= 4 Hardin Prayapati (2678294168) To prove: - w. = y; - E- & (xt - xt) K(xix) where x; is a support Now, According to KKT condition, 2 ((E + E + + G - y) = 0 Vectors that are support vectors, 2 +0 => E+ M+9, -y, =0 Now, by optimizing Lagrange optimizer, we get $W = \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} (x_i^+ - x_i^-) \phi(x_i)$ Also, g= wt p(x)+wo =) 1 E+ w o(x,) +w, -y, =0 => W= 4. - E - wT p(x) $=) \quad \omega_0 = y_1 - \varepsilon - \left(\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\lambda_1^+ - \lambda_1^-}{\lambda_1^+} \right) \phi(x_1) \right) \phi(x_2)$ => w=y;-C-E(x+-x-) o(x) o(x) Hence proved.

Encoding W, W, w; n(i) = 0.5 a) W(0) -0 W(i) + n(i) x(i) eT 9(0) = 0 9(0) (o) e 0 0.5 0 0 0 0.5 0 0 0 0.5 0 -0.5 -0.5 0.5 -0.5

$$|V_{0}| = |V_{0}| = |V_{$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \omega(z) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & -0.5 & -0.5 \\ 0.5 & -0.5 & -0.5 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -0.5 & 0.5 & -0.5 \\ 0.5 & -0.5 & 0.5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= Sign \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= Sign \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

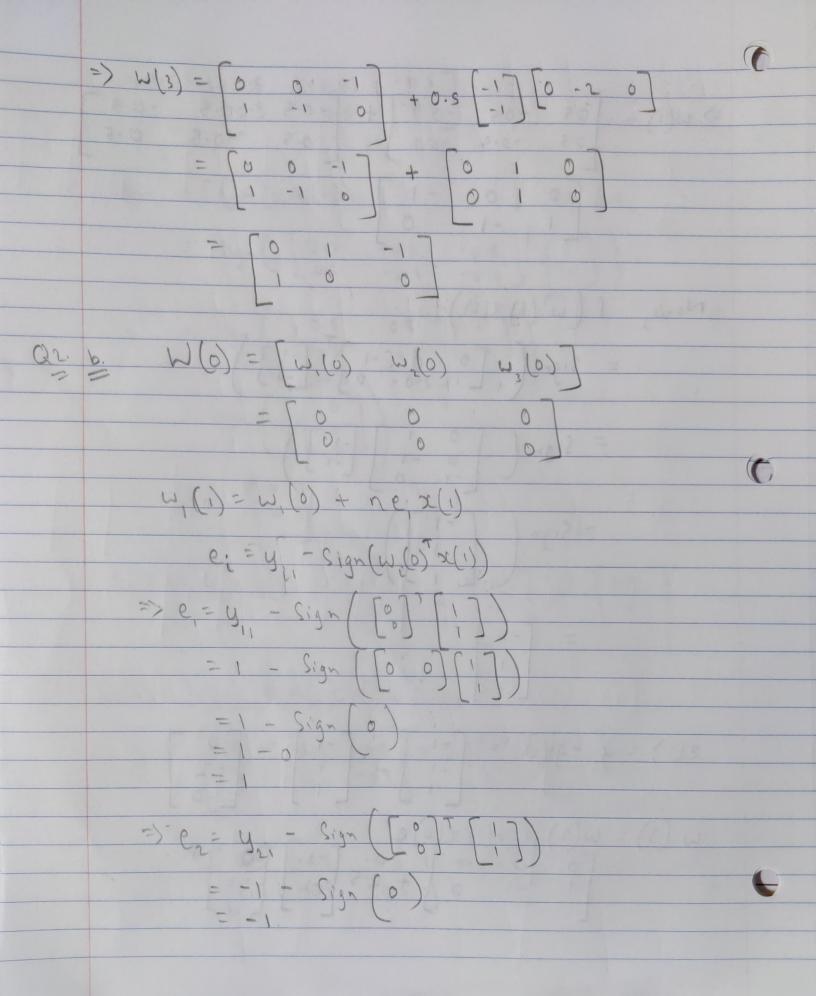
$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} (i) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (i) + \sum_{i=1}^{n} (i)$$

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Epoch 1, Iteriton #2:

$$e_1 = 1 - Sign(0)$$
 $e_2 = 1 - Sign(0)$
 $e_3 = 1 - Sign(0)$
 $e_4 = 1 - Sign(0)$
 $e_5 = 1 - Sign(0)$
 $e_6 = 1 - Sign(0)$
 $e_7 =$

=> W3(2) = W3(1) + ne3x(2) 7+ (0.5) (-1) 00 -1 Epoch , Iteration #3. y;= [0][-1] 0][-1] = -1 - Sign [] [-1] [-1] - Sign (1)

$$= (0) + (0.5)(0)[-1]$$

$$= (0) + (0.5)(0)[-1]$$

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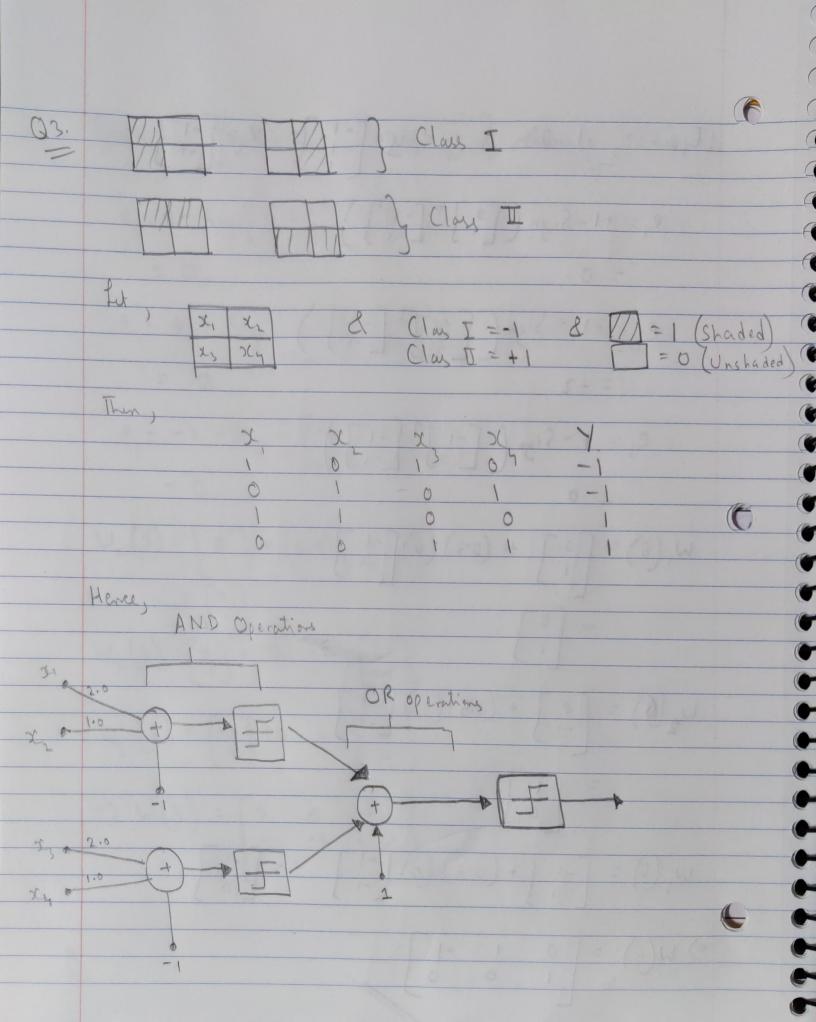
$$= (0) + (0.5)(0)[-1]$$

$$= (0) + (0.5)(0)[-1]$$

$$= (0) + (0.5)(0)[-1]$$

Epoch 2, iteration 1. y= [-1] 1-Sign ([0,][1]) 0 (0.5)(0)[1] 0 0 -1

Epoch 2, ileration 3 y=[-1] x= e = -1-Sign [[0,] +[-1,] e=-1-Sign [0][-1] 1 - Sign [[-1] W, (6) = [0] + (0.5) (0) [-1] 0.5)



Illustrations: (meli) x tight AND operation OR operation {(2)(0)(1)(0)+(-1)}+{(2)(1)(1)(0)+(-1)}+1 Output (case 1) (2)(0)(1)(0)+(-1) }+{(2)(1)(+)(1)+(-1)}+1 = class II