



SegFormer Model - a Transformer based framework for semantic segmentation.

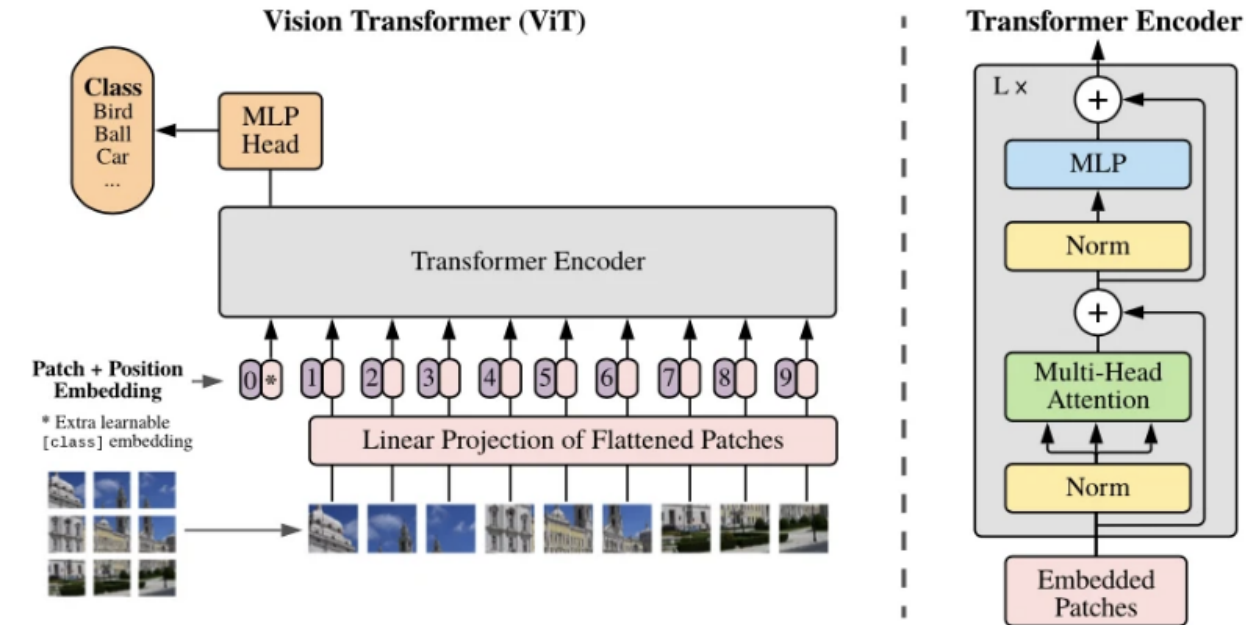
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Content:

- Vision Transformer
- Segformer Model:
 - Encoder
 - Decoder

Vision Transformer

- Split an image into patches
- Flatten the patches
- Linear embeddings from the flattened patches
- Add positional embeddings
- Feed the sequence into transformer encoder
- Using multi layer perceptron MLP to get classification head



Vision Transformer ViT Architecture – [Source](#)

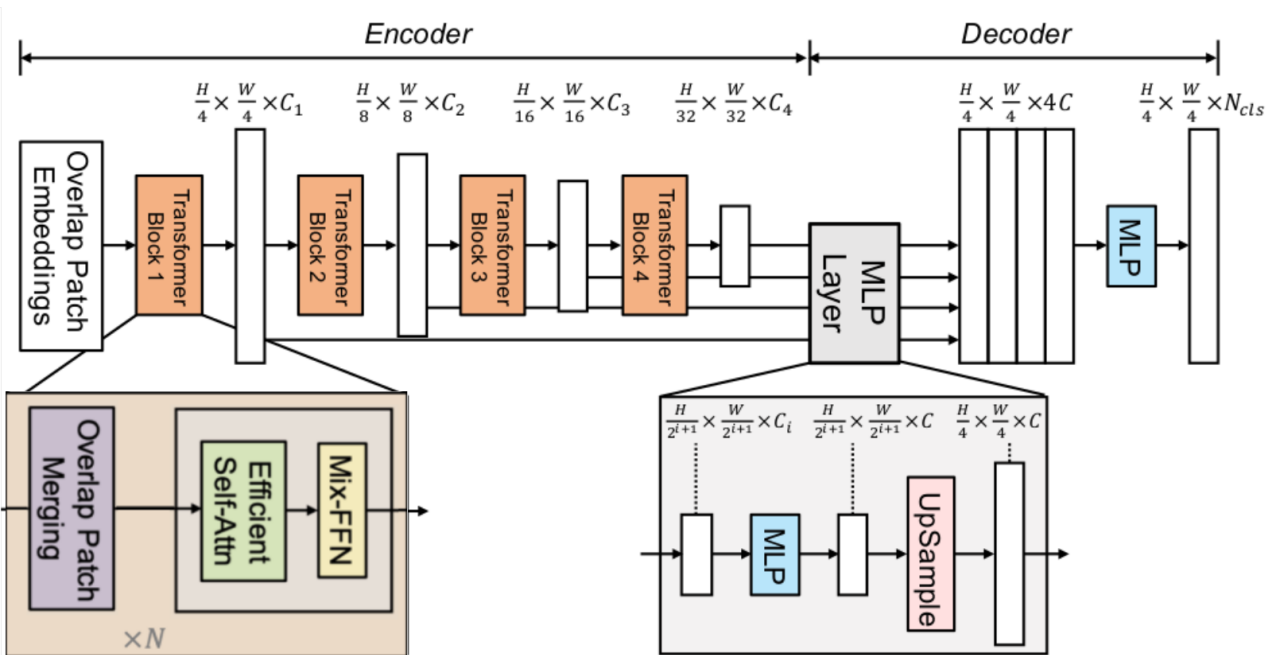
Vision Transformer

- ViT understands the local and global features
- CNN focus on the local features
- ViT has a higher precision rate on a large dataset

Segformer Model

SegFormer has the following notable points:

- Encoder: Mix Transformer (MiT) that extracts coarse and fine features
- Decoder: MLP network to directly fuse the multi-level features of the encoder part and predicts the semantic segmentation mask



Encoder

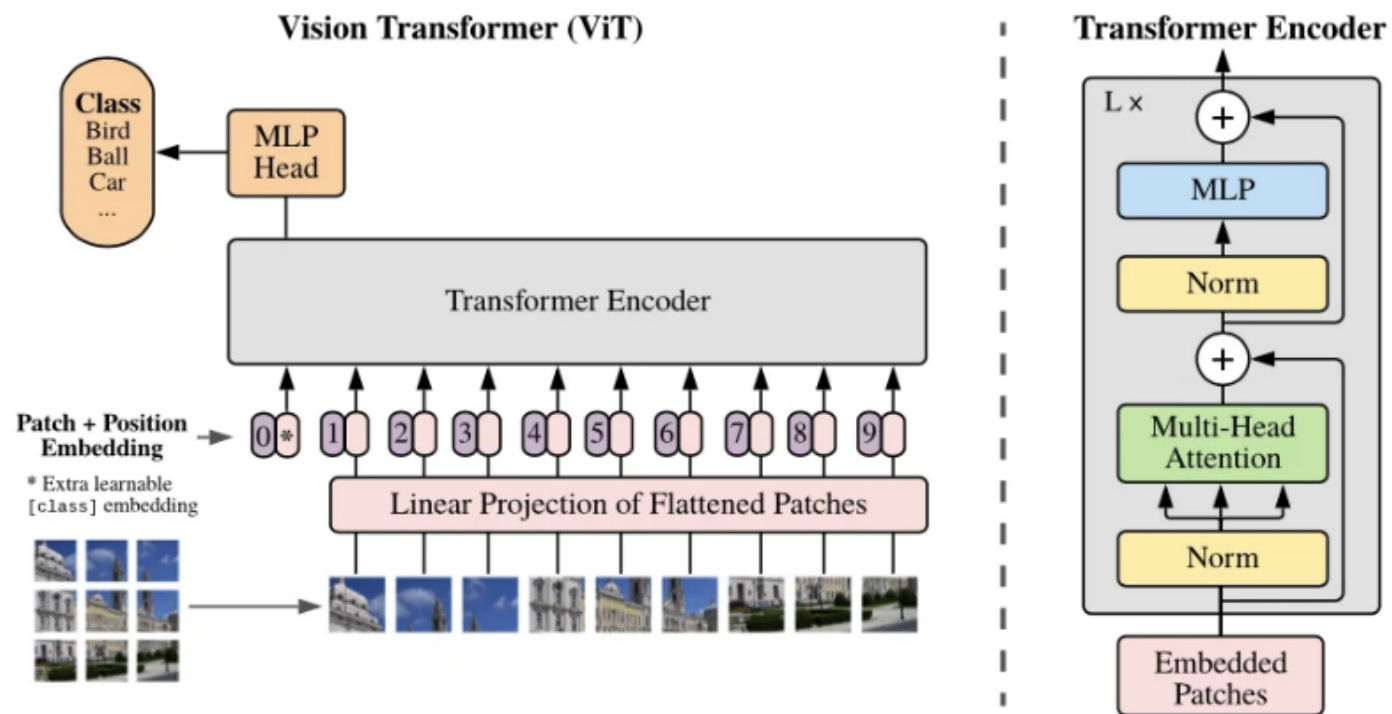
Hierarchical Feature Representation

- ViT that can only generate a single-resolution feature
- MiT generate multi-level features (MiT have 4 Transformer layers)

Overlapped Patch Merging

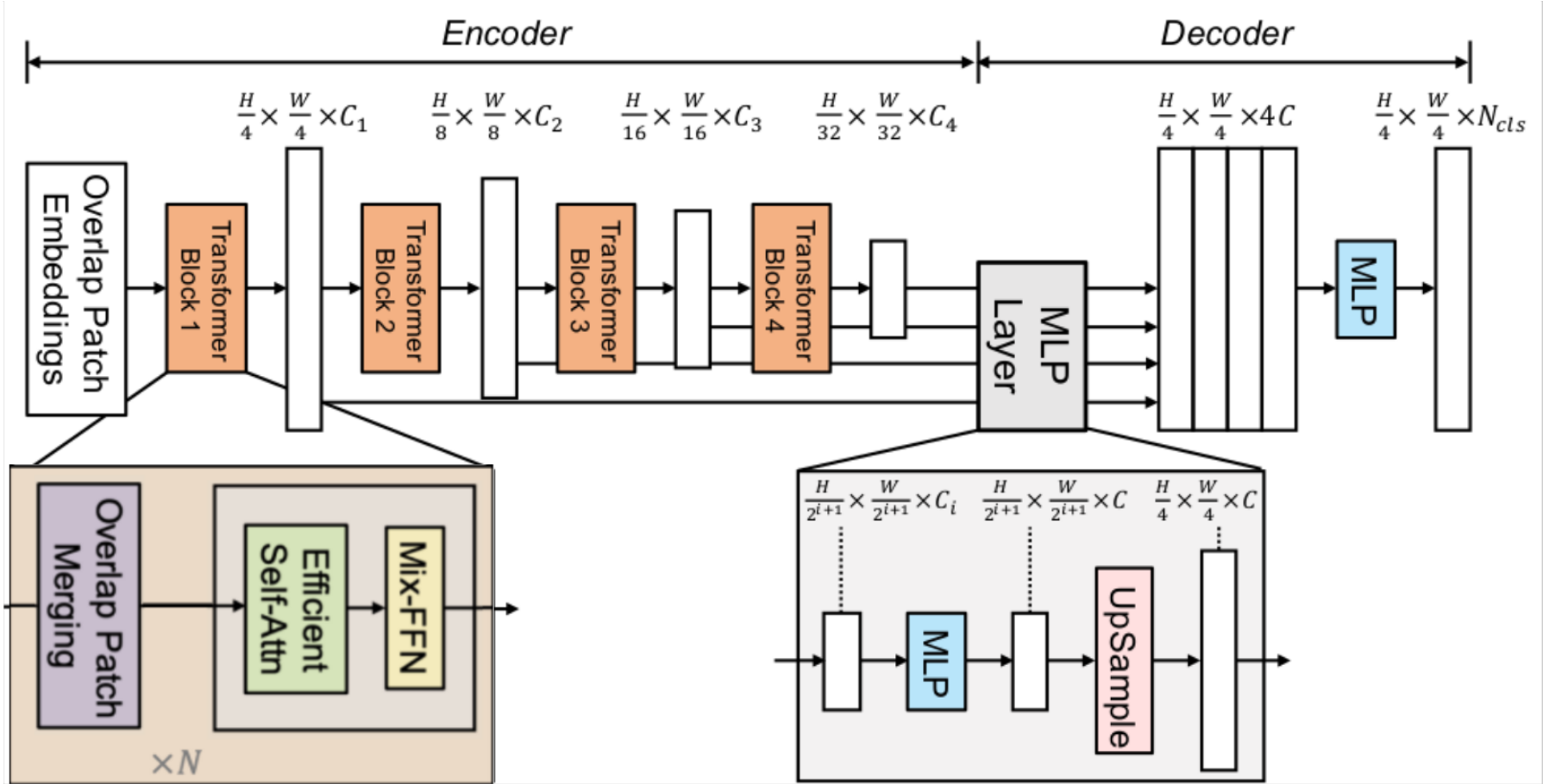
- In ViT, a image input is splitted into **partition** patches.
- Mix Transformer, a image input is splitted into **overlapping** patches.

ViT model

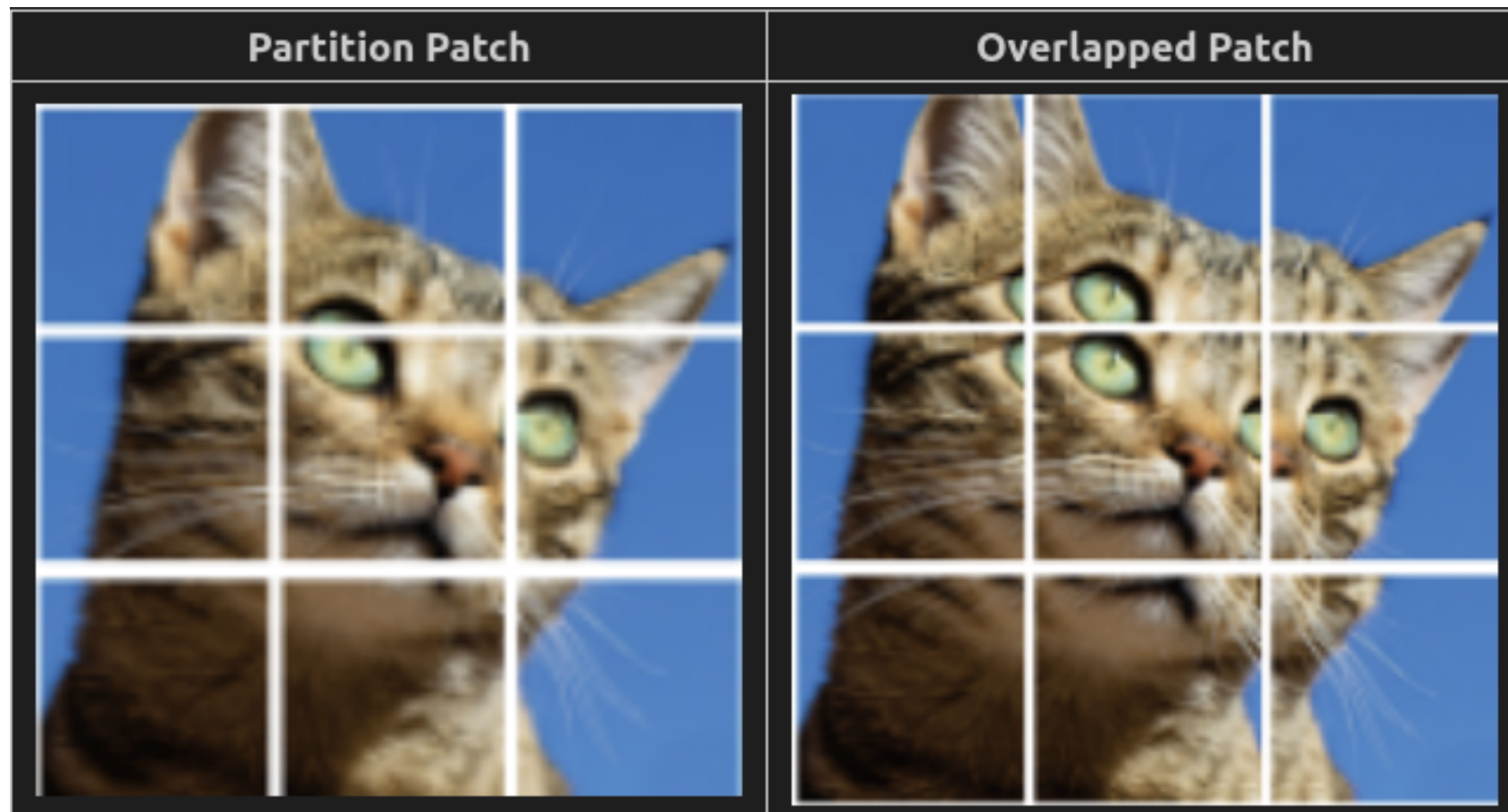


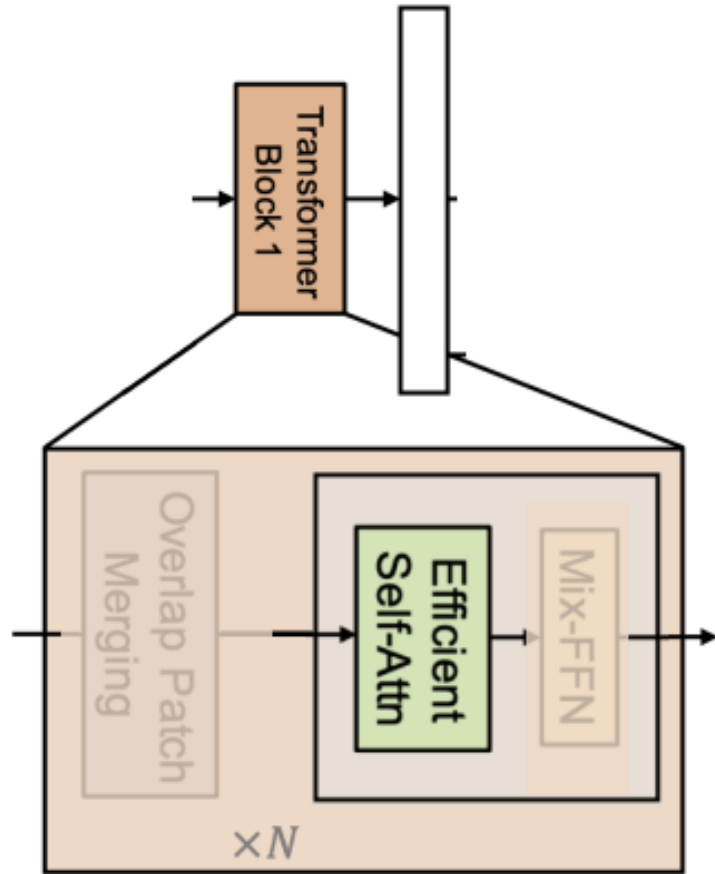
Vision Transformer ViT Architecture – [Source](#)

Segformer model



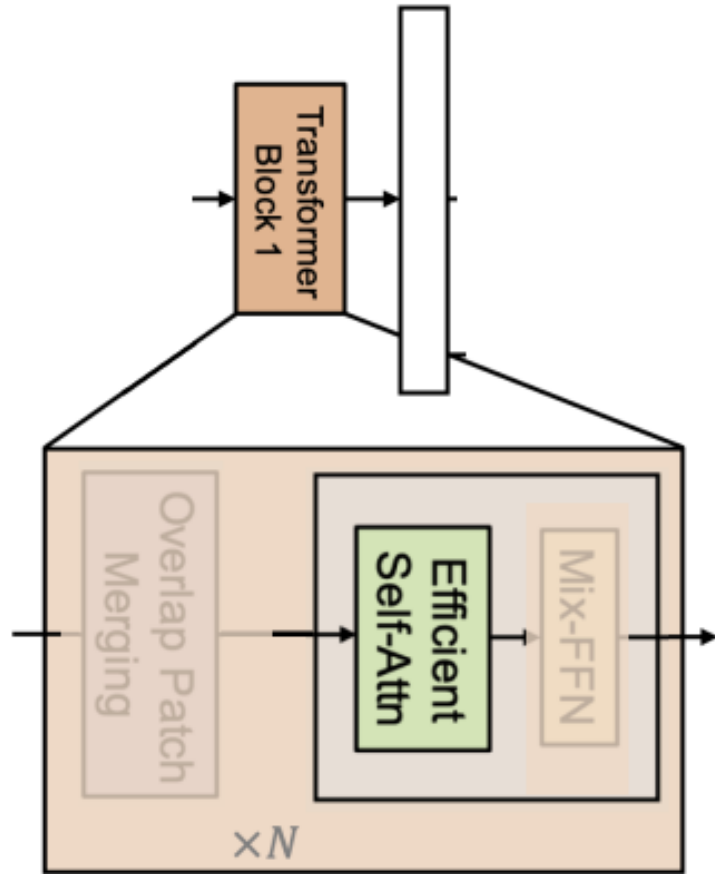
Segformer model





Encoder

- ViT uses Multi Head Attn (Computation of $O((H \times W)^2)$)
- MiT uses Efficient Self Attn (Computation of $O((H \times W)^2 / R)$)



Encoder

- ViT uses MLP
- MiT uses

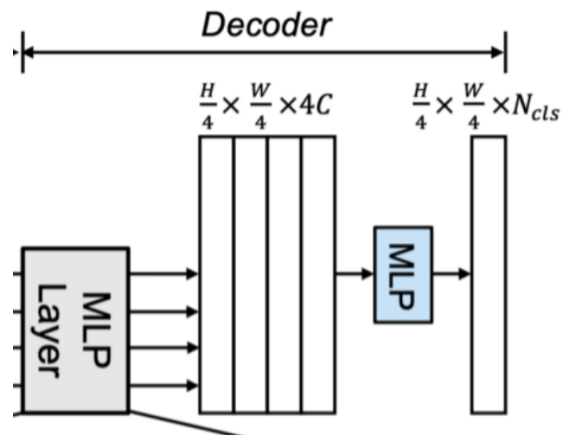
$$x_{out} = MLP(GELU(CONV_{3 \times 3}(MLP(x_{in})))) + x_{in}$$

- `MLP = nn.Linear(dim, num_classes)` (or Dense Layer)

it's called Mix because it mixes information using the 3x3 conv

Decoder

Because Encoder is quite good, then to avoid the overfitting, we use a MLPs to fuse the features of the encoder and predict the semantic segmentation mask.



A MLP of decoder part

```
class SegFormerDecoderBlock(nn.Sequential):  
    def __init__(self, in_channels: int, out_channels: int, scale_factor: int = 2):  
        super().__init__(  
            nn.UpsamplingBilinear2d(scale_factor=scale_factor),  
            nn.Conv2d(in_channels, out_channels, kernel_size=1),  
        )
```

performance of Segformer

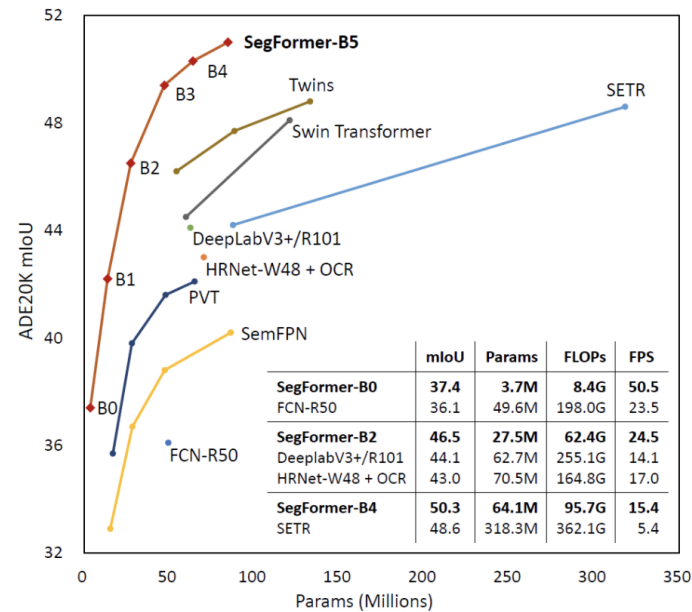


Figure 1: Performance of SegFormer-B0 to SegFormer-B5.

Segformer works well on a large dataset.

References

- [SegFormer: A Transformer-based Framework for Semantic Segmentation](#)
- [Training the Segformer model by using Pytorch Lightning and HuggingFace](#)
- [Usage of TensorFlow based SegFormer in hugging transformers](#)