Set 29: While loops

Skill 29.01: Interpret loops in program flow charts

Skill 29.02: Interpret While loop pseudocode

Skill 29.03 Interpret nested while loop pseudocode

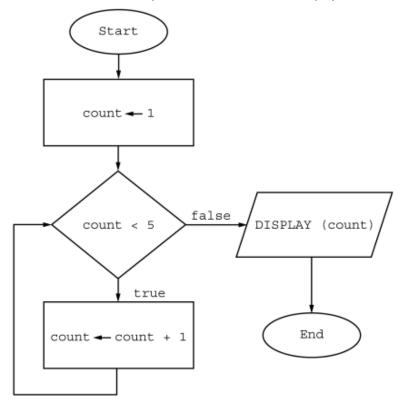
Skill 29.04: Identify an infinite while loop

Skill 29.05: Write a while loop in JavaScript

Skill 29.01: Interpret loops in program flow charts

Skill 29.01 Concepts

A loop is a data structure that allows us to repeat a block of code until a specified condition is met. The flow chart below illustrates the use of a loop to increment the variable *count*. Notice that in the example, *count* gets incremented until it reaches the value of 5, after which time the loop is exited and the result is displayed.



What is displayed as a result of executing the algorithm in the flowchart?



(B) 15

(C) 1 2 3 4

(D) 1 2 3 4 5

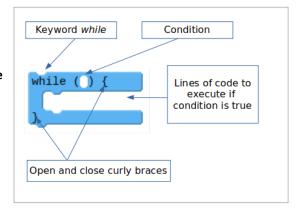
Skill 29.01 Exercise

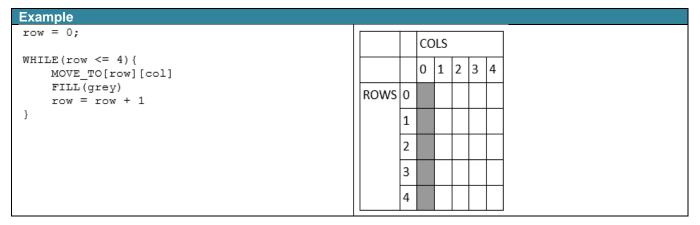
Skill 29.02: Interpret While loop pesudocode

Skill 29.02 Concepts

The while loop uses a boolean condition to repeatedly run a block of code. It checks the expression, and if it is true it runs the block of code contained within it. This process of checking the condition and running the block of code is repeated as long as the boolean condition remains true. Once the boolean expression becomes false it will stop. To the right is a diagram showing the elements of a basic while loop.

Before we get started writing *while loops*, lets practice some pseudocode scenarios. Although the examples below do use the while key word, they can still be interpreted the same way. That is, if a condition is true, keep looping!





Skill 29.02 Exercises 1 thru 4

Skill 29.03 Interpret nested while loop pseudocode

Skill 29.03 Concepts

While loops can also appear inside a while loop! In the example to the right, the outer loop repeats 5 times and the inner loop repeats 2 times for a total of 5 x 2 = 10 times! This is because the outer loop cannot continue until the innerLoop has completed executing. So, when the outerLoop is 0, the innerLoop executes 2 times, when the outerLoop is 1, the innerLoop executes 2 times, so on and so forth, so the total count equals 2×5 , or 10 at the end.

```
var outerLoop = 0;
var innerLoop = 0;
var count = 0;
while ((outerLoop < 5)) {
    while (innerLoop < 2) {
        count++;
        innerLoop++;
    }
    innerLoop = 0;
    outerLoop++;
}</pre>
```

Skill 29.03 Exercise 1

```
Example
row = 0;
col = 0;
                                                            COLS
WHILE (row <= 4) {
                                                            0 1
                                                                 2
                                                                    3
                                                                       4
    WHILE(col <=4) {
        MOVE TO[row][col]
                                                   ROWS 0
        if((col MOD 2)EQUALS(0)){
             FILL (grey)
                                                         1
        }
                                                         2
        col = col + 1;
    }
                                                         3
col = 0
row = row + 1
                                                         4
```

Skill 29.03 Exercise 2

Skill 29.04 Identify an infinite while loop

Skill 29.04 Concepts

while loops run until their condition becomes false, which raises an interesting question. What happens if the condition never becomes false? In these cases the program enters what is called an infinite loop over the commands in the while loop, and it never reaches the rest of your program. In the code below, what if the line indicated in the box was instead changed to number \leftarrow number + 2? If this were true, the procedure would never end, in fact your program would crash! For this reason, we normally avoid infinite loops in our programs.

```
PROCEDURE Mystery (number)

{

    REPEAT UNTIL (number ≤ 0)
    {
        number ← number - 2
    }

    IF (number = 0)
    {
        RETURN (true)
    }

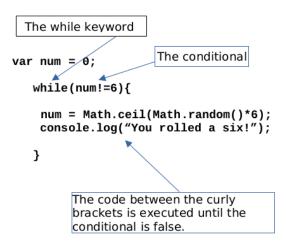
    ELSE
    {
        RETURN (false)
    }
}
```

Skill 29.04 Exercises 1 & 2

Skill 29.05 Write a while loop in JavaScript

Skill 29.05 Concepts

The syntax for writing a while loop in javascript is shown to the right. Just as we saw with the pseudocode examples, the *while loop* uses a *boolean* condition to repeatedly run a block of code. It checks the expression, and if it is true it runs the block of code contained within it. This process of checking the condition and running the block of code is repeated as long as the *boolean* condition remains true. Once the boolean expression becomes false it will stop.



Skill 29.05 Exercises 1 & 2