GROUNDING ARTIFICIAL GENERAL INTELLIGENCE WITH ROBOTICS: THE PETITCAT PROJECT

Howard Schneider
Sheppard Clinic North, Vaughan, Canada
hschneidermd@alum.mit.edu

Olivier L. Georgeon
UCLy, Lyon, France
ogeorgeon@univ-catholyon.fr

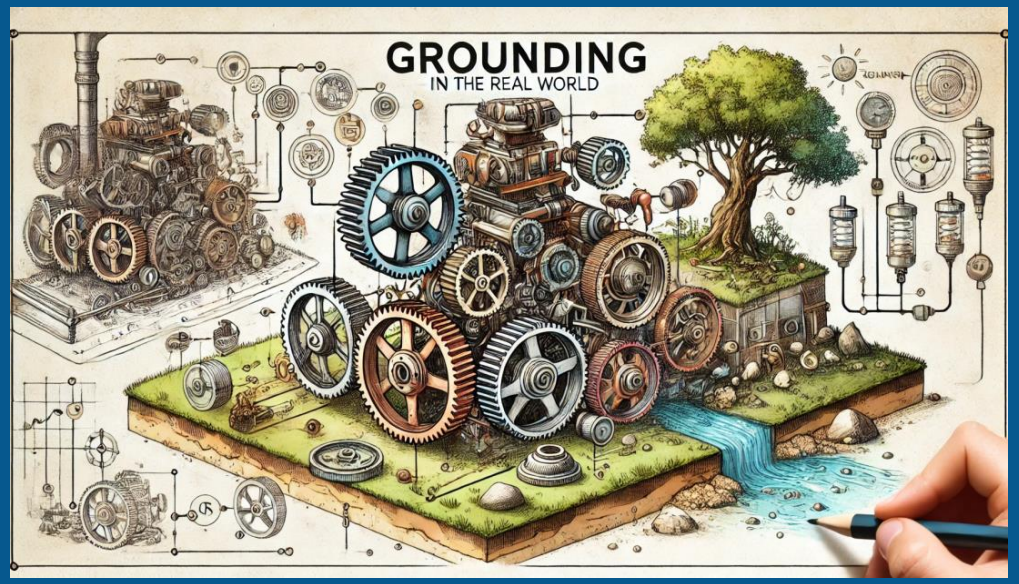
BICA*AI 2024
2024 Annual International Conference on Brain-Inspired Cognitive Architectures for Artificial Intelligence

OVERVIEW OF THE PRESENTATION

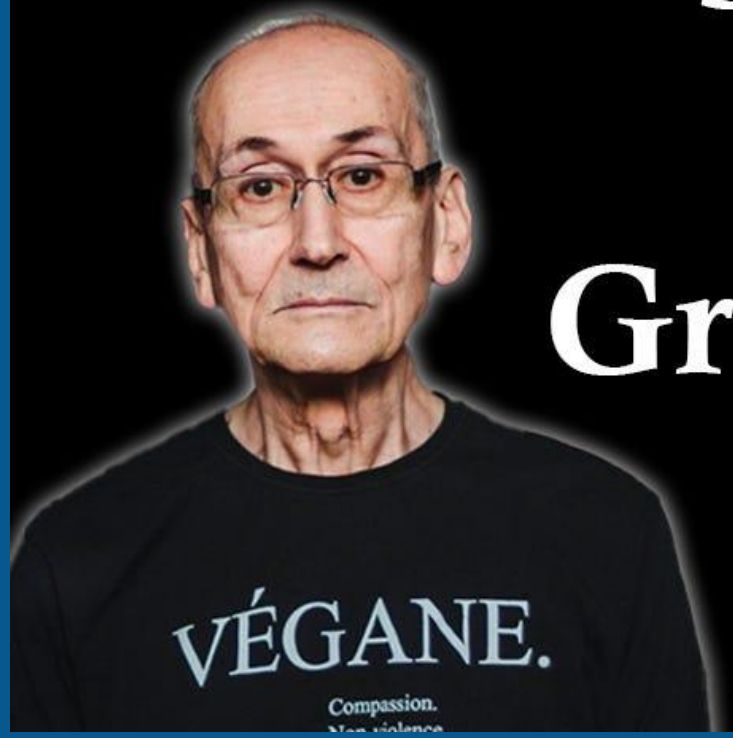
1. There is a need for grounding and embodiment of BICA ideas and systems
2. The PetitCat Open Source robotic grounding for AI/BICA Projects
3. Experimental use of the PetitCat project

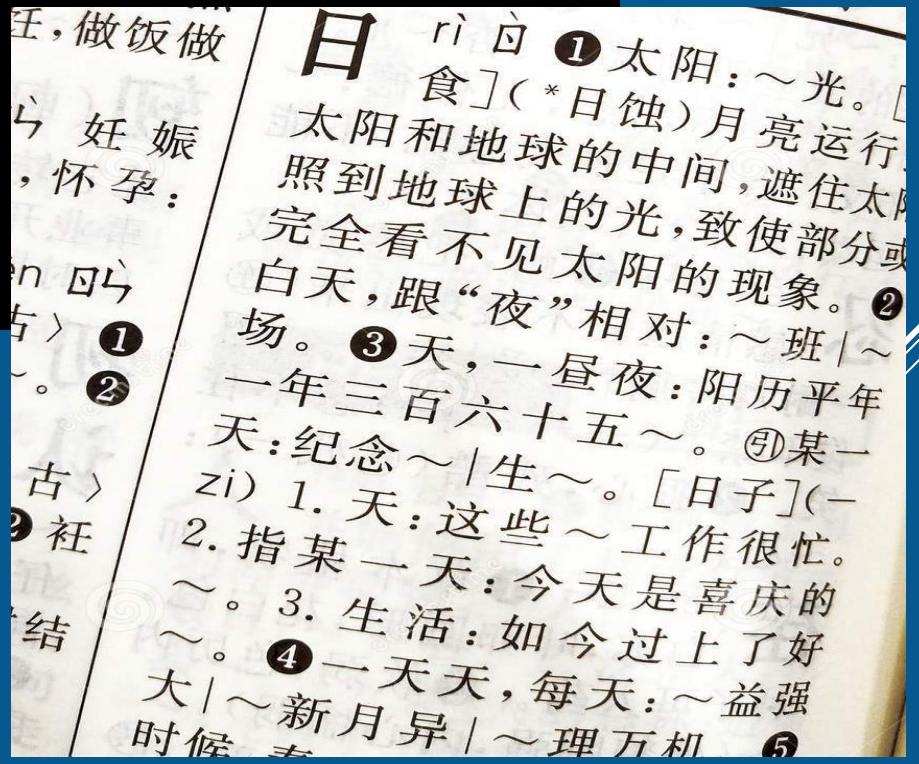
- Note: This paper was originally a 'Short Technical Communication' for the BICA*AI Track of AGI2024 Proceedings, but it is enhanced for the new BICA*AI 2024 Proceedings

1. THERE IS A NEED FOR GROUNDING AND EMBODIMENT OF BICA IDEAS AND SYSTEMS



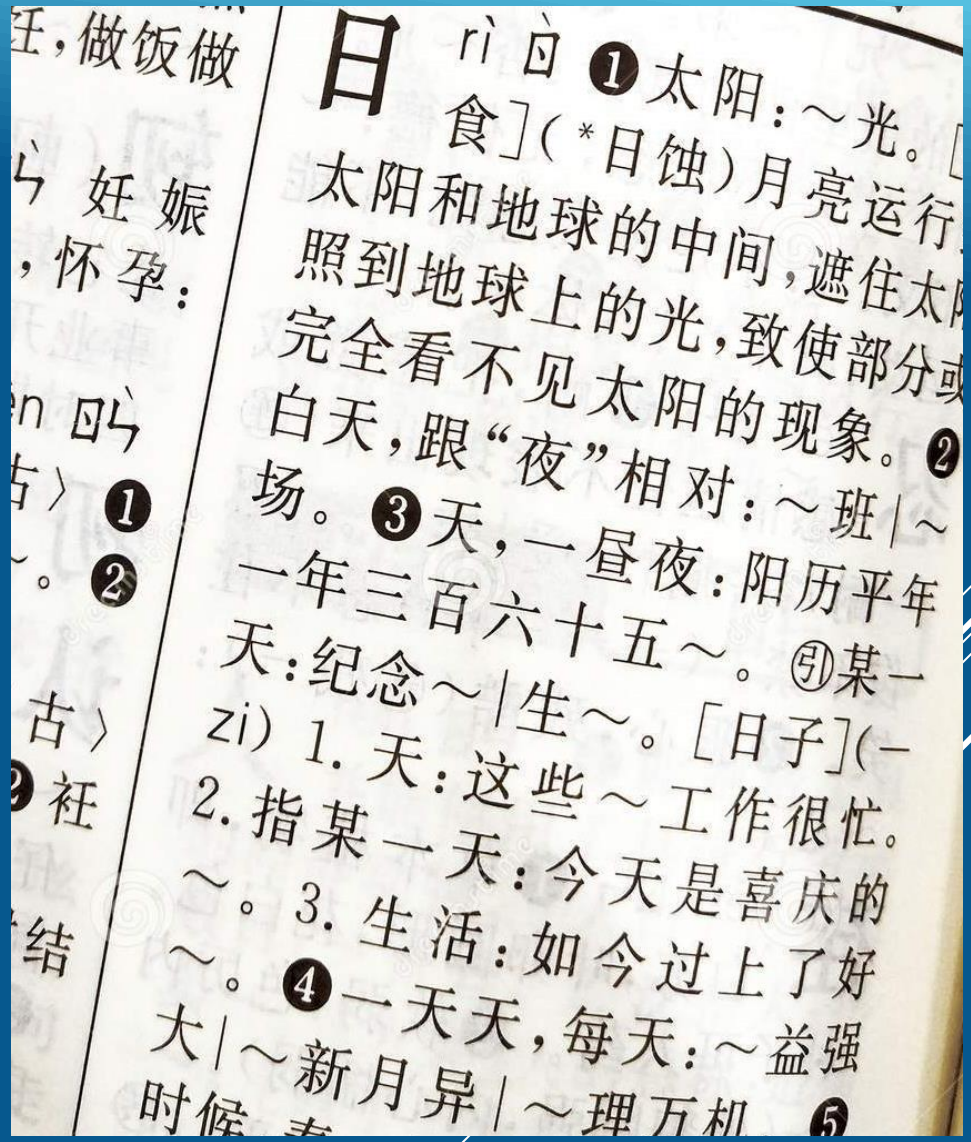
Stevan Harnad: The Symbol Grounding Problem





- try to learn Chinese language from Chinese-Chinese dictionary

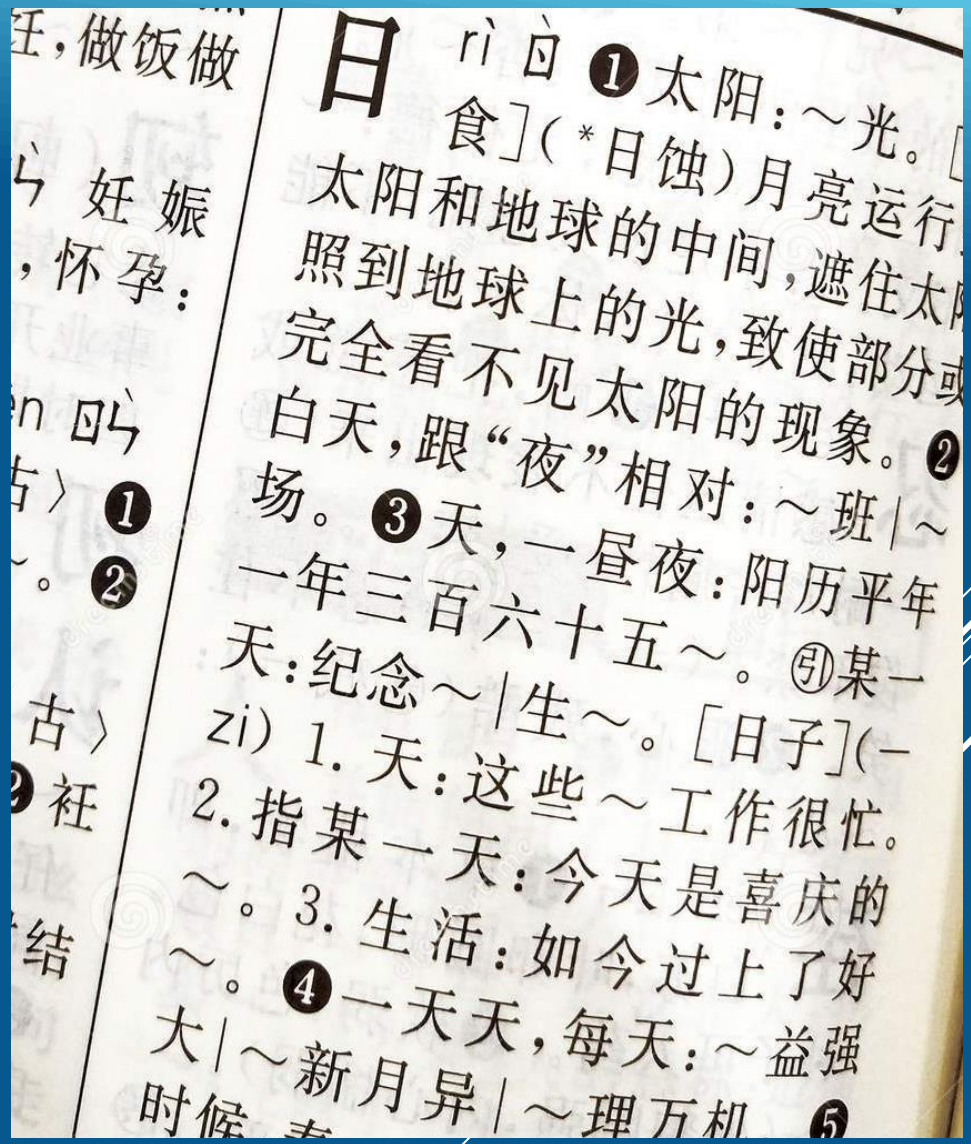
符号接地问题



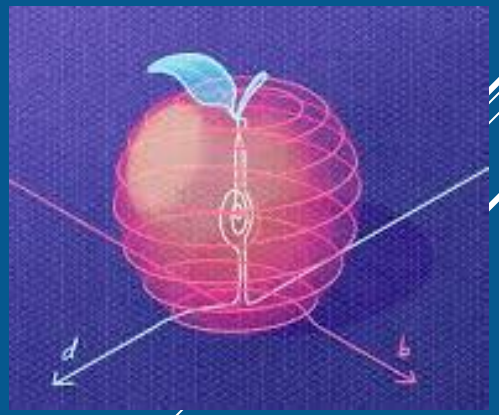
Google translate:
strip: “symbol grounding problem”
Dictionary page: Sun: ~light. Eclipse (solar eclipse) The moon moves between the sun and Earth, blocking the light that hits the Earth….

Go from one string of symbols without any meaning attached to the symbols to another string of symbols

符号接地问题



- How can the abstract symbols of a computing system actually understand the external world?



Symbol Grounding Problem

Computer: deals with the **symbols as "shapes"** rather than their **"meaning"**

→How to make these **arbitrary symbols meaningful** without an external interpreter?

e.g., human providing context

Harnad:

- ground symbols with their **real-world** sensations and interactions, objects and actions they are linked to
- **provides meaning to symbols**

Putting philosophy aside, what are the **practical advantages** to grounding an AI or AGI project?

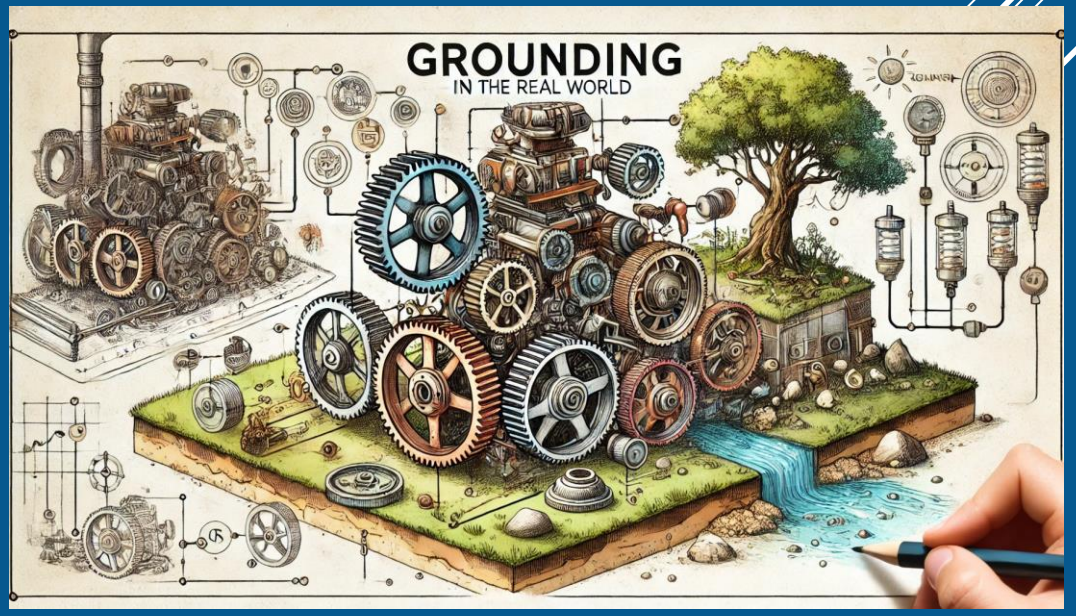


Image by DALL-E, 2024

- GROUNDING ADVANTAGES: AI/AGI can **understand** information with better context → **more accurate decisions**

Partial grounding only. Not full, complex, nuanced understanding for ChatGPT.
[vs GLAM via RL, Pavlick symbols and grounding LLM, etc.]

GROUNDING ADVANTAGE:

AI/AGI can **learn and adapt** from real-world experiences

- GROUNDING ADVANTAGES : AI/AGI can understand **real-world implications** of different actions → **more accurate decision/action**

GROUNDING ADVANTAGES:

AI/AGI can understand information with better context → **safer action, better alignment with human values possible**

GROUNDING ADVANTAGES :

AI/AGI can anchor concepts in real-world experiences → can uses these reference points when encounter a new situation →**better generalizations**

GROUNDING → BETTER GENERALIZATIONS VIA:

- Reference points when encounter new situation
- Multimodal integration
- Reduce overfitting since exposure to diverse real-world data
- Better abstract the essential features from a situation

→ GROUNDING IS ADVANTAGEOUS

→THERE IS A **NEED FOR A ROBOTIC PLATFORM** FOR AN AI/ AGI/ BICA PROJECT

2. THE PETITCAT OPEN SOURCE ROBOTIC GROUNDING FOR AI/BICA PROJECTS

-Open Hardware

-Open Software

PETITCAT PROJECT

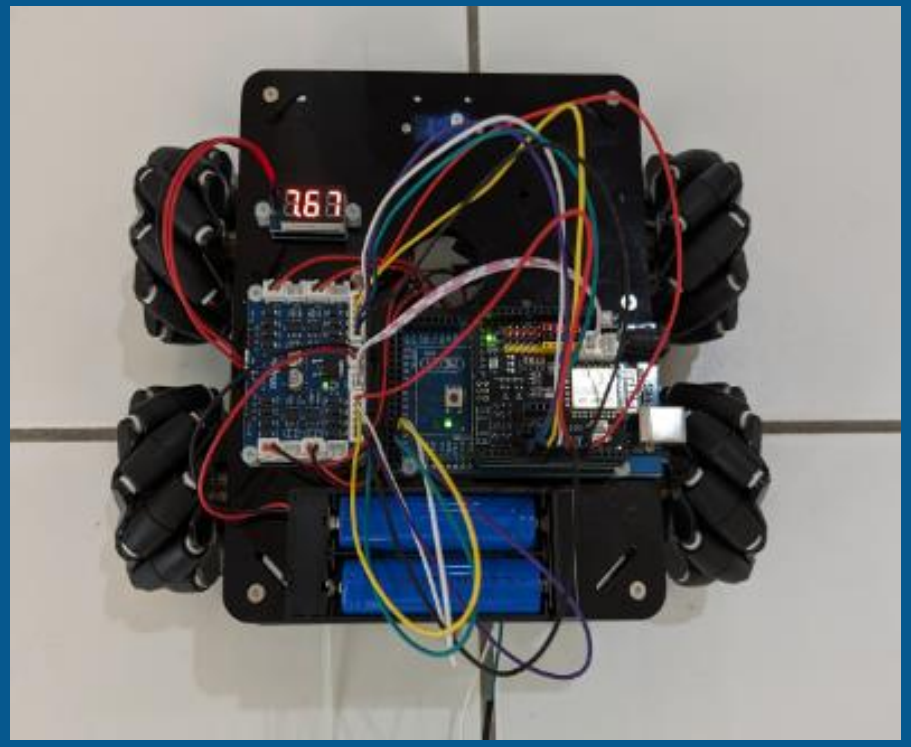
- Free, open-source software, GitHub
- Olivier Georgeon started, contributions by Schneider and others
- Interfaces an AI/ AGI/ BICA Python software project to a real-world embodiment
- **Allows you to ground your Python AI project**

ROBOTS ARE EXPENSIVE (2024)

e.g., Boston Dynamics Spot
US$75,000 (2024)

PETITCAT PROJECT USES OPEN-SOURCE HARDWARE → LOW-COST ROBOTS POSSIBLE

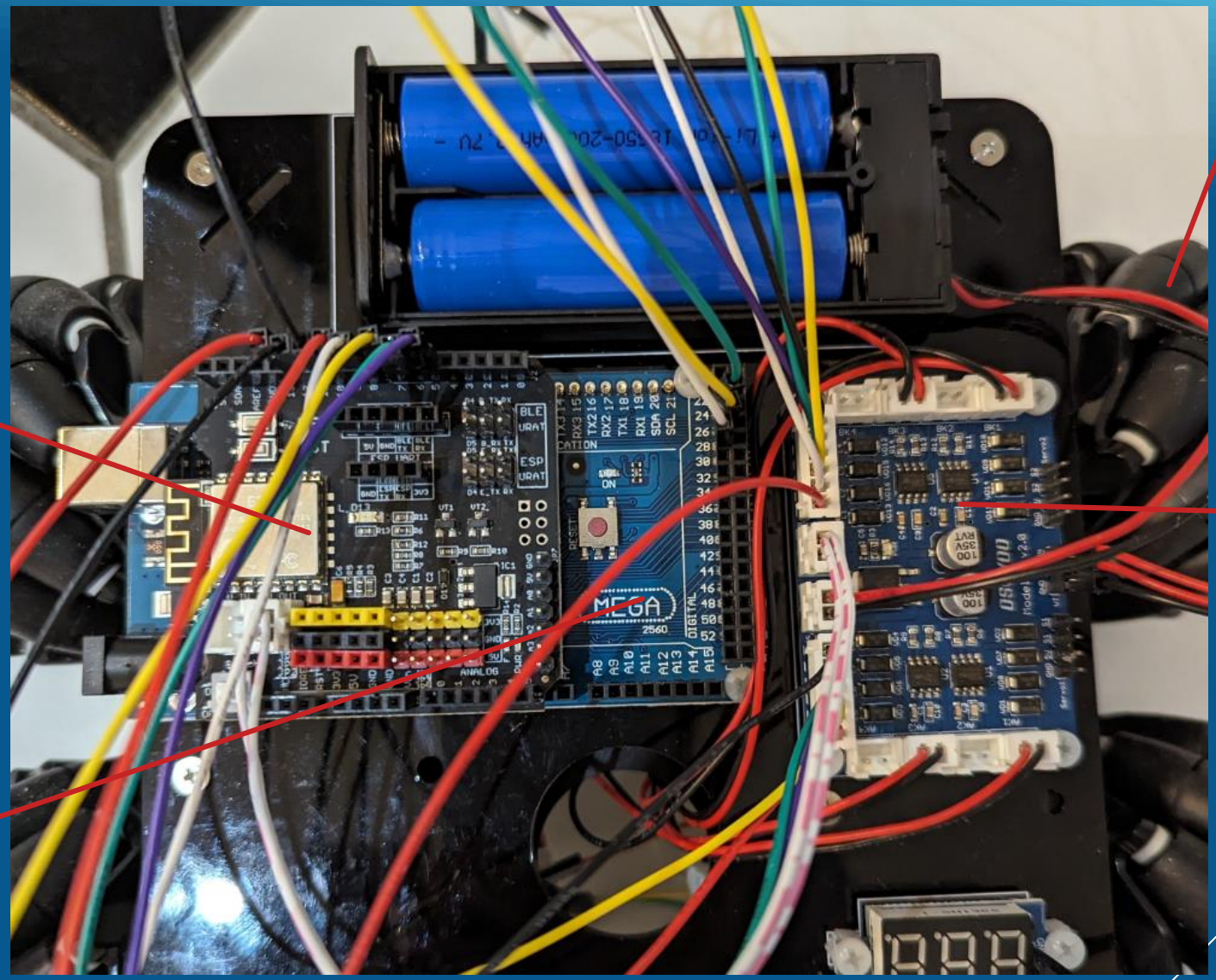
PETITCAT PROJECT USES OPEN-SOURCE HARDWARE -- ARDUINO/OSOYOO PLATFORM



Total costs
~ US$ 150

Wi-Fi Board

Arduino Microcontroller Board



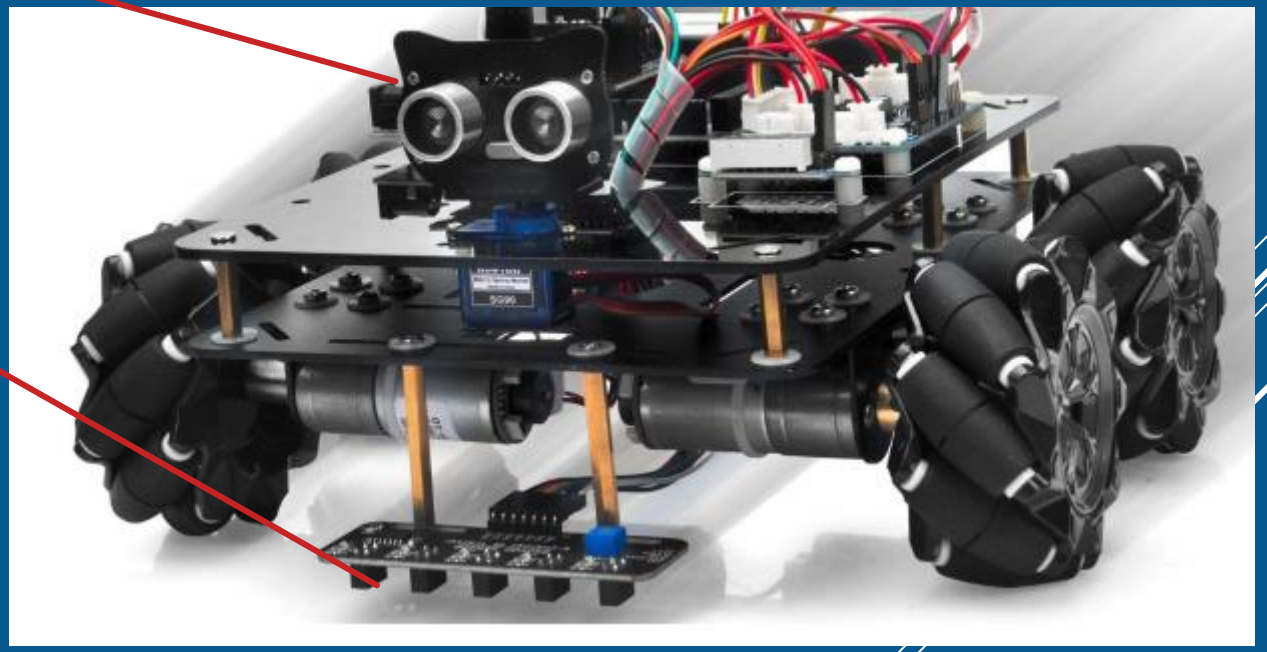
Mecanum Wheels, individual motors

Motor Driver Board

Ultrasonic sensors (moved by servomechanism)

Infrared sensors

EASY TO CUSTOMIZE WITH OTHER SENSORS & ACTUATORS



e.g., 9-axis inertial measurement unit, color sensor, emotion LED

ROBOT SOFTWARE IS COMPLEX TO LEARN AND TO IMPLEMENT

e.g., ROS2 Robot Operating System (framework)

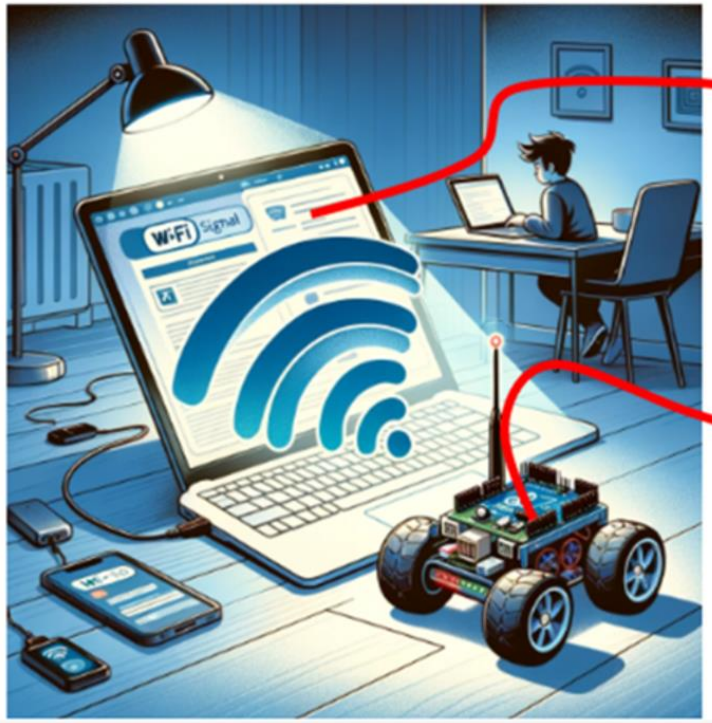
nb.:
-ROS1 required Linux but ROS2 also allows Windows and macOS
-many sophisticated modules now, e.g., control multiple robots
-very secure communications now built into ROS2
-supports C/C++ and Python
-learning curve much higher, i.e., ROS2 time >> Arduino time

PETIT CAT SOFTWARE HAS A SHORT LEARNING CURVE

PetitCatMain.py module running in a Python program on the laptop/desktop communicates via Wi-Fi with the robot car

PetitCat.ino compiled by the Arduino IDE into Arduino code running on the Arduino board on the robot car communicates with PetitCatMain.py

Image by DALL-E, 2024



PetitCatMain.py module running in a Python program on the laptop/desktop communicates via Wi-Fi with the robot car

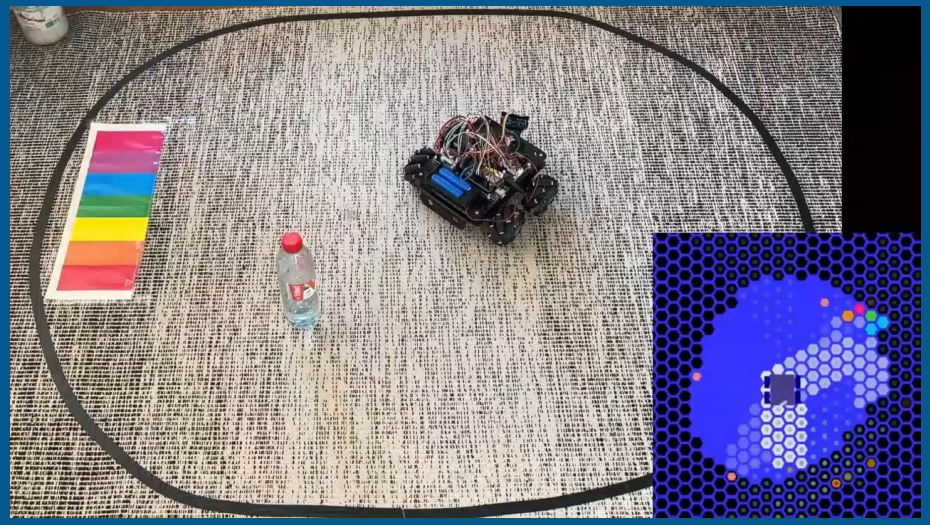
PetitCat.ino compiled by the Arduino IDE into Arduino code running on the Arduino board on the robot car communicates with PetitCatMain.py

Python code of your AI/ AGI/ BICA project uses PetitCatMain.py to interface with the robotic embodiment

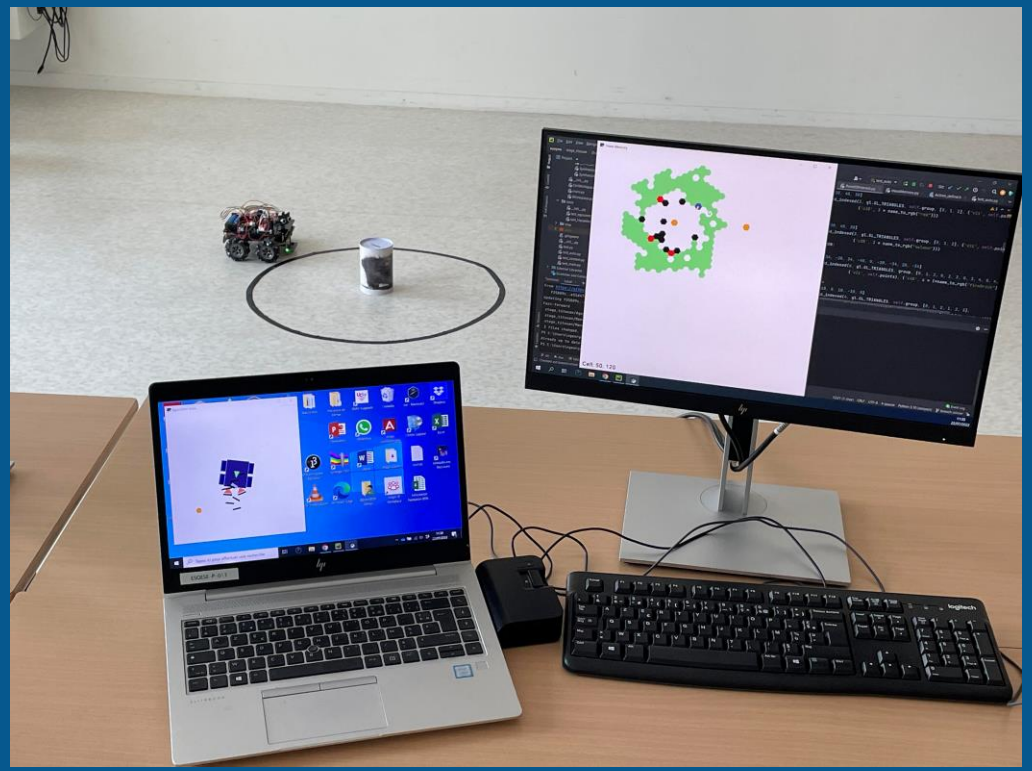
C/C++ code is compiled by Arduino IDE into **machine code** for over a hundred different Arduino and non-Arduino microcontrollers

You can use the existing PetitCat **C/C++ code** to run the embodiment or you can easily modify it

3. EXPERIMENTAL USE OF THE PETITCAT PROJECT



PETITCAT USE EXAMPLE



Implementation of enactive inference (Georgeon et al.)

Perceive world by mismatch of prediction of world and sensory input (action-perception loop)

Reduced computational load; real-time adaptation; more robust with noise; enhanced learning

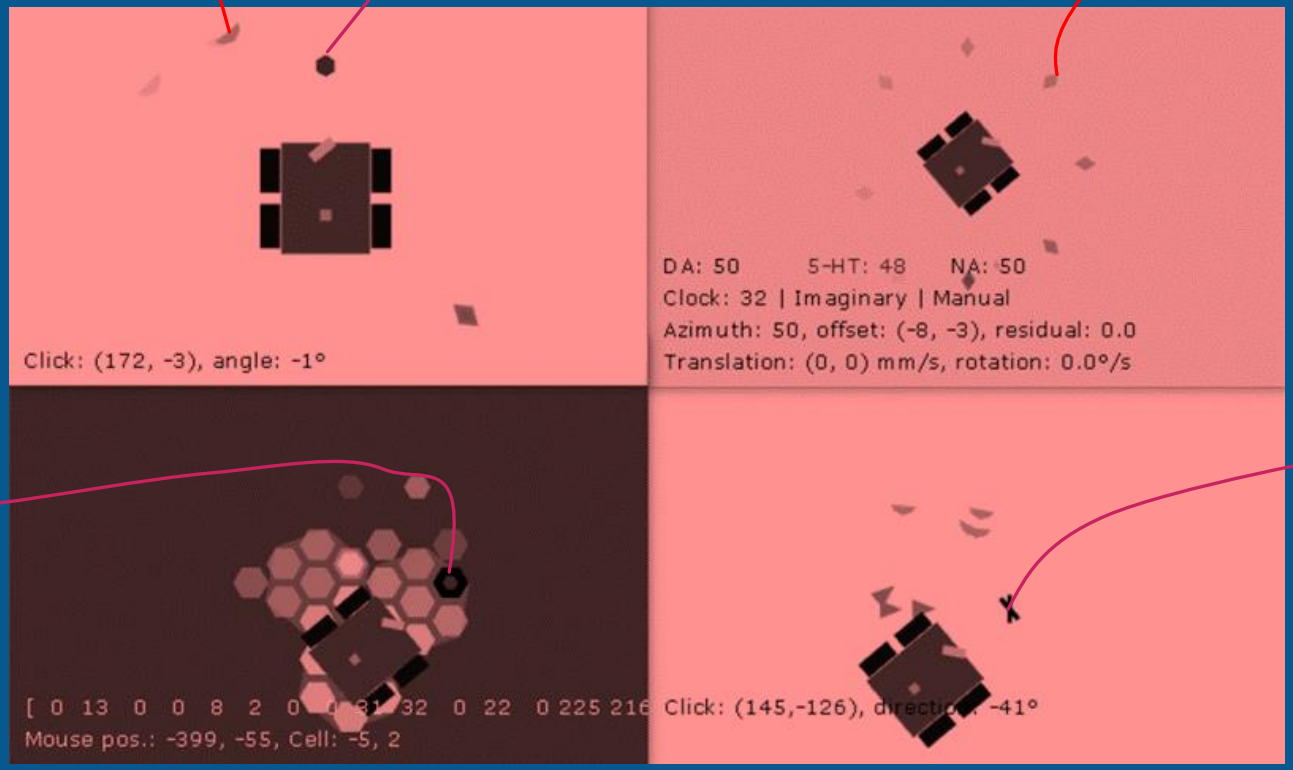
PetitCat Internal Simulator (screenshots)

Egocentric
Spatial Memory
(relative to agent's position)
e.g., hexagon in front of agent

Half-circle - echo

Hexagon – focus of attention

Agent
Spatial Memory
(compass points over time as robot turns around)



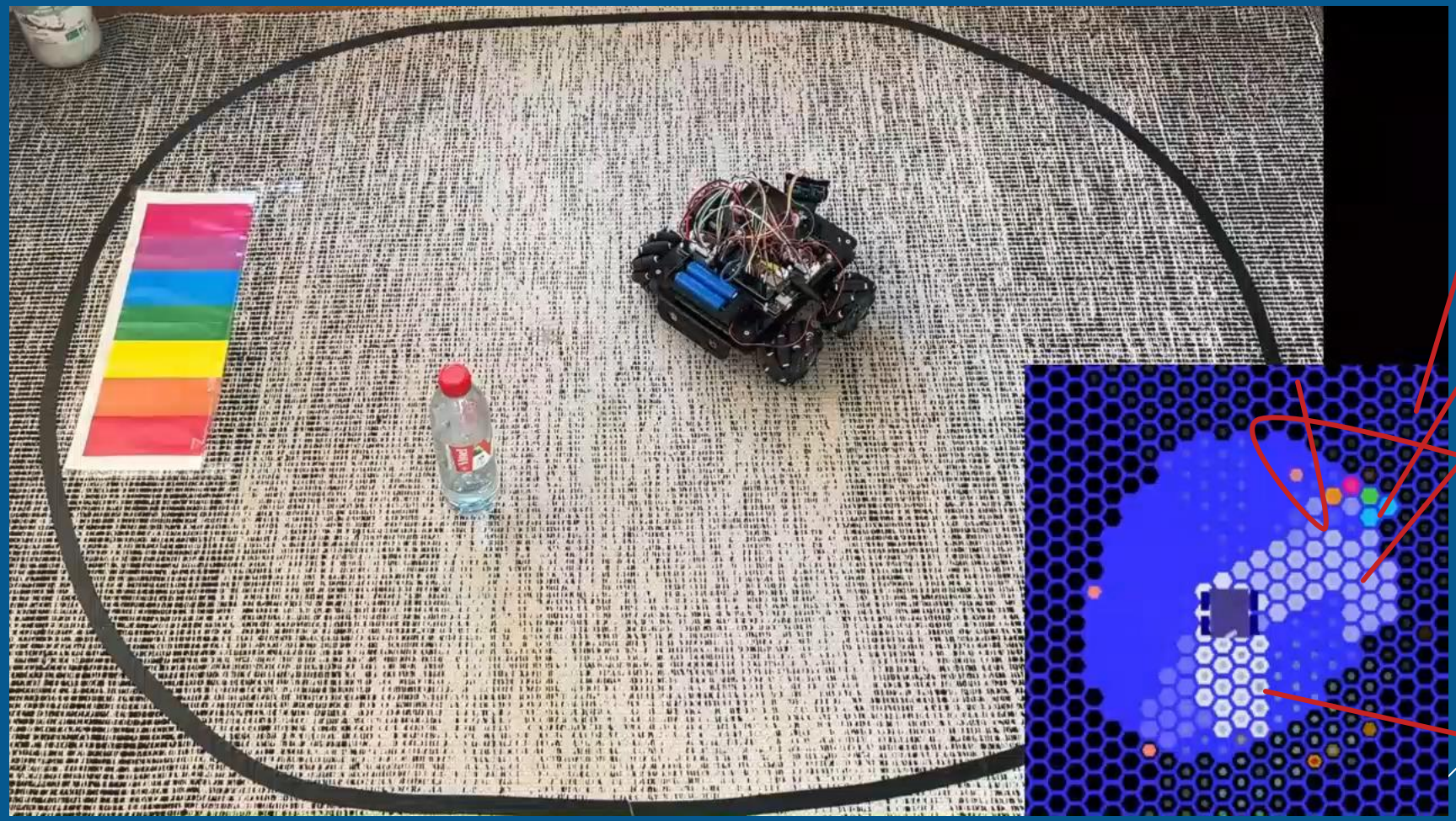
Black mark on the floor

Interactions with the black mark on the floor

Allocentric
Spatial Memory
(bird's-eye view)
i.e., navigate from any perspective

Object-Centric
Spatial Memory
(relations between objects, not agent)
e.g., black mark vs. other echos

VIDEO: ENACTIVE INFERENCE



Hexagons represent grid cells (darker ones not used yet)

Floor colors detected by color sensor

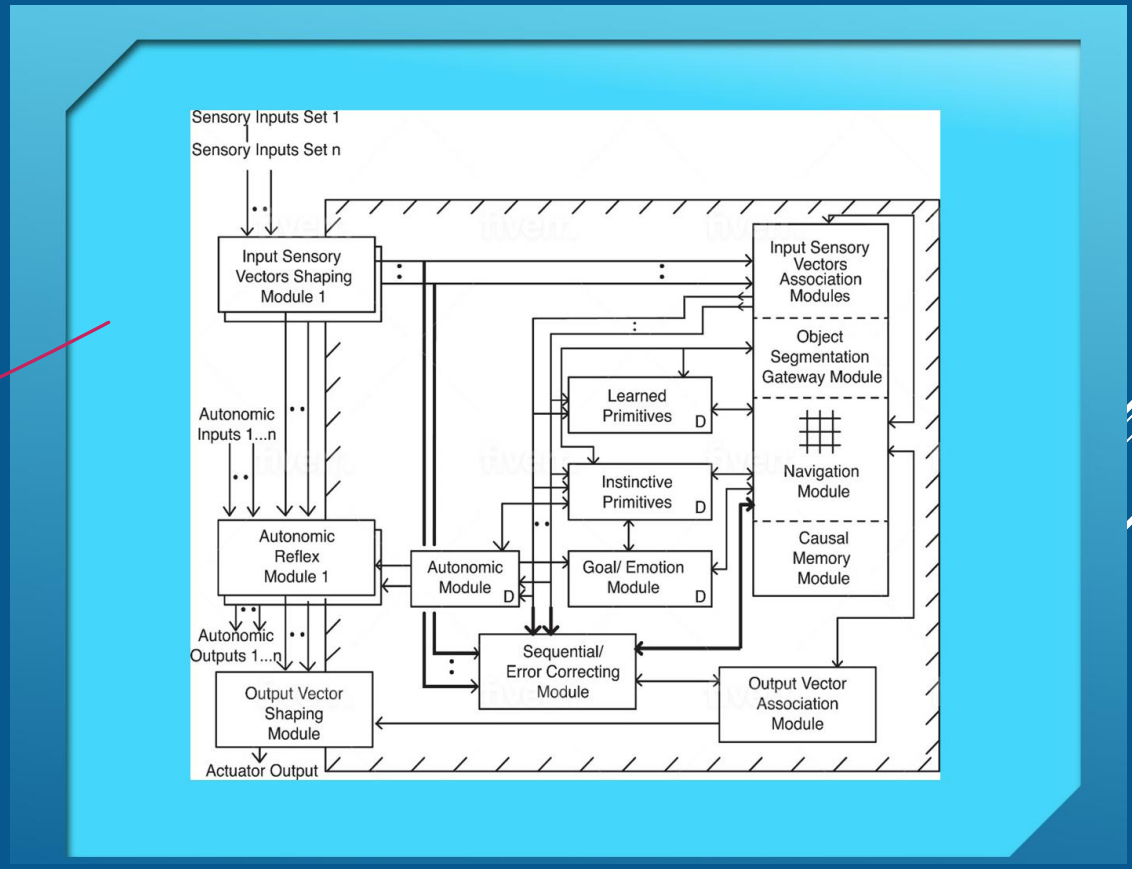
Default floor color

Bottle's echo here as orange dot (video)

White hexagons – place recently (last 10 steps) covered by agent

OTHER PROJECTS USING PETIT CAT FOR EMBODIMENT

- Gay – bio-inspired spatial navigation
- Schneider – interface to a BICA (Causal Cognitive Architecture)



Free, open-source project, accessible via GitHub

https://github.com/OlivierGeorgeon/osoyoo
https://github.com/UCLy/INIT2