM's artificial intelligence was supposed to transform industries and generate riches for the company. Neither has panned out. Now, IBM has settled on a humbler vision for Watson.



The New York Times Jul 19 · 10 min read ★



WHAT IS HEAVIER – A PENCIL OR AN OVEN?

OPEN AI'S
GPT-3
MIGHT BE
A HUMANOID
IN THE MAKING



Amazing
Generative Pre-
Trained
Transformer
Language
Model but....

How do these intelligences compare?



- **Neural Network** – phenomenal image processing and reinforcement learning
- **Child** – phenomenal causal learning with few examples (eg, 8 Gopnik)

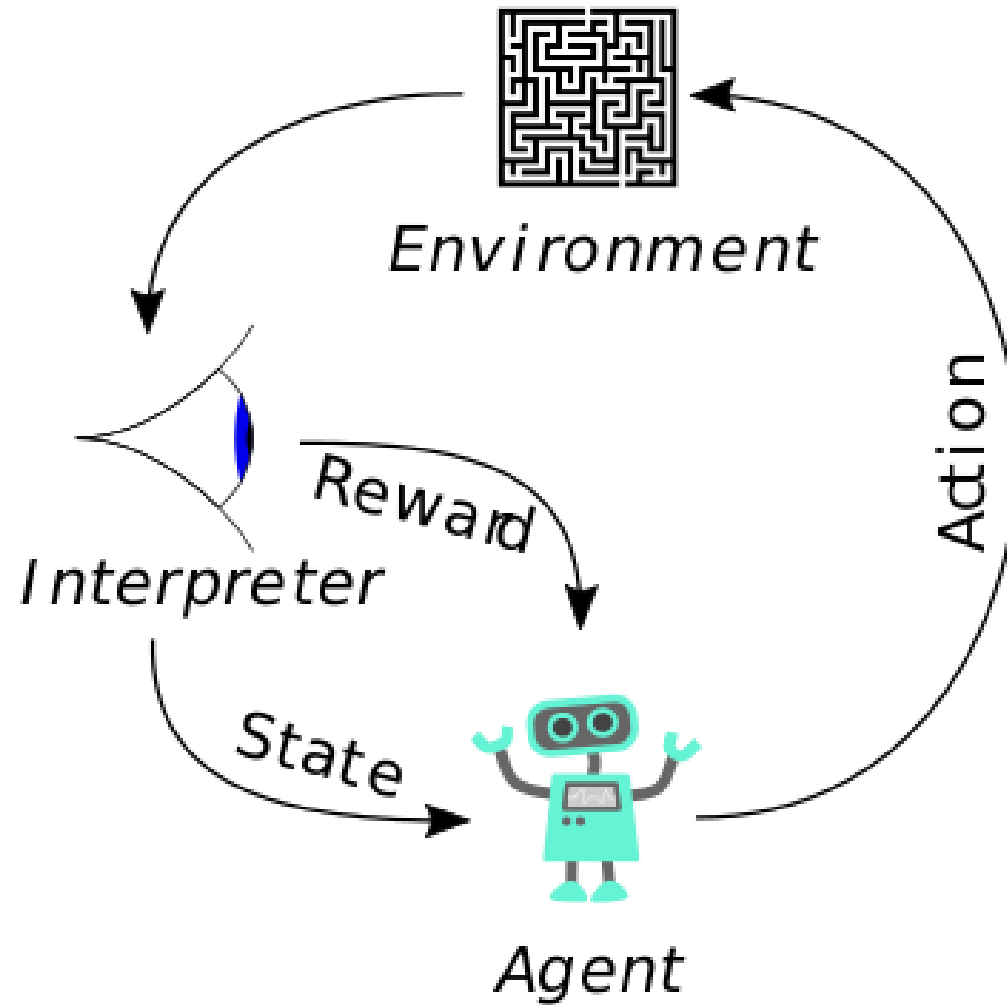
→ NEED TO **MEASURE** SOME
QUANTITY WHICH REFLECTS
WHAT WOULD BE A
REASONABLE ASSESSMENT OF
A SYSTEM'S "**INTELLIGENCE**"

3. CONSIDER OTHER SUCH ATTEMPTS TO MEASURE AI/AGI OR NATURAL INTELLIGENCE

$$Y(\pi) := \sum_{\mu \in E} 2^{-K(\mu)} V_{\mu}^{\pi}$$

Legg & Hutter (2007) “Universal intelligence”:
expected performance Y of agent/function π

arXiv



► expected performance Υ of agent/function π

$$Y(\pi) := \sum_{\mu \in E} 2^{-K(\mu)} V^{\pi}_{\mu}$$

-algorithmic probability distribution of the space of environments $2^{-K(\mu)}$ times the value function V of agent π operating in environment μ


- μ is one environment in the set of E all environments that could exist

$$Y(\pi) := \sum_{\mu \in E} 2^{-K(\mu)} V^{\pi}_{\mu}$$

-V value function is equal to expected total
reward for an agent

Problem - K is Kolmogorov complexity function
– not computable for real world

$$Y(\pi) := \sum_{\mu \in E} 2^{-K(\mu)} V_{\mu}^{\pi}$$

Schmidhuber (2011)  workaround
to compute equation

LEGG & HUTTER (2007) “UNIVERSAL INTELLIGENCE”:

$$Y(\pi) := \sum_{\mu \in E} 2^{-K(\mu)} V^{\pi}_{\mu}$$

Goertzel (2010) – in real world
cognitive animal may not
function well in *all* possible
envr'ts but function very well in
some

Mapping the Landscape of Human-Level Artificial General Intelligence

AI Magazine 2012

- **Sam Adams** IBM
- **Itmar Arel** University of Tennessee
- **Joscha Bach** Humboldt University of Berlin
- **Robert Coop** University of Tennessee
- **Rod Furlan** Quaternix Research, Inc.
- **Ben Goertzel**
- **J. Storrs Hall** Independent Researcher and Author
- **Alexei Samsonovich** George Mason University
- **Matthias Scheutz** Tufts University
- **Matthew Schlesinger** Southern Illinois University, Carbondale
- **Stuart C. Shapiro** University of Buffalo, State University of New York
- **John Sowa** VivoMind Research, LLC

Mapping the Landscape of Human-Level Artificial General Intelligence

- C1. The environment is complex, with diverse, interacting and richly structured objects.
- C2. The environment is dynamic and open.
- C3. Task-relevant regularities exist at multiple time scales.
- C4. Other agents impact performance.
- C5. Tasks can be complex, diverse and novel.
- C6. Interactions between agent, environment and tasks are complex and limited.
- C7. Computational resources of the agent are limited.
- C8. Agent existence is long-term and continual.

Mapping the Landscape of Human-Level Artificial General Intelligence

R1. Realize a symbol system

Represent and effectively use:

R2. Modality-specific knowledge

R3. Large bodies of diverse knowledge

R4. Knowledge with different levels of generality

R5. Diverse levels of knowledge

R6. Beliefs independent of current perception

R7. Rich, hierarchical control knowledge

R8. Meta-cognitive knowledge

R9. Support a spectrum of bounded and unbounded deliberation

R10. Support diverse, comprehensive learning

R11 Support incremental, online learning

Wozniak Test

Robot can walk into unfamiliar house

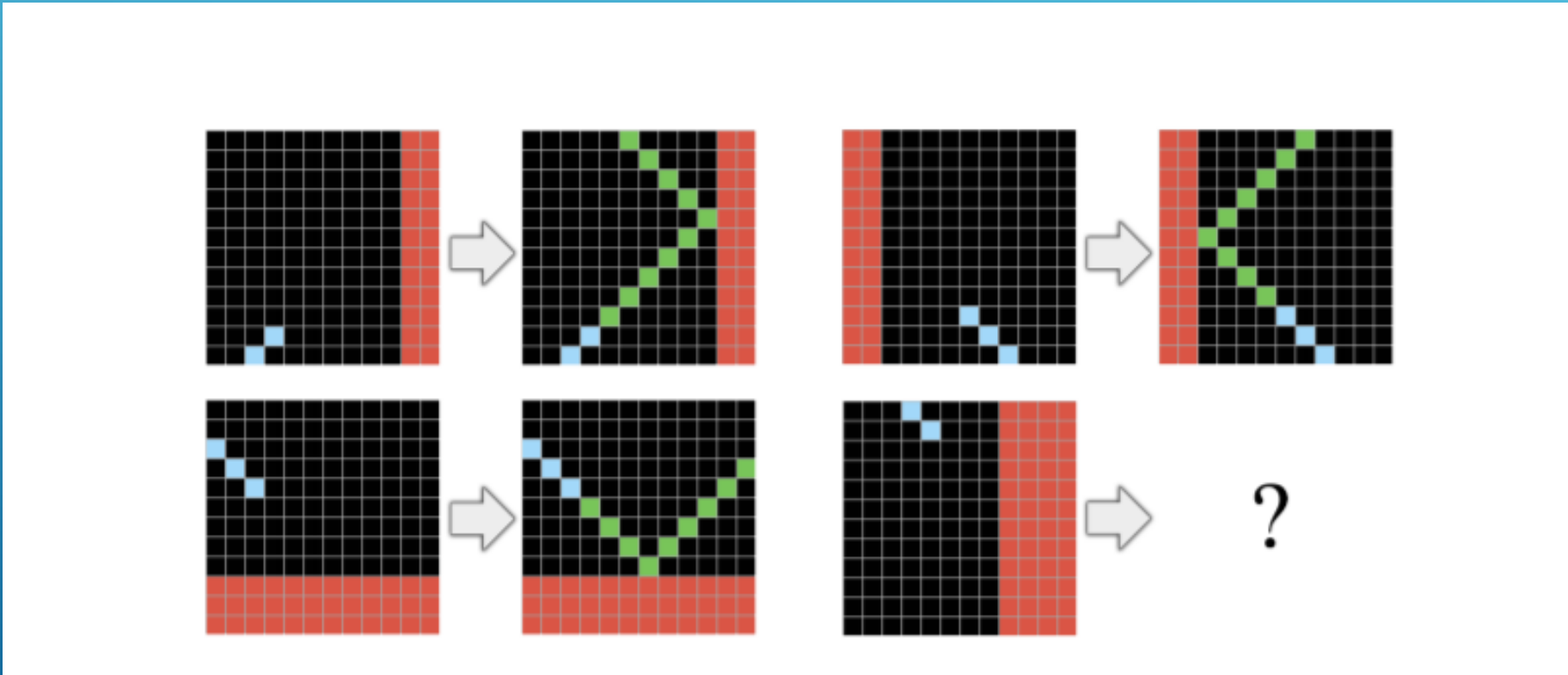
Robot can then make a cup of coffee



Steve Wozniak

Chollet (2019) ARC

“On the measure of intelligence”



“Abstraction and Reasoning Corpus”

“On the Measure of Intelligence” -- arXiv

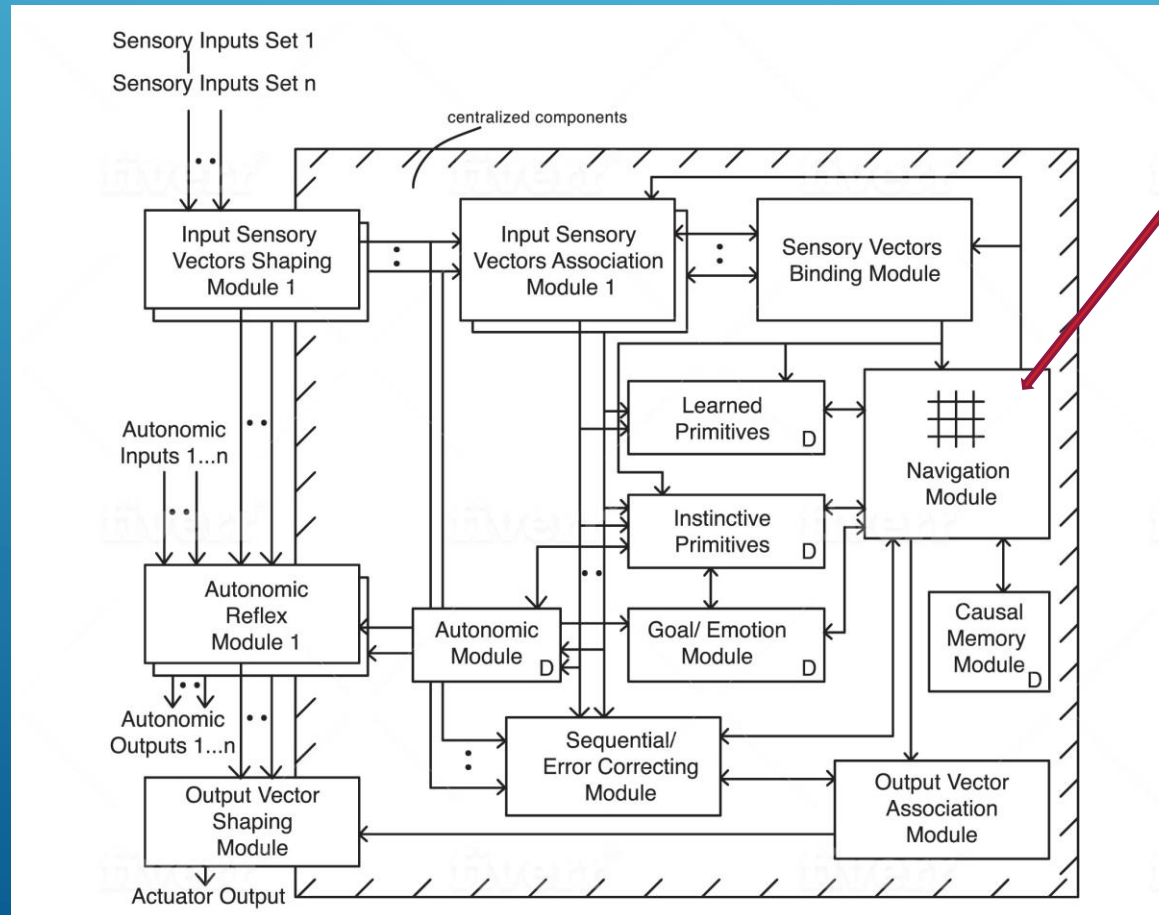
4. Consider the origins of the scale -- the Causal Cognitive Architecture

Need for the ability to measure some sort of 'intelligence level' in my cognitive architecture

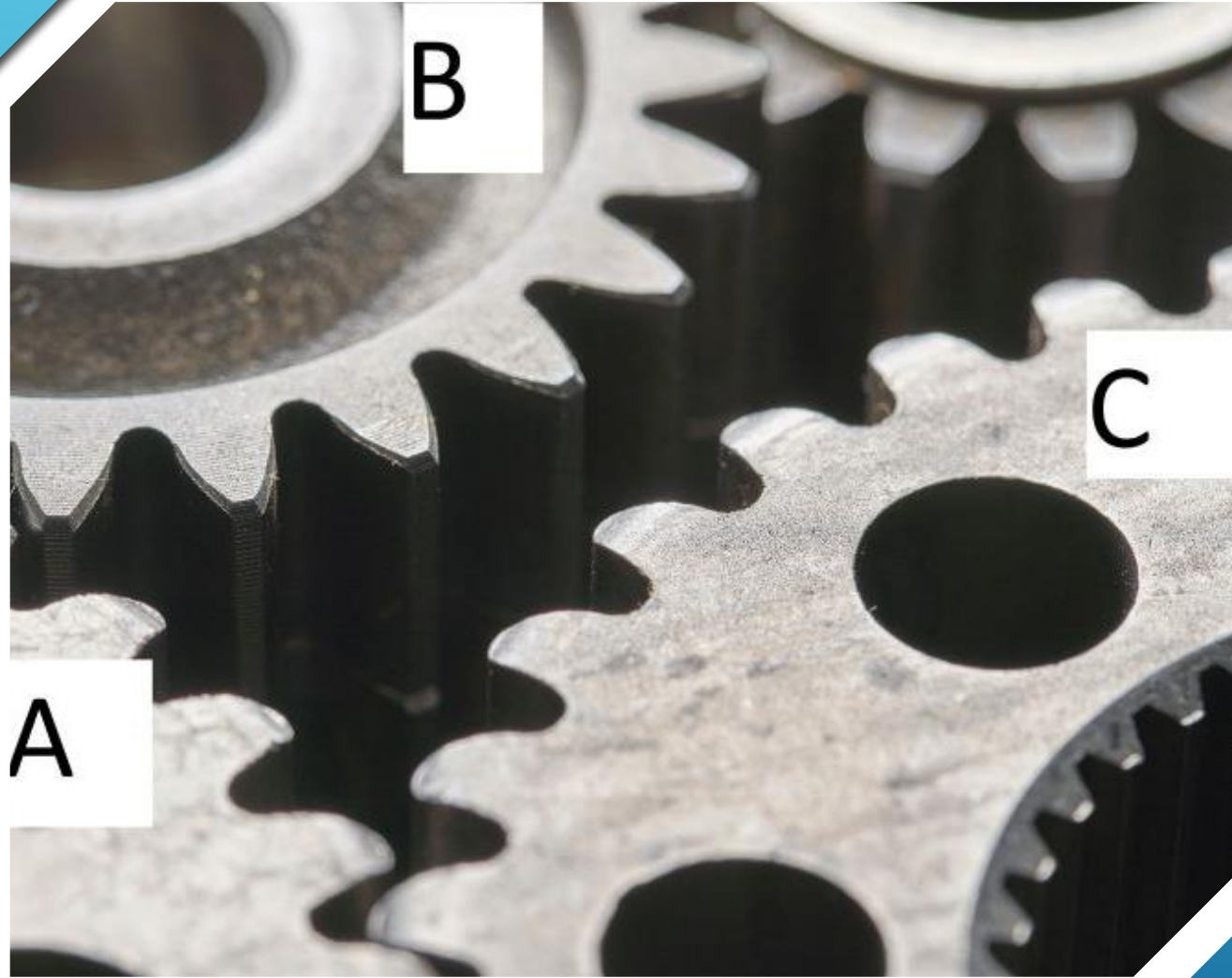
Causal Cognitive Architecture
(Schneider 2018-2021)

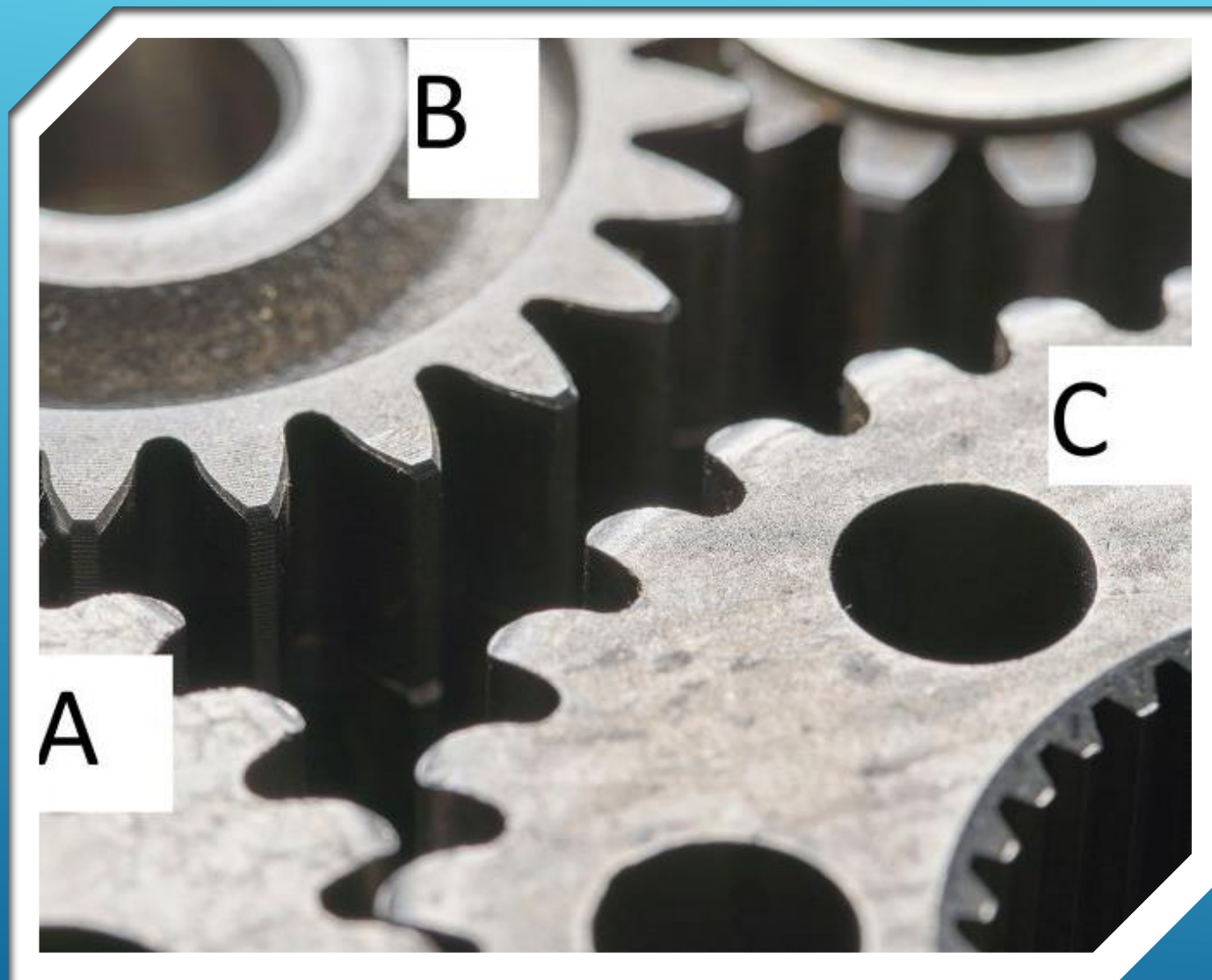
Navigation Module operating on Navigation Maps

Many such maps stored



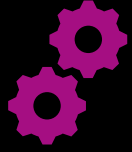
**WE WANT A
MECHANISM FOR
GENERATING
CAUSAL
BEHAVIOR IN THE
REAL WORLD**





►-Agent (AGI, cognitive architecture, etc) has never seen the machine below (or even a similar machine).

-If Gear C is turned, what happens to Gear B?



Cannot fully repair a machine with 100's of parts by associations only (unless very common reasons for the breakdowns)

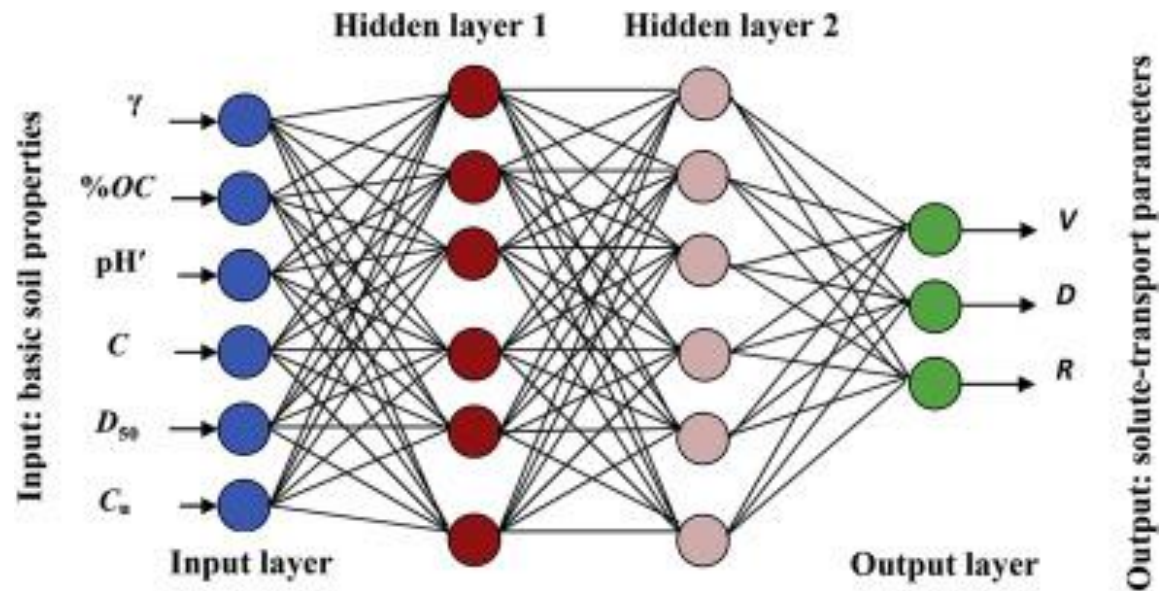


Even if only move a few parts there are millions and millions of combinations that need to be tried and learned by association

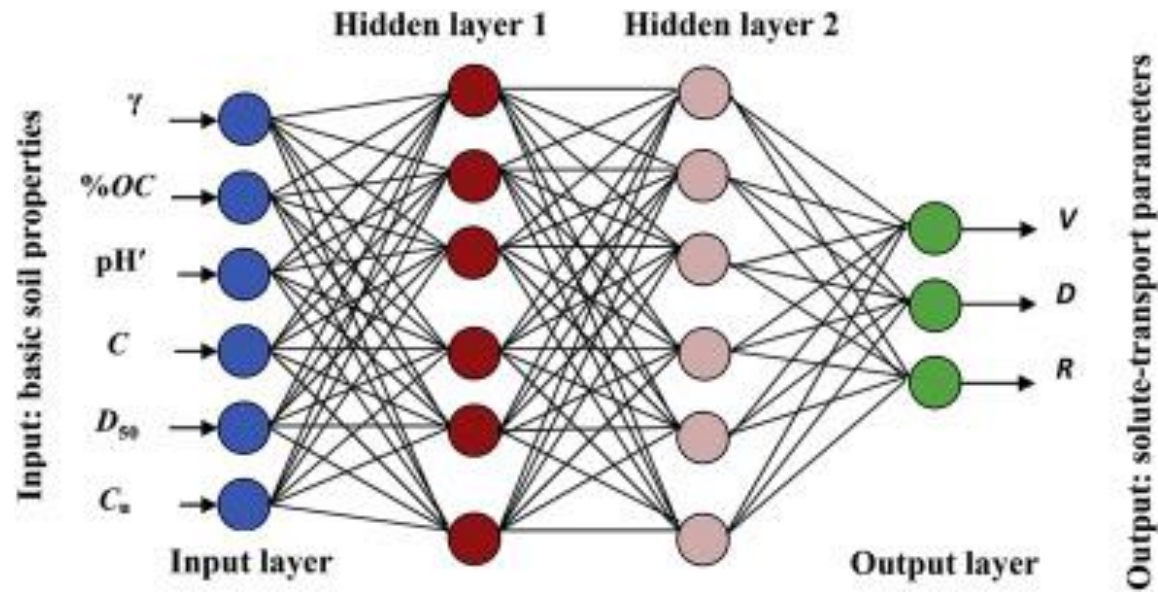


Simply not possible/practical

**CAUSALITY ALLOWS
REPAIRING A MACHINE
THE CCA1 HAS NEVER
SEEN BEFORE.**



DEEP LEARNING
NEURAL NETWORK
GREAT FOR MANY
RECOGNITION
AND PREDICTION
TASKS....




....BUT IF SOMETHING
DIFFERENT THAN ITS
TRAINING DATA.... IT
CANNOT PREDICT
HOW TO FIX
MACHINE NEVER
SAW BEFORE

-based on Causal Cognitive Architecture (Schneider 2018-2021)



-use of **navigation maps** for system of intelligence which can allow:

- **Associative Behavior**
- **Pre-Causal Behavior**
- **Fully Causal Behavior**

Choose pre-causal functioning of CCA1

 Command Prompt - cca1_2020

Please choose type of "hippocampus"/"brain" which, of course,
only loosely approximates the biological equivalent:

1. Lamprey hippocampal/brain analogue
 2. Fish hippocampal/telencephalon analogue
 3. Reptile hippocampal/pallium analogue 
 4. Mammalian hippocampus - note: meaningfulness, precausal
 5. Human hippocampus - note: meaningfulness plus full causal features
 6. Augmented Human level 1 - simultaneous multiple navigational threads
 7. Augmented Human level 2 - algorithm center in each navigational module
- Please make a selection: 

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I: “Level of Intelligence” ($0 \rightarrow 7$)

II: “Benchmark Value” ($\sim \log_{10}(\text{raw data processing})$)

Artificial Example: **Digital clock**

Level 0 – no or few organized
associations

Benchmark 2 -- 10^2 processing power

I: “Level of Intelligence” ($0 \rightarrow 7$)

II: “Benchmark Value” ($\sim \log_{10}(\text{raw data processing})$)

Artificial Example: **Data lookup table with one billion entries**

Level 1 – reflexive associations

Benchmark 5 -- 10^5 processing power

Natural Example: **Bacterial chemotaxis**

Level 1 – reflexive associations

Benchmark 4 -- 10^4 processing power

Artificial Example: **Convolutional Neural Network can recognize 1 million faces**

Level 2 – complex associations

Benchmark 5 -- 10^5 processing power

Natural Example: **Fish simple behaviors**

Level 2 – complex associations

Benchmark 5 -- 10^5 processing power

Natural Example: **Fish complex behaviors**

Level 3 – complex associations with specialized processing centers

Benchmark 6 -- 10^6 processing power

Artificial Example: **Generative Pre-Trained Transformer Neural Network with 175 billion parameters**

Level 3 – complex associations with specialized processing centers

Benchmark 7 -- 10^7 processing power

Natural Example: **Reptile**

Level 4 – complex associations plus some pre-causal associations

Benchmark 6 -- 10^6 processing power

Artificial Example: **Experimental eg, Causal Cognitive Architecture (Schneider, 2021)**

Level 4 – complex associations plus some pre-causal associations

Benchmark 1 -- 10^1 processing power

Natural Example: **Mammal**

Level 5 – fully pre-causal associations

Benchmark 7 -- 10^7 processing power

Artificial Example: **Experimental, eg, Causal Cognitive Architecture (Schneider, 2021)**

Level 5 – fully pre-causal associations

Benchmark 1 -- 10^1 processing power

I: “Level of Intelligence” ($0 \rightarrow 7$)

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Natural Example: **Human**

Level 6 – pre-causal plus some cause-and-effect logic

Benchmark 5 -- 10^5 processing power
(Human := 5)

Artificial Example: **not available**

I: “Level of Intelligence” ($0 \rightarrow 7$)

II: “Benchmark Value” ($\sim = \log_{10}(\text{raw data processing})$)

Natural Example: **not available**

Level 7 – fully cause-and-effect mechanisms

Benchmark n/a -- $10^{n/a}$ processing power

Artificial Example: **not available**

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THANK YOU

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