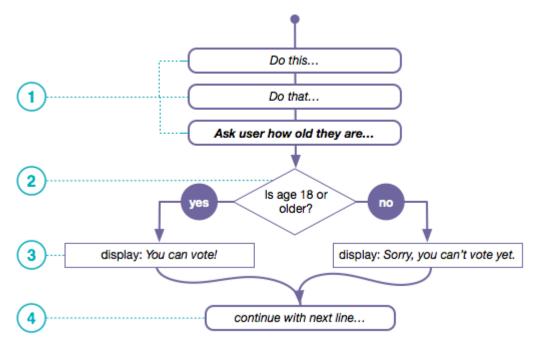
Set 29: If Statements

Skill 29.01: Interpret program flow charts
Skill 29.02: Interpret If-Statement pseudocode
Skill 29.03: Write and If-Statement in JavaScript
Skill 29.04: Write a complex If-Statement

Skill 29.01: Interpret a program flow charts

Skill 29.01 Concepts

Programs are said to have a "flow of execution". You start by executing some line of code and then the next and so on. A flow chart is a common visual that's used to represent the various paths of execution that your program might take. Many people use them to help plan. Below is an example.



- 1. The flow chart above depicts a program executing one line after another until it gets to a point where it needs to make a decision.
- 2. In order to determine which path to take you state some **condition**. It should be a **Boolean expression** something that evaluates to **true** or **false**. Here we have a simple **comparsion** of two values: the person's age and the number 18.
- 3. The program does one thing if the condition is true, and something else if the condition is false.
- 4. The program can continue a single thread of execution after the condition as well.

Skill 29.01 Exercises 1 thru 3

Skill 29.02: Interpret If-Statement pseudocode

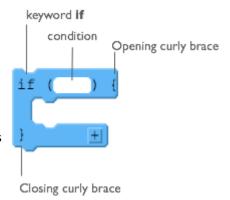
Skill 29.02 Concepts

if statements are the lines of code you need to change the flow while you're program is running. You can write code that makes a decision that determines which lines of code should be run next.

At the right is a diagram showing the elements of a basic *if* statement in JavaScript.

There are two basic parts to an if-statement.

- 1. A condition to be evaluated (A Boolean expression that evaluates to **true** or **false**)
- 2. Code that should run *if* the expression was true enclosed in curly braces

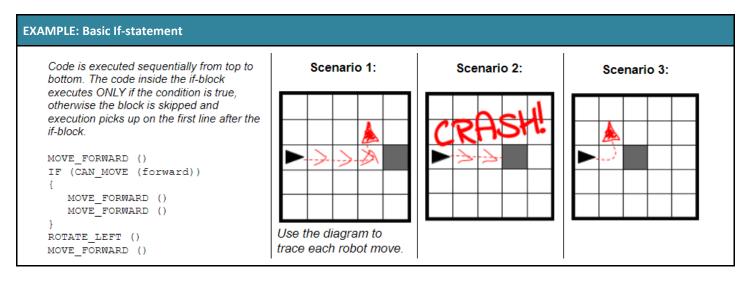


Each row in the table below presents a small program that uses if-statements and robot commands. Trace the code and plot the movements of the robot for the 3 scenarios shown to the right of the code. If the robot is directed to move onto a black square, it "crashes" and the program ends. If the robot doesn't crash, then draw a triangle showing its ending location and direction.

There are a few patterns to the ways if-statements are typically used:

- Basic If-statements
- Sequential If-statements
- Nested If statements
- Combinations of all of the above

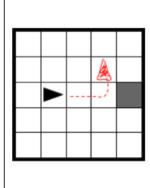
Each section below presents an example of one of these common patterns. For each type **study**, **and make sure you understand**, **the example** and why each of the 3 scenarios ends up in the state shown.

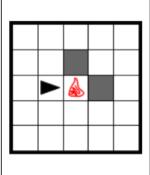


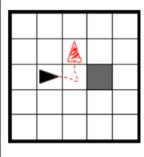
EXAMPLE: Sequential If-statements

Lines of code, including if statements, are evaluated separately, one at a time, in order from top to bottom. An if-block executes ONLY if the expression is true. Note that an earlier if-statement might change the state of the of world for an if-statement that comes later. This makes it hard to predict what will happen unless you trace the robot moves and take each line one at a time.

```
IF (CAN_MOVE (forward))
{
    MOVE_FORWARD ()
}
IF (CAN_MOVE (forward))
{
    MOVE_FORWARD ()
}
ROTATE_LEFT ()
IF (CAN_MOVE (forward))
{
    MOVE_FORWARD ()
}
```



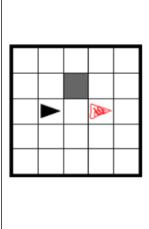


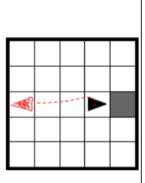


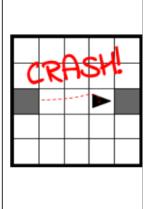
EXAMPLE: Nested If-Statements

You can put if- and if-else statements inside other if-statements. All previous rules apply, but tracing the code can be tricky.

```
IF (CAN_MOVE (forward))
{
      MOVE_FORWARD ()
}
ELSE
{
      IF(CAN_MOVE( backward ))
      {
            ROTATE_LEFT ()
            ROVE_FORWARD ()
      }
      MOVE_FORWARD ()
}
```







Skill 29.02 Exercises 1 thru 3

Skill 29.03 Concepts

In javascript, if statements take the following form.

```
if(true){
   console.log("This message will print!");
}
//Prints "This message will print!";
```

Notice in the example above, we have an if statement. The if statement is composed of:

- The if keyword followed by a set of parentheses () which is followed by a code block, or block statement, indicated by a set of curly braces {}.
- Inside the parentheses (), a condition is provided that evaluates to true or false.
- If the condition evaluates to true, the code inside the curly braces {} runs, or executes.
- If the condition evaluates to false, the block won't execute.

Skill 29.03 Exercise 1

Skill 29.04: Write a complex If-Statement

Skill 29.04 Concepts

If-Statements can include more than one boolean statement in the parentheses. For example, what if we wanted to evaluate the username and password of a potential user? We could write the following,

```
if(username == un && password == pw){
  console.log("You're in!");
}
```

In fact any of the boolean expressions you experimented with in the previous lesson can be placed in between the parentheses following the if statement. For example,

```
var x = 79;
var y = 46;
var z = -3;
var w = 13.89;
var y = 40.0;

if(y/2 > w && w != x){
    console.log("True");
}
```

Skill 29.04 Exercises 1