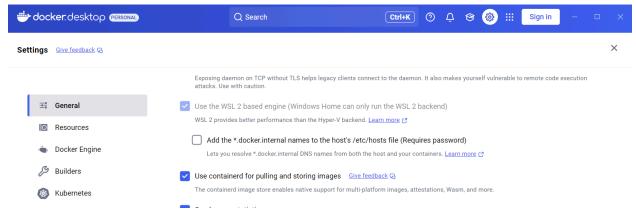
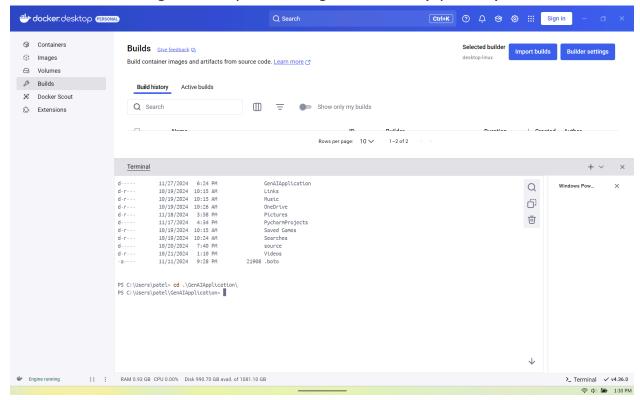
1. Prerequisites

- DockerDesktop supports GPU acceleration only on Windows with the WSL2 backend
- The examples in this section use a command-line-based git client, but you can use any client.



2. Create a working directory and navigate inside it(optional).



3. Clone the sample application. We run the following command to clone the repository:

```
PS C:\Users\patel\GenAIApplication> git clone https://github.com/craig-osterhout/docker-genai-sample Cloning into 'docker-genai-sample'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 11, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (11/11), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (10/10), done.
remote: Total 11 (delta 0), reused 11 (delta 0), pack-reused 0 (from 0)
Receiving objects: 100% (11/11), 10.17 KiB | 10.17 MiB/s, done.
PS C:\Users\patel\GenAIApplication>
```

- You should now have the following files in your docker-genai-sample directory

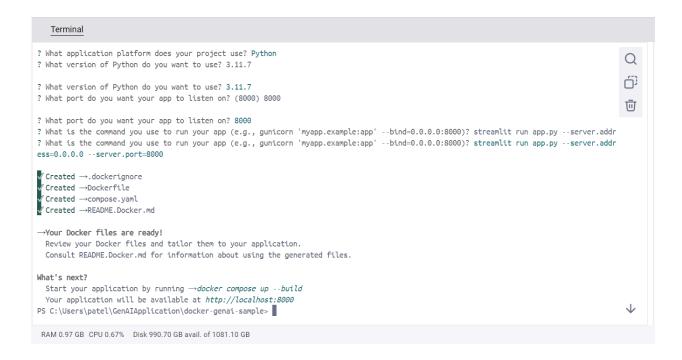
```
PS C:\Users\patel\GenAIApplication> cd .\docker-genai-sample\
PS C:\Users\patel\GenAIApplication\docker-genai-sample> ls
```

Directory: C:\Users\patel\GenAIApplication\docker-genai-sample

Mode	LastWriteTime		Length	Name
-a	11/28/2024	1:31 PM	3895	app.py
-a	11/28/2024	1:31 PM	9099	chains.py
-a	11/28/2024	1:31 PM	967	env.example
-a	11/28/2024	1:31 PM	7169	LICENSE
-a	11/28/2024	1:31 PM	179	README.md
-a	11/28/2024	1:31 PM	106	requirements.txt
-a	11/28/2024	1:31 PM	1945	utils.py

PS C:\Users\patel\GenAIApplication\docker-genai-sample>

- 4. Now that we have an application, we can use docker init to create the necessary Docker assets to containerize our application. Inside the docker-genai-sample directory, run the docker init command.
 - docker init



5. Next, for Docker to build and runs your application, run the following command in a terminal:

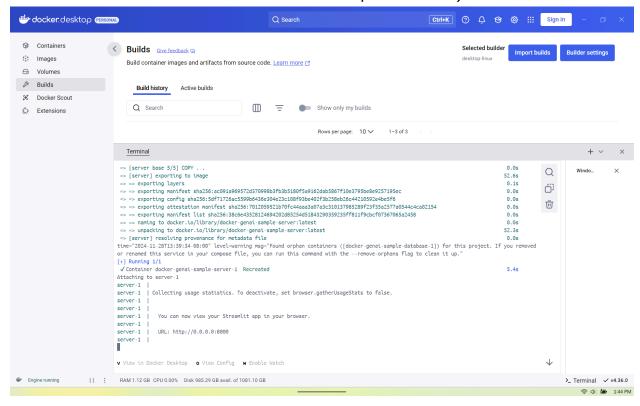
- docker compose up --build

```
PS C:\Users\patel\GenAIApplication\docker-genai-sample> docker compose up --build
[+] Building 55.7s (13/13) FINISHED
 => [server internal] load build definition from Dockerfile
 => => transferring dockerfile: 1.71kB
 => [server] resolve image config for docker-image://docker.io/docker/dockerfile:1
 => CACHED [server] docker-image://docker.io/docker/dockerfile:1@sha256:865e5dd094beca432e8
 => => resolve docker.io/docker/dockerfile:1@sha256:865e5dd094beca432e8c0a1d5e1c465db5f998d
 => [server internal] load metadata for docker.io/library/python:3.11.7-slim
 => [server internal] load .dockerignore
 => => transferring context: 671B
 => [server base 1/5] FROM docker.io/library/python:3.11.7-slim@sha256:53d6284a40eae6b625f2
 => => resolve docker.io/library/python:3.11.7-slim@sha256:53d6284a40eae6b625f22870f5faba6c
 => [server internal] load build context
 => => transferring context: 17.09kB
 => CACHED [server base 2/5] WORKDIR /app
 => CACHED [server base 3/5] RUN adduser
                                           --disabled-password
                                                                   --gecos ""
                                                                                    --home
 => CACHED [server base 4/5] RUN --mount=type=cache,target=/root/.cache/pip
                                                                            --mount=typ
 => [server base 5/5] COPY . .
 => [server] exporting to image
 => => exporting layers
```

We can also see the progress from Docker Desktop.

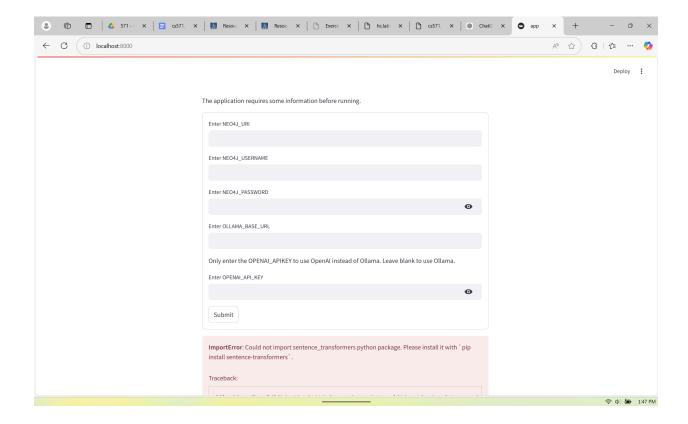


6. When the application is finally running, you will see a message like the following in the terminal. (Depending on your network connection, it may take several minutes to download all the dependencies.)

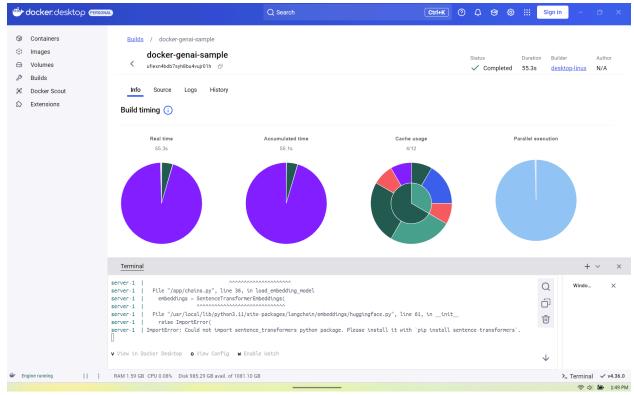


Then we open a browser and view the application at:

- http://localhost:8000



We can see the final completed build in docker here.



- 8. To stop the application, we press ctrl+C in the terminal.
 - ctrl+c

