

Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 INTRODUCTION

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Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Introduction

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Introduction to Helion OpenStack® Carrier Grade 4.0

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Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Overview

Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 (HCG 4.0) is a Network Functions Virtualization cloud solution capable of meeting demanding customer requirements for scalability, performance, capacity, and availability. It is not a one-size-fits-all solution, but a highly flexible framework that supports a range of deployment models, types and quantities of hardware, and tunable parameters to enable an optimized deployment for varying customer requirements.

HCG 4.0 brings together the flexibility and scalability of the IT cloud and the high availability and performance demanded by the Telecommunications industry to deliver a unique carrier-grade, industry-leading solution at a price-performance ratio well above alternative solutions. The HCG 4.0 Server is aligned with the ETSI-NFV architecture.

This document provides guidelines, rules, and system parameters to assist cloud architects, installers, and administrators in deploying and scaling the HCG 4.0 system to meet application-specific requirements. Failure to follow these recommendations, guidelines and engineering rules will result in unknown performance trade-offs likely compromising reliability and performance.

Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Documentation

The Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 documentation has been organized to help locate information for specific types of activities, such as installation, administration, and VNF integration.

Table 1 Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Documentation

Document	Description
Introduction to Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0	This document gives an introduction and provides an overview of system capabilities, information on planning, and recommended workflows. Planning also helps ensure that the requirements of your hosted applications can be met, and the requirements of your Cloud administration and operations team can be met. It also ensures proper integration into the target Data Center or Telecom Office, and helps you plan up front for future cloud growth.
Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Planning	This helps you plan out your installation, ensuring that you are fully prepared once you start your installation and configuration.
HelionOpenStackCarrierGrade4.0 Installation for CPE Systems	This document provides information and instructions for installing CPE Systems.
HelionOpenStackCarrierGrade4.0 Installation for Systems with Controller Storage	This document provides information and instructions for installing configurations that are initially deployed using LVM-backed block storage on controller nodes.
Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Installation for Systems with Dedicated Storage	This document provides information and instructions for installing configurations that that are initially deployed using Ceph-backed block storage on dedicated storage nodes.
HelionOpenStackCarrierGrade4.0 System Administration	This provides information pertaining to ongoing administration including information for managing the physical nodes and physical networks.

Document	Description
Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Software Management	This document provides instructions for applying patches and software upgrades to hosts.
HelionOpenStackCarrierGrade4.0 Cloud Administration	This guide provides information on topics that an OpenStack administrator would be responsible for, except for the management of the physical nodes and physical networks, which is covered in the System Administration guide.
HelionOpenStackCarrierGrade4.0 Tenant User's Guide	This provides information about the operational actions that a tenant user can take.
Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 VNF Integration	This guide provides information to help you integrate your VNFs into a Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 system.
Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 for Regions	This provides installation and configuration information for deploying in any of the supported Regions configurations.
HelionOpenStackCarrierGrade4.0 Software Development Kit	The Development Kit (SDK) provides drivers, daemons, API libraries, and configuration files that you can include in a guest image to leverage extended capabilities. These components can be used to enhance or extend the networking features of the applications and to access the virtual machine (VM) management capabilities.
Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Engineering Guidelines	This document provides engineering guidelines, rules, and system parameters to assist cloud architects, installers, and administrators in planning, deploying and scaling.
Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Software Defined Networking	This document provides information for using an SDN controller to manage Neutron services.
Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Release Notes	These include high level details of new features in the current release, as well as information about known anomalies or usage caveats.

Core Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Capabilities

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Overview of Core Capabilities

HelionOpenStackCarrierGrade 4.0 optimizes carrier-grade technologies, Intel DPDK high-performance packet processing, open architectures, and the OpenStack software suite to implement a unique carrier-grade, high-availability architecture on which high-performance production systems can be deployed.

Key capabilities of OpenStack are incorporated, and improvements and extensions are introduced for flexibility and ease of use. For a complete list of supported Openstack capabilities, see Supported Openstack Features on page 25.

High Availability

High Availability

HCG 4.0 4.0 provides a number of features to support highly available hosting of virtual machines.

HCG 4.0 includes the following extensions to OpenStack to support high availability: 1:1 OpenStack controller services

Automatic configuration of the OpenStack controller services in 1:1 active/standby mode across two controller nodes.

Fast detection of compute host failures

Implemented by using a highly efficient and highly scalable heartbeat protocol between the controller and compute nodes.

Fast recovery of virtual machines instances upon detection of a compute node failure

Extensions to Nova services that automatically re-schedule impacted virtual machine instances to available alternative compute nodes in the cluster.

Fast recovery of tenant network services upon detection of a compute node failure

Extensions to Neutron that automatically re-schedule impacted network services such as DHCP, L3 Routing, and User/Meta data server, for all affected tenant networks. This covers tenant networks spanning multiple compute nodes.

Fast and enhanced detection of virtual machines failures

Failure of any KVM/QEMU instance is automatically detected and reported by a modified nova-compute service, and recovery is automatically handled by the VIM.

Additionally, modified guests can make use of the Guest Heartbeat Library to register application-specific health check callbacks with the virtual machine. This registration allows the compute node to monitor the health of the guest application. The frequency of the health checks is determined at registration time. The semantics of the health check, that is, determining when the application is in a good or a bad state, is under the control of the application itself.

Automatic recovery of failed virtual machine instances

Extensions to Nova that automatically re-start a failed virtual machine on the same compute node. If the re-start operation fails, the virtual machine is re-scheduled to use an alternative compute node.

Enhanced virtual machine server groups

HCG 4.0 enhances virtual machine server groups by adding the following attributes:

- maximum number of virtual machine instances
- best effort or strict affinity policy

Virtual machines in the same server group can also use a server group messaging API for low-bandwidth communications.

Live migration support with DPDK-accelerated networking

Live migration support for virtual machines, using the high-performance networking options included..

Graceful shutdown (and other operations) of virtual machines

Nova extensions that turn the default shutdown operation of virtual machines into an ACPI shutdown. Guest applications can therefore register shutdown scripts using standard ACPI mechanisms to execute operations such as closing files, updating persistent databases, or cleanly disconnecting from subscribed services.

Optionally, guest applications can use the Guest Heartbeat Library to register to receive process management requests such as shutdown, live-migrate, pause, auto-scale, and others. The guest applications can then reject the requests based upon application-specific state directives, or prepare for a graceful execution.

Link Aggregation (LAG) support

Support for LAG (with LACP), also known as Aggregate Ethernet, on controller and compute nodes for link protection.

Protected HA Middleware

The Service Manager protects all critical processes. In the event of a process failure, individual processes can be independently restarted.

For hardware recovery, it supports both single-fault and multiple-fault scenarios.

- If a single node fails, it detects the fault and immediately initiates recovery, including VM evacuation if the fault is on a compute host.
- If multiple nodes fail, for example due to a rack power outage, it enters *Multi Node Recovery Mode*. In this mode, the system is allowed to stabilize before VM recovery is attempted, minimizing the risk of thrashing. Administrators are advised to suspend manual activity on the system during this period. Error messages and customer log entries are provided as notification that the system has entered or exited Multi Node Recovery Mode.

Controller Nodes and High Availability

Services in the controller nodes run constantly in active/standby mode to provide continuity in the event of a controller failure.

Controller services are organized internally into the following groups:

Table 2 Controller Service Groups

Group	Description
Cloud Services	The enhanced OpenStack components, including Nova, Neutron,
	Cinder, Ceilometer, and Heat
Controller Services	Core services such as maintenance and inventory LDAP services
Directory Services	

Group	Description
OAM Services	OAM access services
Patching Services	Patching alarm services
Storage Monitoring Services	Storage alarm services
Storage Services	Storage REST API services
Web Services	The OpenStack Horizon service and web server

Each of these groups is run in 1:1 HA mode by the controllers. This means that while some service groups can be active on controller-0, and in standby on controller-1, others are active on controller-1, and in standby on controller-0.

The high-availability framework constantly monitors and reports on the health of the individual services within each of the service groups on both controllers. When a service fails, a decision is made on whether to restart it on the same controller, or to switch the corresponding service group to the other controller. This decision depends on the criticality and the dependencies of the affected service.

For maintenance purposes, when one of the controller nodes needs to be powered down for service, it is necessary to force all currently active service groups in one controller to switch to the other. This can be done from the **Hosts** tab on the Host Inventory page (available from **Admin** > **Platform** > **Host Inventory** in the left-hand pane) by selecting the option **swact** (switch active) in the **More** menu of the controller you want to take out of service.

The Active Controller

Services in the **Controller Services** group drive core functionality. The controller where they are running is referred to as the *active* controller. The **Hosts** tab on the Host Inventory page, available from of the **Admin** panel lists the status of all hosts in the cluster; it reports the active controller as having the *Controller-Active* personality.

When working from the CLI on a controller node it is often important to ensure that you are working on the active controller, for example, to execute OpenStack **admin** operations, or to change the password of the **wrsroot** user account. For further details on the **wrsroot** account, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 System Administration: Linux User Accounts*.

You can ensure you are working on the active controller by using the OAM floating IP address as the destination address in the SSH command.

Networking

High-performance Networking

HCG 4.0 provides significantly improved network performance over the default open source OpenStack solution.

At the center is a DPDK-Accelerated Virtual L2 Switch (AVS), running on the compute node hosts. It provides connectivity between virtual machines on the

same or different compute nodes, and between virtual machines and external networks. AVS supports a variety of network connectivity options with the hosted virtual machines:

- Unmodified guests can use Linux networking and virtio drivers. This provides a mechanism to bring existing applications into the production environment immediately.
 - For virtio interfaces, HCG 4.0 supports **vhost-user** transparently by default. This allows QEMU and AVS to share virtio queues through shared memory, resulting in improved performance over standard virtio.
- For backward compatibility, Accelerated Virtual Port (AVP-KMOD) drivers are also supported.
- For the highest performance, guest applications can be modified to make use of Intel DPDK libraries and open-source AVP-PMD poll-mode drivers.

In addition to AVS, HCG 4.0 incorporates DPDK-Accelerated Neutron Virtual Router L3 Forwarding (AVR). Accelerated forwarding is used for directly attached tenant networks and subnets, as well as for gateway, SNAT, DNAT, and floating IP functionality.

HCG 4.0 also supports direct guest access to NICs using PCI passthrough or SR-IOV, with enhanced NUMA scheduling options compared to standard OpenStack.

For further performance improvements, HCG 4.0 supports direct access to PCI-based hardware accelerators, such as the Coleto Creek encryption accelerator from Intel. HCG 4.0 manages the allocation of SR-IOV VFs to VMs, and provides intelligent scheduling to optimize NUMA node affinity.

High Performance Networking Drivers

The HCG 4.0 SDK provides high-performance AVS-compatible networking drivers, including accelerated kernel network drivers and accelerated DPDK network drivers.

Guest VLAN Support

Guests can make use of HCG 4.0 identified VLANs to encapsulate IP traffic from a single or multiple IP subnets on a virtual Ethernet interface.

Tenants can define one or more VLAN-tagged IP subnets on a single tenant network to allow their guests' traffic to be encapsulated on VLAN IDs of their choice. These HCG 4.0 defined VLAN-tagged IP subnets have access to all of the services of the virtualized network infrastructure, such as DHCP, virtual routing, meta-data server, and so on.

Alternately, guests can make use of transparent VLANs, in which packets are encapsulated within a provider network segment without removing or modifying the guest VLAN tag(s). VLAN Transparent provides more flexibility with respect to how VLAN tagged packets are handled without requiring that you pre-define which VLAN instances will be used. A guest can send/receive VLAN tagged packets (802.1q) and/or double VLAN tagged packets (802.1ad) without first defining a VLAN-tagged subnet . In addition, a VLAN transparent network will also propagate VLAN priority information (802.1p) to the destination VM instance. However, as a consequence of allowing arbitrary VLAN instances, you lose the ability to access DHCP servers, virtual routers, or meta-data servers over those VLAN-tagged networks.

Support for Guest VLANs is a key capability that facilitates the porting of current user applications running on dedicated physical servers using VLANs to a virtualized environment.

Port-based DNAT Access for VMs

HCG 4.0 supports port-based DNAT, or port forwarding, for virtual routers on which SNAT is enabled.

This provides for externally initiated connections to multiple VMs using a single external IP address.

SR-IOV Ethernet Interfaces

A SR-IOV Ethernet interface is a physical PCI Ethernet NIC that implements hardware-based virtualization mechanisms to expose multiple virtual network interfaces that can be used by one or more virtual machines simultaneously.

The PCI-SIG Single Root I/O Virtualization and Sharing (SR-IOV) specification defines a standardized mechanism to create individual virtual Ethernet devices from a single physical Ethernet interface. For each exposed virtual Ethernet device, formally referred to as a *Virtual Function* (VF), the SR-IOV interface provides separate management memory space, work queues, interrupts resources, and DMA streams, while utilizing common resources behind the host interface. Each VF therefore has direct access to the hardware and can be considered to be an independent Ethernet interface.

PCI Passthrough Ethernet Interfaces

A passthrough Ethernet interface is a physical PCI Ethernet NIC on a compute node to which a virtual machine is granted direct access.

This minimizes packet processing delays but at the same time demands special operational considerations.

For all purposes, a PCI passthrough interface behaves as if it were physically attached to the virtual machine. Therefore, any potential throughput limitations coming from the virtualized environment, such as the ones introduced by internal copying of data buffers, are eliminated. However, by bypassing the virtualized environment, the use of PCI passthrough Ethernet devices introduces several restrictions that you must take into consideration. They include:

- no support for LAG, QoS, ACL, or host interface monitoring
- no support for live migration
- no access to the compute node's AVS switch

SR-IOV Encryption Acceleration

HCG 4.0 supports PCISR-IOV access for encryption acceleration.

HCG 4.0 supports SR-IOV access for the Intel AV-ICE02 VPN Acceleration Card, based on the Intel Coleto Creek 8925/8950 chipset with QuickAssist[™] technology. (Due to driver limitations, PCI passthrough access is not currently supported.) If this card is present on an available host, you can provide VMs with access to one or more SR- IOV devices to improve performance for encrypted communications.

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CAUTION: Live migration is not supported for instances using SR-IOV devices.

To expose the device to VMs, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade System Administration: Exposing a Device for Use by VMs*. To provide a VM with access to this device, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0Cloud Administration: Accessing a PCI Device from a VM*.

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NOTE: To use PCI passthrough or SR-IOV devices, you must have Intel VT-x and Intel VT-d features enabled in the BIOS.

AVS Packet Tracing

HCG 4.0 provides a live packet-trace capture utility for vSwitch logical interfaces, using tcpdump.

This utility is intended only for development or other uses where performance degradation and potential packet loss are not a concern. For more information, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade* 4.0 System Administration: Performing Packet Tracing on vSwitch Interfaces.

Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 and SDN

HCG 4.0 is interoperable with OpenFlow 1.3 for integration in data centers that use software defined networking (SDN) as the networking backbone.

It can be configured to use SDN as an alternate backend for Neutron networking. An SDN-specific Neutron plugin uses SDN contoller northbound APIs to send Neutron tenant networking configurations to an OpenStack / Neutron integration application running on a remote SDN controller. The SDN controller implements the tenant networking by using OSVDB and OpenFlow interfaces to send switch configuration and flow rules to the accelerated vSwitches (AVS) on the compute nodes.

When enabled, the SDN controller manages Neutron L2 services and optionally L3 services. If the option for the SDN controller to manage L3 services is not enabled, then L3 services are managed locally.

This feature is provided for demonstration purposes. For more about Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 and SDN, refer to the *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Release Notes*.

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NOTE: SDN interoperability is configurable during system installation only. It cannot be added or removed after installation.

Improved VM Execution Environment

HCG 4.0 provides an improved execution environment for better and more predictable virtual machine performance.

Enhancements to the execution environment include:

- Platform resource utilization monitoring, to ensure that VMs can be scheduled on a host only if the host OS is using no more than 80% of the CPU or memory alloted for platform use.
- Low-latency, bounded delivery of virtual interrupts, and availability of low-latency
 high resolution timers. This is done by leveraging the optimized kernel and KVM/QEMU
 implementations of the Open Virtualization Platform (OVP).
- Option to allocate 2 MB or 1 GB huge memory pages to reduce swapping and TLB lookup misses
- Improved resource tracking of VMs that use dedicated CPUs, to ensure successful migration and evacuation.
- Support for affining guest NUMA nodes to specific host NUMA nodes.
- Capability to specify specific CPU models to be used by a virtual machine in order to leverage advanced features of the CPU architecture.
- Support for PCI passthrough and SR-IOV access to Ethernet interfaces
- Support for SR-IOV access to PCI-based encryption acceleration
- Improved performance for standard virtio NICs using vhost-user, with optional multi-queue support for virtio interfaces
- Option to use cached RAW images for accelerated Cinder volume creation
- Option to use thin provisioning on all controller-based LVM Cinder volumes for faster deletion and secure deletion support, or thick provisioning for faster volume creation and faster initial disk writes
- Copy-on-write (CoW) image-based local ephemeral storage backing for instance launch and delete optimization

Deployment Options

Deployment Options

HCG 4.0 presents several deployment options. These deployment options include:

- Standard Solutions
 - Standard Configuration with Dedicated Storage
 - Standard Configuration with Controller Storage
 - Multi-Region Environment
- CPE

Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 CPE Solution

HCG 4.0 can be deployed on a system consisting of just two nodes, one active and one redundant.

In the HCG4.0 CPE (Customer Premises Equipment) solution, each node implements controller, storage, and compute functions, and provides virtual machine hosting. This provides an ideal system for consolidating a small set of standalone server-based products, which may have various operating systems, networking requirements, and so on, into a simple and compact physical solution that offers ease of deployment, high availability, resource autoscaling, and other benefits of a cloud implementation.

Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Standard Solution

HCG 4.0 can be deployed as a standard solution with either controller storage or dedicated storage.

The standard solution includes options for controller storage and dedicated storage. It can also be deployed in Regions configurations.

Hardware Management

Integrated Installation and Commissioning

HCG 4.0 substantially simplifies and integrates the installation and commissioning sequence.

Software for the initial controller node is installed from a USB flash drive or PXE boot server, and configured for operation with a single script. Software for subsequent hosts is installed over the internal management network from the initial controller node, and configured using either the web administration interface, or the command line on the controller.

This is in contrast with the installation and commissioning sequence of the open-source OpenStack, which involves the setup of numerous individual configuration files, the installation of various backends supporting OpenStack components, and the configuration of multiple Linux services and other open-source programs.

It also supports automated installation and commissioning using response files for initial configuration, and manifest files for bulk installation of subsequent hosts.

Inventory Management Facilities

HCG 4.0 provides complete inventory management of hosts in the OpenStack cloud, allowing the system administrator to install, configure, and maintain the individual servers. The inventory service gives the system administrator the following capabilities:

Host management

- discovery of new hosts in the cluster
- installation of the appropriate load, controller, compute, or storage images
- configuration of the management, OAM, infrastructure, and provider network interfaces on each host
- creation and use of profiles for CPU, interface, memory, and storage assignments to simplify host configuration
- configuration of the number of CPUs allocated to the Accelerated Virtual Switch (AVS) on each compute node
- configuration of huge memory page allocations for VM use
- Administrative operations
 - lock/unlock
 - switch active controller host or service
 - reboot and reset host
 - power-on and power-off
 - software re-installation
- Status reporting
 - admin state
 - operational state
 - availability state
 - uptime
 - real-time command execution reports, such as booting and testing
 - hardware sensors (for example, temperature or voltage sensors)
 - Centralized visual reporting for compute node data interfaces and provider network topologies, including alarm status indicators
- Host resources
 - processor, sockets, cores
 - memory
 - disk
 - network interfaces
 - additional hardware devices, such as cryptographic and compression devices

Hardware Profiles

You can capture aspects of a host configuration as a *hardware profile*, and then use the profile to apply the configuration to other hosts.

You can capture the following aspects of a host configuration:

- CPU assignments for platform, vSwitch, or VM use (see Installation: CPU Profiles)
- Ethernet port and interface attachments (see *Installation: Interface Profiles*)
- Storage resource allocations (see *Installation: Storage Profiles*)

NOTE: Storage profiles for compute-based or CPE ephemeral storage (that is, storage profiles containing volume group and physical volume information) can be applied in two scenarios:

- on initial installation where a nova-local volume group has not been previously provisioned
- on a previously provisioned host where the nova-local volume group has been marked for removal

On a previously provisioned host, delete the nova-local volume group prior to applying the profile.

Memory allocations for platform and VM use (see Installation: Memory Profiles)

You can create profiles from existing hosts (see *Installation: Creating Hardware Profiles from an Existing Host*), or define them using XML and then import them. (see *Installation: Importing Hardware Profiles*.)

To apply profiles to hosts, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Installation: Applying Hardware Profiles*.

If you prefer, you can work with profiles using the CLI. For more information, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Installation: Managing Hardware Profiles Using the CLI.*

UEFI Support

HCG 4.0 supports hosts that use UEFI.

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) specification replaces the traditional hardware-specific BIOS with a standards-based extensible interface between the hardware platform and the operating system. This overcomes the design limitations of BIOS for greatly improved hardware support. Supports PXE boot for hosts configured to use either BIOS or UEFI.

OAM Network

OAM Network Firewall

HCG 4.0 supports the ability to override or augment the default **iptable** rules for the built-in OAM network firewall.

The option to use a custom firewall is available at system installation. For more information, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Installation*.

Alarm Generation and Reporting

HCG 4.0 provides facilities for alarm and log management. Support is included for the following:

- alarms on performance management thresholds and cloud-level services and equipment
- · customer logs
- SNMPv2ct

As part of alarm management, HCG 4.0 also provides support for alarm suppression. For more information, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 System Administration: Alarm Messages*.

REST API Support

HCG 4.0 supports external REST APIs through its OAM floating IP address. The following REST APIs are supported:

OpenStack REST APIS

HCG 4.0 supports selected OpenStack REST API functionality, including:

- Block Storage API (with HCG 4.0 extensions)
- Compute API (with HCG 4.0 extensions)
- Identity API
- Image Service API
- Networking API (with HCG 4.0 extensions)
- Orchestration API
- Telemetry API (with HCG 4.0 extensions)

For a complete list of supported and unsupported OpenStack REST APIs, refer to the REST API documentation included with the Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Software Development Kit.

- HCG 4.0 REST APIs
 - SysInv API
 - Patching API

NOTE: Extensions use the OpenStack Extension Mechanism to ensure compatibility with existing clients.

HTTP or HTTPS protocol can be supported for these external REST APIs.

Web Administration Interface Improvements

HCG 4.0 web administration interface is an enhanced version of the Horizon web interface provided by OpenStack.

The enhancements include:

- Automatic page refresh for immediate notification of status changes. This eliminates the need for manual reloading of web pages to access up-to-date information about the cloud
- Admin Overview page with charts and tables providing a high-level overview of cloud resources
 - avg/max/min compute vCPU usage
 - avg/max/min compute memory usage
 - avg/max/min compute disk usage
 - avg/max/min AVS CPU utilization
 - avg/max/min provider network port utilization
 - current host status (available, unavailable, locked, unlocked)
- Improved performance management resource usage web page
 - optimized performance management sample DB queries for improved usability
 - capability to filter on fields in the performance management sample's metadata
 - human-readable legends and chart labels using object names instead of long UUID text strings
 - performance management meters can be selected using their brief descriptions
 - meters for CPU, memory, and disk utilization
- Ability to re-brand the Horizon GUI by modifying color schemes, logos, icons, and server identification.

Centralized Log Collection and Analysis

You can configure HCG4.0 to send detailed system logs from all hosts to a remote log server for centralized review and analysis.

You can also set up your own dashboards for viewing log details.

When centralized logging is enabled, logs written to the **/var/log** directory on each host are also sent to a remote log server. System logs used for troubleshooting and advanced analysis are included, along with the customer logs normally accessed from the CLI or web administration interface. By centralizing the logs, advanced users can apply powerful searches and advanced visualizations to examine the behavior of the system.

Each host sends logs through the Active Controller to a remote log server over the OAM network using either TCP or UDP. For added security, you can optionally configure a TLS connection. At the log server, an ELK (Elasticsearch, Kibana, Logstash) stack collects and presents the information.

Logstash

collects the logs

Elasticsearch

provides a search engine

Kibana

provides web-based visualization

The ELK stack is a widely-used source log analytics engine, with ample documentation and tutorials on the Internet. The HCG $4.0~\rm SDK$ includes custom searches and filters for use with a HCG $4.0~\rm system$.

To set up and use a log server, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 System Administration: Configuring Centralized Log Collection.*

Performance Management Extensions

The Ceilometer service included with HCG 4.0 features improved performance, scalability, and usability.

It has been extended to support a CSV-formatted file backend that provides a more traditional Telco Northbound interface for performance management. HCG 4.0 also adds performance monitoring for platform resource usage (CPU, memory, and disk), and for the vSwitch process.

Overview of Remote CLI SDK Module

HCG 4.0 remote CLI software package provides a set of CLI commands that can be installed on a remote workstation and used to manage HCG 4.0 remotely.

This package is delivered in HCG 4.0's wrs-remote-clients SDK Module and is installable on any Ubuntu or CentOS host. The host must have network connectivity to the OAM IP address of the HCG 4.0 system in order to execute remote CLI commands against that HCG 4.0 system. The HCG 4.0 remote CLI module supports both an admin role user and a non-admin role user. It also provides support for both HTTP and HTTPS access, and Keystone authentication. This enables access to the HCG 4.0 CLI without requiring the user to have SSH login access to HCG 4.0 controllers.

NOTE: For HTTPS access, if HCG 4.0 uses the self-signed digital certificate included for demonstration purposes, then CLI commands from the remote client must be used in insecure mode (typically by including an **--insecure** option) to accept the certificate without verifying it.

CLI clients supported by HCG 4.0's remote CLI access include:

- Nova
- Neutron
- Cinder
- Glance
- Keystone
- Ceilometer
- Heat
- System
- OpenStack (the new OpenStack all-in-one CLI Client)

The remote CLI module does not support the HCG 4.0 patching CLI Client.

In addition to being able to send CLI commands to a HCG 4.0 OpenStack system or region, the Remote HCG 4.0 CLI Client can also be used to send CLI commands to open-source OpenStack and/or non-HCG 4.0 OpenStack systems or regions.

>

NOTE: The HCG 4.0 remote CLI client and the open-source OpenStack remote CLI client cannot be installed on the same host; only one CLI client or the other can be installed on a host.

Authentication

All CLI commands within the HCG 4.0 remote CLI client are authenticated through Keystone. Authentication can be specified using the CLI, or retrieved from a shell environment. For convenience, you can download an RC file from the HCG 4.0 web administration interface and use it to export authentication parameters into the Linux shell. For more information, see *Using an Open RC File for Remote CLI Access*.

Software Management

Patching Facilities

HCG 4.0 includes tools to patch system images to ensure they are always up to date with the latest release and security fixes.

For more information, see Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Patching and Upgrading Platform Software: Managing Software Patches.

Backup and Restore Facilities

HCG 4.0 includes tools to backup and restore system data, virtual machines, and storage resources.

For more information, see Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Patching and Upgrading Platform Software: System Data Backup with Controller Storage and Performing a System Restore.

Upgrade Capabilities

HCG 4.0 provides comprehensive in-service upgrade capabilities.

Software upgrades move HCG 4.0 software from one release to the next and change the version of updated software components. The upgrade typically updates components that may include the kernel, Operating System packages, OpenStack, and HCG 4.0 specific software. The software upgrade process manages several complexities such as conversion of database schemas, conversion of database data, API compatibility management between HCG 4.0 Hosts, and live migrating of hosted VMs.

Patch Orchestration Capabilities

HCG 4.0 supports patch orchestration, which allows an entire HCG 4.0 system to be patched with a single operation.

Patch orchestration can be configured and run through the CLI, the Horizon GUI or the VIM REST API.

Patch orchestration will automatically iterate through all nodes of the system and install the applied patch(es) to each node; first the Controller Nodes, then the Storage Nodes and finally the Compute Nodes. During the patching of Compute Nodes, the migration of VMs off of Compute Nodes being patched, is managed automatically by Patch Orchestration. The Controller Nodes are always patched in serial, however the Storage Nodes and Compute Nodes can configurably be patched in parallel in order to reduce the overall time of installing the patch.

Patch orchestration can install 1 or more applied patches at the same time, and can install Reboot-Required Patches and/or In-Service Patches at the same time. Patch orchestration will only lock/unlock (that is, reboot) a node to install a patch if at least 1 Reboot-Required patch has been applied.

Integrated OpenStack Services

HCG 4.0 integrates support for OpenStack services.

The following OpenStack services are integrated into HCG 4.0:

- Nova
- Neutron
- Keystone
- Glance
- Cinder
- Horizon
- Ceilometer
- Heat
- Swift

For more information, see Supported Openstack Features on page 25.

Ceph-backed VM Storage

HCG 4.0 provides a flexible and scalable range of options for Ceph-backed storage.

Systems configured for Ceph-backed storage use dedicated storage hosts to provide storage resources for VMs. You can use these resources for VM swap, ephemeral, and boot-from-image root disks (remote ephemeral storage) to support persistence for live migration, cold migration, and evacuation. You can optionally enable additional Ceph resources to support Openstack object storage (Swift) access through the Ceph Object Gateway, so that Swift objects are accessible to VMs for use during operation.

HCG 4.0 supports up to four pairs of storage hosts for scalability. Allocations for ephemeral, image, object, and volume storage are rebalanced dynamically to meet changing requirements.

Systems configured for Ceph-backed dedicated storage can use cache tiering to improve performance for frequently-accessed data. For more information, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 System Administration: Cache Tiering.*

Systems configured for controller-based storage can be extended to use Ceph storage. For more information, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 System Administration: Dedicated Storage for Systems Using Controller Storage*.

Heat

Heat Extensions

The OpenStack Heat orchestration service is enhanced.

Enhancements include:

- Support for several HCG 4.0-specific resource types (for example, ProviderNet, ProviderNetRange, QoSPolicy, a new scaling policy)
- Simplified naming options for flavors and VM instances
- Enhanced server group support, including best-effort instantiation and group size limiting
- Simplified options for passing user data to an instance
- Improved stack access for users
- Support for dependencies during resource allocation
- Local-file or URL locations for Glance images
- Helpful example templates illustrating real reference scenarios

Resource Scaling (Autoscaling)

You can use Heat to reassign stack resources automatically to meet changing conditions.

You can define and monitor performance thresholds for metrics such as CPU activity, and then add or remove resources when the thresholds are crossed. This allows you to make efficient use of the hardware in the cluster, by allocating resources only when they are needed, and assigning them where they are most required.

HCG 4.0 supports two types of scaling: In/Out

This type of scaling (also known as horizontal scaling) adds or removes instances as needed.

Up/Down

This type of scaling (also known as *vertical scaling*) increases or decreases resources (for example, vCPUs) for individual instances as needed. For more about up/down scaling, see *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 Tenant User's Guide: Scaling Virtual Machine Resources*.

Performance metrics can be collected and reported by the HCG 4.0 platform, or by the guests using guest metrics.

Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade 4.0 SDK

The HCG 4.0 Software Development Kit (SDK) provides drivers, daemons, API libraries, and configuration files that you can include in a guest image to leverage the extended capabilities of HCG 4.0.

Available components include:

- Accelerated Kernel Network Drivers Drivers for improved performance of kernel-based networking VNFs
- Accelerated DPDK Network Drivers Drivers for high-performance DPDK-based networking VNFs
- VM Resource Scaling A service for scaling the capacity of a guest server on demand
- Guest Heartbeat A service for health monitoring of guest applications
- Server Group Messaging A service for low-bandwidth peer messaging between servers in the same group
- SNMP MIB Resources for system alarms management
- Sample Heat Orchestration Templates Resources for deploying and managing stacks of applications or application services
- OpenStack REST API Documentation Documentation for HCG 4.0 REST APIs and HCG 4.0 extensions to OpenStack REST APIs
- Configuration utilities Tools for generating and validating files used to automate HCG
 4.0 installation and configuration

- ELK Log Server A utility for installing and configuring a remote log server to collect logs from all HCG 4.0 hosts for search and analysis using an ELK stack
- Custom Branding Resources for customizing the Horizon GUI

For more information, see the *Helion OpenStack Carrier Grade* 4.0 *Software Development Kit*.

3

Supported OpenStack Features

Supported Openstack Features

Supported Openstack Features

This section documents the supported and unsupported items within the upstream opensource OpenStack REST APIs.

Supported indicates that the functionality works and has been explicitly verified.

Unsupported indicates that the functionality either will not work or has not been explicitly verified.

Compute API v2.1

Supported REST APIs	
API versions	/
Limits	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/limits
Extensions	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/extensions[/*]
Servers	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers
	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/detail
	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}
Server metadata	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/metadata[/*]
Server addresses	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/ips
Server actions	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/action

/v21/flavore
/v2.1/flavors
/v2.1/flavors/detail
/v2.1/flavors/{flavor_id}
/v2.1/images
/v2.1/images/detail
/v2.1/images/{image_id}
/v2.1/images/{image_id}/metadata[/*]
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}/detail
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}/action
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}/action
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/detail
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/detail
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}/action
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/detail
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}/action
Exceptions: (i.e. NOT Supported)
Reset networking on server
Inject network information
Create server backup
/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}/action

Servers start and stop	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}/action
Servers and images with disk config	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/*]
	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/images/[*]
Servers availability zones	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers
	/v2.1/os-availability-zone[/*]
Servers virtual interfaces	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}/osvirtual-interfaces
Servers with volume attachments	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}/os-volume_attachments[/*]
Server boot from volume	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-volumes_boot
Flavors create and delete	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/flavors[/{flavor_id}]
Flavors with extra-specs	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/flavors/{flavor_id}/os-extra_specs[/{key_id}]
Images with size attribute	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/images/detail
	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/images/{image_id}
Limits with project usage	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/limits
Limits with project usage for administrators	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/limits/{tenant_id}
Host aggregates	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-aggregates[/ {aggregate_id}]
	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-aggregates/ {aggregate_id}/action
Fixed IPs	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-fixed-ips/{fixed_ip}[/action]
Fixed IP DNS records	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-floating-ip-dns[/*]
Floating IP pools	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-floating-ip-pools
Floating IPs	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-floating-ips[/{id}]
	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/servers/{server_id}/action
Floating IPs bulk	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-floating-ips-bulk[/*]
Hypervisors	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-hypervisors[/*]
Hypervisor with status	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-hypervisor-status/detail
Key Pairs	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-key pairs[/{key pair_name}]

Supported REST APIs	
Migrations	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-migrations
Networks	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-networks[/*]
Quota class	/v2.1/os-quota-class-sets/{class_id}
Quota sets	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-quota-sets/{tenant_id} [/*]
Security groups	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-security-groups[/*]
Rules for security group	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-security-group-rules[/*]
Rules for default security group	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-security-group-default-rules[/*]
Server Groups	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-server-groups[/*]
Volume extension	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-volumes[/*]
	/v2.1/{tenant_id}/os-snapshots[/*]

Networking API v2.0

Supported REST APIs	
Networking	/v2.0/networks[/*]
	/v2.0/subnets[/*]
	/v2.0/ports[/*]

Networking API v2.0 extensions

Supported REST APIs	
Extensions	/v2.0/extensions[/*]
Quotas extension	/v2.0/quotas[/*]
Networks provider extended attributes	/v2.0/networks[/*]
Networks multiple provider extension	/v2.0/networks[/*]
VLAN transparency extension	/v2.0/networks[/*]
Ports binding extended attributes	/v2.0/ports[/*]
Security groups and rules	/v2.0/security-groups[/*]
	/v2.0/security-group-rules[/*]
Layer-3 newtorking	/v2.0/routers[/*]

Supported REST APIs	
	EXCEPTION: (not supported) /v2.0/routers: ha attribute
	NOTE: HCG 4.0 Router Instances are HA protected across compute nodes.
	/v2.0/floatingips[/*]
Extra routes	/v2.0/networks[/*]
Unsupported REST APIs	
Metering labels and rules	/v2.0/metering[/*]
Load-Balancer-as-a-Service	/v2.0/lb[/*]
	/v2.0/lbaas[/*]
Virtual-Private-Network-as-a-Service	/v2.0/vpn[/*]

Block Storage API v2.0

Supported REST APIs	
API Versions	/
API extensions	/v2/{tenant_id}/extensions[/*]
Volumes	/v2/{tenant_id}/volumes[/{volume_id}]
	/v2/{tenant_id}/volumes/detail
Volume actions	/v2/{tenant_id}//volumes/{volume_id}/ action
Volume types	/v2/{tenant_id}/types[/{volume_type_id}]
Snapshots	<pre>/v2/{tenant_id}/snapshots[/{snapshot_id}[/ metadata]]</pre>
	/v2/{tenant_id}/snapshots/detail
Quota sets extension	/v2/{tenant_id}/os-quota-sets[/*]
Limits extension	/v2/{tenant_id}/limits
Backups	/v2/{tenant_id}/backups[/{backup_id}[/restore]]
	/v2/{tenant_id}/backups/detail
Backup actions	/v2/{tenant_id}/backups/{backup_id}/action

Supported REST APIs	
Volume image metadata extension	$/v2/\{tenant_id\}/os-vol-image-meta$
Volume type access	/v2/{tenant_id}/volumes
Unsupported REST APIs	
Quality of service (QoS) specifications	/v2/{tenant_id}/qos-specs[/*]
Volume manage extension	/v2/{tenant_id}/os-volume-manage

Identity API v2.0

This API is not supported.

Identity Admin API v2.0

This API is not supported.

Identity API v2.0 extensions

This API is not supported.

Identity API v3.0

Supported REST APIs	
Authentication and token mgmt	/v3/auth/tokens
	/v3/auth/catalog
	/v3/auth/projects
	/v3/auth/domains
Credentials	/v3/credentials[/{credential_id}]
Domains	/v3/domains[/{domain_id}]
Groups	/v3/groups[/{group_id}]
	/v3/groups/{group_id}/users[/{user_id}]
Policies	/v3/policies[/{policy_id}]
Projects	/v3/projects[/{project_id}]
Regions	/v3/regions[/{region_id}]
Roles	/v3/roles[/{role_id}]

Supported REST APIs	
	/v3/domains/{domain_id}/groups/ {group_id}/roles[/{role_id}]
	/v3/projects/{project_id}/groups/ {group_id}/roles[/{role_id}]
	/v3/roles/{prior_role_id/implies[/ {implies_role_id}]
	/v3/role_assignments
	/v3/role_inferences
Service catalog and endpoints	/v3/services[/{service_id}]
	/v3/endpoints[/{endpoint_id}]
Users	/v3/users[/{user_id}]
	/v3/users/{users_id}/groups
	/v3/users/{users_id}/projects
	/v3/users/{users_id}/password
Unsupported REST APIs	
Domain configuration	/v3/domains/config/default
	/v3/domains/config/{group}/default
	/v3/domains/config/{group}/{option}/default
	/v3/domains/{domain_id}/config[/{group}[/{option}]]
OS-INHERIT API	/v3/OS-INHERIT/domains/{domain_id}/ users/{user_id}/roles[/{role_id}]/ inherited_to_projects
	/v3/role_assignments

Identity API v3.0 extensions

This API is NOT Supported.

Image Service API v1.0

Supported REST APIs	
API Versions	/
Images	/v1/images[/{image_id}]

Supported REST APIs	
	/v1/images/detail
Unsupported REST APIs	
Members	<pre>/v1/images/{image_id}/members[/ {owner_id}]</pre>
Shared images	/v1/images/{owner}

Object Storage API v1.0

Supported REST APIs	/info
Discoverability	/info
Accounts	/v1/{account} NOTE: no support for custom metadata; only supports a subset of Swift ACLs.
Containers	/v1/{account}[/{container}]
Objects	/v1/{account}[/{container}[/{object}]] NOTE: no support for expiring objects, no support for object versioning, no support for CORS, no support for Static Website
Endpoints	/v1/endpoints

Orchestration API v1.0

/
/v1/{tenant_id}/stacks[/{stack_name}]
/v1/{tenant_id}/stacks/{stack_name}/ resources
/v1/{tenant_id}/stacks/{stack_name}/ {stack_id}
/v1/{tenant_id}/stacks/{stack_name}/ {stack_id}/snapshots[/*]
EXCEPTION: (not supported)
/v1/{tenant_id}/stacks/{stack_name}/ {stack_id}/abandon

Supported REST APIs	
Stack actions	<pre>/v1/{tenant_id}/stacks/{stack_name}/ {stack_id}/actions</pre>
Stack resources	/v1/{tenant_id}/stacks/{stack_name}/ {stack_id}/resources[/*]
Stack events	/v1/{tenant_id}/stacks/{stack_name}[/ {stack_id}]/events[/*]
	EXCEPTION: (not supported)
	/v1/{tenant_id}/stacks/{stack_name}/ {stack_id}/resources/{resource_name}/ events[/{event_id}]
Manage service	/v1/{tenant_id}/services
Templates	/v1/{tenant_id}/stacks/{stack_name}/ {stack_id}/template
	/vi/{tenant_id}/validate
	EXCEPTION: (not supported)
	/vi/{tenant_id}/template_versions
	/vi/{tenant_id}/resource_types/{type_name}/ template
Software configuration	/v1/{tenant_id}/software_configs[/*]
	/v1/{tenant_id}/software_deployments[/*]
Unsupported REST APIs	
Build info	/v1/{tenant_id}/build_info

Telemetry API v2.0

Supported REST APIs	
Alarms	/v2/alarms[/*]
Meters	/v2/meters[/*]
Samples	/v2/samples[/*]
Resources	/v2/resources[/*]
Capabilities	/v2/capabilities

4

Virtual Applications

Virtual Applications

Virtual Applications

HCG 4.0 provides a flexible feature-rich cloud platform for hosting a wide variety of Virtual Applications ranging from Telecom to Industrial, Central Office to Customer Premise and much more.

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HCG 4.0's strength and flexibility in providing a Highly Available hosting environment allows it to host Virtual Applications in Telecom scenarios and Industrial scenarios that demand such high availability and robustness. A variety of HA application models can be hosted ranging from classic cloud protection pools to traditional Telco or Industrial 1:1 or 1:N Hot Standby Redundancy.

HCG 4.0's scalable and high performance Networking solution enables Telcos to include not only their Management and Control / Signaling Applications in their cloud-based solution, but also their high bandwidth Data Plane Applications as well. HCG 4.0 provides DPDK-accelerated L2 and L3 platform services and enables network-performance-optimized hosting of DPDK-based Telco Data Plane Applications.

HCG 4.0 also provides an ideal hosting environment for Virtual Applications demanding high compute performance and/or high database capacity and performance, such as Home Subscriber Server (HSS) / Home Location Register (HLR) applications in Telco Central Offices. HCG 4.0 provides fine-tuned control over virtual CPU policies and scheduling as well as optimizes compute performance thru huge page memory performances. For storage capacity and performance, HCG 4.0 provides support for a highly scalable CEPH storage cluster with SSD-based journaling or SSD-based full cache tiering for economical storage performance at large scale.

HCG 4.0's flexibility in deployment options ranges from hundreds of nodes down to just a single pair of servers. This allows HCG 4.0 to be deployed in central large-scale Telecom Data Centers or on customer premises in vCPE type solutions.

HCG 4.0 can provide hosting for the complete range of Telecom Applications: Management Plane Applications, Control / Signaling Plane Applications and Data Plane Applications. This enables end-users of HCG 4.0 to deploy complete end-to-end Telco solutions on HCG 4.0; examples of which include virtual Evolved Packet Core (vEPC), virtual IP Multimedia Subsystem (vIMS) and the new 5G networks. To accelerate the deployment of all these use cases, Telcos can leverage the extensive range of products from industry-leading partners that have been validated through Wind River's Titanium Cloud ecosystem.