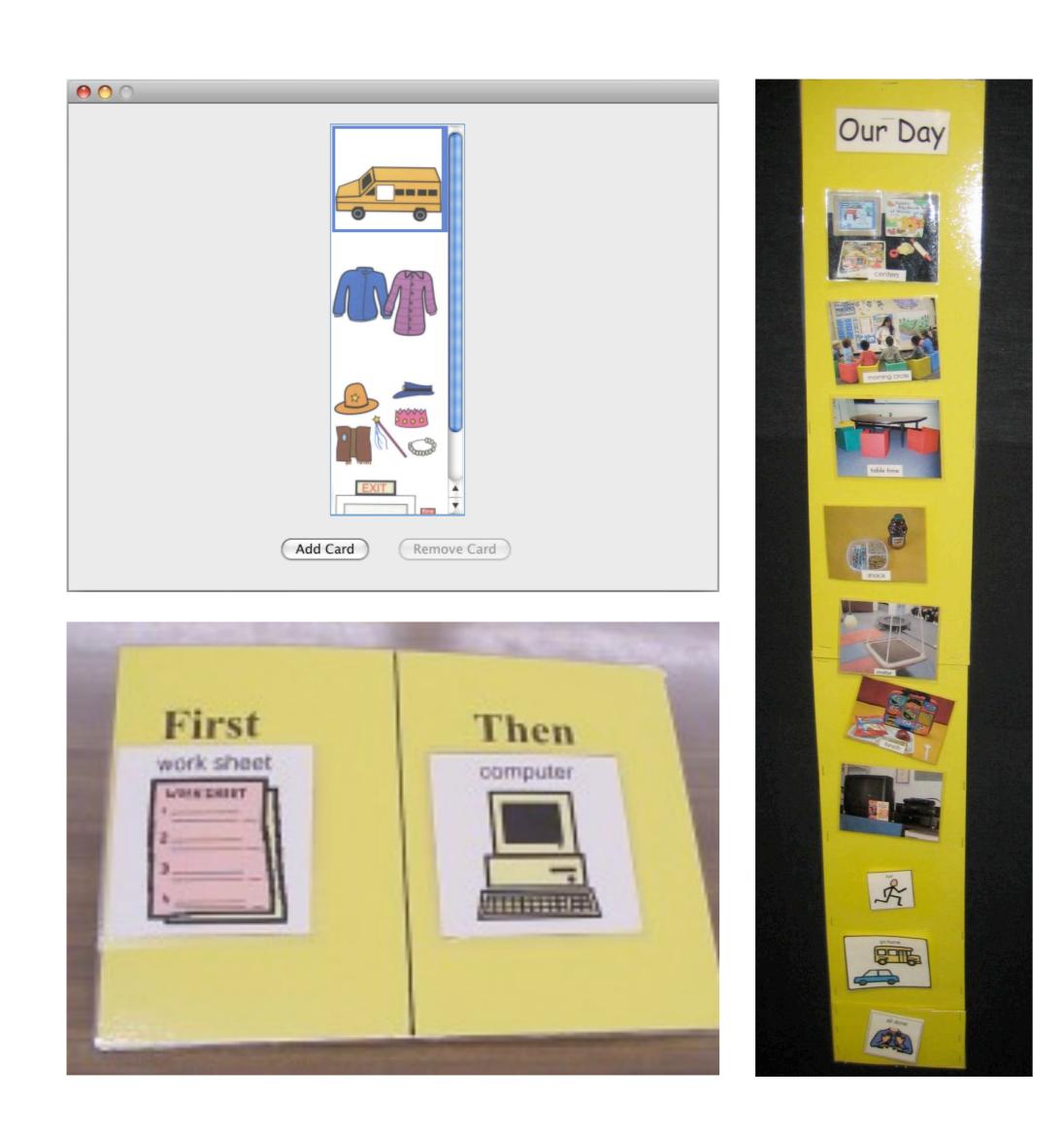
Design of Interactive Visual Schedules Systems

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Introduction

Visual schedules are effective in supporting CWA to understand and structure time, and to predict activities.

However, they can be difficult and time-consuming for caregivers to employ, because caregivers must ensure the visual aids match volatile schedules.

Technology-enhanced visual schedules have the capabilities to ease both the:

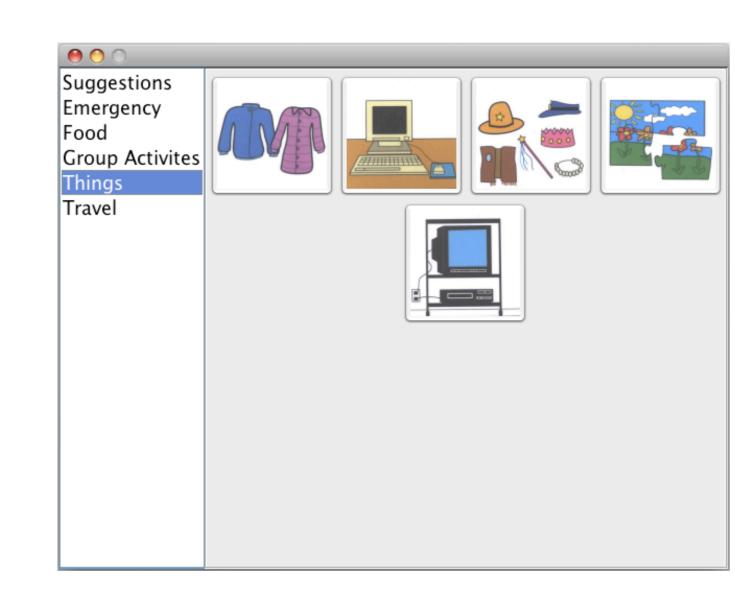
- use of these aids, and
- the data collection of activities in classrooms.

Objectives

- Understand how visual schedules are currently used and how new technologies can allow for collaboration amongst teachers and parents through these schedules.
- Design and develop technology augmented visual schedules.

Design: Nomatic*VS

- Large, touchscreen-based, classroom-facing visual schedules system.
 - Enables caregivers to make faster manual selections from a large database of activity icons, via automatic learning of appropriate cards.
 - System learns appropriate times to prompt caregivers for update
 - System learning occurs implicitly so as not to unsettle or inconvenience caregivers.
 - Collects data about the use of the system for later reference, analysis, and reporting.
- Software also helps in data analysis, visualization, production of "home notes," and explicit training of schedule.



Methods and Results

- Fieldwork and formative design
 - Conducted design sessions with three non-school based experts in assistive technology and classroom management.
 - Observed nine special education classrooms at two sites in Southern California.
 - Interviewed ten experts, staff members and teachers at those sites in small groups or individually for approximately one hour each.
- Informed analysis of requirements and constraints.
- Supports a need for new augmented visual schedules.

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