Name	Period	

Colored Images

Your Tasks

- ☐ Get introduced to how computers store colors
- ☐ Get Acquainted with the pixelation widget
- □ Explore more shades of color
- ☐ Create all the 3-bit color combinations
- Apply sampling to create an image with more shades of color
- ☐ Complete the reflection
- Receive credit for this lab guide

☐ Get introduced to how computers store colors

In the last lesson, we used 1 bit for each pixel. That meant we had only two choices for each pixel, black and white.

When the bit was "off"



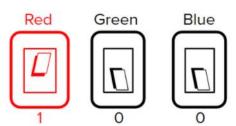
black pixel

When the bit was "on"

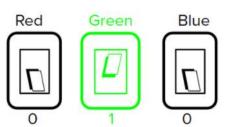


white pixel

Today we will use 3 bits for each pixel. Each bit will control a different color of light: Red, Green, and Blue



Turning on just the red bit makes a RED pixel



Turning on just the green bit makes a GREEN pixel

	How many	y different	colors ca	n be store	ed with 3	3 bits?
I						

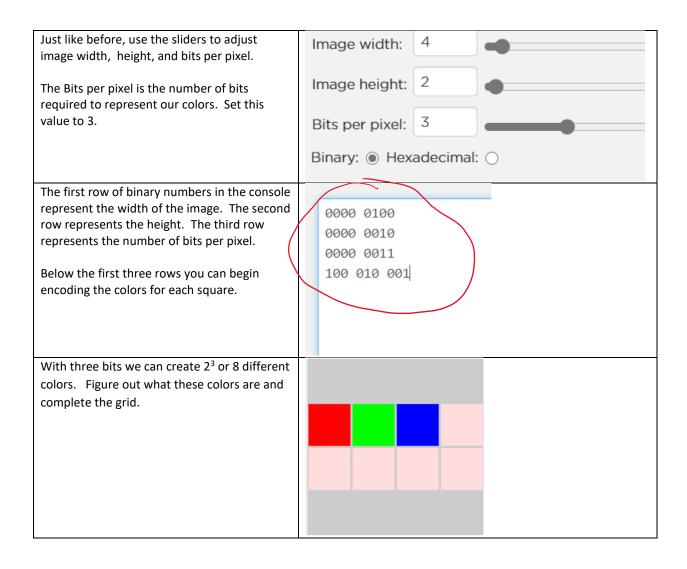
☐ Get acquainted with the color pixelation widget

In the lab we will be using the color pixelation widget. If you haven't already done so,

- If you haven't already done so, navigate to http://studio.code.org to create an account
- Navigate to https://studio.code.org/join and type in their section code: **SKGWSN**
- To get started with the pixelation widget Navigate to https://studio.code.org/s/csp1-2021/lessons/8/levels/2

Watch the video below to learn about how to use the widget,





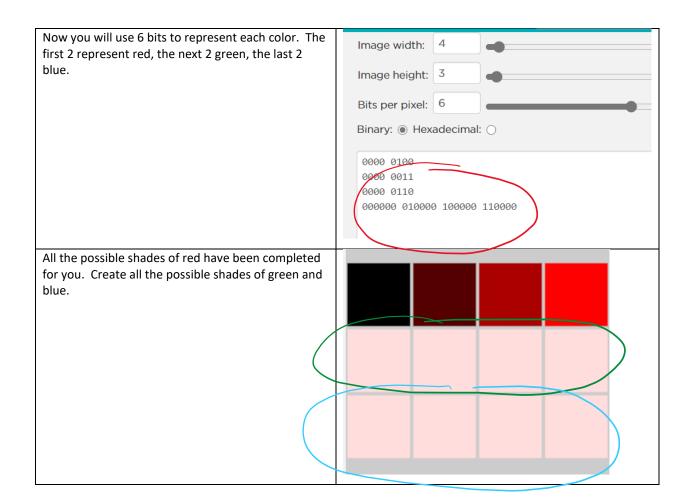
□ Explore more shades of color

In this portion, you will use 2 bits to control each color of light. This will be 6 bits total for each pixel.



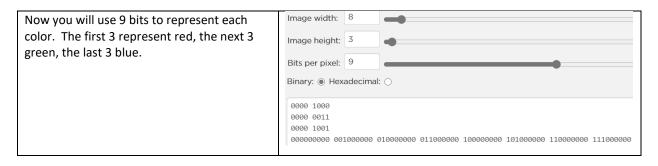
Navigate to https://studio.code.org/s/csp1-2021/lessons/8/levels/4 and watch the video to learn how to create more colors



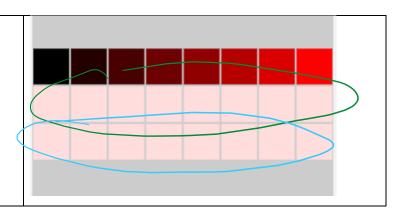


□ Create all the three-bit color combinations

Navigate to the next stage



All the possible shades of red have been completed for you. Create all the possible shades of green and blue.



☐ Apply sampling to create an image with more shades of color

Navigate to the next stage

Pick a selection from one of the images below.



Navigate to the next stage (stage 8). Use sampling to match the color pattern as best you can using the widget. Don't worry if it doesn't match exactly! Remember, you can adjust the settings of the widget using the sliders, so you can experiment with using even more bits per pixel!

	mpare the quality of your image with someone next to you. Click the "save image" button, then copy and paste or image into the box below.		
you	ir image into the box below.		
	Complete the reflection		
1.	Which statement about analog and digital images is true?		
	 With advances in technology, digital images look exactly like the analog images they represent Sampling an analog image more frequently produces a digital image with a better representation Analog images come from data that is measured at regular intervals Digital images come from data that is measured continuously 		
2.	Describe how the process of sampling, RGB pixels, and binary sequences work together to display a digital color image.		
3.	Computers actually use 24 bits to represent each color. How many shades of each color are there. How many different colors total can be created with 24 bits?		
	Complete the Receive credit for this lab guide		

Submit this portion of the lab to Pluska to receive credit for the lab guide.