ECL Cheat Sheet

A simple introduction to ECL — so you can master it with ease. https://github.com/hpcc-systems/HPCC-ECL-Training/blob/master/CheatSheet/ECL_Cheat_Sheet.pdf



Dataset

A representation of data on disk or created in memory. Most ECL functions return a DATASET.

Summarize

Provides a large set of functions to summarize values in a dataset. Can be used in functions with GROUP and TABLE to create Pivots.

INPUT		
pickup_dt	Fare	
2019-01-01 01:08:56	25.10	
2019-01-01 02:10:22	40.15	



OUTPUT			
typ	val		
sum	65.25		
ave	32.63		
min	25.1		
max	40.15		
count	2		

Group

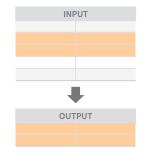
Easily work with cross tab functionality by using GROUP and TABLE functions.

```
INPUT
   STRING10 pickup date;
                                                                  pickup_date
    DECIMAL8 2 fare:
                                                                                                       distance
                                                                                         fare
   DECIMAL8_2 distance;
                                                                  2019-01-01
                                                                                         25.10
                                                                                                       5
                                                                  2019-01-01
ds := DATASET([{'2019-01-01', 25.10, 5},
                                                                  2019-01-02
                                                                                         30.10
                 ['2019-01-01', 40.15, 8<sub>}</sub>,
                 '2019-01-02', 30.10, 6},
                                                                  2019-01-02
                                                                                         25.15
                {'2019-01-02', 25.15, 4}], Layout);
crossTabLayout := RECORD
   ds.pickup_date;
   avgFare := AVE(GROUP, ds.fare);
   totalFare := SUM(GROUP, ds.fare);
                                                   pickup_date avgfare totalfare
   varianceFare := VARIANCE(GROUP, ds.fare);
   coVarianceFareDist := COVARIANCE(GROUP,
                                                   2019-01-01 32.625 62.25
                        ds.fare, ds.distance);
                                                   2019-01-02 27 625 55 25
                                                                                          2 47
   correlateFareDist := CORRELATION(GROUP,
                        ds.fare, ds.distance);
crossTabDs := TABLE(ds, crossTabLayout, pickup_date);
OUTPUT(crossTabDs);
```

Observe Subset

Select a subset of rows in a dataset for observation.

```
Layout := RECORD
    STRING10 pickup_date;
    DECIMAL8 2 fare;
    DECIMAL8 2 distance;
ds := DATASET([{'2019-01-01', 25.10, 5},
                {'2019-01-01', 40.15, 8},
                ['2019-01-02', 30.10, 6],
               {'2019-01-02', 25.15, 4}], Layout);
filterDs := ds(pickup_date='2019-01-01');
dedupDs := DEDUP(SORT(ds, pickup_date),
pickup date);
choosenDs := CHOOSEN(ds, 2);//Return top 2 records
topDs := TOPN(ds, 2, pickup_date);
sampleDs := SAMPLE(ds, 2, 1);//return every 2nd
enthDs := ENTH(ds, 1, 2, 1);//1 out of every 2
OUTPUT(filterDs);
OUTPUT(dedupDs);
OUTPUT(topDs);
OUTPUT(sampleDs);
OUTPUT(enthDs);
```



Shape with Project

Used to transform datasets with the same number of records but transformed columns.

```
IMPORT Std;
InputLayout := RECORD
   STRING pickup datetime;
    DECIMAL8 2 fare;
   DECIMAL8_2 distance;
OutputLayout := RECORD
    Std.Date.Date t pickup date;
    Std.Date.Time t pickup time;
    DECIMAL8_2 fare;
   DECIMAL8_2 distance;
inputDs := DATASET([{'2019-01-01 10:00:00', 25.10, 5},
               {'2019-01-01 11:00:00', 40.15, 8},
               {'2019-01-02 10:00:00', 30.10, 6},
               {'2019-01-02 11:00:00', 25.15, 4}],
                  InputLayout);
outputDs := PROJECT(inputDs, TRANSFORM(OutputLayout,
   SELF.pickup_date :=
Std.Date.FromStringToDate(LEFT.pickup_datetime[..10],
'%Y-%m-%d'),
  SELF.pickup_time :=
Std.Date.FromStringToTime(LEFT.pickup_datetime[12..],
'%H:%M:%S'),
   SELF.fare := LEFT.fare,
   SELF.distance := LEFT.distance));
OUTPUT(outputDs);
```

INPUT				
pickup_datetime	fare	dist		
2019-01-01 10:00:00	25.10	5		
2019-01-01 11:00:00	40.15	8		
2019-01-02 10:00:00	30.10	6		
2019-01-02 10:00:00	25.15	4		



OUTPUT				
20190101	100000	25.10	5	
20190101	110000	40.15	8	
20190102	100000	30.10	6	
20190102	110000	25.15	4	

Shape with Rollup

In one way, ROLLUP is used combine related records into a single aggregate record, like an aggregating SQL self join.

```
Layout := RECORD
    STRING10 pickup_date;
    DECIMAL8 2 fare;
    DECIMAL8 2 distance:
    DECIMAL8 2 mileageDeduction := 0;
inputDs := DATASET([{'2019-01-01', 25.10, 5},
                {'2019-01-01', 40.15, 8}, {'2019-01-02', 30.10, 6},
                {'2019-01-02', 25.15, 4}], Layout);
outputDs := ROLLUP(SORT(inputDs, pickup_date),
LEFT.pickup_date=RIGHT.pickup_date,
                   TRANSFORM(Layout,
                     SELF.pickup_date :=
                     LEFT.pickup_date,
                     SELF.fare := LEFT.fare +
                     RIGHT.fare.
                     SELF.distance := LEFT.distance
                     + RIGHT.distance,
                     SELF.mileageDeduction :=
                     self.distance * 0.545));
OUTPUT(outputDs);
```

Shape Parent Child Rollup

Rollup records into a parent child layout.

```
InputLayout := RECORD
    STRÍNG10 pickup_date;
    DECIMAL8_2 fare;
    DECIMAL8_2 distance;
OutputLayout := RECORD
    STRING10 pickup_date;
    DATASET(InputLayout) trips;
inputDs := DATASET([{'2019-01-01', 25.10, 5},
                {'2019-01-01', 40.15, 8}, {'2019-01-02', 30.10, 6},
                  '2019-01-02', 25.15, 4}],
InputLayout);
groupDs := GROUP(SORT(inputDs, pickup_date),
pickup_date);
tempDs := ROLLUP(groupDs, GROUP,
      FORM(OutputLayout,
           SELF.pickup_date := LEFT.pickup_date,
           SELF.trips := ROWS(LEFT)));
OUTPUT(tempDs);
```

INPUT				
pickup_datetime	fare	distance		
2019-01-01 10:00:00	25.10	5		
2019-01-01 11:00:00	40.15	8		
2019-01-02 10:00:00	30.10	6		
2019-01-02 10:00:00	25.15	4		

Shape with Normalize

Break contents of record into normal form.

```
IMPORT Std:
InputLayout := RECORD
    UNSIGNED ride_id;
    STRING passenger_state;
inputDs := DATASET([{1, 'group cool talkative'},
                (3, 'temper nasty')
                   'drunk smell'}], InputLayout);
 OutputLayout := RECORD
     UNSIGNED ride id:
     STRING100 word:
wordDs := NORMALIZE(inputDs,
STD.Str.WordCount(LEFT.passenger state),
                       M(OutputLayout,
                        SELF.ride_id :=
                             ride_id,
                        SELF.word :=
STD.Str.ToUpperCase(
STD.Str.GetNthWord(LEFT.passenger_state,
COUNTER))));
OUTPUT(wordDs):
```

INPUT			
ride_id	passenger_state		
1	group cool talkative		
2	calm quiet		
3	temper nasty		
4	drunk smell		

OUTPUT				
ride_id	word			
1	GROUP			
1	COOL			
1	TALKATIVE			
2	CALM			
2	QUIET			
3	TEMPER			
3	NASTY			
4	DRUNK			
4	SMELL			

OUTPUT: SHAPING WITH ROLLUP					
pickup_date fare distance mileagededuc					
2019-01-01	65.25	13	7.09		
2019-01-02	55.25	20	5.45		

	OUTPUT: SHAPING WITH PARENT CHILD ROLLU					
	pickup_date	trips				
		pickup_date	fare	distance		
	2019-01-01	2019-01-01	25.1	5		
		2019-01-01	40.15	8		
	2019-01-02	2019-01-02	30.1	6		
		2019-01-02	25.15	4		

Denormalize

Combine data from two normalized Datasets.

```
WeatherLayout := RECORD
                                                                                 INPUT
    STRING10 weather_date;
    UNSTGNED hour:
                                               pickup_date
                                                              fare
                                                                       distance
                                                                                          weather date hour rain quantity
    DECIMAL8_2 rain_quantity;
TripLayout := RECORD
                                                              40.15
                                                                                         2019-01-01
    STRING10 pickup date;
                                              2019-01-02
                                                              30.10
                                                                      6
                                                                                         2019-01-02
    DECIMAL8 2 fare:
    DECIMAL8 2 distance:
                                               2019-01-02
                                                              25.15
    DATASET(WeatherLayout) weatherDs;
tripDs := DATASET(
     '2019-01-01', 25.10, 5, []}, '2019-01-01', 40.15, 8, []},
                                                                                       OUTPUT
     '2019-01-02', <mark>30.10</mark>, 6, []}
                                                           pickup_date fare distance weatherds
    {'2019-01-02', 25.15, 4, []}], TripLayout);
                                                                                        weather date hour
                                                                                                              rain_quantity
weatherDs := DATASET(
 [{'2019-01-01', 1, 0.5},
                                                           2019-01-01
                                                                        21.5 5
     2019-01-01', 2, 1},
                                                                                        2019-01-01
     '2019-01-02', 1, 0},
                                                           2019-01-01
                                                                        40.15 8
                                                                                        2019-01-01
   {'2019-01-02', 2, 0}], WeatherLayout);
                                                                                        2019-01-01
outputDs := DENORMALIZE(
   tripDs, weatherDs,
                                                           2019-01-02
                                                                       30.1 6
                                                                                        2019-01-02
   LEFT.pickup_date=RIGHT.weather_date,
                                                                                        2019-01-02
   TRANSFORM(TripLayout,
                                                           2019-01-02 25.15 4
                                                                                        2019-01-02
          SELF.pickup_date := LEFT.pickup_date,
                                                                                        2019-01-02
           SELF.fare := LEFT.fare,
           SELF.distance := LEFT.distance.
          SELF.weatherDs := ROWS(RIGHT)));
OUTPUT(outputDs);
```

Combine

Used to transform datasets with the same number of records but transformed columns.

```
TripLayout := RECORD
                                                                                 INPUT
    STRING10 pickup date;
    DECIMAL8_2 distance;
                                              pickup_date
                                                                 distance
                                                                                            weather_date
                                                                                                            rain_quantity
                                                                 11000
                                                                                            2019-01-01
                                              2019-01-01
                                                                                                            0.5
WeatherLayout := RECORD
                                               2019-01-01
                                                                 12500
                                                                                            2019-01-02
    STRING10 weather date;
                                              2019-01-03
                                                                 11800
                                                                                           2019-01-05
    DECIMAL8_2 rain_quantity;
                                               2019-01-04
                                                                 13000
                                                                                            2019-01-06
tripDs := DATASET(
  [{'2019-01-01', 11000},
     '2019-01-02', <mark>12500</mark>},
   {'2019-01-03', <mark>11800</mark>},
{'2019-01-04', <mark>13000</mark>}], TripLayout);
                                                                            Try the code at
                                                   https://play.hpccsystems.com:18010/#/stub/ECL-DL/Playground
weatherDs := DATASET(
    [{'2019-01-01', 0.5},
                                                                          and view the results
       '2019-01-02', 1},
       '2019-01-05', 0},
     {'2019-01-06', 0}], WeatherLayout);
JOIN(tripDs, weatherDs, LEFT.pickup_date=RIGHT.weather_date);//Only those records that exist in both
JOIN(tripDs, weatherDs, LEFT.pickup_date=RIGHT.weather_date, LEFT OUTER);//At least one record for every record in
JOIN(tripDs, weatherDs, LEFT.pickup_date=RIGHT.weather_date,RIGHT OUTER);//At Least one record for every record in
JOIN(tripDs, weatherDs, LEFT.pickup_date=RIGHT.weather_date,FULL OUTER);//At least one record for every record in
JOIN(tripDs, weatherDs, LEFT.pickup_date=RIGHT.weather_date, LEFT ONLY);//One record for each Left record with no
JOIN(tripDs, weatherDs, LEFT.pickup_date=RIGHT.weather_date,RIGHT ONLY);//One record for each right record with no
JOIN(tripDs, weatherDs, LEFT.pickup date=RIGHT.weather date, FULL ONLY);//One record for each Left and right record
```