



OGC POINTS OF INTEREST (POI) CONCEPTUAL MODEL STANDARD

STANDARD
Implementation

DRAFT

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Editor: Charles Heazel, Matthew Purss, Howard Trickey, Christine Perey

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ABSTRACT

The OGC Points of Interest (POI) Conceptual Model is an open data model for representing information about POI. The model is defined using a Unified Modeling Language (UML) object model. This UML model extends the ISO Technical Committee 211 (TC211) conceptual model standards for spatial and temporal data. Building on the ISO foundation assures that the features described in the POI Model share the same spatiotemporal universe as described by related standards (e.g., CityGML).

The goal for developing the OGC POI Conceptual Model is to reach a common definition of the basic entities, attributes, and relations of “points of interest.” In the broadest terms, a POI is a location about which information of general interest is available. A POI can be as simple as a set of coordinates and an identifier, or more complex such as a three-dimensional model of a building with names in various languages, information about open and closed hours, and a civic address.



KEYWORDS

The following are keywords to be used by search engines and document catalogues.

ogcdoc, OGC document, Point of Interest, POI, Feature



PREFACE

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SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS

The POI Conceptual Model defines a POI as a type of Feature. By building on the same Feature Model as other OGC Feature models, POI implementations inherit the security controls and vulnerabilities of their associated Feature Dataset. They are a Feature like any other.

This document defines a Conceptual Model Standard. Implementations of this Standard (Implementation Specification) are free to add additional details and content necessary to enable implementation-specific security controls. In the event that anything in this Standard prevents implementation of needed controls, implementors are requested to notify the POI Standards Working Group (SWG) and help devise a solution.



SUBMITTING ORGANIZATIONS

The following organizations submitted this Document to the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC):

- Digital Flanders
- Google
- HeazelTech
- Pangaea Innovations
- PEREY Research and Consulting
- US Army Geospatial Center



1

SCOPE

The OGC Points of Interest Conceptual Model Standard (this document) describes a conceptual model for representing information about points of interest (POI).

In the broadest terms, a “point of interest” is a location about which information of general interest is available. A POI can be as simple as a set of coordinates and an identifier, or more complex such as a three-dimensional model of a building with names in various languages, information about open and closed hours, and a civic address.

POI data has many uses including navigation systems, mapping, geocaching, location-based social networking games, and augmented reality browsers.

POI data has traditionally been exchanged in proprietary formats by various transport mechanisms. This document defines a flexible, lightweight, extensible POI data model. This will enable content publishers to effectively describe and efficiently serve and exchange POI data.

To achieve these goals, this document describes a generic data model that may be instantiated in a variety of serializations, including XML, JSON, and RDF. The data model is designed to be extended with POI information specific to the geospatial data it represents.



2

CONFORMANCE

This Standard defines a Conceptual Model which is independent of any encoding or formatting techniques. The Standardization Target for this Standard is technology-specific POI Implementation Specifications.

2.1. OGC Implementation Specifications

Implementation Specifications define how a Conceptual Model should be implemented using a specific technology. Conformant Implementation Specifications provide evidence that they are an accurate representation of the Conceptual Model. This evidence should include implementations of the abstract tests specified in Annex A (normative) of this document.

Since this Standard is implementing technology agnostic, the specific techniques to be used for conformance testing cannot be specified. Implementation Specifications need to provide evidence of conformance which is appropriate for the implementing technologies. This evidence should be provided as Annex A to the Implementation Specification document.

2.2. Implementations

POI implementations will typically be a simplified representation of a more complex dataset. Implementors may want to extend the POI model to include properties specific to that dataset. These extensions are accomplished using the POI Payload mechanism described in POI Payload. Since the POI Payload has its own definition of syntax and semantics, conformance with the POI Standard cannot ensure payload conformance.

2.3. Conformance Classes

This Standard identifies one “Core” conformance class. This conformance class defines the conformance criteria for the requirements defined in one “Core” requirements class. The tests this conformance class are documented in Annex A. These tests are organized by Requirements Class. So an implementation of the Core conformance class must pass all tests specified in Annex A for the Core Requirements Class.

The POI Conceptual Model is defined by the POI UML model. This Standard is a representation of that UML model in document form. In the case of a discrepancy between the UML model and this document, the UML model takes precedence.

2.4. Primitive Data Types

The Primitive Data Types (CharacterString, Integer, DateTime, etc.) are defined in ISO 19103. These Data Types are universal concepts. Therefore, no explicit conformance testing for these concepts is needed. Testing for conformance with the technology-specific implementation of these concepts should be documented in the corresponding Implementation Specification.



3

NORMATIVE REFERENCES

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO: ISO 19101-1:2014, *Geographic information – Reference model – Part 1: Fundamentals*. International Organization for Standardization, Geneva (2014). <https://www.iso.org/standard/59164.html>.

ISO: ISO 19103, *Geographic information – Conceptual schema language*. International Organization for Standardization, Geneva <https://www.iso.org/standard/56734.html>.

ISO: ISO 19107:2003, *Geographic information – Spatial schema*. International Organization for Standardization, Geneva (2003). <https://www.iso.org/standard/26012.html>.

ISO: ISO 19109:2015, *Geographic information – Rules for application schema*. International Organization for Standardization, Geneva (2015). <https://www.iso.org/standard/59193.html>.

ISO: ISO 19115-1:2014, *Geographic information – Metadata – Part 1: Fundamentals*. International Organization for Standardization, Geneva (2014). <https://www.iso.org/standard/53798.html>.

ISO: ISO 19507:2012, ISO (2012).

Arliss Whiteside Jim Greenwood: OGC 06-121r9, *OGC Web Service Common Implementation Specification*. Open Geospatial Consortium (2010).

Policy SWG: OGC 08-131r3, *The Specification Model – Standard for Modular specifications*. Open Geospatial Consortium (2009).

Open Geospatial Consortium. *OGC Definitions Register*. <https://www.opengis.net/def/glossary>

Object Management Group (OMG), *Unified Modeling Language (UML)*, Version 2.5.1, December 2017, <https://www.omg.org/spec/UML/2.5.1>



4

TERMS AND DEFINITIONS

This document uses the terms defined in OGC Policy Directive 49, which is based on the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards. In particular, the word “shall” (not “must”) is the verb form used to indicate a requirement to be strictly followed to conform to this document and OGC documents do not use the equivalent phrases in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

This document also uses terms defined in the OGC Standard for Modular specifications (OGC 08-131r3), also known as the ‘ModSpec’. The definitions of terms such as standard, specification, requirement, and conformance test are provided in the ModSpec.

For the purposes of this document, the following additional terms and definitions apply.

4.1. class::

description of a set of *objects* that share the same *attributes*, *operations*, methods, relationships, and semantics

Note 1 to entry: A *class* may use a set of interfaces to specify collections of *operations* it provides to its environment. The term was first used in this way in the general theory of object-oriented programming, and later adopted for use in this same sense in UML.

[**SOURCE:** ISO 19103, Clause 4.27, modified — Note 1 to entry has been added from ISO 19117:2012, 4.2]

4.2. concept::

unit of knowledge created by a unique combination of characteristics

Note 1 to entry: *Concepts* (Clause 4.2) are not necessarily bound to particular languages. They are, however, influenced by the social or cultural background which often leads to different categorizations.

[**SOURCE:** ISO 1087-1, Clause 3.2.1]

4.3. conceptual model::

model that defines *concepts* (Clause 4.2) of a universe of discourse

[SOURCE: ISO 19101-1:2014, Clause 4.1.5]

4.4. conformance class::

a class of conformance tests. A conformant implementation must pass all the tests in the class.

[SOURCE: OGC Definitions Register]

4.5. feature::

abstraction of real-world phenomena

Note 1 to entry: A *feature* (Clause 4.5) may occur as a type or an instance. In this document, *feature* (Clause 4.5) instance is meant unless otherwise specified.

[SOURCE: ISO 19101-1:2014, Clause 4.1.11, modified — Note 1 to entry has been added from ISO 19156, 4.6]

4.6. feature type::

class (Clause 4.1) of *features* (Clause 4.5) having common characteristics

[SOURCE: ISO 19156:2011, Clause 4.7]

4.7. implementation specification::

guidance for software engineers that is so specific that any two independent software implementations of the specification can “plug and play” for each other.

[SOURCE: OGC Definitions Register]

4.8. requirements class::

a class of requirements, comprising a logical grouping of normative statements that shall be satisfied as a group in conformant implementations. May have dependencies on other *requirements classes* (Clause 4.8) , but there should be no circular dependencies else the classes must always be satisfied together so are functionally one class.

[SOURCE: OGC Definitions Register]

4.9. standardization target::

entity to which some requirements of a standard apply

NOTE	The standardization target is the entity which may receive a certificate of conformance for a requirements class.
------	---

[SOURCE: OGC 08-131r3]



5

CONVENTIONS

5.1. Identifiers

The normative provisions in this document are denoted by the URI:

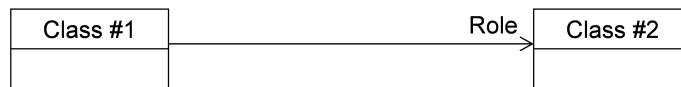
<http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0>

All requirements and conformance tests that appear in this document are denoted by partial URIs relative to this base.

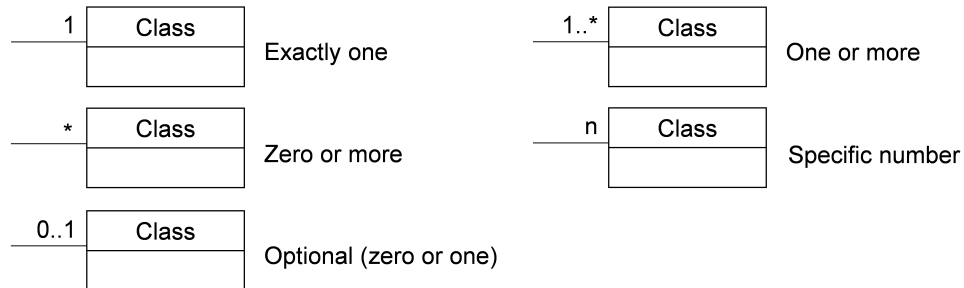
5.2. UML Notation

The POI Conceptual Model (CM) Standard is documented as a Unified Modeling Language (UML) model. The model is presented in this document through diagrams using the UML static structure diagram. The UML notations used in this standard are described in the diagram in Figure 1.

Association between classes



Association cardinality



Aggregation between classes



Composition between classes



Class inheritance

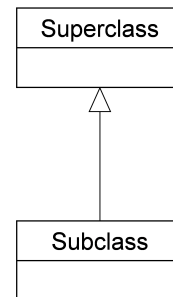


Figure 1 – UML notation (see ISO TS 19103, Geographic information - Conceptual schema language).

All associations between model elements in the POI Conceptual Model are unidirectional. Thus, associations in the model are navigable in only one direction. The direction of navigation is depicted by an arrowhead. In general, the context an element takes within the association is indicated by its role. The role is displayed near the target of the association. If the graphical representation is ambiguous though, the position of the role must be drawn to the element the association points to.

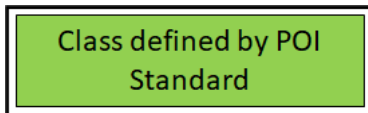
Aggregations are a form of association where the Component Class is treated as an attribute of the Aggregate Class. However, the Component Class is not an integral part of the Aggregate Class. A Component Class can be aggregated by more than one Aggregate Class.

Compositions are a form of association where the Component Class is treated as an attribute of the Composite Class. Component Classes are an integral part of the Composite Class and cannot be shared by multiple Composite Classes. No Compositions are used in this Standard.

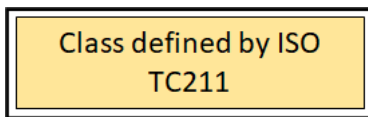
The following stereotypes are used in this model:

- «*Abstract*» a class that doesn't include a complete implementation. Therefore, abstract classes can't be directly instantiated; they have to be specialized (inherited).
- «*DataType*» defines a set of properties that lack identity. A data type is a classifier with no operations, whose primary purpose is to hold information.
- «*FeatureType*» represents features that are similar and exhibit common characteristics. Features are abstractions of real-world phenomena and have an identity.
- «*Metaclass*» (Optional) a profile class and packageable element which may be extended through one or more stereotypes, which defines how an existing metaclass may be extended as part of a profile.
- «*Property*» denotes attributes and association roles. This stereotype does not add further semantics to the conceptual model but is required to be able to add tagged values to the attributes and association roles that are relevant for the encoding.
- «*Type*» denotes classes that are not directly instantiable, but are used as an abstract collection of operation, attribute, and relation signatures. The stereotype is used in the POI Conceptual Model only for classes that are imported from the ISO standards 19103, 19107, 19109, and 19115.

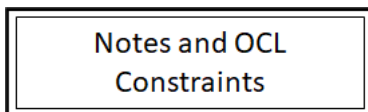
To enhance the readability of the POI UML diagrams, classes are depicted in different colors. The following coloring scheme is applied:



Classes painted in green belong to the POI Requirements Class.



Classes painted in tan are defined in the ISO standards 19107, 19109, or 19115. Class names are preceded by the UML package name in which the class is defined.



The color white is used for notes and Object Constraint Language (OCL) constraints that are provided in the UML diagrams.

The example UML diagram in Figure 2 demonstrates the UML notation and coloring scheme used throughout this standard. The generalization, link, and instance associations are also illustrated.

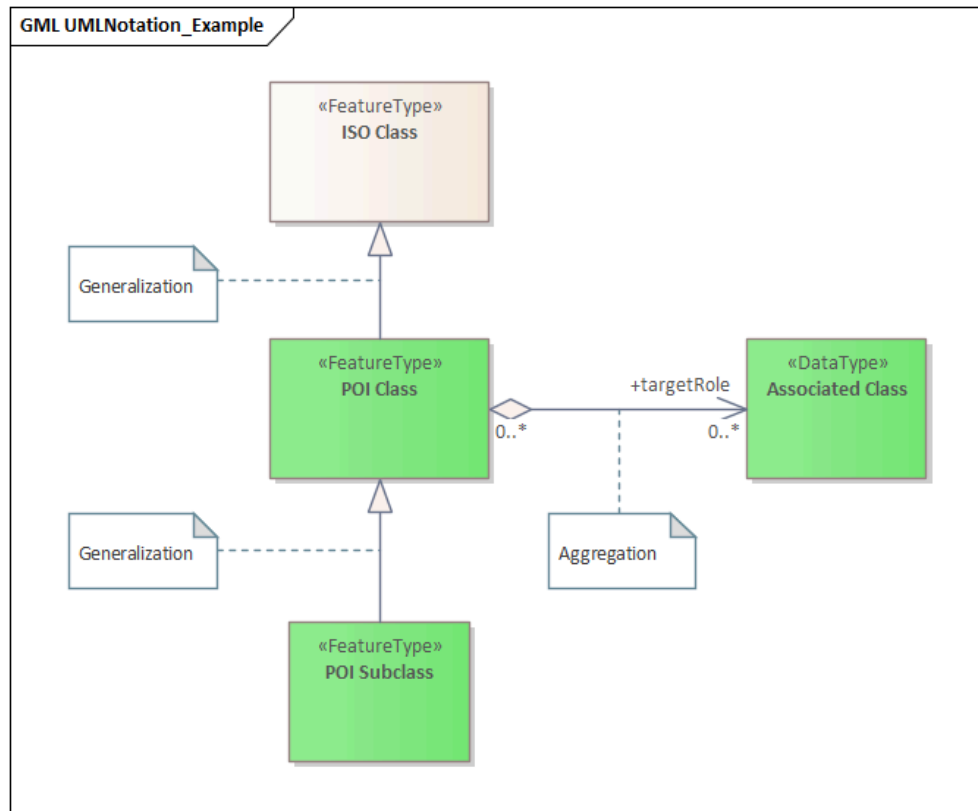


Figure 2 – Example UML diagram demonstrating the UML notation and coloring scheme used throughout the POI Standard.

5.3. International Text

Not all users will speak the same language. Therefore a POI Standard should support international text. While internationalization techniques are specific to the implementing technology, this Conceptual Standard should provide some guidance on the desired characteristics of such an implementation.

To that end, this Standard recommends the following conventions for implementing internationalized text in an Implementation Specification:

- All text strings should have cardinality greater than one.
- Text strings can have an associated language attribute.
- These language attributes should be populated with an international language code.



6

POI MODEL CORE REQUIREMENTS

REQUIREMENTS CLASS 1: CORE REQUIREMENTS CLASS

IDENTIFIER	<code>http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core</code>
CONFORMANCE CLASS	Conformance class A.1: <code>http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/conf/core</code>
NORMATIVE STATEMENTS	<p>Requirement 1: <code>/req/core/generalfeaturemodel</code></p> <p>Requirement 2: <code>/req/core/geometry</code></p> <p>Requirement 3: <code>/req/core/abstractfeature</code></p> <p>Requirement 4: <code>/req/core/abstractfeature-description</code></p> <p>Requirement 5: <code>/req/core/abstractfeature-featureid</code></p> <p>Requirement 6: <code>/req/core/abstractfeature-identifier</code></p> <p>Requirement 7: <code>/req/core/abstractfeature-name</code></p> <p>Requirement 8: <code>/req/core/featurewithlifespan</code></p> <p>Requirement 9: <code>/req/core/featurewithlifespan-creationdate</code></p> <p>Requirement 10: <code>/req/core/featurewithlifespan-terminationdate</code></p> <p>Requirement 11: <code>/req/core/featurewithlifespan-validfrom</code></p> <p>Requirement 12: <code>/req/core/featurewithlifespan-validto</code></p> <p>Requirement 13: <code>/req/core/abstract-poi</code></p> <p>Requirement 1-14: <code>/req/core/poi-contactinfo</code></p> <p>Requirement 15: <code>/req/core/poi-featureofinterest</code></p> <p>Requirement 16: <code>/req/core/poi-metadata</code></p> <p>Requirement 17: <code>/req/core/poi-keywords</code></p> <p>Requirement 18: <code>/req/core/poi-rights</code></p> <p>Requirement 19: <code>/req/core/poi-symbolology</code></p> <p>Requirement 20: <code>/req/core/poi-haspayload</code></p> <p>Requirement 21: <code>/req/core/link</code></p> <p>Requirement 22: <code>/req/core/poi</code></p> <p>Requirement 23: <code>/req/core/poi_payload</code></p> <p>Requirement 24: <code>/req/core/poi_payload-hasfeatureofinterest</code></p> <p>Requirement 25: <code>/req/core/poi_payload-hasdefinition</code></p> <p>Requirement 26: <code>/req/core/poi_payload-usesschema</code></p>
DESCRIPTION	<p>Requirements Class POI Core. A POI Implementation Specification SHALL be a valid representation of the POI UML model. This includes conformance with:</p> <p>ISO Core Requirements:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>/req/core/generalfeaturemodel</code> • <code>/req/core/geometry</code> <p>POI Extensions to ISO:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>/req/core/abstractfeature</code>

REQUIREMENTS CLASS 1: CORE REQUIREMENTS CLASS

- /req/core/featurewithlifespan

POI Class Model:

- /req/core/abstract-poi
- /req/core/poi-payload
- /req/core/poi

6.1. ISO Foundation

The POI Standard builds on a base of ISO Standards maintained by ISO Technical Committee 211 (TC211).

6.1.1. ISO Feature Model

A Point of Interest (POI) is a Feature. Therefore, it is important to understand what a POI inherits from the ISO Feature model.

The ISO TC211 Feature Model is defined in ISO 19109:2015. A UML model showing applicable portions of the ISO Feature Model is provided in Figure 3.

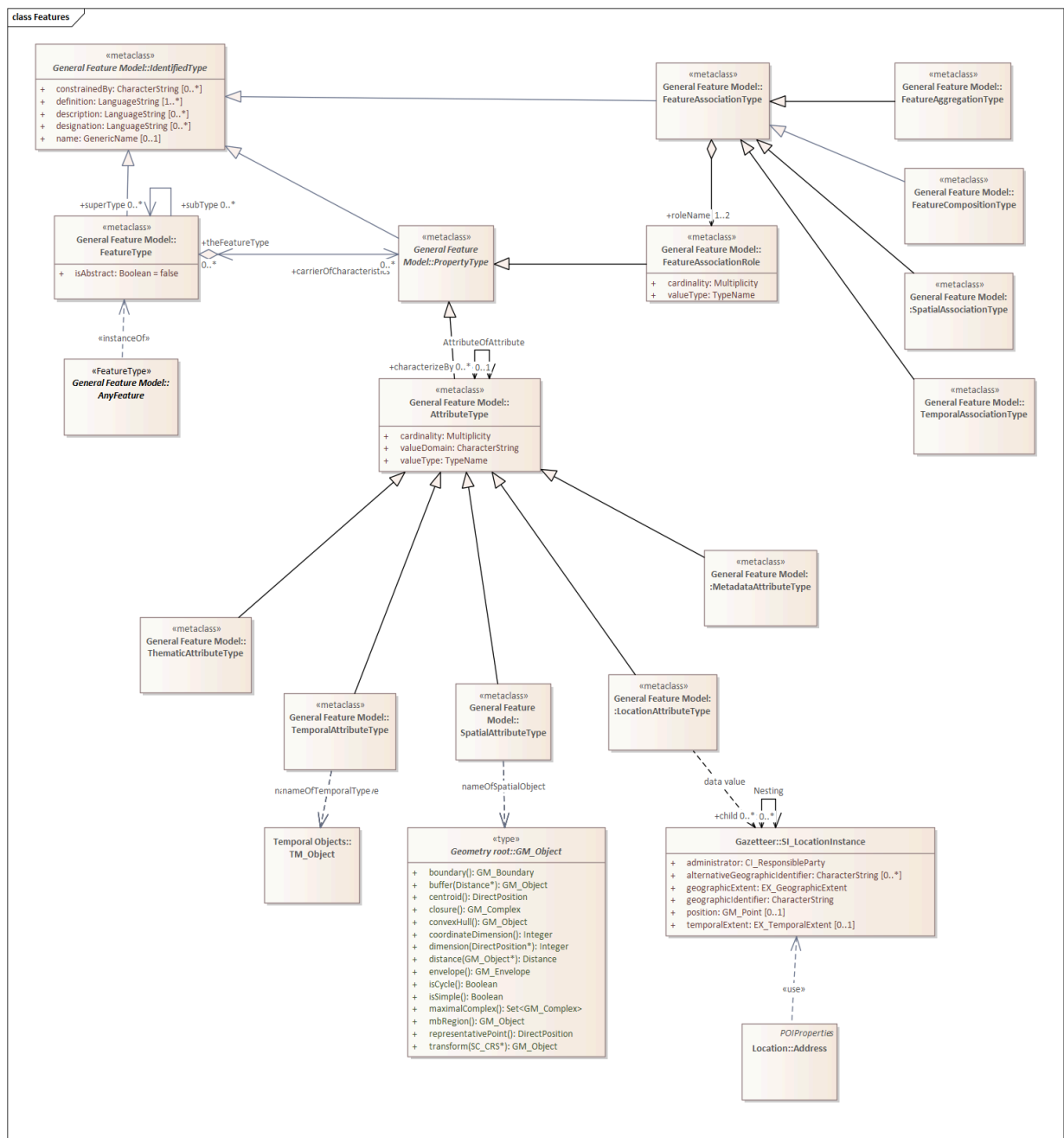


Figure 3 – Feature Model

The most relevant classes defined by this model are described below:

FeatureType: This class describes how a feature class shall be constructed in an Application Schema. In accordance with the conformance clause of the standard, instances of this class are instantiated as feature classes in an Application Schema

AnyFeature: The class AnyFeature is an instance of the «metaclass» FeatureType. It represents the set of all classes which are feature types.

In an implementation, this abstract class shall be substituted by a concrete class representing a feature type from an application schema associated with a domain of discourse.

REQUIREMENT 1: REQUIREMENT – GENERAL FEATURE MODEL

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/generalfeaturemodel
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An encoding of the POI Conceptual Model SHALL be compliant with the General Feature Model defined in ISO 19109.

6.1.2. ISO Geometry Model

The ISO TC211 Geometry Model is defined in ISO 19107:2003. While there is a new version of this standard, it has not been widely implemented. Therefore, the 2003 version has been used in this Standard.

The ISO Geometry Model can represent very complex geometries. Much more complex than needed for expressing a POI. Therefore, POI geometry types are restricted to Points, Lines, and Polygons. Figure 4 provides a UML model of the classes from ISO 19107 which are applicable to POIs.

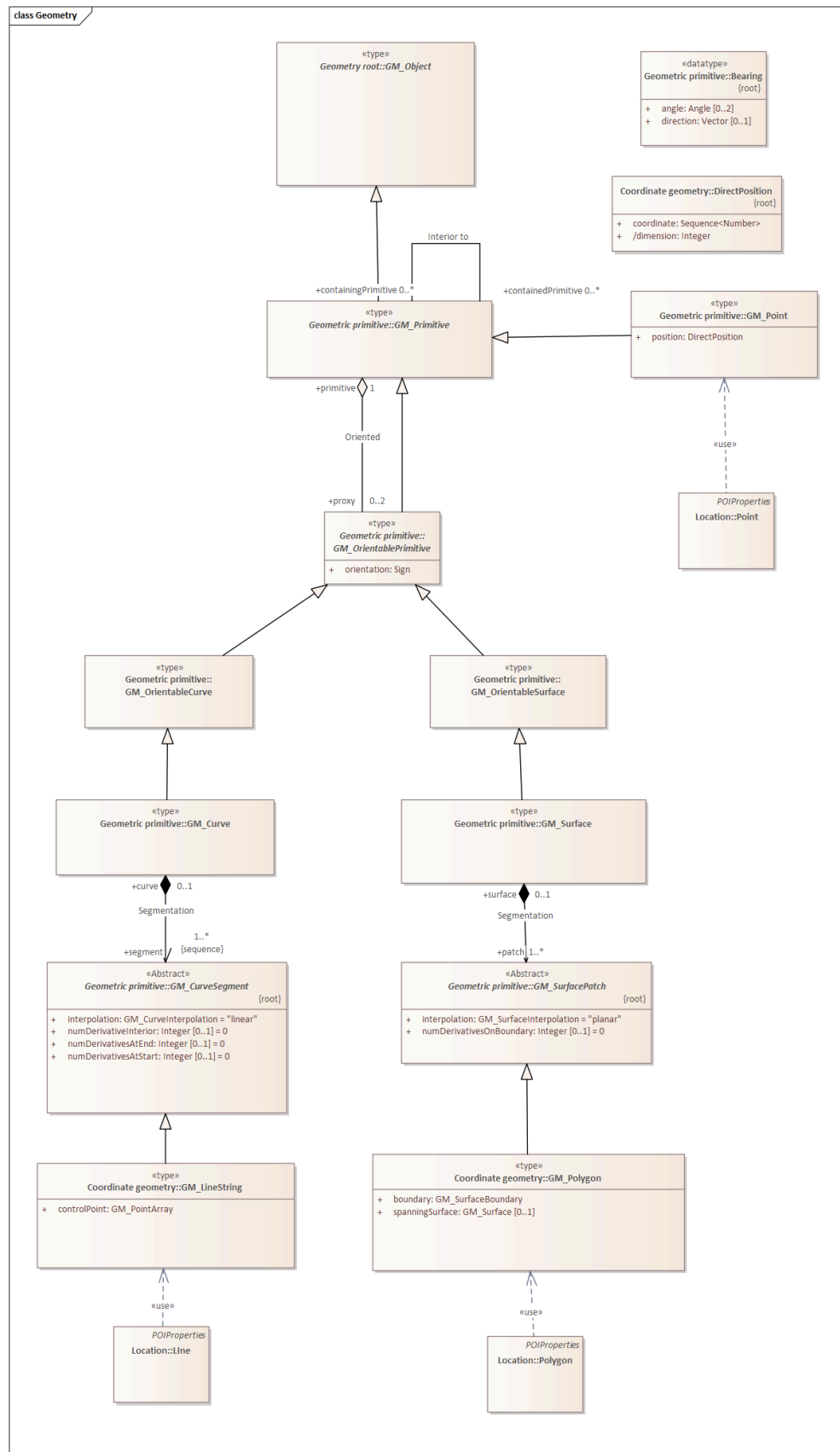


Figure 4 – Geometry Model

The key classes described in this figure are:

GM_Object: Root class for all OGC geometry types.

GM_Point: The geometric primitive for Points

GM_LineString: The geometric primitive for line strings.

GM_Polygon: The geometric primitive for areas.

Requirement 2: Requirement – Geometry	
IDENTIFIER	/req/core/geometry
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	The POI Conceptual Model spatial geometry properties SHALL be compliant with the Geometry Model defined in ISO 19107 with the following restrictions:
A	A POI instance SHALL include a spatial geometry property using the SpatialAttributeType attribute type.
B	The spatial geometry properties of all POI instances SHALL be defined using one or more of the following classes: <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. GM_Point2. GM_LineString3. GM_Polygon

6.2. POI ISO Extensions

This Standard extends the OGC Feature Model to support the concept of a Point of Interest. These extensions are illustrated in Figure 5.

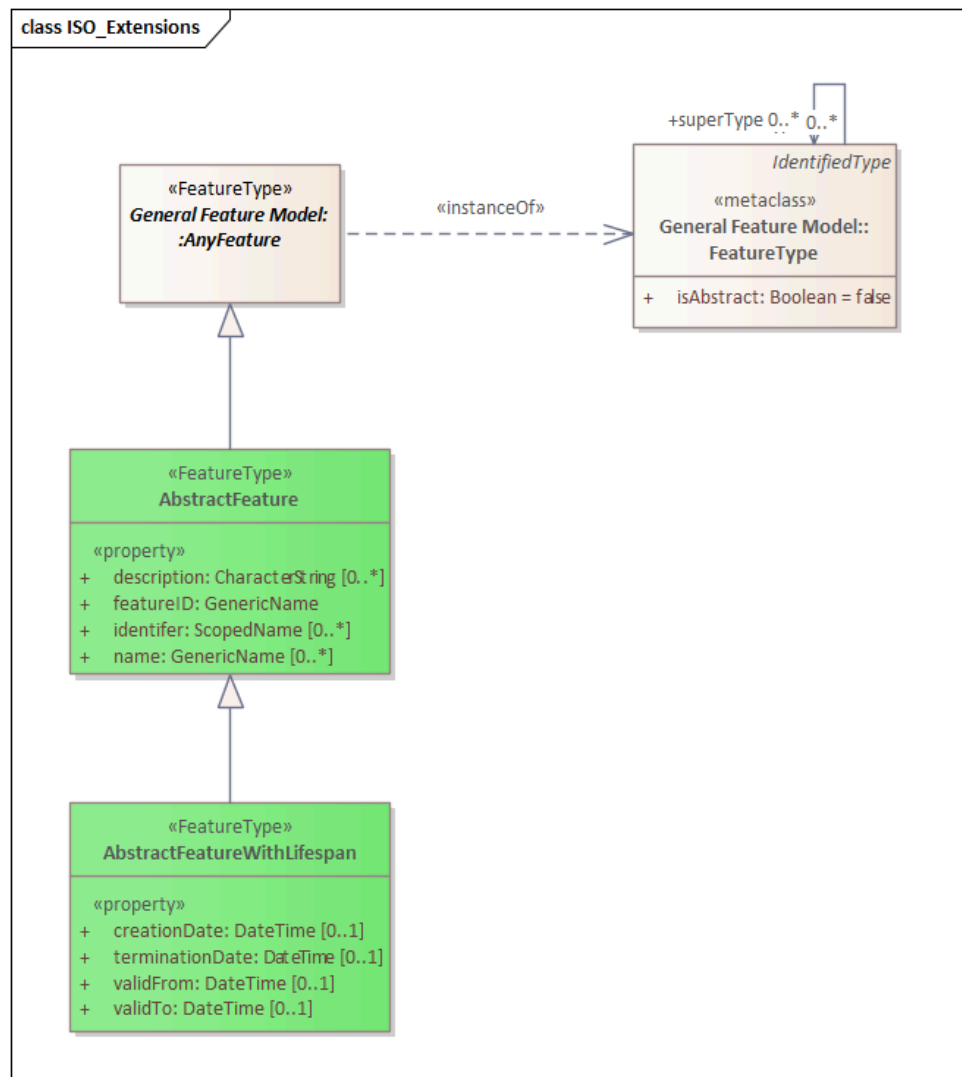


Figure 5 – POI UML Model - ISO Extensions

These extensions include further refinement of the *AnyFeature* class through the addition of identification and temporal validity attributes.

AbstractFeature: The root Feature class for this Standard. This class has been borrowed from the CityGML 3.0 Conceptual Model. *AbstractFeature* adds descriptive and identifying properties to *AnyFeature*. **AbstractFeatureWithLifespan:** Adds temporality to *AbstractFeature*. This class was also borrowed from the CityGML 3.0 Conceptual Model.

6.2.1. Abstract Feature

REQUIREMENT 3: REQUIREMENT – ABSTRACT FEATURE

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/abstractfeature
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REQUIREMENT 3: REQUIREMENT – ABSTRACT FEATURE

INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the AbstractFeature class SHALL be an accurate representation of the UML model for that class.
A	An encoding of the AbstractFeature class SHALL be a compliant extension of the Any Feature class defined in ISO 19109.
B	An encoding of the AbstractFeature class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/abstractfeature-description.
C	An encoding of the AbstractFeature class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/abstractfeature-featureid.
D	An encoding of the AbstractFeature class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/abstractfeature-identifier.
E	An encoding of the AbstractFeature class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/abstractfeature-name.

REQUIREMENT 4: REQUIREMENT – ABSTRACT FEATURE DESCRIPTION

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/abstractfeature-description
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the AbstractFeature class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the AbstractFeature class SHALL include zero or one description attributes.

REQUIREMENT 5: REQUIREMENT – ABSTRACT FEATURE FEATURE ID

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/abstractfeature-featureid
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the AbstractFeature class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the AbstractFeature class SHALL include one featureID attributes.

REQUIREMENT 6: REQUIREMENT – ABSTRACT FEATURE IDENTIFIER

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/abstractfeature-identifier
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the AbstractFeature class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the AbstractFeature class SHALL include zero or one identifier attributes.

REQUIREMENT 7: REQUIREMENT – ABSTRACT FEATURE NAME

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/abstractfeature-name
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the AbstractFeature class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the AbstractFeature class SHALL include zero or more name attributes.

6.2.2. Abstract Feature with Lifespan

REQUIREMENT 8: REQUIREMENT – FEATURE WITH LIFESPAN

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/featurewithlifespan
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL be an accurate representation of the UML model for that class.
A	An encoding of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL comply with requirement / req/core/abstractfeature.
B	An encoding of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL comply with requirement / req/core/featurewithlifespan-creationdate.
C	An encoding of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL comply with requirement / req/core/featurewithlifespan-terminationdate.
D	An encoding of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL comply with requirement / req/core/featurewithlifespan-validfrom.

REQUIREMENT 8: REQUIREMENT – FEATURE WITH LIFESPAN

E	An encoding of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/featurewithlifespan-validto.
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REQUIREMENT 9: REQUIREMENT – FEATURE WITH LIFESPAN CREATION DATE

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/featurewithlifespan-creationdate
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL include zero or one creationDate attributes.

REQUIREMENT 10: REQUIREMENT – FEATURE WITH LIFESPAN TERMINATION DATE

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/featurewithlifespan-terminationdate
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL include zero or one terminationDate attributes.

REQUIREMENT 11: REQUIREMENT – FEATURE WITH LIFESPAN VALID FROM

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/featurewithlifespan-validfrom
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL include zero or one validFrom attributes.

REQUIREMENT 12: REQUIREMENT – FEATURE WITH LIFESPAN VALID TO

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/featurewithlifespan-validto
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class SHALL include zero or one validTo attributes.

6.3. POI Class Model

The following classes form the core of the POI model. These classes are the same for all POIs.

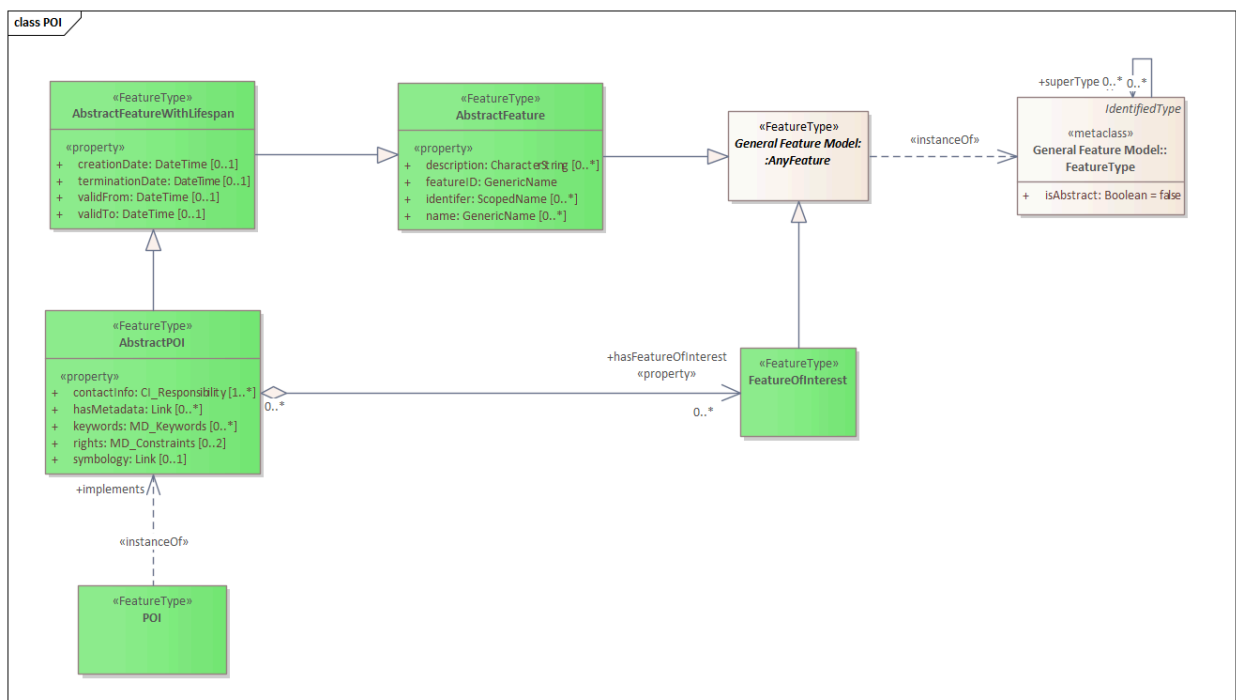


Figure 6 – POI UML Model - Core

- **AbstractPOI:** The abstract model for a Point of Interest. All POI instances will contain these attributes.
- **POI:** A POI instance.
- **FeatureOfInterest:** This is an OGC Feature which has been defined independently from the POI. Conceptually, the purpose of the POI is to provide a user friendly synopsis of this Feature.

6.3.1. Abstract POI

REQUIREMENT 13: REQUIREMENT – ABSTRACT POI

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/abstract-poi
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL be an accurate representation of the UML model for that class.
A	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi-feature-with-lifespan.
B	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi-contactinfo.
C	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi-featureofinterest.
D	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi-metadata.
E	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi-keywords.
F	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi-rights.
G	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi-symbolology.
H	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi-haspayload.

REQUIREMENT 14: REQUIREMENT – POI CONTACT INFORMATION

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi-contactInfo
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the Abstract POI class SHALL include one or more contactInfo attributes.
B	Encodings of the contactInfo attribute SHALL be a valid implementation of the CL_Responsibility class from ISO 19115-1:2014

REQUIREMENT 15: REQUIREMENT – POI FEATURE OF INTEREST

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi-featureofinterest
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the Abstract POI class SHALL include zero or more associated instances of the FeatureOfInterest class.
B	The target of the hasFeatureOfInterest aggregation SHALL be a valid implementation of the Feature class from ISO 19109:2015

REQUIREMENT 16: REQUIREMENT – POI METADATA

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi-metadata
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the Abstract POI class SHALL include zero or more metadata attributes.
B	An implementation of the metadata association SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/link.

REQUIREMENT 17: REQUIREMENT – POI KEYWORDS

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi-keywords
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the Abstract POI class SHALL include zero or more keywords attributes.
B	Encodings of the keywords attribute SHALL be a valid implementation of the MD_Keywords class from ISO 19115-1:2014.

REQUIREMENT 18: REQUIREMENT – POI RIGHTS

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi-rights
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the Abstract POI class SHALL include zero, one, or two rights attributes.
B	Encodings of the rights attribute SHALL be a valid implementation of the MD_Constraints class from ISO 19115-1:2014.

REQUIREMENT 19: REQUIREMENT – POI SYMBOLOGY

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi-symbology
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the Abstract POI class SHALL include zero or one symbology attributes.
B	Encodings of a symbology attribute SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/link.

REQUIREMENT 20: REQUIREMENT – POI HAS PAYLOAD

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi-haspayload
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the Abstract POI class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the Abstract POI class SHALL include zero or more associated instances of the POI_Payload class.
B	The associated POI_Payload classes SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi-payload.

REQUIREMENT 21: REQUIREMENT – LINK CLASS

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/link
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	The encoding of the Link class SHALL be implemented using a hyperlink approach appropriate for implementing technology.

6.3.2. POI

REQUIREMENT 22: REQUIREMENT – POI CLASS

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An encoding of the POI class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/req-poi-abstract-poi.

6.4. POI Payload

A POI is a representation of a Feature. The POI class provides a standard way to identify and manage a POI. However, it does not provide any information about the Feature it is representing. This information is difficult to standardize since it is dependent on the data model of the Feature store being described.

Therefore, the POI model is designed to be extended with properties specific to a Feature or a Feature Collection. The POI Payload is a container for representations of Feature properties. The syntax of those representations is provided by the Payload Schema class. Where appropriate, semantics can also be provided through the Payload Definition class. Since the schema and definitions may be the same for a large number of Features, these classes should be instantiated as referenceable resources, allowing one instance to be used by a number of POIs.

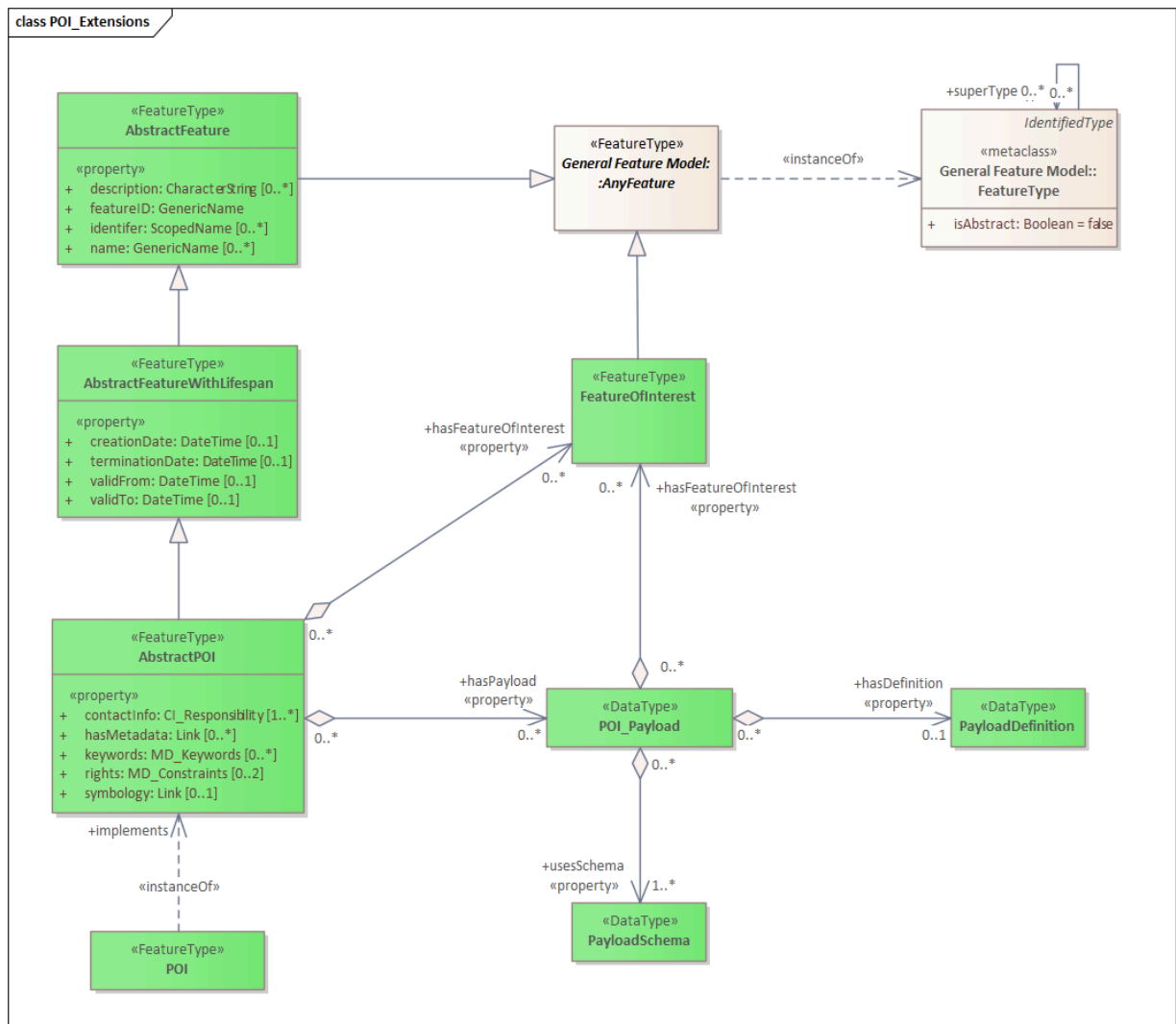


Figure 7 – POI UML Model - Payload

- **POI_Payload:** The abstract model for a Point of Interest. All POI instances will contain these attributes.
- **PayloadSchema:** The Payload Schema Class represents a syntactic model (schema) for a POI payload.
- **PayloadDefinition:** The Payload Definition Class represents a semantic model (ontology) for a POI payload.

In the interest of interoperability, the POI Payload should be constructed using data types and concepts which are already in wide use by the Geospatial community. A collection of data types and concepts defined by the ISO 19103, ISO 19107, ISO 19109, and ISO 19115 Standards is provided in Annex B.

While the POI Payload should have a single syntactic model (schema), there may be more than one way to represent that model. For example, JSON Schemas are commonly provided using

both JSON and YAML encodings. The POI abstract model allows a POI Payload to have multiple usesSchema aggregations in order to support this practice.

The hasDefinition aggregation is provided in anticipation of the future use of ontologies to associate meaning (semantics) with the structure (syntax) of the POI Payload. Use of the hasDefinition aggregation is optional.

REQUIREMENT 23: REQUIREMENT – POI-PAYLOAD

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi_payload
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the POI_Payload class SHALL be an accurate representation of the UML model for that class.
A	An instantiation of the POI_Payload class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi_payload-hasfeatureofinterest.
B	An instantiation of the POI_Payload class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi_payload-hasdefinition.
C	An instantiation of the POI_Payload class SHALL comply with requirement /req/core/poi_payload-usesschema.

REQUIREMENT 24: REQUIREMENT – POI PAYLOAD HAS FEATURE OF INTEREST

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi_payload-hasfeatureofinterest
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the POI_Payload class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the Abstract POI_Payload class SHALL include zero or more hasFeatureOfInterest aggregations.
B	The target of a hasFeatureOfInterest aggregation SHALL be a valid implementation of the Feature class from ISO 19109:2015

REQUIREMENT 25: REQUIREMENT – POI PAYLOAD HAS DEFINITION

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi_payload-hasdefinition
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the POI_Payload class SHALL comply with the following criteria:

REQUIREMENT 25: REQUIREMENT – POI PAYLOAD HAS DEFINITION

A	An encoding of the Abstract POI_Payload class SHALL include no more than one hasDefinition aggregations.
B	The target of a hasDefinition aggregation SHALL be a valid ontology for the implementing technology

REQUIREMENT 26: REQUIREMENT – POI PAYLOAD USES SCHEMA

IDENTIFIER	/req/core/poi_payload-useschema
INCLUDED IN	Requirements class 1: http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core
STATEMENT	An instantiation of the POI_Payload class SHALL comply with the following criteria:
A	An encoding of the Abstract POI_Payload class SHALL include one or more usesSchema aggregations.
B	The target of a usesSchema aggregation SHALL be a valid schema for the implementing technology.

6.5. POI Data Dictionary

The POI UML model is the normative definition of the POI Conceptual Model. The Data Dictionary tables in this section were software generated from the UML model. As such, this section provides a normative representation of the POI Conceptual Model.

Table 1

AbstractFeature	
Definition:	AbstractFeature is the abstract superclass of all feature types within the Poi Model.
Subclass of:	AnyFeature
Stereotype:	«FeatureType»

ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
description «property»	CharacterString [0..*]	Provides further information on the feature.
featureID «property»	GenericName [1..1]	Specifies the unique identifier of the feature that is valid in the instance document within which it occurs.
identifer «property»	ScopedName [0..*]	Specifies the unique identifier of the feature that is valid globally.
name «property»	GenericName [0..*]	Specifies the name of the feature.

Table 2

AbstractFeatureWithLifespan		
Definition:	AbstractFeatureWithLifespan is the base class for all Poi features. This class allows the optional specification of the real-world and database times for the existence of each feature.	
Subclass of:	AbstractFeature	
Stereotype:	«FeatureType»	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
creationDate «property»	DateTime [0..1]	Indicates the date at which a POI feature was added to the containing model.
terminationDate «property»	DateTime [0..1]	Indicates the date at which a POI feature was removed from the containing model.
validFrom «property»	DateTime [0..1]	Indicates the date at which a POI feature started to exist in the real world.
validTo «property»	DateTime [0..1]	Indicates the date at which a POI feature ceased to exist in the real world.

Table 3

AbstractPOI	
Definition:	A Point of Interest (POI) is a Feature which provides a concise summary of one or more associated Features. Its purpose is to provide easy access to key information about one or

	more real-world objects without the need to access or understand the underlying Feature data set.	
Subclass of:	AbstractFeatureWithLifespan	
Stereotype:	«FeatureType»	

ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
hasPayload «property»	POI_Payload [0..*]	Indicates a payload associated with this POI.
hasFeature OfInterest «property»	FeatureOfInterest [0..*]	One or more Features which are represented by this POI.

ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
contactInfo «property»	CI_Responsibility [1..*]	Contact information for the creators and maintainers of this POI.
hasMetadata «property»	Link [0..*]	An association with zero or more metadata records providing additional information about this POI and/or the associated Features of Interest.
keywords «property»	MD_Keywords [0..*]	Keywords used to aid in discovery of POIs of interest.
rights «property»	MD_Constraints [0..2]	Legal and security constraints applicable to this POI.
symbology «property»	Link [0..1]	A reference to information about rendering this POI.

Table 4

FeatureOfInterest	
Definition:	The thing whose property is being estimated or calculated in the course of an Observation to arrive at a Result, or whose property is being manipulated by an Actuator, or which is being sampled or transformed in an act of Sampling. (SOSA)
Subclass of:	AnyFeature
Stereotype:	«FeatureType»

Table 5

PayloadDefinition	
Definition:	The semantic model (ontology) for a POI payload.
Subclass of:	none
Stereotype:	«DataType»

Table 6

PayloadSchema	
Definition:	A model of the syntax of the POI payload.
Subclass of:	none
Stereotype:	«DataType»

Table 7

POI		
Definition:	An instance of a POI. Implements the AbstractPOI class.	
Subclass of:	none	
Stereotype:	«FeatureType»	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
implements	AbstractPOI [1..1]	Identifies the abstract POI implemented by this POI

Table 8

POI_Payload		
Definition:	A representation of properties of the Fol which are to be included in the POI.	
Subclass of:	none	
Stereotype:	«DataType»	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
hasDefinition «property»	PayloadDefinition [0..1]	A reference to the semantic model of this POI payload.
hasFeature OfInterest «property»	FeatureOfInterest [0..*]	Indicates the Feature of Interest which is being summarized in this payload.
usesSchema «property»	PayloadSchema [1..*]	A reference to the schema for this POI payload.

6.5.1. POI Data Types

The following data types are used in the POI UML model.

Table 9

CharacterString	
Definition:	CharacterString is a family of datatypes which represent strings of symbols from standard character-sets. The semantics of CharacterString is in accordance with ISO/IEC 11404:2007 clause 10.1.5. (ISO 19103)
Subclass of:	none
Stereotype:	«Type»

Table 10

Integer

Definition:	An exact integer value, with no fractional part. (ISO 19103)
Subclass of:	none
Stereotype:	«Type»

Table 11

Link		
Definition:	A link is a typed connection between two resources. This class is based on the Web Linking model defined in IETF RFC 8288.	
Subclass of:	none	
Stereotype:	«Type»	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
href	CharacterString [1..1]	Supplies the URI to a remote resource (or resource fragment).
hreflang	CharacterString [0..*]	The “hreflang” attribute is a hint indicating what the language of the result of dereferencing the link should be. Note that this is only a hint. Multiple hreflang attributes on a single link-value indicate that multiple languages are available from the indicated resource.
rel	CharacterString [1..1]	A link relation (rel) attribute identifies the semantics (meaning) of a link. The relation type values should come from either the IANA or OGC relation type registries.
title	CharacterString [0..1]	The “title” attribute is used to label the destination of a link such that it can be used as a human-readable identifier (e.g., a menu entry).
type	CharacterString [0..1]	The “type” attribute is a hint indicating what the media type of the result of dereferencing the link should be. Note that this is only a hint.



A

ANNEX A (INFORMATIVE) ABSTRACT TEST SUITE (NORMATIVE)



ANNEX A

(INFORMATIVE)

ABSTRACT TEST SUITE (NORMATIVE)

A.1. Conformance Class Core

CONFORMANCE CLASS A.1	
IDENTIFIER	<code>http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/conf/core</code>
REQUIREMENTS CLASS	Requirements class 1: <code>http://www.opengis.net/spec/poi/1.0/req/core</code>
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
CONFORMANCE TESTS	<div>Abstract test A.1: <code>/conf/core/generalfeaturemodel</code> Abstract test A.2: <code>/conf/core/geometry</code> Abstract test A.3: <code>/conf/core/abstractfeature</code> Abstract test A.4: <code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-description</code> Abstract test A.5: <code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-featureid</code> Abstract test A.6: <code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-identifier</code> Abstract test A.7: <code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-name</code> Abstract test A.8: <code>/conf/core/featurewithlifespan</code> Abstract test A.9: <code>/conf/core/featurewithlifespan-creationdate</code> Abstract test A.10: <code>/conf/core/featurewithlifespan-terminationdate</code> Abstract test A.11: <code>/conf/core/featurewithlifespan-validfrom</code> Abstract test A.12: <code>/conf/core/featurewithlifespan-validto</code> Abstract test A.13: <code>/conf/core/abstract-poi</code> Abstract test A.14: <code>/conf/core/poi-contactinfo</code> Abstract test A.15: <code>/conf/core/poi-featureofinterest</code> Abstract test A.16: <code>/conf/core/poi-metadata</code> Abstract test A.17: <code>/conf/core/poi-keywords</code> Abstract test A.18: <code>/conf/core/poi-rights</code> Abstract test A.19: <code>/conf/core/poi-symbolology</code> Abstract test A.20: <code>/conf/core/poi-haspayload</code> Abstract test A.21: <code>/conf/core/link</code> Abstract test A.22: <code>/conf/core/poi_payload</code> Abstract test A.23: <code>/conf/core/poi_payload-usesschema</code></div>

CONFORMANCE CLASS A.1

Abstract test A.24: /conf/core/poi_payload-hasdefinition
Abstract test A.25: /conf/core/poi_payload-hasfeatureofinterest
Abstract test A.26: /conf/core/poi

A.1.1. General Feature Model

ABSTRACT TEST A.1

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/generalfeaturemodel
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 1: /req/core/generalfeaturemodel
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
NOTE	If the Implementation Specification is based on a Standard known to be conformant with ISO 19109 (ex: GML), then conformance with that Standard is sufficient to show conformance with ISO 19109.
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the POI Implementation Specification is conformant with the ISO 19109 General Feature Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Inspect the POI Implementation Specification for the following:
A	Validate that the Implementation Specification includes an Abstract Test Suite (Annex A).
B	Validate that the Abstract Test Suite tests for conformance with the General Feature Model defined in ISO 19109.

A.1.2. Geometry

ABSTRACT TEST A.2

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/geometry
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 2: /req/core/geometry
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification

ABSTRACT TEST A.2

NOTE	If the Implementation Specification is based on a Standard known to be conformant with ISO 19107 (ex: GML), then conformance with that Standard is sufficient to show conformance with ISO 19107.
TEST PURPOSE	To validate that the POI Implementation Specification is conformant with the ISO 19107 Geometry Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Inspect the POI Implementation Specification for the following:
A	Validate that the Implementation Specification includes an Abstract Test Suite (Annex A).
B	Validate that all geometries used in the Implementation Specification conform with the geometry model defined in ISO 19107.
C	Validate that the Abstract Test Suite tests each POI Feature for the presence of a <code>SpatialAttributeType</code> property of type <code>GM_Point</code> , <code>GM_LineString</code> , or <code>GM_Polygon</code> .

A.1.3. Abstract Feature

ABSTRACT TEST A.3

IDENTIFIER	<code>/conf/core/abstractfeature</code>
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 3: <code>/req/core/abstractfeature</code>
PREREQUISITES	Abstract test A.1: <code>/conf/core/generalfeaturemodel</code> Abstract test A.2: <code>/conf/core/geometry</code>
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the <code>AbstractFeature</code> Class as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Inspect the POI Implementation Specification to validate that the <code>AbstractFeature</code> class is properly implemented.
A	Validate that the implementation of the <code>AbstractFeature</code> class is also a valid implementation of the <code>AnyFeature</code> class defined in the ISO 19109 General Feature Model.
B	Validate correct implementation of the <code>description</code> attribute using test <code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-description</code> .

ABSTRACT TEST A.3

C	Validate correct implementation of the <code>featureId</code> attribute using test <code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-featureid</code> .
D	Validate correct implementation of the <code>identifier</code> attribute using test <code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-identifier</code> .
E	Validate correct implementation of the <code>name</code> attribute using test <code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-name</code> .

A.1.3.1. Abstract Feature-Description

ABSTRACT TEST A.4

IDENTIFIER	<code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-description</code>
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 4: <code>/req/core/abstractfeature-description</code>
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the <code>description</code> attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the <code>description</code> attribute.
A	Validate that no more than one 'description' attribute is allowed in an <code>AbstractFeature</code> class.
B	Validate that the <code>description</code> attribute is a valid implementation of the <code>CharacterString</code> class from ISO 19103.

A.1.3.2. Abstract Feature-FeatureId

ABSTRACT TEST A.5

IDENTIFIER	<code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-featureid</code>
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 5: <code>/req/core/abstractfeature-featureid</code>
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification

ABSTRACT TEST A.5

TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the <code>featureId</code> attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the <code>featureId</code> attribute.
A	Validate that one and only one 'featureId' attribute is allowed in an <code>AbstractFeature</code> class.
B	Validate that the <code>featureId</code> attribute is a valid implementation of the <code>GenericName</code> class from ISO 19103.

A.1.3.3. Abstract Feature-Identifier

ABSTRACT TEST A.6

IDENTIFIER	<code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-identifier</code>
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 6: <code>/req/core/abstractfeature-identifier</code>
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the <code>identifier</code> attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the <code>identifier</code> attribute.
A	Validate that no more than one 'identifier' attribute is allowed in an <code>AbstractFeature</code> class.
B	Validate that the <code>identifier</code> attribute is a valid implementation of the <code>ScopedName</code> class from ISO 19103.

A.1.3.4. Abstract Feature-Name

ABSTRACT TEST A.7

IDENTIFIER	<code>/conf/core/abstractfeature-name</code>
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ABSTRACT TEST A.7

REQUIREMENT	Requirement 7: /req/core/abstractfeature-name
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the name attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the name attribute.
A	Validate that zero or more 'name' attributes are allowed in an AbstractFeature class.
B	Validate that the name attribute is a valid implementation of the GenericName class from ISO 19103.

A.1.4. Abstract Feature with Lifespan

ABSTRACT TEST A.8

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/featurewithlifespan
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 8: /req/core/featurewithlifespan
PREREQUISITE	Abstract test A.3: /conf/core/abstractfeature
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan Class as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Inspect the POI Implementation Specification to validate that the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class is properly implemented.
A	Validate that the implementation of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class is also a valid implementation of the AbstractFeature class using test /conf/core/abstractfeature.
B	Validate correct implementation of the creationDate attribute using test /conf/core/featurewithlifespan-creationdate.
C	Validate correct implementation of the terminationDate attribute using test /conf/core/featurewithlifespan-terminationdate.

ABSTRACT TEST A.8

D	Validate correct implementation of the validFrom attribute using test /conf/core/featurewithlifespan-validfrom.
E	Validate correct implementation of the validTo attribute using test /conf/core/featurewithlifespan-validto.

A.1.4.1. Creation Date

ABSTRACT TEST A.9

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/featurewithlifespan-creationdate
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 9: /req/core/featurewithlifespan-creationdate
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the creationDate attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the creationDate attribute.
A	Validate that no more than one creationDate attribute is allowed in an AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class.
B	Validate that the creationDate attribute is a valid implementation of the DateTime type from ISO 19103.

A.1.4.2. Termination Date

ABSTRACT TEST A.10

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/featurewithlifespan-terminationdate
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 10: /req/core/featurewithlifespan-terminationdate
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the terminationDate attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.

ABSTRACT TEST A.10

TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the <code>terminationDate</code> attribute.
A	Validate that no more than one <code>terminationDate</code> attribute is allowed in an <code>AbstractFeatureWithLifespan</code> class.
B	Validate that the <code>terminationDate</code> attribute is a valid implementation of the <code>DateTime</code> type from ISO 19103.

A.1.4.3. Valid From

ABSTRACT TEST A.11

IDENTIFIER	<code>/conf/core/featurewithlifespan-validfrom</code>
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 11: <code>/req/core/featurewithlifespan-validfrom</code>
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the <code>validFrom</code> attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the <code>validFrom</code> attribute.
A	Validate that no more than one <code>validFrom</code> attribute is allowed in an <code>AbstractFeatureWithLifespan</code> class.
B	Validate that the <code>validFrom</code> attribute is a valid implementation of the <code>DateTime</code> type from ISO 19103.

A.1.4.4. Valid To

ABSTRACT TEST A.12

IDENTIFIER	<code>/conf/core/featurewithlifespan-validto</code>
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 12: <code>/req/core/featurewithlifespan-validto</code>

ABSTRACT TEST A.12

TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the validTo attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the validTo attribute.
A	Validate that no more than one 'validTo' attribute is allowed in an AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class.
B	Validate that the validTo attribute is a valid implementation of the DateTime type from ISO 19103.

A.1.5. Abstract POI

ABSTRACT TEST A.13

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/abstract-poi
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 13: /req/core/abstract-poi
PREREQUISITE	Abstract test A.8: /conf/core/featurewithlifespan
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	To validate that the Implementation Specification implements the AbstractPOI class as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate that the Implementation Specification correctly implements the AbstractPOI class:
A	Validate that the implementation of the AbstractPOI class is also a valid implementation of the AbstractFeatureWithLifespan class using test /conf/core/featurewithlifespan.
B	Validate correct implementation of the contactInfo attribute using test /conf/core/poi-contactinfo.
C	Validate correct implementation of the hasFeatureOfInterest aggregation using the test /conf/core/poi-featureofinterest.
D	Validate correct implementation of the hasMetadata association using the test /conf/core/poi-metadata.

ABSTRACT TEST A.13

E	Validate correct implementation of the keywords attribute using the test /conf/core/poi-keywords.
F	Validate correct implementation of the rights attribute using the test /conf/core/poi-rights.
G	Validate correct implementation of the symbology association using the test /conf/core/poi-symbology.
H	Validate correct implementation of the hasPayload association using the test /conf/core/poi-haspayload.

A.1.5.1. Abstract POI ContactInfo

ABSTRACT TEST A.14

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi-contactinfo
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 14: /req/core/poi-contactInfo
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the contactInfo attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the contactInfo attribute.
A	Validate that zero or more contactInfo attributes are allowed in an AbstractPOI class.
B	Validate that the contactInfo attribute is a valid implementation of the CI_Responsibility class from ISO 19115-1:2014.

A.1.5.2. Abstract POI Feature Of Interest

ABSTRACT TEST A.15

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi-featureofinterest
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 15: /req/core/poi-featureofinterest

ABSTRACT TEST A.15

TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the hasFeatureOfInterest aggregation as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and target class of the hasFeatureOfInterest aggregation.
A	Validate that zero or more hasFeatureOfInterest aggregations are allowed in an Abstract POI class.
B	Validate that the target of the hasFeatureOfInterest aggregation is a valid implementation of the Feature class from ISO 19109:2015.

A.1.5.3. Abstract POI Metadata

ABSTRACT TEST A.16

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi-metadata
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 16: /req/core/poi-metadata
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the hasMetadata association as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and encoding of the hasMetadata association.
A	Validate that zero or more hasMetadata associations are allowed in an AbstractPOI class.
B	Validate that the hasMetadata association is implemented as described in the Conceptual Model using the /conf/core/link test.

A.1.5.4. Abstract POI Keywords

ABSTRACT TEST A.17

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi-keywords
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 17: /req/core/poi-keywords
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the keywords attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the keywords attribute.
A	Validate that zero or more keywords attributes are allowed in an AbstractPOI class.
B	Validate that the keywords attribute is a valid implementation of the MD_Keywords class from ISO 19115-1:2014.

A.1.5.5. Abstract POI Rights

ABSTRACT TEST A.18

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi-rights
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 18: /req/core/poi-rights
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the rights attribute as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and type of the rights attribute.
A	Validate that zero, one, or two rights attributes are allowed in an AbstractPOI class.
B	Validate that the rights attribute is a valid implementation of the MD_Constraints class from ISO 19115-1:2014.

A.1.5.6. Abstract POI Symbology

ABSTRACT TEST A.19	
IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi-symbology
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 19: /req/core/poi-symbology
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the symbology association as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and encoding of the symbology association.
A	Validate that zero or one symbology associations are allowed in an AbstractPOI class.
B	Validate that the symbology association is implemented as described in the Conceptual Model using the /conf/core/link test.

A.1.5.7. Abstract POI Payload Association

ABSTRACT TEST A.20	
IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi-haspayload
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 20: /req/core/poi-haspayload
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the hasPayload aggregation as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and target class of the hasPayload aggregation.
A	Validate that zero or more hasPayload aggregation are allowed in an AbstractPOI class.

ABSTRACT TEST A.20

B	Validate that the target of the hasPayload aggregation is a valid implementation of the POI_Payload class using the /conf/core/poi-payload test.
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A.1.5.8. Link

ABSTRACT TEST A.21

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/link
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 21: /req/core/link
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the Link class as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate that the association being tested uses a hyperlink approach appropriate for the implementing technology.

A.1.6. POI Payload

ABSTRACT TEST A.22

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi_payload
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 23: /req/core/poi_payload
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	To validate that the Implementation Specification implements the POI_Payload Class as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate that the Implementation Specification correctly implements the POI_Payload class:
A	Validate correct implementation of the usesSchema aggregation using the test /conf/core/poi_payload-useschema.

ABSTRACT TEST A.22

B	Validate correct implementation of the hasDefinition aggregation using the test /conf/core/poi_payload-hasdefinition.
C	Validate correct implementation of the hasFeatureOfInterest aggregation using the test /conf/core/poi_payload-hasfeatureofinterest.

A.1.6.1. POI_Payload Uses Schema

ABSTRACT TEST A.23

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi_payload-usesschema
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 26: /req/core/poi_payload-usesschema
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the usesSchema aggregation as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and target class of the usesSchema aggregation.
A	Validate that at least one usesSchema aggregation is allowed in a POI_Payload class.
B	Validate that the target of the usesSchema aggregation is a valid schema for the implementing technology.

A.1.6.2. POI_Payload Has Definition

ABSTRACT TEST A.24

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi_payload-hasdefinition
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 25: /req/core/poi_payload-hasdefinition
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the hasDefinition aggregation as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.

ABSTRACT TEST A.24

TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and target class of the hasDefinition aggregation.
A	Validate that no more than one hasDefinition aggregation is allowed in a POI_Payload class.
B	Validate that the target of the hasDefinition aggregation is a valid ontology for the implementing technology.

A.1.6.3. POI_Payload Feature Of Interest

ABSTRACT TEST A.25

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi_payload-hasfeatureofinterest
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 24: /req/core/poi_payload-hasfeatureofinterest
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	Validate that the Implementation Specification implements the hasFeatureOfInterest aggregation as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate the cardinality and target class of the hasFeatureOfInterest aggregation.
A	Validate that zero or more hasFeatureOfInterest aggregations are allowed in a POI_Payload class.
B	Validate that the target of the hasFeatureOfInterest aggregation is a valid implementation of the Feature class from ISO 19109:2015.

A.1.7. POI

ABSTRACT TEST A.26

IDENTIFIER	/conf/core/poi
REQUIREMENT	Requirement 22: /req/core/poi

ABSTRACT TEST A.26

PREREQUISITE	Abstract test A.13: /conf/core/abstract-poi
TARGET TYPE	Implementation Specification
TEST PURPOSE	To validate that the Implementation Specification implements the POI Class as defined in the POI Conceptual Model.
TEST-METHOD-TYPE	Manual Inspection
DESCRIPTION	Validate that the Implementation Specification correctly implements the POI class:
A	Validate that the implementation of the POI class is also a valid implementation of the Abstract_POI class using test /conf/core/abstract-poi.



B

ANNEX B (INFORMATIVE) ISO DATA DICTIONARY

B

ANNEX B

(INFORMATIVE)

ISO DATA DICTIONARY

ISO Technical Committee 211 maintains a harmonized UML model which covers many of their standards. All the TC211 Standards which are relevant to the POI Standard are included. Therefore the full UML model for POI consists of the classes defined in the POI UML model as well as those which referenced from the TC211 Harmonized UML model.

The Data Dictionary tables in this section were software generated from the TC211 Harmonized UML model. As such, this section provides a normative representation of the TC211 classes which are leveraged by the POI Conceptual Model.

Note that some of the properties in the ISO model are not populated. Since the model is normative, the missing information cannot be included in this document until it is first included in the ISO model by TC211.

B.1. General Feature Model

The following classes are defined in (ISO 19109:2015)

Table B.1 – Any Feature Class

AnyFeature	
Definition:	The class AnyFeature is an instance of the «metaclass» FeatureType (ISO 19109). It represents the set of all classes which are feature types. + In an implementation this abstract class shall be substituted by a concrete class representing a feature type from an application schema associated with a domain of discourse (ISO 19109, ISO 19101).
StereoType:	«FeatureType»

ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
	FeatureType [1..1]	

Table B.2 — Feature Type Class

FeatureType		
Definition:	feature: abstraction of real world phenomena NOTE: A feature may occur as a type or an instance. Feature type or feature instance should be used when only one is meant. This class describes how a feature class shall be constructed in an Application Schema. In accordance with the conformance clause of the standard, instances of this class are instantiated as feature classes in an Application Schema	
Subclass Of:	IdentifiedType	
StereoType:	«Metaclass»	
Constraint:	name is mandatory (Invariant):	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
	NS_AvoidList [0..*]	
superType	FeatureType [0..*]	
featureType Metadata	MD_Metadata [0..*]	
carrier OfCharacteristics	PropertyType [0..*]	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
isAbstract	Boolean	

B.2. Geometry

The following classes are defined in ISO 19107:2003

Table B.3 – GM_Object Class

GM_Object		
Definition:	<p>GM_Object is the root class of the geometric object taxonomy and supports interfaces common to all geographically referenced geometric objects. GM_Object instances are sets of direct positions in a particular coordinate reference system. A GM_Object can be regarded as an infinite set of points that satisfies the set operation interfaces for a set of direct positions, TransfiniteSet<DirectPosition>. Since an infinite collection class cannot be implemented directly, a Boolean test for inclusion shall be provided by the GM_Object interface. This international standard concentrates on vector geometry classes, but future work may use GM_Object as a root class without modification. NOTE As a type, GM_Object does not have a well-defined default state or value representation as a data type. Instantiated subclasses of GM_Object will.</p>	
Subclass Of:	none	
StereoType:	«type»	
Constraint:	dimension() > boundary().dimension (Invariant):	
Constraint:	boundary().notEmpty() implies boundary().dimension() = dimension() -1 (Invariant):	
Constraint:	boundary().isEmpty() = isCycle() (Invariant):	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
	Geometry [1..1]	
	TransfiniteSet<Direct Position> [1..1]	
	CV_DomainObject [1..1]	
CRS	CRS [0..1]	
CRS	SC_CRS [0..1]	

Table B.4 – GM_Point Class

GM_Point		
Definition:	GM_Point is the basic data type for a geometric object consisting of one and only one point.	
Subclass Of:	GM_Primitive	
StereoType:	«type»	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
	Point [1..1]	
composite	GM_CompositePoint [0..*]	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
position	DirectPosition [1..1]	The attribute “position” shall be the DirectPosition of this GM_Point. GM_Point::position [1] : DirectPosition NOTE In most cases, the state of a GM_Point is fully determined by its position attribute. The only exception to this is if the GM_Point has been subclassed to provide additional non-geometric information such as symbology.

Table B.5 – GM_LineString Class

GM_LineString	
Definition:	A GM_LineString (Figure 16) consists of sequence of line segments, each having a parameterization like the one for GM_LineSegment (See 6.4.11). The class essentially combines a Sequence<GM_LineSegments> into a single object, with the obvious savings of storage space.
Subclass Of:	GM_Primitive
StereoType:	«type»

ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
controlPoint	GM_PointArray [1..1]	

Table B.6 — GM_Polygon Class

GM_Polygon		
Definition:	A GM_Polygon (Figure 21) is a surface patch that is defined by a set of boundary curves and an underlying surface to which these curves adhere. The default is that the curves are coplanar, and the polygon uses planar interpolation in its interior.	
Subclass Of:	GM_Primitive	
StereoType:	«type»	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
surface	GM_PolyhedralSurface [0..1]	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
boundary	GM_SurfaceBoundary	
spanningSurface	GM_Surface [0..1]	

B.3. Citation and responsible party information

The following classes are defined in (ISO 19115-1 Edition 1)

Table B.7 — CI_Contact Class

CI_Contact

Definition:	information required to enable contact with the responsible person and/or organisation	
StereoType:	None	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
address	CI_Address [0..*]	physical and email address at which the organisation or individual may be contacted
contact Instructions	CharacterString [0..1]	supplemental instructions on how or when to contact the individual or organisation
contactType	CharacterString [0..1]	type of contact
hoursOfService	CharacterString [0..*]	time period (including time zone) when individuals can contact the organisation or individual
onlineResource	CI_OnlineResource [0..*]	on-line information that can be used to contact the individual or organisation
phone	CI_Telephone [0..*]	telephone numbers at which the organisation or individual may be contacted

Table B.8 – CI_Individual Class

CI_Individual		
Definition:	information about the party if the party is an individual	
Subclass Of:	CI_Party	
StereoType:	None	
Constraint:	count (name + positionName) > 0 (Invariant):	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
	CI_Organisation [1..1]	

ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
positionName	CharacterString [0..1]	position of the individual in an organisation

Table B.9 – CI_Organisation Class

CI_Organisation		
Definition:	information about the party if the party is an organisation	
Subclass Of:	CI_Party	
StereoType:	None	
Constraint:	count (name + logo) > 0 (Invariant):	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
individual	CI_Individual [0..*]	an individual in the named organisation
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
logo	MD_BrowseGraphic [0..*]	Graphic identifying organization

Table B.10 – CI_Party Class

CI_Party		
Definition:	information about the individual and/or organisation of the party	
StereoType:	«abstract»	

ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
	CI_Responsibility []	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
contactInfo	CI_Contact [0..*]	contact information for the party
name	CharacterString [0..1]	name of the party (individual or organization)

Table B.11 — CI_Responsibility Class

CI_Responsibility		
Definition:	information about the party and their role	
StereoType:	None	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
party	CI_Party [1..*]	information about the party
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
extent	EX_Extent [0..*]	spatial or temporal extent of the role
role	CI_RoleCode [1..1]	function performed by the responsible party

B.4. Constraint information

The following classes are defined in (ISO 19115-1 Edition 1)

Table B.12

MD_Constraints		
Definition:	restrictions on the access and use of a resource or metadata	
Subclass Of:	None	
StereoType:		
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
	MD_Identification []	
	MD_Metadata []	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
constraint Application Scope	MD_Scope [0..1]	Spatial and temporal extent of the application of the constraint restrictions
graphic	MD_BrowseGraphic [0..*]	graphic /symbol indicating the constraint
reference	CI_Citation [0..*]	citation/URL for the limitation or constraint, e.g. copyright statement, license agreement, etc
releasability	MD_Releasability [0..1]	information concerning the parties to whom the resource can or cannot be released
responsibleParty	CI_Responsibility [0..*]	party responsible for the resource constraints
useLimitation	CharacterString [0..*]	limitation affecting the fitness for use of the resource or metadata. Example, "not to be used for navigation"

Table B.13

MD_LegalConstraints	
Definition:	restrictions and legal prerequisites for accessing and using the resource or metadata

Subclass Of:	None	
StereoType:		
Constraint:	otherConstraints: only documented if accessConstraints or useConstraints = "other Restrictions" (Invariant):	
Constraint:	If MD_LegalConstraints used then count of (accessConstraints + useConstraints + other Constraints + useLimitation + releasability) > 0 (Invariant):	

ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
access Constraints	MD_RestrictionCode [0..*]	access constraints applied to assure the protection of privacy or intellectual property, and any special restrictions or limitations on obtaining the resource or metadata
otherConstraints	CharacterString [0..*]	other restrictions and legal prerequisites for accessing and using the resource or metadata
useConstraints	MD_RestrictionCode [0..*]	constraints applied to assure the protection of privacy or intellectual property, and any special restrictions or limitations or warnings on using the resource or metadata

Table B.14

MD_Releasability		
Definition:	information about resource release constraints	
Subclass Of:	None	
StereoType:		
Constraint:	count (addressee + statement) > 0 (Invariant):	

ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
addressee	CI_Responsibility [0..*]	party to which the release statement applies
dissemination Constraints	MD_RestrictionCode [0..*]	component in determining releasability
statement	CharacterString [0..1]	release statement

Table B.15

MD_SecurityConstraints		
Definition:	handling restrictions imposed on the resource or metadata for national security or similar security concerns	
Subclass Of:	None	
StereoType:		
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
classification	MD_Classification Code	name of the handling restrictions on the resource or metadata
classification System	CharacterString [0..1]	name of the classification system
handling Description	CharacterString [0..1]	additional information about the restrictions on handling the resource or metadata.
userNote	CharacterString [0..1]	explanation of the application of the legal constraints or other restrictions and legal prerequisites for obtaining and using the resource or metadata

B.5. Identification information

The following classes are defined in (ISO 19115-1 Edition 1)

Table B.16 – MD_KeywordClass Class

MD_KeywordClass	
Definition:	specification of a class to categorize keywords in a domain-specific vocabulary that has a binding to a formal ontology
StereoType:	None

ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
MD_Keywords []		
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
className	CharacterString [1..1]	character string to label the keyword category in natural language
concept Identifier	URI [0..1]	URI of concept in ontology specified by the ontology attribute; this concept is labeled by the className: CharacterString.
ontology	CI_Citation [1..1]	a reference that binds the keyword class to a formal conceptualization of a knowledge domain for use in semantic processing. NOTE: Keywords in the associated MD_Keywords keyword list must be within the scope of this ontology

Table B.17 — MD_Keywords Class

MD_Keywords		
Definition:	keywords, their type and reference source NOTE: When the resource described is a service, one instance of MD_Keyword shall refer to the service taxonomy defined in ISO 19119, 8.3)	
StereoType:	None	
Constraint:	When the resource described is a service, one instance of MD_Keyword shall refer to the service taxonomy defined in ISO 19119 (Invariant):	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
MD_Identification []		
keywordClass	MD_KeywordClass [0..1]	association of a MD_Keywords instance with a MD_KeywordClass to provide user-defined categorization of groups of keywords that extend or are orthogonal to the standardized KeywordTypeCodes and are associated with an ontology that allows additional semantic query processing

ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
keyword	CharacterString [1..*]	commonly used word(s) or formalised word(s) or phrase(s) used to describe the subject
thesaurusName	CI_Citation [0..1]	name of the formally registered thesaurus or a similar authoritative source of keywords
type	MD_KeywordType Code [0..1]	subject matter used to group similar keywords

B.6. Name types

The following classes are defined in (ISO 19103:2015)

Table B.18 — Generic Name Class

GenericName		
Definition:		
Generic Name is the abstract class for all names in a NameSpace. Each instance of a GenericName is either a LocalName or a ScopedName. A LocalName references a local object directly accessible from the NameSpace. A ScopedName is a composite of a Local Name for locating another NameSpace and a GenericName valid in that NameSpace.		
StereoType:		
interface		
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
scope	NameSpace [1..1]	

Table B.19 — Local Name Class

LocalName		
Definition:		
A LocalName references a local object directly accessible from the NameSpace.		
Subclass Of:		
GenericName		

StereoType: interface

Table B.20 — Member Name Class

MemberName		
Definition:	A MemberName is a LocalName that references either an attribute slot in a record or record Type or an attribute, operation, or association role in an object instance or type description in some form of schema.	
Subclass Of:	LocalName	
StereoType:	interface	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
aName	CharacterString [1..1]	The stored value "aName" is the returned value for the "aName()" operation.
attributeType	TypeName [1..1]	The allowable type for this member.

Table B.21 — Namespace Class

NameSpace		
Definition:	A Name Space is a domain in which "names" given by character strings (possibly under local constraints constraints enforced by the Name Space) can be mapped to objects via a get Obejct operation. Examples include objects which form a Name Space for their attributes, operations and associations, or Schemas that form Name Spaces for their included data types or classes. Not all methods for NameSpaces need to be made publicly accessible.	
StereoType:	interface	
ROLE NAME	TARGET CLASS AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
name	GenericName [0..*]	

ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
acceptableClass List	TypeName [1..1]	
isGlobal	Boolean [1..1]	

Table B.22 — Scoped Name Class

ScopedName	
Definition:	ScopedName is a composite of a LocalName for locating another NameSpace and a Generic Name valid in that NameSpace. ScopedName contains a LocalName as head and a Generic Name, which might be a LocalName or a ScopedName, as tail.
Subclass Of:	GenericName
StereoType:	interface

Table B.23 — Type Name Class

TypeName		
Definition:	A TypeName is a LocalName that references either a recordType or object type in some form of schema. The stored value “aName” is the returned value for the “aName()” operation. This is the types name.	
Subclass Of:	LocalName	
StereoType:	interface	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
aName	CharacterString [1..1]	The stored value “aName” is the returned value for the “aName()” operation.

B.7. Primitive types

The following classes are defined in (ISO 19103:2015)

B.7.1. Date and Time

Table B.24 — Date Class

Date		
Definition:		
StereoType:	interface	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
century	CharacterString [1..1]	
day	CharacterString [1..1]	
month	CharacterString [1..1]	
year	CharacterString [1..1]	

Table B.25 — DateTime Class

DateTime	
Definition:	
Subclass Of:	Date and Time
StereoType:	interface

Table B.26 – Time Class

Time		
Definition:		
StereoType:	interface	
ATTRIBUTE	VALUE TYPE AND MULTIPLICITY	DEFINITION
hour	CharacterString [1..1]	
minute	CharacterString [1..1]	
second	CharacterString [1..1]	
timeZone	CharacterString [1..1]	



ANNEX C (INFORMATIVE) REVISION HISTORY



ANNEX C

(INFORMATIVE)

REVISION HISTORY

Table C.1

DATE	RELEASE	EDITOR	PRIMARY CLAUSES MODIFIED	DESCRIPTION
2021-06-17	0.0.1	Matthew Purss	all	initial version
2024-02-15	1.0.0	Chuck Heazel	all	POI draft standard for OAB review



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