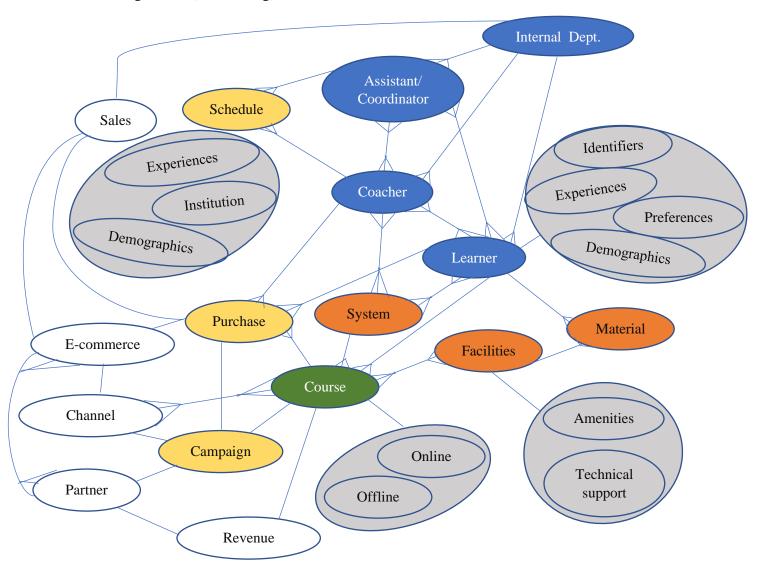
FINAL PROJECT – COURSE ASSIGNMENT

Introduction to Data Analytics for Business

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1. Part 1: Conceptual business model

Coaching course (outsourcing)



Scenario:

Company sales the coaching courses, which outsources mainly the courses and the coachers from different institutes or with different backgrounds. There are multiple courses advertised on both E-commerce and company site. The learner can choose the coaching courses as his preference to learn, both online and offline. Each course can be taught by one or several coachers, with an assigned schedule. A coacher is responsible for some courses. The coordinator/assistant (company employee) is the direct speaking partner of both coachers and learners. He/she will solve all related problems in the course. A course will have at least one coordinator, and a coordinator can organise some courses. Partner can be the institution, the hotel and restaurant (if in case the proceeded courses are full time and/or in various locations), teaching location (could also outside the company), etc

The facilities and material depends on the course. Some courses can use the same facilities, but some request special equipment (like laboratory, protecting clothes,...). Some of the basic course have the same material/document) but some need the assessment request.

The purchase is proceeded through online or at the office or from salesman. Internal Department is responsible for the billing process of the learners and salary of the coachers. There are some campaign/promotion to increase the sales (contributing to revenue)

All related data about the course is stored in company system.

2. Part 2: Relational data model

Customer.csv

Customer_ID	Name	DOB	Location	Course	Date	Experience	Preference
#integer	Full name	Date of birth	Geograp.	Course ID	Purchased date	Customer	Favorite
		dd.mm.yyyy	location		dd.mm.yyyy	background	topics
12345	Jason Klar	03.05.1988	Germany	CO12345	18.03.2022	Python	Data
						beginner	Science

Coacher.csv

Coacher_ID	Name	DOB	Institute	Experience	Offer
#integer	Full name	Date of birth	Current work	background	Course_ID
00001	Dr. Marian	12.03.1968	University of	Professor in Data	GE00005, GE00008
	Brigit		Hamburg	Science 10 years	

Partner.csv

Partnert_ID	Name	Location	Specialization/Equipment	Others
#integer	Full partner name	location	Offers	Notes
100005	Intelligence	USA	Data Science course	Support also
	Institute			installations

Course.csv

Course_ID	Name	Level	Location	Prerequisite	Time
#course code	Full name	#level: 2 digits level	Location	Some of	Running period
(2 first digits: general		beginer-BE,		enrollment	
GE or specialization		intermediate -IN,		requirements	
SP)		advanced-AD)			
GE00005	Data Science in	BE	Germany	No	01.04.2022 -
	Python				31.07.2022

Purchase.csv

Number	Date	Course	Type	Customer	Base	Purchase	Campaign
Based on	Purchased	Course_ID	Private00/	Customer_ID	Original	Price in euro	New
purchase,	date		Business01		price in euro		Customer
course							
1	18.03.2022	GE00005	00	CO12345	120.00	114.00	5%

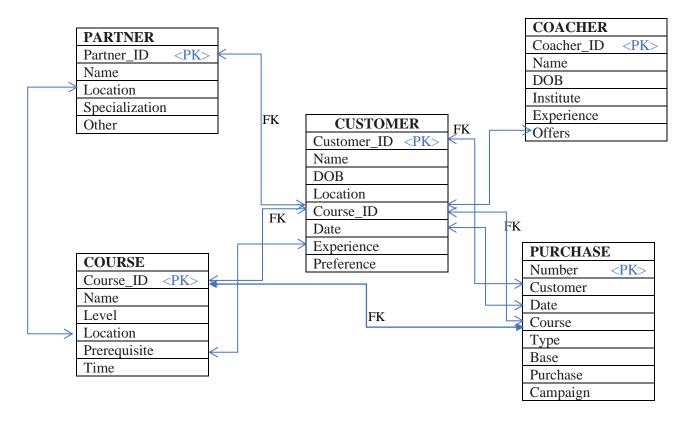


Table	Primary key	Type	Type of system
Customer	Customer_ID	Natural	Customer & People System: CRM, campaign management
Partner	Partner_ID	Natural	External Source System: Partners & Suppliers
Coacher	Coacher_ID	Natural	External Source System: Partners & Suppliers
Course	Course_ID	Composite (according to time and course)	Product & Presence System: Product Management, Web Management & Analytics
Purchase	Number	Surrogate	Core Enterprise: Billing & Invoicing/ ERP

3. Part 3: SQL queries

Querry 1: How many courses are purchased monthly?

- Data: Table Course, and Purchase
- Syntax

SELECT Course_ID, COUNT(Course_ID) AS Count,
SUM(Purchase) AS Total_Sales,
MONTH(Date) AS Month
FROM Purchase
GROUP BY(Month)
ORDER BY Month, Course_ID

Querry 2: List of customers in courses

- Data: Table Customer, Coacher, Course, Purchase
- Syntax

SELECT A.Customer_ID, A.Course_ID, A.Name, A.Count(Customer_ID) AS A.Amount,

B.Name,

C.Location, C.Time

FROM Customer A

LEFT JOIN Coacher B

ON A.Course ID = B.Offers

LEFT JOIN Course C

ON A.Course_ID = C.Course_ID

GROUP BY A.Course_ID

SORT BY C.Time, A.Course_ID

4. Part 4: Sensitive data and data quality issues

a. Fields relate to

- PII Personal Identifiable Information:
 - Identification: Customer_ID, Coacher_ID, Name, Date of Birth (DOB), Location, Contact number
 - o ID card, social security number, driver's license, credit/bank accounts
 - ⇒ Cyber liability insurance policies to protect personal information
 - ⇒ My model: Customer_ID, Coacher_ID, Name, Location, etc
- CFI Consumer Financial Information:
 - Financial institute/Commercial Banking (authorized): Credit products (loans, cards, accounts used by a customer)
 - With online retailers: show info on previous inquiries (web searches, viewed products, purchases)
 - ⇒ Examine Customer data and protect data from accidental or unknown parties
- CPNI Customer Proprietary Network Information
 - Call center/telecommunication services: time, phone number, location, duration, problem/issue, cost
 - ⇒ Customer permission of publishing info through sign up/accept declaration
- PHI Protect Health Information:
 - o Medical healthcare provider, health plan (individual/business), identification number
 - ⇒ Treatment provisions/recommendations

b. What data elements in your model will present the most significant data quality challenges?

- Input data globally and source system
 - can contain errors from the inputs (both customers and employees) such as the name with special letters/signals from the address with the unknown/mistyped postcode may lead to duplicates.
 - Big datapool compares to the old-fashion system/architecture takes time for data preparing and validation
- Data privacy
 - Hacker/malware can attack the company sites to steal the data. This results in data lost/financial issues