

ex. 1

ass: Let  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^3$ ,  $u, f, g: \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .

boundary value problem:  $-\Delta u = f$  in  $\Omega$

$$u = g \text{ on } \partial\Omega$$

a) derive a 7 point star

Approximation of  $-\Delta u$  with Taylorentwicklung

In  $x_1$ -direction:

$$(I) \quad u(x_1+h, x_2, x_3) = u(x_1, x_2, x_3) + h \frac{\partial u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_1} + \frac{h^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_1^2} + \frac{h^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_1^3} + O(h^4)$$

$$(II) \quad u(x_1-h, x_2, x_3) = u(x_1, x_2, x_3) - h \frac{\partial u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_1} + \frac{h^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_1^2} - \frac{h^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_1^3} + O(h^4)$$

$$(I) + (II): u(x_1+h, x_2, x_3) + u(x_1-h, x_2, x_3) = 2u(x_1, x_2, x_3) + h^2 \frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_1^2} + O(h^4)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -\frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_1^2} = \frac{1}{h^2} \left( -u(x_1-h, x_2, x_3) + 2u(x_1, x_2, x_3) - u(x_1+h, x_2, x_3) \right) + O(h^2)$$

In  $x_2$ -Richtung:

$$(I) \quad u(x_1, x_2+h, x_3) = u(x_1, x_2, x_3) + h \frac{\partial u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_2} + \frac{h^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_2^2} + \frac{h^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_2^3} + O(h^4)$$

$$(II) \quad u(x_1, x_2-h, x_3) = u(x_1, x_2, x_3) - h \frac{\partial u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_2} + \frac{h^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_2^2} - \frac{h^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_2^3} + O(h^4)$$

$$(I) + (II): u(x_1, x_2+h, x_3) + u(x_1, x_2-h, x_3) = 2u(x_1, x_2, x_3) + h^2 \frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_2^2} + O(h^4)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow -\frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_2^2} = \frac{1}{h^2} \left( -u(x_1-h, x_2, x_3) + 2u(x_1, x_2, x_3) - u(x_1+h, x_2, x_3) \right) + O(h^2)$$

In  $x_1$ -Richtung:

$$(I) \quad u(x_1, x_2, x_3 + h) = u(x_1, x_2, x_3) + h \frac{\partial u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_3} + \frac{h^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_3^2} + \frac{h^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_3^3} + O(h^4)$$

$$(II) \quad u(x_1, x_2, x_3 - h) = u(x_1, x_2, x_3) - h \frac{\partial u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_3} + \frac{h^2}{2} \frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_3^2} - \frac{h^3}{6} \frac{\partial^3 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_3^3} + O(h^4)$$

$$(I) + (II): u(x_1, x_2, x_3 + h) + u(x_1, x_2, x_3 - h) = 2u(x_1, x_2, x_3) + h^2 \frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_3^2} + O(h^4)$$

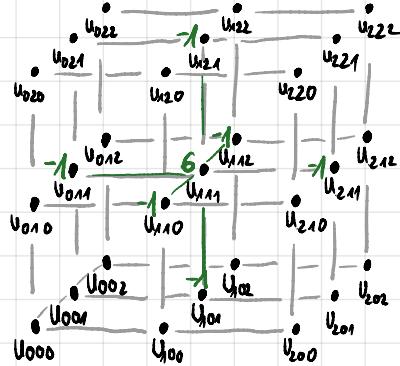
$$\Leftrightarrow -\frac{\partial^2 u(x_1, x_2, x_3)}{\partial x_3^2} = \frac{1}{h^2} \left( -u(x_1 - h, x_2, x_3) + 2u(x_1, x_2, x_3) - u(x_1 + h, x_2, x_3) \right) + O(h^2)$$

All 3 directions together result in:

$$-\Delta u(x_1, x_2, x_3) \approx \frac{1}{h^2} (-u(x_1 + h, x_2, x_3) - u(x_1 - h, x_2, x_3) - u(x_1, x_2 + h, x_3) - u(x_1, x_2 - h, x_3) - u(x_1, x_2, x_3 + h) - u(x_1, x_2, x_3 - h) + 6u(x_1, x_2, x_3))$$

We get:

$$-\Delta_h^{(7)} := \frac{1}{h^2}$$



## b) matrix free multiplication for 7-point-star

Let  $N^3$  be number of nodes,  $s$  our 7-point-star and  $r$  a vector with  $N$  entries. Let  $\Psi: N^3 \rightarrow \{0, \dots, N^3-1\}$ .

Algo: Input:  $N, r, s$

Output:  $y$

// start with inner points

for  $i=2$  to  $N-1$

    for  $j=2$  to  $N-1$

        for  $k=2$  to  $N-1$

$$y[\Psi(i, j, k)] = 6r[\Psi(i, j, k)] - r[\Psi(i-1, j, k)] - r[\Psi(i+1, j, k)] \\ - r[\Psi(i, j-1, k)] - r[\Psi(i, j+1, k)] - r[\Psi(i, j, k-1)] - r[\Psi(i, j, k+1)]$$

    end

end

end

// (inner points of) bottom side

for  $i=2$  to  $N-1$ :

    for  $k=2$  to  $N-1$ :

$$y[\Psi(i, 0, k)] = 6r[\Psi(i, 0, k)] - r[\Psi(i-1, 0, k)] - r[\Psi(i+1, 0, k)] \\ - r[\Psi(i, 1, k)] - r[\Psi(i, 0, k-1)] - r[\Psi(i, 0, k+1)]$$

    end

end

// front edge, bottom side

for  $i=2$  to  $N-1$ :

$$y[\Psi(i, 0, 0)] = 6r[\Psi(i, 0, 0)] - r[\Psi(i-1, 0, 0)] - r[\Psi(i+1, 0, 0)] \\ - r[\Psi(i, 1, 0)] - r[\Psi(i, 0, 1)]$$

end

// left corner, front edge, bottom side

$$y[\psi(0,0,0)] = 6r[\psi(i,0,0)] - r[\psi(1,0,0)] - r[\psi(0,1,0)] - r[\psi(0,0,1)]$$

// other corners, edges and sides --

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