

How to Uninstall Oracle XE on MacBook with M1, M2, and M3 Chips

Step 1: Stop the Oracle Database Service

1. Open the Terminal application on your Mac.
2. Stop the Oracle database service by typing the following command and pressing Enter:

```
sudo lsnrctl stop
```

```
sudo lsnrctl status
```

```
sudo lsnrctl stop
```

3. Enter your password when prompted.

Step 2: Remove Oracle XE Files

1. To remove the Oracle XE installation, execute the following commands in Terminal:

```
sudo rm -rf /opt/oracle
```

```
sudo rm -rf /usr/local/oracle
```

```
sudo rm -rf /Library/StartupItems/Oracle*
```

```
sudo rm -rf /Library/Receipts/oracle*
```

Step 3: Remove Oracle Directories and System References

1. Remove any Oracle-related files from your user directory:

```
sudo rm -rf ~/oracle
```

```
sudo rm -rf ~/.oracle
```

2. Remove any Oracle references from system files:

```
sudo rm /etc/oratab
```

```
sudo rm /etc/orainst.loc
```

3. Check for any remaining Oracle references in the following files and remove them if present:

```
/etc/hosts
```

```
/etc/profile
```

```
/etc/bashrc
```

Step 4: Unload Kernel Extensions

1. If any Oracle-related kernel extensions were loaded, unload them by running the following commands:

```
sudo kextunload -b com.oracle.oss.oraclemacosx
```

2. Restart your Mac to finalize the removal.

Step 5: Clean Up Environment Variables

1. Remove any Oracle-related environment variables by editing the shell configuration file (.bash_profile, .zshrc, etc.):

```
nano ~/.bash_profile
```

2. Delete any lines related to Oracle, such as ORACLE_HOME or PATH modifications.

3. Save the file and reload the shell configuration:

```
source ~/.bash_profile
```